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Prices Soar Skyward

New York Real Estate Changes Hands At Fancy Figures--Fortunes Made In a Single Deal.

New York, March 15.—I stood up in an elevated train last evening from near the Battery to Harlem, most of the time crowded hard by other passengers as uncomfortably situated as myself. For more than half of the time, too, I was on the platform, exposed to unpleasant, if not unwholesome, draughts and all for lack of standing room or seat in the car. There was nothing new in this, all New Yorkers who don't habitually "ride in chaises" are accustomed and more or less hardened to it. But I had a new and poignant accompaniment. Behind me on the platform, with a sharp and restless elbow adjoining the small of my back at my side, within a minute of the time I finally could enter the car, was a fluent talker whose voice had a penetrating quality and whose only topic—and here was the rub—was the astounding rise in real estate values in certain parts of the town owing to the underground railroad now certainly not more than half completed. In such circumstances, and for eight vexatious, jolting miles, to have the fact impressed upon me that many were profiting hugely by an improvement in the transit facilities that is to give each riding New Yorker a comfortable seat, was not soothing. I thought it out less mildly, at the time. That the ready talker had, besides a large fund of incidents and illustrations, a method of expounding the situation that gave his words a certain authority did not make listening the more comfortable. He finally left the car in the middle of a tale concerning three distinct sets of capitalists who were hotly bidding for the same plot of uptown space, and I finished my ride in peace.

The facts warrants this man's general belief. Within two years the real estate situation here was gloomy; agents confessed it reluctantly and owners complained mightily. In a discussion by letter writers to the newspapers the idea was advanced that the cause of stagnation was that realty was made to bear an unfair burden of taxation, in part because taxes on personal property were so generally sworn off. Yet at that time certain speculative investors were profiting largely by the constant movement uptown of the city's business district. Now, with the underground road entering Broadway at about the point where this upward movement had for a time seemed to halt, the two causes of enhancement combine and the result is astounding. Even real estate agents of long experience in this field are amazed at the prices paid for certain parcels. In my hearing one grizzled agent exclaimed: "They're nothing but —— speculators, and if they sell at a profit they sell to a fool!" He had failed to secure the parcel of which he spoke, so was moved in some degree by disappointment, but the situation is composed of many groups of as daring speculators as ever appeared in Wall street stock speculations. They do not buy to build or improve, but to sell, and so far they are almost uniformly successful, despite original prices that are to be fairly classed with plunging tactics.

Sales that fairly illustrated the situation are difficult to find, because values by ordinary fair rating are high, and different sales of pieces of property in the same block show the most confusing differences in prices. Near subway stations prices are tremendous, while 300 feet away the indicated increase of the two last years is not extraordinary. Forty-second street furnishes more than its proportionate share of startlers. This street has been regarded for years by real estate experts as a "comer," but investors there in the past five years have had a long series of disappointments. At one time a factor in its promising outlook was a proposed change of its slow and dingy horse car line to underground trolley. But the change was a dear one. First a big sewer had to be reconstructed, and the street was torn up from end to end, and the entire neighborhood was filled with the odors of poisonous gasses and foul earth. This was a lingering job, too. Then the thoroughfare was again torn up to construct trolley trenches, and while in this condition the railroad company's finances began to sag. So again there was a disfigured street for a long period, this time until a new set of capitalists completed operations. Now the tunnel is being constructed through the most desirable section of the street, and this is done, not by tunneling, but by open trenching. Some of the earlier purchasers for a rise have surrendered, but those who can hold on seem likely to reap a fitting reward, unless current values break. An illustration is a small lot and rather an old-fashioned building that is assessed at $80,000, which should be approximately 60 per cent of its value. This property has just been sold to a realty corporation formed for speculative purposes for $270,000, at the very least $125,000 more than it would have fetched a year ago. And at that the purchasers were not out of it, for there were tenants to be dealt with. One of them told me how he profited by the deal. He beamed on me as I entered his office and pushed a box of cigars toward me.

"Every one who enters gets a cigar," he said. "It's my blow for two days more, and then I shall be located elsewhere."

He went on to explain that he had been where he was for seven years, and a lease that would not expire until 1908. He needed more room badly, could not get it in this building, and had made some vain search for a spot in the neighborhood where he might locate a part of his establishment.

"In the height of my inconvenience," said he, "along came the chaps that bought out my landlord. Two of them visited me, and the fact that they were two, and that the spokesman began with a certain elaborate cautiousness, saved me from snapping up a chance to surrender my lease. I honestly believe that had one man called and got at me in a direct fashion I should have been an easy mark. But I got a hint of the value of my lease, and during the hour our interview lasted my reluctance to giving it up stiffened steadily. As a result of a second and a third interview they bought me off—$14,000 in cold stuff—and I'm moving to a better locality, with facilities that for me are more desirable and for less rent than I paid here. Have another cigar! Say, it was like picking money out of the street.

A curious incident of a budding land boom in one of the outlying districts of the greater city came about through the anxiety of certain residents there to ascertain who was behind the purchases that rumor made plentiful. The place was City Island, which is just within the city's borders toward Long Island sound. The place was named by land speculators before the revolution. They secured grants of land above and under water, and planned for a port that should make New York of secondary importance. They failed; since then the place hasn't had a boom, and, though it has inevitably shared in the increase in values due to the nearness of the big city, abominably poor railroad facilities have made the rise very slow. Now its backwoods horse railroad has been sold, and its residents suddenly found their flats salable. Day by day gossip reported this and that parcel gone. Who was getting it? No one seemed to know. Finally one group of cronies was informed that the purchaser was a "Miss Bliss." Who was Miss Bliss? No one knew and it was found that her name wasn't in the directory. Meantime fresh purchases amounting to several hundred thousand dollars were reported, and, the buyer being unknown, Miss Bliss again was credited with being the capitalist. As a stroke of unusual enterprise, for City Island isn't enterprising, a scout was sent to the city to learn who the purchaser was. He returned late in the evening, by which time his friends were almost undone with impatience and curiosity.

"I've found out who she is," he announced, with triumph in his tones.

"Who is she?" was chorused.

"A stenographer in a Williams street real estate office!" he shouted.

Two days later the newspapers announced that Miss Bliss and her immediate employers were a mask for August Belmont and the capitalists associated with him in supplying to City Island the much-needed trolley communication with the center of the city. And as prices hold to a degree to warm the heart of the native oysterman and boat builders who are real estate owners there, City Island is content.

* * *

A friend of mine, who lives at a distance, wrote me recently asking me to look into a church where he was to give a lecture and inform him with regard to some details. On the quest I called on the pastor, who courteously accompanied me to the building and let me in by a side door. He went in with me, and we spent perhaps a quarter of an hour looking the place over. When we came to go out we found the side door locked. "I didn't think I had locked it," remarked the clergyman, reaching for his key. The key was not in his pocket, and presently he had remembered that he had left it sticking in the lock on the outside, the better to remember to lock the church on his departure.

"No matter," said he. "The janitor probably came along, saw the key in the lock and turned it for safety, though why he didn't come in to look for me I can't understand. The fornt door has a spring lock and will open readily from the inside. We'll go out that way."

The clergyman was in error somehow. The front door couldn't be made to budge. Neither could another side door. Some of the stained glass windows had moveable panes for ventilation, but, supposing, that a man could crawl through such an aperture, every one was twenty or more feet from the floor. "I suppose," said the clergyman after a second vain try at all the doors, "that many a layman in these circumstances would swear." I allowed that I could try if he would give the command, but he shook his head solemnly. Just then we both became conscious of a faint noise proceeding from just where we could not make out. We exchanged curious glances and listened. Intermittently but distinctly the noise continued. It was very gloomy in the church, for it was a cloudy day and evening was approaching.

"Where can it be?" whispered the clergyman, nervously.

"It isn't ghosts," I returned; "more likely burglars. They may have come in after us and locked the door with the key you left in the lock. If so, they's after the communion plate."

The clergyman was much startled. When I asked where the plate was kept he pointed silently to the vestry door, and very cautiously we crossed the auditorium toward it. There was nobody near the closet in which the plate was kept, and meantime it was evident that we had gone further from the mysterious sounds. "They're hunting for the plate," whispered the clergyman. So we began then to hunt for burglars, and an exciting quest it was, too. We prowled all over the building, explored the basement, the coal cellar, the minister's retiring room, the library, and came at last back to the auditorium, where was the only place that the noises could be heard at all. I won't pretend to say what we were thinking when suddenly a light appeared at the side of the great organ. A man stood there with a lamp in his hand. The clergyman instantly ducked into a pew and lay down.

"Hello, there!" called the man in the organ loft; "what are you up to?" and he made as if he would throw a hymn book at us.

We explained ourselves and he did likewise. He was an organmaker who had been summoned to effect some repairs in the internal anatomy of the organ. The janitor had given a key, and told him to leave it in the lock when finished. That explained it all, of course, and the clergyman remarked, as the organ man let us out, that he was very glad we had refrained from swearing.

* * *

A man who had room for but one idea at a time figured on a recent evening in a scene not on the program at one of the theaters. He had an aisle seat in about the middle of the parquet, and most of the time when the curtain was up he sat with a pair of opera glasses at his eyes. The glasses were of the coin-in-the-slot pattern, supplied from a box attached to the seat in front of him, and, as usual, were protected from absent-minded transportation by a chain. The curtain was just going down upon an act when a woman across the aisle fainted and fell. There was commotion in that vicinity at once, but no ushers happened to see the calamity, and for an instant nobody took any direct measure to aid the sufferer. It was only an instant, however, and meantime the young man with the glasses was strenuously impelled to be of use.

* * *

It occurred to him promptly enough that the one thing to do was to pick the young woman up and carry her out of the warm auditorium, and that he started to do. He arose from his chair to cross the aisle. There was a jerk at his arm that caused him to halt abruptly. Looking down in surprise he perceived that the trouble lay with the glasses which he held. The chain wouldn't let him carry them further than its length. With an expression of infinite annoyance he cried loudly:

"Will somebody hold these glasses?"

Everybody was to much interested in the tragedy across the aisle to observe the humor of the demand, and no one offered to relieve him. After a slight pause he cried again, this time with an accent of distressed impatience:

"Will somebody hold these glasses?"

Then there were titters which grew to a laugh when a woman's sharp voice retorted:

"Why don't you drop them, ninny?"

By that time half a dozen men were competing for the task of carrying the sufferer out. The young man didn't drop his glasses, but he dropped himself into his chair, returned the glasses to the box and blushed furiously to the end of the play.

Effect of Lightning

Mortality From Strokes—Simple Precautions That Should Be Taken—Strokes Do Not Always Kill.

Local Forecaster Richardson of the United States weather bureau, has just received from the department at Washington an interesting paper on the loss of life in the United States by lightning, written by Alfred J. Henry, professor of meteorology, under the direction of Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau.

The paper aims to furnish accurate information as to the destruction of human life annually by lightning, to point out the regions where the greatest loss of life occurs and as far as practicable to call attention to the few simple precautions against danger that may be exercised by the individual.

The inquiry was set on foot a few years ago by the government because of the opinion that was expressed that more lives are lost by lightning than by violent winds and tornadoes. The inquiry began in 1890 and is being kept up to date.

Some of the local and state boards of health segregate deaths due to lightning from deaths due from other causes. This is done in Minnesota, Michigan, Massachusetts and a few other states.

The total number of persons killed from lightning during the year was 713. Of this number 291 persons were killed in the open, 158 in houses 57 under trees and 56 in barns. The circumstances attending the death of 151 are not known. Nine hundred and seventy-three persons were more or less injured by lightning strokes during the year, the greater part of them being in houses when injured.

Minnesota, while it does not lead by a large number, in the annual fatalities by lightning, had a large percentage of the death rate in 1900. During that year there were twenty-one persons killed by lightning in this state and twenty were injured more or less seriously. A few of the persons killed that year resided in the region tributary to the head of the lakes.

The summary can tell little of the infinite variety of external circumstances attending the destruction of so many people. Some were stricken in their homes, some on highways, some in the fields or barns and some while seeking temporary shelter under trees. It has been pointed out again and again that it is not safe to take refuge from a thunderstorm under a tree. It is also injudicious for people to huddle under sheds, "grand stands," etc., especially when these are under or near a flagstaff.

From the reports compiled there is an evident increase in the number of deaths in 1899-1900 but this may be due to the fact that the facilities for collecting statistics were more complete in those years than previously. It is accepted as a fact by those conducting the inquiry, that from 700 to 800 lives are lost each year by lightning stroke.

The chance of being struck by lightning depends upon the frequency of lightning stroke per unit area; upon both the frequency of lightning stroke and the density of population. The number of lightning strokes that fall in any state in a year, other things being equal, must depend on the area of the state. The number of casualties will be greater the greater number of persons exposed to the effects of thunderstorm action.

The modern city building with its metallic roof and steel frame, is a fairly good conductor of electricity and is in much less danger of receiving a damaging stroke of lightning than an isolated dwelling in the open country. The multiplication of telegraphy, telephone and electric light wires in cities adds to the effectiveness of silent discharges in relieving the electric tension during a thunderstorm; but should a cloud with a tremendous store of energy quickly approach, all the wires in ten cities would not prevent it from discharging right and left until its store of energy has been dissipated.

Statistics of death by lightning based on total population are not comparable except for areas having about the same density of population.

Taking this into consideration, also the unit area, the greatest mortality by lightning is in the Ohio valley and the Middle Atlantic states. Considering the density of population alone, mortality is greatest in the upper Missouri valley, the middle Rocky mountain region. The very large mortality of Colorado, Montana, Wyoming and the Dakotas emphasizes the necessity on the part of persons residing in those states to take all known precautions to avoid lightning stroke.

It has been suggested that the government, in view of making life and property more secure during thunderstorms have an extended series of experiments, but this has been found impracticable because of the obvious difficulty of experimenting with a force that is manifested on such a tremendous scale as lightning. Nothing could be produced in the laboratory that could begin to compare with the lightning flash of a mile or more in length.

Up to a certain point the air is able to resist the stress is due to the electric fication of a cloud mass. Whenever the stress passes a certain limit, the air literally cracks from cloud to earth, like a piece of glass, as the bolt descends. It is not possible for human foresight to tell where the air will give way first. The zone of danger is coequal with the area of the storm cloud. Almost any upright object in this area is a better conductor than the air in which it stands.

A storm may consist of many brilliant though harmless discharges from one part of a cloud or another. Again the discharges may be few in number, but violent and destructive of life and property. One who lives to see the lightning flash need not concern himself much about the possibility of personal injury from that flash.

Some situations are more dangerous than others during a thunderstorm. It is not judicious to stand under or near trees during thunderstorms, as said before, nor in the doorway of barns, close to cattle, near chimneys and fireplaces or near the terminus of a wire clothesline. Avoid suspending a wire clothes line between the corner of the house and a convenient tree. There is not much sense in going to bed or trying to insulate one's self in feather beds. Small articles of steel do not have the power, as popularly supposed, to determine the path of discharge.

Because of the varying electrical potential of the air or changes in temperature and humidity, as a thunderstorm approaches, some people suffer depression. Apart from this many people suffer unnecessarily from alarm. Grant even that the lightning is going to strike close to one's vicinity, there are many flashes that are of less intensity than we imagine discharges that the human body can withstand without permanent serious effects.

Finally, if one should be in the vicinity of a person that has just been struck by lightning no matter if the person struck appears to be dead, go to work at once and try to restore consciousness. There are cases on record where lightning has caused suspended animation rather than somatic death. Try to stimulate the respiration and circulation. Do not cease in the effort to restore animation in less than an hour's time. No matter which method is used, it is important to maintain the warmth of the body by the application of hot flannels, bottles of hot water, or hot bricks.

Firmly and energetically rub the limbs upward so as to force the blood to the heart and brain. If an assistant is present let him do this for nothing must prevent attempts to restore respiration. When swallowing is established a teaspoonful of warm water, wine, diluted whisky or brandy or warm coffee should be given. In brief: Keep the body warm; make the subject breathe by artificially imitating respiration movements of the chest; send for a physician.

Fables By George Ade

The Modern Fable of the Frugal Son and How He Opened the Booth at the Wrong Place.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert H. Russell).

A Boy who had been fed on Home Influences for 20 Years finally had to get out and finance his own Meal Ticket. Therefore he decided to tear for the Tall Buildings where all the large Fortunes are made.

When it came time for him to take the Train, his Father handed him a little Book of Hunches.

"In this Book you will find the most valuable Tips that have been doped out by the 32-Candle Power Intellects," said his Governor. "If you read this Book you can't go wrong. In fact I think you will Bat better than 300 right from the Start."

So the Young Fellow packed the Book in his Telescope with the Military Brushes and the Sachet Bag and made his first long Jump.

Having arrived in the City he began to answer the "Help Wanted" Ads. He found some very Fancy Openings for a Man with a little Capital which he was willing to let somebody else Hold for him. But the Business World was not exactly clamoring for a Guitar-Player who had nothing to show except some Scarf-Pins and Military Brushes, not forgetting the Sachet Bag.

After he had drilled up and down the principal Streets without having a Lucrative Position forced on him, he consulted the Book and was told to "Take up the Work nearest at Hand," so he got a Job shoveling Snow, with the Result that he froze his Ears and was landed by Pneumonia.

After he got out of the Hospital he consulted the Book and learned that "All Things come to him who waits." So he sat around Hotel Offices, reading the Advertising Blotters and waiting for a Benefactor to discover him. Nobody except the House Policeman seemed to pay any Attention to him. Finally he took another Peek at the Book of Wisdom and read as follows:

"See a Pin and pick it up
All that day you'll have Good Luck."

He went out looking for a Pin and finally located one at a Crossing. He stooped over to pick it up, when a Trolley came around Dead Man's Curve and caught him amidships. They separated him from the Fender and he got his Name in the Paper, showing that even an obscure Youth from the Country may now and then attract Attention in the bustling Metropolis.

The Company compromised with him for $200, and now he had begun to earn a little Money he felt a renewed Confidence in the Guide-Book.

He opened it and read: "Boldness in Business is the first, second and third Thing." So he walked into the office of a great Corporation and asked. "Do you need a good Vice-President?"

"Don't wait for the Elevator," was the Reply. "Fall down the Shaft."

"Hold on!" said the Youth. "Perhaps I selected the wrong Hunch."

He took another look at his trusty Volume and read: "Be Modest." Also, "Humble Beginnings make great Endings."

"Come to think of it," he said, "I should be Tickled to get anything to do."

They put him on licking Labels and answering the Phone at 6 Pesos per Week.

The Book told him to plant something every Pay-Day, no matter how thin his Envelope might be, so he lived on Eclairs and Tea and wore Celuloid Collars. He grew Paler day by day and had about as much Gimp as a City Employe.

The Book told him that "A Penny saved is a Penny Earned," so he was a Tight Wad and very unpopular around the Shop.

Acting on the Advice found in the Book he rode on the High Seat of the Sprinkling Cart, but one day he read that "All Work and no Play makes Jack a Dull Boy;" likewise, "Eat, Drink and be Merry, for tomorrow we Die." Next day he dropped his Whip. He alighted to pick it up and when he turned around, the Water Wagon was a Mile away. He did not catch up with it for a Week.

When he was offered a better Job with another House, his little Manuel told him that a Rolling Stone gathered no Moss and that Contentment was a Jewel. So he stuck to the Starvation Pay for he read it right in the Book that True Merit always comes in for a Reward. He knew that as soon as he was worth more Money, the Company would come around and put it in his Pocket.

Once he got to Fussing Around with a Young Lady who looked Fine to him and he decided to Tag her, if possible. His old Stand-By warned him against Procrastination and told him that Faint Heart never grabbed off Fair Lady, so he tackled her on a Corner after he had known her for two Weeks and made a Flat proposition, with the Result that he got the Harpoon in three different places.

After four Years he had saved up a small Roll of the Needful. A True Friend gave him a Tip on the Stock Market. It was one of those Tips that come in a round-about Way from J. Pierpont Morgan. It was a Wireless Special. The True Friend took him up an Alley and whispered it to him for fear that a Newsboy might hear them and get his Money down first. Our Hero was Leery but the Book said: "Nothing venture, nothing Gain," so he margined 100 Shares of Amalgamated Bronze and told them to close it out as soon as it touched 180.

In a few Days he received a Business Letter reading as follows: "You Lose."

Once more his Visible Assets consisted of the Military Brushes and the Sachet Bag.

He headed for Home and as he walked in he said: "Folks, I've come back to Eat."

"Have you got it in Large Bills or do you carry a New York Draft?" asked his Father.

"That was a bummy Chart you gave me,' replied the Boy. "It had me steering in all Directions. I wish you'd take back your Proverbs and give me a Recipe for cooking up a few Practical Schemes."

MORAL: No matter what the Play, there is an old-time Proverb to back it up.

What the Kaiser's Sailors Think of Us

New York, March 13.—The ebb tide pressed hard against the snowy side of the Hohenzollern as she lay chafing squeaks out of her dock. As a precaution half steam was up in her boilers in case of emergency. The blue-uniformed jackies on the off watch loitered about the dock clad in their pea jackets, while a stiff nor'wester, fresh from the Palisade snow fields, swept across the river into the low-neck blouses of the men.

"If ever there was a congregation of surprised and happy men they are the fellows of this royal yacht," said a big, blonde-bearded boatswain, nodding toward a group of sailors standing, hands in pockets, taking in the busy river scene on the lower Hudson.

"As one of the men put it yesterday," the big man went on, "I'd like to see these Americans get into a great, big war, where they could no longer help themselves. Then I'd like to have the kaiser say to us: 'Here, you fellows, the Americans are in a scrape. I want you to go and help them out!' Then we could fight with them side by side.'"

And this is the general opinion of the crew of the Hohenzollern.

"What has surprised the men most? Well, they have a good many new sensations to tell about, but I'll reach far back to answer that question. You have some pretty tall buildings here. They are so tall that they strike a newcomer miles away and cause him to rub his eyes, wondering whether, after all, they do not stand on a hill, while in due time will explain the seeming height. Those skyscrapers, which must be the first thing to strike every foreigner who enters the port of the great American metropolis, are not a circumstance compared to the complete capture which the Americans have made with their welcome of the prince's crew.

"When the first batch of jackies received shore leave they returned elated and surprised. None had any idea what an American welcome really meant. And you will remember the Hohenzollern arrived here long before his highness, which tickled the men all the more, for the welcome was at that time for themselves. The first man ashore came back and said:

"'Why, they wouldn't let me pay a cent.'

"It proved that all along the line of the elevated and the surface railroads orders had been issued not to accept a cent of money from a man in Hohenzollern uniform. Even the ferry companies had issued orders that none of us were to pay and that every courtesy was to be shown us.

"That is more than we could dream of abroad. Our men have visited many and many a port with the yacht. They have been present again and again at royal receptions to the kaiser, but nowhere has a nation been able to make us so thoroughly at home as you Americans.

"But to return from the greatest to the first surprise. As the yacht steamed up the Narrows and the real height of the buildings could no longer be mistaken, it puzzled the men how long it would take one to walk to one-office up on the twenty-sixth floor, for instance. You see, the highest buildings we knew in Berlin were four stories. Such a thing as an elevator was unknown to us until we landed in America. One of the first things the men did was to visit the tall buildings to gather new sensations. Naturally they picked out the tallest of them all, the Park Row building, with its twenty-nine stories and its total height of 382 feet. The men were recognized at once by their uniforms, and a guide was given them to take them to the tower from where to view the surrounding country. The altitude was so remarkable that some of the men, accustomed though they were to high climbing from their training ship days, became squeamish. Once the building had been inspected the fun of riding in the elevators remained. To you who are used to the sensation that must seem childish. The Park Row people set aside an elevator and about a dozen trips were made to give the men their fill of the queer sensation of being jerked up and down through more than 300 feet.

"One of the first things that struck the men as odd would surprise you, may be. It seems too trivial, in a way. It was that your policemen are armed with clubs instead of swords. They wondered how a policeman could bring a man to terms with a mere club. Before long one of the crew saw a policeman at work, and the chap came back to the ship with glowing accounts of how beautifully a policeman can break a head with the funny-looking little club.

"The policemen proved great friends to the sailors. I guess most of your police men are Irish, but some of them tried to talk German.

"'Wie gehts?' everybody seems to know. Often, the men said, they were halted in the streets to shake hands with the policemen.

"Your elevated railroads, of course, are enough to frighten the heart out of a foreigner. At first one of the fellows said he wouldn't ride on the things for anything, as he estimated that at least one train a day must run off the track and land in the street among the horses. It was only upon being reassured that the elevated road was one of the safest means of travel known that the man tried the ride, and after spent a day riding up and down the town in the trains.

"Why, there are so many things that surprise the men that it is hard to pick out even a few," said the boatswain.

"The good nature of the crowds, as they crush and jam into the cars and trains on their way home, is one of the most striking things about a people which we have been taught to consider excitable and fiery. We have some pretty big crowds in our own capital, but they are different crowds. Here you have them at night, moving like an army to an attack. All rush to one oipnt and step on each other, and yet no one seems to mind it. No one seems to care if he is in a car and stands on someone else's foot, and if someone else stands on his own he seems to like it. Never saw such good nature like that anywhere, the men say.

"Some of our men were going down the Bowery one night hen wthere was a street car accident. A car hit a truck and smashed the truck and hurt the horse and broke some of the glass in the car. What struck the men was how cool everybody remained. Some of the passengers did not even get off the car.

"That and one other thing they saw on the Bowery tickled them to death, and the other thing was a street fight. It wasn't that the fight was to a finish, or that it was gory, but it began so quickly and without any preliminaries. A few words from a man who was getting off a car to another that wanted to get on, and the next moment one had his fist on the other's eye," and the boatswain laughed merrily. "That is the way to do a thing," the men decided.

"The men think the Bowery one of the finest places they have ever struck. Every chance they get they go to the Bowery. They visit the museums and the shooting galleries. Galleries of that kind are unheard of in our own country. They were of the greatest interest to the crew. What surprised them most was the number of men that try their hand at the rifle and the crack shots you have here, even among the boys.

"'A nation of shooters,' one of the men called you.

"If you'll come down to my bunk I'll show you something a man on the Bowery sold to one of our men, and I'm keeping it for him," said the boatswain. He led the way to the crew's quarters where 'my bunk' proved a hammock, rolled and stowed and stowed. The host fumbled in a sea chest.

"I'm showing you this to prove to you how courteous and kind everybody is to us. Here it is!" The man drew a tiny brick of bright metal from the chest. "There, weigh that in your hand," he said. "Pure gold! A man—a total stranger, mind you—met one of our men on the Bowery and he was so glad to see one of his own countrymen that he fished out this little—'brick'—I think he called it. Said he had not seen a man from his own town in thirty years, and he felt so glad he wanted to make a present. The only trouble was, he said, that he had to go to Philadelphia, and needed $5, else he would give the brick outright. As it was he would sell it for $5. I wish I knew where to find a 'landsman' like that," said the boatswain with a laugh.

"Your new battleship, the Illinois, is what took us when we saw her the first time. You don't need to be an admiral to see what is a fine battleship. Our men just lined the rail of the Hohenzollern and they looked at the man-of-war. Why, you could just look at that boat and imagine her spitting sheets of flame from a thousand corners. If that big American war we are praying for really comes, we want to fight with the Illinois." The whistle of the boatswain on watch sounded, eight bells rang out, and the big fellow with the blonde beard excused himself and hurried to do his own turn on deck.

Hints For Entertainers

An Easter Party and the Charming Possibilities Which It Offers For the Hostess.

With the dawn of Easter the social world will emerge from its imposed seclusion, and parties, entertainments and other festivities will crowd one another with rapid succession.

The Easter-tide offers many charming possibilities for the hostess, with new decorations, pretty souvenirs and early spring delicacies for dinner parties. Then there is the zest and renewed spirit of guests who have observed Lent, and this should lend to the Easter party the success always attendant upon the first of the season's entertainments.

Of course, in all of the Easter parties eggs in various attractive ways are introduced, for what would an Easter party be without this world-wide recognized symbol of the Easter day? The custom of making presents of eggs is said to be as old as the Persians, and is believed by them to bear allusion to to the mundane egg, from which the world is fabled to have been derived. It has long been the custom among the Jews, Egyptians and Hindoos, and was adopted by the Christians to symbolize the resurrection.

And so the maid who plans the receiving of her friends taxes her ingenuity to form unique entertainments in which the fragile egg shells shall form a paramount feature.

One pretty way to entertain is for the hostess to supply egg shells (from which the contents have been blown) with water-colors, brushes, paper, scissors and a bottle of mucilage.

Each guest is told to decorate an egg, either creating odd figures from the shells with the paper accessories and with painted faces, or by painting dainty flower decorations. Most unique effects can be produced by the different guests. With a few strokes a face can be painted on the surface of an egg shell, the hair can be brought across the forehead, a Napoleon hat can be placed on top, the head fitted with a collar, and, lo! a miniature portrait of the great general himself is the result. Humpty Dumpties are as easily made, and dainty paper daffodil hoods are quaint and can be formed with a few moments' work.

Of course, the hostess rewards the most successful ones with prizes. These may be egg-shaped vases, bric-a-brac or a huge bunch of Easter lilies for the fortunate girl whose Easter egg creation is voted to be the best.

The dinner party is perhaps the most fashionable of the early spring modes of entertainment. Delightful dinners can be easily and successfully arranged if the evening is prepared for well in advance. Its success, however, does not depend entirely upon well-seasoned viands, but upon the choosing of mutually congenial guests.

The hostess then plans her menu. One that should be especially excellent for an Easter dinner party is:

DINNER MENU.

Clam Broth.
Broiled Spring Chicken. New Potatoes.
Peas. Asparagus.
Tomato Salad. French Dressing.
Strawberries and Ice Cream.
Camembert Cheese. Wafers.
Coffee.

Sauterne and champagne can be served with this menu if desired. The decorations that can be used for the Easter dinner party are many and varied. An embroidered piece is placed in the center of the dinner cloth, and on this rests the flowers in a low vase. Daffodils, lilies and jonquils should form the flower decorations, and it is a pretty custom to put at each guest's place a bunch of these early spring blossoms.

Dainty bonbonnieres should hold candied fruit and salted almonds. These are placed at the four corners of the centerpiece. Tall candles with yellow colored shades stand in conventional order about the table.

Much cleverness can be displayed by a hostess in preparing place souvenirs. Prettily painted Easter eggs tied with gay-colored ribbons are dainty. Little maids' heads, with caps made of crepe paper, are charming, and when each cap represents a different flower the effect is particularly attractive. Sage-looking owls can be fashioned from egg shells. Individual gifts are sometimes put on the inside of an egg shell, which is divided in half and the two pieces put together with bits of tissue paper and tied around with ribbons. Marshmallow rabbits are easily made, the marshmallows heated into a pliable state and then formed into the proper shape.

The rabbit's eyes are made from pink sugared caraway seeds, and the feet and tail from the same seeds sugared white.

When the dinner party guests have assembled the hostess quietly tells each gentleman which lady he is to take in to dinner. The host offers his arm to the guest of honor. The other men follow with the partners assigned to them, the hostess last of all with the man guest of honor. The guest of honor is served first, if a lady, and if not, the eldest lady is served first, and the other guests as they happen to be seated.

It is no longer regarded as polite for the guests to wait until everyone has been served before beginnig to eat. The hostess, however, usually begins each course, taking the initiative as to which forks or spoons are to be used.

Knives and forks should be laid side by side on the plate, the prongs of the forks upward, after a course has been finished.

Soup should always be eaten from the side of the spoon.

It is correct form to use either spoon or fork for ice cream.

It is proper to eat celery and olives from the fingers. Asparagus may be eaten from the fingers or may be broken with the fork and eaten from it.

The hostess who would introduce a most novel feature at her dinner party should employ a quartet of trained male singers to sing, with guitar accompaniment, during the progress of the dinner. These singers should sing Easter carols and brilliant Easter music. This is after the fashion of the singers of the Tyrol, who go about with guitars in hands on Easter day singing their quaint native hymns.

Washington, March 15.—The district court of appeals yesterday overruled a motion for a rehearing made by Delos K. Lonewolf, chief of the Kiowa and Comanche Indians in Oklahoma and his assistants, in their case against the secretary of the interior, looking to overturning the government's action in throwing open their lands last summer. They alleged that the land was taken from them wrongfully. The motion was denied on the ground that no new matter had been brought out, and said the congressional ratification act was final and conclusive, and that the courts have no jurisdiction over the subject. The decision expressed the hope that the United States supreme court "may find a way to afford a remedy for what is alleged to be a grievous wrong to the Indians."

DOOLEY ABROAD

He Has Sailed For Europe In Company With Finley Peter Dunne.

Through the chambers of my brain in list slippers walk ever arm-in-arm Sir John Falstaff and Samuel Pickwick. —Oliver Wendell Holmes.

Were the genial autocrat living today, would he not add Mr. Dooley? Who contributes more to the fund of current humor than the droll philosopher whose sayings are upon every tongue? Who has an audience so large and appreciative as his? Who is so persistently quoted by the great fun-loving public? Whose opinions are awaited with such a relish of anticipation as those of the sage of Archey road?

Mr. Dooley's innumerable friends will be glad to learn that he has just sailed for Europe in company with F. P. Dunne, who first introduced him to the public. It is confidently expected that Mr. Dooley's observations and experiences in foreign parts will contribute much to the gayety of nations and will do more than the last peace congress to promote an era of universal good feeling.

In view of his departure for Europe, Mr. Dooley's letters will be suspended for two weeks and then he will begin to tell something about his visit to foreign lands.

HOAR'S LITTLE JOKE.

Here is the latest Mot ascribed to Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts: A friend of the venerable statesman was suffering with a supposed case of appendicitis last summer and just as uneasiness was beginning the joyful news arrived that the illness was not appendicitis, but merely acute indigestion. "That is good news," said the senator. "I rejoice that the difficulty lay in the table of contents rather than in the appendix."

"Mrs. Pinkham Saved me from an Operation."



Operations Avoided.

When a physician tells a woman suffering with ovarian or womb trouble that an operation is necessary, it of course frightens her.

The very thought of the operating table and the knife strikes terror to her heart.

And our hospitals are full of women who are there for ovarian and womb operations!

It is quite true that these troubles may reach a stage where an operation is the only resource, but such cases are much rarer than is generally supposed, because a great many women have been cured by Mrs. Pinkham's medicine after the doctors had said the operation must be performed.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been very successful in curing ovarian troubles. In fact, up to the point where the knife must be used to secure instant relief, this medicine is certain to help.

Ovarian troubles are easily developed from womb troubles, and womb troubles are so very common that ovaritis is steadily on the increase among women. It is, nevertheless, a most serious trouble, and to recommend wrong treatment for it is a crime for which there cannot be too deep a penalty.

It is, therefore, with full consciousness of the seriousness of the disease and the steady failure of other medicine to cure it, that we present for ovarian and womb trouble **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** as the most certain to help of any medicine in the world to-day. Any person who could read the letters in Mrs. Pinkham's files at her office in Lynn, Mass., would be convinced of the efficiency of Mrs. Pinkham's Compound.

The strongest and most grateful statements possible to make come from women who have escaped the operating table by the use of this medicine. Let any woman suffering from these troubles, or anything which may develop into them, write and get Mrs. Pinkham's advice. If you are beyond the reach of the medicine, you will be frankly told so, but, if not, you will be fully and carefully and kindly advised.

The most serious of all the diseases of women, as well as the minor ills, are promptly overcome by

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Earnest Words of Gratitude.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Your Vegetable Compound has completely cured me of the worst form of womb trouble, and made me a strong, healthy, robust woman. Before using **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** I suffered with severe pains in back and side, headache and nervousness. Menses would sometimes occur every two weeks, and once I had a severe hemorrhage which lasted a month. I was confined to my bed and the attending physicians told me I would have to undergo an operation as soon as I was strong enough. I read in one of your little books several testimonials from ladies who were cured by your Compound after having been told by their doctors that an operation was necessary, and I made up my mind then and there to commence taking your Compound. I did so and it has completely restored me to good health. I have gained twenty-two pounds since taking it and my flesh is as solid as a rock. My friends remark about the change in me. I am a living advertisement of what **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** can do, and have influenced many of my friends to try it, which has proved very gratifying in its results. I thank you for restoring me to health."—ANNIE HARTLEY, 209 S. Sangamon St., Chicago, Ill.



ANOTHER OPERATION AVOIDED.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel very grateful to you for the benefit I derived from your kind advice and remedies. I was troubled with a complication of female troubles, had ovaritis, painful and irregular menstruation, leucorrhœa, nervousness, and weakness. I had no appetite and could not sleep nights. The least exertion would cause shortness of breath and dull pains in my hips and side. The doctors all advised me to have an operation and have one of my ovaries removed, but this I could not bear to think of. I was indueed to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and after taking the first bottle I was much improved. It renewed my appetite, health, and strength. I continued taking it, also your Blood Purifier and Sanative Wash, until entirely cured of all my troubles. The pains have never returned, and my health is splendid.

"Your remedies have been a boon to me, and I am sure many a woman owes her life to them."—MARIE WEBB, 356 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to publish the wonderful help **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has been to me. I was like a crazy person—could not eat or sleep; there was no rest for me day or night. Physicians examined me and said an operation was necessary. Before undergoing it, however, I determined to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound. I am so glad I did, for it cured me. I am a well woman now and can do any kind of work. I want this published throughout the land, so that all my suffering sisters may read, and if in any way afflicted with female troubles, they may be induced by my sincere statement to try this wonderful Vegetable Compound and be cured."—MRS. MARGARET BAMFORD, Centennial Ave., Crescent Beach, Revere, Mass.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to send you my testimonial stating the grand effect **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** has had on my health. I was suffering to such an extent from ovarian trouble that my physician thought an operation would be necessary. Your medicine having been recommended to me, I decided to try it. After using several bottles I found that I was cured. My system was toned up and I suffered no more with my ovaries. Your medicine is the greatest boon on earth to suffering women."—MRS. ANNIE ASTON, Box 137, Troy, Mo.

$5000 REWARD to any person who can show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass.

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid

NEW CHARM IN DRESS

Fabrics and Trimmings Never More Beautiful Than at the Present Time.

No Important Differences So Far In the Modes--Evolution, Not Revolution, the Rule In Dress Now.

New York, March 13.—That there is to be nothing essentially new in fashion this season seems to be the prevailing impression at the moment, and yet the materials are so beautiful, the trimmings so exquisite in design and coloring and so novel in their many combinations that there is apparently every thing new in all that goes to make up the perfection of art in dress.

But fortunately it is true that as yet the modes show no important differences, no radical changes in outline, no prospect of a decided revolution which could turn down every gown in your wardrobe and compel you to replenish it wholly and entirely if you would be up to date.

It is evolution, not revolution, in dress in these days, and each season produces increasing beauty and elegance which surpasses anything we have had before. The particular tendency of the moment is toward the picturesque, which, properly applied, give the simplest dress an air of distinction and some special charm of individuality.

The one and only discouraging feature is that the whole fabric of fashion is wrought on such an extravagant scale. The trimmings are so very expensive, and if you chance to select one which is moderate in price you require so many yards that the amount is appalling in either case; and it is a foregone conclusion that if you follow the summer fashions well up to the line you will require a lavish supply of money.

Of great importance among the varied kinds of trimming are the fancy braids and their various combinations with taffeta, grenadine, mousseline de soie and Burssels net. Silk cords are in the same family, and these are sometimes feather-edged and used for the edge finish on a shaped band of net decorated in the center with some design in silk braid, giving the appearance of hand embroidery.

There are fancy open braids too, which in themselves have a very lacy appearance, the grenadine braids being especially pretty in combination with lace, or alone. Pretty flower designs with leaves are formed of braid, very narrow, of course, and French knots, and then you see all sorts of designs in what are called puff braids, both in black and white, and in braids with irregular edges very soft and pliable so they can be arraigned in almost any form.

Vegetable silk is the particular kind which enters into the construction of these fancy braids, as it is said to be more durable and more glossy for this purpose than the pure silk. The herring-bone braids are very useful as well as effective; and all sorts of pretty designs are carried out by running narrow ribbon through them to form loop edges, and pretty bow knot patterns.

One very encouraging feature about the braid trimmings is that they are not all expensive. It is when they are applied to lace and chiffon that the price creeps up.

In embroidery on chiffon and silk bands there is an endless variety in widths, designs and colorings, the former being especially pretty for silk muslin gowns, while for batiste and Swiss costumes there are lovely squares of filet lace, and cream white batiste squares embroidered in self or Oriental colors. These squares can be arranged in so many ways that they are particularly desirable.

For dressy mousseline, veiling and crepe de chine gowns there are lovely lace bands decorated with tiny flowers of sequins, or tiny roses of chiffon. Narrow velvet ribbons is a finish for the edge.

Combinations of different trimmings are the smart thing this season, and you see two or three kinds of lace blended together most artistically in one band, as well as two or three kinds of lace on one gown. A heavy lace and a light one are very good foils for each other, and one mode of using the latter is in sash ends, which fall to the hem of the skirt.

The filet mesh will be more in evidence than ever during the coming summer, since it is especially effective on thin materials. Lace without limit is one of the dominating motives of decoration, and long lace scarfs are to be one of the accessories of fashionable summer dress.

As they ought to be real to be strictly modish, there will be pretty substitutes of mousseline and tulle. A suggestion of this came in the winter in the form of an Empire scarf of fur, fully sixteen inches wide and almost, if not quite, straight.

For ermine this is a very stunning shape, but in lace or any of the gauzy fabrics it is at its very best. Its success, however, depends largely on the woman who wears it and the repose of manner in which she manages it. To throw about the shoulders with evening dress, it is useful as well as ornamental.

Surely if all the plans suggested already for summer dresses are carried out, the fashionable woman will present a modern edition of the Watteau pictures in their dainty gauzy attire and grace of outline. Scarfs are used not only for sashes and shoulder drapery, but for hat trimmings as well, the ends falling at the back.

The great prominence which taffeta has among the new materials gives another suggestion of the old-time pictures. You see it flowered, striped and plain, also in all the varying tints combined, which change in the light like a chameleon.

Plain white taffeta gowns are still popular and the black ones are more so than ever, especially in the short coat and skirt form. For separate coats, such as were worn last year, taffeta is the thing, yet it has to share honors with moire this season.

Entire suits are made of moire, which is good style if you fancy it, but this sort of silk always suggests an old lady's gown much more than the plain taffeta. It shows up in the children's department this season, so there is no definite rule as to materials for the old or young.

One feature of the taffeta gowns being made now is the ruching of the same material used for trimming. Flounces are also in order and the combination gives a quaint, old-fashioned effect.

Applique of both cloth and silk and pipings of color are also used; in fact, it is a difficult matter to go amiss on trimmings.

A fact which seems to be illustrated among the new models in sight is that skirts are to be very much trimmed, and well up above the hem. Some of them are more or less covered with trimming from the waist to the feet, and most of them from the knees down.

One very attractive model in black cloth is striped around the entire length with cloth bands set on in curved lines, which give a pretty sweep to the skirt. The peculiarity of these bands is that they are piped on the uper edge with green silk, stitched several rows below, and left to hang loose on the lower edge. There are wide spaces between the bands and the little blouse coat is trimmed to correspond, following the same curves on the skirt.

Piping with color with black and white striped silk and using narrow braid to give the same effect around the edges of the bands, seem to be among the season's modes of decoration, and

A PAQUIN MODEL.



Nearly all the elegant new wraps have flowing sleeves. This beautiful model, of light tan satin cloth, is an example of the preference given this style called the Pompadour. The trimming consists of bands of silk embroidery. Note the slight looping up of the Pompadour sleeve. From M. & L. F. Rothchild.

Despite all the new models of skirt trimming there are the old ones so much liked; the deep flounce, the straight flounce tucked down from the top, two or three narrow circular flounces, and the same use of lace insertion in bands above the flounces. In other words, fashion seems to retain all the old fancies with the new ones, of which many seem to suggest ruffles from the waist to the hem.

In gowns for many uses there is nothing quite equal to black net jet, or crepe de chine with lace, made up over white. No other gown quite fills the place of the black one, as it is dressy enough and not too dressy for a great variety of occasions.

Added to the above-mentioned materials are the new grenadines, very thin, with satin broche designs, mousselines and crepe tissues, all of which make very desirable gowns with yards and yards of lace insertion set in, or trimmed more simply with tucks and stitched bands of silk. As an evening gown for restaurant dinners the black gown over white is very chic.

The gown, however, which is of the most interest to women just at the moment is the coat and skirt costume, and I saw a model of the Parisian tailor gown made of gray etamine. The shaped flounces are finished with a innumerable rows of stitching are quite as evident as ever.

AN EFFECT IN PINK.



Pink silk straw hat with a band of pink shirred chiffon on the edge. Soft ribbon draped on the crown and over the raised side, which is entirely filled in with soft pink roses and their foliage. From Bendels.

stitched band of silk the same color.

The bands on the jacket are edged in the same manner, and the revers and collar are of embroidered white silk.

Another costume in gray cloth is made with one of the new gored skirts very close about the hips, where narrow bands of gray panne are introduced. The revers, in white silk, are embroidered in silver, blue and black. The belt is of black velvet, and the fulness of the sleeves is caught in by close wristbands of velvet and white silk.

For brown cloth trimmed with bands and buttons is another model, while in still another the cloth is trimmed with bands piped with black and white striped silk. The blouse coat has a quaintly shaped triple collar and revers of white silk with cloth applied in scallops.

It is evident already that the black silk coats, short, long or medium, are to be worn again this season. For all-around wear, both day and evening, with any kind of gown the short blouse coat will have the preference unless all signs fail, but there are all sorts and conditions of silk coats.

There are the dressy three-quarters length, the long coat and the plain garment, which is called a dust protector. These are also made of pongee and a silky mohair, both of which are very serviceable.

Dressy three-quarter coats are also made of pongee faced back with bright red silk partially covered with black and white embroidery, and finished with a cape collar reaching out to the point of the shoulders.

The boleros, blouses and Eton coats are covered with tuckings variously arranged much as they were last season, and the edges of the last are finished with a stitched band, or a band of black silk guipure lace.

Low shoes and slippers are keeping pace with all the other elegancies of dress and it is evident that dressing the feet is to be a very particular consideration during the coming summer.

The practical walking ties of patent leather, suede and French kid lace up the front in the usual manner, but more dressy shoes of the kind show straps across the instep.

Large buckles and broad tongue flaps characterize the slippers of leather, silk or satin, and a pretty French novelty is a slipper of flowered silk with tongue and heels of patent leather. On the white satin slipper for the bride the tongue flap is of white lace.

Linen gowns both in white and colors promise to have great popularity this season. Blue, dull pink, green and beige are first choices in coolrs, and some embroidery in white, even if it is only on the waist, is the modilish decoration, with tucks and stitched bands in addition.

Hand embroidered polka dots and flounces with scalloped edges are one feature of trimming. Most of the linen gowns made by the tailors have a jacket and skirt worn with a white shirt waist, but the dressmaker's linen gown has a blouse waist daintily embroidered and finely tucked.

The exquisite daintiness of the feminine handkerchief is unquestioned in these days, since whether a woman pays 50 cents or $50 for one tiny square it must be sheerd with a plain narrow hem or a real lace finish. Fifty dollars is not the limit by any means, as a woman may pay twice that sum if she likes, and fully fifty for a dozen plain ones in the sheer colored linen with hand-embroidered initials which have been done to order. This is a lady's handkerchief in every sense of the word, than which there is nothing more exquisitely dainty.

Fancy corners of drawn work and embroidery are charming and expensive, but it is the hall mark of elegance to have a little embroidery of the finest quality rather than more of an inferior kind.

Some of the latest handkerchiefs are embroidered daintily in color and show a narrow hem of the same tint. The dainty lace edge worked on the handkerchief by the Armenians is another novelty which is most charming.

Jewels of all kinds and in all possible forms are more generally worn than they have been in years, even to the limit of wearing fingers on every finger. Jeweled bracelets are the fad of the moment, and they are more like a series of brooches linked together than anything else, but beautiful beyond description.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

SPRING CARRIAGE WRAP.



Black peau de soie carirage wrap with bands of silk sontache braid over entire garment. Collar of white and black shirred chiffon and long accordeon plaited chiffon ends. From M. and L. F. Rothschild.

WHICH CLASS IS LEADER IN ORATORY?

Juniors and Seniors Will Struggle For Supremacy at High School Tonight---Senior Class Selects Principal For Class Day Exercises.

Tonight the long and eagerly-expected oratorical contest between the junior and senior classes will take place. There are four contestants from each class, who have been preparing their orations for many months, and, under the instructions of W. I. Thomas, of the English department, they have reached a fine point of excellence in their work.

The declamatory championship of the high school will be settled by the event, and the speakers adjudged to be the best in the school will receive a beautiful gold medal as a reward. The medal is a circular wreath of gold with a cross piece of the same material on which is engraved "Oratory, D. H. S." After the contest the name of the winner will be added.

The names and the titles of the speeches which will be delivered are as follows:

Joseph Harrison, "The American of Today;" Bessie Harsh, "Joan of Arc;" Louis Zalk, "Lesson of History to the United States;" May Whelan, "The Life and Work of Harriet Beecher Stowe;" Simon Cook, "Tammany's Lesson to American Citizens;" Lottie Mondchine, "Future of America;" Sumner Smith, "The New Japan;" Ethel Forsyth, "Mary, Queen of Scots."

The class preliminaries were held some months ago before the school, the contestants who are to represent the two classes being chosen at that time. Since then much diligent work has been done on the speeches, and the contest this evening will certainly be an interesting one.

Between the speeches musical numbers will be given to vary the program slightly. Miss Joerns will render a piano solo, Miss Rena Smith a vocal solo and Mr. Ostragen a violin solo.

The affair begins at 8 o'clock sharp. No admission is to be charged, and everyone is urgently invited to attend.

THESE WILL TAKE PART.

Senior Class Arranges For Class Day Exercises.

The senior class held a meeting Wednesday afternoon, electing the members of the class who are to take part in the class day exercises. Those chosen were: Louis Zalk, class orator; Lottie Mondechine, class historian; Ethel Forsyth, class prophet, and Leora Lienton, to deliver the last will and testament.

These will prepare papers for delivery and they, with the address of the class president, Edward Congdon, and musical numbers rendered by the class, will compose the class night exercises.

The class of 1901 presented very good exercises on their class night, remarkable for their originality and pleasing presentation. The class of '02 is determined to outdo their immediate predecessors, and their efforts in this line will certainly make their class night unusually interesting.

The class decided to give another class spread in the near future and a dance for the benefit of the school, to be held at the Armory shortly after Lent.

Zwifel is to photograph the class, as he did last year's seniors. All of the sittings will have to be made before April 1, in order to be in time to appear in the Zenith.

The Zenith board is to have pictures made of all of the athletic teams. Cuts from each picture will be published in the annual. In order to pay the expenses of making these photographs for the publication, copies of them will be put on sale to the students. The proceeds from this sale, it is hoped, will cover the expense of the cuts.

TICKLES THE ATHLETES.

This Kind of Weather Pleasing to Them.

This is the kind of weather to make the athlete glad. If it continues for a few days more both the track and baseball teams will begin to work for their coming contests.

The track candidates will soon begin their preparation under the direction of Capt. Mallet. Some of the runners are already putting in a little time at increasing the hardness of their muscles for the more severe training which will soon commence.

If the team does good work and there is a probability of winning any of the places in the Interscholastic meet at Minneapolis, it will attend. Because this was thought improbable, it was at first decided not to attend the meet, but on the complaint of some of the prospective members of the team, who believe that they would have a good chance of distinguishing themselves in the Minneapolis meet, this decision was revised. If there is a fair chance of winning good places, the team will surely attend.

Capt. Cummings says that the baseball team will be out for practice on Monday. The practice field has been too muddy to admit of any work this week. Next week the team will commence its regular training.

Manager Dash, it is said, has an excellent schedule in a fair way to be soon arranged. No games have been settled upon as yet, but there are offers from several schools in the manager's hands. The number is reported to include St. Paul and Minneapolis schools. This, of course, pleases the players and fans generally.

IS ALL THE RAGE.

Basket Ball Makes Great Hit With the Girls.

Femininity, at the high school, is in a furore over basket ball.

A couple of weeks ago the freshmen and sophomore girls organized teams and started in to practice for an interclass game. Now the juniors of the fair sex have held consultation and decided to put a like rganization in the field. They held a meeting Wednesday afternoon and arranged the matter. They will be ready for practice shortly—as soon as a coach is procured, a place for practice secured and their many wardrobes ransacked for suitable uniforms.

The two lower classes have had several very successful practices. At first they were held at Harmonie hall, in Lester park, but that being inconvenient the Sixth Avenue theater was secured for the purpose. The coaches of both teams say that their girls are doing finely. The coaches are very enthusiastic over their work, but that is natural. They are young men.

If the teams continue to improve they will be able to put up a very fair game of ball before they meet some time in May.

All of the girls seem anxious to take part and make the teams a success. A surprisingly large number of candidates are trying for places on the teams.

The fair athletes hold earnest consultations whenever they can snatch a minute from their other pursuits. The principal subject seems to be that of uniform. It is interesting. Here are the impressions that these erudite discourses leave on the non-technical masculine mind.

"Oh! say girls, what kind of suits will we have? I think it would be nice to have divided skirts, don't you?"

"Oh, no. We want knickerbockers. All the girls have knickerbockers. I think it would be fine to have orange and black knickerbockers."

"Yes; orange with black polkadots and—"

"Crepe de chine! We'll have a ruffle of green and crepe de chine around the bottom of them—"

"And the waists will be pink peau de sole an' yellow velvetine ties. Won't that be nice, Katie?"

'Say, Stella, I'm going to wear my brother's football suit, Why don't you borrow Jack's?"

"Gee! We'll be swell."

Another point that is receiving much consideration at the hands of the junior girls is, who shall do the coaching? There are so many excellent young men who ardently desire the position that it is very hard to select one.

The Literary Society.

The Literary society held its regular weekly meeting on Friday afternoon and presented the following program: Miss Anna Kid gave an excellent recitation and Harry McMartin a well-rendered piano solo, which was given a deserved encore. Shirley Alexander gave a humorous reading, and Esther Searle sang a solo accompanied by Miss Leta Phelps on the piano and Lester Phelps on the violin. They were given a rousing encore. A large audience was present enjoying the program thoroughly.

Notes of the Week.

It has been found that the original announcement that school would not close until June 13 was erroneous. It will close on June 6. More joy for the freshmen.

* * *

A week from tomorrow the annual sacred concert of the High School Musical society will take place. Tickets have been given to the members of the Musical society for distribution among their friends, and a limited number have been placed in the hands of Mr. Brocklehurst for distribution by him to the general public. They can be had of him Monday afternoon, from 2 to 4 at the office of the superintendent of schools in the High School building. As the program to be presented is a lengthy one it will commence sharply at 3 o'clock.

* * *

The seniors are preparing to give their entertainment by means of which they hope to raise money to assist in publishing the Zenith. It is to be a mixed dramatic and musical entertainment, with several special features. The senior boys, who are to have the major part of the program, are discussing the matter thoroughly with Mr. Custance, under whose direction the production will be given, and they are enthsiastic over the prospect. Greatly to the relief of those interested the affair will not be classical in any respect, but will deal principally with mirth-provoking. The entertainment will end with an uproarious little one-act farce, "A Rice Pudding."

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Miss Laura Teeft

172 Ellicott St., Buffalo, N. Y.



Miss Laura Teeft

"One good turn deserves another and because Wine of Cardui restored me to health I have been glad to speak a good word for it whenever I have had an opportunity. About two years ago I suffered such pain every month from three to four days that I dreaded the time. The doctor said there was a misplacement and that the only real relief laid in an operation and advised me to have one performed. I dreaded the ordeal and speaking of it to my aunt she said, 'why don't you try Wine of Cardui first?' I took it and it cured me of ulceration. Much relieved and full of hope I bought another bottle and after taking the medicine for a short time my general health improved and thirteen bottles completed the cure. It is a grand medicine for women."

MISS LAURA TEEFT'S gratitude shows how well Wine of Cardui did its work in ridding her of this terrible suffering. Her joy at finding a medicine that made her a well woman is unbounded. Wine of Cardui left her nothing to be desired in the realization of the greatest of Nature's blessings—perfect health to perform the duties and enjoy fully the privileges of life. Wine of Cardui, in giving Miss Teeft health for sickness, joy for sorrow and a light heart for the dreadful apprehension of the dangers of the operating table has made her happy and grateful. Her eyes are brighter, cheeks rosier, her steps more sprightly and a happy smile lights up her face once clouded by suffering, With Wine of Cardui offered freely this health and youth is possible to any woman. Banishing suffering cannot fail to make any woman lovelier and more beautiful, because the very presence of health means pure blood, sparkling eyes, a clear complexion and a grace of physical poise that is a natural response to a merry laugh and a sunny disposition.

Mrs. Donoho, of Handley Station, Texas, has had a happy experience with Wine of Cardui, of which her husband writes as follows:

"I must write and thank you for what your Wine of Cardui has done for me. It has given me a beautiful, healthy, rosy-cheeked wife. She looks so much younger and prettier that my friends very often ask me 'Was that your wife whom you were with?' When I tell them it was they are surprised. I always tell them Wine of Cardui made the change. I expect to keep Wine of Cardui in my house always."

Wine of Cardui has been relieving woman's ills for over 75 years, and it has a record of cures that makes it supreme as a reliable remedy for menstrual disorders, bearing-down pains and all the debilitating vital drains which rob a woman of her beauty and health, then her reason and life itself. It is sad to see a charming girl deprived of her natural charms which bind her to all that is worth living for. And this all because of the terrible lurking canker worm of female weakness—so loathsome—yet so easily banished by Wine of Cardui as these two letters have shown. Write to The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., if you are a sufferer. Tell all your symptoms and a letter of advice will be sent you. If you want them we can send you testimonials from ladies cured by Wine of Cardui in cases similar to yours. We have over 10,000 letters on file and many will fit your case. But you can have a quicker proof of what Wine of Cardui will do for you. Go to your druggist and buy a $1.00 bottle. Take it as directed and you will find the treatment is as easy as it has been proven to be powerful and effective by over 1,000,000 cures. The directions on the bottle to take a tablespoonful three times a day is the condition of health, beauty, happiness and the joy that Miss Teeft and Mrs. Donoho have. Why not start this simple remedy today?

WINE OF CARDUI

RELIEVES ALL "FEMALE ILLS".

STUDY OF THRIFT

The Establishment of Savings Banks In the Duluth Schools.

The local committee of the W. C. T. U., for several months have been trying to put into practical use their study of thrift, waste, etc., which from time to time makes a subject for the meetings held regularly in this city, and believing that the savings banks in the school would be a valuable object lesson, even if but a small collection resulted, a plan was laid before the mothers' meetings, held in school buildings after lessons. The points covered were: "The general use of money." Every child must handle and learn by use its spending value, and although collections are taken up from time to time, it is always to give, but never to save. When parents are ignorant of banking institutions the children's knowledge and respect for those walls of good government are not likely to grow. As a character molder, its value can hardly be over-estimated for the right use of money crystalizes good habits.

Self-indulgence is the leading cause of misused money. The forger, the burglar and the thief all come from source. If lack of economy ruins the black race, it will certainly belittle the white. Thrift is passing out our lives as a national characteristic. Educators must select the best methods for the children, and those interested have the good fortune to find teachers, who not only apreciated, but who practically made, a Duluth plan to convey intelligence in a quick, simple manner and bank money. While only four or five schools have adopted the plan up to now, over $600 is on deposit, and seventy-nine children have been passed into the savings department of a city bank.

At the last meeting of the Teachers' association in Superior, methods of thrift were heartily endorsed. Thousands of testimonials, from principals of schools and business men all over the world, have been published, headed by the commissioner of education, Dr. W. T. Harris. The local committee is composed of Mrs. W. F. Davey, Mrs. C. R. Keyes and Mrs. G. H. Thompson, state superintendent of the W. C. T. U. who has presented it in St. Paul, Minneapolis and St. Cloud. Several small towns have already accepted it by correspondence. The work, however, is not being pushed, since growth and time are the only things needed in sound ethics. It is not a fad to pass away and while it may be more European than American, by reason of its vast use in foreign lands, it is the sound Franklin principle which helped us to become a nation, but which has been neglected by our prosperity and quick growth. The teachers having it in charge report very favorably, claiming that it has reduced candy buying and the use of the deadly cigarette. The supplies are furnished free by the local union of the W. C. T. U. and are purchased in this city.

MANUFACTURERS

To Hold Annual Convention at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, March 15.—Announcement is made by President Theodore C. Search that the seventh annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers will be held in Indianapolis, April 15, 16 and 17. Local arrangements for the convention are being made by a committee of Indianapolis business men under the leadership of D. M. Parry, who has been for many years a member of the executive committee of the association, and a particularly hospitable welcome to visitors is assured. Members of the association are manifesting rather more than usual interest in this year's convention and there is promise of an unusually large attendance from all parts of the country.

President Search announced at Detroit last year, when he consented to accept the presidency for the sixth time, that he could not serve the association in that capacity beyond the expiration of the present year. Mr. Search has recently made known his adherence to this determination, and one of the most interesting problems which the Indianapolis convention will have to consider will be the selection of a new president. This mater has been quietly discussed among the memebers for several months, but at present there is nothing to indicate upon whom the choice of the association will fall.

During the six years of Mr. Search's presidency the membership of the association has increased from less than 200 to more than 1000, and a vast amount of work has been done to promote the interests of the manufacturers of the United States in a broad-minded, public-spirited way.

The National Association of Manufacturers was organized in Cincinnati in 1895, and its annual conventions have been held in Chicago, Philadelphia, New York, Cincinnati, Boston and Detroit.

ORE TRADE.

Steady Buying After Two or Three Weeks of Quiet.

Cleveland, March 15.—The Iron Trade Review says: Following the first rush of business on the opening of the ore market for 1902 last month there were two or three weeks of quiet. This in turn has been succeeded by a period of steady buying, not in large contracts, but in lots of from 5000 to 25,000 tons. Early buyers have become sufficiently assured as to their year's operations to add to their original orders, making further purchases of the same ores where these are still on the market, or when necessary piercing out with other ores. The advance over 1901 on non-Bessemer ores and on all Mesaba grades has been maintained, but there has been no other advance than would take account of the advance in pig iron.

In the lake freight matters are still drifting. An early opening is now predicted, and the adjustment of questions that come up between the dock companies and the longshoremen's union is not likely to develop any serious friction, last year's rates being in the main satisfactory.

The large interests that have offered 75 cents for tonnage have done nothing as yet, and the duration of the deadlock is uncertain.

THE FRIAR

Question Handled Independently of Washington Delegation.

Washington, March 15.—All communication between the vatican authorities and this government regarding the friar question in the Philippines have been made independently of the apostolic delegation in this city. No instructions or communications whatever on the subject have reached here for Mgs. Sbaretti now en route for Naples and who according to cables has been directed to proceed here and await instruction from Rome before going further into the issue.

The apostolic delegation here, according to authoritative information today has never been communicated with by Rome on the Philippine, Cuban or Porto Rican matters except in one instance. That was about two years ago when the vatican wired the delegation that "It had been determined to send a high ecclesiastic who has the confidence of the American people to take charge of the affairs of the church in Cuba and Porto Rico and possibly later in the Philippines."

This announcement, which referred to Mgr. Chapelles' appointment, did not even mention his name. The object of this silence is not known, though it assumed to be based on a desire to preclude any allegation in the future that the delegation here has ever sought to interfere in any manner with this government or its policies. The Catholic authorities here are understood to have received assurances that Mgr. Sbaretti is shortly expected at the war department to discuss the friar question, but no word has been received by Cardinal Martinelli regarding Mgr. Sbaretti and nothing is known as to what duties have been or will be entrusted to him.

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C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., LOUISVILLE, KY

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 7th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Emma C. Gilbert, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Emma C. Gilbert deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Carl B. Gilbert.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 9th day of June, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated Duluth, this 7th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court, W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, Mch-8-15-22-1902.

FAST TEAM PROMISED

Duluth Ball Team Will Have Some Surprises For the "Fans."

Grounds At the Oneota Park to Be Put In First-Class Shape--American League to Have Eight Clubs.

Local baseball enthusiasts are "fanning" since the announcement that Manager Van Praagh is to put an exceptionally fast team in Duluth uniforms not later than the middle of May.

Some are even clamoring for an earlier opening. This, however, would be financially discouraging to the promoters of the team, for the weather, though pleasant now, is uncertain till late in May.

As soon as the frost is out of the ground, Oneota park will be plowed up and the infield and outfield drained and rolled. It is the intention of the management to arrange the drainage so that the grounds will be comparatively dry within a few hours after the hardest summer showers.

The players are signing, and from letters received from several of the new men Mr. Van Praagh's predictions of an enthusiastic team are in a fair way to be realized. All the new men from the outside express a desire to make a record in Duluth. This is probably due to the fact that managers of the big and lesser professional baseball organizations have come to look upon Duluth as a great place for the discovery of fast, young material.

Some towns have turned out more professional ball players than Duluth, but few have graduated better material.

Manager Van Praagh says that the contracts which the players are now signing make at least two hours practice every day necessary, unless the weather interferes.

The names of the men that are to wear the Duluth togs during the coming season have not been given out officially as yet, but there are some genuine surprises in store for the cranks. They will have to make a few new idols in the place of those that have served their usefulness.

• • •

The action of the recent meeting of the American league in Detroit shows emphatically that the Johnson forces are determined to stick to their original policy of "two-club leagues of major strength, working in harmony."

At the meeting it was definitely decided that the American league would not have more than eight cities in its circuit, and this policy was publicly announced. While not generally known, it was also decided that when New York was added to the circuit the metropolis would come as the successor of Baltimore. The Baltimore delegation at the meeting talked in favor of their city and against any such move, but a way will be found for the change when the time is ripe. Another matter which was definitely settled was that a place will not be made for Cincinnati in the circuit.

The National league's affairs, however, remain in the same impenetrable haze that has encompassed them all winter. The injunction case against A. G. Spalding was twice continued in the courts at New York, and there is no immediate prospect of decision. With the young league ready to begin playing baseball league ready to begin playing baseball tomorrow, the old league has no idea where it is at. Yet its clubs are going ahead with preparations just as if everything was plain sailing. It is evidently their belief that some way will be found to reach an agreement in time to arrange a schedule before time for opening the season. But in the light of past inactivity it requires considerable faith to hold to that belief.

• • •

Two men who made their share of baseball history and left the impress of their personality of the game were central figures at the Detroit meet. In the overflow assignment G. Clarkson and Sam Thompson attracted more attention, perhaps, than most of the moguls. Although they have passed out of the major field for-ever, neither has lost one whit of affection for the national sport. Clarkson could not resist the temptation to run down from his Saginaw home and "fan" a bit, and in the course of his talk he contributed a little story to the "It might have been" series.

"Pud the ever breaks out every once in a while," said Boston's once famous star, "and I've not altogether forgotten how last season I shut out a team, holding them down to three hits. During the flare-up here last November I was seriously figuring on getting into the Detroit club with George A. Vonderbeck, but he thought the price of the Burns stock too high, and I dropped out of the runing. Despite the assaults upon the reserve rule it is the bulwark of the game, and organized ball to prosper will have to get back to a new national agreement. The game itself isn't much different from what it was when I was right in it. Its character can never be changed. The pitcher's box will always remain the pivotal point of play. I think the greatest mistake into which the rulemakers ever blundered was in moving the pitchers back. It shortened the playing lives of the members of the team, whose natural term of usefulness was briefer than that of any other player in the nine."

It was the opinion of the player who was titled "Michigan's greatest baseball person" that during the past few months A. G. Spalding had been giving a pretty good imitation of a man who had bitten off more than he could chew. Clarkson has been among the favored ones on Pop Time's staff. He has changed but little since the days he faced and fooled the Reds. He still wears that characteristic dusky little chopped off mustache, and the sprinkling of gray in it is all that betrays the flight of years.

• • •

There is no longer doubt as to the bravery of Admiral Schley. He took a chance at the Charleston race track.

• • •

"Kid" McCoy is spending the winter at Monte Carlo. He is accompanied by Charley Mitchell. The bank is still running.

• • •

The ease with which boxers are at times able to fool the unsuspecting onlookers has been the undoing of many a fighter previously regarded as above anything of the kind. The temptation to lay down for a consideration has been too often an allurement which boxers have been unable to withstand. Fitzsimmons, it is claimed, is a past master at the art of feigning being knocked out, and in the winter of 1899-00 he and Jeff Thorne gave such a realistic exhibition in Madison Square Garden that most of the spectators would have sworn he had been given a coup de grace, had he not come up smiling. In October, 1899, Fitzsimmons and Thorne came to Chicago to give a boxing bout. Thorne was apparently scared to death when he entered the ring and Fitzsimmons knocked him out in the first round. The Cornishman was criticised for his brutal treatment of the alleged wonder. Then the two gave their battle in New York. It was to be a burlesque, but so realistic did it prove that some people thought the acting was "on the square." Both men feigned knock-outs, and many of the spectators thought the battle was on its merits. They had a knack of butting each other resounding whacks on the jaw," says one writer, "and the man who was struck would drop to the floor limp as a bag of oats. A great many burlesque bouts have been seen, but never anything so artistic as that. Fitzsimmons' apparent knock-out was especially realistic, and after the recipient of a particularly hard blow he fell on his face like a dead man. When he rose and grinned his response to the applause his face was covered with rosin dust." No wonder Fitz wanted to become an actor.

• • •

"Big Dan" Brouthers has signed to play with the New London team this season. The former star batsman agrees to keep his batting average above .200 or forfeit all claims to salary.

• • •

It is considered eminently proper that Alvin Kraenzlein, who is known as a Pennsylvania athlete, should coach the badger jumpers and hurdlers. Kraenzlein is a Milwaukee product, and spent his freshman year at the University of Wisconsin, where he showed the ability that made him famous as a Quaker.

• • •

The gloves which Bob Fitzsimmons will wear in his fight against Jeffries are being made in Chicago under the direction of Charles T. Essig. Fitzsimmons secured nearly all of his training paraphernalia here.

• • •

Jockeys who have been ruled off the big tracks and are forced to make a living "on the ground," after having been used to the luxuries which come in their prosperous days in the saddle, have a hard time of it. The life of a jockey who makes the circuit of county fairs and has to rely upon what he can make in this way is hardly one calculated to attract, according to those who know. Here is what one jockey who has been there says: "During the season, being unable to ride on the big tracks, I had to go to the 'bushes.' In plain English, I had to ride at the county fairs throughout the West. I was in saddle morning, noon and night, for I didn't even spurn the opportunity to ride under flares of electric lights. For a winning mount at a county fair the jockey is supposed to receive $5, and for a losing mount the munificent sum of $2. That's what you're promised, but I have received as low as $1.50. What I most dislike about the county fair racing game is the fact that every jockey, in order to hold his own, must be a fighter. There are jockeys riding at these petit larceny tracks that would put a man out of business for a $5 bill. Then, again, there are some good boys riding through necessity."

All who use atomizers in treating nasal catarrh will get the best result from Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price, including spraying tube, 75 cents. Sold by druggists or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren street, New York.

New Orleans, Sept. 1, 1901.

Messrs. Ely Bros.: I sold two bottles of your Liquid Cream Balm to a customer, William Lamberton, 1415 Delachaise street, New Orleans; he has used the two bottles, giving him wonderful and most satisfactory results.

GEORGE W. McDUFF, Pharmacist.

Bargains In Wallpaper.

We are still selling our 1901 wallpaper, regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

THE AMERICAN FARMER

The Victim of Protection and Trusts.

By FRANKLIN PIERCE.

To the American Farmers: I wish to address a few plain words to you, not as Republicans nor as Democrats, but as thoughtful men interested in the general and permanent welfare of our country. If you read these words through the eyes of your political prejudices, then they will have been written in vain, for no sophism is too gross to delude, and no truth is strong enough to convince, minds distempered by party spirit. The colors of both parties have been frequently been haunted by demagogues to deceive the rank and file of parties. When in 1894 some Democratic United States senators gave the sugar trust a protective tariff that enabled them to make 60,000,000 of people pay tribute, Senator Aldrich, Republican senator from Rhode Island, said in the United States senate: "Certain persons not known to the constitution, or the laws, not recognized as any part of the national government, have demanded that certain provisions" (referring to the sugar schedule) "shall be written in the statutes of the United States, and the members of a great party cravenly submit to these demands." At that time sugar stock rose in a day or two from 95⅞ to 106½. Three years pass, and Senator Aldrich, no longer indignant at dictation from the sugar trust, with his associate Republican senators, "cravenly" enacts a new sugar tariff dictated by the same trust, and sugar stock goes up with a bound from 110 to 146, putting $13,000,000 into the pockets of the stockholders. Since then, according to competent experts, we have been paying that trust, by reason of the duty, about $30,000,000 yearly, over and above the sum paid by it to the government as tariff tax. The same authority computes that out of every dollar's worth of sugar that you buy, 40 cents is for tariff, a considerable portion of which remains with the trust, as your contribution to the support of the tariff-begging, vote-buying millionaires who control that trust.

A Democratic congressman once asked Galusha A. Grow to attend a committee meeting when a contested seat case was to be heard. "Is he one of your rascals or one of our rascals?" responded Mr. Grow. Now, as regards any tariff-made trust, I am not concerned for a momentwhether the rascals belong to your party or to my party; but I will prove to you beyond peradventure of a doubt that they are rascals, and that they have been deceiving and robbing you for years.

Your corn and cotton are sold in the wheat pits and cotton exchanges at international prices, the selling prices of your supplies for export determining to a penny the price of the whole product at that time. Thus it results that while you must buy many necessaries of life in a protected market, you must pay for them with the proceeds of crops sold in competition with the world.

Again, a protective tariff on imports tends to destroy foreign markets for your surplus, and thus, as we have seen, to produce the price at home. A sale by you of your surplus produce to people in any other country is, in the main, when reduced to the last analysis, but an exchange of products. If the goods for which you have exchanged yours can enter our country only by the payment of high duties, we have an obstruction to trade which will reduce foreign demands for your products, and so lower their market value here. In the first session of congress it was proposed to put a duty of 8 cents a gallon upon imported molasses, when a Massachusetts representative, wiser than some of his successors, said, "We trade our fish for molasses; and if you shut out molasses, you shut in fish." Read President McKinley's last words at Buffalo for confirmation of this contention. He said: "A system which provides a mutual exchange of commodities is manifestly essential to the continued and healthful growth of our export trade. We must not repose in fancied security that we can forever sell everything and buy little or nothing. If such a thing were possible, it would not be best for us or for those with whom we deal."

Hamilton's tariff of 1789, when our industries were really in their industry, imposed duties of 8½ per cent, while the Dingley tariff, more than 100 years later, with our industries fully developed, imposes average duties on dutiable imports of about 52 per cent. One of these infant industries has grown into a prodicy indeed, with a capital of $1,200,000,000. The stock of its constituent companies was heavily watered shortly before consolidation. This process was repeated at the consolidation, yet it claims to have made $85,000,000 in the last nine months. Enabled by its congressional gift of a duty of $7.84 per ton on steel rails, this gigantic product of the policy, "We legislate for the United States and not for the whole world," has been selling its steel rails to Englishmen at $17 per ton, delivered in New York, and to Americans at $28 per ton. It has been delivering rails in Russia and India to enable them to market their wheat in competition with yours, about as cheaply as upon your Western plains. When you buy a jacknife of foreign make for a dollar, you pay a duty of over 200 per cent thereon; and the tariff and the trust combine to raise the price of knives of American make to the same level. When your wife buys a pair of the cheapest foreign scissors, she pays a duty of at least 150 per cent, and on the commonest table knives and forks of from 112 to 350 per cent.

The Bulow bill, now before the German reichstag, inspired by the German land owners in retaliation, proposes to impose a duty of 80 per cent upon your wheat, 100 per cent upon your oats, 115 per cent upon your cheese, and like tariffs upon the remainder of your produce. The highly-protected tin plate trust and the sugar trust have driven the canning industries, so vitally important to you, to England, the National Salt company, protected by a duty of about 50 per cent, the Paris Green trust, and a hundred other chemical trusts, all highly protected, are plundering you; while the American Steel and Wire trust, now incorporated in the Union States Steel trust, and the Borax trust, and the White Lead trust, by virtue of the tariff, are enabled to sell their products to you at prices far above those for which they sell them abroad. All these trusts, protected by high tariff, combine together to filch your hard-earned money in ways so hidden and deceptive that it is hard to follow them. There is hardly an article of your clothing that does not speak tribute to a trust, scarcely an item in your grocery bill that does not include a tax; the furnishings that make your house a home, the windows that give you air and light, the books and papers you read, every piece of barbed wire and steel you use, every nail you drive, are instruments of their extortion. Death itself has no sanctity for them; they take toll even from the coffin, and stretch forth a greedy hand beside the tombstone.

As a result of these extortions, notwithstanding your labor-saving machines in modern days, your wealth has not been increasing during the last forty years as rapidly as in the days when your grandmothers at their wheels were your principal manufacturers. The value of your farm, implements, machinery and live stock, as shown by the census of 1850, was $3,967,343,570. In 1860, after a period of ten years of practically free trade, the value of the same elements of wealth had increased to $7,980,493,063, showing an increase of $4,013,149,493. Now, remember that the value of this land, live stock and farming implements was $7,980,493,063 in 1860. In 1880 the census shows its value at $12,104,108,141, an increase under high tariffs of only $4,124,615,078 in twenty years of high protection, as against an increase of $4,013,149,493 in ten years of free trade. The last twenty years would probably make an even more favorable showing for unrestricted trade to the farmer. I can name you a hundred men who during the last five years have increased their wealth by the aid of protective tariffs and resulting trusts in an amount greater than has been the entire increase in wealth of all the tens of millions of people engaged in farming in the whole country; and among these very men will be the names of those who are now petitioning congress to vote them ship subsidies, notwithstanding the fact that we are building steel ships for Germans and Englishmen, and can probably build ships cheaper than they can be built anywhere else in the world.

And what have you gotten from protective tariffs in return for all this? To deceive you into believing that they are your friends, the beneficiaries of the tariff can think of nothing better than to give you a duty of 25 cents a bushel on imported wheat, notwithstanding that we import hundreds of millions of bushels of wheat annually, and never import except for seed. They say they will protect you from the ruinous competition of cheap foreign labor by a duty of 15 cents on imported corn, when you could easily furnish the world with corn from your surplus.

What remedy have you against such terrible wrongs? You are isolated. You have no bond of union. You never can compete with the few centralized interests in great cities in obtaining special legislation to benefit yourselves. Your case is but a new illustration of the old story, that audacity and concentrated strength overcomes numbers.

The best you can do is to sit down at once and write your member of congress, and ask him to vote against the ship subsidy bill. Find out what he thinks about protective tariffs. Insist that he vote against protective tariffs and all other special legislation. Combine with your neighbors against these despoilers, and return no man to congress who will not vote to repeal "All laws which pretend to give any man, rich or poor, American or European, any protection against natural competition, any artificial monopoly of natural resources, or any advantage which is not thrown open on equal terms to all human beings."

FRANKLIN PIERCE, New York.

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale of same on first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.

$1.00 Per Berth.

To Chicago via "The Milwaukee," during March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction.

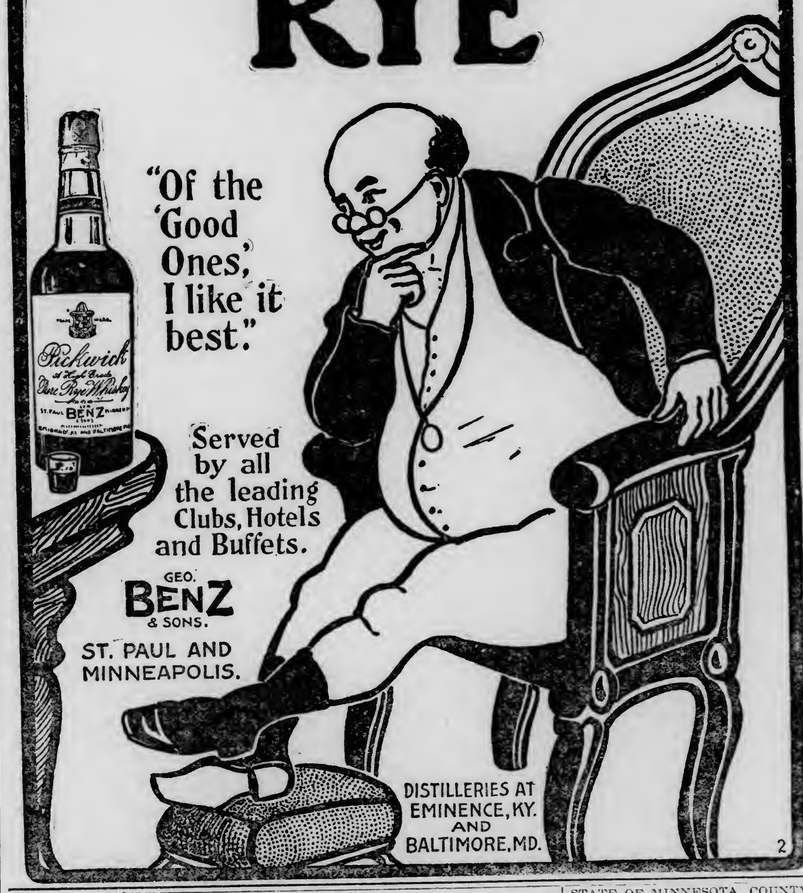
Tourist cars will leave Twin Cities on 8:35 p. m. train every Wednesday and Saturday, arriving Chicago 9:30 following morning.

Rate per double berth, $1.00.

Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

"Costs Most and Worth it."

PICKWICK RYE



ORDER FOR HEARING.—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
In the matter of assignment of Louis Christensen and John W. Miller, individually and as co-partners doing business under the name of J. W. Miller & Co., Insolvents:
On reading and filing the application of the assignee of the above named insolvents for leave to join with the other cotenants of the following real estate, to wit:

The e½ of ne¼; sw¼ of ne¼, and nc¼ of se¼ of Sec. 22, Tp. 63 N., R. 11 W., Lake County, Minnesota, and to grant an option for the exploration and leasing thereof for mining iron ore therefrom;

It is ordered, That said application be heard before said court, at a special term thereof to be held at the court house in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 22nd day of March, 1902, at the opening of said court on said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard.

It is further ordered, That this order be published in The Duluth Evening Herald for two days prior to the 8th of March, 1902, and once on the 15th day of March, 1902, and that a printed copy thereof be mailed to all known creditors of said insolvents ten days prior to said hearing.

Dated March 8th, 1902.

By the Court,
J. D. ENSIGN,
District Judge.

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-8-15-1902.

Proposals for net beef and flour.—U. S. Indian school service, Vermilion Lake school, Tower, Minnesota, March 1, 1902. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for Beef and Flour," (as the case may be), and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minnesota, will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m., of March 29, 1902, for furnishing and delivering at this school as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, about fourteen thousand pounds beef, net, and fourteen thousand pounds flour, as per specifications and instructions to bidders to be had upon application to the undersigned. For further information apply to Oliver H. Gates, superintendent.

Duluth Evening Herald March-4-6-8-11-13-15-18-20-22-1902.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

YOUNG MAN!
Tell us the condition of your nerves, and we will tell you what sort of future you face. You want success. Nervewesk people can not attain it.
PALMO TABLETS
give you the nerve-strength that brings with it the sound, healthful energy which compels success.
They give you the ambition and magnetism which will not be denied.
Take this remedy and note how quickly the hollow checks will round out; how quickly your complexion will assume the glow of health and strength.
50 cents per box, 12 for $5.00. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 1, 1902.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of Caroline Marie Boeing, a minor:
On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. Schulte, the guardian of the above named minor, representing, among other things, that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold, reserving, however, the minerals that may exist upon, in or under said premises, with the right to enter and remove the same, and praying for license to sell the same, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is for the benefit of said ward that said real estate should be sold,

It is ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., and pray for license to sell the same, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is for the benefit of said ward that said real estate should be sold,

It is ordered, That all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, then and there to show cause if any there be, why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, That this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of March, 1902.

W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-1-8-15-1902.

Photographed from Life.
RESTORES VITALITY
1st day
16th day
30th day
THE
Made a Well Man of Me.
GREAT
FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address
ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

SYPHILIS
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:
COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

WOMEN
FEMALE BEANS
great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Peter Patterson, Plaintiff,
vs.
Rosa Block and Albert Block, her husband; Amalia Cutting and Frank Cutting, her husband; Frank Cutting as administrator of the estate of John Larcher, deceased; Pasquale Malnelli, Joseph Leone and John Jenetta, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree made, entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in the above entitled action, on the 15th day of February, 1902, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Tuesday, the first day of April, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and hereinafter described, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment and decree, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered one hundred sixty-one (161) and one hundred sixty-three (163), of block twenty-four (24), Duluth Proper, Third Division and lots numbered one hundred sixty-one (161) and one hundred sixty-three (163), of block one hundred (100), Duluth Proper Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated February 15th, 1902.

WILLIAM C. SARGENT,
As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. DASH,
Deputy.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-15-22-March 1-8-15-22.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 1st, 1902.
In the Matter of the Guardianship of William Edward Boeing, a Minor:
On reading and filing the petition of Frank A. Schulte, the guardian of the above named minor, representing, among other things, that the said ward is seized of certain real estate in the County of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and that for the benefit of said ward the same should be sold, reserving, however, the minerals that may exist upon, in or under said premises, with the right to enter and remove the same, and praying for license to sell the same, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court from said petition that it is for the benefit of said ward that said estate should be sold,

It is ordered, that all persons interested in said estate appear before this court on Monday, the 24th day of March, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house, in Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, then and there to show cause if any there be, why license should not be granted for the sale of said real estate, according to the prayer of said petition.

It is further ordered, that this order be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to the said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 1st day of March, 1902.

W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County).

Duluth Evening Herald, March-1-8-15-1902

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharge, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.



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'Phone 767—Zenith
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Burlington Route

All the comforts and conveniences of a good club or your home are found in

Library Buffet Smoking Cars.

in daily use on Burlington limited trains between the Twin Cities and Chicago. Supplied with card tables, easy chairs and the latest periodicals.

Ask your home agent for tickets via the Burlington route.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

"King Dodo" Coming Next Friday and Saturday With Saturday Matinee.

Great Musical Production By the Author of "The Burgomaster"—Sousa's Band at the Lyceum Monday Evening.

"King Dodo" is coming.

This is an announcement that all theatergoers and lovers of light opera will hail with delight.

This great musical production will be at the Lyceum next Friday and Saturday evenings, with a matinee Saturday afternoon. Without all signs fail, the engagement will prove to be by far the most notable events to which the amusement patrons of this city has been invited for many a day. The work is from the same clever collaborateurs, Messrs. Pixley and Luders, whose previous effort, "The Burgomaster," scored such pronounced success, and is said to excell that clever work in its unctious humor and sparkling melody, and to totally eclipse it in its remarkable exposition of scenic gorgeousness, resplendent ensemble and sumptuous gowning. The unprecedented success and lavish praise attained by "King Dodo" is unparalleled by any native presentaion of its kind, and the only foreign parallel is found in its English rival "Florodora." This latter production has been to the East what "King Dodo" is to the West.

In addition to the comedy there is a lot of bright music. Much of it of the kind that the street urchin picks up at one sitting and whistles for a year; but it is nevertheless catchy. The solos are all above the ordinary in point of merit, while he costuming is in perfect taste. It's a happy blending, from first to last, of the colors of the rainbow. And they are admirably blended. The march went out some years ago, but as it comes back is prettily costumed, and is carried through to such music as only "King Dodo" can boast. In fact, all the stage pictures are beautifully designed.

As for comedy, there is not a dull minute in the performance. It starts when the king turns back time thirty years in order to reduce his age. In the meantime he is looking for an elixir of youth. Dr. Fizz, the court physician, declares he has found it. The suspicious monarch decides to try the prescription on Mudge, the court historian. It works so well that for a minute Mudge becomes as active as a youth of 20. Then the explosion comes, and they carry the pieces out on a door. Then Dodo sets out to find a spring of immortal youth. Instead, he finds a queen. Together they do a dance that threatens to end the performance right there. So the fun goes on, until the curtain goes down on the last act.



KING DODO

WANT OPERA.

"King Dodo" Representative Says Public Demands It.

"Opera, you know, is what the American public wants. It is the only class of entertainment the public will pay good prices for. This, of course, is necessitated by the great cost of costumes and scenery as well as the employment of a large company; authors and their royalties are also a big item of expense. Why, the royalties accruing from 'King Dodo' alone will make its authors, Pixley and Luders, a snug little fortune," remarked Edward A. Braden, a representative of the Castle Square Opera company, in the course of conversation with a Herald reporter at the Spalding last evening.

Mr. Braden says it is the purpose of the Castle Square company in the future to operate extensively in the West. Heretofore it has confined itself to the operation of theaters in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo and St. Louis, and has had the Metropolitan, Grand, English and Castle Square English opera companies on tour.

Owing to the great success of "King Dodo," which had its premier at the Studebaker theater, Chicago, the company has also added that theater to its list and intend making that playhouse the home of the comic opera in this country, similar to the New York Caccino during the regime of the Aronson Bros. "King Dodo," for twenty consecutive weeks filled the Studebaker theater, and was then only withdrawn on account of contracts held by Eastern houses.

The Castle Square Opera company's latest, and pronounced by the entire pres of Chicago a most successful production of comedy opera, is that of "The Sultan of Sulu," which received its initial presentation at the Studebaker in that city Tuesday night, March 11. The book is by George Ade, who will be remembered as the author of "Fables in Slang," "Artie" stories, etc., Alfred Wathall being responsible for the music. On May 12, at the same theater, a new work by Pixley and Luders, authors of "King Dodo" and the "Burgomaster" will receive its initial presentation and is expected to be a worthy successor to 'King Dodo."

Speaking of the local presentation of "King Dodo" at the Lyceum next week, Mr. Braden gives assurance that the opera will be staged in the same elaborate manner, and with the careful attention to detail that emphasized the memorable run of twenty straight weeks in Chicago.

"In the smaller cities," continued Mr. Braden, "many worthy operas are ofttimes condemned and very often ruined for the want of a capable orchestra. To insure against this we carry a special orchestra, which is a guarantee that the music will receive every attention and in no way be slighted."

SOUSA'S BAND.

Nothing elicited more surprise and enthusiastic praise in the playing of Sousa's band in England than the marvelously delicate accompaniment that this famous organization gave to the vocal and violin solos that diversified Mr. Sousa's concert programs. Nothing of the kind had ever been heard in England before, and the English critics were astonished at the remarkable simulation of string effects, particularly from the enormous brass basses played by the American musicians. All the English bands use string basses for concert work, owing, it is said, to the fact that their instrumentalists do not possess the necessary skill to obtain similar artistic results from brass. Sousa's accompaniments were equally praised on the continent, and here at home they are well known and admired.

An opportunity will be offered to judge of this praise of the Sousa band's work when the "March King" brings his famous organization here for a single popular concert at the Lyceum on Monday evening. His soloists this year are Maud Reese-Davies, soprano; Dorothy Hoyle, violin; Arthur Pryor, trombone, and Walter B. Rogers, cornet.



EYES SPEAK

Volumes, at times, of woman's happiness or misery. The dull, sunken eye, with its dark circles almost surely speaks of womanly ill-health, and its attendant suffering. With the dull eye goes usually the sallow, sunken cheek, the drawn mouth, the shrunken form—the whole glory of woman's beauty marred by the effects of disease.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures the diseases which undermine the health and mar the beauty of women. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter *free*, and so obtain the advice of a specialist upon their disease. All correspondence is strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"With pleasure I send a few lines to let you know that I feel much better than for eight years before taking your medicine," writes Mrs. Pierce Geise, of 822 West Phila. Street, York, Pa. "Will recommend Dr. Pierce's medicine to every person who may inquire as to what it has done for me. I was troubled with female weakness, and began to think I would never be well. If I had continued the treatment prescribed by my doctor I don't know what would have become of me. When your treatment was commenced my weight was 105 pounds, at present it is 130. Have healthy color and my friends say I look well. My best thanks to you and my best wishes, too, for what you have done for me."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the clogged system from accumulated impurities.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Mary Mannering's Proposed "Camille" Tour Hung Up.

New York, March 15.—The row over Mary Mannering's proposed "Camille" has demonstrated one fact above all others, that Frank McKee is a notable exception to the general managerial rule. The unfortunate affair as it now stands hurts everybody concerned, but McKee worst of all. Yet he is the one doing the least complaining. He has made a barrel of money for Miss Mannering, and shrewdly saw a chance to make her better renown, and consequently a better-paying attraction. Then he arranged a tour for her with Kyrle Bellew on a scale that did not give him the slightest chance of getting anything out of it except the advertisement. Bellew alone was to draw $1500 a week, and Miss Mannering's salary was also highly respectable. Then enters young Hackett and upset everything. Unless he changes his attitude it is exceedingly difficult to see where anybody can be benefited. Miss Mannering will lose a remarkably good chance of adding to her fame. Bellew will lose half salary—I hear he was paid $3000 by McKee for a release—McKee will lose money for other releases, and Hackett will be largely regarded as a dog in the manger.

• • •

In this connection an interesting account is told of Hackett's previous position. It seems that it was Hackett's original scheme to revive "Romeo and Juliet," with his wife as Juliet, Bellew as Romeo and Hackett as co-star as Mercutio. The last time Bellew played with Mrs. Potter in New York, by the way, Hackett played a small part—a very small part—in their company. Also, when Bellew produced "Hero and Leander" in London Miss Mannering made her first stage appearance under Bellew's direction. What Bellew must think of the rapid way in which stars are made on this side of the water would be interesting reading.

But to resume. All hands discussing the tour, and then for some reason it was abandoned. "Camille" was then proposed, and one afternoon in January, when Miss Mannering first appeared in San Francisco, Hackett was entertaining Bellew in his home in this city. A congratulatory telegram was sent to the Pacific coast and a toast to "Camille" was drunk. It was not until Hackett recently interviewed Frank McKee, apparently to the former's dissatisfaction, that he discovered "Camille" is immoral and wholly unfit for his wife.

• • •

The Gilsey estate has at last awakened to the fact that the little theater on Broadway, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth streets, is a white elephant as it stands, and workmen are now remodeling it into a first-class place of amusement. As the Theater Comique, Herrman's and later Sam T. Jack's, the theater has enjoyed an unsavory reputation and was a veritable hoodoo. Everybody who touched it lost money. The Gilsey folk argued that it was because it was upstairs, although the same conditions prevailed at the Casino and to considerable degree at Daly's. Eminent architects puzzled their brains over the problem, but could discover no way to reduce the auditorium to the level of the street. Now they have decided to follow the Daly plan, and by a succession of short flights of steps have the audience in the orchestra before they realize that they have been walking upstairs. In all respects the theater will be most attractive, but nothing except productions of the first order will be permitted there.

• • •

William Faversham is apparently not the only member of his company about to figure in the divorce courts. Despite his denial of divorce proceedings his wife is relentlessly pushing her suit, and the evidence, according to her friends, is conclusively in her favor. Rumor now has it that Miss Julia Opp, Faversham's leading lady, hopes to be set free from her husband, Robert Loraine, and proceedings may be begun shortly. In this connection word comes from London that Justin Huntley McCarthy, who insisted, because of his great friendship for Miss Opp, that she play the principal role in "If I Were King," is not a novice in the art, as for her appearance in the English capital.

• • •

It is refreshing in these days of reform and much turbulent politico criticism to find that the men have human hearts under their blue uniforms with the brass buttons. Some months ago, J. H. Washburn was moved by F. F. Proctor from the post of manager of the latter's One Hundred and Twenty-first street house to his new establishment in Newark. To no one was this more distasteful than to the police of Harlem. A few days ago Washburn was restored to his old place, and the first night the lobby contained a horseshoo about three feet high made of roses and carnations, the gift of Capts. McCluskey and Delaney and the sergeants in their commands.

• • •

Weber & Fields in a few days will replace their present burlesque with one of "Du Barry." The management regretted for some time that their comedians had no opportunity of witnessing Mrs. Leslie Carter's performance at the Criterion, but this was arranged to every one's satisfaction at a Sunday night's supper given by Mrs. Carter in honor of Lillian Russell. "Can't you give us a special matinee?" Miss Russel asked early in the evening, and after a moment's thought Mrs. Carter declared she would, and set Holy Thursday, March 27, as the date. The entire Weber & Fields company will be present as well as a large number of other professionals.

• • •

"Juliette," a novel by Lucy Cleaver McElroy, will be dramatized for production next season. The story deals with moonshiners and full of sensational situations.

• • •

In the spring the soubrettes' fancy lightly turns to thoughts of starring, and the latest person to be so affected is Miss Edna Aug, whose latest claim to distinction at present is the remarkable manner in which she played the role of the scrubwoman in "The Giddy Throng." Manager Stringer, of the Grand opera house, was so well pleased with her work that he had a play written for her, and within a few weeks she will blossom forth at the head of her own company.

• • •

Lee Harrison has discovered a new disease. It is called "moneygitis." He remarked to some friends the other day that Joe Weber had booked passage on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm, to sail on June 3 for Carlsbad. "What's he going there for?" asked one hearer. "He hasn't got rheumatism, has he?" "No," replied Harrison. "He has got 'moneygitis'—has so much money he is going to Carlsbad to sweat it out."

• • •

Miss Amelia Bingham and her company gathered this week to hear the reading of "Hearts Aflame," a new play by Evelyn Granville Haine. All were so pleased with the lines and situations that the play will be presented within a few weeks.

• • •

"Sky Farm," which followed Charles Hawtrey at the Garrick this week, is a new comedy of American life by Edward E. Kidder. The author has succeeded in not only making a really funny play of the pastoral type, but has also woven a strong dramatic story with several scenes that are novel and illustrative of the people and places treated of in the comedy. "Sky Farm" ran with great success in Boston for some months and Miss Jennie Busley has an important role in the present production.

• • •

Considerable speculation has been indulged in concerning the future of Daly's theater, but Daniel Frohman has decided to devote it hereafter to melodrama and musical farce. After the run of "Notre Dame," a revival of "San Toy" will be made, and it is said that this will be followed by a new production by George W. Lederer in which Miss Irene Bentley will have a prominent place.

• • •

Edward McWade has written a new romantic drama, "The Land of Mystery," in which Miss Margaret May will star next season. The scenes are laid in Central America at the present day and the author describes it as "A Blazing Trail in a New Country." The heroine is a native of Central America and the hero is a civil engineer.

• • •

A truce has been declared almost at the last moment between Maurice Grau and Fire Commissioner Sturgis, who has insisted that an end be put to people standing in the rear of the Metropolitan opera house. Mr. Grau now provides chairs in the aisles of the great house, and men who go out between the acts may carry their chairs with them. In case of fire the chairs would be, of course, a formidable barrier, but they are legal. On the other hand, people standing up would be the first to get out of the building, yet it is illegal for them to view a performance from that point.

• • •

Robert Rogers has been engaged to succeed Charles W. Stokes in "Her Lord and Master," Mr. Stokes having been loaned to Kirke La Shelle to play the part of Canby in the English Arizona company during the summer season. Mr. Rogers has played leading roles in "The Prisoner of Zenda," "The Great Ruby," "The Price of Peace," and other big productions.

• • •

It now appears, despite repeated denials, that J. E. Dodson and his wife, Annie Irish, are to star together in a society play by Pinero next season, presumably under the management of Charles Frohman. Dodson is now in England, making ready to play the role of Simonides in the Drury Lane presentation of "Ben Hur," and Miss Irish is appearing in "The Climbers" at the Bijou theater, but will appear in "Life." Anson Pond's new drama of New York, which is to be given at the Garden theater March 31. In the fall the couple will appear together as Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Dodson. Both came to this country as members of the Kendal company, and both speedily won fame for their excellence in character work.

• • •

Manuel Klein, the brother of Charles Alfred Klein, is writing the music for a comic opera for Jeff de Angelis. This will be his first appearance as a composer, although he is writing the music for the version of "Pickwick," in which De Wolfe Hopper is to star next season.

• • •

Nanette Comstock has been engaged by Jacob Litt for "The Diplomat." William Collier's new play, which is to follow "On the Quiet" at the Madison Square theater in a couple of weeks. Edward Ables has been released by Miss Bingham in order that he may support Mr. Collier, and Miss Virginia Warren, who played the ingenue in "What Happened to Jones," has also been engaged for the company.

W. J. LeMoyne, Owen Fawcett, William Elton and E. P. Sullivan have been engaged by J. Wesley Rosenquest for the production of "Robert Emmet," which is to be made at the Fourteenth Street theater in May.

• • •

Mrs. James A. Hearne, it seems, is so attached to the memory of her husband that she flatly declines to allow the production of "Sag Harbor" by the cheaper class of stock companies throughout the country although this decision costs her about $250 a week. George C. Tyler, who owns a half interest in the play, declares that it never made any money for anybody until he succeeded in placing it among these companies. Mrs. Herne, however, is adamant and declares that she would rather lose that much than

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FOR SALE.

Mabel Fenton, under orders from her husband, Charles J. Ross, is undergoing a severe course of physical training in order to reduce her figure to the proper proportions for a return to vaudeville. Both husband and wife have been away from that branch of dramatic art for some years, but both have decided that they can make more money and have a better time at the old business. "When an actor," said Ross, the other day, "joins a successful show he is all right from a pecuniary point of view, but if the show fails, his financial value decreases in proportion. Thus an actor may command a large salary at the beginning of a season, but at the end he is glad to work for small returns. In vaudeville it is different. You end the season as you begin it, receiving the salary called for by contract; that's why we are going back.

• • •

Sherrie Matthews, of the once popular team, Matthews and Bulger, has been ordered, to Mt. Clemens by his physician. Matthews is reported to be in very bad shape physically, and the trip has been ordered in the hope of saving his life.

• • •

A cable dispatch from England brings the announcement that a young singer died there recently just as she was completing the last lines of "Good-by, Dollie Grey." There may be a note of warning in this news item.

• • •

Henrietta Crosman seems to have scored a pronounced hit in Gotham as Rosalind, most of the critics saying that her performance in "As You Like It," is as big a treat this season as "Mistress Nell" proved last year. Owing to her success in Shakespearean play will be kept on for some weeks. The old play promises to recoup for Miss Crosman her losses with "Joan o' the Shoals." The actress' conception of Rosalind has been most widely praised by the metropolitan reviewers, both for its charm and naturalness. Miss Crosman, by the way, announces an early revival of "A Scrap of Paper," for her special spring production. Arthur Forest, Wilton Lackaye and Arthur Thomas have been engaged to support her in this production.

• • •

Quite a stir has been caused by George Alexander in London in the introduction of a new rule that prevents late comers to his theater from taking their seats until the act is finished. This rule has been worked for several years at our Pike theater and found to be a very good one.

• • •

There is a strong likelihood of the long run of "Florodora" being brought to a close. The piece after being moved from the Casino to the New York was tilted up on the roof garden of that big establishment and another company put in the piece. This last venture has not been a huge success, and the early spring will find a new piece taking its place.

• • •

Clara Bloodgood, who has been a strong assistant of both Amelia Bingham and Elsie DeWoolf in their original starring ventures, is to go it alone herself next season. Under Charles Frohman's direction the former society favorite will be seen in a new play by Clyde Fitch, which, of course, will deal with modern society. Her metropolitan seasons will be played at the Savoy theater, which Clyde Fitch has undertaken to keep filled with new plays each year.

• • •

Manager Dan Consadine of the "Old Kentucky" company, saved a fire panic in New York recently. The company was playing in the Grand Opera house, when a small fire was discovered in one of the lodge rooms in the big theater building. Manager Consadine ordered his pickaninny band on the stage and kept them playing, and managed to quiet the audience. The youth in the gallery who started the alarm could not be found. More is the pity.

• • •

Bertha Galland, whose starring tour was closed owing to the unsatisfactory plays that had been sucered for her, will not be seen on the stage until next season, when she will bring out a new play that Daniel Frohman has secured for her use.

• • •

"Arizona" is unquestionably a good big hit in London, and a second company is now being organized by Manager La Shelle to tour the British provinces.

• • •

Montgomery and Stone, the well-known negro impersonators in vaudeville, have been engaged by Manager Harry Hamlin for his biz Chicago production of "The Wizzard of Oz" this spring.

• • •

Miss Lillian Wheeler, who is said to be one of the leading actresses in Australia, has been engaged to play the role of Madge Larabee in William Gillette's London production of "Sherlock Holmes." Miss Wheeler will likely come back to America with Mr. Gillette.

• • •

As was to be expected, the Biddle brothers' sensational escape from Pittsburg's jail will not escape the sensational dramatist. Theodore Kremer is credited with a play founded on that escapade, which he will call "A Desperate Chance." Wonder if there is any truth in that title.

• • •

Edgar Selwyn, who plays Tony, the Mexican, in "Arizona," has written a curtain raiser called "A Friend in Need," which is being used before the Thomas play in London. The rise of this young actor has been quite rapid. When "Arizona was being rehearsed in New York Selwyn was an usher in the Herald Square theater. Theodore Roberts did not like the work of the actor who had been engaged to play the Mexican, and was prevailed upon to give Selwyn a chance, largely because he could play a mandolin. The young man went on and scored an immediate hit.

• • •

Katherine Willard has been engaged by Manager White to succeed Mildred Holland as the star of "The Power Behind the Throne," when Miss Holland lays that play aside next month to bring out her new piece, "The Lily and the Prince."

• • •

Margaret Dale, who was engaged as John Drew's leading lady for next season, has been promoted to that position [illegible] was contemplated, owing to the illness of Ida Conquest, who has retired for the season in the hope of recovering from her present illness in time for next season's work.

• • •

"Where are the American actresses of the future to come from?" asks the New Lork Times. With the activity the Gerry society manifested so strongly at the Savoy theater recently, one may well ask the question. In the beginning of the run of "The Way of the World," Elsie De Wolf carried on the stage nightly a real live infant, properly taught not to squall in intenso situations. But the Gerry agent, in the vernacular of the day, "got busy," and a papier-mache baby has been substituted. Now, anw one who will take the trouble to read the cautobiographical accounts of living leading ladies will find the beginning of their active careers almost invariably summarized: "At the age of 9 months I was carried on the stage in the infant role of the play called so and so." To this infantile experience is usually traced the source of the inspiration that eventually resulted in adult achievement. One may, therefore, justly inquire at what point the biographies of future actresses will begin, if baby experience is to be barred.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Owing to a severe shock Clarice Vance is at present almost totally blind.

A scenic revival of Bartley Campbell's "My Partner" will be made next season by Gus Bothner.

A new musical farce, "The Country Club," by R. Melville Baker and Joseph Hart, authors of "Foxy Grandpa," will be staged next season.

Henrietta Crosman plans to produce "A Scrap of Paper" at the Republic after the run of "As You Like It."

A new rural play will be presetned at 'Frisco within a few weeks by Manager Belasco. The title of the new play is "Medder View Farm."

A bill was introduced in the state legislature at Albany on Feb. 24 by Senator Grady, to amend the present law regarding standing room in theters. The new bill provides that "the lobbies in the rear of the inside aisles and passageways may be used for standing room in such manner as not to obstruct the inside aisles."

In "Over Niagara Falls," a melodrama to be produced at the Alhambra theater, Chicago, Rowland and Clifford will use a barrel which is said to be the one in which Mrs. Taylor went over the falls.

Mrs. Leslie Carter and Gyrle Bellew are among those who will appear in the dramatic and musical reception at the Buckingham hotel on March 18, for the benefit of the Stony Wald sanitorium for working women.

"Messenger Girl," the second prize English bulldog of the Madison Square Garden show, was purchased by Kyrle Bellew for $1500.

Margaret Dale opened be leading woman in John Drew's company last week.

Irish Irish will be released from "The Climbers" and appear in "Life," at the Garden theater on March 31.

Bronson Howard, who has been ill at Nice, is, according to reports received last week, greatly improved, and it is probable that he will return to America in the spring.

It is reported that quite a stir has been made in London by George Alexander, who announced that hereafter people that arrive at the St. James' theater after the curtain has risen will not be allowed to take their seats until the end of the act. In London people dine even later than in New York, and for that reason the rule has aroused protest. It is not merely a question of disturbing the actors on the stage that is involved by the thoughtlessness and bad breeding of late comers; it is a question of whether the great majority of persons in the audience shall be disturbed and interrupted in the enjoyment of a play by a comparatively few visitors who have no consideration for others. In the Pabst theater, at Milwaukee, the rule that Mr. Alexander has adopted is in force, and has operated successfully for several seasons. The patrons of that playhouse, knowing the rule, obey it without remonstrance, and the result is that audiences at the Pabst assemble before the curtain goes up, says Harrison Grey Fiske in the Dramatic Mirror.

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From any member of Clan Stewart or Second Presbyterian Church. Seats reserved Tuesday, March 18.

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MONDAY, MARCH 17.

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"The March King," John Philip Sousa, Conductor.

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DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

AITKIN.

Aitkin, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—Knute Aklestad was a Brainerd visitor last week.
Warren Potter was in St. Paul the fore part of the week.
O. N. Mauston was a Twin City visitor last Friday and Saturday.
G. C. Seavey was visiting in Aitkin this week.
The quarantine was raised from the residence of Mayor Shook on Monday.
F. R. Foley spent several days in Duluth this week.
Mr. and Mrs. Victor Newstrom are the proud parents of a baby boy.
During next week the schools will be closed and the teachers will go to their respective homes to spend their vacation.
Professor King, of Park Rapids, was in Aitkin last week.
Attorney W. B. Henderson, of St. Paul, was in town Saturday, on business.
Mr. Guy Thompson entertained a large number of his friends on the evening of March 1.
Mayor Shook transacted business in the Twin Cities the early part of the week.
The McGrath camps have been released from quarantine as no new cases have developed.
Mrs. J. G. Spalding and Mrs. Charles Young represented the local organization at the W. R. C. convention which was held in Minneapolis.
Mrs. J. B. Galarmault, assisted by her sister, delightfully entertained a number of lady friends on Thursday afternoon.
Miss Nellie Clark has left for her home at Sharon, Pa.
Mrs. D. W. Kemerer entertained the ladies of the W. C. T. U. last Saturday afternoon.
Miss Stella Grey, of Kimberly, is teaching schol at Millward.
Mrs. Henry Phillips, of Farm Island, was happily surprised by a number of her lady friends on Saturday evening last.
Mrs. Raphael Groger has gone to West Superior for a brief visit.
The Catholic ladies of McGregor are planning to give a basket social on the 17th of this month.
Mrs. T. B. Nelson, of Brainerd, is visiting friends at Cutter and Birch lake.
Miss Anie Madden, who has been teaching school at Pine Lake, is home for a few days' visit.
The little son of A. Finke, who has been very sick for some time is improving.
Mrs. J. Roberts, who has been on the sick list is steadily improving.
The entertainment given by the W. C. T. U. at Pine Lake on Saturday evening was a success in every way.
Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Harrison are visiting at the home of John Harrison in Esquagamat.
William Byula, who received a six months' leave of absence from his duties at the Northern Pacific depot, and is now working on his new boat. Louis Gouzons takes Mr. Byula's place in the depot while John Honwold takes Mr. Ganzous' place as assistant.
Rasmus Haugen, a brother of Marshall Haugen, is here for a brief visit.
William Spencer, of Duluth, was visiting friends in Aitkin this week.
Mrs. P. D. Arson entertained the Ladies' Aid at her home last Thursday afternoon.
W. S. Jordan is enjoying a visit from his two brothers of Pleasantville, Iowa.
While in Brainerd last week Frank Gundgsen, of Rice Lake, took an overdose of medicine which nearly ended his life.
Miss Henry returned on Monday from a trip to Minneapolis, where she went to attend the funeral of Phoebe Brown, sister of Miss Brown, who teaches in the public school here.
Elmer Hay and Mrs. Clara Grogan have been visiting friends in town, they having come to attend the funeral of their nephew, Roy Hay.
Mrs. D. M. Falconer entertained a large number of her friends at her home, in honor of the Misses Pinkham.
Oliver Chatelle has sold this saloon to R. Posten and the license has been transferred to him.
Mrs. J. R. O'Malley, and children, are visiting friends at St. Cloud.
O. W. Safford, who has been visiting friends at Hutchinson, returned home on Saturday morning.
Roy Hay, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Hay, of this village, who was killed while working in the railroad, was buried on Saturday last.
The Whist club dropped into the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Moran as a surprise for Mrs. Moran. It being the anniversary of her birth.
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kilburn have begun housekeeping, in the house just vacated by E. W. Harrison.
W. H. Charles and family started last Tuesday on their long journey to Washington, where they will reside in the future.
Judge Harrison has been enjoying a visit from his brother, J. P., traveling salesman for the Duluth Machinery company.
Davis & McIntyre, the liverymen, are making extensive improvements for the spring and summer business.
Davidson & Co. have begun the erection of a large warehouse on the Northern Pacific property near the section house. N. J. Holden is doing the work.
The home of Editor Pfremmer has been quarantined as his little daughter has the smallpox.
At a meeting of the school board held last Saturday evening, the motion to elect Mr. Thorson as superintendent for another year was voted down.
The home talent entertainment given by the Aitkin High School Musical and Athletic association was a complete success. About $40 was cleared.
As they are unsatisfied by the school board's action in rejecting Mr. Thorson's application, a number of the high school boys are planning to attend the high school at Duluth next fall.
Martin Carl and Miss Florence McKinney were married last Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents in Morrison township.
Al. Hay, a resident of Aneta, N. D., came up to Aitkin to attend the funeral of his nephew, Ray.
Quite a number of people attended the meeting at the court house on Monday evening. Rev. Knowles, of Duluth, was the speaker.
Miss Geona Woodruff and Miss Bessie McAnich have left school as their parents are moving away.
The North Star Interscholastic Athletic league has presented Aitkin with the banner, which our football team won last fall.
The Ladies' Altar society of the Catholic church is planning to give an entertainment at Odd Fellows' hall on Monday evening next.
At the village election held last Tuesday the following officers were elected: President, J. N. Mass; trustees, P. Casey, John Petraborg, George D. Davis; recorder, C. B. Moran; treasurer, A. A. Sweelman, and the following town officers were elected: Supervisors, C. Graves, chairman; H. J. Petraborg, Frank Dotzler; clerk, W. A. Coulthard; treasurer, Herman Moorke; assessor, Charles N. Howe; constables, Chris Haugen, Tim Madden.

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MESABA.

Mesaba, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Misses Edith and Esther Anderson spent Sunday with friends in Allen.
Moses Gibeau was in Allen on business Monday.
Little Ada Brisso was on the sick list this week, but is rapidly recovering.
James M. Frink was in Tower Tuesday.
Misses May Schur and Mae B. Corkins spent Saturday in Biwabik.
Donald McRae visited his sister, Miss Florence, in Allen Saturday.
A. Brisso was in Duluth on business Monday.
Frank Rennlet spent Tuesday in Tower.
Edward Stokes and Miss Anna McRae were quietly married at Tower, March 5, by Municipal Judge Fuller. Mr. and Mrs. Stokes are residing here and a host of friends join in wishing them a long and happy wedded life.
Robert Loeskery, who had been in Drummond for a short while, returned here Wednesday evening.
Mr. and Mrs. P. Peterson and little daughter, Marguerite, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in Duluth.
Frank Remmel is in town this week.
John Henry expects to move his family back here, he has been living a few miles from town this winter.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Emil Stangler is ill with inflammatory rheumatism.
Miss Anna Dinkle is visiting with friends in Duluth.
The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Edwards died Sunday.
Mrs. P. B. Smith returned from St. Paul Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Guyer returned from Bemidji Thursday.
Mrs. John Boyer returned from Long Prairie Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Gell departed Thursday for Omaha, Neb., where they will visit with relatives for several weeks.
Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Brusewitz departed Wednesday for Seattle, Wash., their future home.
Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Rice returned Wednesday from a several months' stay at Rogers, Ark.
Louise Laring, of Hubbard, visited with her sister, Mrs. L. W. Bills, Tuesday.
Mrs. E. W. Carey and children departed Monday for Sand Point, Idaho.
Mrs. R. E. Davis returned from a few days in Minneapolis.
Miss Clara Watson, of Moorhead, is visiting with Rev. and Mrs. C. O. Backman.
Mrs. J. A. Pullar has recovered from her recent illness.
Miss Nina Crawford returned from Akeley Monday, having completed a term of school at that place.
The marriage of Harry Laird, of Park Rapids, and Miss Anna Smith, of Hennig, took place at Wadena Monday. After a short visit with relatives here they will depart for Idaho, their future home.
Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Spencer are visiting with relatives at Verndale.
J. W. Blood departed Tuesday for Portland, Ore. He will be absent for several weeks.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Wright were Duluth visitors on Saturday.
John Lundman, the Finlander who attempted to commit suicide at the Superior hotel last week, has recovered sufficiently to be around.
The election supper given Tuesday evening by the ladies of the Presbyterian church proved highly successful and a good sum was realized.
President House and Chief Engineer Angst, of the Duluth & Iron Range, took an inspection trip over the line Friday and Saturday.
The ladies of the Catholic church are arranging to give an entertainment and musical program at the Norden hall the evening of the 17th, St. Patrick's day.
A. E. Long has returned from Hot Springs, Ark., where he has been for his health, and has resumed his duties as conductor of the Duluth & Iron Range.
The social given by the Epworth league at the First M. E. church Friday evening was a decided success. Dr. Budd gave an interesting lecture on his recent trip through the South and Cuba.
J. R. Shea has returned from Eddyville, Ia., where he spent the winter.
Mrs. L. St. Jacques, of Waldo, visited with friends here on Saturday.
Charles Anderson, of Knife River, has made application to the county commissioners for license to sell liquor there.
W. A. McGonagle was up from Duluth Friday to look over the dock work.
Herman Anderson has been awarded the contract for sawing the fifty cords of wood at the court house, his bid being 44 cents per cord.
The Duluth & Iron Range locomotives which were leased to the Pittsburg Terminal railway, were returned this week and are being gotten in shape for the coming season.
Sam Spurbeck departed Saturday for a two weeks' vacation, which he will spend with his parents at Duluth.
L. R. Martin expects to finish his tie operations at Mesaba this week, having gotten out about 6000 ties there.
Frank Walker returned from Ely on Friday.
The county commissioners will hold a special meeting on April 1.
Another entertainment is to be given at the Norden hall March 21 under the auspices of the high school. Miss Minnie Fay, the Minneapolis elocutionist, is to be the chief attraction and the affair promises to be excellent.
Fred Merrill has returned from Tower.
William Krause, formerly conductor on the Duluth & Iron Range, recently had both his ankles broken by falling from a caboose while working on the Southern Pacific, near Los Angeles, Cal.
State High School Inspector George B. Aiton was up from St. Paul Tuesday looking over the high school here.
Mr. and Mrs. John Chandler are the happy parents of a nine-pound boy, born on Tuesday morning.
Capt. and Mrs. George Wyman have returned from Kraemer, Ind., where they have been spending the past couple of weeks for Mr. Wyman's health.
The young daughter of W. T. Wright had the misfortune to fall and break one of her arms at the elbow. Monday.
John Adams was called to Parry Sound, Ont., this week on account of the serious illness of his wife at that place.
A meeting has been called at the court house this evening for the purpose of organizing a union meat company.
Ike Cowling returned from Highland Wednesday, where he spent the winter.
Representative T. A. Bury returned from St. Paul Tuesday.
John Brown is having his summer's supply of ice shipped in from the Embarrass lake at Biwabik. Louis Cardinal is cutting it there for him.
Oliver Holmes has returned from an extended visit with relatives at the Twin Cities.
H. E. Lewis, a well known brakeman on the Duluth & Iron Range, had one of his legs broken at Virginia Thursday.
Miss Ruth Woodfill is reported ill with diphtheria. The home of W. A. Johnston was also quarantined a few days this week on account of one of his children being sick with what was first thought to be diphtheria.

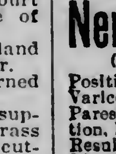
"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

This would be a cleaner, brighter world if every housekeeper used
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It **Multiplies**—your pleasures; **Divides**—your efforts; **Subtracts**—from your cares; **Adds**—to your life.
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Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

The annual village election, which was held Tuesday, was without exception the most hotly contested event of the kind in the history of the village, and the vote was the largest yet cast in any such election, being 669. The following is the result of the vote: For president—H. S. Bryan, 434; H. S. Holden, 231. For trustees—John Paulson, 440; L. D. Rose, 413; H. W. Cable, 364; W. J. Hannon, 283; John Norlen, 250; T. J. Brown, 234. For recorder—F. E. Evans, 416; R. N. Oshlund, 249. For treasurer—George Watts, no opposition. For justice of the peace—W. S. Andrews, 632; A. J. McGee, 401; S. Iverson, 284. For constable—Charles Yernberg, 663, no opposition. In the town there was no organized opposition though many offices were warmly contested. The vote was: For chairman—W. D. Lawrence, 566; George Mumford, 137. For supervisors—Gust Nelson, 604; A. Dahlberg, 365; John Boyer, 351; Eugene Laforce, 79. For town clerk—J. E. Therrien, 703, no opposition. For treasurer—C. J. Carlson, 699, no opposition. For assessor—Albert Hanson, 385; Frank Kempffer, 319. For justice of the peace—W. S. Andrews, 687; A. J. McGee, 374; S. Iverson, 334. For constable—Charles Yernberg, 703, no opposition. For overseer of highways—I. A. Felter, 360; Charles E. Eklund, 346. The day was ideal, there was no ill feeling whatever and every one seemed out for a friendly contest. The ballots were not counted until 11 o'clock p. m., but after that the city band was called out and serenaded the lucky candidates until early in the morning. Wednesday evening also they went around to finish up. The liquor license question carried by a much larger majority than two years ago, the vote in the town being, in favor, 397; against, 133, and in the village about the same.
Harry Moore has resigned as stenographer at the storekeeper's office to accept a position with a Duluth firm.
Attorney John Dwan transacted business at Duluth on Thursday.
A series of evangelist meetings will be held at the Y. M. C. A. commencing next month. Rev. John Callahan, of the First M. E. church, Duluth, will be in charge of the meetings.
Frank Maxwell was up from Duluth on Tuesday.
The local lodges, Order Railway Conductors, Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen will hold a joint meeting at the Norden hall tomorrow afternoon.
A carpenter named Austin Cosgrove, employed by Contractors Frankman Bros. & Morris, on dock No. 4, was badly injured Wednesday by losing his balance and falling fifty feet into the water. He struck a stringer in falling, bruising himself badly and hurting his back, and, it is feared, internally also. He was taken to the Budd hospital.
On account of the election Tuesday the regular meeting of the council was adjourned until Wednesday evening, when reports from Justice W. S. Andrews was read, showing total fines collected for the year, 218, and Justice fees $397.50, leaving a balance due him of $179.50. Attorney Dwan reported $63.50 collected during the year on show and peddlers' licenses. Chief of Police Yernberg reported a balance of $8 collected on dog licenses. The annual report of the village treasurer, showing a balance of $2671.06 cash on hand, was also presented. Bills amounting to $387.95 were allowed. One more meeting will complete the labors of the present council, the new officers taking charge next meeting.
Mrs. R. Sturgeon has been called to Brainerd, Minn., to attend her son Frank, who is ill with typhoid fever there.
Gillis McGillis, a popular brakeman on the Alger, Smith & Co. road at Knife river, and well known here, was run over by an engine at that place about noon Tuesday, severing both his legs, and from the effects of which he died at the Two Harbors hospital at 9:30 o'clock the same evening. His home was at Gustin, Mich., where his body was taken Thursday for burial. Two sisters, Mrs. Mary Stanlake and Mrs. H. Doan, reside at Knife river.
William O'Brien expects to finish his logging operations at Drummond in a few days and is already shipping some of his stock to Minneapolis. The LeSure Lumber company have also finished at Rivers, near Tower, as also has R. Whiteside at Mile 61. It is almost impossible to haul and the others are letting their men go daily and the trains are well crowded with lumber jacks bound to Duluth and the Twin Cities. It is reported that the Red Cliff people will also reduce operations within a few days.
Merl Hanna was up from Duluth Tuesday.
The crew of the steamer Hunter are busy painting and overhauling her, getting things in readiness for the coming season.
The wood dealers here are reported in as bad shape as the loggers, the roads being too poor to haul with sleighs, and not all of their contracts filled. If no more snow is had they will have to haul with wagons, which is quite expensive.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, March 14.—(Special to The Herald.)—John T. Joyce, of Mountain Iron, has purchased the stopping place at the head of the lake from Mrs. Coty and will run a hotel and put in a general store.
Mrs. Archie Phillips returned Tuesday from her few days' visit at Duluth.
Dan Haley and P. A. Smith were in Duluth several days this week.
Mrs. A. D. Fuller returned Wednesday evening from her short visit at Duluth.
City Treasurer O. W. Akerson was in Duluth a few days this week.
Attorney J. W. Osborne, of Ely, was transacting business here Tuesday and Wednesday.
Fred Merrill came up from Two Harbors Monday evening.
George Rivers, superintendent and general manager of the electric light plant, was in Duluth Wednesday.
Max Shapiro was over from Eveleth between trains Wednesday.
Miss Ida Anderson returned to Two Harbors Monday after spending Sunday the guest of Miss Ada Tippett.
Mrs. Kennedy returned Wednesday evening from Chicago.
Rev. P. O. Hanson, of Virginia, was a caller in the city Tuesday.
Archie Phillips returned to Duluth Monday morning after visiting his family over Sunday.
Mike Maxwell arrived in the city Monday from Winnipeg where he purchased a fast horse which he took through the city en route for Eveleth.
Deputy Game Warden James Tippett was a Duluth visitor this week.
C. H. Oppel returned home Saturday evening from his business trip at St. Paul.
W. E. Pike, of Ely, was a visitor here Thursday.
Mrs. F. Wirth came up from Hibbing Tuesday for a short visit with relatives.
Mr. and Mrs. Jones, of Two Harbors, were visitors here Wednesday.
Mrs. W. B. Freel was up from Duluth this week.
Mrs. Sam Owens, of Eveleth, was visiting friends here Wednesday.
Capt. E. Morcom returned Tuesday evening from Duluth.
Treffle Boullette, of the Pioneer livery barn, left Thursday with five large loads of supplies for P. A. Smith's logging camp near Koochiching.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable gaurantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.
60 PILLS 50 CTS.
Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Munroe returned from Saginaw, Minn., Friday. They removed their household goods to Thomson Saturday. Mr. Munroe has taken a position as setter in a sawmill at Carlton.
Fred McGill, who has been visiting here a few days, left Friday for Vermilion lake where he has taken up a claim.
J. F. Hermann, of Minneapolis, was the guest of his brother Fred Hermann Sunday. He left Monday for the Iron range.
Joe Youngburg, of Eveleth, was a caller here Sunday. He was accompanied by Miss Johnson, of West Duluth.
Melvin Becklinger left Monday for Bemidji on business.
Rev. P. Knudson was a caller in Duluth Monday.
Monday evening Riverside lodge No. 90, Knights of Pythias, held a special meeting for the purpose of initiating Paul Shaff into the third degree of the order. S. Peirce, of Duluth, with his degree team was present besides many other members of the order from outside including Frank Provinsky, formerly of this place. At the close of the session a banquet was given the visiting members by the local fraternity.
Miss Gertrude Hanson, who has been quite ill for some time is somewhat improved and is able to be about the house again.
George Showers, of West Duluth, has moved his family into the Lynbloom house recently vacated by Mr. Roberts.
Fred Hermann was a business caller in Duluth Wednesday.
Oscar Peterson, of Fond du Lac, was seen on our streets Wednesday.
Mr. Overton, of Smithville, was a business caller here Tuesday.
Mr. Nash, who has been employed at the Hurd refrigerator factory the past winter left Thursday for his home in Motley, Minn.
The ice in the river and bay here is loosening. A few more such warm days and the river will be free of ice.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. William White transacted business at Duluth Friday and Saturday.
Mrs. J. R. Ford was a Biwabik visitor on Sunday.
Frank Klink transacted business at Sparta on Wednesday.
N. B. Shank expects to complete his logging operations near the Roberts mine within a few days.
C. Reiss is getting out about 150,000 feet of pine on Bassett lake this winter.
Quite a large stock pile is on hand at the Roberts' mine and they will this season eclipse their last season's record of 42,000 tons.
Sam Spurbeck, of Two Harbors, visited with agent Wetherby of the Duluth & Iron Range a couple of days this week.
Dr. Forbes, of Duluth, preached at the school house Sunday.
H. Jarehow transacted business at Duluth Wednesday.
D. B. Austin, of Duluth, was in town a few days this week.
It is reported that the Duluth & Iron Range will handle about 5,700,000 tons of ore this year, an increase of 700,000 tons over last season's record.
Miss Laura Kellow of Soudan, is visiting at the home of Superintendent Chinn of the Elba mine.
Cashier George Kitto, of the Minorca mine, was over from Virginia visiting friends at the Elba Sunday.
H. H. Salmon attended to business matters at Biwabik Monday.
H. E. Lewis, for the past three years brakeman and expressman on the passenger between here and Virginia had one of his legs broken badly while switching at Virginia Thursday. It was feared that it would have to be amputated at first.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Dean Cox, of Duluth, is spending the week here with Mrs. M. S. Brink.
Mr. and Mrs. St. Charles, of West Duluth, spent Sunday with Mrs. Edward French.
Miss Amelia Nelson, who spent the past six months in Duluth, has returned home.
Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, a girl. Mr. and Mrs. Florine Newbour, a son.
Edward Dash spent Wednesday and Thursday in Duluth.
Miss Jennie Lindquist, of West Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Lindquist.
Mrs. Nat Anderson is on the sick list this week.
Mrs. D. J. Harkins spent Tuesday in West Duluth.
Parties from Duluth are building two large ice houses at Spirit Lake and are puting up fine ice. It is two feet thick.
Albert Overton made a business trip to West Duluth Wednesday.
Miss Julia Moline, of West Duluth, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Moline.
Miss Daisy Bassett spent the latter part of the week in Duluth.
Miss Annie Segl spent Friday in West Duluth.
Miss Ethel Overton had a small party Tuesday evening, the event being her tenth birthday.
Miss Florence Brink spent Monday and Tuesday in Duluth.
Andrew Nelson entertained a party of friends in the Smithville hall Saturday evening. Dancing and refreshments were the features of the evening.
The pussy willows are plentiful in this vicinity and the children are very happy.
A. G. Renstrom made a business trip to Duluth Friday.
Thomas Burns, of St. Paul, spent several days here, the guest of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward French.
Miss Florence Brink entertained a progressive cinch party Saturday evening. The guests were Miss Mary Burns, of St. Paul, Grace Segl, Jennie Lundquist, Hattie Overton, Annie Segl; Messrs. Thomas Burns, of St. Paul; James Dunn, Edward Dash, Robert Dunn.
James Dunn was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Melhorn, of West Duluth, were guests of Mrs. C. E. Brink Wednesday.
August Erickson spent Sunday in New Duluth.
John Hensis, of New Duluth was in Smithville Sunday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, March 15.—The village election Tuesday resulted in the re-election of the old officers as follows: President, D. M. Gunn; trustees, I. D. Rassmussen, J. J. Decker and J. F. O'Connel; recorder, Fred A. King; treasurer, Charles E. Aiken; justices of the peace, O. P. Finnes and H. S. Huson; constables, J. F. McCormick and John O'Brien.
At the township election the following were elected: Chairman, A. McAlpine; supervisors, V. L. Blood and Ellis Anderson; clerk, Felix Mallette; treasurer, James Passard; assessor, L. W. Huntley; justices of the peace, C. A. Buell, Mr. Hagen. Mr. McAlpine did not want to be elected and the chances are that he will not qualify.
The school board of school district No. 1 are contemplating the erection of a new building, as the present building is too small to accommodate the large number of pupils now in attendance, and by next fall it will be utterly impossible to accommodate them without more room.
The Catholic church fair will open in the town hall on April 9, and continue for four days and evenings.
A few days ago a deal was consummated through the Reishus-Remer Land company of this village, whereby the Nova Polska Land and Colonization company, of St. Paul became the owners of 30,000 acres of choice farming land just south and southeast of Cohasset. This company of which Theodore Gajewski, is general manager, expect during the summer to settle this tract of land with Polish settlers, and as they are now at work organizing in the old country, it will not be a great while before they commence to arrive here.
Nearly all the camps in Itasca county have closed down and those that are still running will be forced to close in a day or two. Every train since Saturday has been crowded with lumberjacks on their way to the cities, where they will put in the summer. This has been the earliest breakup known for a number of years, and some of the lumbermen will perhaps find themselves short on contracts.
Thomas Green, a farmer from near Oswego, Iowa, was here Sunday and Monday and left for home Monday evening. He has just returned from a trip through the northern part of the state in search of good lands for agricultural purposes. He represents a prospective colony of Iowans, and it is possible that they may decide to locate in the Little Fork valley.
H. E. Graffan returned Monday from a business trip to Duluth and the Twin Cities.
Miss Blanche Newcombe returned Monday from a visit with friends in Duluth.
H. S. Huson has received the appointment as jude of probate for Itasca county.
On Easter Monday at the Add Fellows hall, the Rebekah lodge will give their annual ball.
Mrs. George T. Robinson, of Big Falls, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. Sherping this week.
N. Washburn returned last Saturday pfrom an extended visit with relatives and friends at Cameron, Wis.
A negro minstrel show is to be presented in the near future by local talent for the benefit of the public library.
At an election held Tuesday at Trout Lake township, the following officers were elected: Chairman, R. W. Faulkinhor; supervisors, William Poppl, John Hendricks; clerk, Ezra Watson; assessor, Swan Ryberg; justice of the peace, James Manson.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia Conquered BY SWANSON'S "5-Drops"
An internal and external remedy which stops the pains instantly and makes a permanent cure.
TAKE INTERNALLY.

USE EXTERNALLY FOR ACHES AND PAINS.

"5-DROPS" is both an internal and external remedy, which acts quickly, safely and surely, never failing to cure these dreaded diseases. Swanson's "5-DROPS" taken internally will dissolve the poisonous acid, remove it from the system and cleanse the blood of all impurities, thereby effecting a permanent cure. An application of "5-DROPS" to the afflicted parts will stop the pains almost instantly, while the cause of the disease is being surely removed by its internal use. Aches, pains and soreness disappear as if by magic when "5-DROPS" is used. No other remedy in the world will stop a pain so quickly or effect a cure as soon as "5-DROPS." For all Liver Troubles and Kidney Diseases use "5-DROPS." A small dose of this remedy is more effectual and has more curative power than a barrel of other medicines where these diseases are concerned. It is the most successful medicine ever discovered for the Kidneys, Liver and Blood.
"5-DROPS" WILL CURE
Sciatica, Lumbago, Colds, Coughs, Grip, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, Malaria, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness and Blood Diseases.
COUPON No. 212 Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid."
5 DROPS [TRADE MARK]
REMEMBER, "5-DROPS" is perfectly harmless and can be taken by a child as well as an adult. It contains no opiates in any form. No alcohol. No salicylates. If "5-DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us.
FREE TO ALL. A trial bottle will be mailed free of charge to any reader of this paper. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address. Write today.
LARGE SIZE BOTTLE "5-DROPS" (300 DOSES) $1.00 AT YOUR DRUGGISTS.
THE "5-DROPS" SALVE CURES PILES, QUICKLY HEALS BURNS, SCALDS, ULCERS, [illegible] ETC. PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS PER BOX. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE "SWANSON PILL," A SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION, PRICE, 25c.
SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake Street, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, March 15.—Services next Sunday in the Baptist church at the usual hours conducted by Rev. Lyman H. Steinhoff. Rev. C. W. Richardson, of New York, has finally declined the call which it was expected he would accept. The work will be as heretofore under the charge of the district missionary.
Mrs. L. H. Bailey went to Minneapolis Sunday, returning Tuesday.
John Kirsch, of Crookston, has been spending the week here visiting his brother.
Miss Bertha Legree returned to her home at Crookston Sunday.
Mrs. A. E. Johnston, of Cass Lake, was a visitor in town on Thursday last.
Miss Carey Anderson, who has been attending the high school here during the past winter, completed her studies at that institution last week and on Friday left for her home at Cass Lake.
Mrs. A. H. C. Knoke entertained the Whist club at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Henderson Tuesday evening.
Sheriff Bailey went to Minneapolis Tuesday for witnesses in the Brannick trial, which comes up at this term of court.
Thomas J. Smart and Miss Maude Dixon were united in matrimony Wednesday evening of last week, Rev. Teeters performing the ceremony.
On last Thursday evening about thirty young people of the city gathered at the Red Men's hall to bid farewell to the Misses Buelah and Bertie Brannon and Miss Bessie Walker, who left for North Dakota the last of the week. Dancing was the main feature of the evening.
Jennie McElroy, of Bemidji, has filed a petition in bankruptcy at Fergus Falls, placing her liabilities at $2411.78. She is a boarding house keeper, and the bills she owes are to Duluth liquor and cigar men.
The election held on Tuesday throughout the county of Beltrami, on the question of issuing $50,000 in bonds for the purpose of building a new court house and jail, was very generally attended by the electors of the county. The bond proposition carried by a majority of about 500 or 600. In Bemidji the vote stood 768 for and 7 against.

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Pullman sleepers through from Chicago to St. Augustine, Fla., without change.
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Pullman sleepers through from St. Louis to Charleston, S. C., without change.
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Pullman sleepers through from Cincinnati to Jacksonville, Fla., without change, passing through Asheville and the famous "Land of the Sky."
Cafe, dining cars and observation cars; elegant day coaches.
Remember the
Chicago & Florida Special—
Leaving Chicago daily except Sunday.
The Famous Florida Limited—
Leaving Chicago daily, both for St. Augustine, Fla., with close connections at Jacksonville for east and west coast points in Florida.
Low rates to all winter resorts in the South and to Charleston, S. C., account the South Carolina, Interstate and West Indian Exposition.
For rates and full particulars call on any ticket agent or write
J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago.
G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A.,
St. Louis, Mo.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. R. J. Dowdall returned Monday from a ten days' sojourn in Duluth where she has been arranging to remove her family, which will take place the last of this week.
The Epworth league of the Methodist church gave a very successful social at the home of Mrs. C. W. Kimberley last Friday night. About 100 were in attendance. Considerable amusement was afforded by the method of collecting the price of admission, each guest being placed against the wall and his or her measure taken and the price regulated according to height. H. von Nostitz received the prize for paying the highest admission fee. During the evening a very interesting program was given and refreshments were served at 10 o'clock.
H. H. Peterson left Monday morning for California and will locate somewhere in the southern part of that state. He will not return but his family will follow in a few weeks.
H. C. Weckey was transacting business in Duluth the fore part of the week.
D. W. Freeman left Tuesday afternoon for St. Louis where he will spend several weeks as the guest of his mother, who has been spending the winter in that city.
Mrs. W. D. Ellsworth left this morning for St. Paul for a several weeks' visit with relatives, during which time she will make a visit to Northfield where her son, Fergus Ellsworth is attending Carlton college.
Miss Jennie Greene visited in Duluth on Tuesday of this week.
Alice Roenier has returned to this city after a six months' residence in Duluth.
The election of Missabe Mountain took place on Tuesday, the polling place being the old Poole hardware building on Grant avenue. The chief excitement was caused by the Sparta residents wishing to secure some of the plums, they running buses all day with miners from that point to vote their ticket. However, only one was successful, John Saari being elected assessor over J. J. Murnik. Mr. Murnik made no canvass as Eveleth will soon be an incorporated city. The rest of the caucus ticket was elected. No interest was taken in the election by Eveleth citizens.
The Great Eastern clothing store, which has been selling out for some months past, has finally closed its doors and the following notice is posted on the front window: "This stock is now property of C. C. O'Neill company, of Chicago." The stock is sold to this Chicago house but it is not yet known whether it will be closed out here or shipped out of the city. Mr. Neumann, the managing proprietor of the Great Eastern will remove his family to Duluth next week and will again enter upon his duties with the Great Eastern at West Duluth.
S. T. Hamilton, of Virginia, won the black mare which was raffled off by Dr. Barrett. He immediately sold the horse back to the doctor at a sacrifice.
Mrs. Nell McInnis left yesterday for St. Cloud, being called there by the illness of one of Mrs. F. A. Hoyt's children. Mr. McInnis accompanied her as far as Duluth.
William Orr, of Rat oPrtage, transacted business in the city the fore part of the week.
Rev. J. M. Todd, of Virginia, was attending to Presbyterian church work in this city on Wednesday.
Mrs. J. C. Poole and Mrs. J. A. Rabb are visiting with friends in Biwabik this week.
Quite an excitement was caused on the main street Thursday afternoon by two Italian women, who had just been arrested for selling liquors at their homes without a license. They were taken to the Iron Range depot by the deputy sheriff and several helpers in a two-seat carriage. It was necessary to use the handcuffs but even these didn't keep them from screaming, kicking and tugging vigorously at their manacles, they evidently thinking that by hard pulling they would come off. The deputy called on them in the morning but being unarmed he was driven off as they immediately armed themselves with long knives and started to wade in. The arrest was made in one with a very large number which the saloon men on the range are making, in order to close the numerous blind pigs which have run unmolested for a long time past.
James McNulty, a brakeman on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, was killed in the switch yards at the Adams mine early Thursday morning about 4:30 o'clock. The train was made up of cars loaded with lagging and he had just uncoupled the caboose from the train and had then climbed up on the rear end of the last car while the train and caboose were running in the same direction. Some of the logs on this car struck a large pile of lagging along the road and fell down and knocked him off the ladder and on to the track and the caboose which was following close ran over him. He lived for about on hour after the accident. The body was taken to Poole's morgue and at noon sent to Proctor where the deceased has a cousin living.
Much interest in taken in Eveleth in the coming races on the lake near Hibbing. They are scheduled to take place on March 16, 17 and 18, and have been arranged by the Hibbing Driving association. It is feared that the very warm weather will spoil the races but everybody is taking chances on the weather and about all the local horses have either been shipped or driven over or will be today and tomorrow. Mike Maxwell has purchased a fine pacer from up in the northern country somewhere and just what he can do is not yet known. The horses that will be entered from Eveleth in these races are Maxwell's Dock H and his new pacer, Dowling's Charles A. Dana and Ben Hur, Healy's Flaxie Birchwood and Boy Colbert, Roderick, Smith's Bessie and Randall's W. C. S. About fifty local enthusiasts are arranging to go over on Saturday and Sunday to shout for the Eveleth fast steppers. Some of the horses that were driven over, and which started at 9 o'clock in the morning did not reach Hibbing until 5:30 yesterday afternoon, owing to the poor condition of the roads.
The Students Literary society of the Eveleth schools gave a literary program last night in the Fayal school building. A number of special invitations were sent out to parents and interested friends of the members of the society. The following was the program arranged:

Piano solo ....
Pearl Sheehy.
Song ....
School.
Recitation—"A Blacksmith's Story"....
Mae Trezona.
Song ....
Boys' chorus.
Reading ....
Edmond Berg.
Piano solo ....
Matilda Skramstad.
Essay—"Westminster Abbey" ....
Senore Kimberley.
"Stars of the Summer Night" ....
Glee club.
Recitation—"Maud Muller" ....
Marion Anderson.
Recitation—"Ashes on the Slide".......
Guy Springer.
Duet ....
Mamie Murray and Ella Talboys.
Cartoon and recitation—"Waiting for the second table" ....
Abe Feldman and Matilda Virette.
Song—"Matin Bells" ....
Glee club.
Address ....
Mr. Stevens.
Piano trio ....
Mamie Murray, Clara Shapiro, Ella Talboys.

Steps are being taken for the equipment and organization of a gymnasium class in this city. About twenty-five have so far signified their intention of joining the proposed association. Rev. R. J. Taylor is handling the matter.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. C. Hennelly, of Boston, was in town all week on business.
J. R. McCulloch, of Antigo, was in town Thursday visiting friends.
John Bratlund, of the Aurora location, died at his home Saturday of heart failure. The deceased was well known in Ironwood and leaves a wife and eight children to mourn his death. The funeral occurred Wednesday from the Swedish M. E. church, Rev. Ackerman officiating.
George Nelson, of Wakefield, was in town Thursday on business.
A. H. Langdon, of Abbotsgord, was in Ironwood visiting friends Wednesday.
The funeral of Jorn Collins, who fell down the shaft at the Ashland mine, occurred Wednesday from the Polish Catholic church. Rev. Pawler officiating.
Edward R. Hellis, of Wakefield, was in the city on business Thursday.
J. McLaughlin, of Milwaukee, was an Ironwood visitor Wednesday.
A large crowd of Ironwood folks were at Bessemer Friday to attend the funeral

Man and His Horse.
Every man should, (for himself, his family and his horse) keep on hand some antiseptic healing dressing that will quickly relieve pain; subdue local inflammation; heal scratches, chafes, chaps, cuts and open wounds; cure bruises, burns, scalds, frostbite, galls and sores; relieve strains, sprains, swellings, muscle soreness, stiff or lame back or neck, rheumatism, neuralgia, the little hurts of childhood, and the accidents and ails of every day life.
Such a remedy is Greene's Infallible Liniment, an honest medicine made to sell on its real merits and give such satisfaction as to make friends and keep them. It is equally good for man or beast. Once introduced into the home, the stable, the gymnasium or the training quarters, it becomes a standby to be used with confidence. A bottle of it is its own best advertisement and all the proof of its utility and merit required. All who use it speak well of it.
"Greene's Infallible Liniment has done me a world of good. I shall always have a supply on hand for use." W. A. Lange, ex-fielder C. B. B. Club.
"I have found from experience that Greene's Liniment is one of the best." F. S. Gorton.
"I consider Greene's Liniment valuable for muscle soreness, sprains, bruises, wounds, galls and scratches. It is economical because only a little is required. My experience justifies me in giving it strong endorsement." Albert H. Merrill.
Mr. Wm. R. Wylie, Supt. Caton Stock Farm, Will County, Ill., writes:—"I have used nearly every liniment on the market but find yours is in a class by itself. It does all you claim for it."
Mr. Judd E. Bisbey, Chicago, says:—"I have kept your liniment in my house; it has in all instances proven satisfactory to my family and myself."
"I have used Greene's Liniment on my horses and find it excellent." E. A. Lord, Chicago, Ill.
"Has given far better results than any liniment we ever used." W. H. Flagg, Palatine, Ill.
"I have used Greene's Liniment and like it. It will remove soreness and help lame horses." Vance Nuckols, Glenville, Ohio.
"There is no better article for general use than Greene's Liniment." George E. Mason, Chicago, Ill.
"I have used Greene's Infallible Liniment on sore tendons, wind puff and scratches with the very best results. I consider it one of the best liniments made and recommend it to all horsemen." J. H. Miller, LaCrosse, Wis.
Druggists keep it or will get it for you if you ask them to. Accept no substitute. There is no liniment that will take its place and do its work, no other like it or "just as good." The makers, J. W. Greene & Co., 17 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ills., to prove its worth, will send a large free sample in return for this advertisement and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. The regular price is 25cts., 50cts. and $1.00 a bottle.

of Mr. Kallander, the county treasurer who died at his home at that place.

F. H. Radenach, of Sheboygan, was in town on business Tuesday.

Fire was discovered at the home of some Finnish people at the Pabst location Friday morning. The fire department was called out, but the fire had gained great headway and all efforts of the firemen were useless as the building was old and dry. The cause of the fire is unknown and the damage is thought to be about $300 or $400.

P. A. Hertenstein, of Sheboygan, was in town on business Tuesday.

James Devoy was in Duluth on business Sunday.

SPARTA.

Sparta, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Macher has resigned his position as engineer for the Genoa Iron company and accepted a similar position at the Pettit mine.

Burt Howard made a business trip to Mesaba Thursday.

Ed McHale is transacting business in Duluth this week. He will purchase several horses for his livery barn.

B. Pesetti will leave in a few days for the farming country.

Maj. Campbell, of Hudson, is looking after his business interests here this week.

Mrs. August Benson was in from St. Louis Tuesday.

Mrs. John Paule is out again after a severe illness of two weeks.

The following ticket was elected without opposition Tuesday: President, Ed McHale; trustees, L. Rubenstein, Julius Bordeau, Clyde Campbell; treasurer, Charles Gustafson; recorder, D. M. Mouser.

W. J. Moore, of Virginia, transacted business here Wednesday.

Mrs. Louis Shurman, Mrs. William Trichler, Mrs. Burt Howard and Mrs. D. M. Mouser did shopping in Eveleth Monday.

Mrs. Kate Jury visited with Biwabik friends Friday.

Herman Mattson is out again after a severe attack of rheumatism.

William Sullivan has accepted a position running a diamond drill near Mountain Iron.

A social was given at Mrs. Coomb's Thursday evening for the benefit of the M. E. church.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—F. R. Vail spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Monday morning.

David Kangas returned from his week's visit on the Mesaba range Thursday.

The Ely city band boys are making arrangements for a masquerade ball to be held at Turf hall, Saturday evening, March 22. The purpose of the ball is to raise enough money to purchase new uniforms the coming summer. The Gem orchestra will furnish the music.

At the election held at Winton for the township of Morse on Tuesday the following ticket was elected: Supervisors, Martin Roach, chairman; Joseph Hopperton and William Gray; treasurer, Nicholas Cowling; for clerk, E. W. Doe; assessor, Pat Murphy; justice of hte peace, (two years), Thomas Williams; highway commissioner, R. J. Underhill; constable (two years), William Richards.

Miss Ida Cowling spent several days in Tower last week, visiting with friends and relatives.

Jake Svode spent a few days in Tower this week, visiting with friends and relatives. He returned from his visit Wednesday evening.

Miss Lily Young returned to her home at Chisholm Wednesday morning after spending several days in this city visiting with friends and relatives.

Rev. Father Buh made his regular weekly trip to Tower Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wright are mourning the loss of their infant child, which died Tuesday evening and was buried Wednesday afternoon.

Attorney A. J. Thomas spent a few days in Duluth on business this week.

Editor Schaefer, of the Ely Miner, spent Thursday afternoon in Tower on business.

Anton Kotchevar spent a few days in Duluth this week on business.

Mrs. E. Dennis and son left for Duluth Tuesday morning, where they will visit for some time.

John Densmore was in the city a few days last week from Mountain Iron on a visit with his family. He left for Mountain Iron Tuesday to break up his lumber camps, having completed his contract for this winter.

O. G. Korb returned Saturday evening from his trip in the Eastern cities, where he has been purchasing goods for the Big Store.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bale spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Monday morning.

Nils Olson, who has been employed at the Miller & Brown camps at section 30 the past few months, left Monday morning for a few weeks' visit at Duluth.

William Scott left Monday morning for Duluth, where he will be in attendance at the district court in the case of Scott vs. Sargent over some livery rigs and horses at the livery stable at Winton.

Wagner's orchestra are making preparations for a dance to be held at the Forester's hall at Winton on Monday, March 17, St. Patrick's day. A buss will be had to leave the Vail hotel here at 8 o'clock for Winton to accommodate those who would like to take in the occasion.

Malcolm McDonald, a brother of Norman McDonald, arrived in the city Saturday evening from Canada and has secured employment at the Chandler mine.

E. R. Angst spent Sunday in this city from Soudan on a visit to his many friends.

Richard Whiteside was in the city from Duluth Saturday on a visit with friends and relatives. While here Mr. Whiteside made a settlement with the insurance company for losses sustained in the burning of his residence last fall.

Arthur Tippets was up from Tower over Sunday on a visit with his friends.

The masquerade ball on Friday evening was a successful as well as an enjoyable event. About fifty couples were present. Wagner's orchestra furnished the music.

C. Monroe was in the city a few days this week interviewing his customers.

Thomas Taylor was in the city Thursday evening from Tower.

William Goldsworthy was in the city from Two Harbors Friday evening visiting friends and relatives.

Joe Kutche arrived in the city from Tower Friday evening and visited here for some time.

At the election held Tuesday at Fall Lake the following ticket was elected: Recorder, George Wadsworth; treasurer, Andrew Hendrickson; justices, Thomas Wudl and N. A. Hellman; constables, John Meyer and J. E. Welkin.

Willian McPhee left Monday morning for Kalispel, Mont., where he has secured a position.

Del McKeen has purchasel a handsome pony for his children. The beast arrived by express Saturday evening from Minneapolis.

John Down spent a few days in Minneapolis this week.

Arthur Sheridan has accepted the position at the depot made vacant by Frank Reid, who left for Virginia, where he has secured a position.

Mrs. G. T. Ayres spent a few days in Duluth this week.

D. McDonald returned Friday evening from his year spent in Africa, where he had been employed on a diamond drill. He says he is well satisfied with the country.

Joseph Thomas left for Biwabik Friday morning to be with his uncle, who was badly injured at one of the mines.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Thomas and children left Friday morning for Biwabik to be at the bedside of Mr. Thomas' father, who was badly injured at the mines in that place this week.

Alderman Knuteson and A. Erickson visited in Duluth this week.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Prospects are now bright for the Catholic church society of this city in realizing the erection of a new church edifice during the summer. The present house of worship has for a long time been deemed too small for the congregation. In all likilhood the new building will stand about where the present one is located, the latter, it is expected, will be disposed of to some other congregation, and it may be necessary to purchase one more lot and move the priests' house farther back. Committees have been appointed to look after collections and subscriptions and there will be somewhere in the neighborhood of $8000 to be raised.

The Hercules Powder company has purchased the Farrand cottage near Lake Boulevard, now occupied by H. S. Wilson, of the bank, and it will be occupied by George Leanner, the company's range manager.

The M. W. A. band tendered a very pleasing and well attended concert and dance at the Temperance hall last night. The band did very well, financially. New uniforms will be the next in order.

Gust Berglund leaves next Wednesday for Cloquet, where he joins his brother Helge, and the two will branch forth as pop makers, the name of the concern to be the Cloquet Bottling works.

The Lady Maccabees are arranging for an entertainment and card party at Hawkinson's hall Monday night. It will be a public fair, and a small admission will be charged.

Two young ladies, representing the "Baker orphanage" of Duluth, did Virginia the fore part of the week, but not very hard.

W. E. Hannaford and John Chesser disposed of the pine on their claim in 61-18 Wednesday to C. S. Shea for the sum of $1500.

The "mining ticket" at Mountain Iron won headed by M. S. Hawkins for president, defeating the citizens' ticket headed by M. A. McNaughton, at the election Tuesday. There were three votes difference.

The appointment of a postmaster to succeed the present encumbent, Stuart Bates, was the talk of the community Monday. The people had a chance to express their opinion, too, at a meeting called for the purpose at the Opera House Monday night. There were three candidates mentioned, Miss Eva Demgen, the present assistant; Albert E. Dunsmore, and Fred Rossom. The ballot resulted in giving Miss Demgen, 185; Densmore, 14, and Rossom, 21 ballots. A few months ago, Mr. Bates went after the re-appointment and had a competitor, Editor Cuppernull of the Virginian, no one else entering the field as it was supposed all along that either of the gentlemen named would "land" the plum, but word was received Saturday from somewhere, that the names of these two candidates would not be taken up with favor by Congressman Morris, and the news was just enough to start most anyone lobbying to strike a popular key. There were at least a dozen mentioned, with the result that a meeting was called. During the afternoon Miss Demgen was urged to make a run for the place, and being given encouragement on all sides went after the nomination, with the result mentioned. It was a mild scramble for supremacy. Several speeches were made and "warmly" received. The ballot taken was of the formal plan. The tellers stood by the doors at the top of the stairs and the ballot were dropped in the hats and the voters passed into the street. When the voting had finished many returned to the hall, but everybody was satisfied that "the girl" would win out, and she did. Miss Demgen has been assistant at the Virginia office and is giving splendid service, and that is what won at the ballot Monday night.

Someone broke into Uncle "Jimmy" Wilson's shanty down the Missabe tracks, Saturday night and stole most everything contained therein.

John Chesser and Richard Bodoh have purchased a churn drill of the La Belle Iron company, and on Tuesday had it transferred to section 22-58-19, where they have a contract for drilling for M. L. Fay.

Capt. E. F. Sweeney was up from Duluth Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry J. Sigel and daughter are visiting with relatives and friends in Duluth and Superior this week.

Editor and Mrs. Hannaford were Duluth shoppers Tuesday.

Superintendent Parmelee was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Emil Wilson is spending a few weeks at Minneapolis, leaving here Monday.

Capt. Fay and A. B. Coates had business at the county seat Tuesday.

Miss Cdlara Fay returned from a short visit to St. Paul Tuesday.

Contractor Coates has broke camp in 59-17, where he was engaged in cutting and moving mining timber for the Lincoln mine here. The weather remained too soft for hauling and he, like many others, was forced to stop further work.

Capt. Chesser was a Duluth visitor Tuesday.

Charles Doran, baggageman at the Missabe depot returned Tuesday from Bemidji to which place he was called by sudden illness of his father. He left his father resting easy and improving.

Mrs. Arthur Stevens returned Saturday from Antioch, Ill., where she had spent nearly a month at the bedside of her father, who was improving when she returned.

E. J. O'Rourke, of the Virginia Cash Grocery company, had business at Duluth Wednesday.

Dave Beaudoin left yesterday for a short cruise through 60-17.

The new townsite of Palmer will be platted in a week or so now. The company will formally organize at Duluth next week.

Active drilling is now going on in 16-59-17.

The Caldwell block has been sold to W. J. Moore and I. Milovetz, and the stock of dry goods, etc., is being sold off. Mr. Moore will occupy the west half of the building as an insurance office and Mr. Milavitz the east side for a candy store.

The ladies of the Catholic church will give a dime social at the nome of Mrs. John Byhne next Wednesday afternoon.

Friday afternoon next the ladies of the Methodist church will serve a Lenten luncheon at the church from 3 to 5 o'clock.

F. A. Alden is the new leader of the M. W. A. band.

A mass meeting of the citizens will be called by the council after election for the purpose of making arrangements for the firemen's tournament which will be held here in August.

Two Finns, each armed with a knife, got to loving each other in their own peculiar way on the front street Tuesday, and as a result the doctor attended one and the police force the other. The cut in the stomach received by one was not very serious

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. George Mewhinney, of Stevenson, were in town a few days the fore part of the week, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Everett.

The poverty social given Friday evening at the city hall by the members of the Christian Endeavor society was a thorough success. Miss Baldwin, of Duluth, a member of the Traveling Library association, spoke on libraries and illustrated the buildings with the assistance of Mr. Sperry. Miss Mane gave a recitation, the Mandolin club rendered a few pieces, Mrs. Dane read a selection and the Zobo band played a few pieces, after which lunch was served, each person having brought their own cup and spoon. Mrs. Crane and Mr. Myles, dressed as school girl and boy, sold pop corn. Games were played. Mrs. Dane received first prize, an apron, Mr. Myers second, a necktie.

Miss Cronin, a school teacher of Missabe, was in town Saturday, the guest of Miss Schur.

Miss Jeanette Glassner spent Sunday at Eveleth among friends.

Miss Mae Schur is at her home at Missabe, where she was called on account of the illness of her mother.

Mrs. Joe Roman, of Virginia, spent Saturday in town at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Max Cohn.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook were in Virginia Monday on business.

Mr. Rubloff, of Virginia, was in town Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Mae Hammel, of McKinley, spent Sunday in town with the Misses Enright.

Dr. Adams, who has been an assistant at the hospital here for some time expects to leave soon. He expects to start a practice of his own.

Charles Verrill had one of his fingers cut off Thursday.

Mrs. Walla was over from Eveleth and spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Tony Maintz.

Capt. Thomas of the Hale mine met with a severe accident Thursday morning. While going down into the mine the ground caved in on him fracturing three ribs. Although not a serious accident it is a very painful one.

Mrs. Salem was taken to Duluth Tuesday on the charge of running a place of ill fame. She is down awaiting her trial.

Richard Sellwood, of Duluth, was in town the middle of the week on business.

Miss Agnes Walla, of Eveleth, was a visitor in town Thursday.

Mr. Messberg, of Virginia, transacted business in town Thursday.

The village election passed off very quietly Tuesday. The same officers were all re-elected, there being no opposition in the field except Mr. Erickson ran against Mr. Lovequist as trustee, the former winning. This was the quietest election held here for some time.

Miss Baldwin, who was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Bray a few days, left Monday for her home in Duluth.

The Duluth mine will employ but a few men, no more ore being found in it.. The prospects here for the summer do not look very bright.

The young people gave a small private dance at the opera hall Thursday evening, which was a farewell to Robert Patterson, who left today for Stevenson, where he expects to remain for the summer.

The Biwabik mine expects to start in shipping in a week or so.

Mr. Parmalee, of Virginia, transacted business matters in town Thursday and looked after the closing of his camps here.

Miss Ober has started a class for the foreigners whom she teaches the English language a few days each week.

Miss Mary McDonald, of McKinley, visited with friends here Thursday.

The Cloquet Lumber company broke up its second camp here Wednesday and shipped its supplies to Cloquet. They had planned on working until April 1 but the weather would not permit.

Brakeman Harry Lewis, who runs out of here, had the misfortune of breaking his leg while working near Virginia Thursday. Upon trying to board the train he missed his hold and fell, the train running over his leg. Had he not retained consciousness the other leg might also have been run over but he pulled it away just in time. He was brought to the Virginia hospital where his limb was bandaged and he will be laid up for some time.

Mrs. William Loulan, of Hibbing, visited among friends here a few days this week.

Mrs. Robert Cumings left Tuesday for Canada, where she was called on account of the serious illness of her mother.

Miss Bertha Furtney was over at Virginia on business Tuesday.

The young ladies of the aid society met with Miss Smith this week.

Mrs. Phelps visited among friends at Virginia Tuesday.

The drills which were working around here are to be moved from here soon, nothing having been found to work on. They belong to Cole & McDonald.

The members of the Forester lodge gave a banquet at the hall Friday evening to the members and their families. All spent a very enjoyable evening.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Clerk of the Circuit Court F. A. Bell, of Washburn, was a caller in the city last Saturday.

Banker A. A. Muck, of Lake Nebagemon, was shaking hands with friends in the city last Saturday.

Miss Jennie Forsyth left last Saturday for Port Wing, where she will spend two weeks visiting with friends there.

Bert Peterson left for Scanlon last Sunday morning to look over that place with the view of purchasing real estate if things looked favorable.

Henry Ward returned from Canada last Tuesday from an extended trip where he was visiting with relatives and friends whom he has not seen for several years. He reports having a very pleasant trip, but seems very glad to get home again.

O. J. Dodge, of Brule, was in the city last Wednesday on business.

Mrs. George Eggleston left last Tuesday for Green Bay, to visit with her relatives for about two months.

George Burns, of Eau Claire, was in the city last Thursday. He reports that he broke up csamp the first of the week and feels well satisfied with his winter's work.

Max Heler was in Duluth last Tuesday on special business.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. James Taylor, March 11, a bouncing baby girl weighing ten pounds.

Leo Fiola, an old Ironite, and now residing at Cass Lake, Minn., was in the city last Wednesday shaking hands with his many old-time friends here.

Peter Michaud had the misfortune to have his hand cut quite badly in the sawmill last Monday. He went to Dr. Dodd's hospital in Ashland, and it was found necessary to have one of his fingers amputated. He was getting along very nicely when last heard from.

James Johnson, a farmer living about three miles north from the city met with a serious accident last Wednesday. While working around his barn the door of the hay window fell from the upper story of the barn and struck him on the head, cutting a large gash. When picked up it was impossible to tell whether he was dead or alive. He was moved down to Dr. Dodd's hospital in Ashland last Thursday evening. The doctor had faint hopes of his recovery.

Frank Cabe, of Orienta, was in the city last Thursday. He says that the road is in terrible shape for a team to go over.

George W. Eswine and Miss Alice Montgomery were united in marriage last Sunday afternoon at the Ruthmore house by the Rev. John Gibson. There were quite a number of friends that witnessed the ceremony. The young couple gave the boys a dance last Monday night which wound up the affair. The young couple have the best of wishes of their many friends who know them here.

I. E. Forsyth was down to Lake Nebagemon last Thursday on business with the lumber company.

S. B. Place, of Aeshland, was in the city yesterday looking over the town.

Ben Roe returned from Minneapolis last Sunday morning, where he has been spending one month in that city.

James Smith, of Orienta, was in the city last Wednesday and Thursday on business.

SAW SNAKES

But They Proved to Be the Real Thing.

Deacon Joseph Pepper, of the Methodist church, of West Avon, Conn., is truthful and a teetotaler, and doesn't see snakes where no snakes are. Through him a remarkable tale of snakes has been made public, says the Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Silas Daniels is a member of Deacon Pepper's church, and he was an eyewitness of part of the occurrence and was in at the death. It was from him that Deacon Pepper learned the particulars.

On the farm of Adelbert Hadsell, a neighbor of Daniels', is a fine spring that never freezes over, even in the coldest weather. Hadsell carries the water from the spring through a pipe to his barn for watering his live stock.

Recently the cattle have refused to drink the water, and Hadsell noticed a few days ago that the water, which is usually clear and pure, had become slightly muddy. He went to the spring to investigate.

He saw nothing unusual about the spring at first, except that the water was muddy, as though some animal had worked up the mud at the bottom. Mr. Hadsell returned to the barn for a pitchfork and when he got back to the spring he made an investigation.

He jabbed the pitchfork about in the water without striking anything but the mud in the bottom. While he was thus engaged he noticed that the bank at one side of the spring seemed to be in motion.

He sunk the fork into this place and pdied up a clod of the frozen earth, leaving a hole about large enough to hold a man's fist. Out of this shot up the head of a large black snake. Mr. Hadsell promptly killed it and dragged it out of the hole. Two more heads made their appearance, and these two snakes were also quickly dispatched.

When Hadsell looked at the spring again the whole bank seemed to be a living mass of reptiles. He threw down his pitchfork and ran for assistance. He found Daniels, and the two, each armed with a pitchfork, made an attack on the army of snakes.

They had a big task. The spring was full of hissing, wriggling snakes, some of them of great size. For a time the battle waged fiercely, but at length the farmers routed the enemy with great slaughter. After it was over they counted twenty-six dead snakes on the bank of tre spring, the snakes being from three to five feet long, and one of them measuring twelve inches around the thickest part of his body.

They are not certain that some of the snakes did not escape slaughter by remaining concealed in the hole. It is not known why these snakes should have shown so much activity in cold weather, for if they had been peacefully hibernating, as a self-respecting snake should do, they would not have brought down upon themselves such prompt destruction. It is supposed that there is a cavern or waterway through which the snakes reached the spring, and that they were stirred to activity and vigor when they found that the spring was not frozen over.

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THE LAST PREMIUM.

BY CHARLOTTE JEROME.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"Alice," he said, bending tenderly over her as she sat with her head against the dull-papered wall, "even your lips are white, you are so tired. Why will you not go back to him?"

She answered as one who has answered the same question many times. "Because I will not live with him—I could not. You know I would rather die with my child, even a slow death like this, than go into that man's house." Then she sat up and spoke intensely:

"Jack, I am degraded because for a while I was his wife; why do you press me into a more conscious degradation?" Her lips were trembling and she looked up at him as he stood in the one ray shed by a street lamp outside the uncurtained window. His face would have been boyish, with its curly hair and blue eyes, if it had not been for the tight line of the lips.

"You know," she said, half hesitating, "I should rather work hard—and see you sometimes than to have all the comfort that he could give me."

He turned to the window, crossing his arms as though making a decision. "I shall not worry; I have almost decided upon a plan. I think I shall decide tonight. You must have comfort—you and the little one, and I shall give it to you—" The dinner bell clamored above his voice and someone came through the dark parlor to reach the dining room. "Good-by," he said, turning toward her as she rose in the shadow. "I can't go to the nursery with you after Elsie tonight; I have to work—it's the end of the month."

She took hold of the lapels of his coat as she raised her face to kiss him. "Jack, don't bother to plan, even. It will all come out right, and I am really very happy."

* * *

At noon the next day Warner sent the office boy down to the door of the building, where Alice was waiting to go to



lunch with him. Then he brushed himself carefully and went across the hall to suit 814. "If you're ready," he said, looking into the office of the junior member, "we'll go where we can be quiet."

The young lawyer took his hat and locked his door. "You are not looking first rate—had another heart attack?"

Warner gave him a quick glance as they entered the elevator. Yes, rather a worse one than usual. I'm not nervous, but I think I've had my summons, and it is about my affairs that I want to talk to you." He locked his arm confidentially in Clinton's and spoke in a lighter tone:

"I've just had an allowance from home, and we will celebrate by going to Kinsley's—upstairs."

When they were seated, and rid of the waiter, Warner spoke abruptly: "Have you heard from Edith?"

"Yes," said Clinton, laying his napkin over his knee, "and she writes that she and your mother will go through here next month on their way East. And, I say, Jack, I'm awfully afraid I've put my foot in it; I told Edith we might have a double wedding if you got a raise—I didn't know that your sister was unfavorable to your hopes." Their eyes met and Warner grew a bit whiter.

"It doesn't matter, you know, what you said; but, if I were you, I shouldn't mention it again to them. It is no use discussing the affair. My mother can't get over the fact that Alice is a divorcee, and Edith has never forgiven me for leaving home to better my condition." His eyes gleamed with some reminiscent thought.

"God knows it was a question of aristocratic poverty in the South and dependence upon two women, practically, or a clerkship here at the wages of a bare existence."

There was a pause while the waiter brought their luncheon; then both men ate slowly, and watched the people about them. At last Warner leaned toward his companion.

"Seriously, I have felt that it didn't matter these last few days," he said; "the doctor says my heart is in a bad way. I would like to rest, but I can't afford that. If I had money, I would marry Alice today and make up for the misery in her life"—his voice wavered toward softness—"but if anything should happen to me, I have told you what to do for her comfort."

With an attempt at business like briskness, he put his hand into his coat and pulled out some papers. "Here are the policies I spoke of the other day. They are good for thirty thousand. It has been a hard matter to keep up the premiums, but I have done it on her account."

He looked straight at Clinton, who put away the papers and rose, somewhat moved.

"My dear fellow," he said, "you are too young to be so morbid. Insurance policies have some of the atmosphere of the tombstone, I'll admit, but you are not the sort of person who can afford to dwell in the shadow of either."

Warner leaned heavily on the back of his chair a moment before he pushed it under the table. Then they went out into the street and back to work.

* * *

That evening as Alice and Warner were walking across the bridge, hurrying because others hurried and because the air was crisp, she came close to him. "Aren't you going to tell me your plans?" she asked softly. "It will rest me to hear it, because when you plan anything it always comes out exactly as you expect."

He looked down into the waiting eyes.

"No, I am not going to tell you my plans for a few days, but it will come out just right, little one, and then you will know," he answered, drawing her hand through his arm as they reached the street. "Finish this saying for me; it has been going through my head all day long—'Greater love hath no man than this' "—

Her words followed quickly— " 'That he lay down his life for his friend.' " Then she stopped short in the street.

"Why, Jack, I didn't know you were religious!" There was the ecstacy of wonder in her voice and she went on with surprise at herself. "But I might have known; you are so good. I thought"—suddenly she interrupted herself. "I was going to the nursery for the baby before dinner. Will you come with me?" She was almost merry with the tender current thought of a new discovery.

"You see," she added gayly. "I must make my winter hat into a spring one tonight, and it takes too long to go for Elsie after dinner."

They called at the nursery and Warner carried the child home that Alice might not be late for dinner. At the door he looked into the child's half-sleepy eyes, thankful as he always was that they were like Alice's and not the father's.

"You are one of her friends, too, aren't you?" he queried. "You would do anything to make her happy, wouldn't you?"

Alice took the child and stood her on the steps, then she slipped her hand into Warner's.

"Jack, you are shivering. You must wear your overcoat," she spoke with a little maternal caress in her voice. They were in the vestibule and he kissed her good night for answer.

* * *

The office boy came into suite 814 quite early the next day.

"Mr. Farson wants you to go out to Mr. Warner's boarding house," he said, with unusual solemnity. "Mr. Farson says to tell you he is dead, and you'll know who to send word to."

The office boy watched the young lawyer's face curiously, as though greedy of a sight of emotion. It was some moments before Clinton rose and put on his coat, and even then he never thought of the papers which he had put in his vault the day before.

When that thought came it rested under a suspicion that never passed the portals of his heart, which was the heart of a friend.

This is the time to use Rocky Mountain Tea. Keeps you well all the year. Great Blood life renewer. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Settlers' Rates to the West.

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

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OF
Representative Firms.

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DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Bishop Morrison to Preach and Administer Confirmation at St. Paul's Church---Rev. E. A. Potter of Milwaukee at Bethel.

At St. Paul's church, services tomorrow will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and confirmation, with sermon by Bishop Morrison. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Fling Out the Banner" ..... Hopkins
Canticles ..... Chanted
Litany hymn—"Weary of Earth" ..... Redhead
Hymn—"There is a Green Hill Far Away" ..... Horseley
Anthem—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul" ..... F. A. Maker
Recessional—"Lead Us, Heavenly Father" ..... German

EVENING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ" Arise" ..... Dindematta
Psalter ..... Chanted
Canticles in A Flat ..... Custance
Hymn—"Christian, Dost Thou See Them?" ..... Dykes
Confirmation hymn—"O Jesus, I Have Promised" ..... Elliott
Anthem—"When God of Old Came Down from Heaven" ..... V. Hall
Solos, Mrs. A. F. M. Custance, Roy Frytz.
Orison—"Litany of the Holy Ghost" ..... Colwall
Recessional—"Ye Servants of the Lord" ..... Muriel

A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach morning and evening. The morning topic will be: "Wishes and Prayers;" evening topic, "The Power of a United Church." Services have been arranged for every evening except Saturday until Easter. Mr. Milne will preach at each service. The musical program is as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude ..... Organist
Anthem by Choir.
"Praise the Lord" ..... G. Mc. Chadwick
Offertory by Choir.
"From Every Earthly Pleasure" ..... Liszt-Shelly
Solo ..... Selected
Miss Hector.
Postlude ..... Selected

EVENING.

Prelude ..... Organist
Anthem by Choir.
"The Day Is Past and Over" ..... J. A. Meale
Offertory by Choir.
"Sun of My Soul" ..... J. H. Tenney
Postlude ..... Organist

* * *

At the Endion M. E. church, Rev. Dr. Forbes, presiding elder, will preach, at 10:45 in the morning, and at 7:30 in the evening.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach. Morning subject, "Heart Treasures." Evening subject, "A Greater Than Buddha." Sunday school, 12 m. Epworth devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Largo" ..... Haydn
Organist's Improvisation ..... Millard
Chorus—"Te Deum" ..... Millard
Offertory—"Andante, 1st Sonata" ..... Mendelssohn
Duet—"Hope Beyond" ..... White
Mr. Black and Mr. Weeks.
Special quartet—"Hear, O Lord" .....
Postlude—"Achieved Is the Glorious Work" ..... Haydn

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Adagio" ..... Haydn
Organist's Improvisation ..... Response—"Lord's Prayer" .....
Chorus—"The Sun Shall Be No More" ..... Woodward
Offertory—"Andante Cantabile" ..... Guilmant
Duet—"The Lord Is My Shepherd" .....
Quartet—"God Is a Spirit" ..... Bennett
Postlude—"Finale," from "A Gloria" ..... Haydn

C. W. Weeks, director of music; William Browne, organist.

* * *

At the Lake Avenue Bethel Rev. E. A. Potter, of Milwaukee, state secretary of the Wisconsin Sunday School association, will speak morning and evening. The Bethel quartet will sing in the morning. In the evening Miss Francis McGiffert and the Young Ladies' quartet will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E. meets at 6:30 p. m. At 3 and 7:30 p. m. A. F. Gregory, Monday evening the Rev. orchestra under the direction of C. A. Gregory. Monday evening the Rev. Mr. Potter will speak.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Mr. Asher. Mrs. Asher and Mrs. Hill will sing. Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Christian church. Tuesday evening services by the Y. P. S. C. E. of the First Presbyterian church. Gospel meeting every night.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "Self Judgment According to Maeterlinck and Kant."

* * *

There will be services at the Glen Avon church tomorrow morning at 10:45 o'clock. Subject of sermon: "God's Conception of the Task of Salvation." Sunday school at 12 m. The second service will be at 4:30 o'clock. Subject of sermon: "Kingdom of Word and of Power." Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, the morning service will be at 10:30 a. m., subject, "Christ Everything." The choir will sing "The Same Sweet Story." Sunday school at 12 m., Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45, subject, "A Noble Purpose."G. Stevenson. Evening sermon at 7:30 p. m., subject, "Is It Well With Thy Soul." The choir will sing "Oh Grant Us Light" and "Not a Sparrow Falleth." The pastor will preach at both services.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, corner Third street and Lake avenue north, there will be service Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. D. W. Michael will conduct English Lutheran service at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west, at 3 p. m.

* * *

At the Presbyterian Endion Mission, Seventeenth avenue east and London road, there will be Sunday school at 3 p. m. and preaching at 7:30.

* * *

At Bethany Swedish Lutheran church, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., pastor, will conduct services tomorrow at 10 a. m. and 7:15 p. m. Morning sermon on "That Destructive Maxim: The End Justifies the Means," Job, 11: 17-57. Evening, "The Greatest Known Discovery."

* * *

Services at the First Christian church tomorrow morning will be at 10:30. Topic "Prayer." Sunday school 12 m. Christian Endeavor, 6:30 p. m. Evening service at 7:30 p. m. Topic, "The Good Confession."

* * *

In Grace M. E. church Sunday morning, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "Some Impossible Things Without Christ," and in the evening on "The Black Horse of the Michigan Adventists, and the Christian Doctrine of the End of the World."

* * *

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., Rev. N. B. Thvedt, pastor. There will be singing forenoon and evening by quartet and choir, Sunday school, Norwegian and English, at 9 a. m. Next Friday at 8 p. m., Professor M. O. Bockman, D.D., of Minneapolis, will lecture on Caesar Julian, the Apostle.

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; preaching at 11 a. m.; junior meeting at 2:30 p. m., led by Harlow Tischer, C. C. Broth, superintendent. Young People's meeting at 7:15 p. m., preaching at 8. Songs by junior choir, male quartet and choir. Rev. L. S. Staid, pastor.

* * *

At Zion Lutheran church, Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, the services will be at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening conducted by the pastor, Rev. C. H. Hjortholm Sunday school at 9 o'clock in the morning.

* * *

Rev. K. A. Lundin will preach tomorrow both morning and evening at the First Baptist church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street. Sunday school at 12 noon. The Women's Foreign Mission society meet at 4 p. m., Young People's society meeting at 6:30 p. m.

* * *

Regelaur services will be held at the First Swedish M. E. church, Twentieth avenue west and Third stret, at 10:30 in the morning and 7:30 in the evening. Rev. John A. Anderson, the pastor, will preach Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At Lakeside Presbyterian church Rev. H. B. Sutherland, pastor, will preach tomorrow. Morning service at 10:30 and evening at 7:30. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, there will be service in the morning at 10:30 and in the evening at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 9 a. m. and English Sunday school at 12 m. Rev. J. G. Aschim, pastor.

* * *

At St. Peter's chapel, 1932 Michigan street and Twentieth avenue west, Swedish services will be held at 8 o'clock in the evening and also next Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

* * *

There will be English services at the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Sulveson, pastor.

* * *

At Trinity Episcopal Mission, corner of Twentieth avenue east and Superior street, there will be holy communion at 8 a. m. tomorrow, Sunday school at 3 p. m. and evening prayer and sermon at 4:15 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, rector.

* * *

At St. Luke's church, Episcopal, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., and evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, rector.

* * *

The music at the First Presbyterian church will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude ..... Alfred Hollins
Anthem—"Jubilate Deo" ..... Gelbel
Quartet—"O, Lord Most Holy," from Ave Maria" ..... Schubert
Postlude—"Allegro" ..... Edwin Flavel

EVENING.

Organ—"Elevation" ..... Th. Sterns
Hymn—Anthem, "Sweet the Moments Rich in Blessing" ..... W. A. Peter
Offertory—"Andante" ..... P. Tschaikowsky
Mr. Gilbert will sing a solo after the sermon.
Sermon.
Postlude ..... Selected

The choir will consist of Miss Mckay, soprano; Mrs. Mark Baldwin, alto; Paul Gilbert, tenor; P. G. Brown, bass; Mrs. Margaret McLean, organist.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

The light that blesses the wise man burns the foolish moth.

To refuse a right responsibility may be to reject a great reward.

When you have made a child glad you may have made a man good.

He who drinks much thinks little, and he who thinks much drinks little.

When you have the devil under your heel don't be scared by his bellowing.

It's a poor plan to promise to pray for your pastor and then to pinch him on his pay.

It is better to grow into a place of power than to be blown into one of popularity.

The great man is he who realizes the limits of his abilities and the possibilities of his capacities.

True riches must be measured by what is given to others instead of by what is ground from them.

The power of perfecting the present is worth more than the power of prophesying the future.

MUCH MARRIED.

Man Arrested In Company With Ninth Wife.

San Antonio, Tex., March 15.—Upon the complaint of his alleged eighth wife, formerly Mrs. Mary A. Parker, of Plattsburg, Mo., Christian C. Nelson, alias Capt. A. N. Freeland, alias John Anderson, alias Nelson Porter, was arrested here yesterday at a hotel while in company with his alleged ninth wife, formerly Mrs. A. E. Milburn, whom he married at Fort Scott two years ago. Nelson admitted he is wanted in several states, and it was charged that he has undivorced wives in Los Angeles, Cal.; Portland, Ore.; Plattsburg, Mo.; Fort Scott, Kas.; Salt Lake City, Utah; St. Paul, and other points. He is about 45 years old, rather good looking, well dressed and speaks with slight German accent.

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Professor Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., according to the ethics of honest and reputable physicians, gave to the leading medical men of the world his wonderful prescription, Paine's Celery Compound, as soon as it was perfected. For this reason Paine's Celery Compound has never been included among patent medicines. Coming from so high a source, and being so thoroughly recommended, physicians prescribe it with confidence.

Paine's Celery Compound rapidly gains in fame as a disease banisher; all who have tried it gratefully acknowledge its curing and life giving power. It drives the poison germs of deep seated diseases from the blood; it brings buoyancy of spirit in place of lassitude and despondency; it enables the overtaxed and broken down system to start fairly on the road to health; it gives the sweet sleep so necessary to brain and nerves. It strengthens, invigorates and gives tone to the system, makes pure blood, is food and nourishment for nerves and tissue. It makes sick people well.

Mr. John B. Dryden, Editor of the "Frankfort Call," Frankfort, Ky., writes as follows:

"It gives me great pleasure to state to you and to any suffering human being that in my judgment there are thousands upon thousands in this broad land of ours who are today suffering, who might enjoy all the blessings of health if they would but use your great medicine, Paine's Clerey Compound.

"For the cure of dyspepsia it has no superior, and that dread disease, insomnia, will soon be a thing of the past if people who are thus afflicted will use this medicine.

"I have used the Compound in my family and always with beneficial results. As a family medicine I do not think it possible to find its superior. To those who are worn out in body it will speedily bring them back to health and make them feel that life is worth living again. To all poor, suffering, human creatures, we say 'use Paine's Celery Compound if you want to be made well.'"

Diamond Paints Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 cts.

TERRIBLE

Were the Scenes of the Earthquakes at Shamaka.

St. Petersburg, March 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Correspondence giving the details of the Shamaka (trans-Causasia) earthquake has just arrived here.

On March 21, 1860, Professor Abich, a noted siesmologist, declared: "As to Shamaka, it is to be feared that it will one day become a mass of ruins inside a few minutes."

It was not Shamaka's first warning or her last. Nine earthquakes have been recorded at that place since 1806. In 1859 all the governmental institutions there were transferred to Baku in consequence of an earthquake. The city lately contained 22,000 inhabitants. It was a laughing, vine-clad settlement. An eye-witness thus relates his experiences on the first day of the disaster:

"There were two distinct shocks, at 8 and 11 a. m. respectively, but the people, accustomed to rumblings of the earth, paid no heed.

Instead of fearing for their lives, the Mohammedan women and children proceeded to their obligatory daily occupations. At 12:30 p. m. the earth bulged up suddenly and subsided again. People were thrown headlong in the streets, and when they arose were thrown down again. Asphyxiation vapors came from the fissure in the earth and filled the air.

"The scenes that followed will never be adequately described. Men abandoned their families. There was a chaos of fearful cries. The telegraph office went down with everything else in the stricken portion of the city. Hence the delay in transmitting the news.

"The rescue work was a heart-rending affair. Forty or more persons were disinterred alive. Mothers were brought out dead with lifeless infants clasped in their arms.

"On the first day a father saw his young daughter, still alive, beneath a mass of debris. He released her, locked his arms about her and started away. A second shock buried father and daughter beneath a falling wall.

"There are nearly 20,000 persons shelterless without sufficient food, without hope. The Red Cross society and the government officials have labored to relieve the worst suffering. Collections have been taken up in the churches, but the amount thus collected is not yet known."

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write,

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405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

WORLD OF LABOR

Meeting of the Duluth Trades Assembly Well Attended.

National Electricity Bill Pending In Congress Was Endorsed.

Tugmen's Wages For the Coming Season Are Discussed.

Coming labor meetings:

Boilermakers' union, tonight, Northwestern shop.

Bakers and confectioners tonight, Kalamazoo hall.

Locomotive firemen (519), tomorrow, Irwin-Sloan hall.

Locomotive firemen (539), tomorrow, Proctorknott hall.

The railway trainmen meet tomorrow, Irwin-Sloan hall.

Railway telegraphers' tomorrow, at West Superior.

Building trades' council, Monday, the Hunter block.

The Carpenters' union, Tuesday, Kalamazoo block.

Painters and paperhangers, Tuesday, Kalamazoo hall.

Journeymen horseshoers, Wednesday, in Humbly's shop.

Cigarmakers' union meets Wednesday, Kalamazoo block.

Iron Moulders' union, Wednesday, in Irwin-Sloan block.

Electrical Workers' union, Thursday, Gabrielson's hall.

Steam engineers will meet Friday in Kalamazoo block.

The Bricklayers' union Friday, in the Brown block.

Marine Engineers' association, Friday, Hunter block.

* * *

The meeting of the assembly was well attended, but there was very little business of general interest.

A communication was received from the Western Labor union warning men away from the Western country. The communication stated that laboring men going West to take up lands find the lands not what they are advertised, and subsequently drift into the coast cities seeking work. As a result the labor market there is overcrowded.

The assembly endorsed the national electricity bill now pending in congress. This provides for a bonding of electrical concerns and the licensing of electricians in the District of Columbia.

It is thought that if congress makes the bill applicable to Washington, state legislatures will take up similar bills all over the country within the next two years.

* * *

Two popular members of the Typographical union have bought out the C. E. Judd job printing shop. They are Charles Merritt, formerly foreman in Thwing's shop, and Charles Hector, formerly foreman in Collier's shop.

* * *

The Leather Workers' union will give a dance in Odd Fellows' hall on April 3.

* * *

A number of leading painting and decorating establishments of the city are signing the new minimum scale proposed by the Painters' union. This scale is for 33 cents an hour all season and an eight-hour working day after July 1. Last season the minimum scale was 30 cents an hour.

* * *

Charles A. McCarle, grand president of the Licensed Tugmen's association, has spent most of the week in Duluth. He addressed a large meeting of tugmen in Kalamazoo hall Thursday evening on the matter of wages for the coming season. Capt. McCarle says that the organization he represents is looking forward to a successful season and denies the reports that the tugmen are going out on a big strike.

* * *

The Retail Clerks' union has obtained an agreement from Moses Cook to close his clothing store at 6 o'clock along with other leading clothing establishments. The picket system did it.

* * *

The plumbers of the city are well pleased at the prospect of having municipal inspection of plumbing in the very near future. The ordinance creating the new office is already drafted. It will be a fee office.

LABOR NOTES.

The annual labor deputation will occur in Ottawa tomorrow.

France has 1,6000 physicians; their incomes average but $600 a year.

Fourteen hundred painters at Pittsburg struck last week for their new wage scale.

Servant girls in Berlin are usually allowed half a day out twice a month only.

Cleveland's labor unions have united. A labor lyceum building is contemplated.

The trackmen of the Pennsylvania railroad at Pittsburg will join the national association.

The iron trades' strike at San Francisco, which has been on for ten months, may be amicably adjusted.

St. John's Newfoundland, crews of sailing steamers struck last week, causing a complete tie-up.

Buffalo is to have a labor temple. Its 25,000 union men are to be taxed 5 cents a week to raise the funds.

The 75,000 members of New York city's two Building Trade unions have been united in one organization.

The presidents of the Pennsylvania coal companies refuse to meet the labor representatives regarding the new wage scale.

Syracuse carpenters have asked that their scale of wages be raised from 25 to 30 cents an hour for eight hours' work, beginnig April 1.

A mass meeting of the building industries of Brooklyn, in favor of the bill now before both branches of the state legislature, to amend the tenement house law so far as Brooklyn is affected by it, is contemplated.

President Dolan of the United Mine Workers of America is on record as saying he will strike the fields for the West Penn and Allegheny, Pa., valley unless the union rates are paid. The issue of the session is uncertain.

President Theodore J. Shaffer and Secretary John Williams, of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers, are conferring with the officials of the American Tinplate company regarding the scale for the tin mills for the present year.

Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, has sent the Pittsburg district officials a check for $100, which is to be applied to the relief of the widows and children of the victims of the Port Royal mine disaster. The fund now amounts to $3900.

The carpenters of Knoxville, Tenn., have demanded an increase of wages and have allowed their employers thirty days in which to agree to their demands. Thirty cents per hour is asked in place of 25 cents. The carpenters also demand an eight-hour day instead of nine hours now prevailing.

The United Shipwrights of New York harbor will make a general demand for an eight-hour work day on Monday, the 17th inst. Notice of their intention was given the master shipwrights last October. They have been working nine hours a day and anticipate that they will obtain the eight hours without trouble.

Forty million nine hundred and fifty-one thousand one hundred and ninety-six pounds of copper, worth $6,690,-104; gold worth $24,462,222; nickel, $4,-594,523; silver, $2,993,068; lead, $2,199,784; pig iron, from Canadian ore, $1,212,113, and iron ore exported worth $762,284, were among the products of Canada's mines last year. To these may be added coal worth $14,671,122, and a number of smaller items.

Architect Cox, of Nashville, Tenn., has the proud distinction of being the first contractor to erect a play house in the South with an entire force of union men. The building was erected in Knoxville last year. The labor organizations of that city, in appreciation of the fact, erected a handsomely inscribed bronze tablet on the building.

The general strike of linemen throughout the five boroughs of Greater New York, Long Island and New Jersey for increased wages and a working day of eight hours continues gaining in strength. The men claim that they are prepared to stay from work until the companies interested in the struggle yield the demands of the union.

President Joseph W. Morton, of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, has submitted to the executive board of that organization a proposition for organizing the colored workmen in the South. He proposes to have the constitution changed so that each city in the South may be granted two charters, one for the white men and one for the colored workmen.

Every engineer and fireman on the entire Illinois Central railway system has just had his wages materially increased. The scale of pay, which will become effective at once, advances the remuneration of engineers of the lighter freight trains from 3.75 cents per mile to 4 cents and on the heavier engines from 3.85 cents per mile to 4.25 cents. Engineers of the lighter passenger locomotives will be advanced from 3.35 cents per mile to 3.50 cents and those in charge of the larger engines from 3.45 to 3.60 cents per mile.

For every hour of overtime the men will be allowed for ten miles, or 100 miles for every ten hours. This has the effect of advancing the pay of engineers of lighter freight locomotives 25 cents for every 100 miles run and 40 cents for the heavy engines and those in charge of passenger locomotives from 15 to 25 cents for similar runs. Firemen receive about 60 per cent of the wages paid engineers. The conference between the officials of the road and the firemen will be continued tomorrow, as there are a number of minor questions to be disposed of before the agreement will be signed by the latter. By the agreement engineers and firemen on this system will be paid by the mile in every instance instead of by the trip.

The Illinois Brick company, commonly known as the brick trust, has made an agreement with the Brickmakers' union of Chicago, which insures peace in that industry until May 1, 1903. By the terms of the pact the men are given an advance in wages which will average about 2½ cents on hour, and will benefit about 1200 men. The agreement will go into effect next week. The reason given by the men for demanding an advance in wages is the increased capacity of the brick machines within the past year. They say that the average increase in production for each machine in the past year is 25,000 bricks a day. Eight years ago a brick machine turned out about 60,000 brick a day and at the present time the average output is about 100,000 every day. Both sides are jubilant over the peaceful adjustment of the wage question, brought about by conciliation and arbitration, the minimum of $2 a day for common laborers around the yards, which has been in force for the past year, will remain unchanged.

President Vreeland, of the Metropolitan Street Railway company, of New York, has announced to his employes the establishment of a pension system for the superannuated employes of the concern to go into effect on July 1. All employes between 65 and 70 years of age, after 25 years of service will be benefited by the move. The pension allowance to such retired employes shall be upon the following basis: (a) If service has been continuous for 35 years or more, 40 per cent of the average annual wages for the ten previous years. (b) If service has been continuous for 30 years or more, 40 per cent of the average annual wages for the ten previous years. (c) If service has been continuous for 25 years, 25 per cent of the average annual wages for the ten previous years. The fund from which payments will be made will be appropriated each year by the company, and employes will not be required to contribute to it. My object in establishing this department is to preserve the future welfare of aged and infirm employes and to recognize efficient and loyal service.

There Are Ten

Different railroads centering in the Twin Cities. Of these ten six operate between the two towns and Chicago. Of these six there is one particular favorite—one that carries travel largely in excess of the others. It is "The Milwaukee." While it has always been recognized as THE line, its popularity has greatly increased since the inauguration of its Pioneer Limited service. The Pioneer Limited is a beauty bright.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St.,

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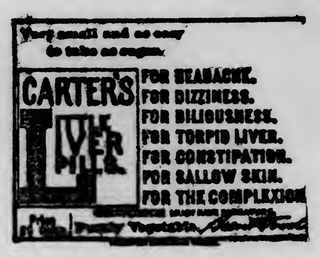
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IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

DUN'S REVIEW

Strikes Greatly Retard Business In New England Cities.

New York, March 15.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Business in Boston was completely paralyzed by the strike of freight handlers and teamsters, which directly affected 30,000 men and indirectly rendered other thousands idle by holding back supplies of raw material. Fortunately this struggle was brief, but another will begin on Monday at Fall River mills and other textile plants in that vicinity. Outside of Massachusetts, however, the labor situation is exceptionally free from controversy, and even in the coal mines there is less than the usual agitation as April approaches. Distribution of spring merchandise is making rapid progress, the most sanguine expectations being fully realized in all sections outside the strike area.

Consumers of iron and steel products are still anxious regarding conditions during the next three months. After July 1 it is believed that deliveries will be ample. According to the Iron Age, the weekly capacity of pig iron furnaces in blast on March 1 had declined to 320,710 tons, or about 10,000 tons from the production on Feb. 1. Considering the numerous disturbing factors at work during the month of February, it is gratifying that a much heavier curtailment of output did not occur. All records prior to Feb. 1 are still eclipsed and the resumption of many idle plants this month practically assures new high-water marks in the near future, unless some unforeseen interruption occurs. As operations at steel works were also retarded, furnace stocks of pig iron declined only about 25,000 tons during February. The most important event of the week was the heavy buying of steel bars by makers of agricultural implements in anticipation of higher prices becoming effective on April 1.

Billets command large premiums for spot delivery, and more purchases are reported from foreign makers. Pipes and tubes are more active as the season advances, while large contracts have been placed for structural shapes. Better transportation for coke is rapidly reducing surplus stocks in the yards and supplying furnaces with all needed fuel.

Labor disturbances have tended to strengthen the tone of textile products by reducing available supplies, which were already none too large. Sellers recently declined much business, notwithstanding the uncertain price of the raw material, and were in good position to stand the interruption. On the other hand, buyers have anxiously accumulated the small offerings. All divisions of the cotton market is affected and a general advance in quotations will foollow any interruption to manufacture and transportation, owing to the healthy consumptive demand. Export business is still checked by the firm views of holders. Complaints are also heard as to the delivery of woolen goods, but trade is only fair and cancellations on orders on overcoatings are frequently reported.

Official indications of farm reserves on March 1 were not surprising as to the corn, dealers anticipating that supplies would be only about one-half last year's, but the statement that 23 per cent of the enormous wheat yield remained in farmers' hands was not calculated to sustain values. Needed rains in the Southwest made the market look more favorable for the next crop. A sustaining feature was the interior movement of only 2,681,891 bushels, against 3,902,650 last year, while on the other hand total exports from the United States were but 2,598,472 bushels, compared with 4,962,674 a year ago. As to corn both comparisons were striking, receipts aggregating only 1,-892,950 bushels, against 4,131,337 a year ago, while Atlantic exports fell to the lowest record for many years, 96,109 bushels against 3,329,902 in 1901.

Cotton was pulled both ways; light receipts, reports of almost exhausted stocks at the interior, ready purchases by spinner and fairly well maintained exports bring the upward influences, while talk of reduced time at Lancashire mills, the impending strike at Fall River and general interruption to traffic in New England militating against the staple.

Failures for the week were 232 in the United States against 209 last year and 34 in Canada against 33 in 1901.

A Card.

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LIVES LOST IN STORM

Several Are Known to Have Perished In Dakotas.

Fear Felt For the Safety of the New Settlers.

St. Paul, March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The weather in this vicinity today is bright and clear, but high winds emphasized the cold. In this city one old man, Louis Orlupwski, aged 70 years, was found dead early today on the street, apparently as a result of exposure.

Additional details of the terrible storm that has been raging for three days in the Dakotas are slow to arrive, owing principally to the condition of the wires. At least four and possibly many more persons are dead because of the storm, and the loss of stock will be very heavy. Exact figures will be unobtainable for several days. The mild weather of the previous three or four weeks and appearance of an early spring resulted in many farmers and stockmen being caught napping, although warnings were sent out by the weather bureau forty-eight hours in advance. The storm was felt most by the new settlers, several thousand of whom have moved to North Dakota from the Eastern states during the past month, and heavier loss of life is feared among these people. All trains are still tied up in North Dakota, although rotary snow plows and large crews of men have been working steadily in an attempt to clear the track for through trains. Wires are generally down, or working badly, west of Fargo and Grand Forks.

Prince Albert, with 30 degrees below zero, was the center of cold in the Northwest last night, but by this morning the mercury had climbed to 4 below at that point, the Northwestern weather stations reporting worse cold than that being very little lower, while a general warming up was noticeable.

Chicago, March 17.—Chicago experienced severe cold winter weather today. Since Saturday there has been a drop in the temperature of 50 degrees. At 9 a. m. today the mercury registered 4 degrees above zero, while a strong wind added to the general discomforture of the weather.

Denver, March 17.—The snow and wind storm that has been raging for the past four days along the mountain railroads is beginning to make itself felt. Snow plows and flangers have been keeping the lines open and extra gangs of men have been fighting the drifts clear of the tracks. Now small slides are being reported, while the drifts are growing to great depth. On Tennessee Pass nearly four feet of snow has fallen, and the snow on the Marshall Pass has reached the depth of 78 inches. Colorado & Southern trains are held at Alpine, because entrance to the Alpine tunnel is blocked, and the South Park branch is tied up. The Rio Grande and Colorado Midland roads are still open, but are liable to become blocked at any moment.

ETHEL ATE THE 'TANDY'

The Baby Liked the Sweet Tasting Medical Tablets, Consumed the Whole Box and Is Now a Dead Child.

St. Paul, March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—"She said this morning, 'Ethel want tandy,' but we never thought she would eat the medicine, poor child."

This explanation was given when the doctor had found out yesterday afternoon that Ethel King, the 17-months-old daughter of Charles King, yardmaster of the South St. Paul Stock Yard company, had died because she ate a box of sugar coated tablets.

Her father, who had been ill several days, had procured the tablets as a remedy. When he retired Saturday night he left the medicine on a table. Yesterday morning, as it appeared afterwards, baby Ethel found the box. Naturally, she put one in her mouth. The medicine was sweet, as sweet as "tandy." And the baby eat it all.

About noon she was seized with violent pains and her parents treated her with home remedies. She grew worse. A physician was called. Before he arrived the baby passed into another spasm and died.

An hour later some one found the medicine box beneath a sofa, near where the child was when she became sick. But the "tandy" was all gone.

PROSPECTS BRIGHTER

For Complete Settlement of the Boston Strike---Strong Pressure Is Being Brought to Bear By Governor Crane.

Boston, March 17.—With the reinstatement of a large number of the freight handlers at the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad sheds today and the settlement of the difficulty over taking the old men back at the docks of the Clyde Steamship line, conditions were considered most favorable by those interested for a speedy adjustment of all dissatisfaction among the men employed in the transportation trade who struck here last week. The differences between the 'Longshoremen's union and the Merchants and Miners' Transportation company, the line at which the old employes were not taken back, are practically the only ones now remaining to be settled. Strong pressure is being brought to bear by Governor Crane and the state board of conciliation and arbitration upon the company, with some prospect, it is said, of success.

"AMEN CORNER" DINNER

New York, March 17.—More than 800 men, well known in public affairs, have applied for tickets to the "Amen corner" dinner to Senator Thomas C. Platt on April 4. The guests will be limited to 340.

Prominent among the invited guests who have accepted are President Roosevelt, Governor Odell, Governor Crane of Massachusetts, Senators Depew, Quay, Penrose, Foraker, Scott of West Virginia, Fairbanks and Aldrich, Mayor Low, Lieutenant Governor Woodruff, ex-Governor Black, Archbishop Ireland, J. Pierpont Morgan, John A. McCall, Levi P. Morton, Judges Haight and Werner of the court of appeals, Speaker Nixon, all of the New York state officials and a score of New York senators and assemblymen.

There will be many Democrats as well as Republicans at the dinner, which is to be a strictly non-political affair. Senator Gorman of Maryland, Representative George B. McClellan and other prominent in Democratic affairs, but for years frequenters of the "Amen corner," are among the Democrats who have accepted.

FAITHFUL WIFE REMAINED

St. Paul, March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Louis Day, a helpless invalid, was rescued from the flames that enveloped his home, 512 St. Peter street, at 10 o'clock last night, and carried down a ladder by firemen. His wife, who was unable to assist him, but remained faithfully by his bedside, was almost suffocated by the dense smoke that filled the room, and climbed to a place of safety with much difficulty. This was one of the sixteen fires that kept the department busy during the day. Overheated stoves were responsible for several incipient blazes.

STRUCK A VEIN OF LIGNITE

Bismarck, N. D., March 17.—A crew of men drilling a well on property owned by W. D. Washburn, north of this city, struck a vein or lignite coal extending for a depth of at least twenty feet. Samples of the borings taken from the digging show it to be of a fine grade of this North Dakota coal, and equal if not superior to anything yet found in this part of the country.



THE GOOD ST. PATRICK, WHOSE BIRTHDAY IRISHMEN ALL OVER THE WORLD ARE CELEBRATING.

New York, March 17.—Tons of Shamrock will grace today's commemoration in this city of St. Patrick. It is stated that more genuine shamrock was brought over from Ireland this year than ever before. The Irish-Americans will observe the day more generally than for many years. A big parade is the principal feature. It will move in Fifth avenue, from Forty-second street to One Hundred and Twentieth street.

London, March 17.—St. Patrick's day was celebrated today more generally than usual. The Irish flag was flying from many public buildings, special services were held in the Catholic churches and the shamrock, or something representing it, was seen everywhere. The Irish troops at the various garrisons were given a day's leave. Following the precedent of Queen Victoria, Queen Alexandra sent the battalion of Irish guards, on duty at the Tower of London, a large quantity of shamrocks, which were distributed to the men at parade this morning.

SAUSAGES.

Packers Will Be Prosecuted If They Use Preservatives.

St. Paul, March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state dairy and food commission will this week begin its second crusade against the use of preservatives in sausage. No leniency will be shown this time, and it is announced packers will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law for every case secured against them. The department officials have secured evidence for about 200 cases. The state law provides a fine of not less than $25 or more than $100 each for each violation of the preservatives act.

NEW POSTMASTER.

L. T. Haakenson Succeeds E. S. Erickson at Independence.

Washington, March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—L. T. Haakensen was today appointed postmaster at Independence, St. Louis county, vice E. S. Erickson, removed.

An original pension of $6 per month has been granted to Jeremiah H. Triggs, of Duluth.

IN MEMORIAM.

New York, March 17.—Arrangements have been perfected for the holding of a meeting in memory of the late John P. Altgeld, ex-governor of Illinois, at Cooper Union on Thursday evening, March 27. Among the speakers who have already promised to be present are Clarence F. Darrow, who was Mr. Altgeld's law partner, George Fred Williams and ex-Congressman John J. Lentz.

MAYOR JONES ILL.

Los Angeles, March 17.—Samuel Jones, mayor of Toledo, is ill at Long Beach with pleurisy. Mr. Jones was taken sick immediately after an address delivered at a banquet given by the Economic league at which he was the guest of honor. He is, however, believed to be out of danger.

AHMED DEPOSED.

Tripoli, Africa, March 17.—As a result of the revolution in Wadai, which was followed by fierce fighting, the sultan, Ahmed, has been deposed, and Mohamed Dudu, son of the former sultan, Jusef, has been proclaimed sultan in his stead.

OTIS BEFORE COMMITTEE.

Washington, March 17.—Maj. Gen. E. S. Otis, United States army, formerly military governor of the Philippines, was before the Philippine committee of the senate today, but gave no testimony further than the date of his arrival in and departure from the Philippines, owing to the early convening of the senate. The committee meets again tomorrow. It is stated that Gen. Funston will be examined immediately after Gen. Otis.

SHOT AT A CAROUSAL

Two Halsted, Minn., Men Were Celebrating a Reconciliation When Trouble Broke Out Anew and One Was Fatally Wounded.

Halsted, Minn., March 17.—(Special to The Herald.)—Martin Sunseth, a farmer, living near the village, shot, probably fatally, John Hage during a carousal at the farm of John Hetland.

Some time ago Hage entered into a contract with Sunseth to have the latter move a house. Sunseth finished the job in so short a time that Hage felt he had paid too much for the work. A strained feeling ensued between the two men from that time on.

Recently a reconciliation was effected and in order to solemnize the event in an appropriate manner, Sunseth purchased a keg of beer and invited several friends for the evening. It seems that all parties drank freely, and before they dispersed, Hage began to revive several old grievances and made an attack on Sunseth, who opened fire and wounded him in the breast.

Sunseth gave himself up to the authorities and is now awaiting trial. Much feeling has been created by the affray and the trial is awaited with interest.

THE PRINCE NEARS HOME

The Deutschland Reached Plymouth Monday Noon and Proceeded Immediately---The Emperor Awaits Henry at Cuxhaven.

Plymouth, March 17.—The Deutschland arrived here at 12:30 p. m. and proceeded for Cherbourg and Hamburg at 1:15 p. m. The Deutschland remained three-quarters of an hour in these waters and then proceeded on her journey. Prince Henry, who was browned, hardy looking, and completely rested after his visit to the United States, spent most of his time on the bridge with the captain or first officer of the steamer.

Berlin, March 17.—Emperor William passed Sunday with the empress at the Kiel Schloss. This morning his majesty boarded the battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II and will traverse the canal to Cuxhaven, where he will await the arrival of the Deutschland, having on board Prince Henry of Prussia. Admiral Von Thomsen and other high naval and military officers will participate in the reception of the prince. The Fourth Marine artillery and the Marine band have been ordered to be present. The cruiser Hela will take Prince Henry ashore after the Deutschland anchors before Cuxhaven. Then Emperor William, Prince Henry and the latter's suit will board the Kaiser Wilhelm II, which will immediately sail for Kiel.

INSURGENTS TAKE GUANATA

New York, March 17.—About 600 Venezuelan revolutionists, under the command of Gen. Domingo Monagas, have taken Guanata, and are now threatening Barcelona, according to the latest advices, says a dispatch from Port of Spain, Trinidad, to the Herald.

The Venezuelan insurgent steamship Libertador has landed Gens. Nicolas Rolando and Jose Penaloza near Carupano. They have joined 1000 revolutionists near Cumana.

Gen. Landaete, a Venezuelan government officer, has abandoned Carupano and has fled toward Caracas. It is expected tht Gen. Ducharme's force will intercept Gen. Landaete's troops.

Revolutionists, under the command of Gen. Cordoba, are moving on Cumana.

ON SECRET MISSION

Agent of the Czar Speeding to St. Petersburg.

Has Important Dispatches From Tokio Embassy.

New York, March 17.—Speeding to St. Petersburg with secret dispatches on the situation in Manchuria, from the Russian embassies in Tokio and Washington, is Prince Lobanow-Rostowsky, a confidential agent of the czar. He is making his journey as short and as rapid as steam, endurance and an unlimited supply of money can make it. The prince has at his entire disposal the services of every Russian embassy, consulate and consular agency from Tokio to Kronstadt, for the purpose of hastening his urgent message.

The courier of the czar left this city on the steamship Aquitaine for Havre. Prince Lobanow-Rostowsky has been a special attache in the Russian embassy in the Japanese capital. He left Nagasaki, on the Pacific liner Nippon Maru just before the ratification of the Anglo-Japanese treaty for the maintenance of the integrity of the Chinese empire was communicated to the powers. The imperial courier left Washington on the midnight train. He was preceded by a telegram from the Russian embassy in Washington to the Russian consulate in this city, which instructed the consul here to assure the prince's passage on the Aquitaine at all costs. The passage was obtained, and Prince Lobanow-Rostowsky sailed under the Gallicised name of Loban De Rostow.

The mystery and the haste of his transit began in Tokio, where he had been sent out at the special request of the czar to watch the developments of the alliance, which was then in process of negotiation, and which was designed to check Russia's move to obtain the permanent occupation of Manchuria—a province which in extent, population and future possibilities is an empire in itself.

The Russian embassy in the Japanese capital knew that the Anglo-Japanese treaty was an accomplished fact for days before the official announcement of its ratification. Prince Lobanow-Rostowsky now is hastening to St. Petersburg to lay before the czar and Count Lamsdorff, the minister of foreign affairs, confidential information concerning the immediate prospects of the alliance.

The Russian foreign office is said to have had humiliating experiences with cable messages transmitted in secret codes which fail to keep their secrets, so Prince Lobanow-Rostowsky set out to bear the dispatches himself.

A DEMURE STOWAWAY

Little Quadroon Girl Skillfully Secures a Pleasant Passage From Bermuda But Is Detained at Ellis Island.

New York, March 17.—When the steamer Pretoria, which has arrived from Bermuda was a short way out from that port and the purser started on his round to "check up" the tickets, he was taken aback to find a demure and neatly dressed little quadroon girl sitting on deck near the gangway, hugging a small, neatly packed and tidy bundle and appearing perfectly at home with her surroundings.

When the purser asked her to show her ticket, he found he had tackled a problem of bashfulness, diplomacy, cuteness and simplicity, either feigned or real that outclassed utterly any ingenue of the stage. She finally said her name was Bertha Walman and that her mother is in the United States. She was a stowaway in the eyes of the law, but was well treated on the voyage. She could not tell, however, where to find her mother and was detained, much against her will, at Ellis Island. How the child got aboard the ship is a mystery.

DRIVEN OUT BY FIRE

Twenty-Four Families Routed From Chicago Apartment House, Seek Safety In Street, Clad In Night Clothes.

Chicago, March 17.—Twenty-four families occupying the St. Catherine flats at Fortieth street and Grand Boulevard were driven from the building by fire early today. A frigid wind was blowing and the firemen had to work vigorously to confine the flames of St. Catherines. The tenants had barely time to escape and shivered in their night clothes till neighbors were aroused and gave them shelter. Nearly all household goods and personal effects were lost. William Scanlon, a policeman, fell from a third story window and broke one of his legs. George Patton, one of the tenants, proved himself a hero. Three women were penned in on the third floor. Patton had reached them before the fire blocked the stairway. He made a rope of bedsheets and let the women down the elevator shaft by means of it. He then fastened it and attempted to slide down after them. The make-shift rope gave way, however, and he sustained a broken ankle. Firemen rescued him. The total loss was $60,000.

IMPORTANT TO BREWERS

Decision Rendered By Judge Stone of Marquette Will Compel Outside Beer Makers to Pay Heavy License.

Escanaba, Mich., March 17.—In a case from this county, Circuit Judge Stone, of Marquette, has filed an opinion of widespread importance to brewers. The decision was rendered in a liquor law violation case in which Clayton Voorhees, of Gladstone, was the defendant, and is to the effect that outside brewers cannot sell their product in the state except on the payment of the wholesale license of $500 in every community in which they desire to do business through an agent. Voorhees is accordingly found guilty as charged, having paid no tax while representing a Minneapolis concern as agent.

The effect of the decision will be far-reaching, and will in particular hit the Chicago, Milwaukee and Minneapolis brewers, who have a large trade in the upper peninsula.

The decision is based on the act of congress approved Aug. 8, 1890, amending the interstate commerce law so as to give each state power to control and regulate the sale of all liquors manufactured outside the state and carried into the state for sale there.

TOLEDO PLANT COLLAPSES

Toledo, Ohio, March 17.—The big plant of the Toledo Metal Wheel company, employing nearly 800 men, which stands along the Lake Shore road, collapsed just as a west-bound passenger train passed the building. It fell across the track and barely missed the rear coach. Had the collapse occurred two seconds earlier, every occupant of the coach would have been killed. Had it occurred during the week, it is believed hundreds of lives would have been lost. It is supposed that the continual passing of trains caused the walls to weaken until they collapsed.

HEAVY ORDER FOR HORSES

St. Joseph, Mo., March 17.—One of the largest single orders for horses ever given in the country has been closed with a buyer at the South St. Joseph horse and mule market. The contract calls for 12,000 horses, to be delivered at the rate of 500 per month for twenty-four months. While the contract includes many varieties of animals, it is the general belief that the greater part of them are for the use of the British army in South Africa.

IS OF NO BENEFIT

County Officers See No Gain In Anderson Tax Law.

Puzzling Provision With Reference to Delinquent Tax Sale.

Delinquent Property to Go to Bidder Charging Lowest Interest.

County officers who have been examining it over since the end of the legislative session, say the Anderson law is no gain in any sense.

One of the things that members of the legislature have been congratulating themselves upon over the recent special session is that notwithstanding the defeat of the tax code, a tax law was passed after all in the Anderson bill, which relates to real estate taxation or rather to the collection of taxes on real estate.

A good deal was hoped for from this bill. It was taken out of the tax code and amended by both houses rather freely, and when it went through members of the legislature who had been working hard to get some tax legislation through just for the looks of it breathed a sigh of relief. "We can't be 'skunked' now," they said. "We have passed some tax legislation."

If it turns out, as county officers who have examined it say, that nothing has been gained in the passage of the Anderson bill, the benefits of the special session will be slimmer than ever. The Anderson law takes up the collection of real estate taxes begining with the imposition estate taxes beginning with the imposition through the sale and redemption, etc.

One important change leaves the county in a peculiar situation. The new law provides that the delinquent tax sale shall be held on the second Monday in May, while the old law provides that it shall be held on the first Monday in May. Before the Anderson law was passed the county had published its delinquent tax list and notice of sale and that sale has been advertised to take place on the first Monday in May. Whether the sale can take place on the second Monday, when it has been advertised to take place on the first Monday, and how it can be changed to the second Monday, as the law requires, when it was advertised for the first Monday, are questions that are bothering county officers, and that are yet unsettled.

The verdict of county officers who have examined the Anderson law is that it does not improve upon the old law and that in some respects it is more cumbersome and therefore more expensive and less satisfactory. One change that County Auditor Halden disapproves of is in regard to the sale. Property is to be sold not to the party that will bid the most for it, but to the one that will agree to charge the least interest. Under the old law the interest was 12 per cent, and it cannot exceed that under the new law. But instead of bidding so much for the property under the new deal, bidders will offer to pay the taxes and penalties, and will bid down on the interest. The one that will take the least rate of interest is the successful bidder.

Mr. Halden's fear is that this will act as a protection to delinquents. During the forfeited tax sales here here it was a common thing for a man to come in and bid the minimum price "for the owner," and other bidders, not desiring to bid against the owner, would keep out. If the same thing was one with the delinquent sale under the new law owners might come in and bid in their property at a nominal rate of interest, and thus escape paying high rates. With this hope in prospect, Mr. Halden anticipates that the effect will be to make property owners less careful about prompt payments.

Another change that county officers do not like touches the distribution of interest, penalties and costs. Under the old system the county revenue fund got this, and there was no trouble about apportioning it. Now it has to be divided between the subdivisions the same as other receipts, except that the state does not get a share. This exception means much work for it will be necessary for a separate apportionment to be made on tax receipts and on interest, penalties and costs. If the state got a share the latter could be apportioned with the taxes.

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold
If you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

Gas on the Stomach
Is quickly relieved by Herba Cura, nature's best remedy for dyspepsia.
Not only this, but it has a dozen other virtues that entitle it to your consideration.
Packed in neat red boxes and sold for one dollar by the best druggists.

EDISON THE WIZARD.
Wishes to announce that his latest discovery in the phonograph reproducer, and the new Moulded records, something just out, has the natural tone of voice, and the sweet musical tone of the instrumental records are something wonderful. Call and hear it. Mail orders given prompt attention
B. F. HATHAWAY, Local Agent
202 Trust Building.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

AT WEST DULUTH

Absence from his home in West Duluth since Saturday morning led the friends and relatives of James Gilbert, who resides near the corner of Central avenue and Ramsey street, to fear that he had drowned in the St. Louis river while attempting to cross on the ice. It was learned this morning, however, that Mr. Gilbert is safe. Saturday evening the men at the Mitchell & McClure banking ground, across the river from West Duluth, where Mr. Gilbert is employed, were paid off with checks. The rest of the West Duluth contingent came home by the way of West Superior, preferring to take the long street car ride than to run any risk by crossing on rotten ice. It was thought that Mr. Gilbert set out alone across the ice, and when Saturday evening came and he did not reach home, this feeling deepened into a certainty, and arrangements were made yesterday to send out a searching party this morning. Last evening one of the men who is employed at the banking ground arrived in West Duluth and reported that Gilbert was still at the grounds and did not start for home, as was supposed. The search is off.

SEE NO NEED FOR IT.

There are not many West Duluthians that believe the idea of a ferry service between this place and the steel plant, West Superior, is practical, that is, for all portions of the year. There will be a period of time after the ice goes out in the river that there will be a number of men to go over to the Mitchell & McClure banking ground across the river, but during the summer season there would be few that have to go across, and it has not yet been shown that the business interests of the Steel Plant could draw West Duluth trade. It can be seen where a ferry service would be a good thing for the West Superior young men that come over to see West Duluth young ladies, but outside this important feature it is not shown where the travel to maintain a ferry service will come in. The men who work across the river would be very glad to have some other means of transportation other than street cars to get over to their work at the present time, for the ice is too rotten to permit of travel across it with any degree of safety. A ferry boat large enough to be an ice crusher would be a convenient thing just now, but hardly a paying venture.

MRS. HARRIS INSANE.

Mrs. James Harris, of Thirty-seventh avenue west, made a desperate attempt Saturday morning at an early hour to kill her husband with a heavy wrench. Mrs. Harris appears to be insane as a result of a tumor pressing upon her brain, and for which the surgeons claim there must be an operation. She struck her husband a glancing blow on the head that narrowly missed his temple. After a struggle he overpowered her and she quieted down, aparently going to sleep. Mr. Harris watched her for some time, but became so sleepy that he dozed. Mrs. Harris suddenly slid out of bed and securing a razor attempted to cut her own throat. Her husband again overpowered her, and she was watched until daylight, when Mr. Harris took her to the home of her father, John Armstrong, of Thirty-ninth avenue west. It is likely that an application will be made to Judge Bonham for an examination of Mrs. Harris' condition. The couple have four children.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Rev. James Earl, of the West Duluth Congregational church, held informal services yesterday afternoon at the Red Cross hospital for the benefit of the sick that are not able to get out to the churches for services. The pastor's thoughtfulness was very much appreciated by the inmates of the hospital.

The Young People's society of the Congregational church was reorganized yesterday. The church formerly had a flourishing society, but after the church was without a pastor, interest died out and it soon discontinued meetings.

The trial of Philip Bourasa and Bernard Benson, against whom there are complaints of assault and battery and trespass, was to have occurred in Justice Stone's court Saturday evening, but the cases were adjourned until next Saturday evening.

The cold weather since last Friday has put an excellent sheet of ice in the West Duluth covered rink, after it was thought that the season had closed. Arrangements have been made for a St. Patrick's day skating party this evening. The band will be in attendance and there will be a number of parties from Duluth and West Superior.

A number of the West Duluth band boys are in West Superior this afternoon to attend the Sousa band matinee.

Miss Carrie Holmes left yesterday for her home in Fairchild, Wis., after a two weeks' visit at the home of J.

Tonight!
St. Patrick's Skating Carnival at the
West End Covered Rink
Lanner's Band. Excellent Ice.
Admission: Gents, 25c. Ladies and Children, 15c.



Baking Day in the Kitchen
will be attended by no annoyances when you have one of our steel ranges. It is a first-class baker and cooker, is economical in the use of coal, and embraces all the up-to-date improvements of all the other makes combined, which has made it universally popular. No one should be without one of these handsome ranges. $20 to $50.
WIELAND & WADE.
HARDWARE AND STOVES.

Grand Program of Music Saturday Afternoon & Evening

Everything New, Not an Old Garment ...In the Store...

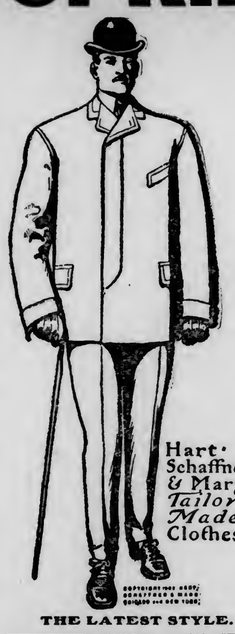
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.
KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,
409-411 West Superior Street.

Mothers! Bring the Children Next Saturday Afternoon

Duluth's New Clothing Store.

SPRING AND EASTER OPENING
Saturday, March 22, 1902,

When we will have the pleasure of displaying and offering the finest goods produced. Months have been spent in preparing for this event, and we unhesitatingly advertise that we believe there is no other clothing store in the West that will show such an attractive assortment of Men's and Boys' fine wearing apparel.



THE LATEST STYLE.

First Offering of Beautiful Custom-made Ready-to-wear Suits for Spring, 1902.

You will see you can not equal them in fit, quality or style. These suits are the handiwork of the world's foremost tailors, Hart, Schaffner & Marx. The handsomest stock ever displayed in Duluth; showing exquisite novelties, surpassing in style, finish and nobbiness any clothing ever before displayed.

FASHIONABLE SPRING OVERCOATS
Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats—the talk of America. Please every one because perfectly made. No other make of Overcoats was ever so praised by delighted people.



A SWELL SUIT.

SPRING FASHIONS IN BOYS' WEAR DEPENDABLE...

Every new style that the foremost designers of Boys' wear in the world have brought out this season will be found in our Boys' department. The celebrated "Crescent" make is on sale exclusively at this store. Productions of David M. Pfaltzer & Co. and Alsberg, Moritz & Co., known everywhere as the best





Elegant Souvenirs for Ladies and Children visiting our Children's Dept. ON SATURDAY.

Finest Hat Stock
in Duluth—Pick of the best Hats made, properly priced—
$1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50 up

Shoes for Easter.
$4 and $5 Shoes for **$2.50.**
We keep Shoes just to accommodate our trade, that's why we make such prices.

Beautiful Easter Ties.
A very large assortment, decidedly the handsomest ever shown in Duluth—
35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Feehly.

Broncho-breaking is getting to be quite the fad in West Duluth. Nels Ness is the latest addition to the ranks of the broncho busters.

This evening the Woodman team of the West Duluth camp will go to Carlton to assist in the initiatory ceremonies of a large class.

The Modern Samaritans of West Duluth will give a social entertainment at the lodge rooms this evening for the members and their families. A fine program has been arranged.

M. Haley returned yesterday from Ashland.

This afternoon the West Duluth Ladies' Reading circle is meeting at the home of Mrs. W. W. Walker, of 5308 Main street.

Carmine Izzo, who was the victim of the alleged assault at the match factory a few days ago, is still unable to use his arm. The member is swollen and very much discolored. It is thought that no bones have been broken, but that the arm has been severely sprained.

Filiatrault, undertaker, West Duluth.

Go to Lauermann's for shoes.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

BEET SUGAR FACTORY.

A Fitting Subject For the Commercial Club.

To the Editor of The Herald:

You have noticed from time to time in your newspaper, and The Herald is a newspaper, the fact that there is a large movement in progress in the way of the settlement of Northern Minnesota lands, particularly in the counties of St. Louis and Carlton, and the benefits to this city and other towns to accrue therefrom. I believe there is nothing more important to the people of this city than to get these lands settled and cultivated and made productive of staple food products. One drawback here has always been the increased cost of living over many other sections. This in a great measure can be overcome by the occupation, cultivation and improvement of the vacant lands. The current year will, without doubt, surpass by far all others in the extent of this immigration and settlement movement. There are some advantages, to be sure; some clearing to do, some stumps to be dug out; but there are many superior advantages. This is not a cyclone country, it is not a hail storm country, it is not subject to drought. It is watered by stream and lake and abundant rainfall. Fuel is plentiful and cheap. There is a hungry market close at hand to absorb everything in grasses, grain, fruit, vegetables, meat, poultry and eggs which can be produced. There is a demand for wood, for spruce pulpwood, for basswood bolts, for the manufacture of matches, for poles and ties and for everything which will make mining timber, and there is abundant opportunity for earning money outside of the farming season. The succession of crops which can be grown here is surprising.

Now, we are coming to our real subject. We hear a good deal about beet sugar. It is said beet sugar has practically displaced cane sugar, and that new as the sugar beet industry is in this country there is now produced in the United States about 175,000 tons of beet sugar per annum and only about 275,000 tons of cane sugar, although the latter industry is much older. We buy, I think, annually about one million tons of sugar (mostly beet) abroad. The sugar beet men have claimed that they can produce beet sugar in this country cheaper than it can be produced elsewhere and imported. European beet sugar producers have been paid a liberal bounty, which, it seems likely, will be discontinued in the near future. American beet sugar will then have a still better chance to flourish. It is claimed by members of congress who oppose concessions to Cuban cane sugar, that that industry is on the wane and cannot be saved by such concessions.

Now, if sugar beet culture can be carried on successfully on lands worth from $20 to $40 per acre, why do not our Northern Minnesota lands, worth from $4 to $10 per acre, offer special advantages for it? No section of the country is better adapted to the growing of all sorts of root products than this; it is famous for such crops. These crops as well as hay crops can be produced without the removal of all of the stumps. If, as Dooley says, this is to be "a governmint av the beet, bole the beet and f'r the beet," why not get into the government band wagon and make an effort to get the industry started here? Duluth is an excellent distributing point. We already have three large wholesale grocery houses which can handle the product. These houses are disposed to be loyal to Duluth manufacturers, and can doubtless be relied upon to further such an enterprise.

Let the subject be taken up. It is a good theme for the Commercial club. Let us get a factory located here, and enlist our farmers in beet planting; it will stimulate agriculture and add greatly to our material interests. When the United States Steel corporation, which has already done much for Duluth, shall begin some manufacturing here, as we believe it will before long, and when our agricultural lands are becoming settled and our citizens, and especially our wage earners, are able to eat more home produced articles of food, as they are elsewhere, then Duluth will indeed begin to realize that growth which is believed by the general public to be in store for her.

W.

Duluth, March 17.

Medium Weight Overcoats
At a heavy discount. Now is your opportunity to secure bargains in overcoats for next fall.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

DOING WELL.

Itasca County Looming Up---Senator McCarthy Out of Politics.

"Yes, we're feeling pretty good up in Itasca county these days," said Senator McCarthy at the St. Louis this morning. "Our new paper and pulp mills are running steadily and making a good product. Now we are to have 500 new settlers in one bunch. I understand that arrangements have been made for a colony of that many Polish families to settle on lands in the vicinity of Feely. This station is four miles above Swan River on the Eastern Minnesota road. It is said that the colony will be brought in the first thing this spring.

"There is one bad thing about this. It rather seems as if 500 Polish families would change the political supremacy of the county to the Democracy. Still, my interest in the matter is purely a party one, for I am out of politics and shall appear hereafter as only a private in the ranks.

"No, I shall not be a candidate for re-election as senator under any circumstances. There is more money and much more peace of mind in the practice of law for me, and I can't make a success of both at the same time. One or the other has to suffer, and I've made up my mind to abandon politics for something possesing more material benefits. The only name I have heard mentioned in connection with the Republican senatorial nomination in our district up to date is that of Warren Potter, of Aitkin. There will probably be others as the time for the convention approaches."

In this connection, it is learned from another source that such a thing might happen that George H. Spear's friends may push him for a legislative nomination in the Itasca county district this fall. Mr. Spear attended the legislature as a newspaper man for several sessions, and last winter was second assistant clerk of the house. He is now engaged in the practice of law at Grand Rapids.

Suits For Tall and Slim.
If you are hard to fit in clothing, try us. We carry a large assortment of spring suits to fit tall and slim, also short and stout.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

THE FLOUR TARIFF.

Rate to New York to Be 17 1-2 Cents.

Local lake and rail line men have been advised unofficially that the tariff on flour from Duluth to New York is likely to open at 17½ cents. It is said that it has already been agreed to fix the rate from Chicago at 15 cents, and this is taken to indicate that the tariff from this point will be 17½ cents. The Duluth differential over Chicago is usually 2c cents. It is believed that there will not be a heavy volume of traffic of this character to move at the opening. So much flour and grain have been sent all rail during the winter, on top of heavy shipments before navigation closed last fall, and the foreign market is so unresponsive to offers from millers as a general thing, that relatively little business has been booked, it is said, for early shipment.

The all-rail rate on export flour business was reduced today from Duluth and St. Paul to New York to 22½ cents. On the all-rail rate, Duluth enjoys no differential over St. Paul. It is presumed that the all-rail lines have made this reduction in order to induce the movement of as much flour as possible over their routes before the lake and rail lines capture all of it. The rail lines will catch from two to four weeks of the rush flour traffic in this way.

Last year the lake and rail rate on flour, Duluth to New York, fluctuated from 17½ cents on May 28 to 14½ cents on June 1. October 21 the rate was again restored to 17½ cents. A weak freight market is looked for during the early part of this season.

MAKES A DEPOSIT.

Dr. Sewell Settles For Smallpox Patient.

Dr. Sewell, of Two Harbors, has deposited $50 with the local health authorities to cover all expenses of a smallpox patient he recently brought to this city, and the action that was begun against him for violating the contagious disease laws will be dropped.

This is the case in which it was claimed the Two Harbors physician was making St. Louis county a dumping ground for Lake county cases. A man with a broken limb developed a case of smallpox after being six weeks in a contract hospital at Two Harbors and was brought to Duluth without the consent of the local health officer.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

Prairie du Chien, March 17.—The body of an unknown man was taken from the Mississippi river by Iowa fishermen yesterday. The body appears to have been in the water a long time.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.



AN EASTER OFFERING
To a friend or guest that they will thoroughly appreciate is a glass of our rich and delicious "BOCK BEER." Eastertide brings nothing more enjoyable, appetizing or invigorating than the choice "BOCK BEER" brewed by the "DULUTH BREWING & MALTING COMPANY." No one should miss this pleasure that comes but once a year.
Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone 241.

REMOVED To the Providence Bldg. Cor. 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.
OLD PHONE NUMBER CHANGED TO 166-3.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

EVERYTHING NEW FOR THE CHILDREN.

New Shoes For Boys.



New Hats For Boys.

M. S. BURROWS.

Advance Samples of Children's Wash Suits.

We take pleasure in announcing the receipt of advance samples of the newest Eastern creations in Children's Wash Suits. The samples are on display in our Children's department and include the daintiest and most desirable creations of juvenile styles in all the new and popular fabrics for the season of 1902. Styles and patterns are exclusive with us.

Mothers are invited to call any day this week to inspect this line of samples and to leave orders for future delivery.

New Shoes For Misses.

M. S. Burrows

Buy Your Boys' Confirmation Suit This Week.

New Slippers For Misses.

HAT SALE.

Tuesday, March 18, 1902.

We shall, on this day, place on sale about 15 dozen of our best $4.00 Brown Derbies at $2.00. Here is a splendid opportunity to get a fine

$4 Hat for $2

See Window.

A. B. Siewert & Co.

304 West Superior Street.

UP TO JURY.

Porter Manslaughter Case Given to the Jury.

The case against Nelson Porter, charged with manslaughter in the second degree, was given to the jury this afternoon in district court. No verdict had been returned at a late hour.

The next case on the list was another homicide case, but of a much more serious nature. This was the murder case against Stens Karvo, indicted for murder in the first degree. Karvo is accused of killing Jacob Myllymaki Jan. 9 in a particularly blood-thirsty and blood-curdling manner. Both were woodsmen, and both were Finlanders. They were seated about a table in a Lake avenue saloon shortly before noon when Karvo suddenly made an assault upon Myllymaki with a knife, forcing his head down upon the table and cutting him savagely. Myllymaki got up and walked toward the front of the saloon, and Karvo followed, cutting him again in a frightful manner. The victim died in a few minutes.

Karvo has spent much of the time since the murder reading a Bible and praying. The theory of the defense will undoubtedly be insanity, and it will be claimed that the apparent absence of motive and the peculiarly frightful details of the crime all point to insanity.

Karvo will be defended by Alexander Marshall.

The evidence in the Porter case was all in about 10 o'clock this morning, and County Attorney McClintock made his address to the jury. He was followed by Porter J. Neff in behalf of the defendant, and he had not finished his plea when court adjourned at noon. This afternoon he concluded his talk, after which Judge Dibell charged the jury.

MAY NOT COME UP.

Doubtful If Wine Room Ordinance Will Appear.

Friends of the anti-wine room ordinance were not certain this afternoon whether an effort would be made to pass the ordinance or not. One of the aldermen friendly to it is tied up on jury duty.

There is some talk of amending the ordinance in such a manner that the booths will be left in the saloons, but they must be open to public inspection at all times.

A Card to the Public!

Every Chicago American sold out of our store yesterday were absolutely complete. Our stamp on papers sold on the street by boys is a guarantee that the papers are complete.

LUNDBERG & STONE,
221 West Superior Street.

THE MASS MEETING.

Interest is steadily gaining ground in the mass meeting that will be held tomorrow evening at the high school building, under the auspices of the Woman's council. The matter of a clean and healthy condition of the streets, and of property of the citizens of Duluth is one of importance and the outlook is good for a large attendance. The following program has been arranged for the meeting:

"The Woman's Council: It's Scope and Purpose," Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge.

"The Ordinances Pertaining to Civic Health and Cleanliness," City Attorney Oscar Mitchell.

"Some Common Examples of Neglect of Ordinances," Alderman Watson S. Moore.

"The Work of the Civic League of Superior," Rev. J. M. Smith, of Superior.

"Civic Improvement and the Schools," Professor Charles Alden Smith.

"Individual Duty," Attorney J. L. Washburn.

"The General Subject," by Bishop McGolrick.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

C. Volland, the practical hatter, 34 First avenue east, has received his 1902 spring style blocks and shapes.

Special discount sale, 5 to 40 per cent for a short time longer at R. R. Forward & Co.'s, West End hardware store.

Parlor theater. Another laughing week.

Charles A. Towne was one of the honorary pall bearers selected for the funeral of ex-Governor John P. Altgeld, of Illinois.

Tonight at St. Clement's hall in the West End St. Clement's Dramatic club will produce the Yankee drama "Uncle Rube." There is much interest, especially in the West End, over the production and a fine treat is anticipated. Haaten's orchestra will play.

Tonight's rehearsal for the amateur production of "Pinafore" has been postponed for one week on account of the Kenna concert.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

The Evening Shakespeare club will meet in the Y. M. C. A. hall this evening at 8 o'clock. R. E. Denfeld will speak on "King Lear."

The civil branches of district court today were engaged upon the same cases that were on last Friday, but in both of them the end was not far away. Judge Ensign in court room No. 2 was hearing the case of Katherine W. Upham against George H. Lounsberry and Judge Cant in room No. 3 was hearing the case of Austin J. Meagher against John J. O'Flaherty.

The third application for the registration of a title under the Torrens law was made this morning. There has been no rush to take advantage of the law, as the number of applicants shows.

The Dickerman Investment company has begun a suit in district court against Frank A. Day and others to partition sixteen lots in Highland Park addition to Duluth in which both parties are interested. It is claimed that the lots are worth $6500. The court is asked to determine the various interests, to order the property sold and to divide the proceeds in the proper proportion. R. S. Powell is the attorney.

It is probable that city hall officers and employes will be given a half holiday on Saturdays from now on—at least till fall. The matter will be brought before the council this evening and several of the aldermen have expressed themselves in favor the half holiday.

Max Cohen, of Biwabik, has been discharged from voluntary bankruptcy.

This morning the board of public works awarded P. McDonnell the contract for improving Nineteenth avenue east. The contract, however, is subject to the approval of the council. Mr. McDonnell agrees to pave the avenue with tar-macadam from Fourth street to South street for $24,174.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River Railway company filed a trust deed of $2,000,000 to the Minnesota Trust company, with the register of deeds late this afternoon. The money secured on this deed is to be used in building the proposed road between this city and Koochiching.

A Few of the Many Household Goods We Sell!

BED ROOM SUITS. Oak, Ash, Elm, Dresser, Comode, Bed Stead—
$15 to $40

IRON BEDS. Big assortment to pick from—white, blue, green, Olive, pink—
$2 to $25

SPRINGS. Best tempered woven wire, Iron, or wooden beds—
$1.98 to $5

CHIFFONIERES. Golden Oak finish—
$10 to $17

SIDEBOARDS. Oak and Ash—
$10 to $25

CENTER TABLES. Oak, Mahogany and Birch, all sizes—
$1 to $7

DINING ROOM TABLELS. Oak and Elm—
$4.75 to $20

DINING ROOM CHAIRS. Oak, Ash, Elm, Cane, Wood, Leather seats—Set—
$5 to $18

BOOK CASES. With and without glass doors—
$7.50 to $15

Couches, Bed Lounges, Folding Beds, Carpets, Lace, Chenile and Tapestry Curtains and Covers, Washers, Wringers, Clocks and Silverware.

Your credit is good and we make the payments to suit you—weekly or monthly.

GATELY SUPPLY CO

8 East Superior Street.

LACKING IN SPEED

Railroad Commission Is Anxious For Range Roads to Act.

Think Time Enough Has Elapsed For Making New Tariffs.

Roads Say They Must Be Approved By Presidents.

It is reported that the state railroad commission has shown some impatience regarding the issuance of the new class tariff by the iron range roads. Commissioner Miller made a special trip to Duluth some time ago to consult the traffic men of the two lines regarding the revision of their tariffs. He found that the roads had had this matter under consideration for several months. Since then he has thought that it was time for the tariff to make its appearance.

A railroad man who has been informed on the situation since the first talk occurred regarding a reduction of freight rates said this morning that the new tariffs were practically all ready to issue.

"The tariffs cannot be published, however, until President House of the Iron Range and President Olcott of the Missabe return and they are submitted to them for their approval. The changes to be made are quite sweeping, for they amount practically to a complete revision of the rate sheets. It is particularly essential that the operating executives of the roads approve of the changes that have been prepared, in view of the fact that they were the first ones to suggest that the changes be made. President House gave instructions before he went West that the Iron Range tariff should be revised, but General Freight Agent Viele was South. When Mr. House was back for a few days Mr. Olcott had gone South. Consequently at no time has it been possible for all the officials interested to get together on the subject. The matter will be taken up as soon as possible after the return of Mr. Olcott and Mr. House.

"One point that should be made plain is that the changes that will be made are the roads' own volition, and the idea originated with them a couple of months before it occurred to the state railroad commission. The Iron Range tariff seems to need revising more than the Missabe, probably owing to the fact that it has been built up a little at a time, and the traffic of the road has developed very rapidly since the tariff was last revised. The merchandise traffic of these roads amounts to so little that there is nothing to be gained by a selfish policy. The only question to be considered is that of justice. And if there are unjust freight rates to the ranges, I understand it is the purpose of those in control of matters to see that the injustice is removed."

THE SHOOT.

Score Made Under New System Used By Club.

The beautiful silver trophy offered for competition among the members of the Central Gun club by F. D. Day & Co. was won yesterday by E. C. Maxfield, who shoots as "Field." The cup will be shot for twice a month during the year, and the man winning it the most times between now and the conclusion of the season will keep it permanently. The score in the first shoot for this trophy yesterday was:

Class.	Shot at.	Broke.	Percentage won.
Field	22	23	100
Zopp..	21	20	95
McSwiggen	18	17	94
Storey	25	23	92
Hugo	19	16	84
"Bob"	21	14	66
"Major"	25	16	64

In this shoot the new system of handicapping was put in use. Field, for instance, is in the 22 class, which means that while shooting at 25 birds if he breaks 22, thereby missing 3, he is still given a percentage of 100.

In the handicap medal event Zopp won the gold button; Hugo, the silver, and Field the bronze buttons. The score was:

Class.	Shot at	Broke	Per-cent.
Zopp	21	20	95
Hugo	19	18	94
Field	22	20	90
McSwiggen	18	20	80
Storey	25	20	80
Major	25	19	76
Bob	21	14	66

Is Bearing Fruit.

The street railway company has a special detective on duty now and as a result four persons have been arrested for spitting on the floors of cars.

Fred Brown and Dan Lemieux are disposed to fight their cases, and the hearings will be tomorrow afternoon.

Patrick Kelly forfeited $5 bail by not appearing in court to answer the spitting charge, and B. Soule went to jail for a few days. He is the first to be sentenced to jail for spitting on the floor of a car.

Eight Below Zero.

The minimum temperature recorded at the Duluth station of the United States weather bureau, within the last twenty-four hours was 8 degrees below zero. This is the first time that the minimum temperature at the head of the lakes has gone below the zero mark in over a month. The freeze up was rapid and hard. Saturday afternoon the mud in the streets froze solid in a period of an hour and a half. Reports from the districts surrounding the head of the lakes indicate that the freeze up has been quite general. The forecast indicates colder but generally fair weather tonight and tomorrow morning, warmer tomorrow afternoon and evening.

GET FREE DELIVERY

Lester Park and Lakeside to Have It April 1.

Postmaster Fisher Is Informed That Funds Are Available.

Superintendent and Assistant and Two Carriers at Station.

Beginning with April 1 Lakeside and Lester Park districts of the city will have free delivery mail service. Postmaster Fisher has received word from Washington that sufficient appropriation has been secured to warrant the establishment of the carrier system in accordance with the order of the postoffice department, issued Feb. 8. The Lakeview postoffice will be discontinued March 31 and the Lakeview postal station established April 1.

There will be a superintendent of the station and two carriers. The delivery service will cover practically all of Lakeside and Lester Park divisions of the city and there will probably be two deliveries a day.

It is likely that the present incumbent as postmaster at Lakeview and his deputy will be the superintendent and assistant superintendent, respectively, of the postal station, this being the custom followed when the West Duluth postoffice was consolidated with that of Duluth and a postal station was established. It has not been decided who the two carriers for the new station will be.

The establishment of the station and free delivery service will be hailed with delight by the residents of Lakeside and Lester Park, who have for so long a time past been agitating the question of free delivery of mail in the eastern portion of the city. The matter has been before the postoffice department at Washington for a long time, and inspectors have been sent to Duluth on several occasions to inquire into and report on the merits of the request for the service.

After the order was issued by the department for the establishment of a postal station and a carrier service, there was some little doubt expressed as to whether the order could be carried out for the reason that there was no appropriation provided for it, but Congressman Morris finally succeeded in getting the necessary funds.

The establishment of the new service will give Duluth two postal stations, at the western and eastern ends of the city. While not officially stated, it is believed that the change will not only make a place for two of the carriers that have been substituting, but it will make places for two of the men now on the eligible list.

PERSONALS.

C. A. Duncan will leave tonight over the South Shore for Boston. Mrs. Duncan will follow on Wednesday. They are going to visit Miss Duncan, who is attending school in Boston.

T. W. Teasdale, general pasenger agent of the Omaha road, is in the city today.

J. T. Jones is at the St. Louis.

Senator Hawkins, who went East the other day, will go from Philadelphia to Ozark Beach, Fla., where he will join O. D. Kinney and E. Z. Griggs.

H. W. Reade, of Escanaba, was an arrival at the Spalding this morning.

F. M. Busch left for Portland today over the Great Northern.

W. H. Shea, of Eveleth, arrived at the St. Louis this noon.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Burg returned Saturday from Mt. Clemens, Mich. Mr. Burg is greatly improved in health.

W. E. Robertson and wife left over the Northern Pacific this morning for Portland.

William Merrill, of Two Harbors, is at the St. Louis.

W. C. Agnew and family have returned from a trip East.

H. W. Neff and wife, of St. Paul, are guests at the McKay. Mr. Neff is connected with the purchasing department of the Northern Pacific.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Stone moved from the Spalding today into their new home in the East End.

E. W. Allen, treasurer of the South Shore railway, is in the city. He will leave tonight for Fargo. It is said Mr. Allen was looking for a house here. His department will move to Duluth with the other general offices of the road.

James B. Brooks and B. F. Lee, of Pittsburg, are guests at the Spalding.

One Thousand Mark.

A membership in the Duluth board of trade was sold today for the sum of $1000. This was the highest price ever paid for a membership. It was purchased from the board itself.

BIRTHS.

EKEROTH—Two sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Ekeroth, 2512 West Thirteenth street.

COOPER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Cooper, at St. Luke's hospital.

ROY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Roy, of Hunter's Park.

AUSTIN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Austin, of Rice Lake.

FLEISHBEIN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fleishbein, of 207 Pittsburg avenue.

DEATHS.

FORTIER—Dr. Joseph J. Fortier died suddenly last evening at his home 1119 Nineteenth street, West Superior. Death was caused by apoplexy. The deceased was 60 years of age and is survived by a wife and one son.

BERGQUIST—Mrs. Julius Bergquist died at 11:30 this morning at her home, 563 Third avenue west. The funeral service will be Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock in Stewart's undertaking rooms.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1388.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largest ever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant.
EISCHEN BROS.,
109 West Superior St Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

AS IT LESSENS DEFECTS, INTENsifies attractiveness, Satin-Skin Powder pleases all users. 25c. Flesh, white or brunet.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

EASTER OPENINGS

Continue Throughout the Store.

Notwithstanding the cold snap the store was quite busy today and will no doubt continue to get more and more so until Easter time—less than two weeks in which to get your Easter things together.

Some important displays are being made of Imported Model Suits, Coats and Wraps—of silk and cloth.

New arrivals in Dress Trimmings—including the "Pompadour"—and the DuBarry effects.

Important displays are being made of new cotton fabrics, consisting of Scotch Madras Suitings—Half Linen Basket Cloth—Cyprian Madras—all Linen Suiting—all Linen Hopsacking—Linen Etamines, together with new lines of Dimities and Batiste.

Special values are being offered in White Goods and Linens for Easter.

The Millinery Department displays more new hats in La Pompadour, DuBarry and Dolly Varden effects — merely an informal showing.

The Dress Goods and Silk Department show new and beautiful arrivals of high class wool fabrics and silks.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

INCREASED.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Duluth & Northern Minnesota railway was held Saturday afternoon. At this meeting it was voted to amend the articles of incorporation so as to authorize the directors to increase the capital stock of the company from $200,000 to $1,000,000. The action was largely formal, and in line with the permission already obtained from the railroad and warehouse commission. The proceeds from the additional stock will be used to extend the road into Duluth from the present terminus near Knife River.

The master mechanic of the South Shore road will leave tonight for Dayton, Ohio, where he will inspect the five new sleepers that are just being completed there for the road. Three of these sleepers will be 12-section cars and two of ten sections. The South Shore's contract with the Pullman company expires on the first of June, and at that time complete new equipment will be put on the evening trains of that road.

Hit By a Car.

James O'Donnell, a delivery wagon driver for J. K. Stack & Co., was injured in a collision with a Fourth street car Saturday. O'Donnell was driving his wagon west on Fourth street. When he aproached First avenue west he turned to cross the tracks and drive down the avenue. His forward wheels had just gotten on the street car track when a west-bound car struck the wagon. The wagon was thrown over and O'Donnell was thrown out on the hard street, bruising him up considerably and spraining his arm. O'Donnell claims the car approached without giving proper warning, and the street car people claim he did not look to see whether a car was approaching.

ST. PATRICK.

Following out its usual custom division No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians attended the services at the cathedral at 9 o'clock yesterday morning. The sermon was preached by Bishop McGolrick and was along a line of thought appropriate for the occasion.

The Irish residing in Duluth and vicinity are especially rejoined this year over the successful work of the Irish league in the United States. They have also indicated their approval of the efforts of the Nationalist party. Expressions denoting jubiliance over Gen. Methuen's Waterloo, in South Africa are also manifest on all sides.

This being St. Patrick's day, many of the Irish residents of Duluth are wearing the shamrock, some of them having the genuine shamrock, received from friends in the Emerald Isle. Others not so fortunate have contented themselves with an imitation emblem. Occasionally a green tie is to be seen.

This morning at the cathedral solemn high mass was sung and the choir rendered a special program of music. The sermon was preached by Rev. Father O'Dwyer and was an eloquet one.

WON MANY PRIZES.

J. T. Michaud returned yesterday from Chicago, where he went to attend the annual bench show of the Chicago Kennel club. Mr. Michaud's dogs won ten prizes at this show, four of them first prizes.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Capitalized at $500,000. Shares $1 each.
$350,000 in the Treasury.

CARNEGIE OIL SHARES

NOW 10c PER SHARE

The Carnegie Oil company is now at a depth of 525 feet. Delayed owing to an accident, but again drilling. Already has struck two good flows, but drilling deeper to get a gusher. The stock is the cheapest buy on the market. Already has one well, has two well located properties and is drilling for more oil.

Not located in a new Western district, where oil will be found, but in an old established oil formation, which already has shown up oil.

Money invested in Carnegie Oil Shares is money Well Invested.

Remember, this is the last chance to buy Carnegie oil shares at

10c per share.

Non-assessable. No Personal Liability.

This stock will be advanced after Monday next to higher figures. It is now 10c per share.

Atlantic & Pacific selling at 5c per share is now selling at $3 to $5 per share. It sold at Christmas time at 5c. The Atlantic & Pacific is operating in the same district as the Carnegie Oil company. The Carnegie has just as good a show to strike a gusher as the Atlantic & Pacific. Buy before Carenegie strikes a gusher and make the profit which will be bound to result to an investment in Carnegie shares Write or wire

Carnegie Oil Company,

212 Trust Building. Duluth, Minn.

BUILDERS' EXCHANGE

Steps Are Being Taken Toward the Organization of One.

Those Interested Deny That It Is to Affect Prices.

Twin City and Duluth Builders Have a Meeting.

A meeting of all the building trade interests in this city will be held on Thursday night, when it is hoped to perfect the organization of a builders' exchange. Such an organization has been attempted here several times, but has never been successful. Two meetings in the interest of the present project have been held already. As yet nothing very definite has been accomplished, both of the meetings having been open ones. M. A. Thomson was chosen temporary president and Henry D. Bullard secretary. The former is of the firm of Thompson & Dunlop, and the latter is a dealer in building materials.

A rumor has become current that the organization has been started with the idea of perfecting a combination of all building interests. This report is denied by those that are interested in the organization of the new exchange. They say that such an organization has long been needed here to discuss business matters affecting their various and allied interests, and that in the less active times several efforts were made to keep an exchange alive, but without success. With the coming of better times, they hope to keep enough interest stimulated to maintain it as an active organization.

Rumors have also gained circulation that the local building interests intended to work hand in hand with the exchange of the Twin Cities regarding wage schedules of mechanics. This is denied absolutely. It is claimed that such a proposition was made by the Twin City exchanges, and that a committee consisting of J. A. Watterworth, James Smith and L. D. Campbell, went down to discuss the matter. It is said that the Twin City builders were told that the local contractors would be glad to enter into such an agreement if it were possible to carry it out. But the people below were told that the higher cost of living here necessitated somewhat higher wages for mechanics. The matter was discussed at considerable length, but it is claimed that no agreement of any kind was reached, except a general entente of harmonious feeling.

The men prominent in the organization of the builders' exchange decline to discuss the details of the plan. They say that the failure of such organizations in the past has been due to too much publicity before the organization was placed securely on its feet. They deny positively that any question of combination on prices enters into the reasons for forming the exchange. They also deny that it is organized with the purpose of fighting the Twin City contractors, who have invaded the local field quite extensively of late. They admit, however, that such a purpose as the latter would be more to their liking.

New Vocal Director.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

families of Virginia saying that his family is of the old Southern aristocracy. He has been leading a wild life for many years but is now thoroughly reformed. The police think he will be more thoroughly reformed in St. Peter and will formally present him as a candidate for an insane asylum tomorrow.

SONG OF THE ABSENT.

Oh, hearts across the sea at home,
We're near to you this day,
We stretch our hands from foreign lands
And grip your own and say:

Old Ireland so fresh and green
Though far we are away,
We're joined with those where the shamrock grows
This same St. Patrick's day.

Dear little isle that gave us birth,
And where we fain would die,
As green as each enchanting scene
Lives each fond memory!

Our own dear land! Our own loved land!
That soon your shamrocks may
In freedom grow, as long ago,
Our prayer is this day!

Our hearts near broke that morn long past—
In mist we saw you fade.
You're dear as then—come, join us, men,
In this refrain I've made:

Old Ireland! Old Ireland!
Our lives we down would lay
To see each chain 'gainst which you strain
Burst, this St. Patrick's day.

—W. J. H.

Duluth, March 17.

Concert and Dance

Columbia Hall, Tuesday Evening, March 18, by Band and Team of Duluth Camp, M. W. A., 2341. Tickets, 25 Cents.

BOND SALE.

Council to Dispose of $60,000 Worth at To-night's Meeting.

Bonds amounting to $60,000 will be offered for sale by the council this evening.

The issue is for the purpose of replenishing the extension fund of the water and light department.

Much of the money to be received will be used in extending the water and gas system to Woodland.

Up to noon today there was very little evidence of a spirited fight by outsiders for the bonds and it is probable that most of the bidding will be done by local parties.

The bonds are to bear 4 per cent interest, payable in gold semi-annually and running for a period of thirty years. The denominations are $1,000, $500, $100 and $50.

"Uncle Rube"

Given by— St. Clements' Dramatic Club

At St. Clement's Hall, Cor. 3rd st. and 21st ave. W., Monday evening, March 17th. Flaaten's Orchestra.

GOING TO GRAND RAPIDS.

W. E. Verity Likely to Locate In That City.

William E. Verity, one of the best known writers on Minnesota politics in the state, was in the city this morning on his way to Grand Rapids. Mr. Verity is said to contemplate going into the newspaper business at Grand Aapids. He looks upon the Itasca county metropolis as a promising location, and the Grand Rapids people who know Mr. Verity are said to be anxious to have him engage in the business there. He first made his reputation as a political writer on the Minneapolis Tribune, though he had previously been in the newspaper business in Duluth, the Twin Cities and elsewhere for many years. He is a practical man and has the reputation of being a good hustler.

Telephones!

On or before April 2nd, 1902, we will have our entire system, residence as well as all business telephones in working order, and all will be on separate lines. Business telephones now working on party-lines will be changed to single lines soon.

Our rates will remain the same: Business, $30.00 and residence, $20.00 per annum. It will not be necessary to make up our loss by increasing our rates at this time. Have a little more patience with us and you will soon be in touch with the world again.

ZENITH CITY TELEPHONE CO.

BELONGS IN ST. PETER.

James S. Cobb Is a Very Freaky Individual.

James S. Cobb, claiming to be a reformed millionaire, is detained at police headquarters today.

He thinks he has $50,000 in the First National bank; imagines that George Gould owes him $650,000 and really has just 45 cents to his name.

Mr. Cobb has been annoying a very prominent young woman with his attentions. In fact the most valuable thing found on him when arrested was a proposal which he had mapped out and intended for this girl.

The man has been working all winter in a tie camp up the north shore and claims to have made much money inventing a new kind of tie. It is on the strength of this invention that he thinks he is a millionaire.

He also claims a place among the first

It Cures Dyspepsia.

That's what Herba Cura does and does it in the right way by getting the stomach in a healthy condition so that it will digest the food and give strength to the entire body.

If you are troubled with a disordered stomach or don't seem to receive proper strength from your food, you should try this excellent remedy.

Price one dollar at the best druggists.

Coming Back to Duluth.

The Duluth gas engine works, recently moved from West Superior to the old Crawford steam engine works on South Lake avenue, will soon start up on a large scale.

Saturday night there was a reorganization meeting of the stockholders, at which A. A. Williams was elected president; G. W. Johnson, vice president, and William Tilderquist, secretary and treasurer. The reorganization brings the last two to Duluth as permanent citizens, Mr. Tilderquist moving from Spokane Falls, Wash., and Mr. Johnson from West Superior.

The board of directors for the next year consists of A. A. Williams, G. W. Johnson and A. E. Zimmerman.

Well Known Citizens Praise Osteopathy.

To the Branch Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy, 512-13-14 Torrey Building, Duluth:

"Dear Doctors—You ought to advertise your great science so that people could know of its great value to the afflicted.

"I was stricken with a violent attack of diphtheria, followed by almost total paralysis, which left me helpless for many weeks before I was finally persuaded and assisted to your offices by Mr. Quillard, who can be seen in the savings department of the First National bank, and after twelve treatments was completely restored, and am now at work on a local train out of Duluth. You can't make it too strong. Refer to me and if I am not at home my wife can tell them what osteopathy has done for me.

"F. W. PENWARDEN,
418 South Eighteenth Avenue East, Duluth."

PALTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Easter Booklets

"The Easter Story," retold for little children. A dainty little booklet, printed on special paper with deckle edges— price.. 15c

THE LOTUS SERIES—a beautiful line of religious reading, daintily bound, and published at 25c each.

In the list there are such writers as John Henry Newman, John Howard Payne, Rev. A. M. Toplady, Sarah F. Adams, Henry W. Longfellow, and others equally as famous.

Per Copy 10c.

Easter Cards and Booklets at from.....5c to 35c

Oxford Prayer Books, in all kinds of bindings.....15c to $3.50

Oxford Bibles, a most complete line in all sizes and bindings, ...95c up to $8.50

OUT WITH ICE.

Hunter Was Taken Out With the Ice Field.

The steamers Bon Ami and Hunter, which have been keeping up the record for winter navigation on Lake Superior, are both in port to be fitted up for the new season, which is not very far away.

The Hunter, which arrived Saturday, had rather a unique experience in getting in. As stated in The Herald Saturday evening, she arrived off the harbor in the forenoon, and after penetrating a considerable distance into the slush ice that the northeaster had jammed in she became fast so that she could go neither in nor out. She was there up to a late hour Saturday afternoon, when the wind changed out of the northeast and into the southwest, and the ice field began to make for the open lake. The Hunter was still fast, and as the field held together the vessel was carried out to sea. Before the wind broke up the ice field the Hunter was carried quite a distance down the lake, but late in the afternoon she was able to get free, and at 6 o'clock she came into the harbor. She will be fitted out between now and April 1, about which date she will start out again.

The Bon Ami, which has been at Two Harbors since she quit sailing up and down the north shore, arrived in port this noon. She will also be fitted out for the new season, which for her will begin just as soon as she can be made ready for it. The Bon Ami was slightly injured in the gale Saturday by being pounded against the dock. Her bulwarks were damaged somewhat, but the injury is not serious.

HIGH GRADE

Are Spring Purchases For Freimuth's Great Store.

I. Freimuth, who has been in the New York markets for some time with a number of the buyers from his store, returned home today, together with Mrs. Freimuth, who accompanied him on his trip. The buyers, who arrived home in advance of their chief, were as follows: Fred Rasmussen, of the cloak department; Frank Fleischman, of the crockery and glass department; Thomas Griffith, of the carpet department; F. B. Levitz, of the hosiery, underwear and fancy goods departments, and Miss Anna Cargill, of the millinery department.

Mr. Freimuth found in the Eastern markets a particularly profuse display of up-to-date and seasonable goods, and he was able to acquire the choice of the market for his store. The wholesale stocks were of a higher grade than usual, and of much greater variety, and this is true of the purchases made for the Freimuth store. Mr. Freimuth's purchases were much larger and of a higher grade than ever before. Particular attention was paid to silks, dress goods and ready made garments, of all of which a particularly choice selection was purchased.

"Business is excellent all through the East," said Mr. Freimuth today, "and we anticipate for Duluth the biggest year's business in her history. The season is starting out with that promise, and we look for a tremendous increase when it gets under way. Duluth is looked upon with more confidence than ever in the East, and it surprises no one to hear that the city is prospering. Eastern people, so far as my observation goes, look for great things from the Zenith City."

One result of Mr. Freimuth's trip was the addition of a new department, which was opened today. While away he purchased a handsome stock of wall paper, which was placed on sale today. The department is in charge of D. R. Rosenblatt.

ARE COMING.

Quite a number of visitors are in the city who have taken advantage of the merchants' excursions rates, which apply over all roads entering Duluth. The merchants in the territory worked by Duluth jobbers began arriving last week. Tickets coming were on sale, beginning last Wednesday, and will be taken off this evening. They are good to return here until next Monday. There is no way of determining how many have taken advantage of the rates until all have applied for return tickets. It is quite likely that longer advertising would have resulted in larger numbers taking advantage of the rates, but the jobbers had to do the best they could after getting the railroads to grant the rates.

Tickets will go on sale again two weeks from Monday, which will be good to return from Duluth up to April 14.

Attention, Stockholders.

There will be an informal meeting of the resident stockholders of the Kootenai Copper Mining and Smelting Co., at Kalamazoo block on Thursday evening, March 20, at 8 o'clock. All persons interested in the company are invited to be present.

Until April 1st this store opens daily at 8:30.

PALTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Until April 1st, this store closes at 5:30, excepting Saturdays.

Easter costumes and tailored garments

THE pen and press can only serve to give you a faint idea of the magnitude and importance of our exhibition of Spring Garments. We can not convey to you a tangible conception of the beauty of the Easter Costumes and separate ready-to-wear things through the newspaper, but we'll merely throw out a few hints, and extend to you a broad and earnest invitation to visit this department, which was never in such readiness at this season.



The Modish Paletot —A long coat, or Paletot or taffeta ottoman or peau de sole is an essential feature of a well selected wardrobe. If for practical use they are of taffeta or may be of light weight cloth fitted in at the back, half loose in front, with three little superposed capes, and decorated with strappings or pipings of the same or of moire. They are of greater width at bottom than formerly, and, therefore, better accommodate the flare of the skirt, giving additional grace to their outlines. Very dressy specimens are much trimmed with lace and embroidery and some have appeared entirely of lace over silk linings; these hang loose from the shoulders with just sufficient curve at the waist to give a graceful sweep.

We are now showing all the new creations in the Long Taffeta Silk Ulster in black, blue, and gun metal shade. Prices $65 00, $18.00, $15.00, ----- **$12.50**

Beautiful Black Moire Long Ulsters in the very newest ideas, plain or elaborately trimmed—prices $14.98, $19.50, $39.50, $65

Women's Tailored Suits.
The New Gibson Suit is the nobby suit of the season. But it must be extremely well tailored to be correct. Ours have the perfect form, are inimitable in finish and style. We show twenty-five different styles in the new Gibson effect alone, embracing all the new spring shades and fads. $12.50, $14.98, $19.50 and **$24.50**

Exquisite Dress Skirts.
Made of beautiful black taffeta and net, gorgeously trimmed and handsomely tailored, with ruffled or chiffon and silk ruche. Others made of black satin ribbon on net, while some come in beautiful Moire silk. $7.50, $9.98, $11.50, $12.50 to ------ **$49.00**

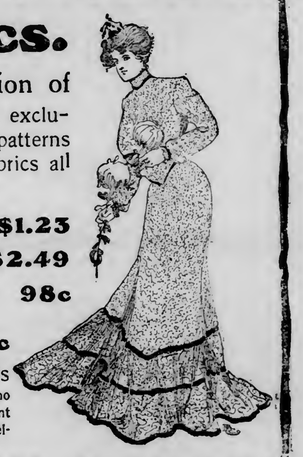
New Tailored Jackets.
The Nobby Gibson blouse effect, in black silk Moire. Our prices are—
$10, $12.50, $15, up
Black Silk Taffeta Eton and Blouse Jackets, all the modish effects, at—
$12.50 and $15.00
Ladies' Cloth Jackets, fly front, jaunty fitting, coat back, silk revers and silk lining—
$5, $7.50, $12.50, $18

A Walking Skirt Sale.
This time 50 ladies' $6 Walking Skirts to be sold at $3.98. Several good styles to select from. You know our goods and you know when we advertise an item it is genuine. No sold-out excuse when you come----- **$3.98**

Our Silk Waist Values
are creating no end of talk. Come and see the new $3.98 and $4.98 waists. They come in all colors, and we are priding ourselves on these two lines.

Ladies' ShirtWaist Suits
Tuesday we will offer the BEST, the NEWEST, the CHEAPEST and NOBBIEST Ladies' two-piece Shirt Waist Suit ever sold in Duluth at $1.98. These are worth $4. They come in blouse effect Jacket with white pique vest front and trimming. Full width skirt that drapes perfectly. In pretty polka dot patterns. Special sale price for Tuesday---- ------ -- **$1.98**

New spring dress fabrics.



OUR prestige in the markets allows us to command the selection of the most meritorious fabrics, and places us in a position to obtain absolute and exclusive ownership of all our novelties. No other merchant in the city shows the same patterns and fabrics that we are now selling. Special display of high-grade Spring Dress Fabrics all this week, introducing novelties heretofore never brought to this market.

45-inch Silk and Mohair French Valles in all the newest spring shades, including black—special at... **$1.98**

45-inch Silk and Wool Irish Poplins in new blue, Paris gray, biscuit, seal brown, black and tan; per yard----- **$1.98**

50-inch Silk and Mohair de Chene, in black only, per yard----- **$2.25**

Silk and Mohair frame Etamines, special at----- **$2.25**

46-inch Tucker Grenadines, all pure silk; special at----- **$1.25**

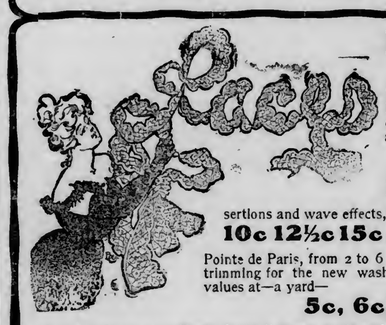
46-inch Crepe de Elysian, very sightly; per yard----- **$2.49**

46-inch all-wool Etamines, black, tan, new blue, navy; special—per yard----- **98c**

46-inch Nun's Veiling in all the new spring shades, including black; per yard----- **73c**

New linings

The mode for thin dress fabrics is causing a strong demand for high-class linings. In no former season have linings taken such an important part in the dress, and our lining department will give you a correct idea of the great advances made this season in the development of beautiful linings. All the newest lining novelties as well as the staple linings.



Laces
For Confirmation.

Thousands of yards fine French and Italian Valenciennes laces in sets, edges and insertions—a yard
5c to 50c

New ecru and Arabian Venice lace galloons, insertions and wave effects, the very latest patterns at
10c 12½c 15c 25c to $1.50

Pointe de Paris, from 2 to 6 inches wide—a splendid trimming for the new wash dresses — extra special values at—a yard—
5c, 6c, 8c and 10c

Pointe de Venice and Nottingham all overs, 50 pieces bought below actual value—selling at—a yard—
45c, 60c, 75c and up to $1.50

A splendid assortment of Plat and Normandy Valenciennes, in sets of 3 to 4 widths, new patterns, sell at—
10c up to 50c a yard

Black silk Lace Gallons—per yard—
20c, 25c and up to 75c

Tucked and shirred Chiffon all overs—cream, white and black—per yard—
$1.75, $2.00 and $2.50

Black, cream and white all overs in silk net, escurial, and Pointe de Venice—
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 up to $3.50

Beautiful Net all overs with floral designs, galloons and insertions to match at—per yard—
$2.00, $2.50 up to $4.00

Fashion'ble Easter Neckw'r

A very rich and extraordinary display of fashionable Neckwear for women—all the latest Automobiles, Turnovers and Stocks, beautiful all silk Windsors—plain colors, plaids and polka dots.

Automobiles in fine all silk, hemstitched and tucked, full length—from—
25c each to $1.50

Windsors, all the latest and best at—
25c and 35c each

Turnovers, embroidered and lace, new designs
25 to 50c each



Ribbons For Easter.

For millinery and Easter dress-making purposes there is no ribbon display so complete as ours, comprising plain and satin taffetas, satin liberties, plaids, stripes and checks—ribbons for the hair—ribbons for the neck—ribbons for trimmings—ribbons for every purpose.

2000 bolts fancy and plain ribbons bought at 50c on the dollar, and consequently sold below any other house in the city.

500 bolts No. 40 and 50 high luster soft finished Taffetas, beautiful goods for neck trimmings----- **21c and 25c**

200 pieces fancy plaid Ribbons, for hair and neck at—
5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and up to 50c

300 hair bows made from the high luster taffeta and all silk gauze ribbons at—each----- **25c and 35c**

All Hair and Other Bows Made Free of Charge.

New spring styles women's shoes

OXFORDS, Colonials, plain and fancy Slippers of every description, shoes for women, children, boys and girls. The grandest collection of spring footwear we have ever shown. This season we have retained all the popular lines carried in seasons past, and have added many new makes, making our shoe dept. the safest and most satisfactory place at the head of the lakes to patronize.

Women's Vassar Boots—price $2 98—over thirty new styles to choose from—comprising all the latest leathers and lasts, and are absolutely guaranteed to give comfort, great wear, and retain their appearance; price, any style----- **$2.98**

Colonial Boots for Women—price $3.50—We are sole agents for this remarkable shoe. We carry in stock 20 designs, comprising the swellest leaders for footwear fashions in patent or glazed kid, any weight or style you may desire. Price of any style ----- **$3.50**

Special sale of shoes Tuesday and Wednesday only

For Tuesday and Wednesday only we offer 500 pairs Women's Dongola Kid Lace Shoes, values $2.25 and $2.50. They have swell extension soles, patent tips, very latest toe and heel shapes, all sizes and widths. Your unrestricted choice for..... **$1.50**

Special for Tuesday and Wednesday—20 pairs Misses' spring heel extension sole kid lace Shoes, sizes to 2—with patent tips and round toes— regular price $1.35—on sale at..... **89c**

Misses' and Children's Footform Shoes, of every possible description of low school or spring heels—lace or button—light, medium or heavy, in patent or fancy inlaid cloth tops, glace kid. The greatest assortment ever shown in Duluth. Prices—..... **75c, 98c, $1.25 to $2.50**

Infants' Kid Shoes and Sandals—600 pairs in 24 different styles, colors and combinations of [illegible] at..... **55c**

BLOEDEL & EBELING,
EXCLUSIVE CASH FURNITURE DEALERS

Will continue for ten days longer our discount of from 10 to 33½%. Have added our Go-carts to this sale.
We don't give you gold dollars for 79c or 89c, but full value—100 cents for $1.

A 10 per cent Discount ON EVERYTHING IN THE STORE—EXCEPT—

A 20 per cent Discount On Davenports, Couches and Morris Chairs. Frames Oak or Mahogany, Covered in Tapestry, Velour, Mohair, Plush or Verona.

A 33⅓ per cent Discount On Parlor Suites, Odd Parlor Chairs, Divans and Rockers—covered with Damask, Tapestry, Brocatelles and Plush.

☞We have no second-hand or taken-back goods for non-payment, as we do not sell on installments. We ask you to make a comparison of goods and net prices—not the discounts, as you are not buying the discounts. Call and look us over.

ONE PRICE CASH FURNITURE HOUSE. **BLOEDEL & EBELING,** 18 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

LUMBER MARKET

Buyers Find It Not Easy to Get Full Supplies.

Difference of Opinion as to the Coming Season's Cut.

Winter Cut Has Been Very Large---Stumpage Closely Held.

The lumber trade seems to be pretty fully awake to an appreciation of the actual conditions of supply. For a number of months past, since the close of navigation last fall, some of the lumber dealers have known that there was going to be trouble in securing complete stocks, and during the more recent months the light has been breaking in on others. It is quite probable that some of the dealers will be inadequately supplied the coming season, in spite of the very energetic but belated efforts now being made to buy.

The sale of northern pine has been going on steadily all winter, as steadily as sales did when lumber sold at a much lower price. The large dealers, who had the money to spare for long-time operation, are now carrying large stocks, but the others will have to scramble from now on.

The winter output of white pine has been something extraordinary, and this has been depended on to ease up the situation in the spring. It is still a little questionable what proportion of the winter output is going to be available fur future buyers. There is a difference of opinion as to the lumber output for the season of 1902. Some of the lumbermen say that the output is bound to fall below that of 1901, because of the log shortage of some of the operators, while other manufacturers say that the 1902 output will exceed that of any previous season at the head of the lakes. Admitting a partial log shortage, they say this is offset by the fact that logging operations were carried on more extensively in the early part of the season, and that a great deal more railroad logging has been done this winter, and the mills will not have to depend on the rainfall in the spring and the stage of water in the rivers. Positive prediction one way or the other would appear a little dangerous at this time.

In the last issue of the Mississippi River Valley Lumberman is given what purports to be the winter cut of the mills of Northern Minnesota and Northern Wisconsin, from Nov. 1, 1901, to April 1, 1902. Twenty-four mills are named, with an aggregate winter cut of 240,000,000 feet. In this list four Duluth mills are mentioned, with an aggregate cut of a little over 51,000,000 feet. According to the estimates of a prominent shipper who is well posted on the local situation, the estimate has been placed too low. He figures the winter cut at head of the lakes mills from Dec. 1, 1901, to March 1, 1902, at 60,000,000 feet. If the Lumberman's figures fall as far below the actual cut among the other mills the total estimate must fall far below the actual winter cut in the Northern white pine district. The local manufacturers are inclined to think that the Lumberman underestimated rather than overestimated the situation.

During the past few years there has been a steady increase in the number of mills that have been sawing white pine during the winter months. The idea of the first mills to do this was not to fill out stocks, but to have dry stock at an earlier date in the spring.

While the lumber prices have been soaring upward, there is another factor that the manufacturer must now consider that will take from his profits, and that is the advance in the price of stumpage. A prominent timber man from Ashland, who has already acquired large holdings in Northern Minnesota pine, was overheard to say a few days ago, while in this city, that "the timber situation at the present time is very peculiar. Nobody has any stumpage to sell and nobody seems to want to buy stumpage." Local timber land operators say the Ashland man about expressed the situation. There are some quantities of white pine stumpage amounting to 500,000 to 1,000,000 feet being transferred occasionally to meet the need of some manufacturer that wishes to piece out his cut, but there is a dearth at the present time of any negotiations on a large scale.

It is reported that the Edward Hines company is negotiating for a large tract of standing pine in Bayfield county, Wis., belonging to the Bigelow Bros. Lumber company, the deal to include a sawmill at Ashland. That the deal will ultimately go through will not be at all surprising in view of the aggressive policy recently indicated by the Hines company in getting within its reach the largest individual bodies of white pine in the Northern district. The move is being looked on as a very wise one on the part of the Hines company, and will place it in a position to almost dictate the lumber market in the Northwest in a few more years.

The cold wave will give renewed life and spirit to logging operations. As a matter of fact there has not been at any time this spring such a general cessation of operations as people have commonly thought. When the loggers saw that they were going to be unable to load all the logs they could cut if they kept their cutting crews, they let them go. The appearance of many woodsmen on the streets have given people the impression that all logging operations were practically ended for the season. Instead of that, hauling to banking places has gone on steadily. There may have been isolated instances where the warm weather softened up the swamps too much to permit of continued hauling, but on the whole it is said hauling has continued. The only difference has been that logs have been using "drays" instead of sleighs, and hauling has been done at night instead of by day. For the most part during the soft weather, hauling has begun at night and continued until noon. By this time of day the sun had usually softened up the roads so much that they would become muddy with continued hauling, and so operations would be postponed until next day.

The freeze-up of yesterday and this morning will stiffen up all the roads, and is likely to result in most operators getting practically all the logs they had cut to the railroads or streams.

A Wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas, Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

SENIORS WIN.

Win Oratorical Contest With the Juniors Saturday Evening.

Eloquence, the unctious rhythm and easy grace of which would put to shame the fairest production of the theatrical press agent, was poured forth into the ears of 500 listeners at the high school Assembly hall on Saturday evening.

The event was the first annual senior-junior oratorical contest. Four speakers from each of the classes addressed the audience on various topics of interest. The addresses were all well composed and delivered.

The seniors won. The representatives of that class carried off the medals, both in the contest for the young men and the young women.

Sumner Smith was the winner of the championship medal for the young men, while Miss Ethel Forsyth carried off the honor in the contest for young women.

Sumner Smith's subject was "The New Japan." A very good subject—the speakers selected their own subjects—was handled in a thoroughly intelligent way, both in the matter of composition and delivery.

Miss Forsyth, whose subject, "Mary Queen of Scots," gave plentiful opportunity for the exhibition of a remarkable talent and a voice admirably adapted for the portrayal of strong emotion, gave, perhaps, the most ably executed address of the evening. Her carefully modulated voice, which never rose to a very high pitch, held the audience remarkably. She is a magnetic speaker.

The decision of the judges in both contests was unanimous and coincided with the opinion of the unprejudiced audience. After the contest the winners were presented with gold medals by Rev. Alexander Milne.

The other contestants, all of whom acquitted themselves well, were May Whelan, Bessie Marsh, Charlotte Monchine, Simon Cook, Louis Zalk and Joseph Harrison.

The year's experience which the seniors had over the juniors showed strongly in their favor. The junior speakers were a little nervous at times, but on the whole showed good talent. Next year there should be little difficulty in their carrying off the honors.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they WANT to—but simply because they MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Flanagan, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

A LARGE INCREASE

Earlier Opening of Navigation Will Increase Carrying Capacity.

Estimated That Ore Capacity Will Be 3,000,000 Tons Larger.

Lake Superior Ore Output Will Represent About $75,000,000.

All of the ore-carrying roads running from mines to Lake Superior and Lake Michigan are getting ready for the season, and expect to be hauling ore in less than thirty days. This will be a much earlier opening than usual and a full thirty days than last year. In consequence of this fact alone, the carrying capacity of the lake fleet will be increased about 15 per cent. In other words, if the ships begin their season as now expected, they will be able to carry 3,000,000 tons more of ore than last year, without the addition of a single new boat. It is known, too, that new vessels equal to carrying double that amount will be in the water before the opening of the season.

This is an important feature when the fact that the United States Steel corporation and the independent shippers of ore are in a deadlock over the vessel rate is considered. It would seem that this will aid the steel trust, which is fighting for a reduction of 5 cents a ton. The trust is not fighting so much for the 5 cents a ton as it is that no outside interests shall have their ore carried for less money than it is paying. Last year this was the case, for after the trust had come in and established the rate at 80 cents a ton, others were able to secure concessions that made a material saving on the cost of making a ton of steel. The officials of the trust intend that this shall not be repeated this year if they can help it.

The Pioneer mine on the Vermilion range, operated by the steel trust, is sinking a very deep shaft that will be steel lined, probably the first of the kind in the world. It is a large shaft, and the steel lining and the steel housing at the surface will make it one of the most expensive for its size in existence. It is expected that a very large tonnage will be hoisted therefrom in the futuro.

More than 4,000,000 tons of vessel room from Lake Superior to Lake Erie has been chartered by minding and steel-making interests outside of the United States Steel corporation. The latter has room for about twice as much as that in its own ships and will be obliged to charter ships to carry about 4,000,000 tons more.

It is now estimated that about all the ore that will be moved down the lakes this year has been sold. These sales mean, when there is added to them the amount of ore reserved by mining and steel-making combinations, a gross purchase exceeding $74,000,000. This is about the value of the estimated output of this year from Lake Superior mines when delivered on Lake Erie docks. Of this sum about $18,000,000 will be paid to lake shipping concerns for freight.

The Pittsburg Steamship company, which is the vessel corporation of the big steel trust, has 35 vessels wintering at Duluth. This is about one-third of the fleet, the toal number being 112. The work of putting these boats in condition for the opening of navigation is being rapidly pushed and they could be rushed into commission at almost any time now.

The railroads are also showing by their activity that the opening of the season is near at hand. The engines that were loaned to other roads at the close of the ore shipping are being returned and the entire equipment of the road is being made ready for a hard season's work.

There is considerable activity on the Gogebic range. Half a dozen new shafts are being sunk at mines on that range. It is claimed that the range will produce more this year than ever before. The Wakefield section, at the extreme eastern end, is coming to the front, and much of the best ore of the range is coming from there. Explorations are under way at a point twenty miles east of the mine farthest east at the present time, and there are indications of a good deposit. If this should prove true, it will open up a large amount of new territory for exploration.

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOUSA'S BAND.

Tonight Sousa's band will be heard at the Lyceum. Since the band was last here it has made a tour of England and completely captured the British Isle. This British tour of the American representative band was in every respect the most successful visit of the kind ever made there by any foreign organization. From Sousa's first concerts in London when he played to the three greatest audiences ever assembled in the great Albert hall, through the triumphal engagement at the international exhibition at Glasgow, to the final enthusiastic farewell apearance at Southampton, the tour was a succession of ovations and record-breaking receipts and the great compliment paid the American composer and conductor by the king of England when he had the Sousa band play at Sandringham and decorated the 'march king" with the medal of the Victorian order, set the final seal of approval upon the American musician.

MISS JESSIE MACLACHLAN.

A delegation of representative Scots is expected from St. Paul and Minneapolis to attend the concert to be given by Miss Jessie N. MacLachlan at the Lyceum theater Wednesday evening. Owing to previous engagements in Canada and the Eastern cities, Miss McLachlan can only appear one night in Minnesota. Duluth Scotchmen made application early last fall to secure this famous singer and in this way secured her services as against St. Paul and Minneapolis. The entire press of this country, Canada and Europe speak in the highest terms of Miss McLachlan and lovers of Scottish song admirably rendered by one of the greatest singers that Scotland or any other country has ever produced should not fail to hear her.

FLAATEN'S CONCERT.

Final One of Season at the Armory.

The last of the series of concerts given during the winter by Flaaten's concert orchestra was held at the Armory yesterday afternoon and was largely attended. The concert was one of the most popular given by the orchestra, for the reason that all of the selections were rendered by request.

The feature of the concert was the appearance of Raymond Stephens, of Chicago, who was home from college to make his home and who will be prominent in musical circles during the coming season. Mr. Stephens was given a very cordial reception. He has a strong and pleasing tenor voice and was encored twice. His selections were the aria from "Mignon" and an aria from "The Highwayman."

The orchestral selections were all finely played. The first selection was the "Third Regiment' march, composed by Harry Howell, of West Superior. Mr. Howell directed the orchestra while his composition was being played. The march is a stirring one and was played with a delightful vim and dash.

A number of the old favorites were played, but they are selections that are so delightful as to be ever new to the Duluth music-loving public.

TOOK THE HINT.

Friend Told Him to Change His Food.

Once in a while one can serve a friend and win a life-long obligation by a little food advice. This is worth while. "Very thankful I was to a friend for his advice when he told me about Grape-Nuts Breakfast food at the time I was suffering. My stomach trouble originally came from neglect of colds, which caused catarrh of the stomach, then followed misery from dyspepsia, headache, loss of vitality and flesh.

"Last August a friend, in discussing my health, said if I would change my food and take Grape-Nuts instead of any other food or medicine for one week he would guarantee that I would be greatly improved and feel like a new man.

"He was so positive that I concluded to try it, and, as I said, I am exceedingly thankful to him. In a week's time I lost the heavy, dead feeling in my head, nausea had ceased and the action of my general system had greatly improved.

"I have stuck fast to Grape-Nuts. Now I weigh nine pounds more and I am steadily improving. Grape-Nuts has a most exhilarating effect on the system and makes one feel bright and alive, as though they were well nourished as a healthy man should be.

"The price of Grape-Nuts is within reach of all, but I consider it worth its weight in gold." John Haywood, 3951 Aspen street Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 30 pills 10c.

TAILORS ORGANIZE.

Will Boycott Patrons of Cloth Peddlers.

The merchant tailors of the city have organized for mutual benefit. The officers of the organization are: M. L. Parker, president; William Mies, vice president; G. H. Brenton, secretary, and J. S. Lane, financial secretary and treasurer.

One of the steps taken by the tailors is the making of an agreement not to make clothes for persons who buy cloth from traveling peddlers, etc. They claim that it is taking from them a legitimate part of their profit, and that the clothes made are always a bad advertisement for themesives, for the reason that the goods are nearly always of poor quality and the clothes do not hold their shape, and then the tailor is blamed.

We sell the Butterick — *April Delineators*

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Patterns and fashion books — *for sale here*

AT LAST DULUTH HAS A SATISFACTORY WALL PAPER DEPT.

Today's Formal Opening of
Our New Wall Paper Dept



Was a success—a great and gratifying success. Everyone congratulated us upon the magnificent display and the good taste that characterizes the entire stock.

The opening will continue tomorrow and through the week. And if you are at all interested in wall coverings—you cannot afford to miss seeing it. Even if you have no immediate need—you'd better come down and see the display. The variety of new papers that we have ready for you is immense; without doubt the largest and best selected in the city. It includes everthing in the line of wall papersfrom white blanks to rich embossed silks, satins and appliqued freizes, and the same care and good taste that were used in choosing the fancy papers was exercised in the selection of the less expensive grades. We've gone into this line with the same thoroughness and system that we have in all the others. The firm motto, "Quality Tells—Price Sells," is applied here as everywhere else in this store. Among the more decorative papers are to be seen the beautiful varnished gold rococco designs, in charmingly graceful effects and festoons; handsome embossed gold papers, in all the popular patterns; dainty stripe styles; ribbon stripes; French and Dresden stripes; Oriental tapestries, too, in great profusion—magnificent, rich, deep colors, blended with splendid effect; wierd, barbaric combinations, strikingly suggestive of the far East, yet toned and sobered down to suit American tastes; Anglo-Persian styles, too, in large variety; ingrains, cheviots and crepes, in all the new, wanted colors, with flitter friezes to match. Everything in the department is brand, span new, just received from the factories where they were made up to our special order. And the prices are RIGHT—we've pared them down to the lowest point. The invitation to come is hearty—the welcome is for all—lookers and buyers alike. And, to make the event more intensely interesting, we offer these pocket book inducements:

INTRODUCTORY SALE PRICES.

1½c *per roll—brand new colors; full length* rolls.

5c *per roll—bedroom papers in large variety* of decorative patterns.

8c *per roll—15c handsome gold papers with* 9-inch border. Introductory sale price, per roll, 8c.

Room Mouldings—A complete assortment at the lowest prices.

9c *per roll—handsome Ingrain Papers, in* all the popular colors. Dark reds and greens not included at this price. Introductory sale price is only 9c.

15c *per roll 25c parlor papers, in Frenchy* floral designs—with one band frieze—printed on silk embossed grounds—also beautiful fern and leaf effects in attractive shades of green. Our introductory price is only 15c per roll.

Attractive Prices on Fine Carpets, Rugs, Draperies

It's barely possible that you can find some one who can sell you carpets and rugs at a little less money than we ask—but not very probable—and in that event he will either have to forego all profit or else cheapen the quality of the goods—for, quality considered, our prices are at all times absolutely the lowest in this section. And tomorrow, and all week, they will be even lower than usual—in connection with the opening sale of the New Wall Paper Store. So come tomorrow—you can choose wall and floor coverings and draperies at a decided saving. For example:

47½c *for extra heavy quality all wool In-* grains—regularly 65c.

45c *for extra quality Ingrains; all wool* filling—cotton warp—large line of new styles to choose from—regularly 60c.

50c *for extra quality Tapestry Brussels—* in deep rich red shades.

$1.00 *for extra quality high pile Velvets—* in rich Oriental effects—also in parlor, hall and star carpets to match—regularly $1.25.

SYNAGOGUE.

Partial Dedication By Adas Israel and Kadisha Congregation.

The new synagogue of the Adas Israel and Chevra Kadisha congregation of Orthodox Jews was dedicated yesterday with fitting ceremony, in acordance with the rites of the church. The services were interesting and elaborate.

The congregation has been meeting in the Hayes block for some time, and at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon its members assembled there once more. A farewell service was held, during which the parting respects were paid to the old church home. After the services certain privileges were auctioned. The highest privileges were that of carrying the scrolls from one building to the other. These scrolls include the ten commandments and the books of Moses, and they are never taken from the synagogue when once deposited there.

Large sums were bid for the privilege of carrying these precious documents, and they were bid in by younger members of the congregation. When the time came, however, three of the oldest members were surprised and honored when the young people who had been the successful bidders turned the scrolls over to them to carry.

In the church there are eleven electric chandellers, and the privilege of lighting these for the first time brought good sums, ranging from $5 to $17 each. At the altar there are seven lights that are always burning, representing the seven days in the week, and the privilege of lighting these brought $20.

Mrs. M. Z. Kassmir, who has taken a very active part in the work of getting the new synagogue, as well as in the church affairs generally, was honored with the key that opened the synagogue door for the first time.

During the farewell meeting in the old rooms, Chairman I. Abrahamson, of the building committee, congratulated the congregation on its coming into the new home after so many years in different halls, and the feeling over the matter was so keen that old men were moved to tears. The members of the congregation to the number of 100 formed in line with the three old men, Rabbi J. Sosnovsky, M. L. Kassmir and J. Melevitz, in the lead with the scrolls. They are very valuable, one of them being over 300 years old, having been handed down from generation to generation. They are made in Jerusalem and are written entirely by hand. One of them is eight feet in length.

At the entrance to the church Rabbi J. Shapiro received the congregation and a choir sang a chant of welcome from the thirtieth chapter of Solomon. When all had entered, I. Abrahamson, chairman of the building committee, reported that the synagogue, when completed, would cost $17,000, and that $10,500 had already been expended. The congregation had raised $11,000 without one cent being received from outside sources. The sale of privileges netted $500. Then he presented the keys to Acting Vice President S. Rachlin, President M. Zalk being out of the city.

Chief Rabbi G. Halpern, who came from Toledo especially for that purpose, conducted the service of welcome, stating that the new building was a minature of Solomon's temple.

The part of the building to be put in use is known as the Bismidrish and Talmod Toral. It will be open daily from sunrise to sunset. There will be a school where children will be taught the Hebrew language. This will be held every afternoon after the public schools have been dismissed. The committee expect to have the building completed in June, when more elaborate dedicatory exercises will be held.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tingling life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

PIPE DREAM.

Silly Talk That Jeffries and Fitzsimmons Might Fight Here.

Local sports are trying to make each other believe there is a remote possibility of having the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight pulled off in Duluth.

The scheme is pronounced the rankest kind of a dream. In the first place the two heavyweights have secretly agreed to fight before the Yosemite Athletic club of California. In the second place state, county and city authorities would not permit the fight on Minnesota soil. It would be impossible to pull it off out on the lake because there would be no accommodation for the crowd. Lack of attendance would mean no gate receipts and lack of gate receipts, no fight.

It is therefore highly amusing to have a Chicago fight promoter drift in here with a consignment of baked atmospheres and begin agitating the heavyweight battle for this city.

When Jeffries and Fitzsimmons signed articles a month ago it was secretly agreed that they fight before the Yosemite club, but in order to create as much talk as posible the fighters decided to have a good wrangle over the site. Both of the big fighters have been encouraging talk about fighting in Port Erie, Louisville, New Orleans and other places, but they know very well that a heavyweight battle will not be permitted in any of the places named.

The Duluth talking has been done mostly by a Chicago man named Parker. He left for Chicago last night and it would not be surprising to see Duluth mentioned as a possible fighting place in dispatches sent out from that city.

However, there is nothing to the scheme to have it pulled off in this city—nothing but the wild flight of fancy of a few pipe-hitting sports.

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Astrachan Sacques—were $45—now	$30
Astrachan Sacques—were $60—now	$40
Otter Sacques—were $150—now	$100
Marten Scarfs—were $15—now	$10
Marten Scarfs—long double—were $11—now	$14
Marten Scarfs—were $12—now	$8
Marten Scarfs—were $9—now	$6

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), March 17.—The storm central Saturday morning over Minnesota has apparently moved to the St. Lawrence valley region, while the center of the Northwest Canada High pressure has moved to the Dakotas. Light to heavy falls of rain or snow occurred throughout the Northwest, central valleys, lake region and Atlantic states, generally accompanied by high winds. The cold wave now covers all the above districts except Atlantic states. Temperatures ranging between zero and 30 degrees below zero prevail this morning in districts north of Iowa, Nebraska and Wyoming, and freezing temperatures occur southwest to Northern Texas and include the Middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	38	Memphis	40
Battleford	—18	Miles City	—8
Bismarck	—16	Milwaukee	30
Boston	52	Minnedosa	—22
Buffalo	22	Modena	16
Charleston	58	Montgomery	50
Chicago	0	Moorhead	—10
Cincinnati	28	New Orleans	56
Davenport	2	New York	50
Detroit	16	North Platte	2
Dodge City	10	Oklahoma	26
Duluth	—8	Omaha	2
El Paso	36	Pittsburg	28
Escanaba	4	Port Arthur	—10
Galveston	52	Portland	44
Green Bay	2	Prince Albert	—6
Havre	0	Qu'Appelle	—8
Helena	—8	San Francisco	48
Houghton	12	Santa Fe	22
Huron	—8	Shreveport	42
Jacksonville	60	Spokane	36
Kamloops	26	St. Louis	22
Kansas City	12	St. Paul	—6
Knoxville	36	Sault Ste. Marie	14
La Crosse	—4	Washington	48
Lander	—4	Willston	—18
Los Angeles	54	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	6	Winnipeg	—22

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; cold tonight; warmer Tuesday afternoon or night. Fresh westerly winds, becoming variable.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 17.—State forecasts for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Tuesday: For Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday and in the west portion tonight; winds becoming variable.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; rising temperatures Tuesday; northwest winds, becoming variable.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday; rising temperature.

More Changes In the Cabinet.

It seems probable that there will be further changes in the official family of the president following closely on the retirement of Secretary Long. As the president gathers the reins of government, the need of the tried secretary is not so necessary and there are the close friends of the executive to be provided for. Among the latest predictions is the resignation of George B. Cortelyou, the president's secretary, at an early date, as well as that of the secretary of agriculture and the attorney general. Gen. Knox and Secretary Wilson reiterate their former statement that they have no intention of resigning, but nevertheless there are many who believe that there is something after all in the reports that are in circulation. It is remembered that ex-Secretary Gage, repeatedly and with emphasis, denied reports of his resignation and that the details came along regularly until within a few days of the official announcement of his retirement. The fact of the matter is men in official life as a rule hang on to their office as long as possible and when circumstances arise necessitating their retirement from office they like to be the first to announce such retirement. Then again the president prefers to give out from the White House the news of any change in his official family because when a high official returns to private life his former chief likes to speed the departing one with words of regret and appreciation of his services while in the office. Therefore the denials of these public men must not always be accepted as the gospel truth. As a matter of fact more changes are likely to come, and to come soon.

Punishment of Train Robbers.

The frequency of train robbing during the past few years has shown the necessity of stricter laws for the punishment of the brigands. Present laws are plainly inadequate in the matter. In many sections of the country the power of the state is not sufficient for the reason that the robberies occur near the borders of a state in sparsely populated districts and the guilty parties quickly escape into an other state or territory. The state where the crime was committed feels no particular interest in pursuing or searching for the criminals, and the state into which they escape, of course, has no interest in the matter as the crime was not committed within its jurisdiction. The result in many instances is that the authorities of the state in which the crime was committed wait for large rewards to be offered and so the crime goes unpunished and the criminals escape. The house committee on judiciary has ordered a favorable report on the bill providing for the punishment of train robbers and the leading section reads: "That any person who within any state or territory of the United States or other place subject to the jurisdiction thereof, obstructs or derails, or makes any unlawful assault upon any railroad train, railroad cars, or railroad locomotive operating within such state, territory or place, which is engaged in interstate commerce or which is operated within a district or territory of the United States with the intent to do murder, robbery or any other felony, or who, with such intent, makes an unlawful assault upon any person lawfully on such train, cars or locomotive shall be punished as follows, if the death of any person is effected or thereby caused, such offender shall suffer death; if death is not caused he shall be imprisoned not less than five years and not more than twenty years." While there is objection to the bill on the ground of infringement of state rights, it is evident that some such measure is necessary and it stands a very good chance of passing.

THE BEST PAVEMENT.

What is the best pavement for East Superior—considered from the standpoint of cost as well as of durability and other desirable qualities? There is a strong effort being made at present to have an asphalt pavement ordered for that street and all the good points of this style of pavement are being presented to the property owners, who must pay the bills. It is undeniable that asphalt makes a fine pavement, and The Herald pointed out its good qualities when the question of paving the business portion of Superior street was under consideration. But is it the best pavement, when the heavy expense of laying it is taken into consideration? Could not a cheaper pavement be laid that would be as durable and satisfactory?

In another column will be found an interesting article on the subject of pavements by Charles M. Loring, of Minneapolis, which is entitled to considerable weight, because Mr. Loring has given the subject much study and his opinions are based upon practical experience. Mr. Loring is the father of the park system of Minneapolis and has devoted much time to the question of municipal improvements, with the result that his views are regarded as those of an expert. Mr. Loring says the best, most economical and most satisfactory pavement ever laid in Minneapolis has a foundation of concrete ten inches in thickness, on which is laid four feet of bricks next the curb on each side, and the center with cedar blocks, the interstices being filled with clean screened gravel, well tamped, and over all is spread a coat of boiling tar. He says that a street can be paved with these materials for less than one-half the cost of asphalt, it is noiseless, is not slippery, is easy on the feet of horses and can be kept in repair at a low cost.

In Minneapolis, according to Mr. Loring's figures, asphalt costs $2.59 per square yard, while the cost of cedar blocks on a concrete foundation is $1.35. Without a concrete foundation, the cost would naturally be much less. The great difference in the cost of asphalt and cedar block pavements can thus be seen. As to the durability of cedar blocks it is not necessary to depend upon Mr. Loring's statement, because every one knows that the present pavement on East Superior street has lasted a dozen years with practically no repairs. Mr. Loring points out that in our northern climate, with its extremes of heat and cold, there are many serious objections to asphalt. One of these is its extremely slippery surface when covered with ice in winter. It is even worse in this respect than a brick pavement, and Duluth has had an illustration of the slippery character of brick this winter. The East Superior street property owners should pause before committing themselves to an asphalt pavement costing $500 or more per lot when an equally satisfactory pavement may, perhaps, be secured for half that cost.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

In every portion of the world where Irishmen are found the name of St. Patrick is being honored on this festival of Ireland's apostle. To St. Patrick Ireland is indebted for the glorious light of the gospel, and for having dispelled from its borders the darkness of ignorance and paganism. Fourteen hundred and seventy years ago St. Patrick landed on the shores of Ireland and began his great work of converting the pagans who then resided on the island. Before his death he had converted the entire people, founded 355 churches and consecrated as many bishops.

Tradition states that when expounding the doctrine of the Holy Trinity, St. Patrick used a little sprig of trefoil, or three-leaved grass, whence the shamrocks come to be the national emblem, as St. Patrick is the national saint or patron of Ireland. Ard-Ri Laori was holding a Druidical festival in Tara, at which the kindling of a great fire formed a chief feature of the proceedings, and it was a crime punishable with death for any one to light a fire in the surrounding country on the evening of that great festival until after the sacred flame on Tara hill blazed forth. To his amazement, however, the monarch beheld on the hill of Slane, visible from Tara, a bright fire kindled early in the evening. This was the Paschal fire which St. Patrick and his missionaries had lighted, for it was Holy Saturday. The king sent for the chief druid and pointed out to him on the distant horizon the flickering beam that so audaciously violated the sacred laws. The archpriest gazed long and wistfully at the spot, and eventually answered: "O king, there is indeed a flame lighted on yonder hill, which, if it be not put out tonight, will never be quenched in Erin."

Much disquieted by this oracular answer, Laori directed that the offenders, whoever they might be, should be instantly brought before him for punishment. St. Patrick, on being arrested, arrayed himself in his vestments, and, crozier in hand, marched boldly at the head of his captors, reciting aloud as he he went along a litany which is still extant. Having arrived before the king and his assembled courtiers and druidical high priests, St. Patrick, undismayed, proclaimed to them that he had come to quench the fires of pagan sacrifice in Ireland and light the flame of Christian faith. The king listened amazed and angered, yet no penalty fell on Patrick. On the contrary, he made several converts on the spot, and the sermon and controversy in the king's presence proved an auspicious beginning for the glorious mission upon which he had just entered. His death occurred on March 17, 493, having lived over 100 years, sixty of which were devoted to the conversion of the generous people of Ireland.

A CHANGE NECESSARY.

It looks as though the efforts of the women who started the crusade against the present objectionable way of carrying out the customs regulations would be successful in their efforts, as it is reported that Secretary Shaw has decided to make some changes in the present methods. During his recent visit to the docks at New York city the secretary got a splendid insight into the practical operation of the law as now executed, and was an eye-witness to some of the things to which the women petitioners object. He was convinced from that visit that it would be wise to make some changes in the state of affairs, but this conviction has been thoroughly clinched by the written evidence submitted by the women who made the original complaint against the baggage regulations.

The secretary has received some interesting information in the responses to his circular letter of inquiry, wherein he asked the women petitioners to give specific cases of trouble and annoyance of which they formally complained. Some of these communications also furnished proof that some of the women at least attempted to evade the payment of customs duties, and that it was this that led to the inconvenience to which they objected. However, the secretary learned through these letters that there was considerable foundation in the charges of the women travelers.

While it is impossible, of course, to suit everybody, there is no doubt that an improvement can be made in the present system, and it is gratifying to know that the secretary realizes it and that it will be done.

The Minneapolis Journal says that the idea of Congressmen Fletcher and Stevens that the flour interests will not be affected by the Cuban legislation is not very reasonable. It makes little difference whether Cuba takes soft wheat or hard wheat flour. The more of the former she takes the larger will be the dimestic market for the latter. And the more prosperous Cuba is the more American flour she will take, as well as more of other American manufactures.

A letter from a reader of The Herald, who takes a deep interest in everything pertaining to the advancement of Duluth, is published in another column. Attention is directed to a subject of importance which the newly formed Commercial club might properly take into consideration—the establishment here of a beet sugar factory.

It was Representative Moody whose committee investigated and exposed the abuse of the "pull" in the creation and distribution of the patronage of the house of representatives. This fact causes the Washington Post to ask: Will the new secretary of the navy do as much for the department over which he is to preside?

The demand for "justice to Cuba," President Roosevelt has truly said, we are bound to grant "by every consideration of honor and expediency." If congress lets that demand remain unsatisfied and the trust tariff untouched, the Democrats will have two winning issues for the fall elections.

Col. Robert C. Clowry, of Chicago, the new president of the eWstern Union Telegraph company, entered the service of the company as a messenger boy. From $2.50 a week to $25,000 a year in the service of one corporation is what might be called gratifying progress.

The Coach Drivers' union of Trenton, N. J., has declared against Sunday funerals. Citizens of that town are expected to govern themselves accordingly and die in the early part of the week.

This is the dispassionate way in which the Kansas City Journal looks at it: "The Boers have our sympathy and eventually they get most of our mules. What are they kicking about?"

Fred Collier, in his world's fair department of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, says the exposition grounds are beginning to look like Lawton the day after the opening.

The Des Moines News thinks that if the Princess Henry is like the average woman about the third question she will ask is, "What did they have to eat?"

The March lion was not dead, merely sleeping.

CEDAR BLOCKS

When Properly Laid They Are the Best Pavement.

Charles M. Loring in Minneapolis Times: After thirty years of close observation, the writer has reached the conclusion that the paving problem has not yet been solved, and that the material for a perfect pavement is yet to be discovered.

We have learned something since the days of "cobble stones" with which the streets of our cities were once paved; but we are still experimenting. The granite block, which succeeded the round stones, is yet the most durable and suitable for streets on which there is the heaviest traffic.

Asphalt has many points in its favor, but in our northern climate, with its extremes of heat and cold, it has many serious objections, not the least of which is its slippery surface when covered with ice in winter or with a thin layer of mud in summer.

Brick is unsuited for residence streets on account of the noise made by passing teams, and is not durable enough for heavy traffic streets.

The best, most economical and most satisfactory pavement ever laid in Minneapolis is that on Vine place, between Nineteenth street and Franklin avenue, and on Tenth street, between Hennepin avenue and Harmon place. The foundation is concrete ten inches in thickness, on which is laid four feet of bricks next the curb on each side, which make a perfect bicycle path, and the center with cedar blocks, the interstices being filled with clean screened gravel, well tamped, and over all is spread a coat of boiling tar.

A street can be paved with these materials for less than one-half the cost of asphalt, it is noiseless, is not slippery, is easy on the feet of horses and can be maintained almost indefinitely for the amount of interest on first cost of asphalt pavement, as the following figures will demonstrate:

The cost of asphalt, per square yard, is $2.59; cedar blocks on a concrete foundation, $1.35, and brick, $2.00. The cost of the combined brick and cedar block pavement on Vine place was $1.51 per square yard.

The city engineer estimates that with proper machinery the city could renew the cedar blocks for 65 cents per square yard, so that, if renewed every five years, the cost would equal the interest at 5 per cent on the cost of the asphalt, and there would be no expense for repairs, as there always is with the asphalt pavement.

Anyone who has given this subject the slightest attention knows that for the past five years after it is laid, there is no more satisfactory pavement than the cedar block and that the reason for its having fallen into disrepute is, that previous to two years ago, it was laid on a plank foundation and permitted to remain without repairs for from ten to twelve years.

The heavily loaded, narrow-tired wagons crushed the blocks through the decayed planks, and the result is that we have some of the worst streets to be found in any modern city.

The advocates of the closely laid, chemically treated block pavement they have seen in European cities, do not seem to realize that calks on the shoes of horses are not permitted in these cities, and that every night the streets are washed clean and in the morning sprinkled with screened gravel to prevent the horses from slipping. Such a pavement under the conditions prevailing in this city would not last as long as the cedar blocks, treated as above described, and it costs three times as much.

THE LARGER MEANINGS OF THE MERGER.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: J. J. Hill was recently reported by the New York Journal of Commerce as having said that the two mammoth ships he is building for the Asiatic trade could be operated in successful competition with foreign ships in spite of the higher wages paid to American seamen if our navigation laws permitted a better selection and control of crews. The reason for this confidence is plain. It is because he has applied to the construction of his vessels the same principles which have made the "Hill methods" of organizing transportation famous as one of the great money-saving inventions of the age—the simple principle that the bigger the trainload the less the cost of hauling it per ton per mile. He has made his ships bigger than any now afloat in the expectation that they will cost but little more to operate them thus filled than smaller ships carrying a fraction of the tonnage.

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These ships will carry cargoes at much lower freight rates than have heretofore prevailed, and are, therefore, the pioneers in the development of the Asiatic trade which will eventually require a larger fleet of similar ships. But to fill even these for regular trips will require the massing at the Pacific ports where they are to be loaded of a much larger volume of exports to Asia than has heretofore been offered. The traffic of the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington systems are to be operated in harmony, and subsidiary to the same general end. The momentous significance of these arrangements can only be appreciated when it is understood that their purpose is to make these two great transcontinental railroads one chief highway of the commerce of this country and of the world with Asia. It is to carry out in the whole vast field of intercontinental traffic the same principle of concentration which Mr. Hill applies to his carloads and his ship's cargoes—to so increase the tonnage volume by concentration on this Northern route as to reduce its cost by land and sea, and thus—following the law that commerce always flows along the lines of least resistance—turn into this route a greater channel on one shorter lines of latitude the main stream of the commerce of the world. The full car is thus the unit of power in a gigantic scheme of commercial concentration which will pour a new and more abounding flood of commercial and industrial energy into the six states which it has been recently sought to array against it.

The lawyers and politicians who have been fretting and fuming about the supposed effects of the so-called merger on local freight rates have been oblivious to the grandeur and potential beneficence of the economic forces called into play by this scheme, and which will insure a much greater reduction of local and transcontinental freight rates as a necessary consequence of an immensely increased volume of traffic than would otherwise be possible.

Our local statesmen are not to be blamed for the narrow local view they have taken of this question, or for their inability to take in the broad horizon of its world-wide relations. For but few who have not studied the question have any conception of the enormous trade with the Orient which lies within the grasp of American enterprise, but which for lack of an adequate organization of our commercial power we have heretofore permitted other nations, and chiefly Great Britain, to appropriate. For the seven years ending with and inclusive of 1898 not an American steamship entered a Philippine port. Since the treaty of peace we have done better, but the major part of that trade is still borne in English vessels. In the fifty-two years from 1848 to 1900 inclusive the United States lost in their traffic with the Philippines over $25,000,000 in trade balances against us, or enough to have paid all the expenses of the Spanish war. And this does not take into account the Philippine goods carried to English or German ports and transhipped to this country.

In twenty years the United States has heretofore paid out over the counters of London, Berlin and Paris over $1,500,000,000 of gold due Asiatic nations for trade balances. If this amount of money had been saved to the American people it would have bought out the steel trust and the Northern Securities company at their capitalized figures. In the ten years ending June 30, 1900, we have lost $120,000,000 in Chinese trade alone, exclusive of the trade of Hongkong, which is a warehouse for all China, under British auspices. And our ships have not carried 1 per cent of the foreign trade of China or of the port of Hongkong. The latest accessible tables of the treasury department concerning our sea trade show that of our imports from Asia in 1899, $74,000,000 came by way of the Atlantic ports, and only $32,000,000 from Pacific ports. Of our exports, $29,000,000 went from Atlantic ports and only $18,700,000 by way of Pacific coast ports, which means that 65 per cent of our trans-Pacific trade does not come to us by the way of the Pacific at all, but rather by the way of European ports, being transhipped at Liverpool and Hamburg for New York or Philadelphia. The total trade of China in 1898 was $121,000,000. Only $17,000,000 of this was carried in American bottoms.

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Yet one line of steamships like that projected by Mr. Hill would very soon double that total and would put into Manila, Shanghai, Hongkong and other Chinese and Japanese ports agents for American trade that would soon make themselves felt in the interest of our manufacturers. The current of commercial exchanges thus established between the United States and the Orient would grow and widen until it drew into its swelling tide the tributary streams of every state in the Union and of every country in the world. All along the course of this great highway of the world's commerce this broad and deep current will set in motion the wheels of commercial and industrial activity. But it is mainly in Minnesota, whose chief cities, standing at the head of the great interior lines of water transit, are the terminal headquarters and gateways of these great systems of transcontinental railway, that its influence will be felt in making them far greater marts of trade than if they depended on the narrower range of tributary country around them. It will tend to make them the emporia for the distribution of the products of the Orient through the Mississippi valley. It will lift these cities and this state to a commanding position among the interior states and cities of the continent.

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When the lawyers and politicians get to thinking about this matter in its larger relations they will probably come to the conclusion that there is something besides a question of local politics in this matter of the so-called merger—that it does not mean, as they imagine, the extinction of competition, but such a marshaling of commercial forces and commercial power as will enable this great system of transportation traversing the northern belt of the temperate zone, which nature has marked as the chief path of commerce throughout the world, to enter into successful competition with the rival systems which are endeavoring to attract this great tide of transmundane commerce to more southern latitudes, and that, whatever technical objections the lawyers may find or fancy they find in "the mint and commin" of the statutes, it is in conformity with that great economic law, to which all statutes must ultimately yield the right of way, that through concentration lies the only road to the highest economic efficiency—to lower costs and lower prices.

The Dog That Made A Match

By Ada Patterson.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Alice Erstwell was inclined to apologize for the dog habit.

"You see, the beast is not a dog," she would explain. "He's folks. That's the reason he's so companionable. When my uncle gave him to me he was a puppy, and so ugly that I thought he was sensitive about it, and I hated to send him away, for I thought he would know it was being insulted. So I petted him in my sense of the artistic. And the beast is like a habit. He grows upon one. Nothing could separate us now. You see, we understand each other."

So whatever else befell she took the beast out for a stroll and airing on the avenue every day they were in town. They made a striking pair, he with his frightful flattened nose, reminiscent of some ancestral accident, and his deeply creased, thoughtful brindle face; she tall and slight and fair, with smooth, bright hair that shone in the sunlight, and trim walking suit that was always modish and never too pronounced. Strangers instinctively named them Beauty and the Beast.

One morning the Beast did an unusual thing for him. He got loose in the cycle track and, despite all the ringing of an advancing bicycle's bell or the calls of his alarmed mistress, with the utmost deliberation and apparent forethought permitted himself to be run over.

The man who did it was tempted to swear. Probably he would have yielded to the impulse had he not been thrown against a tree and bruised and shaken more than he liked to own, had not the Beast's mistress advanced just then and shed an unmistakable tear over her pet's plight. Instead of swearing he took off his hat and expressed the hope that the dog was not dead.

"I don't think so," she said. "His heart is beating, isn't it?"

He gravely drew off his gloves and his finger tips sought for something amid the Beast's ribs.

"We would better take him to a dog hospital at once," he said. "Shall I take him for you or"—

"I will be obliged if you will go with me," she said with dignity. "I hope your bicycle isn't ruined."

The man and the Beauty and the Beast drove away to a hansom to Dr. Grigg's. The Beast had revived enough to look about a faint challenge, when the other patients greeted him, to growl, but barks and to lick his mistress' glove with a pale and tremulous tongue.

The doctor made an examination and said that the beast had been stunned and one rib was broken, but that he would live. Then the girl gave her card to the doctor, directed that the beast should have the best care, nodded and said, "Thank you," to the man, and left.

Philip Armstrong smiled. "One in a million," he reflected. "What a way she had of showing that she held me responsible for the brute's injury, until she got him in the right hands. Drove in a hansom with a stranger for this animal's sake, too. She probably came out without her purse, and wouldn't imperil his life by the delay of going home after it."

While she walked briskly home Miss Erstwell was thinking: "What an unheard of thing to do! But he seemed a gentleman and I was so anxious about the dear beast. He seemed as sorry for him as I was."

When she called next morning at the dog hospital she found that the man had been there an hour before on the same errand—to make inquiries about the patient. He had left a bunch of violets in the kennel that made the beast so ugly by contrast that she carried them home with her.

They met at the kennel the next day, and the next, and the next after. They were both so anxious about the Beast's recovery that they quite forgot the conventionalities and became good friends. Fate was kind in providing them with a dozen mutual friends. By the time the Beast was ready to be taken home they were engaged.

The Beast seemed to approve. Plainly he had forgiven Mr. Armstrong for running him down. He lavished his caresses without distinction on both.

Once they quarreled. The Beast heard it all. He looked with wonder when Miss Erstwell sat the width of the room distant from Mr. Armstrong and when Mr. Armstrong walked back and forth, hands in his pockets, and bestowing none of those looks upon Miss Erstwell that had been so frequent and had so impressed the Beast. Being a dog he could not know what it was about, and being a dog he was sure that whatever it was it was not worth while.

When Mr. Armstrong had bowed to Miss Erstwell and departed, forgetting to look at him, the Beast was distressed. He followed his mistress to her room and sat upon the train of her pink gown while she rummaged about in her writing desk. While she assorted some letters something fell from one of them to the floor. The Beast snuffed at it. It was the withered remains of that bunch of violets Mr. Armstrong had left in his kennel the day after the accident. Didn't he remember it? Hadn't he played with that bow of lavender ribbon until the Beauty took it away?

He rose at attention and braced his paws against her knee while he looked up questioningly at her. She rested her face upon his ugly head and cried.

Ten minutes later Philip Armstrong's man told him Miss Erstwell's dog was waiting for some one in the hall.

"He must have followed me. Come in, Beast, good dog! Why, you head is wet. What are you carrying? Drop it."

The Beast stood still. He was too anxious to observe the little amenity of wagging his stub of a tail. Philip Armstrong put the violets into his side pocket. "Come Beast," he said, "I'll take you home."

Alice Erstwell laughed and cried when she heard the story.

"O' Beast!" she cried. "O' Philip, what would we have ever done without that blessed dog?"

RAN AWAY FROM HOME.

A Duluth Boy Is Caught In Winona.

The Winona Independent of Friday had the following: "Peter Dorszewski, a 16-year-old boy, was taken to the city prison by Officer Lockwood. The boy come in on a Milwaukee passenger train, and thinking that he might have ran away from home he was taken care of here. When he reached the station he told the following story.

'He said his home is in Duluth and that he had been paroled from the state training school last September. He ran away from home about a month ago and went to Minneapolis, where he worked as a messenger boy for the Western Union Telegraph company. He gave his father's name and address as Jacob Dorszewski, 129 East Ninth street, Duluth. The training school authorities were notified and the boy was taken back to the school on the Milwaukee 'fast mail' this noon."

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face comparc,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

AT THE HOTELS

A fun loving clerk at the Spalding is trying to induce the guests to don a piece of orange-colored ribbon this morning and invade the sanctity of Ireland up on the 100 floor. It has been the 17th of March ever since the chambermaid on that floor arrived today, and there isn't another nation on the face of the earth in that locality. Up to date everybody has scented danger and has refused to be led into ambush so the 100 chambermaid reigns supreme in her shamrock empire.

• • •

August Soerwert, of Lynchburg, N. D., is at the McKay. He is here buying lumber and merchandise for a large general retail business at Lynchburg. Mr. Soerwert says that the farmers in his part of Dakota are all prosperous. "Every farmer is building something," says Mr. Soerwert. "For the most part they are putting up new barns or granaries, but they are slicking up in a general way. The farms of the Northwest are taking on a different appearance than they used to present."

• • •

Edward Hines, head of the big lumber concern bearing his name, and S. J. Cusson left yesterday for Chicago, after spending a couple of days at the Spalding and at Superior. It is understood that they are still figuring on contracts for sawing the big tract of timber lying between Hawthorn and Dedham and also for hauling the logs to the mill, but have not closed anything since the timber was bought. They have an old sawing contract with the West Superior Lumber company mill.

• • •

H. Jarchow, who with some Duluth men, is carrying on mining explorations near Hibbing, is at the McKay.

• • •

Senator McCarthy came in from Grand Rapids last night, and is at the St. Louis.

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Among the upper peninsula people at the Spalding are P. W. Denton, of Houghton, and F. D. Matheson and Don McLennan, of Calumet.

• • •

Travel was light over Sunday, as a result of the cold wave, but the hotels suffered little in a general way, owing to the large influx of people who had been doing business in neighboring places and waited to get up town for Sunday.

• • •

Charles C. Neale, of Minneapolis, is stopping at the McKay. He used to be a scale expert in the state weighmaster's department, but made a happy discovery in the form of an improved scale and is now out of politics and enjoying the fruits of his invention.

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Oscar H. Olsen, of Fosston, is a guest at the St. Louis.

• • •

Capt. John H. Redfern and Mrs. Redfern were at the Spalding yesterday on their way home to Hibbing.

• • •

S. J. Cable and daughter arrived at the St. Louis last evening from Grand Rapids.

• • •

Traffic Manager Broughton of the Eastern Minnesota blew in with the cold wave this morning, or brought it with him. He is stopping at the Spalding.

• • •

G. W. Armstrong, Spokane; T. E. Parsons, Minneapolis; Thomas R. Benton, H. K. Pingo, St. Paul; Mrs. C. McConn, Minneapolis; H. L. Monhelmer, Chicago; W. D. Burford, La Crosse; H. N. Leighton, Minneapolis; Alfred A. Keane, New York; James E. Wetherk, St. Paul, and O. B. Nash, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

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W. B. Stontemyer, Charles C. Neale, Minneapolis; A. W. Rittenhouse, Colorado Springs; G. M. Rittenhouse, New York; Marry Marton, Ashland; D. T. Hire, Milwaukee; Peter Peterson, Shell Lake, Wis.; E. A. Hough, Minneapolis, and P. W. Stein, Buhl, are at the McKay.

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W. G. McMath, St. Paul; H. Leonard, Chicago; M. S. Chancellng, Virginia; T. H. Stewart, Minneapolis; Van R. MacVeagh, A. B. Ascher, St. Paul; C. J. Burger, South Omaha; R. D. LaMont, Chicago; William Park, Chicago, and J. H. Wicks, Redfield, S. D., are at the St. Louis.

TRUST DEED FILED.

Duluth General Electric Company Executes One.

A trust deed for $1,000,000 was filed Saturday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds by the Duluth General Electric company, running to the Old Colony Trust company, of Boston. The deed is made to cover an issue of bonds by the electric company, the purpose of which is to fund the company's debt and acquire an electric plant, stock in the Prindle Gas company, the Northern Electric Subway company, and the West Duluth Electric company, as well as the purchase of material necessary for extending the plant. The bonds are to run twenty-five years and the interest is 6 per cent. The trust deed covers all the company's property, and the company reserves the right to redeem the bonds at any time after one year by paying the interest and a premium of 4 per cent. In 1907 $10,000 in bonds is to be redeemed and within twenty years $500,000 is to be redeemed. The deed is signed by A. W. Hartman, as president and C. E. Van Bergen as secretary of the electric company, which was recently incorporated.

GERONIMO

The Apache Chief Wants to Be Formally Released.

Fort Sill, O. T., March 17.—Geronimo, the Apache Indian chief, has petitioned the authorities at Washington to be released from captivity.

For the last fourteen years Geronimo has been a military prisoner at Fort Sill. Now, at the age of 80 he has signified his wish to become a docile subject of the Great Father at Washington.

Gen. Frank Armstrong of the regular army has been looking into the question and has recommended that Geronimo be paroled and made a citizen. Geronimo has been free, practically, for several years now, or ever since his removal from captivity in the Florida everglades, to the baracks at Fort Sill. Although under constant surveillance, he has a small farm and receives $35 a month as a "government scout."

With Geronimo are 298 Apaches. The remnant of the Chiriraus probably will be released.

TURNED DOWN

Gen. Miles' Plans to Subdue Filipinos Not Approved.

Washington, March 17.—The Post tomorrow says: ILeut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles of the army made a specific request to the war department to be sent to the Philippine islands, and in connection therewith submitted a plan by which, in his opinion, the war could be brought to an end without further loss of life to either side. He proposed to employ methods similar to those used by him so successfully in his Indian campaigns. Secretary Root, after due consideration, denied Gen. Miles' request, and disapproved the plan submitted. The papers, so indorsed by the secretary, were sent to the White House and the president subsequently concurred in the secretary's action. The final indorsement, disposing of the latter, is said to bear date, March 5, 1902.

In effect, President Roosevelt and Secretary Root hold that the war in the Philippines is already at an end, or virtually so, and that the adoption of Gen. Miles' plan, involving a changing of policy in dealing with the inhabitants of the archipelago, would be unfair to those officials, military and civil, whose work has brought about almost complete pacification.

TWO FINE SPECIMENS

Of Physical Manhood.

No form of athletic exercise demands such perfect physical condition as prize fighting. Every muscle in the body must be fully developed and supple, and the heart, lungs and stomach must act to perfection.

Whether we endorse prize-fighting or not, it is nevertheless interesting to know the manner by which men arrive at such physical perfection.



James Jeffries, the present champion heavyweight of the world, and his gallant opponent, Tom Sharkey, in the greatest pugilistic encounter that has ever taken place, both pursued much the same course of training, and the first and most important part of this training was to get the stomach in condition, and to keep the digestion absolutely perfect, so that every muscle and nerve would be at its highest capabilities.

This was not done by a secret patent medicine, but both of these great pugilists used a well known natural digestive tablet sold by druggists under name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and composed of the digestive ferments which every stomach requires for healthy digestion.

Champion Jeffries says: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets prevent acidity, strengthen the stomach and insure perfect digestion. They keep a man in fine physical condition." Signed, James J. Jeffries, champion of the world.

The gallant fighter, Sharkey, says: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets remove all discomfort after eating. They rest the stomach and restore it to a healthful condition. I heartily recommend them." Signed, Thomas J. Sharkey.

The advantage of the daily use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is that they keep people well and ward off sickness and are equally valuable to well persons as to the dyspeptics. Another advantage is that these tablets contain no cathartics, or poisons of any character, but merely digestive ferments which are found in every healthy stomach, and when indigestion is imperfect it is because the stomach lacks some of these elements and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets supply it.

They are no cheap cathartic, but a perfectly safe and efficient digestive and the demand for them is greater than the sale of all other so-called dyspepsia cures combined. No remedy could possibly reach such a place in public esteem except as a result of positive merit.

Full sized packages are sold by all druggists at 50 cents, and the best habit you can possibly form is to take a Stuart Tablet after each meal. They make weak stomachs strong and keep strong stomachs vigorous.

HEAVY LOSS

Results From Burning of Denbeigh Hall at Bryn Mawr.

Philadelphia, March 17.—The loss resulting from the fire at Bryn Mawr college last night, will be much greater than was at first supposed. Denbigh Hall, the finest of the college buildings, which was erected at a cost of $190,00, was entirely destroyed, and its contents valued at $35,000, at least, were consumed. Seventy young women occupied chambers in Denbeigh hall and their individual losses have not yet been learned. Miss Thomas, president of the college, said today, that during the progress of the fire there had been some looting by strange men, but added that the thefts of jewels, etc., were not extensive. Denbigh hall was erected in 1891, according to location, tuition, board and residence in this building cost the student from $400 to $575. President Thomas is fearful that the offer of $250,000 by John D. Rockefeller, conditioned on an equal amount being raised, will be endangered, as the college will have hard work to recover from the effects of the fire.

WILL NOT GO ABROAD.

London, March 17.—It was officially announced today that King Edward will not go abroad this year. He will cruise in British waters on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert.

MINE DUST EXPLODED.

Fairmount, W. Va., March 17.—An explosion of mine dust in the new central mines occurred this morning. All the miners escaped without injury or loss of life. The property loss was slight.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
MONDAY, MARCH 17.
Direct From Triumphal Tour of Great Britain
SOUSA AND HIS BAND.
"The glorified ideal of the military Band."—London Globe.
"The March King," John Philip Sousa, Conductor.
Maud Reese-Davies, Soprano; Dorothy Hoyle, Violinists; Arthur Pryor, Trombone.
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquette, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Manager.
Wednesday, March 19.
GRAND
Scottish Concert
By the Queen of Scottish Song, MISS JESSIE N. McLACHLAN, the Pet of Royalty and the Pride of Scotland.
Tickets, 50c, 75c and $1.00—From any member of Clan Stewart or Second Presbyterian Church. Seats reserved Tuesday, March 18.



WE TRUST THE PEOPLE

Our great discount sale is moving the goods. No old stuff, but new, fresh, up-to-date goods. These special price tags of 5 to 40 per cent reduction means big saving. Our big store is dotted with big tags of different color, denoting the slashing cuts we make.

MORRIS CHAIRS—Our entire line at 20 per cent discount.
Regular $9.00 Chair—sale price $7.20
Regular $12.00 Chair—sale price $9.60
Regular $16.00 Chair—sale price $12.80

Sewing Machines We've just received a large consignment of Sewing Machines—drop heads, etc. Prices **$12 to $30**

Please remember, **your credit is good** at our store. We will sell you a household outfit for less money than any like concern at the head of the lake. **Try our easy payment plan.** Payments accepted $1 per week and up. Carpets and Rugs—new spring stock just in. Call and see the line. Yours for business,

R. R. FORWARD & CO., 2110-2112 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn. BOTH 'PHONES.

Sideboards and Buffets.
10 per cent and 15 per cent and 20 per cent discount.
Buffet, regular price $38.00—special sale $32.30
Buffet, regular price $28.00—special sale $34.75
Buffet, regular price $35.00—special sale $19.60
Side Boards, regular price $25.00—special sale $17.50

METHUEN'S DISASTER

Lord Kitchener Sends Further Details of Boer Attack.

Cavalry Was Rattled and Left the Artillery Unprotected.

Report That Many Boers Wore Khaki Is Confirmed.

London, March 17.—The war office has received the following comunication from Lord Kitchener at Pretoria:

"Lord Methuen has sent me a staff officer with a dictated dispatch from which it appears that certain particulars previously given are inaccurate. The rear screen of mounted troops was rushed and overwhelmed at dawn. There was a gap of a mile between the ox and mule convoys. The mounted supports to the rear of the screen, with Gen. Methuen, immediately reinforced by all the available mounted troops and a section of Thirty-eighth battery, maintained themselves for an hour, during which the convoys were closing up without disorder. In the meanwhile 200 infantry were being disposed by Lord Methuen to resist the Boers' attack, which was outflanking the left of the rear guard. The Boers pressed that attack hard, and the mounted troops, attempting to fall back on the infantry, got completely out of land, carrying away with them in the rout the bulk of the mounted troops. Two guns of the Thirty-eighth battery were thus left unprotected, but continued in action until every man, with the exception of Lieut. Nesham, was hit. He was called on to surrender and upon refusing to do so, was killed.

"Lord Methuen, with 200 of the Northumberland fusiliers and two guns of the Fourth battery, then found himself isolated, but held on for three hours. During this period the remaining infantry, namely, 100 of the Lancashires, with some forty mounted men, mostly Cape police, who had occupied the kraal near the wagons, also continued to hold out against the repeated attacks of the Boers.

"By this time Lord Methuen was wounded and the casualties were exceedingly heavy amongst his men. Their ammunition was mostly expended, and the surrender was made about 9:30 in the morning.

"The party in the kraal still held out, and did not give in until two guns and a pompom were brought to bear upon them at about 10 o'clock, making their position untenable.

"It is confirmed that most of the Boers wore khaki uniforms.

"Many also wore our badges. Even at close quarters they could not be distinguished from our own men.

"It is clear the infantry fought well, and the artillery kept up the traditions of the regiment. In addition to the forty members of the Cape police already mentioned, a few parties of Imperial yeomanry and Cape police continued to hold their ground after the panic had swept the bulk of the mounted troops off the field."

Lord Kitchener's telegraphic dispatch showing that the fighting lasted much longer than was supposed, confirms the belief that the disaster to Gen. Methuen's forces was due to leaving too large a gap between the front convey and the rear, and to placing an insufficient screen between the rear guard, which brought about a panic among the troops as a result of the Boer onslaught.

Much resentment is felt here that the Boers wore British uniforms and badges, but satisfaction is expressed at the latest accounts of the affair, as indicating that the British troops behaved better than was supposed from the earlier reports.

It appears that Gen. Methuen was shot while riding to bring up the mounted troops and that his horse was killed. After the surrender Gen. Delarey rode up and treated Gen. Methuen with the greatest courtesy and consideration. He ordered his return to Klerksdorp under the care of his own nephew and medical officer.

According to the Klerksdorp correspondent of the Daily Mail the burghers were so angry at this that a party of them went out and brought Gen. Methuen back. Gen. Delarey, however, overruled the objections of the burghers.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

LAST RITES

Over the Body of Former Governor John P. Altgeld.

Chicago, March 17.—Representatives of all classes of people in the state of Illinois joined yesterday in a final tribute to ex-Governor John P. Altgeld, who was buried in Graceland cemetery. In accordance with the wishes of Mrs. Altgeld there was no military display. For two hours in the morning, before the casket was closed, a steady stream of people viewed the body as it lay in state in the public library building.

Along the line of march, which extended from the library to Lincoln Park, the streets were crowded with men, women and children in whose hearts Mr. Altgeld had found a place. The funeral procession which started at 11 o'clock was headed by a platoon of police. The funeral car with its escort of active and honorary pallbearers was followed by carriages containing the members of the family, after that came Governor Yates and his staff, members of the legislature, the Cook county judiciary, members of the county board, county officials and city officials.

The second division was made up of the United Turner societies; in the third divisions were a number of political bodies. Organized labor bodies formed the fourth division, and the fifth and last was composed of civic and fraternal societies, Boer sympathizers, the Altgeld legion, Henry George association and hundreds of citizens who took part in the pageant.

Among those from outside the state who attended the funeral was William Jennings Bryan, who served as one of the honorary pallbearers.

KING IS ALL RIGHT.

Storer Says Alphonso Is a Likely Lad.

New York, March 17.—Bellamy Storer, United States minister to Spain, arrived yesterday on the American line steamer St. Louis from Southampton.

Mr. Storer was surprised to learn that a rumor had been circulated that he had been recalled from his post, and emphatically denied that there was the slightest foundation for such a report.

Said Mr. Storer: "I regretted to notice in many of the American papers which I received in Madrid statements to the effect that the young king was physically and mentally unfit to assume the duties of government. That is not true. He has been admirably brought up by a most devoted mother and I see no reason why he should not reign with honor to himself and to his country. He has grown very fast and is now a fine-looking lad. He takes a keen interest in military affairs and shows to great advantage when he appears mounted with a review of the troops."

SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Litchfield, Minn., March 17.—Frank Addy has been arrested and placed in jail here charged with the murder of Milton Gordon and wife, who were burned to death New Year's eve in their home four miles from here. Circumstances pointed to Addy at the time and detectives were put on the case. The arrest came as a surprise, however, as it was thought the case had been dropped, and excitement is high in Litchfield.

KENTUCKY COLONEL

Failed to Pay His Board Bill and Was Ejected.

He Courtesied to the Indignant Landlady When Leaving.

Was Married to Eldest Daughter of Horace Greeley.

New York, March 17.—In the chivalrous manner of a born Ketuckian, Col. Nicholas Smith, son-in-law of Horace Greeley, accepted a dispossess notice served upon him by City Marshal Crow, and, bowing low to his landlady, said:

"I shall obey the mandate of the court and leave your house." He then retired to his apartment and held the fort until the expiration of the three days of grace allowed by law.

Col. Smith, whose eccentricities have at various times brought him into public notice, has for five months occupied the second floor, front, of Mrs. Mary E. Hurd's house, No. 59 West Ninety-third street. His two daughters have lived with him. He is of striking appearance, and doesn't hesitate to inform acquaintances that he has been called the best looking man in New York. His friends say he is somewhat careless about money matters, but just before leaving his Ninety-third street house he handed to Mrs. Hurd his personal note for $62.50, the amount which he owed her for room rent, and told her he bore no enmity toward her for evicting him by process of law.

"In his grandiloquent fashion," said Mrs. Hurd, "he said: 'Let us part as friends.' That was after he had refused to either pay rent or vacate my rooms. I neve had such a lodger."

Col. Smith left no address with Mrs. Hurd when he departed. He had not been gone an hour when tradesmen began to arrive. They seemed much perturbed when informed that Col. Smith's new domicile was not known. A lawyer's clerk with a summons was among the callers. He had the unsatisfied claim of an Astor court tailor for $40 for a suit of clothes.

Col. Nicholas Smith married Miss Ida, the eldest daughter of Horace Greeley. He practically had charge of the management of the estate of the famous editor, and has been criticised for the manner in which the estate dwindled until Miss Gabrielle, the other daughter, was almost penniless. Col. Smith has answered his critics by asserting that Horace Greeley died insolvent. Mrs. Smith died some years ago and the daughters of the colonel are now 21 and 19 years of age.

Col. Smith attracted wide attention by demands he made upon Edward J. Ovington, of Brooklyn, in 1897, when he acted as Mr. Ovington's best man. He sent in a bill for expense amounting to $180, which he said were incurred buying gloves and going to Louisville, where the ceremony was performed. Mr. Ovington sent the colonel a check for $100 and refused to pay more. He said Col. Smith also had asked him to indorse a note for $2000.

Col. Smith wrote a caustic letter asking for the additional $80, and Mr. Ovington made the correspondence public. There was talk of a duel as a sequel, but none occurred.

Col. Smith served on the Union side in the civil war, and at its close was appointed minister to Greece. He declined the mission. He ran for congress in 1870 and was defeated by Waldo Hutchins. Col. Smith was arrested in July, 1888, and locked up in a Harlem police station over night on complaint of John Allen, proprietor of the Hotel Hamilton, at One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and Eighth avenue. He was charged with attempting to defraud the hotel out of a bill for $365. There was a hearing in court and the case then was adjusted.

While serving the government as consul at Three Rivers, Canada, Col. Smith was mobbed by a crowd of indignant citizens on Oct. 11, 1892. The Canadian villagers took exception to a report by Consul Smith which the government printed, and which said soap was unknown in Three Rivers, and that "seven persons and a pig constituted the average family."

Col. Smith's usefulness in Canada being somewhat impaired, he was transfered to Liege, Belgium. He retired from the diplomatic service when Mr. Cleveland went to the White House.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

You Will Be Pleasantly Surprised

When you come to inspect our new spring styles in hats. Latest blocks in derbies at $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

CATARRH



The treatment of Catarrh with antiseptic and astringent washes, lotions, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes or any external or local application, is just as senseless as would be kindling a fire on top of the pot to make it boil. True, these give temporary relief, but the cavities and passages of the head and the bronchial tubes soon fill up again with mucus.

Taking cold is the first step towards Catarrh, for it checks perspiration, and the poisonous acids and vapors which should pass off through the skin, are thrown back upon the mucous membrane or inner skin, producing inflammation and excessive flow of mucus, much of which is absorbed into the blood, and through the circulation reaches every part of the system, involving the Stomach, Kidneys and other parts of the body. When the disease assumes the dry form, the breath becomes exceedingly foul, blinding headaches are frequent, the eyes red, hearing affected and a constant ringing in the ears. No remedy that does not reach the polluted blood can cure Catarrh. S. S. S. expels from the circulation all offensive matter, and when rich, pure blood is again coursing through the body the mucous membranes become healthy and the skin active, all the disagreeable, painful symptoms disappear, and a permanent, thorough cure is effected. S. S. S. being a strictly vegetable blood purifier does not derange the Stomach and digestion, but the appetite and general health rapidly improve under its tonic effects. Write us about your case and get the best medical advice free. Book on blood and skin diseases sent on application.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ADJOURN IN JUNE

Session of Congress Will Probably Close Earlier Than Usual.

Appropriation Bills Are All In an Advanced Stage.

None of the Territorial Bills For Statehood Will Pass.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Members of the house and senate who have sized up the legislative situation predict that the present session of congress will come to a close much earlier than usual, and that final adjournment will be reached in June. This prediction is based upon the assumption that an understanding will be arrived at on the Cuban tariff question and an agreement for speedy passage of imperative measures in the house. The Philippine bill was passed by the senate after a debate of several weeks, and it is likely that the Cuban tariff measure, whatever it may be, will provide a discussion in the upper house that may continue for at least a month, but allowing for this delay, the business of the session can still be brought to an end about the time indicated. The appropriation bills are all in a more advanced stage than is usually the case at this period of the session, and the only other important measures to be considered are the isthmian canal bill and the ship subsidy bill. The former may not be pressed to a final consideration, but by general consent go over until the next session; and as the subsidy project was discussed thoroughly in the past two sessions, its consideration will not develop many so-called long speeches to postpone adjournment. Members of the house are especially anxious to leave Washington early this year, because of the congressional campaign. The Democrats seem to take some encouragement over the division in the Republican party on the Cuban tariff, and many of the minority leaders believe they have been furnished with an issue they can use to advantage in the fall elections. Holding this view, some of them are in favor of co-operating with the Republicans in any program that will end the session early.

Some of the bills that were expected to provoke exhaustive debates have been arbitrarily shelved by Speaker Henderson. Among them are the measures admitting Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico to the Union as states. Early in the session the delegates from the territories started an agitation for statehood that proved poular on both sides of the house, and the statehood bills were reported favorably. The Republican leaders, however, have decided they will take no political chances on territories, which may or may not be Republican states, and therefore through the speaker they have checked the statehood enthusiasm by quiet intimation that legislation of that character should be postponed until next session.

* * *

Former speaker, Thomas B. Reed, was in Washington this week to argue a case before the supreme court. When Mr. Reed was speaker he deprecated the freedom with which former members appeared upon the floor during sessions of the house for the reason that many of them were engaged in lobbying and took advantage of the rule giving them access to the floor to work up sentiment for their schemes. Consistent with this attitude he has not been seen on the floor since he left the speaker's chair. When he goes to the capital he meets his old friends at a committee room or in the member's private lobby. He has also given two or three dinners when he renewed his former associations with friends in the house and senate. On these occasions Mr. Reed was at his best and made free with that wit and sarcasm with which he is so generously gifted. His caustic comments on current events, political and otherwise, kept his guests roaring throughout the dinner and some of them suggested that in parliamentary language he "be given leave to print his views in a book to be entitled, 'Statesmen I Have Known.'"

The manner of some of the capitol nabobs in greeting the former speaker when he appears in the corridors now is in marked contrast with the awe and reverence shown him when with an iron will he ruled the house and is a striking illustration of how soon the king dead is forgotten. A few days ago as the former speaker passed through a corridor to the supreme court chambers the men and women in line awaiting admittance regarded him curiously. "Who's that?" asked a man at the head of the line. "That's Reed," replied the messenger at the door. "He used to be speaker."

Mr. Reed is no longer the picture of health he once was. The exacting duties of office lawyer in a New York law firm are wearing on him and while here he informed some of his friends that he would soon be compelled to take a vacation for his health. He has lost nearly fifty pounds in weight. During a visit at the White House he told President Roosevelt of this. Mr. Roosevelt replied that he had gained steadily in weight since he became president despite the laborious duties of chief executive and that he had never before enjoyed such good health. His prescribed for Mr. Reed horseback riding and long walks in the country.

* * *

In his speech opposing the proposition to elect senators by direct popular suffrage, Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts fully maintained his reputation as a senator of high and statesmanlike ideas and a leading authority on constitutional laws. The senator is nearly 76 years of age and has served about thirty-two years in congress. He is still a vigorous man and when aroused to his subject speaks with that fire and eloquence he used so effectively in the early years of his congressional career. In opposing the constitutional amendment changing the plan of electing senators Mr. Hoar took the position that it presented a proposition revolutionary in character and one which, if adopted, would destroy the principle upon which the legislative powers of the government are founded. In this connection he recalled the great struggle in the constitutional convention to establish the principles of equal representation of all the states in the senate and asserted that if the power to elect senators were taken from the legislatures of the states and vested in the people directly there would result a rearrangement of the branches of congress by which the senate would cease to exist and its place be taken by a second house of representatives. His argument was an effective one throughout.

The house in three congresses has passed a resolution providing for a change, but the senate has never regarded the proposed innovation with favor. In this congress, however, strong pressure has been exerted for the popular vote system in senatorial elections and it has had its effect. Eight states have declared in favor of it and chambers of commerce and other commercial organizations have also adopted memorials petitioning congress to take favorable action. The supporters of this amendment claim that the choice of senators by popular vote would prevent legislative gerrymanders by which it is possible to defeat a popular choice of a majority. The new plan is supported by most of the Democrats and by many of the Republicans in the senate, but there is little confidence in its adoption by this congress owing to the opposition of Mr. Hoar and other conspicuous senators on the Republican side who have given it out that they will prevent a vote by long drawn out speeches in and out of season if such an extreme court should become necessary.

* * *

In the retirement from congress of Representative Moody, of Massachusetts, whom president Roosevelt has selected to succeed Mr. Long as secretary of the navy, the Republican side will lose one of its ablest debaters. Mr. Moody is a statesman of the independent type who follows his party when he thinks it right and who refuses to follow it when he thinks it is wrong. His course has evidently been endorsed by the people of his district as he has been returned to congress practically without opposition and had he been a candidate would have been re-elected to the next congress. He is the third cabinet officer this district has furnished. The others were Timothy Pickering, who was secretary of state in Washington's cabinet, and Caleb Cushing. Capt. Gardner, a son-in-law of Senator Lodge, has announced himself as a candidate for Mr. Moody's seat and as he has the support of the senator and other leading Republican politicians his chances are said to be better than those of any other candidate. With the appointment of Mr. Moody the president will also fill the position of cabinet orator which has been vacant since Charles Emory Smith left the postoffice department. Mr. Smith did most of the public speaking for the McKinley administration and frequently represented the cabinet on occasions when it was called upon to supply an orator. As Secretary Hay rarely makes a speech and other members of the cabinet do not make a practice of appearing as orators, Mr. Moody will be expected to take the place of Mr. Smith and be ready at any time to take the platform as representative of the president. This he can do as well as any other man Mr. Roosevelt could have chosen. He is graceful in his oratory and has an attractive presence and a good voice for public speaking. He is one of the comparatively young men who have been called to a cabinet position as he is about thirty-nine years old.

* * *

The victory of Congressman Hull, of Iowa, in the primaries of his district afforded his colleagues and associates much pleasure which will be expressed in the form of a dinner to him next week. Mr. Hull is one of the most popular men in the house and his friends are about equally divided between the Republicans and Democrats. As chairman of the committee on military affairs he is in a position to do many favors and he has always exhibited the utmost impartiality in distributing the committee favors.

* * *

The committee on territories has ordered a favorable report upon Representative Lacey's bill for the preservation and protection of the game of Alaska. It is designed to prevent wanton destruction of the birds and animals of that far-off region, and while no disposition is manifested to deprive travelers, miners and prospectors of the right to kill for food, it is proposed to punish severely persons who kill simply for sport. It would seem at first glance that the chances for the enforcement of a game protection law in a country so shortly settled as Alaska would be impossible. But the committee has provided an effective plan for reducing the desire to kill game, not needed for food, to the minimum. It is by absolutely prohibiting the export of carcases, skins or hides of animals and birds from the territory. Unless the privilege of shipping home the results of a hunt is afforded the sportsman, he will have no incentive to demonstrate his prowess. At present there is no game law for Alaska and unless congress acts promptly the game birds and animals which abound in the territory, are likely to be soon exterminated.

* * *

The supreme court in a recent decision laid down a principle of law which promises to have an important bearing upon every corporate village and city in the country. It was rendered in the case of the Water company of Skaneateles, N. Y., against the trustees of the village. The company was granted a charter some years ago to put in a system of water works. Stipulations were made as to the amount which the village must pay for water for public purposes. Later the company undertook to force the village to pay higher rates, and this being refused, the hydrant service was discontinued. Then the village decided to construct its own system. The company undertook to prevent the construction on the ground that the value of its plant and franchise would be jeopardized. The supreme court decides against the company and in favor of the village. The effect of this will be to enable any municipality to protect itself against extortion by a corporate body of its own creation.

Mme. Yale's



Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PALMONWHITE COMPANY
"THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE"
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

COLON GUARDED.

Great Precautions Taken to Avoid a Surprise.

Colon, Colombia, March 17.—All approaches to Colon are new guarded by small detachments of troops. The government is throwing up embankments at certain advantageous points in the center of the town and from 200 to 300 troops are kept moving up and down the railroad line. These are necessary precautions to avoid an insurgent surprise and attack similar to the one of last November.

Beef, provisions, vegetables, etc., are becoming scarce in Panama, as small boats are no longer able to communicate with the neighboring coast towns. Panama is receiving its supply from Carthagena by way of Colon.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Reese Evans and A. A. Smith fought a duel with Winchesters at eight feet distance at Purdy Station, Nev. Each received injuries from which death resulted. The quarrel was over a strip of almost worthless land.

A cyclone struck the mining town of Piper, Bibb county, Ala., Sunday, wrecking forty houses and damaging thirty-five others. Ed Turner, colored, was killed, and John Allen, wife and three children, were severely injured. The storm also did great damage at Gurnee Junction and Belle Ellen. The mines in that section are flooded and cannot be operated for several days.

Ten thousand people, most of them Americans, witnessed a bloody bull fight at Juarez, Mex., Sunday in which two of Spain's most noted matadors—Fuentes and Mazzantini—took a leading part. Six bulls were dispatched by the sword and five horses were gored to death.

Private Schmidt, of troop C, of the Thirteenth cavalry, stationed at Fort Assinaboine, has been frozen to death while attempting to walk from the Half Way house to the post, a distance of six miles.

The steamer Middleham Castle arriving at Charleston, Tex., Sunday from Antwerp, spoke the United States transport McClellan March 3, in latitude 34.10 north, longitude 43.20 west, bound east. The transport reported all well.

A disastrous fire Sunday afternoon destroyed nearly half the town of Campbell, Nev. It started in a billiard hall and in an hour, with a terrific wind blowing, burned the billiard hall, newspaper office, blacksmith shop, postoffice, hardware store, drug store and hotel. No estimate has yet been made of the total loss or insurance.

CABLE FLASHES.

Because a Chinaman threw a stone at Baroness Romanla Avezzana, wife of the secretary of the Italian legation at Pekin, while she was passing in the street, the dowager empress has issued an edict sternly admonishing the Chinese against insulting foreigners.

Givera, the insurgent leader, has issued a proclamation in the island of Samar declaring he has succeeded Gen. Lukban, who was captured by the Americans, and that consequently all orders now standing in the name of Lukban are void. Givera also says he has been compelled unwillingly to issue this proclamation.

With expressions of regret the newspapers at Berlin print a dispatch from Washington that Andrew D. White, the American ambassador to Germany, will retire next November.

Owing to cholera at Hong Kong a quarantine of five days will be enforced against all vessels arriving at Manila from that port.

A section of the naval arsenal at Valparaiso has been destroyed by fire. The loss is placed at $1,000,000.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock's Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

INDIANS SUBMITTED

Rather Than Lose Hair They Signed Rolls.

Muskogee, I. T., March 17.—Rather than submit to a hair cut, eight full-blooded Cherokee Indians, arrested yesterday charged with being in contempt of the federal court, yesterday enrolled before the Dawes commission. These Indians are members of the Ketoowah society, composed of an element in the Cherokee nation opposed to enrollment.

Last month Judge Raymond, of the United States territorial court, ordered them to present themselves for enrollment under pain of contempt. They disobeyed the order and were arrested and placed in the federal jail here. Saturday night the government officials pleaded with them to submit, but they declined stoutly. Red Bird Smith, their leader, making an impassioned speech in defense of their action. Argument being of no avail, an order was issued that each prisoner should have his hair cut. They were lined up to take their turn in the barber's chair. When the first Indian had lost his shock of hair the others broke down and signified their willingness to enroll. With sullen faces they signed their names to the enrollment and were released.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Hats.

The price is the same today, tomorrow and every other day in the year.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

DORMITORY

At Bryn Mawr College Is Destroyed By Fire.

Philadelphia, March 17.—One of the dormitory buildings of Bryn Mawr college, an institution for the higher education of young ladies, was burned last night. The college is located at Bryn Mawr, about ten miles from this city.

No one was injured. The burned building was known as Denbig hall, and had accommodations for 200 students. When the fire was discovered by the young woman on the second floor, in whose apartment a lamp was overturned, she immediately rang the fire alarm. The alarm aroused all the young women in the building most of whom were asleep, and, when it was seen that the flames were getting beyond control, they made their exit safely.

The fire department of Bryn Mawr was unable to control the flames, and assistance was sent from Philadelphia. Denbig hall was erected in 1890, at a cost of $190,000. It was three stories high. The loss on the contents of the building is estimated at $35,000, not including the personal effects of the students.

WB 'ERECT FORM' CORSETS



The W. B. Erect Form is the *one* corset made that has a special model for every possible build of woman. There is no strain on bust or abdomen—no ugly lines to the corset and no pressure of the figure striving to adjust itself to a normal poise. It is the only proper corset for the new gowns.

Erect Forms 973 and 701 For medium figures. Fairly low busted—medium hip. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.00.**

Erect Form 974 Is like 973, but is made of fine coutil. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.50.**

Erect Form 959 *Improved.* For average figures. Of French coutil. Sizes 18 to 30. **$2.00.**

Erect Form 966 For developed figures. Low bust and long hip. Sizes 18 to 36. **$3.00.**

Erect Form 962 For stout figures. Long over abdomen and hips. **$2.50.**

Erect Form 970 For medium figures. Made like 973. Of fine batiste. In white. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.00.**

Erect Form 972 In white batiste. Has extreme low "V" bust. Extra long over hips and abdomen. Sizes 18 to 30. **$1.50.**

SPECIAL! The New Long Hip Erect Form

Not only is the corset of good length, but extra pieces reach far down and case in the hips, producing a sloping effect. Two models are now ready. For average figures.

Erect Form 711 at $2.00 each **Erect Form 713 at $4.00 each.**

Your dealer will supply you. If he does not carry the models you desire, mention his name and forward the price direct to

WEINGARTEN BROS. 377-379 Broadway NEW YORK

No other corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

LOST ITS STRENGTH

Wheat Market Bid Up Early By Weather Frightened Shorts.

After Their Buying Was Over the Market Fell Off.

Flax Market Strong Early and Then Closed Unchanged.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 17.—The wheat market started out at a good advance this morning, but failed to hold it. The cold weather that prevailed throughout the West and the prediction of colder weather in the winter wheat section sent the shorts to cover, but after their buying was over there was little to stimulate the market and it steadily fell off.

The Liverpool market was slightly stronger, closing ¼d higher. Berlin was ⅛c lower.

The visible supply decreased 1,158,000 bus against a decrease of 769,000 bus last week, being 52,000,000 bus now, as compared with 55,000,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts of wheat were 691,000 bus, last year, 989,000 bus. Shipments, 226,000 bus; last year, 460,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 452,000 bus. The world's shipments showed a decrease, being 5,278,000 bus, against 8,001,00 bus last week and 7,958,000 bus last year. Breadstuffs on passage decreased 824,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market opened with a good advance but, like wheat, turned weaker and at the close showed a decline of ⅜c. Oats also fell off, closing ⅝-⅜c down. The visible supply of corn decreased 799,000 bus, against an increase of 334,000 bus a year ago, and is now 10,-000,000 bus, against 22,000,000 bus a year ago. Primary receipts were 286,000 bus, last year, 574,000 bus. Shipments, 250,000 bus; last year, 416,000 bus. Clearances were 49,000 bus. World's shipments of corn were 2,071,000 bus and the amount on passage decreased 720,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 548 cars, and at Chicago 31, a total of 579 cars, against 488 last week and 805 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was quiet. The market opened at ⅞c up at 74⅞c asked, but the first sale was at 74⅝c at 9:31. After that it fluctuated between 74½c and 74⅝c for some time and then fell steadily, selling at 73⅞c at 12:40 and 73½c at 1:10 and closed at that price, a decline of ⅛c. Chicago declined ½-⅝c and Minneapolis ⅜c.

Cash sales were unchanged, 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3½c under for No. 2 and 5½c under for No. 3. Sales were 25,000 bus.

Flax was quiet and strong early, selling ¾c up to $1.74¾. Afterward it fell off, closing unchanged at $1.75. Cash flax was up 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat— Cash, 1 hard, 75½c; 1 northern, 72½c; 2 northern, 70c; 3 spring, 68c. To arrive—1 hard, 75½c; 1 northern, 73½c; May, 73½c; July, 73¾c. Manitoba, 1 northern, 71c; May, 72c; 2 northern, 68c. Oats, 42c. Rye, 55½c. Flax, cash, $1.73; to arrive, $1.73; May, $1.75; September, $1.40. Corn, 61c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 136; last year, 91; oats, 1; barley, 2; flax, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 95,137 bus; oats, 1712 bus; barley, 3371 bus; flax, 8211 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 700 bus; barley, 5217 bus; flax, 3518 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2300 bus	$0.73¾
No. 1 northern 2 cars	73⅝
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	73½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	73
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	71
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69
Rejected, 1 car	69⅝
No grade, 1 car	68
Flax, 2 cars, cash	1.73
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.73

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Early Trade In Wheat Good With Higher Prices.

Chicago, March 17.—Cold weather in the West and Southwest affected grain at the opening today. Some parts of the Southwest has had no moisture in the last forty-eight hours and as far south as Northern Kansas the thermometer registered 10 degrees below zero. The early trade was good and the crowd especially wanted July stuff. Other conditions were bullish, though the cables were rather indifferent. May wheat started ¼c to ⅞ higher at 75⅝c to 76c, receded several times from the top figures, regained it again and at the end of the first hour was steady around 75⅝c. July options gained nearly 1c. Local receipts were 31 cars, none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 548 cars, making a total for the three points of 579 cars, against 488 last week and 805 a year ago. Breadstuffs on passage decreased 824,000 bu. The world's shipments were 5,278,000 bu, compared with 8,001,000 bu last week and 7,958,000 bu a year ago.

Shortly after the first hour the sentiment in the wheat pit began to change. Shorts had cleared up pretty well Saturday on the long offerings. Prices began to ease and a number of commission houses took advantage of the opportunity to conduct a bear drive. Plenty of stuff was thrown overboard and prices dropped badly. May selling as low as 74½c and closing weak, ½@⅝c lower at 74½@⅝c.

Offerings of corn were not excessive at the opening and the demand was good on these influences together with the cold weather and the wheat strength. May corn opened ¼@⅜c to ½@⅝c up at 62⅞c to 63⅛c. Receipts were still small at 104 cars and showed little tendency to increase. Feeding west developed a good demand and prices held firm. At the end of the first hour May was selling at 62¾c.

The bullish sentiment in corn quickly evaporated with the break in wheat and prices for May slid off to 61⅝c. The close was weak. May ⅝c down at 61⅞@62c.

Oats were higher in sympathy with other grains. July was in good demand and the locals were inclined to the buying side. May was also higher, but the trade was on a small scale. May opened ¼@⅜c up at 45⅜c. The demand was easily satisfied and prices weakened to 45¼c on profit taking. Receipts were 163 cars.

Higher prices for hogs and the strength in grains started provisions strong. There was not much wanted, however, and some selling eased the market from the top prices. May pork opened 15@17½c up at $15.57½ and eased to $15.45; May lard 2½c up at $9.42½c and sold at $9.40, and May ribs 2½c@5c advanced at $8.45 and eased to $8.42½.

Close: Wheat, March, 73⅛c; May, 74½@⅝c; July, 75¼c; September, 71⅞c. Corn, March, 60½c; May, 61⅞@62c; July, 61⅝c; September, 59⅞c; December, 49⅞c. Oats, March, 43⅞c; May, 44¾c; July, 36c; September, 30⅝c. Pork, March, $15.20; May, $15.35; July, $15.45. Lard, March, $9.25; May, $8.37½; July, $8.50; September, $8.60@$8.62½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.73½. Rye, March, 55½c; May, 56@¼c; July, 56½c. Barley, cash, 60@65c. Timothy, March, $6.65. Clover, March, $8.75. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 82½@83½c; No. 3 red, 78½@80½c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@76½c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@75½c; No. 1 northern spring, 75½@77½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@76c; No. 3 spring, 70@75c. Corn, No. 3, 59½@¾c. Oats, No. 2, 45¼c; No. 3, 44¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Chicago Record-Herald: The present wheat price shows a decline since February of about 4c and a decline since the high figure in January of almost 10c. The present level is the lowest since November. The cash wheat interests as a rule are still bearish, explaining that the Manitoba is making any business with Great Britain in No. 1 northern impossible. They take the view the severest pressure on the market will be at the opening of navigation, when the water route starts the Manitoba grain to the seaboard, relieves the congestion in the Northwest Canadian territory and makes possible a renewed movement of this Manitoba wheat from first hands. All the cash men, with very few exceptions, are of the same view, and recite about the same argument. There has been a good deal of changing front by the wheat speclators and important liquidation by certain holders during the past week. The rains disposed of a good many dry-weather bulls. There are, of course, some bulls still left, but they are not very numerous. There has been some changing front by certain of the bears. Those who are willing to talk the purchase of wheat now do not urge much except the price. They say a 10c break in six weeks is not to be ignored. They admit the weak foreign situation, but say, the small receipts are being ignored, and that the rainfall the past week, ample as it is, is not likely to make up entirely for the deficiency which had occurred through five months and had become sensational.

* * *

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—Wheat—Broomhall reports Liverpool steady, the small world's shipments being counteracted by fine spring weather. Here the market opened strong and higher on the cold wave which extends pretty well over the wheat belt. As usually in such cases buying was mainly to cover shorts and that being over the demand was poor and the market turned dull and lost the early advance. Kansas still complains of lack of rain, but there is nothing yet sufficiently definite in the way of crop damage to inspire much speculative buying. The export demand for the day seems to be small.

Corn—The market here opened higher on the cold weather, but the advance brought liquidation sales for local account and under the pressure from this source the advance was lost. There is no change in conditions of supply and demand. There is very little corn moving from farmers and stocks are getting low.

Oats—The visible supply decreased 528,-000 bus, against an increase of 33,000 bus last year and is now 3,486,000 bus, against 10,871,000 bus. The market here was quiet. There are some indications that the leading long interest for May is letting go some of his holdings in a quiet way and replacing for July. Nothing in the way of a large scale, however, has yet transpired.

* * *

Broomhall cables—The total world's shipments of breadstuffs during the past week were 6,448,000 bus, against 8,056,000 bus last week, and 8,728,000 bus a year ago. Of the above quantity the United Kingdom took 3,328,000 bus against 3,688,000 bus the previous week and 5,280,600 bus a year ago. Shipments of corn, 3,160,000 bus, against 2,456,000 bus the previous week and 3,232,000 bus last year.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—The weather is severe. Kansas wheat has no covering. Conditions in that state don't seem to be very favorable. There has been a fair cash business in the West last week, principally hard wheat. If wheat breaks today it will show a weaker market than we look for, as we believe the price is low enough already.

Corn—Receipts at primary points exceedingly small and likely to get smaller. Weather like the present will increase the demand for stock users. Situation very strong.

Oats—There are enough shorts buying oats all the time to keep the price firm without any help from the long interests. Any market with such a contracted interest in it is not a very good place for small traders. I feel like calling your attention again to the fact that September oats are 30c under September corn. The difference seems too wide.

A. H. Farnum, of Chicago—With world's shipments only about 5,000,000 bus and our wheat 10c lower than a while ago we ought to get an export demand this week of sufficient volume to stimulate the market.

The weather map shows very low temperatures, 4 to 26 below in the extreme north, 16 to 4 below in the Dakotas and Minnesota, 10 below to 4 above in Nebraska and Iowa, 6 to 12 above in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. No precipitation in the Southwest today or yesterday.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 17.—Close, wheat, cash, 72½c; May, 73½c; July, 74⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75⅛c; No. 1 northern, 73⅛c; No. 2 northern, 71⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 17.—Close, wheat, May, 80½c; July, 80⅞c. Corn, May, 67¼c; July, 67½c.

GRAIN IN STORE.

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	232,046
No. 1 northern	4,464,307
No. 2 northern	3,934,476
No. 3 spring	453,329
No grade	223,419
Rejected	59,776
Special bin	4,112,238
Western	4,549
Afloat	510,748
Total	13,994,888
Increase during week	509,533
Coarse grains—	
Corn	106,433
Decrease	20,428
Oats	191,626
Increase	19 918
Rye	457,699
Increase	652
Barley	318,486
Increase	4,539
Flax	1,826,482
Decrease	19 286

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74⅞A	73½	75⅞-76	83⅜
High	74⅞A	73⅝	76	81½
Low	73½	72¼	74½	80⅜-½
Close	73½	72⅜	74½-⅝	80½A
July—				
Open	75⅝	74¾-⅞	76⅜-⅝	81¾
High	75¾	74⅞	76¾	82
Low	74⅝B	73½-⅝	75¼B	80⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	45¾	63@63⅛	$15.57
High	45¾	63⅛	15.57
Low	44½	61⅞-62	15.35
Close	44¾	61⅞-62	15.35

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 72¾c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 72¾-⅞c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 17.—Wheat, spot, quiet; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, 6s 4d; futures, steady; March, 6s 1½d; May, 6s ⅞d; July, 6s ⅛d. Corn, spot, steady; American mixed new, 5s 2d; American mixed old, 5s 3d; futures, quiet; March, 5s 2d; May, 5s 3d.

The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 63,700 quarters from Atlantic ports; 3000 from Pacific, and 17,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Atlantic ports during the week were 15,000 quarters.

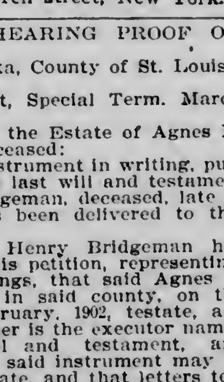
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the general activity of this market has attracted the attention of shippers to such a degree that they are directing their shipments exclusively to this market instead of to the eats and south which is swelling the supplies to the largest for many years. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@220
Drafters, choice	130@155
Drafters, common to good	120@130
Farm mares, extra	125@145
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 17.—Cattle receipts, 20,000 including 500 Texans, 10c higher; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.10; poor to medium, $4.25@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.35@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.75; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.75@6.00. Hogs receipts today, 38,000; tomorrow, 30,-000; left over, 4034; 10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.55; rough heavy, $6.10@6.35; light, $6.00@6.25; bulk of sales, $6.20@6.40. Sheep receipts, 18,000; sheep and lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.40; Western sheep, yearlings, $4.75@5.65; native lambs, $4.00@6.65; Western lambs, $5.25@6.65. Receipts Saturday—Cattle, 188; hogs, 22,249; sheep, 1966. Shipments—Cattle, 473; hogs, 5893; sheep, none.

The Cleansing and Healing Cure For
Catarrh is **Ely's Cream Balm**
Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.
It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.
It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages.
CATARRH


COLD IN HEAD
Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents; Trial size, 10 cents, at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren street, New York.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL—
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.
In Probate Court, Special Term, March 17th, 1902.
In the Matter of the Estate of Agnes E. Bridgeman, Deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Agnes E. Bridgeman, deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Henry Bridgeman has filed therewith his petition, representing, among other things, that said Agnes E. Bridgeman died in said county, on the 19th day of February, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is the executor named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be issued thereon to said Henry Bridgeman.

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the court house in Duluth, in said county, on Wednesday, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument;

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 17th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
(Seal.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 17-24-31, 1902.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.
A. J. CUMMINGS,
Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A. Manhattan Building, St. Paul,
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn

	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	....	$175
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½	....
Anglo-American Copper	1	10c	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co	100	....	85
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	77½c	....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	16c	....
Zenith Oil Co	1	14c	....
Brotherton Iron Co	25	5	4
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	90
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	....	30
County orders		....	Par.

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

SPECIAL STOCKS

Made an Advance But General Market Was Depressed.

Selling of Amalgamated Was the Chief Bearish Factor.

Bidding Up of Special Stocks Utilized to Take Profits.

New York, March 17.—The principal dealings at the opening of the stock market today were in the specialties. Large transactions were recorded in Amalgamated Copper, Manhattan, Consolidated Gas and Linseed. Amalgamated after a fractional advance dropped sharply. The others advanced. Colorado & Southern second preferred rose 1¼ and Northwestern 1¾. Fractional gains were the rule in the general list. Manhattan, Brooklyn, Union Gas and Consolidate Gas rose 1@2 and Brooklyn Transit a large fraction. American Ice fell 2⅞ and the preferred 1¼. Generally speaking there was more business in the specialties than in the railroads and the latter were not influenced by the fluctuations of the former. Amalgamated was not well supported and declined 2½ below Saturday's close. New Haven lost 2. General Electric advanced 2¾, Westinghouse Electric 4, Continental Tobacco preferred 3¾, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred 5⅝ and Pacific Mail Sugar, Delaware & Hudson and Rutland preferred a point.

The market was very spotty, vigorous bidding up of special stocks being utilized to take profits in others Rock Island, Republic Steel preferred, Twin City Rapid Transit, LaClede Gas, Consolidated Gas, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Saulte Ste. Marie preferred declined from 1 to 2½. Linseed common and preferred, National Biscuit, North American, People's Gas, Third Avenue, St. Louis & San Francisco, Atchison, Missouri Pacific, Reading second preferred, Baltimore & Ohio, the Toledo, St Louis & Western stocks, St. Paul & Omaha, Wabash preferred and Rutland preferred rose from 1 to 3 points. The strength of the market was quite general at noon. Bonds were steady. There were heavy dealings in Wabash debenture Bs.

The demand died out during the noon hour and there was some reaction, Amalgamated dropping back to the lowest. General Electric made an extreme rise of 5¼ and there were advances of 1 to 1½ in St. Joe & Grand Island first preferred, St. Louis & San Francisco first and second preferred, Chesapeake & Ohio, Chicago Terminal preferred, National Biscuit preferred and the International paper stocks. The local traction stocks rose to top prices again later.

Special stocks moved upward, but the general market was depressed by the selling o amalgamated. The price went below 62 and some of the steel stocks also reacted. Brooklyn Union Gas was lifted 5 in all and Consolidated Gas 3¼. National Lead stocks, Sugar and New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred gained 1@1¾.

When room traders took their profits, prices receded all around and many stocks were shaded to below Saturday's close. Amalgamated Copper touched 61½ and Rock Island, Great Northern preferred, Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Colorado Southern first preferred fell a point or more below Saturday. Lackawanna rose 1¾. Renewed strength of Sugar and a rally of a point in Copper checked the selling. The closing was dull and about steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	65¼	61½	62⅛
Anaconda M. Co.	31⅛	30	30
Atchison, T. & S. F.	76⅞	75¾	74
do pfd.	97	96½	96¾
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅜	105¼	106¼
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	66⅜	65⅛	66⅜
Chesapeak & Ohio	46⅜	45⅜	46¼
Chicago & Alton	36⅛	35⅝	35⅞
Col., F. & I.	95¼	94½	95¼
Chicago-Gt. West. com.	24½	24	24⅜
Erie com.	36¾	36¼	36½
do 1st pfd	68¼	67⅞	68
do 2nd pfd.	54½	54	54
Great Northern pfd.	185	185	185
Louisville & Nashville	104⅜	104⅛	104¼
Leather	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞
Manhattan Con.	135¼	134	135
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	48¼	47¼	48¼
do pfd	114½	112½	114
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	100½	101⅜
New York Central	163	162½	162½
Norfolk & Western	57⅛	56⅝	56¾
Ontario & Western	33⅛	32½	32⅞
Pennsylvania	157⅜	150¾	150⅞
Pacific Mail	48½	47¾	47¾
People's Gas	101½	100½	100½
Republic Iron & Steel	18¼	17¾	17⅞
do pfd	74½	73⅞	74½
Reading	55⅝	55	55¼
do 1st pfd	81¼	80½	80⅞
do 2nd pfd	67⅝	67	67¼
Rock Island	172⅞	171	172
Southern Railway	33⅛	32⅝	32⅞
do pfd	97⅛	96¾	96⅞
Southern Pacific	65½	64⅞	65¼
Smelter	46½	46¼	46¼
do pfd.	99	99	99
Sugar Refinery	128¾	126¼	128¾
St. Paul	165	164	164⅛
T. C. & I.	69	68⅝	68¾
Texas Pacific	40½	39¾	40
Union Pacific	99¾	99⅛	99½
do pfd.	87⅛	86⅞	86⅞
U. S. Steel	43	42⅜	42⅝
do pfd	95¾	95¼	95⅝
Wabash	23⅛	23½	23⅞
do pfd	43¾	42⅞	43½
Western Union	91⅜	90¾	91⅜
Wisconsin Central	23¼	22⅛	22⅞
do pfd	44¼	43¾	44
American Ice	20	17½	18¾
Metropolitan	168½	167¼	168¼

The total sales were 598,400 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The market is so dull it is hard to write anything. I would not be surprised if we get a bull wave of 5 points or more all through the list between now and April. Southern Pacific remains my favorite for a long pull. There are good reasons for thinking Brooklyn Rapid Transit will sell a good deal higher before declining more than a point or two. American Car Foundry, I hear, is to be put up. All the Steel stocks can be bought on reactions, likewise the general railroad list. Sugar is loaning flat, but I don't see any other reason for this stock to advance. Sugar is barely earning its dividends. People's O. Gas is also loaning flat. The information bureaus say Erie will be cut in half and sell at 20. More likely that Erie is close to the bottom now. The same bureau has been selling Copper all the way down from 78.

* * *

Town Topics.—The more favorable bank statement than was generally expected and the relief promised the money market through the treasury bond purchase should have a favorable influence upon the speculative situation, but at the same time there is little reason to anticipate any activity in stocks until the return of the large operators and capitalists from the South. Nevertheless, there is nothing in the situation to justify any selling movement, and the only unfavorable feature is contained in the possibility of some labor troubles in the anthracite coal industry.

* * *

Chicago: There has been no evidence in the stock market of liquidation to anything like the extent of the loan contraction reported in Saturday's bank statement. This is undoubtedly due to the fact that the loan obligations have been shifted rather than paid. It is known that part of them have been shifted to foreigners through the exchange market, and it is believed that the trust companies have been large lenders, drawing on their deposits with the banks for the purpose. The small disturbance caused in the money market by this extensive shifting of loans encourages the hope that future requirements will be met with similar ease.

* * *

The Philadelphia Press quotes an authority considered reliable that interests close to the Baltimore & Ohio have secured large blocks of Reading for the purpose of control and that the Vanderbilts are acting in unison with the Pennsylvania in the matter.

* * *

It is generally believed in Chicago that the Moores will soon make some important announcement in Rock Island. The idea is that it will concern a capital increase. The stock was run up to 173 Saturday, supposedly on the covering of shorts. The Moores and their following have complete control of the road and can do about as they like with the price of the stock.

* * *

H. A. Scheftel to Paine, Webber & Co.: Morgan's plan to retire $200,000,000 of steel preferred stock will go through. The stock will then be more easy to manipulate. I expect to see Steel preferred sell above par.

* * *

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Although no great activity in speculation is looked for at the moment, the feeling in financial circles tonight is that the market is in good shape and will gradually work higher. Even the announcement of the departure of Keene, who is recognized as the bull leader, failed to depress sentiment, which continues to reflect great faith in a rising movement in prices in the near future. The bank statements give great satisfaction and in banking circles the opinion is held that it is the first of a series of favorable returns. Important developments in the affairs of the United States Steel corporation are expected during the coming week and the buying of the preferred stock is said to be the beginning of the movement looked for it so long. The Rockefeller buying of stocks noted a few days ago continues in evidence in some of the high priced shares, the most conspicuous instances being Consolidated Gas and St. Paul. It looks as if the Rockefellers would be found on the bull side in the spring rise. This following of the banking interests should have a material effect upon the market.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	20	20¼
Allouez	3¾	4
Anaconda	30	30½
Arcadian	8⅛	8⅜
Amalgamated	62¼	62½
Arnold	75c	1.00
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	27½	30
Baltic	32½	34¼
Bingham	23	24
Phoenix	3½	3¾
National	...	4
Calumet and Hecla	580	600
Centennial	18¼	18¾
Copper Consolidated	43¾	44
Copper Range	66	67
Trinity	13¾	14¼
Dominion Coal	106	106½
Elm River	3¼	3¾
Franklin	12½	12⅞
Humboldt	...	50
Isle Royale	17½	18
Mass	17⅜	17¾
Michigan	10½	11
Mohawk	33¼	33½
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3½	4¼
Old Dominion	19½	..
Osceola	59	60
Parrot	29½	30
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	..	3¼
Tamarack	185	190
Tecumseh	1½	2
Tri-Mountain	..	100
Utah	21	21½
United States	17½	17¾
Victoria	5¼	6
Winona	1⅞	2
Wolverine	50	..
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

London to Paine, Webber & Co.—The visible supply of copper March 15 was 26,579 tons.

Dow Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The Anaconda Copper company is again shipping about 500 tons of ore daily to smelters at Anaconda. The mines are worked again up to normal capacities. The mining outlook is much improved during the past week, says a special from Butte.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The weakness of Amalgamated made the market in other coppers today. There was some new bear selling and scattering lots of long stocks came out. Copper was heavier in London. Amalgamated acts as if it would sell lower. When it touches the bottom there will probably be a sharp recovery in the better class of coppers, especially in those that are in no way affiliated with the Amalgamated group.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 17.—Close: Money on call, firm at 3½@4 per cent; closing bid and asked, 3½@4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand, and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85¼;⅛ bar silver, 54c; Mexican dollars, 43¼c; government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railway bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 17.—Cotton opened firm with prices 3 to 8 points higher on higher Liverpool cables, light port receipts and a settlement of the Fall River strike. May reached 888 and July 893. The market stiffened up with July leading the advance.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9⅛c; middling gulf, 9⅜c; sales, 5345 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. March, 8.95; April, 8.97; May, 8.87; June, 8.89; July, 8.90; August, 8.70; September, 8.31; October, 8.01; December, 8.01.

WHEN RISK IS MINIMIZED TO AN ATOM, WHERE DOES "CHANCE" COME IN ?

THE MOORCROFT OIL CO.

Is Offering to Investors a Block of Their Treasury Stock at *15 CENTS PER SHARE* (Par $1.00, non-assessable) Which Will Ere Long Prove to Be One of the Best Investments In the Northwest.

WYOMING OIL—Especially that found in the northeastern part of the state—ranks the product of all other oil producing states. We own 320 acres of land which is located in the heart of the best field north of Moorcroft, Wyoming.

Our market is the mines. The oil is a natural lubricant.

Thousands of barrels of lubricating oil are shipped into the Black Hills, Butte, and Northern Idaho mining districts each year from the East, for which the mining companies are paying extremely high prices. We can save the mining companies money on freight charges alone to an extent which will command their trade. We are experienced in the oil business and all matters pertaining to market. Rates and prices were ascertained before a share of the treasury stock was placed on the market.

We are drilling in oil-saturated shale now and have cut through two stratums of oil already. We have taken necessary precautions to guard against failure. Our land was selected by the geologists who made the United States Geological survey of the various fields. We are not "wild-catting" and have too much at stake to carry out the enterprise in other than a good, honest and business-like manner. We are figuring on the profits accrued by the sale of the product.

There is no question but that the price of the stock will advance, but it is our aim to prove that in holding the stock as an investment the returns will be highly remunerative and satisfactory in every sense of the word. DO NOT DELAY. Purchase while the stock may be had at 15c per share. Samples of the oil and asphaltum may be seen at 409 Torrey Building. Prospectuses sent on request.

Send all orders accompanied by draft or money order in full to

M. L. DERRIG, Agent,
409 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

THE DAKOTAS

"Calamity Jane" Once More on Way to the Ranges.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Calamity Jane, the notorious border character of early days in South Dakota and Montana, is reported to have been a visitor in Aberdeen on Wednesday night. She kept very quiet and her presence would not have been known had not one or two old-timers chanced to meet and recognize her. She went west from here and it is said was bound for the cattle ranges beyond the Missouri.

The jury in the case of John E. Williams, arrested here on the charge of forging a Northwestern Railroad company time check, found him guilty. The trial took place at Huron and the jury was out all day Friday. Williams was in trouble in Aberdeen once or twice, but escaped with only light sentences.

Sturgis—John Wallin, residing a few miles east of Blackhawk, Meade county, met with a very serious accident. He was thrown from a wagon and a wheel, passing over his chest, broke his collar bone and five ribs. A hand car frightened his team, which made a sudden turn and threw Wallin off the load, which weighed about 4000 pounds. He has a family.

Sioux Falls—A banking institution at Alpena has deposits amounting to $60,000, and the cash reserve of the institution is $43,000. Nothing could speak more plainly of the excellent financial condition of the business men, the farmers, the dairymen and the stockmen of that place and vicinity. There is no demand for money, hence the large cash reserve in the bank.

Centerville—Local option will be an issue at the coming spring election in this place. Since the shooting of Harry Middlesworth in a saloon here public sentiment has greatly changed. The past year's record for high license has been a bad one. Many men who have been in favor of license have decided that the saloon is in no way beneficial to the town, and will vote against it.

Spearfish—Gus Woods, who was one of the early settlers of the Spearfish valley, died in British Columbia recently. He came to the Black Hills in 1876. During the early eighties he moved to Sand Creek, Wyo., and was the first assessor of Crook county. A few years later he went to Salt Lake City, where he married Talulu Young, a daughter of Brigham Young. He subsequently failed in business, after the death of his wife went to St. Louis. The news of his death came to Spearfish in a letter from June Dix, who was one of the first officers of Lawrence county, and who is now at Pendleton, Ore.

John Robinson, who has been running a sawmill near Spearfish for fifteen years, has engaged in the live stock business, disposing of his mill. He has 200 head of cattle and expects to locate about 200 miles north of Spearfish.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The Hoo-Hoos have arranged for a big concatenation in Fargo April 12 to begin at 9:09 in the evening and all kinds of fun is expected, as there will be a large bunch of kittens. The Black Cat fellows have not met here for some time and the members expect to bake up for some of the sessions they have missed.

IN MICHIGAN.

Lumbermen Pleased With Cold Weather In Upper Peninsular.

Marquette—The Upper Peninsula is in the throes of a cold wave. Balmy, spring-like weather has suddenly given way to chilling blasts and at many points the mercury is hovering around the zero mark. At Marquette Sunday evening the temperature registers 15 below. This is a drop of 50 degrees since Saturday. The change is welcomed by lumbermen and should freezing weather continue for several days, as predicted, it will serve to materially cut losses of these loggers who have been hit hard by the unprecedented early breakup.

Sault Ste. Marie—S. L. G. Knox and W. R. Grace, of Milwaukee, are in the city looking over the local dredge trust. All the dredging fleets on the great lakes will be combined and the interests involved will represent millions of dollars. The matter has been talked over for several months, but it is only lately that steps were taken to perfect an organization. Among the fleets involved are those owned by Edwards Bros. and Hickler Bros. of this city, Hingston & Woods, of Buffalo, and the Mitchell Dredge company, of Lexington. It is expected the deal will be consummated by the opening of navigation.

A fisherman named Dickerson, residing at Brimley, was drowned at the Soo a couple of days ago. He had been seen going up the river every morning for some time with his dogs and sleigh, returning in the evening with his catch of fish. No one saw him go through the ice and he was only discovered by the antics of one of his dogs near the hold through which the man and the other dog went to their death. The body had evidently been in the water an hour when recovered.

Escanaba—Peter Nelson, of Maple Ridge, was returning home from Escanaba the other day, with money to purchase land. At Brampton, he was knocked down and robbed of $520. It is alleged by J. W. Sears, who has been about the neighborhood for some time. Sears took the train to the Soo, while Nelson went to Gladstone, where he had a warant sworn out for Sears. The latter was apprehended at the Soo and he is now in custody.

Menominee—Loging camps around here have broken up, in most cases, and the men are drifting into town to await the opening of the rivers. The woodsmen have little reason to complain on the score of wages, for although the season was short, the wages were high and the men are coming out of the woods with as much money as in longer seasons.

The Ann Arbor car ferries will make an attempt to reach this port the first of the week. Agent Allison has wired them to come Monday if they can. The condition of the ice is such that it can be easily broken.

$500 REWARD!
We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
433 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

SALE BY TENDER OF VALUABLE MINERAL LANDS AND MINING MACHINERY.—

Pursuant to an order made this day by His Honor T. W. Chapple, Judge of the District of Rainy River.

Sealed tenders will be received by the undersigned on or before Thursday, the first day of May, A. D. 1902, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon, for the purchase en bloc of the following mineral lands known as the Foley mines, situate near Mine Centre, in the District of Rainy River, in the province of Ontario, Canada, viz.: A. L. 74, A. L. 75, A. L. 76, G. 97, G. 98, G. 99, G. 100, G. 101, G. 109, G. 110, P. 732, P. 736 and P. 737, containing in all seven hundred and eighty-two (782) acres now held by the undersigned as assignee for the benefit of creditors of the Canadian Mines Development Company, (Limited), and the following interests of the said company in the following lands, viz.: A three-fourths interest in G. 96, a 13-16 interest in K. 426, a 13-16 interest in K. 418, a ¾ interest in G. 150, a 13-16 interest in K. 425, and K. 419, a 9-16 interest in G. 7, a ¾ interest in S. V. 133 and S. V. 134, containing in all five hundred and thirty-seven (537) acres, together with the buildings, mining machinery, twenty stamp mills, compressing plant, etc., and all on the said property.

TERMS OF SALE.

A deposit of 10 per cent upon notice of the acceptance of the tender and sufficient to make with the said deposit one-third of the purchase price within thirty days thereof; balance in two equal instalments, payable in two and four months respectively.

Property not to pass or possession to be given until the whole of the purchase money has been paid in full or secured to the satisfaction of the said assignee.

Time in the matter of payment is to be strictly the essence of the agreement for sale and on default all previous sums paid shall be forfeited to the vendor.

The purchasers may pay the full amount of the purchase money in cash if they so desire.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned or from the mine manager, Mr. O. B. Robinson, Mine Centre Ontario.

The highest or any other tender shall not necessarily be accepted.

Dated the 11th day of March, A. D. 1902.
E. R. McHOLM,
Assignee for the benefit of Creditors of the Canadian Mines Development Company, (Limited).
103 Bay Street, Toronto, Canada.
Duluth Evening Herald, March 17-29-April 12-1902.

Hardwood Flooring ⅜x2¼ and ⅞x2
Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.
Plain and Quarter Sawed.
If you want the best manufactured, buy from
C. B. WOODRUFF
LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

A New Method of Using Fruit
is to prepare it in such a manner that it still retains all of its natural properties and then combine it with selected grains. This is the way Figprune Cereal, the substitute for coffee and tea, is made. Your grocer sells it. Ask for sample. Figs, prunes and grain.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADEMARKS.
PATENTS!
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Where MALARIA Rises

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT
FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE



—should always be kept on hand. It affords prompt relief from the aches and pains of appetite, and makes you feel well again, **HINKLEY'S Bone Liniment** cures pain of every kind.

Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO.
Saginaw, Mich.

CRIED "HUNT"

Several Times In Suffering That Preceded Her Death.

Connersville, Ind., March 17.—The identity of the young woman who died at the Door of Hope hospital at Indianapolis last Wednesday evening, has been established. She is Miss Ida Hayes, formerly a resident of this city. On March 7 she applied for admission to the hospital, refusing to give her name, but stating she came direct from Delaware, Ohio, where she had been attending school at the Wesleyan. On Wednesday she became a mother, and both she and the child died in the evening. During her period of suffering she uttered the name "Hunt" several times.

After her death nothing but the marking on her clothes was found to establish her identity. The name of "Hayes" was marked on the clothes, while her gloves had "Connersville" printed on them. Her parents, Theodore and Mary Hayes, are highly respected people, residents of Wayne county, near Dublin.

While Miss Hayes was a resident of this city she taught school northeast of the city, and came very near dying from a self-administered dose of poison, which she afterward claimed was taken by mistake.

Deceased was a very pretty and attractive brunette, about 22 years of age, and had a large circle of friends, who greatly deplore her death under such circumstances.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

PULLED

Chairs From Under Her and Did Other Cruel Acts.

Frankfort, Ind., March 17.—Mrs. Elizabeth F. Jones has been granted a divorce from William D. Jones in the circuit court here, and the evidence shows the most original and shocking cruelty ever brought to the attention of a divorce court.

According to Mrs. Jones' testimony he would make her drill up and down the room like a soldier, and would make her stand in one position for hours at a time, chastising her severely if she did not obey. He would kick the chair from under her just to see her fall, and then repeat the operation a dozen times or more before stopping—making her submit under penalty of severe beatings with a knotted "cat-o'-nine-tails." This instrument of torture he almost invariably took to bed with him, saying to her "I may have occasion to use it before morning," and she swore that in their score of years of married life he did use it so often that she could not estimate the number of times. When she went visiting he would frequently follow her and march her home at the muzzle of a revolver. He finally concluded his cruelty by attacking her so viciously with a club that for weeks it was thought she would die. Heavy alimony was awarded Mrs. Jones.

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

TWO SUITS

For Divorce Filed By This Woman In Same Court.

Lexington, Ky., March 17.—Five times married, and now with two divorce suits pending in the same court and at one time, the peculiar marital experience of Mary Fields, alias Mary Foster, of this city, is attracting much attention. These facts were brought to light when, under the name of Mary Fields she secured the services of Ed O. Dear, a local attorney, to procure for her a divorce from her alleged husband, William Fields, on the ground of abandonment.

A search for evidence showed that the woman had another suit for divorce pending in the same court in which she seeks a separation from another of her alleged husbands, Fred Foster, also upon the charge of abandonment. Her present attorney is at a loss how to proceed in the matter, as a prosecution for bigamy may follow.

The woman is only 32 years of age, but her marriage to Fields is the fifth time she has taken the nuptial vows.

JAIL SENTENCE

Given a Preacher Who Carried a Revolver.

Owingsville, Ky., March 17.—Rev. Henry Pennington, a Baptist preacher of this county, was found guilty of carrying concealed deadly weapons and is now serving a term of thirty-five days in jail. He was accused of paying too much attention to another man's wife, and when the wronged husband remonstrated with him he drew a pistol and fired into the ground.

MET DEATH

While Trying to Save Life of Her Son.

Middlesboro, Ky., March 17.—While driving from Lone Hill, Tenn., to Wise, Va., Mrs. Augustus Story's horse ran away. Mrs. Story had with her Richard, her 4-year-old child. The horse ran for about a mile and was on the point of running down an embankment when Mrs. Story grabbed her child and sprang from the buggy. She rolled down the cliff and in protecting her child was killed. The boy escaped.

E. W. Grove — This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PATHETIC HISTORY

Of an English Beauty Made a Recluse By Gossips.

Mrs. Walker Lived In Beloved Memory of Her Husband.

In the Court She Entered Into a Trance State.

Canton, Ohio, March 17.—Mrs. Willhelmina A. Walker, the young widow of Dr. Columbus T. Walker, a once prominent physician of this city, and her sister, Miss Elizabeth Frazer, who were removed from their home raving maniacs and almost dying of hunger, have been placed in the State hospital at Massillon. The women had barricaded themselevs in their home, which is richly furnished and stored with finery of all kinds. A barrel of soft soap standing in one of the back rooms appeared to have been their sole sustenance for three weeks while they barricaded the doors and windows of the house to prevent interference. When secured by the officers last night they were raving about spirits of the dead.

In the probate court Mrs. Walker stated that she had obeyed the behests of her dead husband's spirit when she began to refuse to take food and drink. She received the first message from the spirit land a few days before they began their period of starvation.

In this first message the spirit of Dr. Walker commanded the two women to cease taking any food or drink because the neighbors were endeavoring to poison them. As a guard against evil they were advised by the same ghostly counselor to squeeze a lemon.

This order was disregarded for a few days, continued the women, until suddenly she was seized by a depressing faintness. She sank into a chair, her departed husband's fingers seemed to close about her throat, while his angry voice shouted into her heart:

"Damn you, woman, why don't you do as I tell you?"

Obeying this terrible warning, the woman stated that they then closed up their house and refused to touch food or drink. A second warning came to them later from the same source, she said, and then they were advised to leave the country together.

"Why did we not heed the spirit's warning! Oh, why did we not heed him!" she walled in the court. "We are not safe in this country; we should flee; we should flee."

At this point the sister started up wildly and shouted that she was receiving a communication from the duke of Edinburgh, from whom she said she received constant advice. She snatched a lead pencil from ex-Mayor Rice, who was seated beside her, and then went into a "trance." Waveringly she began to trace characters on a piece of paper, and soon she wrote out several pages of rhymes about heaven and the angels.

Miss Frazer declared to Probate Judge Aungst that her father was an officer in the English army, and that he was still living.

Ex-Mayor Rice was appointed guardian of the women to care for their property.

Although they had observed the "orders of the spirit" while in their home in not touching food and drink, they were given some food in the jail hospital and it was eagerly eaten. They raved somewhat at being taken away, but offered no physical opposition to being removed to the asylum. Mr. Rice sent a couple of men into the house from which the women had been taken to place their personal property, which is valued at thousands of dollars, in shape.

Eight trunks which were discovered in a side room filled with costly hangings, laces, parasols, hats, linens and other finery, were locked up by Mr. Rice, and under his supervision the men cleaned out the cellar, into which the women had thrown a lot of valuable stuff after they had sawed a hole in the floor.

About a year ago the women were taken from the house in an almost similar condition. They were almost starved to death, and the court ordered them removed to the hospital, refusing to allow lunacy proceedings to continue. This experience figured in the ravings of the women.

"Are you going to take us to the hospital again?" cried the younger one. "The doctor gave us essence of vitriol and refused to give us a glass of milk. Oh, why did we not fly, as the spirits advised us?"

Mrs. Walker is about 38 years old. She did not give her age at the hearing. The younger woman said she was 16 years of age, but this is erroneous. She is about 23 years old, and this age was placed on the records. Both of the women are English.

The Mrs. Walker, wild-eyed and emaciated, who was removed from her self-imposed prison, would never be recognized as a beautiful English girl who came to this country years ago and entered the family of Dr. Columbus T. Walker, who was then a prominent practitioner. The girl made many friends in the city, and became a favorite of the old doctor himself. But she was scarcely more than a schoolgirl, and even then gossips gave the matter no attention until Mrs. Walker, the doctor's wife, who is still living in Canton, filed a petition for divorce, in which she connected the name of the girl, Wilhelmina Frazer, with the doctor.

The doctor denied this allegation flatly, and more than this, was so intent upon establishing the girl's good name that he selected a committee of physicians to make an examination of the young woman. This was done, and the physicians reported to the court, with the result that this charge in the petition was not sustained.

The divorce, however, was allowed on other accounts after a drawn-out and sensational trial. This trial took place fifteen years ago, and several years following the doctor married Miss Frazer, who had been serving as his housekeeper since the divorce. The marriage caused no little comment among the friends of the doctor, who suspected that the disparity in the ages of the two persons would not be productive of happiness. But in spite of such predictions, the doctor and his pretty bride lived happy until his death three years ago, after which she seemed to lose all of her buoyancy and much of her beauty.

It is said that just at the time of the doctor's death he wanted to bid farewell to some of the neighbors and asked his young wife to call them to his bedside. She ran to several homes in the vicinity bearing his message, but none of the neighbors responded. The strong feeling which existed among the women in the neighborhood against the doctor and in favor of his divorced wife is given as the cause for this refusal to attend him in his dying hour.

Whatever the excuses of the neighbors at the time, they certainly did not appeal to the young wife, and she conceived a most bitter animosity toward the people in the neighborhood. After the death of the doctor she would speak to none of them, and lived the life of a recluse, remaining in the house for days at a time. After a year or more Mrs. Walker wrote to England for her younger sister, Miss Elizabeth Frazer, the girl who now shares Mrs. Walker's cell at the Massillon asylum. Miss Frazer was a sweet girl of about 16 when she first came to Canton. She dressed richly but with excellent taste, and had many admirers. After the sister's arrival Mrs. Walker appeared to take more interest in life, and the two were frequently seen on the streets. They seemed to have a passion for fine clothes and indulged it to a degree.

On Oct. 15, 1897, Mrs. Walker deposited $4000 at the Central Savings bank in the name of her sister. Within a few weeks after making this deposit Mrs. Walker drew $100, in a week or more $200, and so on at close intervals until almost the entire sum had been exhausted. The greatest portion of this money went for clothes. Picture hats, costly dresses and delicate lingerie were purchased by the trunkful, and the women on each appearance attracted more than passing attention.

BEWARE

of the Quack Doctor's Remedy, "Indian Root and Herb Mixture," of "Great Hindoo Medical Wonder," for the cure of Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout troubles.

MEDERINE

is prepared from the formula of an eminent physician, a regular graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and compounded by one of the largest pharmaceutical houses in the world. MEDERINE is a guarantee cure for all forms of Blood Diseases, all kinds of Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout. We guarantee to forfeit One Hundred Dollars for any of these complaints that MEDERINE fails to cure—such is our faith in the remedy, based on cures made.

WHAT THE FIRST BOTTLE DID.

JAMES McGOVERN,
State Oil Inspector, District 61.
West Superior, Wis.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.
It took only two bottles of MEDERINE to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first bottle reduced the pain and swelling and the second cured me. Still it took two more bottles to cleanse my system of the disease.
JAMES McGOVERN.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting Spells, Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause. 1 to 3 bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

ALIMONY

Claimed By Roche, Who Tells of Wife's Good Fortune.

Columbus, Ohio, March 17.—Joseph Roche, known throughout the state as an insurance man, has filed an answer to his wife's petition for divorce. She is the daughter of a wealthy Newark manufacturer and is heir to $200,000. He says now that prosperity has smiled upon her she seeks to cast him off because he is old and gray. He sets forth that he has made her a good living for twenty-five years and denies that he was abusive. Roche tells the court that his income has been $2500 a year, but that he is penniless because his wife and daughter used all his earnings in high living and to spend the summer at seaside resorts. He sues for alimony.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles, 50c. $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

STRANGE VAGARIES

Of a Wealthy Former West Virginian at Los Angeles.

Imagined He Was Owner of Great Orange Groves.

Engaged Newsboys and Gave Them a Tally-ho Ride.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 17.—Raving like a wild beast caged, H. R. Lawrence, a wealthy West Virginian, wound up a week of strange vagaries in a jail cell.

Acting peculiarly for some time his final escapade made him famous. He started a reign of terror with a revolver without a cylinder and made a grand finish by giving a tally-ho party to a crowd of newsboys, whom he "gallivanted" all over the country.

The opening scene began in Whittier. A stir was created when a tallyho coach drawn by six horses and carrying the driver, a well-dressed, middle-aged man, and fourteen motley street Arabs, dashed up in front of the Hotel Greenleaf.

One urchin was a negro, another a Mexican, the third was on crutches, having lost a leg above the knee. All were whooping like a pack of ghost-dancing Indians, and apparently enjoying themselves as they never had before. It looked like a "fresh air" excursion engineered by the well-dressed gentleman for the benefit of the youngsters.

The man who engaged the tallyho was H. R. Lawrence, about 45 years old, of Sisterville, W. Va., who, with his two daughters and a son about 20, had been staying at Hotel Greenleaf in Whittier for several days. He is a prominent citizen of Sisterville, has been mayor of that place and possesses considerable property. His health has been failing, and during the past week he acted strangely. While in Whittier he had numerous conferences with real estate agents, and in several cases made bargains for unimproved lands. In one instance deeds were made for the transfer of property valued at $18,000.

Wednesday night Lawrence was unusually restless and did not sleep. Thursday morning he drove to Los Angeles in a single rig, engaged the tallyho coach and picked up the boys near the stable. He promised them 75 cents and a dinner to go to Whittier and $200 for him. Lawrence believed he had become the owner of many acres of land and engaged the boys to pick seeds from cull oranges, heaps of which he had seen thrown out beside packing houses. With the seeds he was going to start orange groves. Dinner was served the boys, and about 3 o'clock they piled into seats for their return to Los Angeles.

Lawrence had in the meantime started back to the city in his rig. Los Angeles police had been telephoned regarding the queer procedure and were on the lookout. They knew him, as he had been in Los Angeles about a month. He first came to police headquarters last Monday to report that his son had run away with his team. He came every night and talked with the detectives about the loss.

After he was locked up Lawrence began raving. It is said he was in a private hospital in West Virginia fourteen years ago.

SPIRITS

Shy Some at Business, According to a Trance Medium.

Lafayette, Ind., March 17.—The contested will case of William Case, who left about $12,000 to the National Spiritualists' association and to the publishers of Truth Seeker and the Common Wealth, after a number of bequests to relatives, is on trial in the Tippecanoe circuit court, Judge R. P. De Hart presiding, and the court room is crowded at every sitting.

Dr. W. F. McBride, of Dayton, Ind., testified that Case died of gangrene of the left leg, and that up to within a few hours of his death he was conscious and perfectly cognizant of everything transpiring around him; that he was a man of remarkable vitality, considering his age, which is placed at 82, and that the disease in no way affected his mind, and that all through his illness he was a man of more than ordinary intelligence and not eccentric in mannerism, and was in the full possession of his faculties until a few short hours of his death, when he lapsed into unconsciousness.

James McCord, for the plaintiffs, who was a member of the Spiritualists' association, testified that the spiritualists believed in obsession, or possession, and that an undeveloped spirit might take possession of a physical body sensitive to spiritual influences, and lead that person to commit a crime, but that the same condition obtained in the physical life of many persons not spiritualists.

Dr. Wetherill testified that he had also attended the deceased.

George Fosnot, a wealthy farmer of Tippecanoe county, and a trance medium, testified that spirits could not influence in a business way. The witness did not believe that spirits could enter the mortal body and manifest, without the will of the medium, to any degree.

ON SHORT RATIONS.

Farmers In Missouri and Arkansas Go Hungry.

Forsythe, Mo., March 17.—Hundreds of farmers in the Ozark hills of Southern Missouri and Northern Arkansas, whose crops failed during last summer's droughts are living in a desperately poor way on short rations. It is estimated that probably 10 per cent of the population in the district noted has felt the bitter pangs of hunger this winter. Offers of aid have been refused. The chief distress now comes from a lack of seed for the spring planting. This is being relieved by the distribution of seed purchased by the governor of Arkansas with money personally borrowed from the banks. A member of the Missouri state board of charities, who has just investigated the situation at the request of Governor Dockery, will recommend that the Missouri delegation in congress send what government seed they can.

Neuralgia



Omega Oil Neuralgia is a disease of the nerves, the doctors say. No one knows positively, because it is pretty hard to tell sometimes just what causes any kind of pain. One thing is certain, however. That is Omega Oil. *It cures Neuralgia.* It cures by putting the nerves to sleep. It is believed to be the only external cure known for Neuralgia. Every internal neuralgia medicine is strong and dangerous. Omega Oil cures from the outside, and there is no risk or danger in using it. 760

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizor, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Consumption. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 800 testimonials. A written guarantee given and binding to refund money if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P.O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Take Good Care of Your Boy

During these raw, damp days, that he does not catch cold. As a preventative, we would suggest one of those neat, lightweight covert overcoats—at 20 per cent discount.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

A Pleasant Duty—"When I know anything worthy of recommendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Rev. James Murdock, of Hamburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder has cured me of Catarrh of five years' standing. It is certainly magical in its effect. The first application benefited me in five minutes." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street—7.

MEN to marry should take a box: astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth. NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending

HOSE BIDS WANTED.

Office of Board of Fire Commissioners, City Hall, Duluth, March 13th, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received at this office up to and including Friday, March 21, 1902, at 5 o'clock p. m., for the furnishing of the fire department of the city of Duluth with three thousand (3000) feet of steam fire engine hose, two and one-half inches external diameter, fitted with automatic expansion ring couplings. Highest patent thread.

Hose to be delivered within thirty (30) days from date of award of contract, f. o. b. cars at Duluth.

Any proposition represented by an agent will be rejected. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS,
By HARRY NESBITT,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, March17-18-19-1902

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 7th day of March, 1902, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein Henry Sieglock was plaintiff and Christian Haug and J. Henry Haug, co-partners as C. Haug & Son, defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant's for the sum of three hundred eighty and 9-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of April, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtors had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 6th day of May, 1896, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

Southwest quarter of southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼) section one (1), township sixty-two (62), north range thirteen (13) west, Fourth Principal Meridian.

Und. 2-3 of lots thirty-five (35) and one hundred one (101), on Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot four (4), block ten (10), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot one (1), block twenty-eight (28), Ely, according to the recorded plat thereof. All the above described property lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., March 7th, 1902.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
JOHN JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-10-17-24-31-April-7-14-1902.

WHEREAS DEFAULT HAS BEEN made in the conditions (to-wit, in the payment of interest amounting to $40 and an installment of the principal amounting to $250, both due January 1st, 1902,) of a certain mortgage executed by John O'Connor, mortgagor, to E. P. Fraker, mortgagee, and dated February 10th, 1901, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on February 18th, 1901, at 3:45 o'clock p. m., in Book 156 of mortgages, page 121; and whereas it is provided in said mortgage that in case of default in any of its conditions, to be performed by the said mortgagor, occurring and continuing for the space of ten days, it shall be lawful for the said mortgagee to declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable and to enforce the payment thereof in like manner as if the whole sum had become due and payable by the terms of the notes and coupons to secure the payment of which said mortgage has been given; and whereas default has continued in the conditions of said mortgage for a greater period than ten days. And whereas the said mortgagee elects to declare and does declare the whole sum secured by said mortgage immediately due and payable; and whereas in accordance with said election, there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage the sum of one thousand and fifty-nine dollars and twenty-four cents ($1059.24) and fifty dollars attorney's fees as stipulated for in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale as provided by law.

March 1st, 1902.

E. P. FRAKER,
Mortgagee.

ROGER S. POWELL,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-3-10-17-24-31-April-7-1902.



EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

Duluth Brass Works, Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., Pa. Mention this paper.

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— OTHERS ADVERTISE And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$1600 Third street. Monthly payments.

$2100 Centrally located lot suitable for flats or houses.

$2500 House and lot near Twelfth avenue east. All conveniences. Furndee.

$4000 Fine home near Twelfth avenue east. Very desirable.

$4200 House and lot centrally located. All conveniences.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

East Superior Street.
We will lease 20x100 feet Third and Fourth avenues east, lower side, for a long period on low rental.

East Fourth Street.
Near Normal school, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenue east, lower side, 50x150 feet, for $750. It is very cheap.

East First Street.
Some fine corners on top of hill at very low prices.

Lakeside.
Many very cheap lots, fine corners near parks and street car line.

Little & Nolte.

LOST.

LOST—THE ONE THAT PICKED UP the nose glasses in the American Exchange bank on the writing desk, will please return same to the Brockton Shoe company, 311 West Superior street. Reward.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

VERY GRAVE.

Situation In Venezuela Looks Bad For Government.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, March 17.—The Venezuelan insurgents, commanded by Gen. Monagas, captured the Port of Guanto March 13. Six custom house officers were wounded. A Dutch steamer arrived off Guanto shortly after the insurgents had taken possession and transferred to the revolutionists several bags of mail matter, the steamer's officers thinking they were dealing with legal authorities.

Government troops, commanded by Gen. Velutini, captured Guanta yesterday. The insurgents have taken possession of Carlaco and are marching on Cumana. The insurgents also continue to threaten Carupano, which place, it is said, they will most likely capture shortly.

The revolutionary steamer Bolivar landed a force of insurgents, March 13 on the shore near Puenta Piedras, north of the island of Margarita and March 15 the steamer landed munitions and insurgent forces near Cumarebo, opposite the island of Curracot, to reinforce the revolutionary troops under Gen. Riera, who was preparing to attack Coro.

The Venezuelan insurgents are very active at present and the situation appears grave for the government. It is reported that the rebels have captured Ciudad De Cura, near Valencia.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Derby.
You take no chances when buying the "Hawkes" hats.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

INSURANCE AND BONDS.

WE REPRESENT

Aachen & Munich Fire Insurance Co	Germany
Commercial Union Assurance Co., Ltd	London
German-American Insurance Co	New York
Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co	Germany
Law Union & Crown Fire & Life Insurance Co	London
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co	Liverpool
London & Lancashire Fire Insurance Co	Liverpool
Manchester Fire Assurance Co	Manchester
National Fire Insurance Co	Hartford
Royal Insurance Co	Liverpool
State Fire Insurance Co., Ltd	Liverpool
Sun Insurance Office	London
Union Assurance Society	London
The Fidelity and Casualty Co	New York
Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co	New York
National Surety Co	New York
The Employes' Liability Assur. Corp., Ltd	England

The same, old, reliable, reputable companies represented by the same old, reliable, reputable agency. Just a change in the name—that's all. You want the Best—we furnish it.

Manley-McLennan Agency,
Formerly
Graves-Manley Agency,
Torrey Bldg., First Floor. Duluth, Minn.
Our Latest Time Card is Green.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $6000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

$6500 Buys a fine business corner in heart of city. Rented for several years at $80—a small expenditure will make rent $100. A genuine bargain.

T. W. WAHL & Co
Phones 439. 201 EXCHANGE BLG

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

Membership Fee	Amount Subscribed for	Monthly Payment Before Maturity	Monthly Payment After Maturity
$3 00	$1,000	$1.35	$ 5.35
6 00	2,000	2.70	10.70
9.00	3,000	4.05	16.05

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg. Open till 8 p.m.

Cheap Lot on West Third St. —50x140, lower side, between Second and Third Aves. west—call soon **$3500**

E. D. FIELD COMPANY
204 EXCHANGE BLDG.

Real Estate For Sale!

$1700 Buys a good eight-room house on Fifth street, centrally.

$1000 House on 25-foot lot; Sixth street.

$825 25-foot lot on East Fourth street.

$550 50-foot lot on Third street, near Tenth avenue west.

$125 25x95 feet on Sixth street and Fifth avenue west.

$650 50x140 on West Piedmont avenue and acres at $5.00 per acre.

O. G. OLSON,
415 Burrows Building.

FOR SALE.

A two-flat building near court house..... **$2600**
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside..... **$2250**
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved..... **$1500**
Fine lot near Superior street, and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door..... **$500**
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock..... **Cheap**

GEORGE A. WIELAND & CO., 109 Manhattan Building.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 3.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.

These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment.

Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payn't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
6-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
In all parts of these suburbs
Lots Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR RENT.
Houses,
Stores
Flats.
Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, 80 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

GLEN AVON
LOTS CHEAP.

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water mains this summer; also a number of desirable **residence locations in East End**

PORTLAND
Division, and some
PARK POINT

Lots that are well situated for summer cottages.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

ENDION BARGAINS

$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.

$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.

$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.

$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.

If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

BARGAINS!

15 acres finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

Both 'phones.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

WILL SELL SEVENTEEN HUNDRED shares of Idaho Continental Mining stock for 25c per share. Address G 45, Herald.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE — FINE DRIVING MARE, safe for lady. G. S. Doud, 1712 Hughitt avenue, West Superior. 'Phone 4483.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 319 Fourth avenue west.

FOR SALE OR RENT — 5-ROOM COTtage, lot, boat and furniture King Castle, Twentieth street, Park Point. Address 631 East Second street.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE, A CORner; fine view; strictly modern; hardwood finish, on one of the best avenues in East End; will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Address Owner, care of Herald office.

$165 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEGANT case, fine tone, best make; used eight months; cost $295 cash. I must have the cash as I am leaving the city. M. Lewis, room O, 111 West Superior street, Wentworth hotel.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

A CAR LOAD OR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive March 6, at Evan Johnson's 2608 Helm street. Will exchange for beef cattle.

Horses!! Horses!!

Large assortment of general purpose horses constantly on hand, including farm mares, drivers and delivery horses. Call and see us before going elsewhere.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
Horse Market opposite P.O. Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL — MY HUSBAND WAS A hard drinker for over twenty years. I cured him by a simple home treatment and if any person who really wishes to cure drunkeness will write to me, I will gladly tell them how I did it. I am sincere in this offer and as I have nothing to sell, I want no money. Mrs. Margaret Anderson, Hillburn, N. Y.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of obstruction suppression, any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless, reg., safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON S. CO., K. 959 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SANTON, 1003 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR-dyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 West Superior street.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. M. BISCONET, FASHIONABLE dressmaker, 112 Lowell building.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework, April 3. Highest wages. Mrs. Turle, 2216 East Superior street. Old phone.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL MUST HAVE some knowledge of cooking. Address 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE. MISS Meining, No. 3 West Superior street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK, also a good second girl. Wages, $20 and $18 a month. Railroad fare paid out and back to see place. Each girl will have her own room. None but with the best of references need apply. J. P. Weyerhaeuser, Lake Nebagamin, Wis.

WANTED—NURSE AT THE CHILDren's home. One with experience with children. 1723 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework, to begin April 1. Mrs. N. C. Hendricks, 831 North Fifty-seventh avenue west.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1113 East First street.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE GIRL. 1432 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1422½ East First street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS LAUNdress. Apply at once to St. Luke's hospital.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid; German preferred. 1619 East First.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be good cook; no other need apply; small family; good wages. 1034 East First street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. F. J. Mueller, 5 West Superior street.

ACTIVE MAN TO REPRESENT RESponsible manufacturing company in resident and nearby counties. Salary $18 per week and expenses, payable weekly; absolutely no canvassing. Permanent position; splendid opportunity for advancement. References required. Address Manufacturer, 725 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

ACTIVE, RELIABLE MAN TO REPRESent large manufacturing company locally; absolutely no canvassing; advancement to right party; salary $18 weekly. Address W. J. Uhl, 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, MINneapolis, wants men to learn trade. Last thirty days that you can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Short time required. Positions plentiful during spring. Write today.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED YOUNG man to run passenger elevator. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—ONE PANTS AND ONE vest maker. First class positions to competent workmen. George H. Brenton, Phoenix building.

SALESMAN WANTED — TO SELL OUR window cleaner brush. Rubber and pail combined. No trouble to make $6 to $10 per day. Address Window Cleaner company, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED — MAN COOK, COLORED preferred, for a few days; good wages. Adress J 71, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GROcery clerk. Henry Folz.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIFTEEN EXperienced quarrymen and stone splitters. Wages $1.75 per day. Kettle River Quarries copany, Sandstone, Minn.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COATmaker. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hvaal.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—AGENTS.

MEN AND WOMEN WITH SMALL capital to take territory for Edson Electric Blue, which is the only blue that bleaches a virgin white and is a preservative of linens. No bottles or rags used; saves money and labor; sells at 5 cents a package; big money in it for you; bought by every family at sight, and is a continuous repeater. The Blues Blue company, 253 Broadway, New York.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer; competent and accurate; best of references. J 55, Herald.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED MAN, steady and temperate, work as teamster, janitor or any such employment. Inquire of Dr. McClioran, Torrey building.

WANTED — POSITION OUT OF TOWN by lady cook; used to cooking in camps. J 52, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 905 West First street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE; all modern improvements, at 716 Fifty-fifth avenue west. Inquire Spencer's drug store, West Duluth.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH board. 119 East Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 224 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE ROOMS, 1020 EAST Fourth street; very pleasant location. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 528 West First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FOUR FURNISHED rooms, 420 Third avenue east. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM, No. 18 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT, 1020 East Fourth street. Very pleasant location. Apply 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FINE FURNISHED FLAT, 12½ East Fourth. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

FOR THE SUMMER FURNISHED FIVE room flat, convenient and modern. Vacate April 1. Address J 53, Herald.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 713 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY APRIL 15, NICE UNFURnished room in desirable neighborhood. Address, stating location, description and price, Z, Herald.

WANTED—COTTAGE FOR THE SUMmer on Minnesota Point near pavilion. Address H 71, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND cash register. 16 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED — TO BUY — SECOND-HAND counter. Address J 92, Herald.

WANTED—LIVE MARTEN AND FISHer. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 313; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

YOUR WHOLE LIFE; ANYTHING lost, stolen or accidents, deaths and sickness. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 201 East Fifth street.

CHARLES COWFELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 211 West Fifth street.

PAINTING AND DECORATING—BEST work; lowest prices. Charles Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 15, 1902. Work, second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave March 18, 1902. Work, installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv	7:25	2:30
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive	
† 1:25	p.m.	† 1:55	p.m.
† 11:10	p.m.	* 6:30	p.m.
* 7:55	a.m.	* 6:43	p.m.
† 3:00	p.m.	† 11:55	a.m.

St. Paul, Minneapolis. Cass Lake, Grand Works Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 11:35 a m
a 1:55 p m	" " "	b 6:50 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
b 6:20 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		a 6:50 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 7:00 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily, b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †9:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

D aily. † Except Sunday

20 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

TO REPEAL WAR TAXES

Unconditional Repeal Is Favored By Senate.

Foraker Threatening a Cuban Amendment.

Washington, March 18.—The senate committee on finance today concluded the consideration of the bill repealing the war revenue act and reached a favorable report on it. The bill is greatly changed in phraseology, and it is announced that it will probably not be in shape to be reported before tomorrow.

The bill, as it will be reported, removes all the taxes of the war revenue act, and the only changes made are those of language, making sure of this result.

Among other changes made in the language is one fixing the rate on tobacco at 6 cents per pound.

The delay in reporting the bill is occasioned by threats on the part of senators offering amendments to the bill. Senator Foraker has said he would present a provision for Cuban reciprocity. This, it is known, would arouse long debate, and the Republican members are exerting themselves to prevent the offering of the amendment. Democratic senators generally express themselves as willing to allow an unconditional repeal bill to pass without amendments.

COMPANY IS INDICTED

Federal Grand Jury Charges the Louisville & Nashville Railway With Violating the Interstate Commerce Law.

Louisville, March 18.—An indictment returned against the Louisville & Nashville railway by the federal grand jury was made public today. It is under the national interstate commerce law, the offense consisting in the road charging less for the transportation of carload lots than the interstate commerce law prescribed. There are two counts in the bill, which charges that on Nov. 13, 1901, the Louisville & Nashville and the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis road, operating as common carriers through the states of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and into Georgia, made a rate to S. Corn & Co., of this city, on 464,000 pounds of corn shipped to Atlanta from Louisville by the roads named. This rate made the total freight charge on this lot $974.40, when it should have been $1113.60. The difference in rebate amounted to 3 cents, being 21 cents when it should have been 24 cents. The other count sets forth that on the same date, on another lot of 46,000 pounds, shipped by the same roads to Atlanta, a total freight charge of $117.60 was made, when it should have been $134.40, this also being a 3 cents rebate.

The witnesses named in the indictment are H. F. Smith, A. S. Dodge, M. P. Washburn, of the Southeastern & Mississippi Valley Tariff association; Fred W. H. Hudson, traffic manager of the T. H. & St. Louis; Joseph A. Bushfield and John S. Greene.

FIFE WAS AT RICHARDSON'S

Savannah, Mo., March 18.—When the trial of Stewart Fife, for the murder of Frank W. Richardson, was resumed today the defense produced a witness who testified that Fife was at the Richardson house the night after the shooting. It had been the theory of the state that Fife was the only employe of the Fife-Richardson company who did not go to the residence after the murder. Nearly all the forenoon was devoted to evidence relating to the revolver found in a sewer recently and which the state tried to prove belonged to Fife and was the weapon with which Richardson was shot.

CONFIDENTIAL CLERK SHORT

New York, March 18.—Max C. Mayer, an employe of Rathbone & Sons, brokers, of this city, was arrested today, charged with embezzlement. It is charged that his total shortage is $100,000. Mayer was confidential manager for the firm and as such had access to all accounts and made out checks which he submitted for signature. A month ago, it is alleged, an irregularity was discovered and Mayer left his place. An examination of the books was made which resulted in the discovery of alleged defalcations stretching over a period of a year or two. Mayer was at one time a partner in the firm of Rathbone, Mayer & Rathbone.



FIELD MARSHAL LORD WOLSELEY, WHO IS GOING TO AFRICA AT KING EDWARD'S COMMAND.

VIEWS OF GEN. OTIS

On the Philippines as Expressed Before the Senate Committee.

Says the War Had Ceased When He Left Islands.

Confident That Filipinos Are Not Capable of Self-Government.

Washington, March 18.—Maj. Gen. Otis again appeared before the senate committee on the Philippines today. When he left the Philippines in May, 1900, Gen. Otis said that the army had disposed of all of Aguinaldo's army, quiet prevailed during the months of May and June and hardly a shot was fired. It was safe to go to all parts of Luzon and others islands and a very large trade had been established. A civil government had been set up, also the supreme court and courts of first instance in seven of the nineteen provinces of Luzon.

Gen. Otis, answering a question by Senator Culberson, said he never trusted native officers because they were too cruel to their men. He said he could trust their loyalty, but they treated their captives with too much cruelty. "They were as bad as the insurgents," said he. When he left the Philippines he said "the war, as a war, had ceased."

Answering a question by Senator Hale, Gen. Otis said he saw no difficulty in withdrawing a material number of troops from the islands. The native forces, he declared, to be very necessary and he said there was no peace in Manila until the native police were organized. Gen. Otis said said that when he left Manila he apprehended further trouble because there was a certain element which dominated the ignorant classes. The great majority, however, wanted peace. No armed bands of any importance, he said, were opposed to the United States at that time.

Asked by Senator Hale where supplies, money, arms, etc., of the insurgents came from, Gen. Otis said they received 2500 rifles from Admiral Dewey and they also received from Kong Kong certain arms, shipped aboard an American vessel, which landed at Batangas. They had received some arms from Japan and had captured some from the Spaniards at small garrisons which they attacked. He said that the merchants gave him more trouble than the insurgents themselves.

The troops of the United States, he said, had treated the Filipinos with the greatest kindness. Every statement of harsh treatment he heard of, had been investigated. In fact, he said, "We were laughed at by the Spaniards and European army officers for the humanity we exercised."

As to the capability of the Filipinos for self-government, he said that Aguinaldo's former secretary of state had told him that it would take 100 years to accomplish this. Gen Otis said that the Filipinos were not capable of self-government. The Filipinos, he said, understand that they must have protection because without it other nations would divide up the islands, but they were desirous of making the best possible terms they could with the United States. Their idea was to have control of the internal affairs of the islands, but protection outside.

Gen. Otis testified in response to questions by Senator Rawlins that he knew very little of the correspondence between Gen. Merritt and Aguinaldo, but he recalled Aguinaldo's reply to a communication referring to an agreement that the insurgent forces should withdraw to a certain point designated. He had himself directed Aguinaldo to withdraw to the suburbs outside the American defenses according to the terms of the protocol with Spain. This was not only a military necessity, but in accordance with right and duty. No nation in the world, said he, except the United States, "would have allowed these people to have hemmed us in the way they did." The order for their withdrawal was made solely in the interests of peace.

The dual occupancy of Manila, Gen. Otis said, he considered dangerous. He based his whole action, he said, on the protocol, as he understood it. At 12 o'clock the committee adjourned until tomorrow.

RECEIPTS

Of the Various State Institutions For the Past Quarter.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The reports of the miscellaneous receipts of state institutions for the past quarter received by the state auditor from the state board of control show a total of $9150.89.

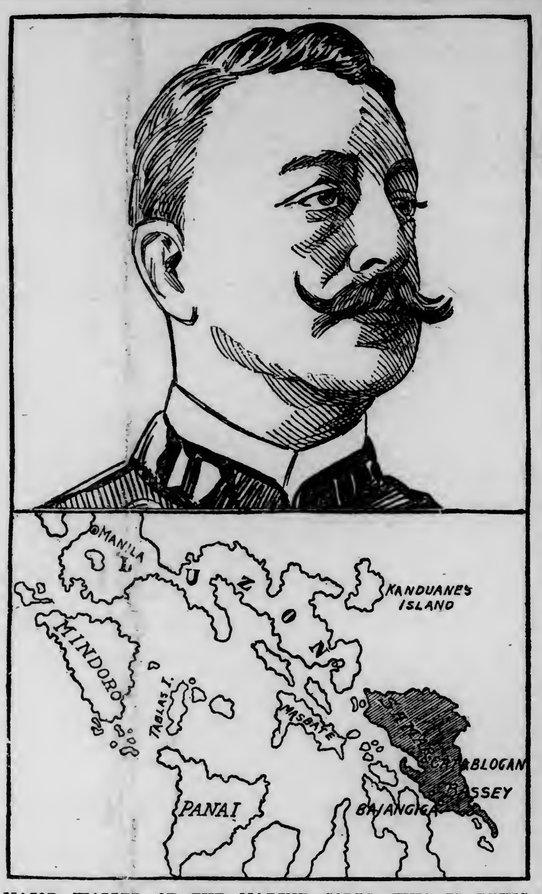
The Stillwater penitentiary received $7128.99, $4184.45 for labor in the shoe factory and $1684 for labor in the binding twine factory and $1125 for the board of United States prisoners. The normal schools report receipts aggregating $510.87 from tuition, text books and miscellaneous sources. The Fergus Falls and the St. Peter insane hospitals received $461.85.

The St. Cloud reformatory collected $169.42, mostly from sales of stone. The Red Wing training school received $254.64, almost entirely from sale of cut flowers, raised in the school greenhouses. The school for the feebleminded received $378.44 from sale of various minor articles made by the inmates, such as hammock cord, paper work and basket work. The school for the deaf received $161.34, mostly from the shoe shop. The products of the school for the blind brought $75.14. They consisted of hammock cord, bead work and brooms.

NEBRASKA ALARMED.

Wants Special Agent to Attend to Smallpox.

Lincoln, Neb., March 18.—Following a meeting of the state board of health, at which it was announced that there were 764 smallpox cases in the state, the secretary of the board was ordered to communicate with the federal authorities as to the best means of stamping out the disease, and to telegraph the army and navy hospital marine corps to send a special agent to Nebraska.



MAJOR WALLER OF THE MARINE CORPS, WHO IS BEING COURT MARTIALED FOR KILLING NATIVES IN SAMAR.

Major Littleton W. T. Waller, one of the heroes of the relief of Peking, is being court martialed on the serious charge of executing natives of Samar without trial. Samar is one of the large islands of the Philippine group. Waller suffered great hardship, and it is said his mind was temporarily unbalanced at the time of the alleged executions.

SEIZED WHOLE CARLOAD

St. Paul Detectives Find a Load of Alleged Stolen Property All Ready to Be Shipped to the West.

St. Paul, March 18.—A carload of alleged stolen property at the Minneapolis & St. Louis railway freight depot at the foot of Fourth street, ready to be shipped West, was seized by Detectives Murnane and O'Neil last evening. There were three horses, three carriages, a number of sets of harness and several big boxes that have not been opened in the car.

One horse and a buggy belongs to Mike Hines, of Rosemount, while another of the horses was stolen from a man named Bailey at Cottage Grove. The police believe the carload was obtained by a gang that has been stealing horses in Ramsey and adjoining counties for a week past. The authorities hope to capture the persons that secured the car.

UNABLE TO REACH WRECK

Wilmington, N. C., March 18.—The tug Alex. Jones arrived at Southport this morning, returning from Cape Lookout shoals, on the North Carolina coast, where she went to the assistance of an unknown steamer ashore there. The master of the Jones says none of the tugs was able to get near the steamer, as she was way up on the shoals, and the sea was breaking over her. Several attempts were made by the life saving station to rescue the crew, but without success. The tugs were unable to get near enough to ascertain the name of the vessel.

The revenue cutter Algonquin and tug Compton, of this port, are still lying by the derelict.

HITCHCOCK TO RETIRE SOON

Washington, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock will soon tender his resignation. The probabilities seem to point to the selection of Willis Vanderventer, of Wyoming, at present assistant attorney general for the interior department, to succeed Mr. Hitchcock.

CONTEST

For Riflemen of the National Guard Is Arranged.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Adjt. Gen. Libbey has issued an order for the state rifle contest of the National Guard, on the rifle range at Lake City, beginning Aug. 4. Riflemen that make a score of 120 or better on the 200, 300 and 500-yard ranges will take part in a supplementary contest of three preliminary and ten record shots each at 600, 800 and 1000 yards. Each regiment will be represented by a team of three men and two alternates.

Companies will begin practice on home ranges April 1 and continue until Oct. 1. Each will be provided with 3000 rounds of ammunition, and may later be allowed an additional 2000 rounds, upon showing a proper use of the original allowance.

BIGELOW IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 18.—Poultney Bigelow, the writer and lecturer, was a passenger on the steamship Minneapolis, which arrived from London today.

NEEDLESS

Agitation Over the Sailing of Wolseley For South Africa.

London, March 18.—A great deal of needless agitation has been caused in the war office by Lord Wolseley's sudden descent upon South Africa, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. The real explanation of his journey is that Lord Wolseley, when feeling jaded, met Sir Donald Currie and learned that he would be sailing to South Africa within forty-eight hours, Lord Wolseley exclaimed "You ought to take me with you."

"Come on," was the reply, and Lord Wolseley went at the shortest possible notice. It is not unlikely that he will see Lord Kitchener, and obtain some side lights on the mysteries of the campaign.

OTIS BEFORE COMMITTEE.

Washington, March 17.—Maj. Gen. E. S. Otis, United States army, formerly military governor of the Philippines, was before the Philippine committee of the senate today, but gave no testimony further than the date of his arrival in and departure from the Philippines, owing to the early convening of the senate. The committee meets again tomorrow. It is stated that Gen. Funston will be examined immediately after Gen. Otis.

TO ASSUME ITS RIGHTS

Board of Control to Handle University's Cash.

Will Enforce Authority Given By the Court.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of control will soon take steps to bring the financial management of the state university under its charge. The decision of the state supreme court in the case brought against the board of control by the normal school board to remove the normal schools from the authority of the board placed the state university also under the authority of the board.

No action was taken by the board of control to enforce its authority, however, as it was known that the university regents would make an attempt to have the legislature exempt the university from the jurisdiction of the board. This the legislature refused to do, and the board will now carry out the law which imposes upon it the management of the financial affairs of the university.

CHINESE REBELS WON

Defeated Gen. Ma, Took Possession of Fang Cheng, Killed or Captured All the Mandarins and Looted the Town.

Hong Kong, March 18.—Gen Ma has been defeated by the Kwang Si rebels, who have taken possession of Fang Cheng (Fen Chuan.) They have killed or captured all the mandarins and have looted the town.

Gen. Ma attacked the rebels' stronghold, but after an engagement lasting two days, was forced to retreat. The rebels then established their headquarters at Fang Cheng.

The rebellion is spreading rapidly in the provinces of Kwang Si, Kwang Tung and Yun Nan.

A letter received here from Tien Pai, fifty miles from Kwang Chou, says all business is suspended there owing to the fear of the rebels.

Marshal Su is at Lien Chou and Gen. Ma is at Kao Chou (both in Kwang Tung province). Both of these commanders are awaiting reinforcements. They wish to join their forces, but the rebels are holding all the intervening passes and prevent a junction of the government troops.

Many of the imperial soldiers are joining the rebels, owing to the superior pay offered them and the opportunity for looting.

The rebel leader is Hung-Ming, a relative of the celebrated Hung Sou Chuen, leader of the Tai Hung rebellion.

TROUBLE MAY FOLLOW

United Mine Workers Meet In Shamokin to Discuss Grievances of Different Unions and Adopt Some Method For Improvement.

Shamokin, Pa., March 18.—A special train from the upper anthracite coal region today brought here a minority of delegates to the convention of the United Mine Workers of districts 1, 7 and 9 which begins at noon. Many of the delegates from the lower section came in yesterday. Neither National President Mitchell nor National Secretary Wilson have as yet arrived, but it is expected they will reach here during the afternoon.

It is next to impossible to obtain a clear idea of the intentions of the delegates. District No. 1, comprising the Lackawanna and Wyoming regions, where there is said to be much dissatisfaction, practically controls the situation and should the delegates from that region declare for a strike, the remaining districts would be compelled to agree.

Secretary Hartlein, of district No. 9, the Shamokin district, says there are 144,000 mine workers in the anthracite region and 98 per cent of these are members of the union. District No. 1, comprising Lackawanna, upper Luzerne and Wyoming counties, contains 176 local branches with a representation of about 350 delegates in the convention.

The credentials committee has been in session all the morning and its report will be ready when the convention is called to order this afternoon. Today's session will be the only public meeting of the delegation. The important business will be transacted behind closed doors and the proceedings announced through the medium of a press committee.

Among the matters to be brought to the attention of the convention are the reports of President Mitchell and his assistants in their efforts to settle existing differences with the operators, and the replies received will all be ready. The eight-hour day, recognition of the union, grievances of firemen and many other questions of vital importance will be considered.

It is stated that the combined treasuries of the three districts now contain $400,000.

Ralph M. Easley, of New York, secretary of the civic federation, arrived here today. He said his visit had no connection with the miners' convention. His object, he said, was to meet President Mitchell, who is a member of the conciliation committee of the civic federation. There are some matters before the committee, Mr. Easley said, that require attention and he desired to see Mr. Mitchell before the latter left for the West.

CONCESSIONS GRANTED

Committee of Trainmen That Has Been In Session With Officials at St. Paul Has Satisfactorily Concluded Its Labors.

St. Paul, March 18.—The committee representing the dissatisfied trainmen on the Northern Pacific road, that has been in session here for the past five or six days, has completed its work. The committee stated that the trouble in Montana originated while the committee was on its way to St. Paul, and that the trouble there did not have the sanction of any of the trainmen's brotherhoods. The conference that the committee held with General Manager Pearce resulted in the company granting many concessions to the men.

The committee represented all divisions of the system and all branches of train operation.

The trouble on the Rocky Mountain division of the road, it is reported, has been all settled, and the usual traffic will be resumed at once.

SECOND ONE HANGED

John Young, Who With Three Others Murdered Farmer Hunter In New Jersey, Hanged at the Mount Holly Jail.

Mt. Holly, N. J., March 18.—John Young was hanged in the yard of the county jail her today for complicity in the murder of Washington Hunter, an aged and wealthy farmer who was killed in his home at Riverside on the night of Jan. 25, 1901. Young made a confession in which he admitted he led the murderers to the Hunter home, but denied having struck the blow. Young is the second of the four men who participated in the murder of Mr. Hunter to pay the death penalty.

Young, in company with Charles Brown, Otto Kellar and Charles Miller, visited Mr. Hunter's house for the purpose of robbery. Hunter, who was 75 years old, resisted and was beaten to death. Young, Brown and Kellar were later arrested, and Kellar turned state's evidence. He is now awaiting sentence. Miller made his escape and has not been apprehended. Brown was hanged Dec. 3 last, after having made a desperate break for liberty an hour before his execution.



M. S. BURROWS.

Continuation Tomorrow and All Week of Showing of Advance Samples of Children's Wash Suits

The newest Eastern Creations in Children's Wash Suits. The samples are on display in our Children's department and include the daintiest and most desirable creations of juvenile styles in all the new and popular fabrics for the season of 1902. Styles and patterns are exclusive with us.

Mothers are invited to call any day this week to inspect this line of samples and to leave orders for future delivery.

AT WEST DULUTH

Alderman Edward Swenson of the Eighth ward seems to have struck the keynote of sentiment in West Duluth when he introduced, at the city council last evening, a resolution calling attention to the outcome of the mandamus case against the street railway line, brought to compel the company to extend its West Third street line on Grand avenue to Sixtieth avenue west, with a view of bringing about negotiations with the street railway interests to niduce it to extend its line eleven blocks further, out to Fairmont park.

The idea of Alderman Swenson is to have the street railway go out to Seventy-first avenue west, which would be within a block and a half of the park, and about the nearest practical point that can be reached. This would mean an extension of the street railway line eleven blocks further than the court ordered.

There are two good reasons advanced by West Duluthians why this street railway extension should be made, and until it is done there is a strong feeling that the matter of attempting to get the double truck cars at the present time should be dropped temporarily. The feeling is that the extension of the street railway to Fairmont park is more practicable this season than the getting of the double truck cars. The company has signified its intention to extend the West Third street line to West Duluth, and it is believed that it would be easier to show the company that the extension could with advantage be made eleven blocks further than it will be to show that West Duluth needs the double truck cars.

With two street car lines to West Duluth, which the West Third street extension means, that portion of the city will have an excellent service.

Last season Fairmont park was purchased. It was intended pre-eminently as a West Duluth park, that is, it was intended for a place of recreation for the West Duluthians and their families, who had not the time to take a long ride and endure annoying delays at transfer points in going to Lester Park. Fairmont park is practically about one and a half miles from Central avenue, the principal business street of West Duluth. This is too great a disance for men to take their families and walk, and it is felt that the only thing now needed to bring the new park closer to the homes of the West Duluthians is a street car service for that mile and a half. It is hoped the street railway company can be made to see that such an extension would prove a paying investment, not only from the park standpoint, but it will tend to settle up that portion of the city along Grand avenue that has been handicapped by a lack of street car service. There is plenty of cheap building property out on Grand avenue, and a street car service would cause the building of many homes. The faster that portion of the city is settled up the more will the street railway company be benefited by increased patronage. It is claimed that there has been a decided brace in the demand for good residence property in Oneota, along Grand avenue, since it has been learned that the street railway company will extend its line.

Grand avenue is paved or macadamized out to Seventy-first avenue west. It is paved to the bridge at Sixtieth avenue west. The extension of the line would include but one of the wooden bridges, and this is a short one.

ON GOOD COMMITTEES.

The West Duluth aldermen fared pretty well in the committee appointments made last evening by Alderman Haven, president of the city council. Aledermen L. A. Barnes of the Seventh ward has been placed on offices and elections, finance, streets, alleys and sidewalks committees; Alderman Swenson of the Eighth ward has been placed on the city property, buildings and markets, light and water, offices and elections committees; Alderman W. E. Kern has been paced on the claims, the harbors, docks and ferries, the police and license committees.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The St. Patrick's day entertainment given last evening by the St. James church parishioners was a very successful affair. The program was splendidly rendered. The address of the evening, by Rev. J. F. Greene, of East Grand Forks, was a very able and masterly discourse, not only instructive, but entertaining. The attendance was very large.

Mrs. C. C. Salter entertained a small party of lady friends last evening. Those present were: Mesdames L. A. Barnes, H. R. Patterson, Merritt, Swengle, A. T. Park and Miss Swengle.

The West Duluth Woodman team, led by C. C. Salter, were at Carlton last evening to assist in the initiation of a large class of candidates. The initiatory ceremonies were followed by a social session, and the West Duluthians, who returned this morning, report a splendid time.

Mrs. C. R. Keyes has been appointed secretary of the Anti-Cigaret league for West Duluth. Willis Brown, of Chicago, field organizer of the American league, who is in the city, will spend Sunday in this portion of the city. Mention of the meetings that will be arranged for the day will be announced later.

The Modern Samaritans gave a delightful social party last evening to the members and their families. Cards were played.

The skating last evening at the covered rink was the best of the season. The attendance was large. The band rendered a number of selections, among them being "The Wearing of the Green."

Joseph Tuskany, of the St. Charles, has returned from Swan river.

Walter Kirk has returned from Mitchell & McClure's banking ground, and will visit friends here a few days.

Charles Drake received a severe bump on the head on one of Martin Tims' wagons and has been obliged to quit the service of Mr. Tims.

Rev. James Peeheley and Rev. James F. Greene, of East Grand Forks, left today for a business trip to Hibbing. They will return tomorrow. Rev. J. F. Greene will preach the sermon for the regular Lenten services at the St. James church.

William Sennett, a boy employed at the match factory, lost the end of the middle finger of his right hand in one of the machines at the factory. The finger was so badly mangled that amputation at the first joint was necessary.

Goodman Goodmanson, formerly of 520 Sixty-first avenue west, has deserted from the United States navy, in which he enlisted some time ago.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sweet have returned from a visit at Milwaukee.

Miss V. Cassel has returned to Barnum after a visit with her parents here.

Go to Lauermann's for shoes.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Word has been received here that Edward Holmes, of Madison, S. D., has suffered a stroke of paralysis. Mr. Holmes is an uncle of Mrs. D. R. McKinley and Mrs. H. R. Patterson.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

AGAIN MR. PATTERSON.

Commissioner Is Suggested For Another Office.

A rumor was in circulation this morning that County Commissioner Ed Patterson was considering the advisability of coming out as a candidate for state senator from the Fiftieth district in opposition to T. M. Pugh and E. R. Jefferson.

Later Mr. Patterson and Mr. Jefferson were found in earnest conversation in the St. Louis hotel lobby. Mr. Patterson admitted that there was "something in it"—presumably, mostly josh—and added that he and "Jeff" were trying to get together in the matter. Mr. Jefferson nervously twirled a cigaret box in his fingers, and Mr. Patterson took occasion to call attention to this and point to it as a reason why his claims to the office were stronger than Mr. Jefferson's. At last accounts, they were still "trying to get together."

Wild Rumor Started.

Considerable excitement was caused this morning by a report that a prominent Superior street saloonkeeper had bit a customer on the head with a bottle inflicting fatal injuries.

The fatality part of the report was purely imagination. Yesterday at noon a woodsman named Highland decided he would avenge himself for an insult in a certain saloon when he was last in Duluth.

He got in the wrong saloon and started a fight. The proprietor hit him on the head with a bottle and the man bled terribly. He was cared for by the police and this morning when rumor had him dead he was pleasantly paying a fine of $10 and costs and apologizing to the police for causing the trouble. He left the station in apparently the best of health.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wallpaper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.



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GOOD SAMARITANS.

Besides binding up your wounds, will tell you how to avoid similar mishaps. The "how" lies in the purchase of a Crescent bicycle, with ordinary care does not break down and takes years to wear out. There's a cause for its strength and durability: It is made from the best forged steel, rubber and other materials, made with skill and precision, and every wheel is thoroughly inspected before leaving the factory; it is as speedy as it is strong, which is saying everything.

WIELAND & WADE,

Hardware and Bicycles.

IT DULLS TRAFFIC

Stiffening of Rail Freights Causes a Decline In Business.

Tariff Rate On Lumber Means That Shipments Will Cease.

Rail Rates On Wheat Have Not Yet Been Affected.

The stiffening of all-rail freights and the approach of the opening of navigation and the installation of lake-and-rail tariffs have conspired to dull freight traffic. For the first time in a year, the rail traffic men are beginning to talk of having cars enough to handle their business.

As a result of the tip given by President Roosevelt to a delegation of trunk line magnates who called on him last week, rates are being restored all along the line. The receipt of instructions to discontinue quoting the old shaded rates was noted in The Herald last week. At the time, the movement to restore rates to tariff extended only to joint business—that is business going in some instances to points in seaboard states or to the new middle West.

This action has now spread to rates quoted by individual lines and to such business as lumber shipments from Duluth to Chicago. For the purpose of ornamentation, or basing of theories, the Duluth-Chicago lines have had a so-called tariff rate on lumber between these points of 15 cents. It is said that the tariff was never printed, and as far as known it has never been used in recent years, except to show by comparison how jolly generous the railroads were when they finally were willing to give a rate of 10 cents. Like all other rates, when there was enough business in sight to warrant it the railroads would name a lower rate.

This, in the minds of shippers, raises quite a question regarding the effects of the action of President Roosevelt. They take the position that if a considerable movement of lumber to Chicago and beyond will warrant the railroads in giving a 10-cent per hundredweight, there must be a margin of profit in the business for the railroads. If the rate had been a fluke and had been put in for only a short time, shippers might conclude that cut-throat competition had dictated the reduction. But this rate has been effective for a number of years, and the roads have been anxious to get as much business on that basis as they could get cars for.

If there is money in this business and all shippers are getting the same rate, men who have lumber to ship would like to know what benefit is going to result from the president's interference in the matter. They complain that the result of this is simply to restrict the facilities for handling this traffic at a time when there is not enough transportation capacity in this country to take care of the traffic that naturally and legitimately offers itself. In other words, as applied to the lumber business in Duluth, shippers believe that the president's action has had the effect of placing an embargo on commerce. A 15-cent rate simply means that Mr. Roosevelt says to shippers: "You shall ship no more lumber from Duluth by rail."

It is understood that no particular change has been made in wheat rates by rail. Whatever movement has been going on of late is not interrupted by Mr. Roosevelt's dictum. There is very little grain moving, and this is confined largely to bonded wheat. It is supposed that the fact that the Canadian Pacific railroad is beyond the reach of the interstate commerce commission or any power that the president may invoke explains the failure of his influence to reach export wheat rates.

Some flour has been coming in during the past two weeks to go into store in railroad warehouses preparatory to going out on the first lake liners to go in commission from here. It is said that twenty cars of flour from interior mills were set in at the Northern Pacific warehouses this morning. The Eastern Minnesota has also begun to receive for lake shipment. The movement is hardly fairly under way as yet, however.

Jobbers are giving the railroads very little westbound business to Duluth just now. They are holding off most of their purchases for shipment by lake, in order to save 20 per cent in freight that is effected when traffic begins moving by water.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Paxo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PAXO MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Plans For a Church.

Radcliffe & Hill will put out plans tomorrow for the foundation for the new church building to be erected by St. James Catholic society at West Duluth. The church will occupy ground dimensions 60 by 125 feet. The plans for the superstructure are not completed as yet. The building, however, will be of brick with stone trimmings. The exterior may be light or dark, it not yet having been decided. It is said that the edifice will be the handsomest Catholic church in the city.

New Vocal Director.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

Wall Paper.

Fifty thousand rolls of new and choice patterns at one-half what you can buy the same goods for elsewhere.

ENGELS & CO.,
17-19 Third avenue W.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.



Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

TO START IT.

Gov. Van Sant Will Set Military Exposition In Motion.

A dash of military brilliancy will mark the opening ceremony of the World's exposition in miniature in the Armory on the evening of March 31.

Governor Van Sant and his staff will be present as well as a large number of prominent officers of the National Guard from cities, towns and villages throughout the state.

The governor will touch the button that sets the unique, dazzling and original project in motion. It is expected that he and his staff will wear the full dress uniform that made such a hit during the recent reception of Prince Henry of Prussia in Chicago.

Besides this military display there will be a program of martial music and in the military exhibit, which promises to be one of the most interesting of the many attractive features, will be a complete suit of Chinese armor that is several hundred years old.

A score of carpenters, electricians, painters and decorators are busy transforming the interior of the Armory into a small "White City."

The exhibits are beginning to arrive and are being put in place. Although the undertaking is a big one the National Guardsmen say they will have their $5000 entertainment in readiness on the opening night and thus establish a new precedent for international expositions.

The executive committee of guardsmen are busy preparing an appropriate program of opening ceremony.

BUYS ON FIRST STREET.

W. W. Billson Invests In Some Business Property.

W. W. Billson has purchased two lots on West First street, between Second and Third avenues west. This morning a deal was closed by which he purchased fifty feet on the lower side of the street, lot 38, West First street, the third lot west of Second avenue west, from the Bishop Seabury mission, of Faribault, for $16,000. The deal was made through J. D. Howard & Co.

The other purchase was across the street from this lot. He bought the east half of lot 41 from Joseph T. Gilbert for $7500. The property consists of twenty-five feet adjoining the Acme laundry.

AGAINST SOFT COAL.

G. G. Barnum Objects to Use In Library Building.

"The use of soft coal in the new public library building," said G. G. Barnum this morning, "as I saw it used last night, can hardly be conducive to the preservation of the appearance of the interior decorations, and it is certainly uncomfortable to people living near there or passing by. I was passing the library building last evening when soft coal was being consumed in it, and volumes of thick, black, clinging smoke were pouring out and enveloping the building. Not only was this annoying to everybody around, but it seems to me that the effect of the soft coal smoke on a building like that would be very injurious."

TO ASSESS.

Park Board Claims Benefits Through Lincoln Park Improvement.

The board of park commissioners desire certain owners of West End property to pay a special assessment of $19,098 into the general park fund.

The board claims that it has spent $130,065 on Lincoln park, and that as a result of this expenditure property in the vicinity has had special benefits to the extent of the assessment asked for.

Lincoln park is between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth avenues west. It is one of the beauty spots of the city, but it is claimed that the West End property owners to be assessed for its beauty are decidedly opposed to the proposition of the park commissioners.

If the assessment is made it will not be without precedent. In several instances the board of park commissioners have brought about assessments similar to that now proposed, but none so large.

In one instance the case was fought through the courts, and while the courts scaled down the assessment somewhat, it was held that the assessment was perfectly valid.

The matter of making this assessment has now been referred to the council committee on parks, which consists of Aldermen Olson, McEwen and Cullum.

CAUSE OF SHORTAGE

Contractors Hold Apprentice System Responsible For Few Mechanics.

Say Labor Unions Have Kept Men From Learning Trades.

A Representative of Labor Disputes This Statement.

Building contractors complain that the scarcity of mechanics is due largely to the restrictions thrown around the apprentice system a number of years ago by the trades' unions. People who are conversant with union labor matters, and have followed the development of legislation by the unions, declare that no serious result is shown locally as a result of these restrictions.

"We have a great deal to contend with in building in this city just now," said an extensive contractor today. "Of course, we all know that it costs a little more to live here than it does in many other cities of this size. We all hope that with the development of the farming country immediately tributary to Duluth this condition will right itself.

"But another factor in the scarcity of mechanics here has been the result of the apprentice system adopted by a number of the building trades unions a number of years ago. At that time, like pretty nearly everywhere else in the country, there was a scarcity of work in Duluth for men in the building trades. The country had not revived from the effects of the panic, and Duluth having been one of the last cities to suffer, did not recover quite as quickly as other parts of the country, particularly the West.

"In order to remedy the situation, from their point of view, the building trades unions made rules limiting the number of apprentices that might be employed in these trades. The system was almost entirely done away with here. The result is that we have been turning out very few mechanics in this city since the middle of the '90s. Practically all our skilled mechanics are coming up from the country towns, where no unions exist and where there are no restrictions to prevent the development of artisans. This scarcity of mechanics makes it expensive for contractors."

The trades union people don't agree with the contractor above quoted in many of his statements. They admit that in some lines of the building trades there is a scarcity of skilled labor.

"But," said Edward E. McEwen, of the Labor World, this morning, "this scarcity is not so serious as contractors would have you believe. The most complaint that we have heard about prices is in steam fitting and plumbing. There are about twenty-five journeymen plumbers in Duluth, and only two of them are given steady work. One journeyman plumber showed me his time book the other day. It proved that last year he was employed just a little less than six months out of last year. He earned $4 a day when he worked, but his earnings averaged about $2 a day the year round. He is a good, steady man, anxious to get all the work he can. That is an instance of the situation in the whole industry here. The plumbers were the first to place restrictions around the apprentice system. They formerly had one apprentice to each journeyman. The improvements in the manufacturing business, however, resulted in such a large proportion of the work being done on the materials before they left the factories that the journeyman did not need an apprentice as he did in the old days. The employing and employed plumbers agreed to this.

"As I understand it, one apprentice is allowed on each job of bricklaying. The trouble is not so much that they have not been apprentices, but that contractors here have not been able to give bricklayers steady work. They can go to one country towns and get better pay and have their living cost less in the summer.

"The situation is much the same in the carpenters' field. When the dull times came, the West afforded a better field for their employment and carpenters went where they could find work. The development of machine work on materials of wood that enter into a building have reduced the demand for highly skilled carpenters to such a point that there has not been the demand for mechanics of this class to warrant men engaging in the business to the same extent that they did in earlier years.

"It is natural that country towns should provide the largest share of new journeymen. That has always been the case. They can be developed to better advantage there. As far as the action of the unions regarding the apprentice system is concerned, this action at the time was more in the nature of a warning to young men that the field in which these unions' members worked was overcrowded, and that they could apply their time and labors at the most important stage in their career with better results to the learning of another trade."

STATEMENT.

Herald Publishes Summary of County's Finances For a Year.

The Herald publishes today a little comunication from County Auditor Halden, running through a trifle more than eight pages of the paper. It is a very interesting tale, and it is possessed of strong human interest. Its literary style is somewhat monotonous, and the plot is meager, while the narrative is somewhat disconnected and lacks smoothness. Yet with all its faults it is a very important publication, one that The Herald gives space to with pleasure, for it will be of much concern to every taxpayer of St. Louis county.

It includes a full story of what was done with the money paid into the St. Louis county treasury during 1901. It is particularly praiseworthy for its close attention to detail, and its local color is excellent.

The statement shows that the county started in the year with $130,767.65 in the treasury, that it received $296,532.40 during the year, that it spent $358,754.79, and had $86,545.26 at the close. This includes state funds handled for local school districts.

The poor fund had an overdraft of $46,050.65 at the close of the year, and the road fund had an overdraft of $4051.87. The county revenue fund started with $75,683.85, received $96,012, spent $152,385.84, and had $19,210.01 at the close. The poor fund received $20,138.58, spent $26,687.42, and increased its overdraft $6548.84. The road fund received $30,701.10, spent $27,186.40, and decreased its overdraft $3614.70. Infectious diseases cost the county $5759.06. Interest and sinking funds swallowed up $32,019.36.

Some of the principal items of county expenses during the year were as follows: Salaries, $62,991.89; light, fuel and repairs, jail and court house, $6752.57; printing and printed supplies, $12,378.40; sheriff's fees and board of prisoners, $21,732.94; district court, $19,-07.22; municipal courts, $4269.50; justice courts, $2546.92; probate court, $2937.19; coroner, $2051.67; roads, $27,186.40; poor, $26,687.42; infectious diseases, $3759.06.

HE WINS OUT.

A. J. Meagher Gets a Verdict Against J. J. O'Flaherty.

The jury in the case of Austin J. Meagher against John J. O'Flaherty in district court this morning returned a verdict awarding the plaintiff $317.17. He claimed that the defendant had cheated him out of his property by giving him whisky and getting him to sign a deed, promising to reconvey a half interest later, which he never did. The plaintiff claimed that $1500 was the value of his half interest, and he sued for that amount.

Judge Cant and a jury this morning took up the case of the Vulcan Iron Works company against Harry Roberts and others, to recover on three promissory notes of $1000 apiece issued by the Williams Construction company in payment for two steam shovels and endorsed by Capt. Roberts. The defense in part is that the property was not to be transferred to the Williams company until it was paid for, and that the plaintiff has taken the shovels back. The Williams company has put in an intervening complaint in which a counter-claim is set up for $30,000 damages because it is alleged that the Vulcan company's guarantee of the shovels was not lived up to. Alford & Hunt appear for the plaintiff and Searle & Spencer for the defendants.

In Judge Dibell's court the case of Katherine W. Upham against George H. Lounsberry was still on trial at noon, but it was expected to go to the jury this afternoon.

CIGARETTES.

Crusade Against Them Started Among the School Children.

An anti-cigarette campaign was inaugurated at the high school this morning in a speech by Willis Brown, of Chicago, organizer of the American Anti-Cigarette league. Introduced by Principal Smith he gave a talk of about forty-five minutes on the evils of the cigarette. He gave many instances of big companies which have decided not to employ cigarette smokers. After telling some of his experiences in getting the high school students of other cities to sign the pledge, he asked all other boys who were willing to promise that they would not smoke any cigarettes until they were 21 years of age to stand up. All of the male members of the school, save seven, stood. Mr. Brown then asked the young women who would lend their influence to the campaign to stand. All but one arose.

Pledges will be circulated among the students for them to sign in the next day or two. Fred Johnston has charge of the pledges and will work among the boys while Miss Rena Smith performs a like function among the feminine crusaders.

Mr. Brown gave four talks before the children of the Washington school. Miss Martha Swan and Christian Tvedt were chosen at the Washington school to circulate the pledges. The children are requested to take the pledges home, sign with the consent of their parents and return them to the schools. Arrangements were made this morning to visit more of the city schools, Superintendent Denfeld having given Mr. Brown permission to speak at all the school buildings, where he will have all the assistance he needs from the teachers. Announcements of the mass meetings to be held in the interest of the anti-cigarette movement will be made in the daily papers.

Mr. Brown is in the city for a stay of two weeks. The Y. M. C. A. building will be the headquarters of the league and Secretary Phil Bevis will be the district secretary of the league. A. J. Dye will be secretary for the West End and Mrs. C. R. Keyes for West Duluth.

Mr. Brown has a national reputation in the anti-cigarette movement and it is said that 300,000 boys and young men have signed the pledge through his efforts. In one of his talks this morning relative to the cigarette habit in schools and colleges, Mr. Brown referred to the president of a college in Chicago who requested the young men students either to give up the practice or take the tuition back and leave the college. Friday evening Mr. Brown will speak to the Boys' club at the First Methodist church.

Lake Ice Breaking Up.

The Lake Superior ice reports received today by Weather Forecaster Richardson say that the ice is breaking up among the islands at Bayfield, and there is indication of an early breaking up of the harbor ice. At Washburn the harbor ice is about 22 inches thick, badly honeycombed, and breaking away from the shore. There is practically no snow at Bayfield. The harbor ice at Ashland is from 18 to 20 inches thick and softening. There is about 2 inches of water on top of the ice. It is expected that the break-up at Ashland will be very early. No snow at Ashland.

C. H. BAGLEY, Pres. and Treas. | F. D. DAY & CO., Inc. | GEO. C. SPALDING, Sec.

Easter Silver Things

Of style and good taste are here. Belt Buckles and Belt Pins, out of the ordinary hat pins, Fobs, Cuff Buttons, Stick Pins, all of new silver, have come to us today from the manufacturers that lead in the art and who sell only to F. D. Day & Co., in Duluth. Ladies, will you please call at our shop this week and get the new ideas of spring silver jewelry?

F. D. Day & Co.

Fashionable Jewelers.
315 West Superior Street.

A SAD CASE.

Young Man of Good Family Insane From Dissipation.

James Stone Cobbs, one of the F. F. V.s, according to his own statement and clearly, from his talk and actions, a man of good ancestry and up-bringing, was found insane in probate court yesterday afternoon and ordered sent to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls.

His is the most peculiar case the probate court for a long time. He has been down in the world, and his insanity clearly proceeds from dissipation, yet he has a fluent tongue and a ready command of language, and altogether he made a most interesting subject. He said that he is 25 years of age, that he was born in Danville, Va., that both his father and mother were born in Virginia, that his father was a wealthy lawyer, but lost his fortune a few years ago. On most subjects his mind is clear, but he imagines that he is wealtny, that he invented a railway tie that he sold to George Gould for $1,000,000, and that he has $50,000 on deposit in the banks here.

The physicians who examined him found that it was necessary to question him to get at his aberrations, as he was clever enough to conceal them unless pressed.

While in the county jail yesterday afternoon he made a speech to the prisoners, and those that heard him say that it was really an able oration. He told them he was Patrick Henry, and that he was a born orator.

As stated in The Herald yesterday, Cobbs has been annoying a Duluth young woman with proposals of marriage. Eight or ten letters were found upon him, addressed to this young woman, all sealed, addressed and stamped, but never sent. It did not appear that he had ever sent any letters. The letters were vulgar and he said in court that this was simply the sin coming out of him. He worked it out that way, and now his mind is clear and free. He professes to be a Christian Scientist, and says that he was cured of disease through that faith.

Returns From the East.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Phillips returned today after a month's absence in the East, where Mr. Phillips selected entire new stocks for his Duluth and Superior shoe stores, visiting all the principal manufacturers in New York, New Jersey and Massachusetts. Mr. Phillips says he was kept busy answering question about Duluth, and that he believes there will be a great rush to this section this year. Many manufacturers and wholesalers are considering coming here.

Should Be Thankful.

J. K. Stack, of Stack & Co., returned this mornign from the Eastern markets, where he has been busy for some time selecting the spring and summer stocks for his firm. Mr. Stack re-echoes the statements of others that the demands on wholesalers and manufacturers was never so great, and is seemingly without end. Mr. Stack also says Duluth has far more than its prosperity to be thankful for, as the weather here is perfect in comparison to what the East and South have had for the past month.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is obvious.



Your Credit Is Good at

BAYHA'S

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in the City of Duluth.

Our stock of Furniture, Carpets, Rugs and Lace Curtains is complete, and our prices at least 20 cents on the dollar less than any other store here. We are going to continue for another week—

⅓ OFF ON DINING ROOM CHAIRS

One-third off for another week. Come in and look at our Wilton Velvet Carpets at ONE DOLLAR per yard, made, laid and lined, and at our Wool Carpets at 40c per yard, made, laid and lined.

CASH OR CREDIT

Terms:
$ 5.00 per month on ..... $ 25.00
$ 6.00 per month on ..... $ 35.00
$ 7.00 per month on ..... $ 50.00
$ 8.00 per month on ..... $ 60.00
$ 9.00 per month on ..... $ 75.00
$10.00 per month on $100.00

BAYHA & CO.

Lowest price, highest grade housefurnishers in the city.
24 and 26 E. Superior St. Look for big wire sign on roof.

HIGH MARK REACHED

Board of Trade Sells Twenty-Five Memberships at $1,000 Each.

This Reaches the Limit Which the Board Can Issue.

Four Years Ago They Could Be Had For a Song.

The Duluth board of trade is $25,000 richer than it was yesterday. Today the purchase of twenty-five memberships in the board was made, the purchasers paying the sum of $1000 for each membership.

This exhausts the limit of 200 made by the board, and any one who wants to own a seat on the board must now buy from some one who holds one.

Today at the close of the market $1250 was bid for a membership.

This is remarkable prosperity when the condition of affairs four years ago is remembered. At that time membership in the Duluth board of trade went begging. There are men trading on the Duluth floor today who paid only $10 for their membership. One man paid only $5 for his, and in at least one or two cases it is said that memberships were offered free to anyone who would pay the annual dues, amounting to about $35.

At that time the number of memberships in force was something like 140. A couple of years ago memberships began to take on considerable value, and shrewd members of the board invested in them. The board's price was $500, and that was soon reached. Then members of the Duluth board bought all of the memberships up to the $500 limit, which was 175. For sometime no more were taken out, but about a week ago a membership sold for $900. That seemed to give another stimulus to their value, and when yesterday a purchase of one was made from the board at $1000, it started things going, with the result that this morning the balance of twenty-four were taken, reaching the 200 limit.

The memberships are believed to have been bought largely by outside interests. They may be held for speculation or for use, but at any rate they are in demand for, as before stated, any man who wishes to sell now can get $1250.

NOT JUST YET

Eastern Minnesota Will Not Haul Ore Until April 1.

Officials of the Eastern Minnesota road say that they do not expect to handle a pound of iron ore before April 1, in spite of frequent reports to the contrary. Last season this road carried only 30,000 tons of ore during the month of April, and if it begins hauling April 1 this year in an active way, its officials will feel that it is doing well.

Furthermore, it is declared that there is little chance that any vessel will past through the locks on the American side at the Soo until April 1. One gate of the lock has been out all winter for repairs to make good the damage done by a vessel striking the gate last fall. The repairs are not yet completed and will not be for ten days or two weeks. As far as the ice at the Soo is concerned, it is said to be in such bad shape that a good staunch steamer could push its way through the rivers and Mud Lake with ease.

The Eastern Minnesota docks on Allouez bay is still surrounded with ice, but it is so decayed that a few days of warm weather would make the opening of a channel to it a comparatively easy matter.

Wall Paper.

Fifty thousand rolls of new and choice patterns at one-half what you can buy the same goods for elsewhere.
ENGELS & CO.,
17-19 Third avenue W.

THE STATE RESTS.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 18.—The state this forenoon rested its case in the trial of James Wilcox, charged with the murder of Miss Nellie Cropsey. W. H. Cropsey, father of the dead girl, testified that Wilcox had offered no consolation during the search for the girl. Thomas Hayman testified that Wilcox told him he would help with the search for Miss Cropsey, but for the fact that if her body was found people would think he killed her.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Another laughing week.

A Greek candymaker named M. J. Tanlos was arrested this morning for abusing a horse.

The passengers in an east bound interstate car were given a scare at Twelfth avenue west this morning when the little 3-year-old daughter of Robert Child ran into the moving car. The little girl shut her eyes and deliberately, with the thoughtlessness of children of that age, tried to knock the car off the track. She struck the car about the middle and fell. Fortunately the child sustained no further injury than a few bumps and was taken home by her father.

A camp fire will be given this evening in Kalamazoo hall by the members of the G. A. R. There will be a program of music and recitations.

There will be a special meeting of the Duluth Ministerial association tomorrow afternoon at 4:30 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. building.

The regular thimble bee of the Aid society of the First M. E. church will be held at the parsonage, 503 West Third street tomorrow at 2:30 o'clock.

J. J. Moe, of the firm of Johnson & Moe, is in Chicago, completing spring purchases for the dry goods department.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

A hearing in the land contest case of Wesley McMullen against Joseph A. Brown et al is being held before the register of the United States land office today. Testimony is being taken this afternoon. The case will not be finished today as there are a number of depositions that have not yet been returned. It will probably be continued over thirty days. This is the famous "white cap" case started some months ago and involves a claim in section 16-151-20.

A large number of the Duluth Irishmen attended the Irish-American banquet at the West Superior hotel last evening. It was a very successful function. C. P. Magginis, of this city, responded to one of the toasts of the evening. P. Doran, of Duluth, sang.

PERSONALS.

J. J. Thomas is sick at his home with an attack of pluriasy.

C. D. O'Brien, the St. Paul attorney, is at the Spalding. He came over this morning from West Superior, where he was the orator last night at an Irish-American banquet given at the West Superior hotel.

Joel Tornquist, a Virginia contractor, came down this morning and is at the St. Louis.

J. P. Weyerhaeuser, who has charge of the Weyerhaeuser lumbering interests at Lake Nebagamon, is at the Spalding today.

R. H. Johnson went to Winnipeg this afternoon over the Great Northern.

William J. Barnes, of Chicago, traveling passenger agent of the Illinois Central, is in town today.

C. W. Kimberley will leave on the fast mail today for the East.

J. B. Heveley, of Two Harbors, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Col. N. B. Wharton and W. J. Wharton, of Ashland, returned home yesterday afternoon, spending Sunday with J. A. Wharton at Lester Park.

C. G. Sargent and wife have gone to Portland.

W. C. McClure arrived at the Spalding today from Saginaw.

F. A. Pierce went to St. Paul today over the Eastern.

George P. Rising, a Nickerson lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

R. H. McDonald and wife left over the Great Northern today for Spokane.

S. J. Cussen came over from Ashland this morning.

Max Hirsch, of Paris, France, is at the Spalding. He has business in West Superior.

W. J. Stephenson, general agent at St. Paul for the Wisconsin Central, spent Sunday in Duluth. He will move his family down about May 1.

Capt. J. H. Pearce and James W. Falk, G. F. Smith and family left last night over the Omaha for Old Mexico.

M. J. Bryan the new general agent of the Wisconsin Central, writes the office here that he will not come up from Chicago until a week from April 1.

R. E. Mace, purchasing agent of the Oliver Iron Mining company, will go to Chicago this afternoon.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wallpaper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Getting Information.

F. Howard Mason, secretary of the Merchants' exchange of Buffalo, N. Y., and R. V. Searle and B. J. Burns, members of that body, were visitors on the Duluth board of trade today. They are looking into the matter of option trading and before coming here had visited Chicago, Minneapolis and Milwaukee. The Merchants' exchange is the board of trade of Buffalo. Some years ago options were dealt in there, but trading in them was dropped. Now it is proposed to resume, and these members are obtaining information from the various grain exchanges of the country.

Building Permits.

C. B. Nunan, the well-known West End merchant, has taken out a building permit for a $3500 brick dwelling to be built on the south side of Fourth street between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth avenues west.

Wieland & Wade, the West Duluth hardware merchants, took out a permit yesterday for their new store building at the corner of central avenue and Ramsey street. The preliminary estimate of cost is $12,000.

Lamp Exploded.

A lamp explosion about 8 o'clock last evening at the home of Addison Remington, at 214 Third avenue east, practically destroyed the household effects and clothes of Mr. and Mrs. Remington and a valuable piano was damaged by water and chemicals. Mr. Remington, who is employed as a lineman by the Zenith Telephone company, was about to go out for the evening and had turned the light down low. Having occasion to return to the room a few minutes later he found it in flames. The walls of the house were also badly scorched, the damage to the building amounting to about $150.

THE TRIAL OF KARVO

Work of Drawing a Jury Begun In District Court.

At Noon Today But Six Jurors Had Been Obtained.

Thirty-Six Men Are Examined---Karvo Shows No Concern.

THE JURY.

Martin Mell, farmer, New Independence.

James B. Salter, mill sawyer, 6114 Green street.

Gust Lund, farmer, Iron Junction.

James D. Campbell, carpenter, 411 Twenty-fourth avenue west.

Hans Gronseth, shoe dealer, 518 East Fourth street.

J. W. Richardson, carpenter, 208 West Second street.

When the district court adjourned at noon today six jurors had been enrolled in the case against Daniel Karvo, charged with murder in the first degree. If the rate at which these six jurors were secured is kept up, the jury will be complete by tomorrow noon.

The case was taken up at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and the work of drawing the jury has been in progress ever since that time. It had been anticipated that there would be considerable difficulty in securing twelve men satisfactory to both sides, so much attention has the case attracted, and the result justified this anticipation. To get the six men it was necessary to call thirty-six, so an average of one in six was accepted.

This is worse than in the Rivers case, the last murder case tried, when sixty men were called to get twelve jurors, making one out of every five that was accepted.

Nine men were called yesterday afternoon before one juror was found.

Martin Mell, the first man accepted, was the ninth juror to be examined. J. B. Salter, the next one accepted, was the thirteenth called. Gust Lund was the fifteenth, J. D. Campbell was the twenty-fourth, Hans Gronseth was the twenty-sixth and J. W. Richardson was the thirty-sixth.

Most of those who were called had read and heard of the case, and had formed opinions upon it. This was enough to disqualify them to sit as jurors, and they were excused. In some cases the jurors had prejudices against insanity as a defense, and they were excused on that ground.

The regular panel was exhausted this morning, but in anticipation of this event a special venire of thirty-four was issued last night, returnable this morning. Unless the rest of the jury comes easier than the first half, it will be necessary to issued more calls for jurors.

Karvo is decidedly the least concerned man in the court room. Since the case was taken up yesterday afternoon he has sat in exactly the same position. His chair is just back of Alexander Marshall, his attorney, and he sits slouchingly, his eyes fixed and striking the floor about twenty feet ahead of him. He never moves his head and seldom changes his gaze. He has not looked once at the jury box, nor has he spoken to his attorney or to anyone else. He does not appear to have the slightest interest in what is going on. He wears a mackinaw of some brown stuff, and he keeps it buttoned up regardless of the temperature of the court room, which is pretty thick at times. His clothes are those of a woodsman, including the rubber shoes and German socks.

The jail officials say that whatever the condition of his mind was when he committed his deed, he is not insane now. Many believe that he was insane when he killed Mylnaki, and it is said that the defense will make an effort to show that he has been subject to spells of insanity for ten years. The defense will be entirely that of insanity, so far as is known at present.

The question of actual bias is referred to three triers, as is the custom in murder cases. The triers are Bert Fesler, M. Douglas and Victor Stearns, and when they were arraigned the hearing was set for Friday.

There is no clash of authority, as under the law a number of complaints may be issued by different courts charging the same people with the same offense.

BLIZZARD.

J. A. Michaelson Says Storm In the West Was Terrific.

J. A. Michaelson, traveling passenger agent of the South Shore road, feels like a prisoner just released from prison. He returned this afternoon from Larimore, N. D., where he has been blockaded for three days.

"I never saw anything to rival the blizzard that prevailed out West," said Mr. Michaelson. "It was a sand and snow storm. I went out on the street and when I got back to the hotel my face looked as if I had been stoking on a lake steamer. There are drifts of snow ten or fifteen feet high in some places. Other spots are as clear of snow as if winter had never come.

"They had to tunnel through the drifts to get out of the hotel I stopped at at Larimore. Trains went into the drifts, got stuck and the engines 'died' and froze up. The trains were buried up completely. The Great Northern got as far north as Neche, and the Northern Pacific stopped on its way north at Grafton. The Manitoba service was abandoned completely.

"They tried a rotary snow plow coming East from Minot, but it didn't seem to work well. So when the storm had pretty well abated, they took an ordinary everyday snow plow and put it ahead of six engines. That did the business. It threw snow about half a mile. I got out of Larimore on a snow plow."

NOTHING KNOWN HERE.

Capt. Singer's Reported Purchase Not Yet Confirmed.

Nothing is known here about Capt. Singer's purchase of the steamer Iroquois to go on the north shore route of the White line. Capt. Singer has been away for some weeks making arrangements for improved service for both the White and Lake Michigan lines, and is expected home daily.

It is thought quite likely that the Iroquois, which will be the largest and speediest steamer ever put in the north shore trade, has been obtained for the purpose, but there is no way of verifying the report just now.

It would not surprise some people to learn also that the steamer Manitou had been secured to go on the Duluth-Chicago route.

REORGANIZED.

E. T. Williams & Sons Dredging Firm Merged Into Corporation.

Plans for the reorganization of the firm of E. T. Williams & Son, dredgers, are understood to be about perfected. The new organization will be known as the Lake Superior Contracting and Dredging company. It is said that A. B. Wolvin of this city engineered the plan of reorganization. The E. T. Williams & Sons plant includes forty-one tugs, dredges and scows all of which have already been enrolled at the Duluth custom office, all of which will be reenrolled in the name of the new company, within a few days. It is claimed that an important meeting of a number of the marine firms interested in the E. T. Williams & Sons company will be called about March 22, the results of which will have direct bearing on the stock division of the new corporation.

Capt. E. T. Williams returned a few days ago from Chicago, where he is said to have been in connection with the reorganization of the dredging company.

THREE DEAD.

Wausau, Wis., Men Blown to Fragments By Explosion.

Wausau, Wis., March 18.—Three men killed, the mill wrecked and one man injured is the result of a boiler explosion today in Wheeler Gavitt's sawmill near Callon, a village eight miles east of Wausau.

The dead men are:
WHEELER GAVITT, proprietor of the mill.
CHESTER GOLDMAN, engineer.
JOHN DOMAHOWSKI.

All the men live near the mill. The explosion was of such a terrific force that it hurled pieces of machinery and parts of the mill 300 yards, and the remains of the dead men were found in sections in different parts of the mill yard. The cause of the explosion was an insufficient quantity of water in the boiler. Gavitt and Domahowski were in the boiler house trying to get warm.

RHODES IS WORSE.

Capetown, March 18.—1 p. m.—Cecil Rhodes had a quiet sleep this morning, but his symptoms, when he awoke, showed a slight change for the worse. Oxygen is again being administered to the patient, in increased quantities.

SERIOUS RIOT.

Mobile, March 18.—A report was received today from Fort Morgan, Ala., at the entrance to Mobile bay, that a riot between soldiers and civilians occurred there Sunday night. Michael Keoughan, who was discharged last Saturday from the army, was shot to death, and ten or fifteen were wounded in the shooting and cutting which was general for a time.

POWER SUIT POSTPONED.

New York, March 18.—A hearing was set for today before Richard A. Mabey, a special examiner in the suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific company, was postponed until tomorrow. The suit is one of three actions instituted by Mr. Power, representing minority stockholders of the Northern Pacific, to overthrow the merger of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern in the Northern Securities company. The suit was brought in Minnesota.

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale of same on first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.

ELY'S ELECTION.

Spirited Contest to Take Place In April.

Editor Peter Schaefer of the Ely Miner is in town today. Mr. Schaefer says that there wil be quite a spirited contest over some offices at the city election to be held in Ely the first of next month. The closest race will probably be between Judge Van Blarcom, the present occupant of the municipal bench, and Thomas Whitta, who is the Republican nominee for the office. Judge Van Blarcom is running independent. P. R. Vail is an independent candidate for mayor against Matt Gleason, the Republican nominee. Mr. Schaefer is the Republican nominee for re-election as city clerk, and he is opposed by an independent in the person of I. G. Cox. F. L. Cowen, the city treasurer and Republican nominee, has no opposition as yet. Saturday will be the last day for filing petitions.

Mr. Schaefer says taht the primary elections law cost Ely about $200, and claims that it was more of a nuisance than benefit.

ARE AGAIN ARRESTED.

West Duluth Boys Brought Into Municipal Court.

Two West Duluth boys are to be tried in police court Friday morning for assault and trespass and on Saturday night they are again to stand trial at West Duluth on the same charges.

That is unless the justice court at West Duluth drops the case against them.

The boys are Bernard Benson and Philip Boursas, two of the strikers at the match factory who assaulted Cormine Izzo last week.

The boys were arrested and taken before Justice Stone at West Duluth and released on $20 bail to appear for hearing next Saturday evening.

Today, however, the same complaint was made against them in police court,

Grand Program of Music Saturday Afternoon and Evening.

Everything New—Not an Old Garment In The Store.
Mothers! Bring the Children Next Saturday Afternoon.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,

409-411 West Superior Street.

Duluth's New Clothing Store.

SPRING AND EASTER OPENING!

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1902.

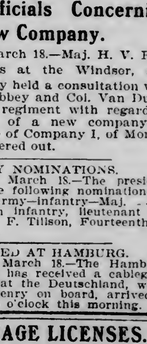


First Offering of Beautiful Custom-Made Ready-to-Wear Suits for Spring—1902.

FASHIONABLE SPRING OVERCOATS....

Hart, Schaffner & Marx Overcoats—the talk of America. Please everyone because perfectly made. No other make of Overcoats was ever so praised by delighted people.

SPRING FASHIONS In Boys Dependable Wear.



Every new style that the foremost designers of boys' wear in the world have brought out this season will be found in our Boys' Department. The celebrated "Crescent" make is on sale exclusively at this store. Productions of David M. Pfaltzer & Co., and Alsberg, Moritz & Co., known everywhere as the best—

Elegant Souvenirs for Ladies and Children Visiting Our Children's Department On Saturday.

Finest Hat Stock in Duluth—Pick of the best Hats made, properly priced.....$1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.50 up
Shoes for Easter—$4 and $5 Shoes for.....$2.50
We keep Shoes just to accommodate our trade, that's why we make such prices.

Beautiful Easter Ties—A very large assortment—decidedly the handsomest ever shown in Duluth—
35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00

HEPBURN'S ANNUAL

Contribution Against the Rivers and Harbors Bill.

Recognized Futility of Talking Against the Measure.

Knew It When Pork Only Amounted to $8,000,000.

Washington, March 18.—When the house met today Frank B. Lyon, of Cuba, N. Y., was elected doorkeeper to succeed the late W. J. Glenn. The oath was immediately administered to Mr. Lyon by the speaker.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the river and harbor bill. When Mr. Hepburn (Iowa), who has fought the river and harbor bills ever since he came to congress, arose to speak there was an outburst of applause on both sides of the house. "I arise to make my annual contribution to the river and harbor literature with a miscellaneous assortment of emotions," he began. "I recognize," he continued, "the utter futility of saying anything against this bill. I recognized that fact years ago, when the pork in the barrel was only $8,000,000. How manifestly impossible is it to make headway against it now that the appropriations aggregate $80,000,000." Mr. Hepburn commended the committee for taking the "back track" upon wasteful commerce in certain directions, pointing out the abandonment of further improvements of the Missouri river as a final fulfillment of predictions made eighteen years ago.

He said that congress should set a definite limit upon the depth of water sought to be obtained in seaport harbors—thirty feet for instance—and place a limit on naval architecture. Otherwise, he declared there would be no end to the depth of water which would be demanded. Speaking of the Hennepin canal, Mr. Hepburn admitted that he had voted for it.

"But considering the mental penance I have undergone since," said he, "and my infancy and ignorance when I cast the vote, it will not go as hard with me as with a gray-headed old sinner like my friend from Illinois (Mr. Reeves) if he should attempt to indulge in another such freak of legislation." (Laughter.)

"The canal was projected to get the produce of the farmers of Iowa to the great lakes," suggested Mr. Reeves.

"Quite true," retorted Mr. Hepburn, "but the farmers of that day are all dead, while the incompleted canal continues to draw its annual appropriations from the treasury." (Renewed laughter.)

While acquitting the chairman of the committee of looking into anything but the public welfare, Mr. Hepburn said there were gentlemen upon the committee who did not hesitate to "log roll" to secure appropriations for their own schemes.

Mr. Lawrence (Mass.) defended the bill in an extended speech.

Mr. Ball (Tex.), a member of the rivers and harbors committee, contended that his committee was more economical in proportion to the interests served than any committee of the house.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, March 18.—When the senate convened today two veto messages of the president were laid before the body and ordered printed. The first was a veto of an act to grant an honorable discharge from the military service to Charles Hawley and his other was a veto of an act for relief of James W. Howell.

Mr. Rawlins (Vt.) offered some correspondence with respect to the organization and purposes of the Federal party in the Philippines which he asked to have printed as a document.

On mr. Allison's objection, he withdrew his request indicating that he would read the correspondence and thus secure its publication in the record. A resolution offered yesterday offered by Mr. Gallinger directing the civil service commission to send certain information to the senate, was passed.

A resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Morgan calling on the secretary of the interior and the secretary of war, for information concerning the Pacific and Philippine railroads, was amended by Mr. Hale so that it called for "a statement of traffic relations between railroads that connect with the water of the Pacific ocean" and "a statement of the traffic relations between the railroads in the Philippines as the charters and ownership of such railroads." The resolution was passed.

Mr. Rawlins then rose to read the correspondence which he had desired to have printed as a document.

Mr. Rawlins then began to read the correspondence, which was very voluminous. It proved to be a collection of private letters exchanged between unnamed persons in this country and prominent Filipinos, in which were discussed the political relations of the United States and the islands.

As letter after letter was read and the name of the writer was not disclosed, Mr. Platt (Conn.) inquired "Is this entirely a no-name series?"

"I object to the interruption," interjected Mr. Hoar.

Without further reading the correspondence was ordered printed as a document.

SLOW WORK

Raising the Snow Blockade on the Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, March 18.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Rotary snow plows have been working for thirty hours endeavoring to raise the snow blockade on this division of the Northern Pacific and this morning the plows were reported at Sterling, thirty miles east of here, having made an average progress yesterday of a little more than two miles an hour. The plows are followed by seven or eight delayed trains and practically no trains were run during today. On the Washburn road, progress of about twenty miles was made, when the plow left the track and traffic on that road is still suspended.

Efforts are being made to reach the coal mines at Wilton, to prevent a famine. Reports from the Standing Rock Indian reservation state that two Indians were found frozen to death and that many dead cattle were seen on the prairie, having perished in the storm. Another report from Wilton says fifteen out of one band of sixty head of cattle were found dead after the storm. Indications are now that the blockade of the railroad will be raised some time today.

Notwithstanding desperate efforts to clear the tracks at noon today neither the Great Northern, Northern Pacific or Soo lines had managed to clear even the main lines. The Northern Pacific still has fifty miles of track buried under drifts. The Great Northern was in the same fix.

There will be no trains in St. Paul from the Pacific coast before tomorrow afternoon. This widens the gap between trains to 120 hours, or five full days, which is the greatest blockade in the history of the Northwestern roads. Although the through line may be cleared by night, only a few of the branch lines have been attacked by the snow plows. It will be more than a week before all lines are in operation.

Today three overland lines sent out their first coast trains from St. Paul in several days. By the time these trains reach North Dakota it is expected the tracks will have been cleared sufficiently to allow the [illegible] to proceed westward. The blockade will probably cost the railroads a half million dollars. The great loss comes in perishable freight and in the heavy cost of clearing the tracks. Including branch lines in North Dakota each railroad has had from 200 to 300 cites of track buried from sight.

DEATH LIST.

Milwaukee, March 18.—George G. Houghton, vice president of the Wisconsin National bank, and well known in banking circles throughout the country, died today, aged 70 years. Mr. Houghton suffered a stroke of paralysis about a month ago and since which time his condition gradually grew worse and death had been expected for several days. He had been in the banking business forty years.

Washington, March 18.—Secretary Hitchcock telegraphed here today that his brother, Henry Hitchcock, died at his home in St. Louis at 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Hitchcock had been ill for some weeks with heart trouble. He was 71 years old. He was formerly president of the St. Louis Bar association and had a wide reputation among lawyers throughout the country. He was offered a seat on the bench of the United States supreme court by President Harrison, but declined on account of his large practice. He was one of the trustees of the new Carnegie institution and was interested in many public institutions. Secretary Hitchcock and his family are now in St. Louis, where they were summoned on account of the illness.

St. Louis, March 18.—Henry Hitchcock died at his home here at 10 o'clock this morning of heart failure. He was 71 years old. His brother, Secretary of the Interior Ethan Allen Hitchcock, was at the bedside when he passed away.

INSURGENTS

Of Colombia and Venezuela Are Gaining Many Victories.

Washington, March 18.—Secretary Long has received the following cable from Commander Rogers, of the gunboat Marietta, dated Colon today:

"Liberal army has gained victory. Rebels have possession of the country west of Panama. Fighting expected on the Isthmus."

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, March 18.—A force of Venezuelan insurgents, supported by the revolutionary steamer Bolivar, captured the town of Juan Griego, on the island of Margarita, yesterday morning, and afterwards moved on the town of Asuncion, capital of the island. The government troops were defeated and there was every indication that the rebels would soon be masters of the whole island.

MAJ. EVA CONSULTS

Guard Officials Concerning New Company.

St. Paul, March 18.—Maj. H. V. Eva, of Duluth, is at the Windsor, and during the day held a consultation with Adjt. Gen. Libbey and Col. Van Duzee of the Third regiment with regard to the selection of a new company to take the place of Company I, of Morris, recently mustered out.

ARMY NOMINATIONS.

Washington, March 18.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Army—Infantry—Maj. ....ip Reade, Fourth infantry, lieutenant colonel; Capt. C. F. Tillson, Fourteenth infantry, major.

ARRIVED AT HAMBURG.

New York, March 18.—The Hamburg-American line has received a cablegram announcing that the Deutschland, which had Prince Henry on board, arrived at Hamburg at 5 o'clock this morning.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Christ Grimsrud and Gunhild Johnson, of Douglas county, Wis.
Oscar Anderson and Aanna May Bates.

BIRTHS.

CRASSWELLER—A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Crassweller, of 4701 Cooke street.

GOLDFINE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. Goldfine, of 119 East Seventh street.

DAVIS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Davis, 707 Garfield avenue.

BERGQUIST—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Bergquist, 2 Vernon street.

CONRAD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Conrad, 2323 West Fifth street.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largestever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant. EISCHEN BROS.,
119 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED WIND-BURNED, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

STRICTURE

"I cure Stricture without cutting or dilating, thus avoiding the horrors of surgery."



The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

HAVE YOU ANY OR ALL OF THESE SYMPTOMS ?

Tenderness in urethra, at times accompanied by dull or shooting pains; frequent desire to pass urine, but not able to empty the bladder; voiding the urine at frequent intervals during the night; a gradual decline of virility, resulting eventually in complete loss of power. The physical suffering is equalled only by the accompanying mental distress, which generally takes the form of gloomy forebodings, and feelings of impending disaster.

OUR ELECTRO-MEDICAL TREATMENT

Will promptly correct this serious trouble. It acts immediately and directly upon the stricture, dislodging and completely removing all diseased tissue, allaying all irritation and inflammation; restores the sexual powers completely, and leaves the urinary canal entirely free from obstruction, and in a healthy and sound condition.

We do not treat all diseases, but we cure all we treat; we treat men only and cure them to stay cured. We cure to stay cured Varicocele, Stricture, Lost Manhood, Atrophied or Shrunken Organs, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney, Urinary Diseases, and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a ***LEGAL CONTRACT*** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men, and to which countless tongues gladly testify? If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 1 W. Superior St. Cor. Lake Ave. Duluth, Minn.

References—Best banks and leading business men of the city. **Consultation Free and Confidential** Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

EARN REST AT SIXTY

W. C. Whitney Says That Business Career Should End Then.

Millionaires Look With Envy on Leisure of Carnegie.

Rockefeller Says That He Is Too Busy to Retire.

New York, Mrach 18.—The announcement of William C. Whitney that a man should retire from business at 60 and begin real living has stirred up some of New York's money kings. Andrew Carnegie and William C. Whitney are envied by those in their own class for wealth, because they have been able to "let go" before old age grips them by the heels. Their honorable retiremnts are the foundation of a "leisure class" of those who have won the right to relax the pace, yet who will be as busily occupied in other paths of endeavor.

Other millionaires look at them wistfully, and wish they, too, could stop making money and get out of the harness that chafes and galls. They do not feel strong enough to take life easy. Great interests are in their keeping, and their retirement may bring disaster to others.

Mr. Whitney's example throwns out a lifeline of hope. He has demonstrated that the far-sighted man may devote his genius to getting rid of the burdens of wealth as successfully as he has been able to accumulate them.

This is the novel message his retirement at 60 sends to the startled ears of Wall street:

"Wealth is the power to buy freedom for achieving ambitions far removed from mere money getting. In the prime of his life and the full flight of his powers, the wealthy man becomes the distributor, and no longer the active producer, while in the ripened years he may cultivate the tastes and achieve ambitions which have been denied him during the hard fought battle for success." Of his own ambitions Mr. Whitney says: "I have never wished to become extremely wealthy, nor have I any ambitions politically. Of course, it is impossible for a man of many and large affairs to drop them as he would a garment when he shall have reached a certain age. I must now, as heretofore, keep in touch with many interests of which I shall never wholly be free myself. But many years ago I began to look forward to 60 years of age as a time when I should have made money enough to realize such ambitions as strongly attract me outside the world of business and wealth and production.

"This is all that my so-called retirement means. Any man with energy and good fortune ought to be able to devote his time in really lying after the age of 60. I have worked for and won my freedom."

"Wealth is a trust fund," says Andrew Carnegie, and adds:

"An opportunity to retire from business came to me unsought, which I considered it my duty to accept. My resolve was made in youth to retire before old age. From what I have seen around me, I cannot doubt the wisdom of the course, although the change is a serious one and seldom brings the happiness expected. But this is because so many having the abundance to retire upon have so little to retire to.

"The fathers in olden days taught that a man must have time before the end of his career for the making of his soul. I have always felt that old age should be spent, not, as the Scotch say, in making 'nickle more,' but in making a good use of what has been acquired. By retiring from business while still in full health and vigor, I can reasonably expect to have many years for usefulness in fields which have other than personal aims, and not to spend my old age in struggling for more millions.

"As a wealthy man it is my duty in the best years of life to turn my eagerness to administering my accumulations as a trust fund in the manner which, in my judgment, is best calculated to produce the most beneficial results for the community."

John D. Rockefeller's views are different. "I do not see how I can let go until I die," he says. "My interests are so many and far-reaching that there is no possibility of my being able to retire at 60 or even ten years later, if life and the capacity to work are spared me. But it is, of course, possible gradually to transfer many of the burdens to younger shoulders, as has been already done."

Ex-Mayor Abram S. Hewitt at 80 years says:

"It would be a piece of impertinence for me to say whether Mr. Whitney or Mr. Carnegie or any one else should or should not retire from active business in the prime of life. This is wholly a matter in which every man must use his own judgment. Some are happier in their work than in leisure; some would rust out if they did not wear out; others have duties and responsibilities toward others whose interests they must conserve and protect, or are servants to the community at large and are not their own masters. If a man feels himself free to retire and likes that sort of thing, it must be assumed that this is the sort of thing he likes."

THE DAKOTAS.

Father Kelly Has Not Returned to Elk Point As Yet.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Elk Point—Father Kelly, pastor of the St. Joseph Catholic church here, failed to show up Sunday and no one knows where he is. A week ago he stated he would fill the pulpit yesterday and defend himself against the charges against him in connection with the name of Miss Josephine Smythe, daughter of Judge F. W. Smythe, who has accused the priest of ruining his daughter. Only a small congregation gathered at the church, mass being said by a priest from Jefferson, S. D. The belief here is that Father Kelly will never return, in spite of the exoneration by Bishop O'Gorman.

Huron—Funeral services of the late Charles Dietz took place from the Congregational church. The Odd Fellows had charge of the services, which were largely attended, many being present from out of the city. The sermon was by Rev. H. D. Wiard. Mr. Deitz was for many years superintendent of bridge construction of the Chicago & Northwestern railway.

Deadwood—The 14-year-old daughter of Clinton Dotson is circulating a petition praying the governor of Montana to commute the sentence of her father to life imprisonment.

Milbank—The city council has ordered the payment of a $500 bond, held by the state. This completes the payment of the last dollar of the floating indebtedness of Millbank.

Rapid City—Business men and citizens are beginning to prepare for the annual meeting of the Western South Dakota Stock Growers' association, which will be held here next month.

Whitewood—It is maintained the soil of the valleys and uplands tributaries to the Black Hills is splendidly adapted to the culture of sugar beets, and for the purpose of experiments Congressman Martin has been sending out seed.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Louis Clinton Wade, of Sioux Falls, a 19-year-old boy, who was out for a few squints at the world, concluded that Fargo would be a good place to start back home and wired his papa for funds. Some old friends of the family were located and the young man will get back to South Dakota in time to help dispose of the fatted calf.

The members of the Elks are somewhat divided in their support of the mayoralty candidates. Both Mayor Johnson and W. D. Sweet, who are after the place, are members of the B. P. O. E. They are popular in the organization and some of their antlered brothers wish one of the charmers was away.

It is now rumored that the Northern Pacific improvements in Fargo this year will be more extensive than planned a year ago. There has been a revival of the old plan to move the shops further West and it is said to have practically been determined upon. This will leave all the space between the business part of the city and the slough for switch yards, and enable the company to do all that work to the west of the business streets, a great deal more of side track will be added to the yards and several work trains will be engaged a greater part of the summer in making the improvements.

Fargo is entitled to its share of the penalty and interest on old taxes collected by the county, according to a decision filed by Judge Pollock.

Hankinson—While Deputy Sheriff J. B. Wagner was serving some papers at Lidgerwood, he was attacked by a woman with a pitchfork and severely injured.

Williston—Ranchmen and farmers are alarmed over the unusual number of wolves. The coolies and hillsides serve as hiding places in daytime, while at night large packs are seen roving over the prairie and slinking in the neighborhood of corrals.

Ten cents will buy trial size of Ely's Cream Balm; enough to convince you that it is the greatest of remedies for nasal catarrh or cold in the head. Full size, 50 cents. All druggists. We mail it.

ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York.

153 Second Street, Albany, N. Y.

Messrs. Ely Bros.: I suffered greatly with catarrh and tried different remedies without effect. After using one bottle of your Cream Balm I found relief and I cannot praise too highly such a remedy.

Sept. 27, 1899. MISS CORA WILLARD.

California.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

The first and third Tuesdays during March, April and May the Northwestern line will sell round trip homeseekers' tickets to points in California at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

Tickets good for twenty-one days from date of sale with stop-over privileges at pleasure in homeseekers' territory.

Remember the dates and route and secure tickets at 405 West Superior street, or Omaha depot.

Dr. Bull's Cures all Throat and Lung Affections. COUGH SYRUP Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes. IS SURE. Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

IN MICHIGAN.

Myron Seymour of Stephenson Shoots Cousin's Wife.

Menominee—Myron Seymour, a well known farmer of Stephenson, Monday afternoon drove to the home of his cousin, John Seymour, in the same town, entered the house, went upstairs and without a word of warning shot Mrs. Seymour, who was playing with her children. The bullet entered the woman's right cheek. The wound is considered serious and her recovery is reported to be doubtful. No motive is known for the act. Seymour escaped but officers are in pursuit of him.

The high gale has almost cleared Green bay of ice and the Ann Arbor car ferries are expected in a day or two. The Chicago and Milwaukee boats will undoubtedly commence running to Menominee this week now that the way is clear. Many fishermen were on the ice when it moved and had to take refuge on the islands. None is reported lost, however.

The men are coming out of the woods and are waiting for the spring drives to begin. A few loggers are operating still, and will continue to do so as long as they can haul logs to the depots or to the landings.

Houghton—The copper country may have an ice famine next summer. The past winter has been an unusually mild one for the Lake Superior region. Thus far only one-half the usual crop of ice has been harvested.

Iron Mountain—Postmaster Cruse has received notice from Washington that, according to the postal laws, he cannot be a candidate for mayor of this city. This will mean two tickets in the field this spring, and a bitter fight is promised.

Crystal Falls—A curious egg-shaped body weighing about three-fourths of a ton and composed of some hard stuff, was encountered by the miners in the south drift of the Mansfield mine, in the Crystal Falls district, last week. It was surrounded by alternate layers of red and blue, soft ore, these layers being encased in a very hard shell of blue steel ore, the outside of which, where it came into contact with the main body of ore, was covered with crystals some of them being large and beautiful ruby in color. The hard stuff was analyzed by the chemist and found to run nearly 60 per cent in manganese with only 6 per cent of iron but considerable lime. It is one of the most curious discoveries ever made in any of the mines of the district.

NAVIGATION OPENS.

Steamer City of Detroit Makes Her First Trip.

Detroit, March 18.—Navigation on Lake Erie was opened today for the season of 1902 by the steamer City of Detroit, of the Detroit & Cleveland line, which left her dock at the foot of Wayne street at 9:30 bound for Cleveland. The City of Detroit had a full cargo of freight aboard, and despite the cold, seventy-five passengers made the trip. The vessel is equipped with wireless telegraph instruments and will be in communication with a receiving station at her dock here throughout the trip. Lake Erie was reported clear of ice today, and it is expected the City of Detroit will arrive in Cleveland on schedule time.

TO FEED HALF MILLION.

King Edward to Give Poor a Big Dinner.

London, March 18.—Half a million of London's poor will be guests of King Edward during the coronation week. His majesty notified the mayors of the metropolis today that the sum of £30,000 was placed at their disposal, and he invited them to make the necessary arrangements to entertain them to the number of 500,000 at a dinner in celebration of his coronation.

INVESTIGATE COLLISION.

London, March 18.—The board of trade has ordered an inquiry into the cause of the collision between the Red Star line steamer Waesland and the British steamer Harmonides, which occurred March 6, about forty miles south of Holyhead, resulting in the foundering of the Waesland and the death of two of her appsengers.

NEW SERVICE DISCUSSED.

Kingston, Jamaica, March 18.—The newspapers here announced that officials of the North German Lloyd Steamship company, are making extensive inquiries among shipping houses here, with a view of inaugurating a West Indian, South American and Central American service, after the Hamburg-American line system.

$50.00 California Excursion.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account convention of Federation of Women's Clubs, the Northwestern line will sell round trip tickets to Los Angeles and San Francisco, April 20 to April 27, inclusive, good returning until June 25, at the very low rate of $50. Tickets good via variable routes and stop-over privileges granted in both directions.

Circuit tour routes at greatly reduced rates. The chance of a lifetime to see the Western country. For detailed information, tickets and reservations, call on or write S. A. LOVE, City Ticket Agent, 405 West Cuperior Street, Duluth.

MILLIONS DECLINE

Continued Fall In the Exports of Iron and Steel.

Cause Said to Be Great Demand of Home Market.

The Demand Abroad Has Also Been Considerably Reduced.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Prosperity at home and depression abroad are cited as the principal causes of the continued fall in the exportation of manufactures of iron and steel. Two items in the exports of the United States now show a marked reduction compared with those of the last year—corn and manufactures of iron and steel. Exportations of corn in the eight months ending with February, 1902, amounted, according to the preliminary figures of the bureau of statistics, just issued, to only 29,912,875 bushels, against 132,624,859 bushels in the corresponding months of the preceding fiscal year, the value being in the eight months ending with February, 1902, $13,683,200, against $60,621,569 last year, a reduction in this single item of $46,938,369. This reduction, of course, was caused by the shortage in the corn crop due to the drouth of last summer.

The other important item in which a reduction is apparent is manufactures of iron and steel. The exports under this head are for the seven months ending with January, 1902, $16,000,000 below those of the corresponding months of last year, being $57,310,128 for the seven months ending with January, 1902, against $73,616,467 in the seven months ending with January, 1901. This decrease in the value of iron and steel exports is said by those interested in the iron and steel industry of the United States to be as easily explained as the decrease in the exportations of corn, above referred to.

The cause of the phenomenal growth in the exports of iron and steel manufactures within the past few years was the depression existing in the home market from 1893 to 1897, by which the demands upon American manufacturers were small and which condition was immediately followed by unusual demands for iron and steel manufactures abroad, thus enabling the American manufacturer to enter the markets of those countries. At the present time conditions are, to a considerable extent, reversed, the demand abroad being considerably reduced and that of the home market, according to the best authorities in iron and steel matters, being absolutely in excess of the producing capacity of the iron manufacturers and of the railroads to handle the products so demanded. The result is that the manufacturers are naturally turning their attention to the supply of the home market; and in certain classes of their products, notably pig iron, steel rails, steel plates and structural steel, there is a considerable decline in exports, which may be expected to continue so long as the home demand equals or exceeds, as at present, the producing capacity of the manufacturers and the carrying capacity of the railroads. In other lines of iron and steel the exportations continue at about the former figure, especially in agricultural machinery, tools, builders' hardware, etc.

The following table shows the exports of principal articles of iron and steel manufactures in the seven months ending with January, 1902, compared with the corresponding months of the preceding fiscal year:

Articles.	1901.	1902
Pig iron (tons)....	232,606	45,158
Bar iron (lbs).....	31,326,242	13,682,477
Bars or rods of steel (lbs)	166,834,554	38,571,-04
Hoop and scroll iron (lbs)	6,584,268	2,296,574
Billets, ingots, etc. (tons)	108,619	2,249
Steel rails (tons)..	199,122	132,539
Sheets and plates (lbs)	85,514,687	18,489,620
Wire (lbs)	88,380,282	123,137,526
Builders' hardware	$5,334,402	$5,152,714
Electrical machinery	$3,211,179	$2,963,695
Metal - working machinery	$2,789,524	$1,786,958
Pumps and pumping machinery	$1,343,116	$1,843,008
Sewing machines ..	$2,521,255	$2,201,165
Locomotive engines (number)	223	201
Typewriters	$1,568,209	$1,751,789
Nails and spikes (lbs)	42,204,550	22,739,434
Total value of exports	$73,616,467	$57,310,128

NEWSBOYS

Pick the Pocket Of New York Policemen.

New York, March 18.—John Finn, a policeman attached to the Elizabeth street station house, had a day off Saturday, and while standing on the Bowery was approached by Joseph Hartman, 16 years old, and Samuel Neumann, 12 years old. Both lads are newsboys, and as the Hartman boy held out an armful of newspapers almost under the face of the policeman, he slipped his right hand under the papers and into the fob pocket of the policeman's coat and extracted from it a dollar bill.

If two detective sergeants had not been following the lads and witnessed the affair it is doubtful if Policeman Finn would have discovered his loss. The boys started to run, but were captured by the detectives. In court the Hartman boy admitted his guilt, as he also did an allegation of the detectives that on Friday he picked the pockets of a half dozen men on the Bowery, but he claimed he "got only 30 cents from the bunch."

PAID HIS BET.

Louisville, Ky., March 18.—Ed Dameron paid a bet that he lost on the McGovern-Sullivan fight yesterday afternoon by taking a swim in the Ohio with the thermometer hovering around zero.

HIS BOND FORFEITED.

St. Louis, March 18.—When the case of John K. Murrell, member of the house of delegates, indicted for bribery in the franchise case, was called in the court today, the defendant failed to appear and the bond of $5000 was declared forfeited. The bond was signed by E. E. Murrell, brother of the defendant.

Freimuth's Newest Silks!

To Suit Every Occasion and Every Purse.

WORDS and type certainly are inadequate when it comes to telling of such beautiful goods as these—No matter how fair a word picture is painted, it never does the subject justice, so we will hint to you some of the new comers and the prices, and ask you to come and see them. The "dropping-in" habit is a very good habit to cultivate. There certainly is always plenty that's new and interesting in these superb stocks. No store in the Northwest can boast of finer goods nor in greater variety than ours—few can claim as good. There's a broad, bold fact—we don't ask you to take our word for it—only come and let the goods speak for themselves.

75c — *Black Taffeta—21 inches wide*— superb in quality and finish—Can't be equalled any where at any price.

95c—*Black Taffeta, the "wear warranted"* kind—made to stand hard service.

$1.00—*Black Peau de Soie—21 inches* wide—wear guaranteed, very heavy—rich lustrous finish.

$1.00—*Peau de Levant—A rich, soft finished* silk in all newer shades—24 inches wide—splendid wearing silks, especially suitable for waists.

$1.25—*Satin Stripe Crepe de Chine--24* inches wide—a very soft effective fabric for evening costumes and very popular for dressy waists. All colors.

$1.25—*Black Grenadines; tomorrow morning* we place on sale five pieces 44-inch plain iron frame, narrow and medium stripe, satin effect Grenadines—value $1.75.

$2.25—*Boursouffle Grenadine is very rich.* crinky effect, adding to the beauty of the plainer weaves, gets its initial showing here.

$1.25—*Embroidered Shantung Pongee with* red, natural black or blue dot. Per yard, $1.25 and $1.50.

More About the New Wall Paper Dept.

OF course we expected that it would be a success—even from the start—and to tell the truth our expectations were quite large—and therefore it's most gratifying to be able to say that our anticipations were more than fulfilled. From the way you've taken hold of this new department we are assured of its great popularity. We've started out to give Duluth a "satisfactory" wall paper department, and with your help we'll more than succeed. Every roll in the house is spick and span new—just from the Eastern factories where they were made to our order. There is not a sort missing and the prices are RIGHT in every way. If you haven't been up to see the new stock, come tomorrow. It's to your own interest to get acquainted as soon as possible, and here are some prices:

6c *per roll—small floral stencils—in very* graceful patterns—extra fine qualities at the prices—8c, 7c and 6c.

7½c *per roll—Granite and marble papers* for kitchens, bath rooms and halls.

10c *per roll—Dining room, sitting room* and store papers—latest of designs and colors—per roll—20c, 15c and 10c.

25c *per roll—Oriental Tapestries—Hand-*some dark color combinations that are wonderfully like the real fabric—rich Far East designs—special values at 35c, 30c and 25c per roll.

Table Linens and Towels.

SPECIAL VALUES FOR TOMORROW:

49c *for 65c Half Bleached* Table Damask—two yards wide—real Irish linen—special value at the price—49c.

69c *for 90c Grass Bleached* Irish Table Damask—two yards wide—new designs—extra high quality.

$1.79 *for $2.50 Bleached* Satin Damask Napkins—22x22 inch—all linen, assorted patterns—regular value $2.50 per dozen. Tomorrow only $1.79.

25c *for Pure Linen Huck* Towels—21x42 inches—plain white, with red or blue fast color borders.

$3.35 *for $3.50 Bedspreads* —real Marseilles—extra large size fringed or hemmed—beautiful designs—unusually good at $2.35.

10½c *for 18-inch Bleached* Crash Toweling—all linen—extra quality—special at 10½c a yard.

12½c *for 20c White Goods*— New lot of White Goods for shirt waists and dresses—Linens, Lawns, Dimities, Piques, Leno Stripes, Nainsooks, etc., worth up to 20c the yard—Tomorrow 12½c.

Easter Gloves.

The new "Jouvin" and Trefouse Spring Gloves are ready now in all the proper colors—It's hardly needful to speak of the high quality of these—most every one of you know that there's none better made and the prices are about the same as you pay for ordinary sorts.

Jouvin $1.85 and $2.00
Trefousse $1.75 and $2.00
Peerless $1.50
Montfort $1.00 Corso $1.00

These last two are the best dollar gloves in the world—They are the usual $1.25 quality—We have always made it a point to offer the best $1.00 glove possible for the money and here it is—you can't equal it.

WOLCOTT

May Succeed Andrew White as Ambassador to Germany.

Washington, March 18.—It has been generally understood here for a long time that Ambassador White expects to retire this year from his post at Berlin. He has been anxious to get back to his college work, and the understanding was before the death of President McKinley that Ambassador White would return for good some time during the present fiscal year. Andrew D. White is recognized as the most experienced and finished diplomat in the service of the United States. His present term as United States ambassador to Germany began in 1897, but he served as minister at Berlin from 1879 to 1881, and afterwards, in 1892, was ambassador to Russia. Mr. White stands as high in the educational world, both in the United States and Europe, as in the diplomatic service. His work in the chair of history at the university of Michigan, at Cornell, and at the Stanford university of California has given him a standing excelled by but few.

It was understood before President McKinley died that when Mr. White retired his successor might not be a New York man because that state was already represented in the embassies in London and Paris. President McKinley hoped to have a Western man as one of the ambassadors, and it was this argument which resulted in the selection of Col. Myron T. Herrick, of Cleveland, as ambassador to Italy. Had President McKinley lived Col. Herrick would have been ambassador to Italy, the present occupant of that desirable post, Mr. Meyer, having been sent to Rome with the distinct understanding that he would make way for Mr. Herrick. Lately Mr. Herrick has decided not to go abroad, but Mr. Meyer will come back just the same, because he proposes to become a candidate for congress from the Moody district in Massachusetts. This will result in two vacancies, at Rome and Berlin.

President McKinley greatly desired to have ex-Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, provided for in a becoming way. It is generally believed that President Roosevelt entertains the same affection for the brilliant Colorado orator, who has been a guest at the White House several times this winter. If certain arrangements can be made it is likely that the president will give Mr. Wolcott, if he has not already done so, the choice between Berlin and Rome.

It is also a possibility that Assistant Secretary of State Hill may secure one of the vacant posts. He is being pressed for the place actively by some strong friends. In case he is sent abroad the present third assistant secretary, Herbert D. Pelrce, a Massachusetts man and a warm friend of Senator Lodge, may be promoted to the position of first assistant secretary.

ARMY WANTS PAY.

Peshawser, Punjab, March 18.—Reports received here from Cabul, capital of Afghanistan, say the Afghan army is in a state of semi-insubordination, owing to arrears of pay. Only the ameer's bodyguard has been paid. The rest of the troops have received nothing since the accession of Habib Ullah Hainid.

MAN SHOOTS

At Doctor Whom He Blames For Child's Death.

New York, March 18.—A young father who felt himself grievously wronged shot at a physician, whom he believed to be responsible for the death of his child, on the East Side Sunday morning, just as the physician came out of a patient's house. The bullet struck the doctor's carriage, but did no harm. The man who fired it was caught by a citizen and was locked up charged with attempted felonious assault.

Last December Dr. Samuel M. Landsman was called to attend the sick baby of Alois Spinner. The child was suffering from convulsions, and the physician prescribed a hot bath. No hot water being at hand, a tin bath tub was pressed into service and an oil stove lighted under it. Into the water the baby was put, the doctor holding the child and testing the water with his fingers. When the boy was taken out he was badly burned and soon died. The direct heat applied to the bottom of the vessel on which the child was sitting had made the bottom much hotter than the water and blisters on the child showed what agony he had suffered. At the coroner's investigation of the child's death Dr. Landsman, whom the child's parents charged with the responsibility for the death of their offspring, was acquitted on the testimony of persons who swore that meningitis caused the baby's death. The father of the infant brought suit against the physician for $2000 damages. The suit was dismissed on Friday. This so preyed on Spinner that he remained around the doctor's house all day Saturday, evidently bent on mischief.

When Dr. Landsman went out on his calls Sunday Spinner followed him. On the first opportunity he rushed up to the carriage and pointed his revolver at the doctor's head. A moment's hesitancy on his part in firing saved the doctor's life. The latter dropped his whip on the horse, which sped away at a breakneck pace. The bullet went wide of its mark. Spinner ran away, but was soon captured. He asknowledged the shooting and said he did not know why he had done it except that he was distraught over the loss of his child, and deeply aggrieved that he was, as he believed, unable to secure justice anywhere.

A Great Railway.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway owns and operates 6600 miles of road.

It operates its own sleeping cars and dining cars.

It traverses the best portions of the state of Illinois, Wisconsin, Northern Michigan, Iowa, Missouri, Minnesota, South and North Dakota.

Its sleeping and dining car service is first-class in every respect.

It runs vestibuled, steam-heated and electric-lighted trains.

It has the absolute block system.

It uses all modern appliances for the comfort and safety of its patrons.

Its train employes are civil and obliging.

It tries to give each passenger "value received" for his money and it runs the celebrated Pioneer Limited to Milwaukee and Chicago.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent.

YOUNG SARTORIS

Has Quit the Factory For the Army.

Washington, March 18.—Algernon Sartoris, who went to Pittsburg a few weeks ago for the purpose of going into the Westinghouse works, where he could make a career in electrical engineering, found the work so wholly unsuited to his tastes that he became ill after a brief apprenticeship and has just returned to Washington for the purpose of going into the regular army. Mr. Sartoris will doubtless receive an appointment, for which examinations will be held in the next few weeks. He was offered a commission in the regular service by President McKinley after the close of the Spanish-American war, during which he served on the staff of Gen. Fitzhugh Lee as captain. Mr. Sartoris is now at the home of his grandmother and mother in Massachusetts avenue preparing for the approaching examination.

RARE SPECIMEN

Of Shark Secured For the Smithsonian Institute.

Washington March 18.—Dr. True, curator of the national museum, has just received the skin of a whale shark, "rhinodon," which is eighteen feet long. It is the first specimen of this creature ever found on the Atlantic coast of America, and belongs to the rarest known species of the shark-whale family, of which only the teeth have heretofore been found. This whale-shark was found on the beach three miles north of Ormond, Fla., where it came ashore the last of January. The managers of the hotel at once telegraphed the Smithsonian institution, and upon instructions had the skin removed and shipped to the museum. Dr. True, who is probably the greatest known authority upon sharks and whales, pronounces this specimen the rarest on record.

BELASCO HURT.

Piece of Scenery Fell Injuring the Manager.

New York, March 18.—David Belasco, the theatrical manager, has been severely injured at the Criterion theater in this city. While the heavy sets of scenery were being lowered to make the street scene in the final act, in which the leading woman is taken to the guillotine, one of the massive borders broke from its fastening and fell, striking Mr. Belasco on the right side of the head. The curtain was held for ten minutes, while a doctor was summoned. He dressed the wound and Mr. Belasco was revived sufficiently to be put into a carriage and taken home.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Jap Rose Soap

[TRADE MARK]

one-sixth pure glycerin, is perfectly transparent and contains no impurities.

The delicate perfume of natural flowers.

It is a toilet pleasure.

The pride of the makers is to sustain its purity and high quality.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

RAIN WATER MAKER—SOFTENS THE HARDEST WATER

SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE

NOT SO MUCH.

Lumber Manufacturer Discusses Profit In the Business.

Some of the local manufacturers are inclined to make light of a statement recently made by a lumberman from the interior of the state, to the effect that some big sales were recently made in which the profits were not less than $4 a thousand feet. The local men say this talk of big profits is all a pipe dream with a few of the would-be boomers and does not express the true condition of the market.

When asked to explain why the profits were not so large as have been stated, one of the local manufacturers said yesterday afternoon:

"Our firm owns a large quantity of standing pine in Northern Minnesota. We have had ample opportunity to dispose of it in the log and could easily have gotten $7 per thousand feet for it. After thinking over the market and taking into consideration the indications for a strong market the coming spring and summer we decided to have the logs cut and sell the lumber, believing there would be enough larger profit in the manufactured stuff than in the log to make the venture the more advantageous to us.

"It costs at the present time about $7 per thousand feet to get the pine logged, transported to the mills, sawed and docked. Lumbermen as a rule figure that the expense of insurance and looking after the lumber costs an additional dollar, though really it rarely exceeds an estimate of 50 cents per thousand.

"We sell the manufactured lumber, say, for $16 per thousand, for that may be considered at the present time a very fair price for it. The profit by the manufacture of the pine logs into lumber, figure it any way that you want to is not more than $1.50 per thousand feet and in some cases where the expense of insurance and of looking after the lumber costs fore than 50 cents a thousand, the profit falls below $1.50.

"These are actual figures that I am giving and I feel sure that they will be confirmed by any other of the reputable manufacturers at the head of the lakes.

"It can be readily seen that with the price of pine stumpage as high as it is at the present time, why the lumbermen are not buying timber to cut at their mills. The profit of $1.50 per thousand is mighty little inducement to hold out to the manufacturer when you consider his risk. True the prices of lumber are at the top notch, but the corresponding advance in stumpage prices has been out of proportion."

WHY THUS?

Inquiry Prompted By Recent Action of Health Department.

The fact that the city health department a few days ago notified twelve proprietors of dairies that their places were nothing less than public nuisances because of the filthy condition in which they were kept, has prompted the inquiry among a great many people as to what the state inspector is doing. The state dairy and food commission maintains an inspector in this city whose duty it is to see that dairies are kept in proper condition, that the milk is kept up to standard, etc.

About once every year the inspector makes a tour of all the dairies and reports upon their condition. He always makes the inspection at about the same time each year and rarely ever does he report more than one or two in poor condition. It is possible that he visits dairies at other times, but those who wonder why the state inspector did not discover the condition of these twelve dairies think it more likely that one visit a year is all that he considers necessary else why did that number continue in such condition as to be pronounced public nuisances without discovery.

FORGERY CHARGED.

George Sawtell Caught By Superior Authorities.

George Sawtell, alias George Sawyer, who was arrested in Cass Lake, Minn., last Sunday, was arraigned before Judge Haily of municipal court in West Superior, yesterday, charged with forgery. He demanded an examination, and it was set for March 26. The Douglas county sheriff's force has been hunting for Sawtell for some time. He is charged with passing a forged check on W. J. Metzger, Dec. 24. The check was drawn on the First National bank of Duluth, and was signed P. W. Morias and was indorsed by Sawtell. The latter admits that he is the person that passed the check, but claims that another person gave him the check. He is suspected of being one of a gang of swindlers who last fall and in early winter flooded the head of the lakes with forged checks. Sheriff Sommers, of Dougles county, has in his possession over forty of the spurious checks.

Headache

Billousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WANTED

Citizens Interested In City's Beauty to Attend Mass Meeting.

An urgent invitation is being extended by the Woman's Council to every citizen who is interested in making the city more beautiful and attractive, to attend the mass meeting at the High School building this evening. No admittance will be charged nor any collections taken up. The program will include talks by leading citizens on various subjects relative to a clean and attractive city.

The women's organizations of the city, through the Woman's Council, because of their interest in civic cleanliness and beauty, are giving the public an interesting program free of charge. The ladies are anxious that the public will show its interest by attending this meeting and helping to create an enthusiasm on the subject.

Duluth, the ladies say, has had the reputation of being a very dirty city, the dirtiest city, some of them claim, in the Northwest. They hold that it is a difficult matter to keep clean a city with such topography as that of Duluth.

After entering into this campaign for a cleaner city, the women of Duluth are determined that Duluth shall no longer bear her unenviable reputation. Will the business men, they ask, and everybody else, help them to realize this laudable desire?

The mass meeting at the High School will begin promptly at 8 o'clock.

In the United States there are about 8000 sleeping cars constantly in service on railroads, and the number is being added to each year. Some of the latest productions are marvels of everything pertaining to the comfort and security of the traveler and in finish and appointments extravagant.

At St. Paul and Minneapolis any evening one is struck with this when those splendid sleepers composing the Pioneer Limited of the Milwaukee road roll into and out of the station.

ACQUITTED.

Nelson Porter Cleared of the Killing of John Brown.

Nelson Porter was acquitted of manslaughter in the second degree yesterday afternoon.

The case went to the jury about 3 o'clock, and an hour and a half later the verdict was returned. When Porter was brought in to hear the verdict he was a bit nervous, but when it was read his face lighted up, and as the jury filed out he bowed and expressed his thanks to each member. One of them shook hands with him and told him to be more careful next time.

Porter was charged with killing John Brown, a woodsman, on the early morning of Feb. 16, shortly after midnight, in an altercation over the price of some hot tamales. Porter struck Brown, knocking him down, and his head came in contact with the cement sidewalk, fracturing his skull so that he died next day.

The defense was that Brown was the aggressor. Porter J. Neff and C. O. Baldwin defended the prisoner.

Concert and Dance.

The Modern Woodmen of America band will give a concert and dance this evening at Columbia hall at the West End. The following program will be given at the concert, and dancing will follow:

March—"A Signal from Mars".....Paul
Overture—"The Silver Bell"...Schiepegrell
Waltz—"Don't Be Cross" from comic opera "The Master Miner".....Zellar
Band.
Club swinging .....
Mr. Olson.
Song .....
Recitation .....
Miss Cairneross.
Song .....
Mrs. J. L. Thwing.
Selection—From comic opera "Wang"
.....W. Morse
Waltz—"Angels' Dream .....A. Herman
Humoresque .....Wheeler
Band.

SOME OF NEW LAWS

Several That Are Interesting to St. Louis County.

Game Law Corrected So That Deer Provision Is Unquestionable.

Bass and Trout Cannot Be Sold For Six Years More.

The laws passed by the special session of the legislature are being published in the newspapers of the state, notwithstanding the fact that the legislature failed to pass an appropriation for this purpose. The state officers took the responsibility of having them printed, and the next legislature will be called upon to foot the bill.

Out of over 200 bills that were introduced in the legislature there came fifty-two laws that are published in the law supplements. Most of these laws are not of vital importance to the state, but there are a few that are interesting. In the line of tax measures there are the constitutional amendments, the inheritance tax law, and the real estate tax collection law.

Of particular interest to Duluth is the law exempting the school district of Duluth from the operation of the primary election law, and of interest to the cities and villages of the county that have been going through the form of holding primary elections in advance of their municipal elections is the law exempting municipal and school elections from the primary election law. Another St. Louis county measure is that allowing the judge of probate $1000 instead of $500 for clerk hire.

Some needed and important changes were made in the game laws. Under the 1901 law that purported to prevent the killing of deer out of season there was a strong question whether anything could be done to a man for killing deer any time of the year. The law intended to say that no "elk, deer or fawn" could be killed at any time except that deer could be killed between Nov. 10 and Nov. 30. The words "deer or fawn" were omitted by mistake, so the prohibition was only against killing elk. At the special session the legislature added the missing words, making the law beyond question again.

For some years the sale of brook trout and bass has been prohibited, but the prohibition under the old law ran out Jan. 1, 1902. If it had not been for the special session trout and bass could have been sold on the market this season. The legislature, however, extended the time to Jan. 1, 1908, and no brook trout or bass can be sold before then.

Another important measure was the amendment of the Torrens law, cutting down the fees to one-tenth of what they were under the original law. Before they were $10 to reach $1000 of assessed valuation and $2.50 for each additional $1000, and now they are $1 and 25 cents respectively.

Senator McCarthy's bill taxing logs that are to be shipped out of the state in the county in which they are cut will make some difference to St. Louis and Itasca counties. The old law taxed logs where they were owned, and thus the logs cut on the border and shipped to Canada to be sawed escaped taxation. The amendment is designed to get around this.

Appropriations passed by the legislature foot up to $180,792.45.

A Trust Deed.

The trust deed filed by the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake Railway company, briefly noted in The Herald yesterday afternoon, runs to the Minnesota Loan and Trust company. There will be 2000 bonds of $1000 each, bearing 5 per cent interest. Of the total of $2,000,000 the sum of $1,500,000 covers the railroad proper, and the balance applies to the rolling stock. The trustees are to issue $15,000 in bonds for every mile of track built. Fifteen miles of the road have already been built.

Miss Jessie Maclachlan.

Upon the occasion of Miss Jessie Maclachlan's appearance in New York she made an immense hit with the Scottish audience that greeted her. One of the Scottish papers wrote of her:

"Miss Maclachlan has a wonderful facial control, and in many respects is an actress as well as a singer. One instance may be given. In 'A Hundred Pipers' the amount of pith, meaning and expression thrown with voice and face at the word 'dumbfoonerd' took the audience off their feet, and the staid man of business felt himself for the nonce an enthusiastic Jacobite. Miss Maclachlan's reception by a New York Scottish society audience, not by any means given to extravagant exhibitions of enthusiasm, was as spontaneous as it was hearty, and may be taken as an indication of the success which awaits her in other parts of the country. After the concert many of the ladies and gentlemen remained to congratulate Miss Maclachlan on her success, to assure her that she was welcome to America, and to wish her Godspeed."

Miss Maclachlan will sing at the Lyceum tomorrow evening.

A BUSY WORKER.

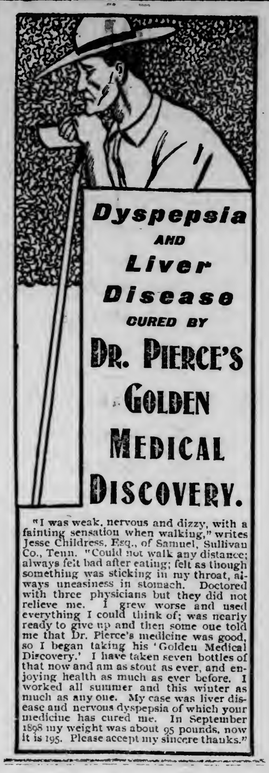
Coffee Touches Up Different Spots.

Frequently coffee sets up rheumatism when it is not busy with some other part of the body. A St. Joe, Mo., man, P. V. Wise, says: "About two years ago my knees began to stiffen and my feet and legs swell, so that I was scarcely able to walk, and then only with the greatest difficulty, for I was in constant pain.

I consulted Dr. Barnes, one of the most prominent physicians here, and he diagnosed the case and inquired, 'Do you drink coffee?' 'Yes.' 'You must quit using it at once,' he replied. I did so and commenced drinking Postum in its place.

The swelling in my feet and ankles and the rheumatic pains subsided quickly, and during the past 18 months I have enjoyed most excellent health, and, although I have passed the 68th mile post I have never enjoyed life better.

Good health brings heaven to us here. I know of many cases where wonderful cures of stomach and heart trouble have been made by simply throwing away coffee and using Postum."



Dyspepsia AND Liver Disease CURED BY DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

"I was weak, nervous and dizzy, with a fainting sensation when walking," writes Jesse Childress, Esq., of Samuel, Sullivan Co., Tenn. "Could not walk any distance; always felt bad after eating; felt as though something was sticking in my throat, always uneasiness in stomach. Doctored with three physicians but they did not relieve me. I grew worse and used everything I could think of; was nearly ready to give up and then some one told me that Dr. Pierce's medicine was good, so I began taking his 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I have taken seven bottles of that now and am as stout as ever, and enjoying health as much as ever before. I worked all summer and this winter as much as any one. My case was liver disease and nervous dyspepsia of which your medicine has cured me. In September 1898 my weight was about 95 pounds, now it is 195. Please accept my sincere thanks."

CABLE FLASHES.

The London Sportsman announces that the Jockey club has refused "Tod" Sloane's application for a license to ride on English tracks this season, except for training and trials.

There is no news in Halifax about the steamer Huronian. A dispatch was received Monday afternoon from St. John, N. B., stating that a steamer thought to be the Huronian was entering that port. The steamer, however, turned out to be the Virginian.

The vatican has received confidential news, says the Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, of a serious situation in Ireland. The Fenians have for some months been engaged in an active propaganda with a view to organizing for a general rising. It is believed the vatican will instruct the Irish clergy to hold aloof from revolutionary agitation.

A sensation has been caused at Vienna by the discovery of a plot to destroy the Austro-Hungarian warships Havsburg and Arpad, which are stationed at Trieste, and the government has been informed by an anonymous letter that the Havsburg and Arpad were imperiled. The vessels have since been rigorously guarded.

The British admiralty has officially announced that all hope of finding the British sloop Condor had been given up, and ordered that her books be closed and that the money due her officers and crew in March it should be paid. The British warship Condor left Victoria, B. C., Dec. 2, for Honolulu. She had not been heard from since her departure. She was of 980 tons and carried a complement of 130 men.

SLAUGHTER OF BIRDS.

Eighteen Thousand Will Be Used In Kansas City.

Kansas City, March, 18.—The Grand American handicap live-bird tournament, which will be held in Kansas City from March 31 to April 5, inclusive, will attract the greatest number of wing shots that ever participated in any shooting tournament, according to Elmer E. Shaner, manager of the interstate association, under whose auspices the big event will be held. Mr. Shaner arrived here today. He came to arrange the details for the grand American handicap.

The entry list already numbers 215 and the entry books will be open until next Saturday. Post entries will be received until het first man has shot at his last bird.

Mr. Shaner stated that there would be 18,000 birds trapped during the shoot, 1500 of which will be used in the handicap shoot. Most of the birds are now in the city.

The handicap committee will meet at the Midland hotel in this city March 27.

Homeseekers' Rates

The northern lines have announced that they will apply their homeseekers' excursion rates to all California points beginning next Tuesday and continuing every two weeks up to the middle of June. This rate, which is one fare, plus $2, for the round trip, has never before been made effective to California points. The rates are good for fifteen days going and twenty-one days from date of purchase for return. The rate will probably be made over all Pacific coast lines.

WAS DISAPPOINTED.

So Hoogland Ended His Life With a Bullet.

Denver, March 18.—T. C. Hoogland, of New York city, shot himself under the heart in his room at the Oxford this morning. Hoogland is said to be a nephew of Hudson Hoogland vice president of the Broadway National bank of New York. He is about 45 years old. Despondency because of the indefinite postponement of their wedding by his fiancee is said to have caused the attempt at suicide.

STORM IS OVER.

Traffic Has Been Resumed on Colorado Railroads.

Denver, March 18.—Reports from the mountain towns indicate that the storm of the last few days has abated and the prospect is for clear weather. All mountain railroads have cleared their tracks of snow and trains are running on schedule time. No loss of life or serious damage from the storm has been reported.

CUBAN REVENUES.

Washington, March 18.—The division of insular affairs of the war department gave out for publication today a statement showing the customs revenues of Cuba for the month of January, 1902, to have been $1,404,717, an increase over the same month of 1899 of $411,280, over 1901, of $283,275, and a decrease as compared with 1900 of $25,788.

MEADE SAILS WEDNESDAY.

San Francisco, March 18.—The transport Meade will sail from this port for Manila tomorrow. The Sheridan will depart for the same place on March 30.

A PRETTY QUARREL

Is on Between the "Teddy" and "Anti-Teddy" Forces.

Roosevelt Is Striving to Unite Young Men Against Old Ones.

No One Can Foretell Results---Watterson Discusses Situation.

Louisville, Ky., March 18.—Henry Watterson, in a letter to the Courier-Journal, says:

"In the first place, on the Republican side, the situation revolves about the succession. It is 'Teddy' and 'anti-Teddy.' Little of this yet appears above the surface. Both factions are out in submarine boats, but these are loaded with explosives. Observe that sleek, smooth-shaven gentleman crossing the rotunda between the house and senate. His step is light, jaunty, even springy. Not a cloud across his brow, not a care in his eyes. You might take him for a prosperous professor, and so he is, of the shoals and depths of party management, for that is the chairman of the Republican national committee, the junior senator from Ohio, Mr. Hanna—Mr. Mark A. Hanna—and don't let it escape your memory. He is field marshal of the old guard, past grand master of McKinley lodge, Knights of the American Protective System, and Dean of the Ancient Order of Robber Barons.

"What he doesn't know about ritual and sign manual is hardly worth knowing. Like Josey B. of blessed memory, Marcus is 'sly, devilish sly,' and 'tough,' and for all his placid smile, his buoyancy and benignancy, he will have to be reckoned with, and it may yet be written of him, 'the mildest-mannered man that ever scuttled ship or cut a throat,' albeit he is not in the scuttling business just now, while the throat-cutting has not yet begun. He, with Senator Fairbanks of Indiana for a good second, is easily the leader of those responsible elements of the Republican party who reject the autocracy set up by the man on horseback at the other end of the avenue. Senator Hanna and Senator Fairbanks and those behind them do not intend to abdicate either their power or their rights. They refuse to stand and deliver. They do not want to repeat the mistake the Republicans made in 1884 when they turned Arthur down. But if they can help it, neither do they mean to place themselves in the hole where Cleveland placed the Democrats during the years between 1893 and 1897. They may agree finally to Mr. Roosevelt's nomination in 1904. But he must, as the saying is, 'behave himself.' He must come to time, must reach an understanding. He must play fair and divide fair. Above all, he must be ready to obey, to listen to the voice of the elders in Israel, to consider the party organization and respect the party law.

"The president is in many ways a disciple of Grover Cleveland after Mr. Cleveland's own heart. He brooks no rival, is impatient of opposition. There are those, indeed, who doubt his sanity. Yet is he, after his kind and fashion, a politician of no mean pretensions.

"Gradually, but surely, has he been weeding out the distinctively McKinley element from the Cabinet. In the fullness of time they will all go. He is filling each vacated post with a practical politician made in the Roosevelt image—that is to say, with a politician who knows how to work the civil service racket for all it is worth. Broncho buster though he is, there is a method in his broncho busting. Mindful of the fate of John Tyler and Andrew Johnson, he draws the line somewhere Grover Cleveland left it. That he is a clean, honest man, of good impulses and the best intentions, should go without saying, but he is an inconsiderate man, combative and aggressive, and, while much heartier and more genial than Mr. Cleveland, less coldly reserved and selfishly resolute. Mr. Cleveland made no mistakes at least in paddling his own canoe. He had a nose for his particular interest. He generally 'got there.' It remains to be seen whether Mr. Roosevelt can duplicate the peculiar tactics of Mr. Cleveland.

"In Mr. Payne and Mr. Root he has two very able advisers and friends. Moody, the to-be successor of Long, is said to know his business. The objective point seems to be to unite the young men of the party against the old or older men. It makes a very pretty quarrel as it stands, but behind it stalk the unknowable in the tropics, the invisible in the Philippines, with several revenue districts at home to be heard from."

WHISKY

And the Cigarette Habit Feared By the Girls.

Indianapolis, Ind. ,March 18.—According to the census out of 17,000 representative workingmen in this city only 2000 are married, and John F. White, a well-known labor leader, attributes the cause of the general falling off in marriages to the fact that during the past fifteen years industrial conditions have changed, and many women have voluntarily gone to work to maintain their independence. The number of these women are increasing yearly, and they are displacing men by working for lower wages than men receive. As a result, there have been fewer marriages. The tendency of women to enter industries has been to destroy the art of housekeeping and unfit them for home duties. This is noticeable to a degree, greatly changing natural conditions, and it is proving harmful to the contentment of women.

White also finds that the failure of men to receive wages by which to maintain the family relation is having a material effect on marriage.

"It seems to me," he says, "that women going into industries the way they do and are doing, are not making themselves attractive to men desiring marriage. The fine distinctions previously existing between men and women by daily contact in industrial pursuits has, in some circles, caused a lack of respect formerly shown to women. We frequently find agitators saying that men do not marry because they do not obtain sufficient wages to warrant the support of a family."

The inquiry was pursued among young women who were employed in industrial pursuits, and several were frank enough to say that they were compelled to earn their own livelihood because of conditions for which they were not responsible, but they found it preferable to have a bank account than a poor husband, and they were not at all disconsolate.

They explained their willingness to work for less wages by claiming that they had no extraordinary expenses to bear, such as whisky and tobacco, and only were compelled to incur legitimate living expenses. This, therefore left them a surplus, where their male friends would find it very difficult to make both ends meet. None of them was willing to marry for the privilege of supporting a husband, and not a few believed that what, with whisky and cigarettes and other evil habits attending many young men, they were really deteriorating, and common prudence justified the sensible young woman in pursuing her own path alone.

Convinced by Printed Testimony—of the hundreds of the cured, Mrs. Benz, of 418 East 5th street, New York, who was for years a great sufferer from Catarrh, procured two bottles of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder and it effected an absolute cure in a very short while. One puff through the blower will clear the head and stop headache. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—s.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.



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Mr. W. I. Morrison Gains Flesh by Taking Vinol.

"I was down sick with Pneumonia of the Lungs, very weak, was persuaded to try Vinol. Have taken one bottle and a half, gained 25 pounds and feel quite well."—Mr. W. I. MORRISON, Shelby, Ohio.

How Vinol Cured Rheumatism and Made Flesh.

Mr. JOHN C. SHUMACK, Clerk of the United States Express Co., 117 W. Jackson Street, says: "For several months I was unable to sleep. I was nervous and irritable and all run down in flesh. At times I suffered severely from Rheumatism. I concluded to try Vinol and I am glad I did, for I improved from the start, and after using three bottles my appetite returned and what I ate did me good. I sleep well and have gained and am still gaining in flesh. I have not had a single attack of Rheumatism since I began taking Vinol."

People used to think it was necessary to take Cod-Liver Oil to rebuild weight and strength. It is easy for us to prove that such a treatment is not now necessary. Fat taken into the system does not create fat. We know that Vinol will create flesh quicker than any preparation containing grease.

With many such testimonials as the above coming before us, it is not strange that we endorse Vinol as strongly as we do. We unhesitatingly agree to return to any one who has taken Vinol and is not satisfied that it has accomplished all that we claim for it, every cent that they have paid us for it.

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.



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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 18.—High pressures overlie the lake region, central valleys and Southern states, accompanied by generally fair weather. Temperatures have fallen 10 to 20 degrees in the eastern lake region and states east from including the lower Mississippi valley, the line of freezing extending south to the northern portions of Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas. Zero weather prevails in Canada and along the international border. The barometer is falling rapidly throughout the West and Northwest and temperatures have risen 10 to 25 degrees in the Upper Mississippi valley and most districts dying between the ninetieth and 115th meridians. Light falls of rain or snow occurred in Oregon, Washington, British Columbia, the Ohio valley, New England and the northeastern portion of the lake region.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	38	Milwaukee	10
Boston	34	Minnedosa	—4
Buffalo	16	Modena	20
Charleston	36	Montgomery	30
Chicago	4	Moorhead	0
Cincinnati	10	New Orleans	40
Davenport	10	New York	30
Denver	28	North Platte	20
Detroit	10	Oklahoma	26
Dodge City	24	Omaha	16
Duluth	6	Pittsburg	12
El Paso	36	Port Arthur	—12
Escanaba	6	Portland	40
Galveston	48	Prince Albert	—14
Green Bay	6	Qu'Appelle	0
Havre	34	Rapid City	24
Helena	32	San Francisco	46
Houghton	—2	Santa Fe	34
Huron	4	Shreveport	32
Jacksonville	42	Spokane	30
Kamloops	34	St. Louis	16
Knoxville	14	St. Paul	6
La Crosse	—4	Sault Ste. Marie	—6
Lander	22	Swift Current	—2
Los Angeles	48	Washington	24
Marquette	6	Williston	10
Memphis	26	Winnemucca	30
Miles City	18	Winnipeg	—22

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and warmer tonight and Wednesday; fresh and possibly brisk southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast official.

Chicago, March 18.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair tonight and probably Wednesday; rising temperature; southerly winds, increasing Wednesday. The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday; warmer tonight.

Secretary Shaw and the Bankers.

The stopping of the purchase of bonds by the secretary of the treasury as a means of reducing the over-growing surplus was an indirect slap at the bankers whose recent actions do not meet with his approval. Some of these bankers while expressing apprehensions of a money stringency at the same time were contributing to such a possibility by retiring their circulation. These bankers have received notice from the secretary that those banks which are most active in retiring their notes will be least considered when the time comes, if it ever does, for the treasury to make further cash deposits. The relation of the government to the banks, he believes, is not, ar ought not to be, a mere jug-handle arrangement, the banks always looking to the government to help them out of their difficulty, but never going out of their way to help the government when their turn comes. Business, he tells them, is a good thing; but it is a better think when it has a little patriotism mixed with it, than when it stands absolutely alone. All this counsel is administered with the utmost good nature, but the secretary is making no jest of it. He realizes that the course of the banks in surrendering circulation may be due to either one of three causes: the relative decline of banknote circulation as a source of profit, a desire to take advantage of the abnormally high prices of government bonds in the market, and perhaps the hope that the government may be thus forced in self-defense into increasing its bank deposits. The retirement of circulation is not considered good policy excepting by those who may profit thereby and Secretary Shaw was undoubtedly right in ceasing to purchase bonds under the present conditions. The bankers desire additional legislation from congress on financial questions, but they must show the need before anything can be expected. The financial situation is a peculiar one at the present time and requires most careful consideration.

Naval Officers on the Anxious Seat.

There are officers in the navy department who hardly relish the selection of Representative Moody as secretary of the navy. In fact they are apprehensive that their actions of a year or so ago may be remembered by the new secretary to their disadvantage. The trouble arose over a sharp battle that Chairman Cannon, of the house committee on naval affairs and Mr. Moody, who was also a member of that committee, had a year ago with a clique of naval officers, represented on the floor of the house by Amos J. Cummings. There has always been a keen jealousy between the coast survey of the treasury department and the navy department over the question of making hydrographic surveys, and when the Philippines were acquired both branches made desperate efforts to obtain the right to make surveys in these waters. Chairman Cannon, as the head of the committee which provides the money for these surveys, thought the coast survey should do the work, and at once became an active partisan of that office. Amos Cummings led the cohorts who supported the hydrographic office of the navy department, and a long fight occurred, ending in a victory for the treasury. This was two years ago, but it was known that the fight would be renewed in the following year. Accordingly, Commander Todd, chief of the hydrographic office, did, it is said, some active preliminary campaign work, advising all the observers under him throughout the service to get into the game and urge their representatives in the house to vote for the navy. Some of these documents fell into the hands of Cannon and Moody, and when the battle was renewed on the floor of the house, Moody jumped on Todd and Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, having charge of the hydrographic work, in a vigorous manner. The naval officers were roundly scored for lobbying to defeat the work of the appropriations committee, and were just as stoutly defended by Cummings. The resulting debate was one of the most exciting and personal of the last session. Cannon and Moody won out in congress and Secretary Long reprimanded Todd for his unwarranted activity. While it is not probable that Secretary Moody will allow any of the old resentment to influence him in any way, still his knowledge of the methods of the naval bureaucrats will enable him to rectify some of the gross misconduct that has been so prevalent in late years. He will confer an everlasting favor on the public if he can make some of the officials realize that they are made of clay, the same as the rest of the population of the country.

A CLEANER CITY.

The Herald has so frequently urged upon the municipal authorities the importance of cleaning the streets and alleys that it is hardly necessary to say that it is in hearty sympathy with the objects aimed at by the Woman's Council in calling a mass meeting at the high school Assembly hall this evening.

An attractive program of short, pithy speeches has been arranged, and it is hoped to arouse much enthusiasm in support of the scheme proposed by the women of Duluth to clean and beautify the city and keep it in that condition.

Every business man interested in the advancement of the city should be on hand at this meeting to show his sympathy with the work which the Woman's Council has undertaken. Professional men and all others should also be present to help the good cause along. It hardly seems necessary to urge the women to attend, because all must take a deep interest in the movement for a cleaner city.

INDUSTRIAL COMBINES.

At the recent banquet given to Prince Henry in New York by the wealthy men of the country the hosts were dubbed the "captains of industry" and a most appropriate name it is to apply to these men. Many of them were multimillionaires, who control the vast industries of this great country. There was scarcely a man present who was not interested in the great combinations of the United States. The industrial consolidations of the country in the past few years have been enormous and hundreds of plants heretofore independent are now under the control of these "captains of industry" so appropriately referred to. So far as can be obtained from the data in the census office, the number of these industrial consolidations is 183. They control 2203 separate plants, scattered throughout the United States, 2209 being active and 174 idle during the census year. For fifty-six of the idle plants no returns could be obtained, making the total number of reporting plants 2147. The 183 combinations extend to almost all lines of industry, producing articles of luxury, materials essential to the upbuilding and growth of the country, and even the very necessities of life. Fully 50 per cent of these combinations were chartered just before, prior to, or during the census year; and it is noteworthy that the epidemic of industrial consolidation, so far as the so-called monopolies are concerned, has been practically confined to the past four years.

Naturally enough, iron and steel, with sixty-nine combinations, heads the list. The number of reporting plants engaged in this industry is 469, and the capital invested, consisting of land, buildings, machinery, tools and implements, and cash and sundries, is valued at $348,000,000. The value of the output during the census year was something like $500,000,000. The steel conerns employed during the year 146,000 wage earners, including piece workers, and paid $81,000,000 in wages, to which should be added about 6000 officials receiving $7,500,000 in salaries.

The total property of the 2147 reporting plants controlled by the various combinations, including land, buildings, machinery, tools and implements, cash, bills receivable, etc., is valued at $1,458,522,573, of which $24,717,653 represents the property of the reporting idle plants. The entire capital issued by the 183 combinations which operate these plants is as follows:

Bonds	$ 216,412,759
Preferred stock	1,066,525,963
Common stock	1,802,262,146
Total	$3,085,200,868

To this should be added the capital stock issued by the United States Steel company, over and above the capital stock of those of its constituent companies, which were included in the census statistics. This additional sum is $484,414,940, comprising $298,189,000 of bonds, $93,112,970 of preferred stock, and the same amount of common stock. This makes a total capitalization of $3,569,615,808. The value of the land, buildings and other assets upon which this capitalization is based is $1,458,522,573.

The total industrial combinations employed 23,000 managers, superintendents, clerks, etc., and 399,000 wage earners, including piece workers. They paid out during the census year in salaries, $195,000,000, and the value of their entire output was $1,661,000,000.

A French inventor has produced a new voting machine which is said to secure secrecy and accuracy. But what is needed, says the Atlanta Journal, is a machine that will ring a bell in case a man doesn't vote the way he is paid to.

THE CENSUS BUREAU.

Some of the members of congress are not satisfied with the permanent census bureau bill as finally passed, as far as the placing of the census employes on the civil service list is concerned, and are now endeavoring to have the act amended so as to carry out their outrageous scheme as originally planned. What congress set out to do was to foist into the regular classified service the whole group of employes collected by patronage methods for the twelfth census. It began by trying to frame such a paragraph in the bill creating a permanent census office as would not only put all these employes into the new office, but qualify all who had been dismissed on account of a necessary reduction of the staff since July 1, 1901, to reinstatement in the census office for the purpose of transfer to some other branch of the classified civil service.

In passing through its several stages preceding enactment into law, this and a number of other vicious schemes were combed out of the bill. One was a sweeping paragraph which would have made every human being attached to the office, from the highest to the lowest, a member of the classified service, including coal heavers and charwomen. The bad feature which held on longest was that which proposed to classify everybody above the grade of skilled laborer who might be on the payroll at the time of the approval of the act. Fortunately, the two houses disagreed on certain terms, which threw the bill into conference, and out of conference came a civil service paragraph which simply authorized the director of the census, with the approval of the secretary of the interior, to appoint to the permanent census office such members of the present force as he chose, placed these persons in the classified service by virtue of such appointment, and required that all subsequent appointments should be made through the usual machinery of the civil service commission.

To prevent the appointment of a large number of permanent employes at the present time the president ordered that the temporary force shall continue until July 1 and that on that date the director shall choose for reappointment only those members of the temporary force whom he needs in his permanent force. This will mean that somewhere between 1500 and 2000 employes will be dropped out of the census service during the coming four months. If the director should need an additional force of clerks for any special sort of business later, he will have to draw them from the civil service commission's registers, for no "supernumerary" clerks will be carried over from the present to the permanent force. Now what some congressmen want to do is to amend the law to secure their original desire and have all the present clerks placed on the civil service list. It is a preposterous proposition and should never succeed and it probably never will. If it should pass the house and senate ,the president undoubtedly would veto it as a far too dangerous precedent to establish.

A traveler tells how dynamite is carried through city streets in Germany. "First," he says, "came a platoon of police, then a heavy truck carrying what seemed to be a big black box, on each corner of which was stuck a black flag, and following the truck another platoon of police. The laws of Germany are such that dynamite can be carried through the streets only at night, and in the manner prescribed, and if it is stored, it must be in a black box, with adequate warning to the public." They do some things better in the effete monarchies of unprogressive Europe.

As an illustration of prosperity, the Hartford Post says the most vital thing in the annual report of the Connecticut bank commissioners is that during the past fiscal year the number of savings bank depositors jumped from 410,342 to 435,888; the total deposits expanded from $183,781,942 to $193,248,909; and the average amount due depositors increased from $447.88 to $454.07. In other words, the number of depositors increased 15,246, the amount of deposits $9,466,967, and the average size of the deposits $6.19.

The following from the Ottawa Herald is going the rounds of the Kansas papers: "What credential have you," inquired St. Peter of the applicant at the gate, "to show your fitness to enter the realms of bliss?" "I," said the pilgrim with an air of conscious pride, "was appointed to federal office from Kansas. They proved nothing on me." "Enough!" cried the saint in satisfaction. "Of such is the kingdom of heaven."

Plans for the consruction of a system of roads throughout New York state provide for the expenditure of $20,000,000. Perhaps Messrs. Carnegie, Rockefeller et al, could do as much good by spending their surplus millions for such improvements as they could by giving libraries and founding universities.

A Chicago woman recently brought suit against her husband for divorce because he compels her to live in Chicago. It certainly does seem to be a case of extreme cruelty.

With the exception of Great Britain, the United States shipyards are turning out more ships than those of any other country. Why should there be a ship subsidy law?

The Minnesota people are on the side of simple justice and fair play for Cuba, and if the Minnesota congressmen are not on the same side, so much the worse for their prospects of re-election.

Paragraphers will please take notice that a German statistician has collected proofs to show that married persons live longer than single persons.

A Winona dispatch says Governor Van Sant is there looking over the rafting prospects for 1902. Is he picking out a raft for a trip up Salt river?

Four thousand millionaires are now credited to the United States. They are getting almost as numerous as tramps.

A Nebraska woman with 14 children has married a man with 12. They might have their families incorporated into a township.

Professor Dyche contends that the garden of Eden was located at the North Pole. If this be true, what becomes of that fig leaf story?

An Indiana man played a slot machine, got the number 13 and died a few minutes later. Another score for the superstition.

The ship-subsidy steal has passed the senate. Will Page Morris vote for it in the house?

The St. Louis world's fair will not have a Midway—that is, it will not bear that name.

COMPETITION AS A BUSINESS PRINCIPLE.

The Commercial West: The federal government has filed its petition for dissolution of the Northern Securities company, basing the petition on the alleged fact that the defendants are "attempting to monopolize, and have monopolized, such interstate and foreign trade or commerce to the great and irreparable damage of the people of the United States."

The petition also alleges that the defendants entered into conspiracy "to place restraint upon all competitive interstate and foreign trade or commerce carried on by them * * * and to suppress the competition theretofore existing between said railways systems."

This petition rests on the Sherman anti-trust law, which law is a political measure designed to quiet the fears of the people who were beginning to complain that the Republican party was an ally of the trusts, which were at the time being organized. It becomes a question of great interest, therefore, as to how far a statute already outgrown can be made to block the operation of a principle of trade that may bear the outward form of monopoly, but in fact be as far from it in spirit and operation as are any two wholly dissimilar laws.

By the terms of its petition it devolves upon the government to show wherein the Northern Securities company has monopolized trade and commerce to the "great and irreparable damage of the people of the United States." This is strong language to be used in connection with great business operations, for it is a law already demonstrated that no combination of capital can survive as an operating company where the right of the people to buy a product or a service at a reasonable price is nullified. If this law is true, it is equivalent to the assertion that the people will have improved railroad service at less cost under the Northern Securities company ownership of stock that they did under the old form of ruinous competition that the Sherman law and the government uphold as being in the interest of the people.

The people have always been slow to discern the power of a new principle in thought or action. The Grecian and Roman conception of citizenship was so exclusive as to make more than one-half of the inhabitants their slaves. Wars had to be fought to bring us down to the present day principal that in his natural right one man is the equal of any other. And in all this social evolution no backward step has been taken. This is a significant fact to keep in mind in connection with the present day opposition to the operation of large trade combinations.

When we recall that we are only eighty-five years away from the factor agitation in England, when direful predictions were made that the people would suffer greatly if centralized manufacturing should be permitted, we cannot think otherwise under the light we have than that the people were mistaken. The centralized factory is a great improvement over the old detached house work-rooms of a century ago. And if we analyze the present tendency to a greater centralized organization, there seems to be only one conclusion to draw—it is legitimate and as much changes in methods of the past.

The warfare of beasts in the jungle is simply competitive in its crude form. Let the hand of man intervene and the beasts cease to slaughter ruthlessly. Competition in trade under the Sherman law is simply the unrestrained warfare of the beasts. It calls for the killing of the weaker every time the opportunity offers. Applied to railroads it means cut rates to favored shippers and decreased efficiency of operation as a natural result. Railroad service improves pari passu in proportion as the immediate competition diminishes. The reason that fourteen hours are required for railroad trains to run between Minneapolis and Chicago is because there are six roads between these cities. Were there only two roads—or a monopoly—trains would cover the distance in ten hours. Where competition is unrestrained the people always suffer the greatest degree of the "irreparable damage" that the government refers to in its petition—not where monopoly exists. But railroad combination is not monopoly.

It will take time for the people to grasp this principle, but the truth will prevail in the end. We shall move forward to new principles that in time will move us ahead to higher forms of social order.

The Sherman law stands for a bugaboo principle. The higher form of competition between combination and combination, railroad system and railroad system, will be a much stronger force for the people than the old principle of competition between the many. The dress that the farmer's wife buys at the cross roads store costs more, quality for quality, than does the dress sold over the counter of a department store in a large city. The service the railroad company gives over a line 500 miles long cannot be compared with the service given by the company that operates 5000 miles; and in similar proportion service and rates will be improved as the operating company rids itself of parallel competition and extends its service from continent to continent.

The conclusion reached by this argument is that unrestrained competition is not in the best interest of the people. Therefore, the Sherman law stands for a wrong principle and if the courts refuse to grant the government's petition the real interests of the people will have been subserved. All the people need to do is to enact laws that will safeguard their interests as to cost of service in the instances where abuses are found.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Manage to keep awake last night?"

"Yes. I was up with the baby."

"Oh, I thought the wind probably kept you awake."

"It did."

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: Husband—My dear, this is awful; last year we had accounts with two firms, and now we have with ten.

Wife—But don't you think it a good idea to distribute our obligations over a wider field?

-:—:-

Boston Transcript: Stern parent—I suppose you are aware, young man, that I cease to provide for my daughter when she leaves my roof?

Suitor—Oh, yes; we have settled about that—Bertha and I. We have decided to make our home with you.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: Jimson—He married a saleslady, you know.

Jameson—Yes.

Jimson—Well, the very next day she began calling "Cash!" and he says she has kept it up ever since.

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "She says she's going to marry me when we grow up," said the boy proudly, referring to his little playmate.

"Pay no attention to her threats, my son," returned his father, with a covert glance in his wife's direction.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Record: A shadow crossed hte young man's face. "Can it be that we the young man's face. "Can it be that we queried anxiously.

"How you frighten me!" exclaimed the maid; "let's have another wedding rehearsal right away."

-:—:-

New York News: Bumpus—Don't you think my wife's new evening dress is a dream?

McSmith—Well—er—er—I shouldn't call it more than a nap.

Stop Sometimes.

Ortonville Herald-Star: Every sketch of a legislator in the daily papers represents the gentleman with a cigar in his mouth, and this gives the impression that our legislators do nothing but smoke. This is in a measure untrue, for they occassionally stop long enough to take a drink.

The Impersonal Attitude

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

Miss Manning was in love with her art. She had expectation of some day winning laurels as a concert pianist.

Not only did admiring friends and relatives speak in glowing terms of her unmistakable talent, but staid instructors and conservative critics prophesied for her a future of no mean proportions. This, of course, on condition that she were willing to make the sacrifices necessary to such attainment.

Success would mean work—hard work, conscientious, unflagging effort and the absolute subserviency of all other interests to the one prime issue. There would be little opportunity for indulging in social amusements and frivolities The life would be, in the main, a rigorous one.

None of these things, however, daunted Irene Manning. She felt thoroughly convinced that her love for music was genuine enough to stand all tests. As for the social gayeties which she must forego the lack would certainly not make itself felt.

The frivolous pursuits of her girl friends held but a faint interest for her. Such petty pleasures could hardly satisfy any young woman who had a purpose in life.

So she listened with a pitying condescension to the foolish confidences of her girl friends and wondered at the narrowness of vision that included nothing more important than beaux, proposals and trousseaux.

She accepted the attention of men with the same amused tolerance that she displayed toward everything that had no real bearing on her one great purpose.

As useful escorts men were a great success. They were diverting and entertaining. That much she granted—presuming, of course, that they maintained the impersonal attitude. The moment they verged toward the sentimental and began to hint of wedding bells, that moment they became insufferably annoying and tiresome.

The several devoted admirers who escorted Irene to musicales and sat patiently through grand opera for the sake of being by her side never claimed an interest from her that was more than incidental.

All this, however, was before Warren Stephens appeared upon the scene. Stephens was different from the others in that he refrained from foolish personalities and manifested a definite interest in her work and in her future. His generous enthusiasm when she told him of her life's plan differed distinctly from the sulking displeasure and mirth despair of those who had hinted at the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march.

Here, now, was a man with whom a thoroughly enjoyable friendship would be possible. Although not acquainted with the technicalities of music, he showed a sympathetic appreciation of the art. None of the others had ever displayed a sincere interest in her accomplishment. Their praise had been notable chiefly for its polite emptiness. Warren Stephens, however, while not a musician himself, seemed to understand her devotion to it, her complete absorption in its study.

Stephens was obviously a man who lived above the plane of the superficial. She could rest secure in the knowledge that he would not annoy her with silly compliments concerning the color of her eyes and the becoming tilt of her hat. In short, he could and did maintain the impersonal attitude which was Irene's ideal of sensible comradeship.

The friendship between these two began to be a matter of gossip among the girls. Irene, however, smiled indulgently when the comments reached her ears. The mere thought of Warren Stephens in any other role than that of the sensible friend was laughable. Really his absolute indifference to everything—and did not concern her music was becoming rather marvelous, even to Irene. She had not honestly believed such a disinterested friendship possible. Plainly it was the artist that attracted him, not the woman.

Irene found herself wondering if he were really incapable of appreciating feminine attractions.

Then one day something happened that shocked her into a disagreeable knowledge of the truth. They had attended a concert together and were waiting for the program to commence, when a remarkable handsome young woman and her escort took seats just ahead of them. There was no mistaking the little flutter of admiration which her entrance created.

It was Stephens' remark, however, that startled Irene.

"Isn't she beautiful?" he murmured. "What wonderful eyes!"

Of course Irene agreed.

"Such exquisite taste in dress, too," he pursued. "How becoming that touch of turquoise blue."

"Yes, very. I noticed it at once," answered the dazed Irene, determined not to betray her astonishment. There was something else that she felt, also—a vague yet uncomfortable resentment.

The program commenced, but Irene found the music strangely unsatisfying this evening. Her reflections followed a disturbed undercurrent.

"So he does care for dress and looks," she mused, conscious of a deepening sense of injury. What inadequacy, pray, could he find in her dress, in her appearance? Others had complimented her lavishly on those very points. His taste must be unusually exacting.

Admitting nothing to herself save that she thought it about time to consult her dressmaker concerning spring styles, Irene called upon madame the very next day.

The remarkably stunning gown which the latter evolved in two weeks' time quite took Irene's breath away when she first donned it. Madame's extravagant praises were quite unnecessary to convince her that she was superb in it.

If Warren Stephens could see—but, of course, he would.

She wore the dress when Stephens called the next evening. She had that radiant consciousness of looking her best, which in itself can make a woman magnetic and attractive.

However, Stephens had not been in the room five minutes before she felt her confidenc shriveling. He had actually noticed nothing! Could it be, after all, that madame's praises had been empty flattery?

As Stephens sat and persistently talked music she felt a sudden anger against him. She had trailed across the room several times on various pretexts, in the hope that a new comprehension would dawn in his eyes. But no sign was apparent.

How obtuse, how provokingly contrary he could be! And such a dream as her dress had appeared!

"Won't you play for me?" he requested at length. "Something simple and earnest. You know that little study of Schumann's I like so well?"

"Not today," she returned, with energy. "I'm in the mood for something more spirited."

She wheeled about on the piano chair and plunged into her playing with a vigor that rather startled Stephens. She took a sort of wicked pleasure in thus venting her indignation.

"Bravo!" cried Stephens as she finished with a flourish. "I never heard you play better. Do you know, the oftener I hear you play the more convinced I am that your talent—"

"Oh, don't, please!" burst forth Irene vehemently. "My talent—my talent! Can you think of nothing else? Is there nothing under heaven that we can talk about besides music?"

Stephens gazed at her in stunned astonishment.

"I thought—I was told—I always believed that you were more interested in it than anything else," he declared.

"Who was your informant?" retorted Irene, half saucily.

"That is immaterial now," he answered, while a strange look leaped into his eyes.

"The fact that you do care for something else is such a revelation to me that I—" he paused, an almost boyish gladness in his face. "I can scarcely believe it, Irene."

She rose suddenly and went to the window. He followed her.

"There are so many other things I would rather talk about," he persisted, trying to get a glimpse of her averted eyes.

"What things?" demanded Irene, under her breath.

"I've wanted all the evening to tell you how becoming that dress is—how beautiful you look, how radiant you are, how—"

"Oh, don't please!" gasped Irene. But her gaze met his fully.

"Your eyes are wonderful tonight," he went on.

"Don't or I shall be angry!" she protested.

However, Stephens was not dismayed. He even grew bold enough to draw her suddenly toward him and kiss the unresisting lips.

"How dared you?" she cried.

He was looking in her eyes, though, and was not deceived.

"I can dare anything, now," he whispered, "even to suggesting wedding bells."

The announcement of their engagement caused quite a stir among their friends.

"But, of course, I shall keep on with my music, just the same," supplemented Irene.

GRIEVANCE OF SOPRANO.

There won't be nary singin' in the meetin' house today,
Which came about, from what I hear, in somethin' this here way:
James Hopkins, who's the tenor, sung a solo Sunday night,
Which them as heard him sing it says was just about all right.
Of course, Miss Smith, sopranner, heard 'em sounding James'es praise,
An' practiced up a solo for the next succeedin' days.
She says: "This tenor singin' may be fine, but I'd admire
To have the congregation know who's star of this here choir."

Now Hopkins, he gits skeery of the fair sopranner's song,
Fearing fur his reputation if Miss Smith's should git too strong.
So he gits the bass an' alto, an' he says to 'em, says he:
"If she's the hull ding choir, what, I says, is, who be we?"
Then they all go in together, an' consider this an' that,
An' fin'ly tell the parson that Miss Smith is singin' flat.
"As long 's she sings with us," they say, "it won't be gen'ly known,
But in the church's interest, please don't let her sing alone."

The parson, he loves music, an' not wantin' nothin' wrong,
He fixes up the program so's to leave out Miss Smith's song.
And then there starts a rumpus like a person never sees,
Exceptin' in a choir on occasions such as these.
Miss Smith, she says the tenor's got a voice that's like a file,
An' the alto's style o' singin' would convulse a crockodile,
An' the bass is mighty lucky, so she tells 'em all, if he
Manages by feelin' 'round him, once a week to hit the key.

'Course that kind o' conversation sort o' mixes matters some.
Hopkins says that Miss Smith's singin's suited fur the deef an' dumb.
Then she claims that just exceptin' her and p'raps the organist,
All the choir could quit singin' without ever bein' missed.
Well, the upshot is the parson tries to set the matter right,
An' gits all the congregation mixed up in a gin'ral fight.
Which becomes so comprehensive that along the last the week
There ain't left in the whole bilin' no two members that will speak.

—J. J. MONTAGUE in Portland Oregonian.

Musings of Spring.

Now comes the blythe pneumonia germ
To gambol near and far,
With carriage mien
He laughs to see
Once more the open car.

The druggist takes his pen in hand
And with a flourish fine
Proceeds in state
To calculate
His profits on quinine.

All nature bids us join the dance.
And tread a measure neat.
How can one skip
And lightly trip
With rubbers on his feet?

The merry birds tempt him to join
In many a gladsome note.
But man, poor thing—
How can he sing
With flannel 'round his throat?

—Washington Star.

No Harm in the Merger.

Wright County Times: Governor Van Sant and States Attorney Douglas are trying to find an easy spot to fall on. Having made a grand stand play they now find they have no standing in the courts. So far the merger has been of benefit to many shippers in freight reductions, and we have no doubt but what there will be still further reductions. Governor Van Sant's onslaught on the railroad system of the Northwest has been determined to the roads as well as to the people. No one pretends to argue now that there has been competition between the two great lines of railway whose headquarters are at St. Paul. We see no harm in the merger, and we are sure that when the roads are finally merged so that there is no controversy about it, the people will commence to receive substantial benefit.

Bop.

Who dravels mit der Brince around
Und many a meal und drink has downed—
Who is it vas of much account?
Vy Bop.

Who shmokes der big, black fat cigars,
Und shpraws around upon der cars,
Und says: "Brince, ach ve're cholly tars!"
It's Bop.

Who is der fairst man efferyvhere
To dhrow his cap up mit der air
Und shtand along mit Heinrich dhere?
Choost Bop.

Who owns der hand vhat shook der hand
Vich came here from der Vaterland?
Ach, himmel, can't you understand?
It's Bop.

Who vaded in vhere dhings vere vet
Und et und drung, und drung and et?
It vas der bravest fighter yet—
That's Bop!

—S. E. KIZER, in Chicago Record-Herald.

ASPHALT PAVEMENTS.

New York Press: On a slippery day every cab driver, coachman and livery stable keeper in New York curses the hour when asphalt pavements were first thought of. There is no ice caulk for horseshoes that an asphalt pavement will not knock off in twenty minutes. Caulks will chop the asphalt into slivers, but they will not stay on the shoes.

AT THE HOTELS

All the hotels were well crowded last night. A great many people came in from neighboring towns to attend Sousa's band concert. The cessation of the threatened storm also caused many delayed travelers to put in an appearance. The fact that connections with the far West had been again resumed added to the volume of travel. The Spalding was filled up, the St. Louis, after getting sixteen people off one evening train and twelve from another, had to confess the same thing, and the McKay "doubled them up" and lodged a lot on cots.

* * *

M. S. Hawkins, of Mountain Iron, and S. T. Hamilton, of Virginia, were among the people who came down from the range yesterday afternoon. They are at the Spalding.

* * *

J. H. Naugle, of Gladstone, is at the McKay. Mr. Naugle is a member of the tie, pole and post firm of Naugle, Holcomb & Co., which has operated in this section for a number of years.

* * *

S. S. Johnson, the Cloquet lumberman, came to town last evening. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

"We ran from Eau Claire to Duluth, 160 miles, in three hours and fifty-five minutes," said Fred Parker, the veteran conductor of the Omaha Fast Mail at the Spalding this morning. "We made seventeen stops in this distance, and four minutes average loss in slowing up, stopping and starting, would be a very conservative estimate of the loss in running time for each stop. This leaves 167 minutes' actual running time for the distance of 160 miles, or an average of a mile in one and five one-hundredths minutes. Considering that considerable part of the distance is through the cities of Duluth Superior, where slow running is necessary, and allowing for the slow running around curves and up hills, and you find out that we ran seventy-five miles an hour on considerable stretches of level, straight track. There have been few nights during the past five years that we haven't weeded up to seventy miles an hour on parts of our run. That's traveling pretty fast as compared with the speed we used to make on this division when the road was first built through to Superior."

* * *

J. C. Poole and wife, of Eveleth, R. B. Green, of Lake Linden, and John H. Gill, of Virginia, are among the guest at the St. Louis.

* * *

A trio of Cloquet people who came down last evening to attend the Sousa concert was composed of Hugo Gustafson, C. E. Wyman and M. K. Whitmore. They are at the McKay.

* * *

"The experience of Sousa is simply the best illustration in the world," observed a well posted man in the Spalding rotunda last evening, "of how fast they come for a man after he gets things well started in his direction. Sousa did about $200 worth of business in Duluth and Superior today. Of course he made a long jump here from Calumet, but part of the railroad bill is properly chargable to St. Paul and Minneapolis, and indeed is to be averaged over the week's engagements. But outside of his railroad fare, I presume his expenses are less than $500 a day. He will probably augment his band for a long engagement, but you can see what a good thing he was finally made of the band business."

* * *

Editor S. H. Higgins, of Hibbing, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

R. D. Harrison, C. D. Wilkinson, St. Paul; David T. Gamble, Minneapolis; Theodore Johnson, E. H. Cormoulan, Two Harbors; Henry Lafrinesly, Ashland; N. L. Clark and wife, Two Harbors; H. T. Seeley and son, Biwabik, and E. P. Perry, Iron Junction, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

C. H. Smith, Chicago; Mrs. M. Adams, St. Paul; Frank Webb, St. Paul; W. F. Nicolay, Minneapolis; J. M. Koor, Chicago; William H. Grasonald, Edna J. Lovejoy, Ewan, Mich., are at the McKay.

* * *

Robert C. Green, St. Paul; R. W. Searle, B. J. Burns, Buffalo; H. S. Jones, Chicago; A. H. Herefeidt, New York; C. L. Saston, H. P. Loudon, Minneapolis; Carl Reese, Detroit; William C. Pronpe, Milwaukee, and C. H. Smith, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: If a man is determined to get into trouble, it is not absolutely necessary for him to get married.

Practicing what you preach bores your friends about as much as preaching what you don't practice.

Some people's homes are so attractive that they enjoy the ease and comfort of sitting in a dentist's chair.

The average man who contends that paying insurance premiums is an uneconomic investment spends them in a barroom to prove it.

When the average young woman considers her mission in life, she begins by wondering how many servants she will have, and whether she will enjoy a victoria or a brougham most.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Manager.
Wednesday, March 19.
GRAND
Scottish Concert
By the Queen of Scottish Song, MISS JESSIE N. McLACHLAN, the Pet of Royalty and the Pride of Scotland.
Tickets, 50c, 75c and $1.00—From any member of Clan Stewart or Second Presbyterian Church. Seats reserved Tuesday, March 18.

AMUSEMENTS. | AMUSEMENTS.

HIS EXCELLENCY,
Governor Van Sant,
—Will Open the—
GRAND INDOOR
EXPOSITION!
AT 8 P. M., IN THE
ARMORY,
MONDAY, MARCH 31.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops — never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.

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I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
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Let Us Save You Money!
On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and electric repairing. Estimates furnished.
J. H. McLaughlin & Co.
Electric Contractors.
Room F Palladio Bldg. Bell 636-4.

LOOPS LOOP.

Rider Makes Daring Circuit In Air on a Bicycle.

New York, March 17.—Robert S. Vandervoord looped the loop on a bicycle at the Sea Beach Palace, Coney Island, for the benefit of a party of invited guests.

Vandervoord made two trips around the vertical loop, each one entirely successful. Those who watched him fairly gasped for breath, but Vandervoord was not in the least disturbed by his perilous trip before or after either attempt.

Before today's performance Vandervoord had made forty practice trips, his purpose being to get the act down so fine that he can perform twice a day by either daylight or electric light.

Vandervoord is a 5-footer and weighs 178 pounds. Before he took up the line which he is now perfecting he never performed anywhere in his life. He is a civil engineer.

The success of Vandervoord's feats depends entirely upon his ability to keep his bicycle straight. The only actual danger that he encounters is the danger of swerving while coming down the incline or running off the boards while rounding the loop, about 200 feet long, and the time which it takes to make the trip is just 6 2-5 seconds. There is about 100 feet of incline at an angle of 30 degrees.

The incline is 4 feet wide, but at the bottom is narrowed to 3 feet. It widens again at the beginning of the loop until it attains a maximum width of 12 feet. The loop is egg-shaped, and its highest point is 25 feet from the ground. From either side of the loop nets stretch to a distance of 9 feet, so that if the rider did swerve he would have something to break his fall. From the top of the incline to the exit from the loop there is a black line running through the center of the structure. This is a guide to the rider, and he tries as nearly as possible to keep to this line.

Coming down the incline Vandervoord travels at a rate of thirty-five miles an hour, but by the time he is head down at the top of the loop he is going at seventeen miles an hour. As he shoots out of the loop he runs into a rope stretched across his path. The rope is on pulleys, and to the ends are attached heavy chains that gradually increase the resistance, so he soon comes to a stop.

He wore his street clothes and did not even remove his hat. As he shot down the incline and around the loop it was difficult even to make him out.

The performance will have one virtue in the eyes of nervous people, it is over almost as soon as it commences. There are no pedals on the wheel that is used. It weighs 90 pounds and has heavy foot rests where pedals would be on an ordinary machine. The act has never been seen in public.

Vandervoord is the third man to try the act. Last September Joseph Mack tried it, but fell and broke his legs and a few ribs. He did not try it again. In October a trick rider, Harry Stewart, made an attempt at looping the loop on a bicycle, but he took a tumble, too, and would not try it again.

New Schools In Cuba.

Since the American occupation of Cuba 3600 new schools have been opened, and many reforms have been brought about in their educational system. Some idea of their work can be obtained from their exhibit at the Pan-American exposition, for which they were awarded five gold and four silver medals. This is certainly a wonderful record and one we should all be proud of. There is also a wonderful record behind Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the famous American remedy for indigestion, dyspepsia, flatulency, biliousness, nervousness and insomnia. If you are troubled with any of these ailments we would urge you to try it. It is also a splendid blood purifier, and should be in every household. Our private stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

SUNDAY BURIALS STOPPED.

New York, March 17.—Sunday burials at Trenton, N. J., are at an end apparently, owing to the action of the Conchmen's union, which is backed in its fight by the ministers. Members of the union found an effective means of stopping an old practice of burying the dead on the Sabbath by refusing to go out with non-union drivers.

GREATLY AMUSED

Was Prince Henry With Boy Captain of National Guard.

The Youth Declared He Was Better Than Any Prince.

Claimed That an Emperor's Son Only Was His Equal.

New York, March 18.—Prince Henry of Prussia, in completing his whirlwind tour of the United States, just before his departure for home clasped hands with Young America. For fifteen minutes he conversed with Capt. Nelson Steele, a juvenile soldier whose ancestors assisted in establishing the republic, and from him obtained impressions which will be duly recorded in the diary to be submitted to the kaiser.

The prince received the little American boy, listened attentively to all that he said and in bidding him farewell pinned on the military coat which he wore the Hohenzollern medal, at the same time thanking him for the visit.

Nelson Steele is 13 years old and a native of Georgia. His grandfather, John Nelson, was secretary of state in President Tyler's cabinet, and his great grandfather, Gen. Roger Nelson, was Washington's chief of staff in the revolutionary war. Another ancestor, Admiral Burrows, organized the United States marine corps.

Young Steele's parents formerly lived in Washington, and for several years Nelson has held the rank of honorary captain of Company D, Fourth battalion, Second regiment of the District of Columbia National Guard, now incorporated as part of the regular military establishment of the United States.

In the peace jubilee parades at the close of the war with Spain, Capt. Steele commanded his company, which is composed of veterans ranking in age from 25 to 30 years, and marched over the entire route, while in sham battles on the outskirts of Washington he has performed the duties of his rank with the steadiness of a veteran. He is the youngest officer in the service.

When visiting the Hohenzollern this youthful officer made deductions and comparisons which horrified Prince Henry's subordinates.

"I'd rather be Admiral Evens than your prince," he told the officers of the yacht. "An American admiral amounts to something. He does not have to kiss any man's hand as the German admiral did when he greeted the prince. An American officer would cut off his head with his own sword before he'd do that."

Capt. Steele was delighted to meet the kaiser's brother, but before doing so remarked that they could hardly clasp hands on equal terms.

"There is only one German aside from the kaiser with whom I am my equal," he said. "That is the crown prince. He is eligible to become emperor, and every American boy is eligible to become president of the United States; therefore we might meet as equals. But the prince can never do that. He must be a crown prince always, unless he should come over here and become an American citizen."

This conversation being repeated to Prince Henry by a member of his suite, amused him greatly. He expressed a desire to see Capt. Steele, and when the visitor was ushered in the prince received him with as much ceremony as if he had been Lieut. Gen. Miles.

"The prince is a gentleman," young Steele said, in telling tonight of his visit, "but he didn't impress me as being an extraordinary man. There are many American gentlemen in New York, Washington and the South in my own circle of superior attainments. However, I do not wish to criticise. The prince received me cordially, and we had a very enjoyable time for a little while."

Capt. Steele, despite his youth, discusses public questions with the ease of a veteran. He is ambitious for a political career, and has announced his intention upon reaching his majority to run for congress as a Democrat in one of the Georgia districts.

WIRELESS SYSTEM

Of Telegraphy May Be Installed on Lake Steamers.

Chicago, March 17.—A wireless telegraph system, giving connection between ships in mid-lake and the mainland, may soon be an appliance on lake-going steamers. The managers of one of the companies are considering the fitting of all boats, passenger and freight, with sending and receiving stations of the Marconi pattern. With this in view they will make tests of the system within a few weeks.

Discussion of the plans has been going on for some time. Officials have become convinced of the value of the contrivance. If the tests are satisfactory, the boats probably will be equipped with telegraph stations before the summer navigation season is well under way.

A LOCKOUT

Of All the Union Plumbers of Newark, N. J.

New York, March 17.—A lockout of journeymen plumbers of Newark by the Master Plumbers' association, of that city, will go into effect this morning. The lockout edict affects all union plumbers of Newark and 350 men will be thrown out of employment.

The questions on which the masters and journeymen have split are the employment of apprentices and the length of notice to be given in event of a sympathetic strike. It is feared many other workmen will become involved.

CHARGES ARE FALSE

So Minister Powell Clayton Wires From Mexico.

Washington, March 17.—A telegram has been received by Secretary Hay from Powell Clayton, United States minister to Mexico, declaring that the charges preferred against him, connecting his name with the ownership of Mexican mining stock, are false.

It is said at the department that there is nothing in the law or regulations to prohibit a minister or ambassador from holding stocks or even engaging in business in the country to which he is accredited. It is further stated at the department that this has an important bearing upon the charges preferred against Ambassador Clayton, that in every step taken by him in the Mealy case he acted with the approval and in most cases by the direction of the department.

CORRUPTION CHARGED.

St. Paul, March 17.—A special to the Dispatch from Hayward, Wis., says: A petition has been numerously signed, asking the Indian agent at Lac Comte De Orellies to prohibit the agency Indians from voting at the local election here. The petition alleges that the agency farmer, N. D. Rodman, has boasted that he will vote every Indian on the agency to retain the present local officials. Charges of corruption are also made.

ASKS FOR A RECEIVER.

Des Moines, March 17.—C. H. Seeley, senior member of the Seeley-Howe, Levan department store, filed a petition in the district court this morning, asking for a receiver and stating that the firm has obligations approximating $100,000, with assets aggregating about $95,000. Sixty thousand dollars of the indebtedness is borrowed money.

DEFENSE

Of Patrick, Accused of Murder, Is Particularly Strong.

New York, March 17.—When court was adjourned Friday in the trial of A. T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William M. Rice, Mr. Scheplin, Christian Scientist, of Dunelin, N. J., was on the stand. He testified that Rice and he had been friends for twenty-five years. He was not allowed to recount a conversation he had with Rice concerning Patrick.

Counsel for defense said they wanted to show that Rice had told Scheplin that he had made Patrick his heir and Recorder Goff said he would reconsider his decision to admit the conversation as evidence if the defense could show authority for admission of such testimony.

Today Mr. House, of Patrick's counsel, said he had found such authority and was preparing a brief. Mr. Scheplin left the stand pending a settlement of the point, and Miss Potts, daughter of James R. Potts, a lawyer friend of Patrick, was called. She said she was at Patrick's boarding house on the afternoon of the day that Rice died. She met Mr. Elliot and Miss Mabel Elliot, of Chicago, and they all talked with Patrick, who did not leave the house between 3 and 6:30 o'clock that afternoon. Charles F. Jones, Rice's attendant and clerk, had testified that Patrick met him on the street at 5 p. m. that day and gave him the chloroform with which Rice was killed.

TREATIES

Affecting Tariff System Must Have Action of House.

Washington, March 17.—The senate committee on foreign relations has decided to again take up the reciprocity treaties which are before the senate, with a view to securing such amendments to them as will insure their ratification. There has long been contention on the part of the members of the house that because these treaties affect the tariff system they should be passed upon by the house as well as by the senate. The senate committee on foreign relations was not disposed to concede this point, but because the Dingley bill authorizing these commercial agreements contained a provision requiring the consent of the entire congress, the committee has now taken a position favorable to the house contention. This it has done in adopting the report prepared by its sub-committee, of which Senator Spooner is chairman.

This report recommends that each of the reciprocity conventions be amended so as to provide that it shall "take effect when approved by congress." The committee has acted upon this expression in a general way, but so far has made no effort to attach the amendment to any of the pending treaties. It is understood that the next step will be in this direction, and it is probable that the question will be taken up at the next regular meeting, to be held on Wednesday of this week.

Senator Aldrich, who has contended that the treaties should be considered in the light of tariff legislation, will be invited to appear before the committee and give his views on the subject. If the amendment is made to one of the treaties, it will be made to all of them, and to all agreements of the kind which may in the future be entered into under the provisions of the Dingley act.

The members of the committee on foreign relations are outspoken in their declaration that this concession does not in any way affect the treaty-making power of the president and the senate, which, they contend, is exclusive of the house, but a majority of the members say that as they voted for the Dingley bill, which contains the reciprocity clause, consistency on their part requires that they should insert this clause. They also say that their insertion of it will be a notice to all foreign powers that such provision will be required in all future reciprocity agreements.

AN ACTRESS SALVATIONIST

Will Make Atonement For Life of Levity.

Denver, Col., March 18.—Ruby Marion, woman cornetist, who closed an engagement in "The Telephone Girl" Saturday night, has renounced the stage for the Salvation Army. She says she will convert her jewels into funds for the good work. She declares the decision was due to a deep-rooted conviction that some atonement was due for a life of levity.

Though she once before had a predilection toward the religious, her announcement has caused some astonishment among her fellow actors.

In addition to her jewels, which she carries with her, she has a bank account which runs up into the large figures. Then she has her own home in New York city.

TROUBLE CONTINUES.

The Militia May Be Called Back to Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., March 17.—Troops which have been on duty during the strike of the street car men, left for their homes this morning. It is thought by many that it will be necessary to recall them. The first trouble following the withdrawal of the troops occurred on the Ocean View line. A rock was tied to a trolley wire and when the car passed at high speed it was thrown against the windows and the passengers were cut by glass. Eighteen union men returned to work this morning. If there is trouble tonight, the militia will be returned and held until the disturbance ceases.

DAUGHTER LIKE FATHER.

Almost Incredible Strength of Girl Infant.

Boston, March 18.—The neighboring city of Malden boasts of having a phenomenon in the person of little Gladys Martyn, who is a marvel of strength and endurance. She is the daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Sedgwick Martyn; and is only 2 years and 10 months old. The child is perfectly developed and her strength is due mostly to the way in which she was brought up. When only a few days old her father, who is pastor of the First Unitarian church, began to try tests upon her and has continued them daily, making them more severe as she grew older. Her father holds the single arm record of the world and holds the record today of this country for heavy lifting. At Columbia college he held the amateur record for short distance running.

The girl has inherited in many respects the strength of her father. One of her feats is to lie prostrate on the floor and allow her father, who weighs 176 pounds, to stand upon her abdomen. She can stand upon her head for an indefinite time and is a wonderful contortionist. With her head on the edge of one chair and her heels on another, she lies inert between them and holds a thirty-pound weight on her abdomen. Her own weight is only thirty-four pounds. She can hang for almost an indefinite period by her toes or fingers.

THREE ITALIANS DROWNED.

Spring Valley, March 17.—Four Italians, Barney Baimi, Vincent Taro, William Lingi and Ernest Cito, attempted to cross the Illinois river at this point at midnight in a skiff. The boat capsized in mid-stream and all but Cito were drowned. The bodies have not been recovered.

RATE WAR

Will Be Renewed With Opening of Navigation.

Chicago, March 17.—Steamers will begin running across Lake Michigan tomorrow, and with this opening of navigation will come a renewal of the war for through traffic to Grand Rapids.

One line has announced a reduction in its fare from Chicago to Grand Haven of 50 per cent. By the new tariff the fare will be $1 each way, as compared with $2.25 for many years past. This makes the lake and rail rate to Grand Rapids $1.50, said to be about the cheapest transportation in the United States.

TRAIN STRUCK CAR.

Accident In Milwaukee Results In Injury to Several.

Milwaukee, March 17.—In a collision between the Pioneer Limited from Chicago and a Howell avenue car at the Kinnikinnick avenue crossing, the following passengers were injured, but none fatally: The most seriously injured were: Mrs. F. W. Kaiser, Kinnikinnick avenue, knee cap broken; a 2-year-old daughter of Mrs. Kaiser, bruised about the body; Miss Emily Wurster, 499 Hanover street, a scalp wound; Miss R. Bartholoneuf, leg broken.

The others only suffered slight cuts and bruises.

A bad complexion never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gains a healthy satin skin. 25c.



Phew! Salts and Castor Oil!

Why take sickening salts or repulsive castor oil? "Goes through you like a dose of salts" means violence, grips, gripes, gases, soreness, irritation, and leaves your stomach and bowels weak and burnt out. Might just as well take concentrated lye. Then there's castor oil, disgusting, nauseating truck that your stomach refuses unless you disguise the taste. Fool your own stomach, eh? Don't ever believe that anything offensive to your taste or smell is going to do you real good. Nature makes certain things repulsive, so you will *not* take them. Force yourself to nauseous doses, and you ruin your digestion, weaken your bowels, destroy your health. On the other hand see what a delightful, palatable, perfect modern laxative, liver regulator and bowel tonic you find in



Cascarets Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. Genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 536



For the Little Ones

Be Careful in the use of Cough Medicines for Children's Coughs and Colds.

Many analyses of cheap cough mixtures and cough and throat lozenges have clearly proven that a large proportion of them contain opiates.

The temporary relief which these cheap medicines often give in coughs and colds, especially with the little children, is because the opiate, by destroying the nerve sensation, the irritation in the throat, which causes the cough, is temporarily removed, but the real cause of the cold is not in any way removed by the opiate and will promptly return.

The best thing to use to remove the catarrhal secretion which causes the cold, the hoarseness and irritating cough, is a new preparation composed of antiseptics like Eucalyptol, Red Gum of Eucalyptus tree, Blood Root, etc., under name of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, which contain no opiate, cocaine or poisonous drug of any sort.

A mother living in Charleston, Mass., the happy possessor of four children, writes: "Every fall and winter I have laid in a stock of cough medicines, croup mixtures, and throat remedies for my little children, for somehow or other they never seemed to be free from colds, croup or sore throat.

"This fall I made a change in the usual program. I had myself been cured of an obstinate catarrh, from which I had suffered for years, by Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and as they were pleasant to take I determined to try them with my children. Our family physician told me he knew them to be perfectly safe and nothing better could be taken. So I gave them to the children and have continued to do so ever since, whenever there is the least sign of croup or sore throat, and I no longer dread the approach of cold weather as I once did.

"Stuart's Catarrh Tablets not only cured me of chronic nasal and throat catarrh, but they have saved me many an anxious night with my little ones."

Mr. A. R. Fernbank of Columbus, Ohio, says: "I suffered so many winters from Catarrh that I took it as a matter of course, and that nothing would cure it except a change of climate, which my business affairs would not permit me to take.

"My nostrils were almost always clogged up, and I had to breathe through the mouth, causing an inflamed, irritated throat. The thought of eating breakfast often nauseated me and the catarrh gradually getting into my stomach, took away my appetite and digestion.

"My druggist advised me to try a 50 cent box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, because he said he had so many customers who had been cured of catarrh by the use of these tablets, and he felt he could honestly recommend them. I took his advice and used several boxes with results that surprised and delighted me.

"I always keep a box of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets in the house and the whole family use them freely on the first appearance of a cough or cold in the head.

"With our children we think there is nothing so safe and reliable as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets to ward off croup and colds, and with older people I have known of cases where the hearing had been seriously impaired by chronic catarrh cured entirely by this new remedy."

People who have used sprays, inhalers, salves, and washes for catarrh and have found how useless they are, will be agreeably surprised at the results following the use of a pleasant internal remedy in tablet form. Druggists everywhere admit that Stuart's Tablets, which they sell at 50 cents per package, is the safest, most effective and popular of all catarrh remedies.

DENIES LIABILITY.

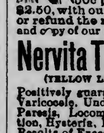
New York, March 17.—The government of the state of Matto Grosso declares that it does not owe any money to German capitalists, reports a Buenos Ayres dispatch to the Herald. The German minister will go to Minas Geraes to look into the question. A newspaper of Rio Janeiro has published an article violently attacking Germany.

WIRELESS TELEPHONY.

Lexington, Ky., March 17.—The inventor of wireless telephony, Nathan Stubblefield, has gone to Washington, where he will give a public demonstration of his invention on the Potomac river on Thursday. The first demonstration given by Stubblefield was six weeks ago at Murray. If successful in the Washington experiment, Mr. Stubblefield will attempt a longer distance by sea.

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.
60 PILLS 50 CTS.



Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT an application has been made to me by Olaus Tenning, under the provisions of Chapter 42, General Statutes of 1878, and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed to so much of lots seventy-one (71) and seventy-three (73), West Perry street, in that part of Duluth, formerly called Portland, St. Louis county, Minnesota, as lies within the limits of lot eight (8), block one hundred twenty-six (126), in Portland division of Duluth, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof. Said application will be heard before me at the court house, in the City of Duluth, in said county, upon Saturday, the 29th day of March, A. D. 1902, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time and place all persons claiming such portions of said lots, or any right, title or interest in them or any of them, are hereby summoned and required to attend to establish their right to receive a deed to the portions of said lots above described, or to make any objection they may have to the granting of said application.

And it is ordered that notice of such application and hearing be given to all parties in interest by the publication hereof in the Duluth Evening Herald, once in each week for three successive weeks before said day of hearing.

HOMER B. DIBELL,
Judge of the District Court of the Eleventh Judicial District of Minnesota.
Dated March 3, A. D., 1902.
Duluth Evening Herald March 4-11-18, 1902.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. P. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

HOSE BIDS WANTED.

Office of Board of Fire Commissioners, City Hall, Duluth, March 13th, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received at this office up to and including Friday, March 21, 1902, at 5 o'clock p. m., for the furnishing of the fire department of the city of Duluth with three thousand (3000) feet of steam fire engine hose, two and one-half inches external diameter, fitted with automatic expansion ring couplings, Higbee patent thread.

Hose to be delivered within thirty (30) days from date of award of contract, f. o. b. cars at Duluth.

Any proposition represented by an agent will be rejected. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS,
By HARRY NESBITT,
Secretary.
Duluth Evening Herald, March17-18-19-1902

"Figprune Cereal"
consists of 54 per cent fruit and 46 per cent grain. Makes a highly nutritious and pleasant table beverage for both big and little folks.
ALL GROCERS SELL IT.

MORTGAGE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of eight hundred fourteen and 40-100 dollars ($814.40) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Andrew J. Taylor and Eva Taylor, his wife, mortgagors, to James McLaury, mortgagee, bearing date March 2, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on March 3, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 125 of mortgages, on page 23.

Said mortgage and the debt secured thereby, were duly assigned in writing April 9, 1897, by Mary McLaury, administratrix of the estate of said James McLaury, deceased, to T. B. Wilson, treasurer of No. 9 Church, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 22, 1897, in Book 147 of mortgages, page 41.

Said mortgage and the debt secured thereby were duly assigned in writing by said T. B. Wilson, treasurer of No. 9 Church, to the undersigned William B. Forster, June 1st, 1900, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, February 19, 1902, in Book 189 of mortgages, page 35.

Notice is given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises which are situated in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows:

Lot one hundred eighty-three (183) of block forty-one (41), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Said sale will be made by the sheriff of said county at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, on the 9th day of April, 1902, at the front door of the county court house of said county, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said debt of eight hundred fourteen and 40-100 dollars ($814.40), and fifty dollars ($50.00) attorney's fees, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Feb'y 19, 1902.
WILLIAM B. FORSTER,
Assignee of Mortgage.
S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-25-March-4 11-18-25-April-1—1902.



TEETH WITHOUT PLATES

MODERN DENTISTRY.
We Do As We Advertise.
We can make to fit a full set of the BEST teeth for $10, and no extra charge for extracting.
Gold Filling, up from $1.50
Silver Filling, up from 75c
Gold Crown, 22-k ..... $7.00 | Porcelain crowns $8.00
Consultation Free and All Work Warranted. Open Sundays, 10 to 12.
Johnson & Kaake, MESABA BLOCK, 400 West Superior Street. Zenith Phone 168.

SAME AS CHICAGO

Council Adopts Wine Room Regulation In Vogue There.

This Was Accepted as Compromise For Other Ordinance.

Lively Debate Precedes the Adoption of the Substitute.

The council last night:

Passed a compromise substitute semi-wine room ordinance.

Received good bids for sale of $60,000 worth of bonds.

Received notice of two more appointments made by mayor.

Received appointment of standing committees for year.

Called for estimate to improve Twenty-Second avenue east.

Asked for further extension of West Duluth street car line.

Asked cause of delay in repairing Sixth avenue west viaduct.

Instructed city attorney to protect city in tax assignments.

Introduced new franchise ordinance for Highland Canal company.

* * *

A semi-wine room ordinance instead of an anti-wine room measure was passed.

The reform aldermen had to choose between a compromise and complete defeat.

They agreed to a compromise, and the Chicago ordinance was substituted for that of Minneapolis.

The original ordinance was to abolish wine rooms. The substitute permits them providing they are always open in front.

The substitute simply prohibits doors, screens, or draperies at the entrance of wine rooms, so that all of the inside of the booth may be seen from the interior of the saloon.

The ordinance was introduced by Alderman Krumsieg of the Second ward. Prior to the meeting it was understood that the substitute would be adopted without debate.

Some person overlooked this agreement and the debate was one of the most interesting ever heard in the council chamber.

Alderman Neff of the Fourth ward made a vigorous and determined fight against the substitute. He said:

"Gentlemen, the ordinance as originally drawn should be passed and not this substitute. While I am not opposed to the sale of intoxicating liquors, I must say that 90 per cent of the crime and poverty can be traced to saloons. The treating system is responsible for nine-tenths of he drunkenness in our American cities, and these wine rooms certainly encourage treating. As far as public sentiment will sustain us I think we should eliminate the evil.

"Now, as to the statement that abolishing wine rooms would do away with any personal privileges, I want to say that the people that would be most inconvenienced by the removal of those places constitute the army of young men from whom our thieves, embezzlers and drunkards are recruited.

"Some of you may think this is a singular position for me to take, but my professional duties every day convince me of the fact that in abolishing wine rooms we will decrease crime and poverty in this community.

"Last Monday night after the council meeting I had to go out in search of some evidence in a law suit. In getting this I walked into a Superior street saloon after 12 o'clock, and there were twelve or fifteen women in the wine rooms."

* * *

Alderman Mannheim of the Third ward followed Alderman Neff with a rather startling speech against the ordinance. He said:

"I for one am opposed to putting myself on record as voting for a farce. We already have enough laws for the regulation of saloons if they were only enforced.

"No decent woman will go into a saloon, and consequently any woman caught in one should be arrested.

"The other day there was a meeting here of friends of this ordinance. They held up their hands in holy horror at the thought of its defeat. Yet if we passed the ordinance tonight these same people would simply say we did our duty and would not raise a hand to help us enforce it.

"What we need is the enforcement of our present laws. It is of no use to say that the police do not know what is going on. If this ordinance is passed it will only open up another avenue leading to a little rake-off.

"There was a fellow running a little blind pig down on Minnesota Point. I am informed that under Chief Hansen he only had to pay $20 a month for protection, but the next chief wanted $90 and he had to close up.

"The greatest curse we have in this city today is not the wine rooms that are supposed to be tempting children, but women that have not time to stay home and take care of their children, and want this council to pass ordinances taking care of them for them."

* * *

Alderman Moore then joined in the debate, saying:

"I believe most sincerely that we should pass the original ordinance. The wine room evil has not a friend that has yet dared to come out openly and defend it. The reason is that no man cares to publicly defend that which pollutes the youth and is detrimental to society.

"Business men, professional men, working men, fathers and mothers from every class have come out boldly and spoken in favor of this ordinance.

"The argument of the alderman from the Third ward (Mannheim) that the ordinance would not be enforced will not hold. The council will see to it that the ordinance is enforced."

* * *

Alderman Krumsieg then secured the floor and replied briefly to Alderman Neff's argument, saying:

"While it is true that a good many people spend more money in saloons than they should, yet it is absurd to say that 90 per cent of the poverty and crime come through the saloons.

"I also beg leave to differ with the Fourth ward alderman as to social life in saloons. Poor men without homes to enjoy themselves in find in the saloon what the rich man finds in his club.

"If disreputable women are allowed in any saloons, then I am in favor of dealing with the proprietor of that saloon very summarily, but why should a man that is conducting a decent business be penalized for the action of a man that is conducting a disorderly place?

"This council might be a little more particular about granting licenses if it wants to institute a reform in this saloon business.

"Another point I desire to direct your attention to is the fact that the saloon interests have certain vested rights. They have gone to a great expense in putting in those booths. We would accept $1000 for one day granting them a license to conduct their business for a year, and then the next day seek to tear out thousands of dollars' worth of property. That scarcely seems just, unless the saloon is improperly conducted."

Alderman Neff was recognized again and attacked Mr. Krumsieg's stand with statistics.

"The Second ward alderman differs from me when I try to fix the appropriation of 90 per cent of crime and poverty on saloons," said he.

"I happen to know that 40,000 barrels of beer were consumed in Duluth last year. This beer retails at $20 a barrel making $800,000 spent for beer alone.

"Saloon men tell me that 50 per cent of their sales are beer and from this it is evident that $1,600,000 was spent in Duluth last year for intoxicating drinks.

"In this city there are 10,000 males of 21 and over so that each one of our voting population must have spent $160 for intoxicants on an average.

"Outside of ten saloons which are supported exclusively by business men all the rest of the saloons get 25 per cent of their patronage from laboring men—the men that can least afford this. It takes just that much money out of the grocery bill and the home.

"I do not claim that this wine room ordinance is going to bring about a revolutionary reform, but it will be an important step in the right direction.

"The alderman from the Second ward must admit, as will all thinking men, that the saloon as it is now conducted is a nuisance—a place where crime and poverty is fomented.

"So far as Alderman Mannheim's argument is concerned, the fact that parents neglect their children is no reason why we should let snares be set to catch them.

"If we pass this ordinance we do not delegate the power of enforcing it. We enforce it ourselves by not renewing the license of any man that violates it.

"As for vested rigths of the saloon interests, they have no vested rigths that we are bound to observe to the detriment of the people of Duluth."

* * *

Alderman Moore called on the city clerk to read a newspaper clipping on the effect of the Minneapolis ordinance. Mayor Ames according to the clipping, had said that from 150 to 200 women had left Minneapolis on account of enforcing the wine room ordinance.

* * *

Alderman Krumsieg said that introducing thisc lipping seemed to insinuate that there were people in Duluth willing to have women in saloons. "It is not necessary to pass this ordinance to stop that practice," said he.

He also characterized the protection of the young men as a stock argument and said there was not half as much drunkenness among the poorer class of young men frequenting saloons as there were among the richer class of young men that enjoyed club life.

* * *

Alderman Swenson, of the Eighth ward, spoke very briefly and earnestly in favor of the original ordinance.

* * *

Alderman Barnes, of the ordinance committee, then took part in the debate.

"When this ordinance was up before us the first time, I opposed it because I did not know just how far the public would support us and further for the reason that many seemed to think the motives of the author of the original ordinance were not above suspicion. I urged a more comprehensive consideration.

"Now I feel that Mr. Cromwell in presenting the original ordinance had the welfare of the city and not political revenge at heart, and that he was much closer in touch with public sentiment than any of us were at that time.

"The people do not get out so unanimously for things that are not needed as they do on this measure.

"All legislation is a great deal of compromise, however, and as I understand it this substitute ordinance is offered that some action may be taken in the right direction. The council stands 8 to 8 on the ordinance before us and there has to be a give somewhere."

* * *

Alderman Cullum said: "I cannot quite understand how we can conscientiously accept $1000 for a saloon man as a guarantee of good faith and license and then tomorrow confiscate his property. I will support the substitute, but I will further agree to refuse a license to any man that has twelve or fifteen women in his wine rooms as the alderman from the Fourth has said."

* * *

Alderman Neff secured the floor for the third time simply to express his belief that the substitute ordinance was not worth the paper it was written on.

* * *

The vote was then taken substituting the Chicago ordinance presented by Mr. Krumsieg for the Minneapolis ordinance originally introduced by Alderman Cromwell. The substitute was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas—9.	
Cullum,	Kern,
Krumsieg,	McEwen,
Mannheim,	Tessman,
Tischer,	Trevillion.
Wing,	
Nays—6.	
Barnes,	Moore,
Neff,	Olson,
Swenson,	Haven.

Alderman Schaeffer of the Sixth ward was not present.

* * *

The vote was then taken on the final passage of the ordinance as amended by the resolution.

Alderman Moore, Alderman Swenson and Alderman Haven switched over with the majority, seeing that furhter opposition might injure what had already been accomplished. The final vote was:

Yeas—12.	
Cullum,	Kern,
Krumsieg,	McEwen,
Mannheim,	Moore,
Swenson,	Tessman,
Tischer,	Trevillion,
Wing,	Haven.
Nays—3.	
Barnes,	Neff.
Olson,	

The ordinance, if signed by the mayor, will go in effect on May 1. It will not cause any wild excitement in saloon circles, as it will only require the taking down of curtains in most instances.

However, the restaurant feature of the ordinance may cause some feeling. It provides that no intoxicating liquors shall be sold in any restaurant to a party of less than three persons unless all of the party are of the same sex. This is something of a blow at one of the largest Bohemian restaurants in town and is likely to be fought if enforced strictly.

* * *

An issue of $60,000 worth of bonds was to have ben sold last night. The bonds are 4 per cent 30-year securities for the purpose of replenishing the construction fund of the water and light department. The bids were received, but the issue will not be awarded till next Monday night.

John Pengilly, of Tower, offered the largest premium for the bonds. He bid for $10,000, offering a premium of $280, which would be equal to $1200 for the entire issue. The accompanying check of Mr. Pengilly was not a national bank as required and was not certified and there was therefore some question about his qualifying.

N. J. Upham & Co., of this city, offered to take the entire issue at a premium of $610.

E. H. Gay & Co., of Boston, offered a premium of $378 on the entire issue.

The First National bank, of this city, offered a premium of $100 on the entire issue, and the Modern Samaritans offered to take $5000 worth at par.

* * *

Mayor Hugo notified the council that he had appointed Charles T. Fitzsimmons a member of the board of fire commissioners for a period of three years.

Another communication announced the reappointment of Henry Nesbitt as private secretary to the mayor. Neither of these appoinments require confirmation.

* * *

President Haven announced the following standing committees for the coming year:

Auditing—Tessman, Krumsieg and McEwen.

Bridges and viaducts—Schaffer, Neff and Tischer.

City property, buildings and markets—Mannheim, Swenson and Olson.

Claims—Moore, Kern and Schaffer.

Drains, sewers and parks—Olson, McEwen and Cullum.

Finance—Krumsieg, Barnes and Mannheim.

Fire department—Wing, Olson and Krumsieg.

Harbors, docks and ferries—Kern, Mannheim and Neff.

Light and water—Neff, Wing and Swenson.

Offices and elections—Swenson, Cullum and Barnes.

Ordinances and resolutions—McEwen, Moore and Wing.

Police and license—Trevillion, Tischer and Kern.

Purchasing and supplies—Tischer, Trevillion and Tessman.

Railroads, telephones and telegraph lines—Cullum, Schaffer and Trevillion.

Streets, alleys and sidewalks—Barnes, Tessman and Moore.

* * *

Alderman Cullum secured the adoption of a resolution calling for an estimate of the cost of improving Twenty-second avenue east from Superior street to First street.

* * *

Alderman Swenson presented a resolution authorizing negotiations with the street railway company for an extension to the proposed Grand avenue extension of the West Third street line to Fairmount Park.

Under the order of the court the street car company is to build out Grand avenue to Sixtieth avenue west. Mr. Swenson desires the extension to Seventy-first avenue west. The resolution was adopted.

* * *

Alderman McEwen secured the adoption of a resolution calling for an inquiry as to the cause of delay in making repairs to the Sixth avenue west viaduct. The resolution also called for temporary repairs immediately if permanent repairs were found impossible at this time. The resolution was adopted.

* * *

Alderman McEwen also introduced a resolution giving city employes a Saturday half holiday all the year. This was amended so as to give the half holiday from May 1 to Oct. 1.

* * *

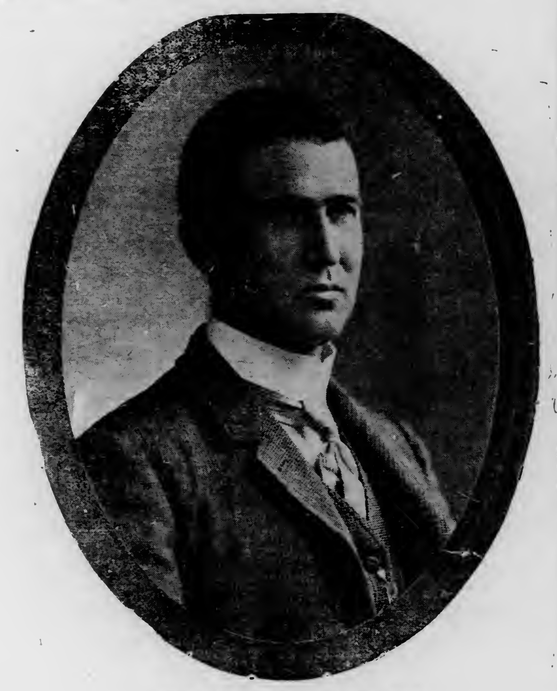
A resolution was adopted calling attention of the conference committee and the board of fire commissioners to the necessity of enlarging No. 2 fire hall next year, and advising them to plan the coming year's business accordingly. This is a matter carefully looked after by Alderman Olson.

* * *

There is a considerable amount of city property which the county has assigned for taxes. The city has acquired title to much of this land by virtue of the expiration of the period of redemption of certain assessments. The city attorney was instructed to carefully look after the interests of the city in this assignment made by the county.

* * *

Allerman Wing introduced another ordinance granting a 25-year franchise to the Highland Canal and Power company. It, however, simply rectified technical errors made in the firsa ordinance. It was referred to the committee on ordinances.



CITY CLERK H. W. CHEADLE.

BENEFICIAL.

Heavy Snowfall Means Much to the Farming Regions.

The tremendous snowfall of last Saturday and Sunday throughout the Northwest is temporarily causing much trouble through the blockading of trains and the consequent delay of traffic, but it will be of incalculable benefit to the farming region. The ground had been cleared of snow and well softened by the warm weather that preceded it. This snow will thoroughly moisten the soil when it runs off after the thaw comes, and the immense volume of water created thereby will put the land in magnificent condition for spring seeding and the sprouting of grain.

IS GOING WEST.

J. B. Cotton to Visit Some Time In California.

General Solicitor Cotton, of the Duluth & Iron Range and Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroads, expects to leave in a few days for California to join Mrs. Cotton, who is already there. It is said that Mr. Cotton intends to remain on the coast five or six weeks, unless business should compel his earlier return.

It is believed that Mr. Cotton's intention to carry out his original plans for a short vacation indicates that the Steel corporation interests have concluded that Governor Van Sant will not attempt to carry out his threatened attack on the merger of the two roads. Nothing further has been heard of the state administration's plans in the matter, and as far as can be learned no action has been taken.

It is quite generally believed that the supposed merger of the two range railroads is farther beyond the reach of the governor under existing laws and constitutions than the merger of the Northern and Burlington lines.

AMUSEMENTS.

SOUSA'S BAND.

More popular than ever is Sousa's band. Last evening it packed the Lyceum to the doors and the great audience fairly bubbled over with enthusiasm. And well it might for it was hearing the greatest band in America and probably in the world. Since Sousa was here last March he has conquered England, played before King Edward, delighting both himself and the queen, and received decorations from the royal hand. Honors come to him and his band wherever he goes, but he wears them easily and is the same pleasing conductor as before the achievement of his triumphs. There is an ease and dash about the leader and his band that are captivating.

The program was well selected and gave complete satisfaction. There was music for everybody; marches, waltzes, a touch of rag time, dainty suites, and for the lover of the Wagnerian, the excerpts from "Siegfried," a magnificent number magnificently rendered, bringing out in full measure the great power of the organization. A suite entitled "Maidens Three" by Sousa, was a delightful thing and caught favor. An overture from "Di Ballo," by Sullivan was very pleasing and the concluding number from "Scenes in Naples," by Massenet was splendid. A new march "The Invincible Eagle," by the "March King" himself, made a great hit. In this Sousa emp...ed the always effective variation of bringing the trombones and cornets to the front and fairly raising the roof with the volume of brass.

Encores were generally given and included marches, rag-time and music of the lighter vein.

Almost inseparably associated with the Sousa band is the name of Arthur Pryor, the remarkable young trombone player, and a concert without a solo by him would be a grievous disappointment. Sweeter tones never came from an instrument than he brings out of his, and it is small wonder that the audience fairly goes wild over the young man. Last evening he played "Love, Enchantment" a delightful number of his own composition. He gave "The Tale of the Kangaroo" and a drinking song for encores.

Miss Maud Reese Davies, the soprano, is a charming singer with a lyric voice that she controls remarkably. Her technique is brilliant. She sang an aria from "Traviata," by Verdi and a delightful laughing song for an encore.

Miss Dorothy Hoyle, the violinist, is a fine young player, her tone and technique being remarkably fine. She lacks somewhat in strength but rendered her numbers charmingly, playing Sarasate's famous "Zigeunerweisen," and a pleasing encore number.

Curling Games.

Two games in the Anderson medal contest were played last evening at the Duluth curling club rink and the scores were as follows:

R. Davis,	T. McGilvray,
A. C. Willcutts,	W. J. K. Osborne,
A. H. Smith,	Capt. McLennan,
R. Hoople—10.	Alex McRae—14.
E. E. Johnson,	W. H. Denham,
E. D. Field,	E. A. Forsythe,
G. W. Meldrum,	C. B. Woodruff,
C. F. West—11.	D. G. Cutler—5.

WRIGHT APPOINTED.

Des Moines, March 18.—Governor Cummins has appointed H. R. Wrigat state dairy commissioner, to succeed B. F. Norton. Mr. Wright is the present deputy. He resides in Delaware county.

DANGEROUS SURGERY

Should Be the Last Resort.

Many people suffer from piles, because after trying various lotions, salves and ointments without relief or cure, they come to the conclusion that a surgical operation is the last resort, and rather than submit to the shock and risk to life of an operation, prefer to suffed on; very often, however, the afflicted one is over persuaded to resort to the knife, and even though the operation is apparently successful, and there is complete recovery from the shock incident thereto, the result is invariably the same; the piles sooner or later return because their cause has not been removed. This result is a logical one, inasmuch as the knife removes the effects of the disease only, while the cause remains as before. There is claimed to be a remedy which does remove the cause, hence eradicating the disease, and that is the Pyramid Pile Cure; it is in the form of a suppository, is applied directly to the parts affected, and brings about a complete cure, quietly and painlessly. In this connection the testimony of Mr. John Cullen Bryant, the well known bookseller of Haverhill, Mass., is of unusual interest.

"I desire to contribute an unsolicited, but purely voluntary testimonial in favor of Pyramid Pile Cure. I have suffered for more than twenty years with hemorrhoids, and have consulted numerous physicians and expended a great deal of money for medicines that did me no good. I had often seen Pyramid Pile Cure advertised, but hesitated for months before buying same, thinking it a patent or quack remedy that had no merit; but having tried every other remedy prescribed I was finally persuaded one year ago, to try Pyramid Pile Cure. I bought a fifty-cent package at the drug store, and while I may not be permanently cured, the past year has been the only year of my life worth living during the past twenty years, and nothing but the Pyramid remedies have wrought this change. I offer this testimony for the benefit of suffering humanity."

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

Economy Is the Source of Wealth!

At this season of the year—at house-cleaning time—when there are so many new things to purchase—the word *economy* comes very strongly into every housekeeper's mind. Economy in buying—and how to make every penny go farthest. He who pays too much for a good thing loses something. He who pays little for trash loses ten times as much, for he has nothing at either end of the bargain. Here you will find no trash—all goods sold are good, yet the prices are always little and the *economies* always safe.

A Handsome—

Sideboard..



In golden oak finish—beveled plate mirror—large cupboard below—large linen drawer—two small drawers at top—good large board — handsomely decorated — a regular $14.50 article—

$12

Drapery Specials.

50 pairs Fish Net Curtains—white and ecru—with lace ruffles—regular $2.50 value—this week	$1.50
25 pairs ruffled fancy Muslin Curtains at less than cost of material—this week	$1.50
50 pairs ruffled White Muslin Curtains—special while they last—this week only	60c
25 pairs Japanese Printed Crepe Curtains—special for this sale at—per pair	$1.00
50 pairs double-faced French Tapestry Portieres, only one or two pairs of a kind—$6.50 and $9.00 values	$5.00
500 4-foot Poles and Trimmings for hanging lace and muslin curtains, oak and mahogany finish—while they last	10c

New goods are continually arriving in this department. If you are looking for something new and up to date in artistic home decoration we earnestly invite your inspection.

We Furnish Your Home Complete.

French & Bassett
DULUTH, MINN.

DAWSON.

The Reports of an Alleged Exodus Are Denied.

Vancouver, B. C., March 18.—The following dispatch has been received from Mayor McCauley, of Dawson, asking for its publication.

"Dawson, March 17.—Respecting the widespread reports published in the newspapers of the United States and Canada, of an alleged exodus of the people from Dawson City, and of alleged business panic in the city in the heart of the Yukon district, United States Consul Sayler has today authorized the following statement:

"There is absolutely no truth whatever in the rumors published. This office has been in touch with nearly all the people who have left for lower river points, and the number who have gone this winter is about the same as in previous years. The statement that a business panic prevails in Dawson and that the miners are deserting the creeks is also entirely false. From personal investigation I am able to say that the business men of the community have the utmost confidence in the future of Dawson."

MGR. FALCONIO

Most Likely to Succeed Martinelli at Washington.

New York, March 18.—The scramble to be apostolic delegate at Washington continues, says a dispatch from Rome to the Tribune, as it is equal to the four largest European nunciatures, the occupants of which leave their offices only to become cardinals. Among the candidates to succeed Mgr. Martinelli, it is now confirmed on highest authority, Mgr. Falconio will be chosen. As the pope was receiving the Most Rev. L. N. Begin, the archbishop of Quebec, he is quoted as having said:

"The apostolic delegate at Ottawa will soon leave you, but will stay on your side of the world, going to Washington."



Our patrons appreciate its high quality.

Bottled at the Brewery.

FRED MILLER BREWING CO., Milwaukee, Wis.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent. Both 'Phones. 27 Railroad St.

Facts About the Pioneer Limited.

The Pioneer Limited trains (two trains) were built by the Milwaukee road for service between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago in 1899 at a cost of $250,000.

The cars composing these trains are the finest ever built for regular passenger travel, and the inauguration of the service marked an epoch in American railroading.

In construction the cars are massive and substantial in the extreme, and in interior finish rich and pleasing. Each train is made up of buffet, library smoking car, private compartment sleeping car, standard sleepers, reclining chair car and standard coaches. The general effect of the entire interior is to enchant the eye, satisfy the artistic sense and appeals to the feeling of comfort and security.

The trains are lighted by electricity (each sleeping berth has an electric reading lamp), and equipped with every modern device making for the convenience and safety of the traveler.

By reason of the fact that the equipment was constructed with reference exclusively to the tunnels and bridges on the Milwaukee's Chicago line, which are of unusual height and width, the cars are of extraordinary dimensions and the sleeping berths longer, higher and wider than are to be found anywhere else in the United States.

The Pioneer Limited runs every day in the year between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago, leaving either end of the line in the evening, arriving at destination next morning. No extra fare is charged on these trains.

The Pioneer Limited is known as the famous train of the world.

Who Has Hurts?

In all probability the prize fighter and the ball player get a very fair share of scratches; bruises; sprains; strains; lame, sore and stiff muscles. Undoubtedly these men are in a position to know of the merits of a remedy for such ailments and their words should have weight and authority for they speak from extensive personal experience.

That Greene's Infallible Liniment is used satisfactorily on man and horse in training as a "rub out;" that it quickly cures the bruises of the pugilist and ball player; the strains, sprains, chafes, swellings, lameness and muscle soreness of the bicyclist and the race horse; the hurts of childhood and the accidents and ills of everyday life; is attested by the following:

"The rub-out is great stuff. I like it better than anything I ever used." Bob Fitzsimmons.

"I have used Greene's Liniment on my horses, shall never be without it." W. A. Pinkerton (Detective).

"The best preparation for training purposes. Keeps the muscles from hardening and relieves all soreness and stiffness." Jos. B. Choynski (Pugilist.)

"I find it valuable for bruises, sprains and sore muscles. It is an excellent conditioner." Jas. J. Corbett.

"Directly, 2:08¼, would never have been able to start in '99 if I hadn't used Greene's Liniment. It kept his legs sound and clean all season. I also used it on Tommy Britton, 2:06; Ollie Noyes, 2:05¼; Sherman Clay, 2:05¾; Lord Roseberry, 2:10¾; Hartford, Jr., 2:11¾. I am certain that much of the success of these horses was due to Greene's Liniment." Geo. West (Trainer and Driver).

"As a family remedy it is invaluable." J. B. Jackson.

"In my family it has been used with perfectly satisfactory results." G. F. Moore (Auditor, C. & A. R. R.)

In thousands of homes throughout the land Greene's Infallible Liniment is a "stand-by" that is confidently and satisfactorily used by old and young. There is only one thing more convincing than the testimony of others, that is actual personal experience, then of yourself you know. This great antiseptic healing remedy that will subdue acute pain in a very few minutes and quickly overcome inflammation and swelling is sold for 25 and 50 cents a bottle. A large size at one dollar is put up for stable use.

All the best druggists keep Greene's Infallible Liniment. Accept no substitute. There is no other liniment that is like it or "just as good." The makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, Ill., will send a large free sample upon request and 10cts. to cover the cost of mailing.



Miss Elizabeth Hesselman, Treasurer of the Neenah, Wis., Schiller Club, Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Stopped Her Monthly Suffering and Improved Her General Health.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was always a healthy girl until about a year ago when I caught a severe cold coming home from a party. For months after that I was very irregular and suffered severe pains for a day or two. I lost flesh and strength, and became alarmed. My mother procured a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** for me, and I began to take it faithfully. I soon found that my general health improved, and within a couple of months I became regular to a day, and suffered no further pain, and several of my friends have been helped through its use since."—ELIZABETH HESSELMAN, 129 First St., Neenah, Wis.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address Lynn, Mass.

PRINCELY DIVIDEND

Six Million Dollars Paid to John D. Rockefeller Saturday.

That Amount His Share of Standard Oil Dividend.

William Rockefeller Received Three Millions For His Share.

New York, March 18.—When John D. Rockefeller looked at his bank book last Saturday after it had come back from the National City bank he found there an entry showing that his account had been increased by a deposit of something more than $6,000,000. The entry was made in the usual way, just as when an ordinary man makes an ordinary deposit of, say, $25, and the clerk didn't faint when he handled the check which represented a fortune beyond the dreams of most persons.

Mr. Rockefeller's check was only a part of $20,000,000 quarterly dividend paid Saturday by the Saandard Oil company, and the handling of millions is a common, everyday occurrence in the National City bank.

In fact, the bank is paying out the whole dividend, which represents 20 per cent of the Standard Oil company's vast capital, to say nothing of a paltry million and a half, the regular dividend of the Consolidated Gas company. Much of the money was simply transferred from the corporation's account to other accounts in the bank, for many of the large stockholders bank with the National City, but other banks come in for a good share of what might be called "the velvet."

Just what Mr. Rockefeller's check called for is known only to him, the officers of the corporation and the bank, but his Standard Oil holdings, according to authorities in Wall street, amount to about $30,000,000. William Rockefeller, his brother, is credited with owning about half this amount. His check, according to this, was $3,000,000.

Clerks in the employ of the Standard Oil company, at No. 26 Broadway, were busy for days making out the checks for the fortunate stockholders, and postmen Saturday carried several million dollars in their sacks to the general postoffice. They did not carry the actual money, of course, but every check was as good as gold, just as any other obligation of the Standard Oil company which bear the signature of John D. Rockefeller.

Among those whose dividend checks would keep the wolf from the door for a lifetime, aside from the Rockefellers, are Alexander McDonald, of Cincinnati, now traveling in Egypt; Henry M. Flagler, H. H. Rogers, J. D. Archbold, W. H. Tilford, C. M. Pratt and Oliver H. Payne. These men are the largest holders in Standard Oil stock, but there are thousands of others.

Standard Oil holdings are scattered all over the country, and a large batch of checks sent out were addressed to persons in Cleveland and Cincinnati. Many persons hold a single share, while the owners of small blocks of less than ten are very numerous. But holders of one share were remembered as well as the Rockefellers, and many $20 checks are now being carried over the country in the mails.

So as to have the $21,500,000 clear to distribute to the shareholders of the Standard Oil and Consolidated Gas companies entitled to dividends, the National City bank has called in many of its loans, and in the process of the transfer of these canceled obligations to other institutions, rates for call money ran up to 5 per cent.

Of the Consolidated Gas company's dividend, the lion's share went to William Rockefeller, James Stillman, president of the National City bank; Thomas F. Ryan and George F. Baker, president of the First National bank, who represents the bank's interests. John D. Rockefeller is not credited with being largely interested in the stock, though the exact amount of his holdings is not known. Though so many millions of dollars changed hands Saturday, no one would have known it from a casual visit to the National City bank. Mr. Rockefeller did not go to the bank and carry away any valises stuffed with money. Business is not done in that way, and the only work connected with the transfer falls upon the shoulders of the bank clerks, some of whom toiled late at night over their books.

MAKING SKEPTICS

Our Duluth Readers Are No Exception.

Suffering year after year with a bad back, with annoying and dangerous urinary troubles, failing to find a remedy to end their misery, it is no wonder people become skeptics. It is not surprising if they doubt the testimonials they read from people cured, who live in far-away places. There is no room for doubt, however, when the testimony comes from citizens of Duluth. Read this case:

Mr. J. B. Robinson, residing at Highland Park, office 502 Palladio building, says: "I can highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone troubled with backache or kidney complaint. For ten or twelve years I was a great sufferer from kidney remedies, designed for the kidneys, but did not receive any material benefit. The kidney secretions were very irregular and unnatural. I could not rest well at night, and in the morning felt used up. I was advised to give Doans' Kidney Pills a trial, got them at W. A. Abbett's drug store and used them with the most satisfactory results. They well merit the high esteem in which they are held generally."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

ATTEMPT TO KILL

Pastor of the German Lutheran Church at Elizabeth N. J.

Knocked on the Head and Stabbed In the Chest.

Police Believe Would-Be Assassins Were Italian Anarchists.

Elizabeth, N. J., March 18.—An attempt was made to kill the Rev. Mr. Houst, pastor of the German Lutheran church of this place Sunday night. The police believe the would-be assassins were Italian anarchists. After the shooting of President McKinley, Mr. Houst preached a sermon in which he denounced the anarchists and declared they should be driven from the country. On Nov. 28 last his son, Ivan, mysteriously disappeared and the minister subsequently received threatening letters in which it was said the boy was in hell and that the father also would be sent there. Some weeks ago his little daughter was met on the street by a young man, who tried to entice her into a house, but she began to cry, attracting the attention of passersby and the man took fright and hurried away.

Sunday night Mr. Houst heard steps on the porch of his home and he went out to investigate. As he did so, he was knocked down by a blow on the head with some kind of a blunt instrument. While he was prostrate, one of his assailants knelt on his chest, threw a cloth over his face and shoved it into his mouth as a gag, with one hand, while with the other he drove a knife into the minister's chest, inflicting a deep wound. The wounded man was found by his wife and a physician was called. He found that the knife wound was slight, but that the blow on the head had caused serious injury. There is no clew to the assailants.

SENT A POSTAL.

Miss Stone Writes a Brief Note to Her Mother.

Boston, March 18.—A postal card from Miss Ellen M. Stone, the missionary to Bulgarla, was received by her mother yesterday, it being the first message by mail by her since her release. She writes:

"Salonica, Feb. 28.—By own blessed Mother: With all my heart I thank God for the opportunity to write once more. Mrs. Tsilka, baby Elenchine and I are pretty well, and full of happiness and thankfulness to be free. All our friends are so much rejoiced that we can but marvel at the strong bonds which make all hearts one, the earth round. With love to all friends, your daughter,

"ELLEN M. STONE."

The American board received a postal card today from the Rev. F. B. Haskell, of Salonica, dated March 1, which says: "Ransomed captives seem remarkably well. Miss Stone is troubled some by a knee which was hurt by a stumble the very night she was liberated. It does not seem very serious, however. Four British ships are here now, which increases missionary work."

PLACE FOR FUNSTON.

Will Succeed MacArthur In Department of Colorado.

Washington, March 18.—The statutory retirement of Gen. Otis on the 25th inst. will create the commands of the military departments of the lakes at Chicago and of Dakota at St. Paul. Maj. Gen. Arthur MacArthur now at Denver, in command of the department of the Colorado, will be transferred to Chicago and Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, now in this city on leave of absence, will succeed Gen. MacArthur in command of the department of the Colorado. Brig. Gen. W. A. Kobbe, who is also in this city on leave, will be assigned to command the department of the Dakotas.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

To prevent the dissipation in legal warfare of a large part of the wealth left by George F. Gilman, the tea merchant, the heirs have practically agreed to an immediate settlement of all claims.

Clevel foot work and constant holding while in trouble was all that saved Eddy Lenny, of Philadelphia, from being knocked out by Benny Yanger at the American club, Chicago. Yanger forced the fighting from the start and easily gained the decision at the end of six rounds as fast fighting as ever was witnessed in Chicago.

Gen. John B. Gorden fell in front of the Grand Central hotel in Sequin, Tex., yesterday, severely and painfully sprahing his ankle. He filled his engagement, however, delivering his lecture on "The Last Days of the Confedracy."

The G. H. Hammond company has decided to abandon its big packing plant at Hammond, Ind., and establish a new one at the Chicago stock yards, to employ 2000 men. The plant will cost $1,500,00.

Because he threw a large plank directly across the track in front of a car, during the first days of the strike of the street railway at Norfolk, Va., J. W. Jenkins, a well known young man was tried and sentenced to serve two years at hard labor in the state penitentiary.

Jack Clifton, of California, knocked out Jack Wade, of Montana, in the tenth round at Salt Lake Monday night.

The navy department has received a cablegram from Capt. Reisinger of the U. S. S. Philadelphia, announcing his departure aboard that vessel from Guayaquil, Ecuador, for Panama, her present station. The Philadelpnia was sent to Guayaquil to investigate claims of illegal arrests and imprisonment of American citizens, but as yet no report of the outcome has been received.

Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador, has returned to Washington from a visit to George Vanderbilt at Biltmore, N. C. Aside from the social aspect of the ambassador's trip, he also expected to recuperate in some measure from attacks of asthma and rheumatic gout, but on his return he finds his health still far from the best.

Jacob Whitmore, a well known character about Stillwater for the past forty years, was found dead on South Third street, early Monday morning, having perished with cold. He had been a heavy drinker. Shortly after midnight he was started home by a policeman, but did not get there. He presumably had a fit. His limbs were frozen stiff, and life was extinct when found at 6 o'clock in the morning.

STILL UNIDENTIFIED.

St. Paul, March 17.—The remains of the young woman killed on the Milwaukee tracks last Wednesday morning remain at the morgue unidentified. Three hundred people have called at the morgue, some from Minneapolis, Hastings and other down river points.

TOTALLY DESTROYED.

Elevator and Depot Burned at Elmore, Minn.

St. Paul, March 17.—An Elmore, Minn., special to the dispatch says: At 9:30 last night fire broke out in the Erie Grain company's elevator and burned it to the ground. The wind was blowing a gale from the northwest and the sparks caught in the railroad depot and burned it to the ground. Nothing was saved.

SPREADING RAILS

Cause Fatal Accident on the Southern Railway.

New Albany, Ind., March 17.—A wreck occurred early this morning on the St. Louis & Louisville division of the Southern Railway near Kyanan, sixty miles west of this city, in which Freight Brakeman William Fields, of Louisville, and Fireman Frank Gleason, of Louisville, were killed and Engineer Claude Sittason, of this city, was badly injured. The wreck was caused by the rails spreading.

IN COLLISION.

Steamship Runs Into Bark In New York Bay.

New York, March 17.—The Old Dominion freight steamer Richmond, from Norfolk, Vt., while bound up the bay last night in a dense fog, collided with the bark John S. Emory, of Boston, at anchor off Robbins reef, in the upper bay. The Richmond was badly wrecked by the collision, the bowsprit of the bark raking her from the fore to the main rigging. The bark was only slightly damaged.

MUNYON'S
COLD CURE



Relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs almost immediately. Cures new colds, old colds and obstinate colds. It breaks up any kind of a cold in a few hours, and prevents Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Grippe or other disease of throat or lungs.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet. 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

COCKRAN

Speaks at St. Patrick's Day Celebration at Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Minn., March 18.—Hon. Bourke Cockran spoke last night in the Exposition building to an audience of more than 5000. His address on the topic, "St. Patrick as the Original Founder of Popular Government," was a marshalling of historic facts whereby the apostle of Ireland was presented in a new light.

Arriving here in the morning at 8 o'clock after an uninterrupted trip from New York, Mr. Cockran was entertained at dinner in the West hotel by a number of prominent Catholic priests and laymen. The program that had been prepared for the evening was disturbed in order to permit him to speak earlier than had been intended so that he could catch the 10:40 train out of the city for the East. His address in part was as follows:

The disintegration of the Roman empire began early in the Christian era. The first formal act of the government that positively marked the shrinkage of Rome's power was the recall of her troops from Britain. This occurred in 410. The blood of the race was now impoverished. Rome was decrepit. One year after the recall of the troops from Britain St. Patrick in 411 set foot in Ireland. The world knows the result of his labors there. The principles of Catholicism were implanted in the hearts of the Irish people. Those principles, if anything, are in government, democratic. Before Clovis was baptized, St. Patrick had made Ireland Catholic. Within her small geographic limitations, were conserved the principles that have since been operative in constructing popular governments wherever founded.

In connection with the attitude of England towards Ireland and the Transvaal, Mr. Cockran said:

"The policy of England has always been against individuality. Shall Ireland alone be without benefit from the faith and civilization which she was so instrumental in spreading? No. Justice forbids us to believe and the whole lesson of history is that the justice of God is inexorable. Nations that violate it must make amends. The country that has destroyed Irelands' learning and prevented her people from repairing her wrongs has started upon the path at the bottom of which is ruin and dishonor.

"Let England throw out Chamberlain and his policy of infamy and restore the policy of Gladstone and of justice to all mankind. Justice will always prevail over all obstacles, for justice has its origin at the throne of God."

CHARGES

Filed With Civil Service Commission Against Chicago Postmaster.

Washington, March 17.—Charges have been filed with the civil service commission against Postmaster F. E. Coyne, of Chicago, alleging that he has made numerous changes in the Chicago postoffice force. The complaint is made by T. W. Wittler, formerly superintendent of a station of the Chicago postoffice, who charges that he was reduced from that position, paying 2600 per annum, to mailing clerk, at $1100, and that on refusing to accept the change, he was dismissed. He says this action was due to his being a Democrat. Mr. Wittler alleges that postmaster Coyne reduced nine other men in the service on political grounds, seven of them being Democrats and the men appointed to succeed them being Republicans. The complaint also charges that this action was taken in the interest of the candidacy of Senator Mason for reelection.

Postmaster Coyne in reply alleges that action taken against Wittler was due to the lack of harmony at the station of which he was superintendent, and he was personally repugnant to the other employes and was dismissed on account of insubordination and disobedience. The commission will investigate.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tingling life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

An Accepted Fact

BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

IS A QUALITY LEADER.



Original Methods

have had much to do with the unprecedented success of these brews. Not a bottle of Blatz Beer leaves the plant that has not been thoroughly matured and sterilized.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.

(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

BILL FOR SUBSIDY

Was Passed By the Senate After Long Discussion.

Limit of Expenditure Is Placed at Eight Millions.

Six Republicans Voted With the Democrats Against Bill.

Washington, March 18.—After prolonged discussion the senate yesterday passed the ship subsidy bill, the final vote upon the measure being 42 to 31. Senators Allison and Dolliver, of Iowa, Spooner and Quarles, of Wisconsin, and Proctor and Dillingham, of Vermont, Republicans, voted against the final passage of the bill and Senator McLaurin, of South Caroline, voted for it. Some amendments to the bill were adopted but they were all agreeable to those in charge of the measure, the friends of the bill voting down all other amendments. With the exception of amendments offered by Mr. Allison and accepted by Mr. Frye, limiting the time of the operation of the contracts made under the provisions of the bill to July 1, 1902, and providing that the amount of the expenditure under the mail subsidy paragraph should not at any time exceed $5,000,000 annually, none of the amendments agreed to materially affected the bill as it was reported from the commerce committee.

The senate agreed to an amendment offered by Mr. Spooner providing that congress should have power to amend or repeal the act without impairing any contract made under its authority. Mr. Hanna, of Ohio, offered and the senate adopted three amendments applying directly to the acquisition by J. P. Morgan and his associates of the Leyland line of British ships. They provide that no foreign built ship shall participate in the proposed subsidy; that nothing in the bill shall be construed to prevent American citizens or corporations from holding or operating foreign built ships in the ocean carrying trade; and that no foreign built ship of any line thus acquired by American capital shall be admitted hereafter to American registry.

The title of the bill passed by the senate is: "To provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports and the common defense; to promote commerce, and to encourage the deep sea fisheries."

Article one of the measure as passed deals with ocean mail steamships and their subsidies. The postal subsidy act of 1891 is so amended as to direct the postmaster general to enter into contracts for not less than five, nor more than fifteen years with American citizens for the carrying of mails on American steamships to such foreign points as will best promote the postal, commercial and maritime interests of the United States, the mail service on such lines to be equitably distributed among the Atlantic, Mexican Gulf and Pacific ports and the contracts to be made with the lowest responsible bidder.

The vessels employed in the mail service shall be American built, and owned and officered by American citizens. During the first two years one-fourth of the crew must be Americap citizens; during the next three years, one-third must be American citizens and during the remaining life of the contract at least one-half must be American citizens. The ships must be screw steamships of iron or steel and divided into the following classes according to speed:

First class, 20 knots or over; second class, 19 knots; third class, 18 knots; fourth class, 17 knots; fifth class, 16 knots; sixth class, 15 knots; seventh class, 14 knots.

The rate of compensation for ocean mail service "to be paid per gross registered ton for each 100 nautical miles sailed from the port of clearance in the United States to the port of entry in the United States, according to the route required by the postoffice department, shall not exceed the following: Steamships of the first class, 2 7-10 cents; second class, 2 5-10 cents; third class, 2 3-10 cents; fourth class, 2 1-10 cents; fifth class, 1 9-10 cents; sixth class, 1 7-10 cents; seventh class 1 5-10 cents.

The rates of compensation to any vessel carrying mails to a foreign port in North America shall not exceed 70 per cent of the maximum rates established. Ships are required to carry as apprentices one American-born boy for each 1000 tons register. He shall be educated in seamanship and engineering and rank as a petty officer.

Title two of the bill provides for the general subsidy to be paid. It directs the secretary of the treasury to pay to the owners of any vessel in the United States, duly registered and engaged in the foreign trade of the United States, a compensation amounting to 1 per cent per gross registered ton for each nautical mile sailed, not exceeding 16 entries in any one year and on each entry, not exceeding 16 in any one year, for a period of five years from the date of registration of a vessel of 1000 gross tons, which shall be completed after the passage of this bill, one-fourth of 1 cent per gross ton for each 100 nautical miles sailed, in addition to the above-mentioned compensation. The bill specifies certain vessels which shall not receive compensation under its provisions, among them being vessels engaged in the coastwise trade exclusively.

Each subsidized vessel is required to carry as a member of its company, one American boy for each 1000 gross tons, who shall be taught seamanship and engineering.

The owners of the vessel must agree before receiving compensation that the ship in emergency may be used by the United States for the national defense or for any public purpose at a fair valuation for this service. Title three of the bill directs the secretary of the treasury to pay to the owner of a documented vessel engaged in dep-sea fishery for at least three months in any one year $2 per gross ton per annum, provided that at least one-third of the crew shall be citizens of the United States, and he is directed to pay also to a citizen of the United States serving as a member of such crew $1 per month for the time he is necessarily employed.

LIFE SAVERS LOST.

Chatham, Mass., March 17.—Capt. Eldridge of the Monomoey life saving station and five of his crew, who started to the relief of a distressed barge, were drowned by the capsizing of their lifeboat today. Only Surfman Ellis out of the seven men who started escaped.

NORMAHURST BURNED.

New York, March 17.—Normahurst, the country place of the late Norman Munro, near Long Branch, N. J., was set on fire and burned to the ground last night. The building was valued at $50,000. It is also believed that it was robbed.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT

—OF—

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.

—FOR THE—

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1901.

(Continued From Page 8, Section 2.)

918. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	100 00	
2368. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	100 00	
2368. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	23	
3140. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	225 00	
3141. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	450 00	
3142. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	89 00	
3525. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	2,900 00	
3526. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	2,642 50	
5210. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer		40 00
5211. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer		67 50
5212. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer		31
Total		$ 12,870 60
Refunds		297 19
		$ 13,167 79

MUNICIPAL RAILROAD AID BOND INTEREST AND SINKING.

4498. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	$12,531 25
Refunds	530 73
	$13,061 98

RECAPITULATION OF COUNTY EXPENSES.

County revenue fund	$146,840 69
County special road fund	25,851 13
County poor fund	24,645 04
Infectious diseases	5,936 78
County bond interest	5,524 18
County bond sinking	129 16
New road fund	137 81
County road, bridge bond interest and sinking	12 870 60
Municipal railroad aid band interest and sinking	12,531 25
Total county expense	$234,225 64

LIABILITIES.

County bonds maturing 1907		$ 91,150 00
County road and bridge bonds maturing 1908		40,000 00
County road and bridge bonds maturing 1909		30,000 00
County road and bridge bonds maturing 1910		50,000 00
County road and bridge bonds maturing 1911		30,000 00
County road and bridge bonds maturing 1916		150,000 00
Municipal, railroad aid bonds maturing 1923		250,000 00
Total bonded indebtedness		$641,150 00
County bond interest due and unpaid	$ 834 50	
County road and bridge bond interest due and unpaid	247 50	
County road and bridge bond interest (new roads) due and unpaid	20 00	
Interest on bonds 1907 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	2,734 50	
Interest on bonds 1908 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	1,000 00	
Interest on bonds 1909 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	675 00	
Interest on bonds 1910 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	1,125 00	
Interest on bonds 1911 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	675 00	
Interest on bonds 1916 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	3,000 00	
Interest on bonds 1923 maturing Jan. 1, 1902	3,125 00	13,496 50
County orders outstanding, issued during the year	1,546 65	
County orders outstanding, issued during previous years	541 32	2,087 97
Private redemption fund on hand		1,030 13
		657,764 60
Assets over liabilities		47,098,837 30
		$47,756,592 50

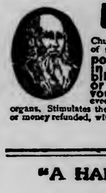
ASSETS.

Assessed valuation of taxable real property	$39,735,969 00	
Assessed valuation of taxable personal property	7,579,534 00	$47,315,503 00
County taxes 1901 now due (current)	159,453 24	
County taxes 1900 now due outstanding	$11,940 49	
County taxes 1899 now due outstanding	3,929 86	
County taxes 1898 and prior years	14,218 05	
Total back taxes now outstanding	30,098 34	
Total all county taxes now due		89,551 58
Penalty and interest uncollected (estimated)		14,000 00
County taxes in treasury apportioned		68,545 26
County taxes in treasury unapportioned		1,645 20
County poor farm buildings and personal property	27,347 46	
County court house square and buildings	60,000 00	
Furniture and records in court house and offices	48,000 00	135,347 46
County road and bridge bonds carried by county bond sinking fund	20,000 00	
County road and bridge bonds (new roads) carried by county bond sinking fund	2,000 000	
County road and bridge bonds carried by county road and bridge bond sinking fund	10,000 00	32,000 00
		$47,756,592 50

Accepted, approved and ordered published by the board of county commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota, this 7th day of January, 1902.

E. MORCOM,
Chairman of the Board of County Commissioners.

County Auditor.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Dullness to Marry, Loss of Hair, Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. 50 CENTS Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Imparts Vigor and potency to every function. Dont get disheartened, a cure is at hand. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address Mormon Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company

114 West Michigan Street.

We sell Groceries direct to hotels restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay rail-road fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, Iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Opens Higher and Fluctuates Within Narrow Range.

Business Was Fairly Active on the Duluth Board.

Flax Trading Is Light and the Market Closes Unchanged.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 18.—The wheat market started out with higher prices this morning and held within a narrow range, despite the fact that the news was generally bearish, the weather predictions favoring the winter wheat crop and the cables being lower on good crop prospects in Argentina. On the other hand there was an improvement in the situation regarding Manitoba wheat, its price having advanced.

New York reported 20 loads of wheat taken for export. The Duluth shippers have not been able to work anything for spring shipment or export for some time. The market was near a shipping basis two or three days ago, but the difference widened again.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged to ⅜d lower. Antwerp was unchanged and Paris unchanged to ⅛c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 481,000 bus, last year 781,000 bus. Shipments 150,000 bus, last year 408,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 195,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 3,250,000 bus in the world's visible supply as compared with a decrease of 1,025,000 bus last week and 773,000 bus last year.

Corn in the Chicago market closed unchanged but oats weakened closing ⅜c off. Primary receipts of corn were 266,000 bus, last year 592,000 bus. Shipments 205,000 bus, last year 361,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 382 cars, and at Chicago, 53, a total of 435 cars, against 378 last week, and 518 last year.

Trading in wheat was fairly active on the Duluth board. The market opened ⅛c up at 73⅝c, alternated from 73⅝c to 73½c up to 10:30 and then advanced to 73⅝c at 11:15 continuing up to 73⅞c at 1:20, falling to 73¾c at 12:35, selling again at 73⅞c at 12:40 and closing at 73¾-⅞c. This was an advance of ¼-⅜c. Chicago advanced ⅜-½c and Minneapolis ¼c.

Cash grain sold at 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3½c under for No. 2 and 6½c under for No. 3. Sales were 50,000 bus.

Flax trading was light. The market sold ¼c up at $1.75¼ and closed at $1.75. Al coarse grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat: Cash No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; No. 2 northern, 70¼c. No. 3 spring, 68¼c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 75⅜c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; May, 73¾-⅞c; July, 74¾c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, cash, 71¾c; May, 72¼c; No. 2 northern, 68¼c. Oats, 42c. Rye, 52½c. Flax—Cash, $1.73; to arrive, $1.73; May, $1.75; September, $1.40. Corn, 61c.

Cars inspected—Wheat 265; last year, 61; oats, 8; barley, 1; flax, 16.

Receipts: Wheat, 102,076; flax, 2151. Shipments—Flax, 5035.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard, 1 car	$0.75¾
No. 1 northern, 9000 bus	72½
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	72½
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	72¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	72⅞
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	70½
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	69½
Rejected, 1 car	68¼
Rejected, 1 car	65¾
No grade, 1 car	67
No grade, 1 car	67½
No grade, 1 car	67¾
Oats, 3 cars	40½
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.73½
Flax, 1000 bus	1.73

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Favorable Weather Predictions Caused Lower Prices.

Chicago, March 18.—Weather predictions favored the winter wheat crop and influenced lower prices in all grains at the opening. May wheat started a shade lower to a shade higher at 74½c to 74⅝c and soon declined to 74⅜c on liberal selling following lower cables and warmer weather. Liverpool slumped on bearish reports from Argentina. The local crowd started to take the selling side of the market, but commission houses were both buying and selling, and trade soon quieted. Later there was a slight reaction and May attained to 74⅝c. The Manitoba situation seems to be turning slightly bullish. Wheat from that quarter is gradually narrowing up somewhat—stuff that a week ago sold 9 cents under May options is now only 7½c under. Local receipts were 53 cars, 1 contract grade; Duluth and Minneapolis reported 382 cars, making a total for the three points of 435 cars, against 378 last week and 518 last year.

Damage reports from the Southwest had some effect in holding wheat prices up, as did also the decrease of 3,500,000 bu in the world's visible supply. Shorts covered and May went up to 75⅛c, closing form, ⅜@½c up at 75c.

Corn started weak on selling, induced by lower cables and the warmer weather predictions for the Southwest. May opened ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c lower at 61¾c to 61½c. Trade at the start was only fair, though later the desire to sell quieted down and a good demand sprang up on the decline. Prices for May advanced but steadied around 61⅞c. Receipts were somewhat over the estimate at 181 cars.

The wheat strength helped May corn to 62¼c, but selling and the warm weather influenced another reaction and May closed a shade lower at 61⅞c.

Oats opened easier in sympathy with other grains and on fair commission house selling. May was still nervous and early was only lightly traded in. July and September options were in fair demand. May started ⅛c down at 44⅝c, eased to 44½c, advanced to 44¾c and then eased to 44½c again. Receipts, 155 cars.

Hog receipts were 14,000 under the estimate. This influenced buying in provisions and prices early advanced. Some of the gain, however, was lost on commission house selling. May pork opened 2½c up at $15.40, eased 2½c, but regained its opening figure. May lard started 2½c to 5c up at $9.37½ to $9.40, and May ribs 2½c up at $8.40.

Close: Wheat, March, 73½c; May, 75c; July, 75¾@⅞c; September, 75¾c. Corn, March, 60½c; May, 61⅞c; July, 61¾c; September, 60c; December, 50⅛c. Oats, March, 43⅝c; May, 44⅜c; July, 36@⅛c; September, 30⅛@¼c. Pork, March, $15.22½; May, $15.37½; July, $15.50. Lard, March, $9.25; May, $9.35; July, $9.47½@9.50; September, $9.60. Ribs, March, $8.35; May, $8.40; July, $8.52½; September, $8.62½@8.65. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye, May, 56⅝@57c; July, 57¼c. Barley, cash, 60@65c. Timothy, March, $6.70. Clover, March, $8.75. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 82@83c; No. 3 red, 78@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 75@77c; No. 2 northern spring, 74½@75½c; No. 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn, No. 3, 59@¼c. Oats, No. 2, 44@¼c; No. 3, 43¾@44c.

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Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
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GRAIN GOSSIP.

N. H. Perrin, of Chicago.—Cables simply reflect our weakness of yesterday. The weather is warming up. No doubt we will be flooded with crop damage reports after the first two or three warm days. It would be surprising if the severe cold spell has not done some little damage. For that reason would prefer buying wheat on breaks for a while. Long corn was thrown overboard yesterday in big blocks. Sell it on bulges.

* * *

Harris, Gates & Co.—A correspondent at Mt. Vernon, Ohio, writes under date of March 17: "I have just returned from a trip over the state. I noticed some of the wheat fields showed some green, but on the whole looks poor. Last night was the only freeze we have had and it thawed today. It is now getting colder. The farmers in our country have more corn than they have had for years. Will have corn to put on the market, which is unusual.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's Chicago Morning Gossip.—Wheat—Weather in the West is clear. We are getting some serious complaints from well-posted people regarding the Kansas and Oklahoma crop. Sentiment here is universally bearish on wheat. We don't know of an important trader long any, and even the element that is so bullish on corn has sold wheat short, feeling that that would insure a profit. This, in a way, accounts for the fact that the price is the lowest for months.

Corn—The market really was about as weak as wheat yesterday, with every one wondering who sold it. Our market would respond quickly to a reduction in the stock of corn here. The fact that it does decrease any tends to check the exceedingly bullish feeling that exists.

* * *

Kansas City.—Crop reports in Kansas are deteriorating daily. Complaints are increasing and the country is sending in buying orders here.

The weather map this morning shows milder everywhere. It is clear in Kansas and Oklahoma. It is partly cloudy in the extreme north and in Dakotas and Minnesota. It is clear in Nebraska and Iowa. There is ractically no precipitation in the West or Southwest.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 18.—Close: Wheat—May, 74¼c; July, 73¾@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 72¾c; No. 2 northern, 70¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 18.—Close: Wheat—May, 80⅞c; July, 81¼c. Corn—May, 67⅛c; July, 66⅝c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	73¾B	72⅝	74⅜-½	80½-⅝
High	73⅞	72⅝	75⅛	80⅞
Low	73⅝	72⅛	74⅜	80¼
Close	73¾-⅞	72⅝	75A	80⅞
July—				
Open	74¾B	73⅝A	75¼-⅛	81A
High	74⅞	73¾-⅞	75⅞	81⅛-¼
Low	74⅜	73⅝	75⅛	80¾
Close	74¾B	73¾-⅞	75¾-⅞	81¼A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44⅝	61¾@61½	$15.40
High	44⅝	62¼-¼	15.40
Low	43⅞	61½	15.37
Close	44⅜	61⅞	15.37

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 18.—Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, dull, 6s 1½d; No. 1 northern spring, dull, 6s ½d; No. 1 California, steady, 6s 4d; futures, steady; March, 6s 1½d; May, 6s 3½d; July, 6s. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed new, 5s 2¼d; old, 5s 3d; futures, quiet; March, nominal; May, 5s 2¾d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 194,000 centals, including 184,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 14,300 centals.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 72¾-½c.
Calls, May wheat, 72¾-⅞c.
Curb, May wheat, 72⅝c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 18.—Wheat, after a momentary spell of weakness around the opening later became firm and prices advanced on covering by shorts owing to unfavorable crop reports and especially from Kansas and very better cash demand both domestic and foreign export. Close was firm, ⅜c to ½c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market quiet, ¾d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower in sympathy with our weak closing last night. Weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable with milder temperatures but a good, soaking rain in Kansas would be welcome. Trade was large all day, but mostly all of a local professional character. Shorts have covered freely, but we are inclined to look for a little further advance before it will do to sell again. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 80 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in corn today and the market ruled steady within a narrow range. After opening easier later rallied on covering by shorts and closed, May unchanged, July ⅛c higher than yesterday. There was no special feature to the market today. The situation continues strong and we advise buying on all weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 70 cars.

Trade in oats was light today. The market ruled quiet within a narrow range and no special feature. Country offerings were light. Cash demand good. The market closed, May ⅜c lower, July and September practically unchanged. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 65 cars.

Provisions opened dull and easier although hog receipts were light and prices at the yards higher. Trade today almost entirely local and brokers had selling orders from some important sources, and as the local scalping chowd are already long it created uneasiness although sales were not pushed. Light receipts of hogs are due to storms and bad roads, but they will come as soon as possible and in large quantities. Strength in grain today had no effect, and it looks as if we might possibly rule dull until May liquidation sets in. Carrying charges are widening and we advise changing long May to July at once. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 32,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 3000 head; strong; good to prime steers, $6.60@7.10; poor to medium, $4.25@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@$5.00; cows, $1.25@5.50; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.50@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.75@6.00. Hogs—Receipts today, 16,000 head; tomorrow, 30,000; left, 5974; stronger; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.35; light, $6.00@6.25; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.40. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000 head; sheep, lower; lambs, steady; good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $4.00@4.75; Western sheep, yearlings, $4.75@$6.00; native lambs, $4.00@6.75; Western lambs, $5.25@6.75. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 19,577 head; hogs, 27,459; sheep, 14,704. Shipments—Cattle, 3819; hogs, 10,104; sheep 3220.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the cold prevailing weather effected a dullness in trade and a comparatively slow movement in horses was had. There was, however, liberal incoming consignments which overstocked the market and brought prices down fully $10 a head n all classes of horses. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@200
Drafters, choice	125@145
Drafters, common to good	115@125
Farm mares, extra	115@135
Farm mares, choice	85@115
Farm mares, common to good	55@ 85

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	28	
Creamery, tubs	26 @	28
Dairies, fancy	21 @	23
Packing stock	17	
EGGS.		
Fresh	17	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	13	
Twins, full cream, old	1½@	11
Full cream, young America	13 @	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	15 @	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	13 @	14
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @	2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @	2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @	2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	12 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50 @	8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 25 @	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85 @	2 00
California figs, per box	95 @	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75 @	3 50
California lemons	3 25 @	3 50
Bananas	1 75 @	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	3 00 @	3 25
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50 @	2 60
VEGETABLES.		
California celery, bunch	70	
Mushrooms	60	
LeLttuce	1 25	
Green onions, per dozen	75	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00 @	3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 75	
Beets, per 100	1 10	
Carrots, per 100	1 20	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60 @	1 75
Potatoes, per bus	85	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65 @	2 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30	
Turnips, per 100	70 @	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @	65
Cal. tomatoes, per baset	95	
Parsley, per doz	45	
Head lettuce, per doz	90 @	1 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50	
Fruit juices	4 00	
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3½@	4
DRESSED POULTRY.		
Hens	13	
Spring chickens	14	
Geese	12	
Turkeys	14 @	15
Ducks	14	
MEATS.		
Mutton	8½	
Lamb	10	
Veal, good	8½	9
Veal, fancy	9	
Dressed beef	6½@	8
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9¼	
Lard	9¾	
Lard, compound	7¾	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 18.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 18@28½c; dairies, 18@23c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 11@¼c; daisies, 11½@12c; young Americas, 12@¼c. Eggs, steady. At mark, cases include, 17c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 18.—Butter, receipts, 7877 packages. Steady. State dairy, 20@27c; state creamery, 22@29c; creamery held, 20@25; renovated, 17½@24c; factory, 18@22c. Cheese, receipts, 3432 packages. Firm. State full cream small early make fancy colored and white, 12¾@13c; do fall made. Eggs, receipts 20,368 packages. State and Pennsylvania, 16½c; Western at mark, 16@½c; Southern at mark, 15½@16¼c.

$1.00 Per Berth.

To Chicago via "The Milwaukee," during March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction.

Tourist cars will leave Twin Cities on 8:35 p. m. train every Wednesday and Saturday, arriving Chicago 9:30 following morning.

Rate per double berth, $1.00.

Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

There Are Ten

Different railroads centering in the Twin Cities. Of these ten six operate between the two towns and Chicago. Of these six there is one particular favorite—one that carries travel largely in excess of the others. It is "The Milwaukee." While it has always been recognized as THE line, its popularity has geratly increased since the inauguration of its Pioneer Limited service. The Pioneer Limited is a beauty bright.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Developed All Around on Increased Dealings During Morning.

Rise of Coalers Followed By Demand For the Tractions.

Market Turned Heavy In Final Hour And Closed Dull.

New York, March 18.—Amalgamated Copper started downward again this morning, but this did not interfere with the general tendency of stocks to advance. There were some fairly large takings in a number of instances. The New York public utilities were in demand. Brooklyn Transit, Brooklyn Union Gas and Consolidated Gas rising about a point. All of them reacted on secondary dealings. Pacific Mail rose a large fraction on the passage by the senate of the ship subsidy bill.

Railroad stocks were sluggish and did not derive much immediate benefit from a rise of 1¼@1½ in Cleveland, C. C. & St. Louis and New York Central. Consolidated Gas and Pacific Mail which had opened with good gains reacted clow last night and liquidation in Evansville & Terre Haute lowered them 1½ to 2 points. Sugar was under pressure, but Amalgamated Copper was supported and got above 63. Other pronounced movements included advances of 3 in American Tobacco preferred, 4 in North American, 2½ in Continental Tobacco preferred, 3½ in General Electric and 1 to 1½ in New York C. & St. L second preferred. Colorado Fuel, American Bicycle preferred and American Malting preferred. Losses of a point each were made by St. Joseph & Grand Island first preferred, and Westinghouse Electric, but the latter recovered when General Electric advanced. Toward 11 o'clock there was some advance for trans-continentals under the lead of St. Paul, which crossed 165.

The market broadened out and became stronger all around on increased dealings. Prominent stocks came into more general demand. General Electric advanced 6 and Colorado & Southern common and first preferred, Lackawanna, Great Northern preferred, the International Paper stocks, Lake Erie & Western, Canada Southern, St. Louis & San Francisco, Texas & Pacific, Tennessee Coal, American Ice, National Biscuit and Rutland preferred, St. Joe & Grand Island first preferred and E. & T. H. about recovered their previous losses. A renewed drive against Copper lowered it 1½ to 61⅝ and the general market became dull and reactionary. Declines from the best were mainly fractional, but reached 2 points in North American. Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg preferred sold 4 points below the previous sale. Bonds were steady.

There were some erratic movements in the specialties. North American's rise reached 6½. Lackawanna 7, Rutland preferred 3¾, Pullman and Delaware & Hudson 2 and Reading common and second preferred, American Agricultural-Chemical 1@1½. Amalgamated Copper rallied a point. The general tone was heavy and Sugar, Consolidated Gas, Westinghouse Electric and Pacific Mail fell 1 to 1¾ under last night.

The Erie stocks joined the advance in the coalers and their rise of over a point was followed by a demand for the tractions which carried them to their best. The market continued largely one of specialties and there were scarcely any dealings in the grangers, Pacifics or Southwesterns. Colorado Fuel rose 2¾ to 98 and there was a sympathetic rise in Tennessee Coal. Cotton Oil gained 3, Virginia-Carolina Chemical a point and North American made its extreme rise 11¼.

There were a few spots of strength developed but the general market was rather heavy in the final hour. People's Gas, Chicago Union Traction and Colorado & Southern first preferred rose 2, Linseed 1⅜ and Colorado & Southern second preferred a point. The closing was dull and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	63¼	61⅝	62¼
Anaconda M. Co.	30½	29⅞	30½
Atchison, T. & S. F.	76⅝	76	76¼
do pfd	97¼	96¾	97¼
Baltimore & Ohio	106⅜	106	106⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67½	66¾	66⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¾	46¼	4[illegible]
Chicago & Alton	36¼	35⅝	36
Col. F. & I.	98⅜	95½	98
Chi. Great Western com.	24⅝	24¼	24⅜
Erie com	37½	36¾	37⅜
do 1st pfd	69	68¼	68⅞
do 2nd pfd	55¾	54½	54¾
Great Northern pfd	186	185½	185¾
Louisville & Nashville	104½	104	104⅛
Leather	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝
do pfd	81¼	81¼	81¼
Manhattan Con.	135½	134¼	134½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	48½	48⅜	48⅜
do pfd	114½	114½	114½
Missouri Pacific	101¾	101	101
New York Central	164	163	163½
Norfolk & Western	57¼	56¾	57⅛
Ontario & Western	33½	32⅞	33⅛
Pennsylvania	151½	151	151
Pacific Mail	48½	46	46½
People's Gas	102½	100½	102
Republic Iron & Steel	18	17⅞	17⅞
do pfd	75	74½	74¾
Reading	57	55⅝	56⅞
do 1st pfd.	81⅞	81	81⅛
do 2nd pfd.	68⅞	67¾	68¼
Rock Island	172	171¼	171¾
Southern Ry.	33⅛	32⅝	32⅝
do pfd.	97	96¾	96¾
Southern Pacific	65⅝	65⅛	65¼
Smelter	46¼	46	46¼
do pfd	99	99	99
Sugar Refinery	128⅞	127⅝	127¾
St. Paul	165½	164⅜	164⅝
T. C. & I	70	69	69¼
Texas Pacific	41½	40	40⅞
Union Pacific	100	99½	99⅝
do pfd	87½	87	87
U. S. Steel	42¾	42½	42½
do pfd	95¼	95¼	95¼
Wabash	23⅛	23¾	23¾
do pfd	43⅝	43¼	43¼
Western Union	91⅝	91	91⅝
Wisconsin Central	22⅞	22⅜	22¾
do pfd	44¼	44	44
Metropolitan	168⅞	168⅛	168¼
American Ice	19¾	18½	19½

The total sales were 625,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: From the great strength the market displays in the absence of large operators and in the face of the big drop in Copper it is inferred that it will cut loose from the Rogers specialty. Commission houses say money is more plentiful, the short interest is large and houses say money is more plentiful, the short interest is large and while the public holds aloof there is no pressure to sell good stocks, which they consider a purchase on all soft spots.

As to Amalgamated Copper now that it has taken a fresh start down the toboggan slide, predictions are plentiful that it will sell pretty well down in the 50s. To a friend who asked him months ago what he thought of the situation John D. Rockefeller replied as he came out of a corporation meeting: "I can see only one cloud in the sky—Copper." Mr. Rockefeller went on to say that the country was all right, but that Amalgamated Copper stock was too high, that its intrinsic worth was somewhere between 50 and 60. At the time of this incident, the truth of which is beyond question, Amalgamated Copper was selling around 110. Bull sentiment is running stronger on the industrials than for many days, a fact that is due to increasing appreciation of the great significance of the decision of the United States supreme court knocking out the Illinois anti-trust law. Apart from this, however, is the splendid vitality of general trade. Among the industrials and specialties on which sentiment is most confident are Sugar, for which 140 is talked; People's Gas, from which an incubus has been lifted by the judges of the supreme court of the United States, Manhattan and Tennessee Coal & Iron, the bull points on the two last named stocks being increasing earnings. In the railway list the favorites are St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Louisville & Nashville, Baltimore & Ohio, Atchison com., Union Pacific, the Readings and Southern Pacific.

* * *

Falk to Paine, Webber & Co.: I advise holders of Pacific Mail stock to get out and stay out. It is evident that the subsidy bill will not pass the house this session and there seems to be no backing in the stock good enough to take advantage of the favorable situation as they have recently developed while absolutely no support on weak markets. Thus why hold this stock? I cannot now see anything in it.

* * *

Town Topics: The more favorable monetary conditions, the improvement in the crop outlook, the greater probability that there will be no labor troubles in the anthracite coal trade, will prevent any active selling on the part of the traders, but for the moment there is nothing to warrant expectation of any material advance until the so-called big men return to Wall Street, the trading will be somewhat narrower and only for moderate profits. We look for some reaction today and on any advance in the early trading we advise taking profits and waiting for a moderate reaction, on which to buy back. It is a market in which you must make quick turns and be satisfied with profits of 1 to 2 points. The Steel stocks will do better before the week is ended, and we advise buying Southern Pacific pfd, Baltimore & Ohio, Reading 2nd pfd, and the traction stocks. Don't take the short side, but buy for a turn whenever the market sells off.

* * *

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The news on Copper is so bad that it almost makes that stock look like a purchase. I hear that Missouri Pacific will be among the leaders in any advance. Sault Ste. Marie com. is perhaps the best low-priced stock for a long pull on the list. I am a bull on the general list and advise purchases of Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Pacific Mail, Atchison, Union Pacific, Louisville & Nashville and Brooklyn Rapid Transit upon weak spots.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 18.—The Old Dominion report for last year, just issued, shows receipts of $1,226,979 and expenses of $1,163,140; profit from production, $113,839; expenses of construction, $72,179; surplus for the year, $41,659. The surplus the first of the year was $402,000. The decrease in the value of the stock of copper from 16⅝ to 12 cents amounted to $106,000, so the present surplus is $337,000. hTe stock weakened to 18¾ this morning, but strengthened a bit to 19 and is now dull at that figure. The report states that it costs 12 cents to produce their copper and they have on hand $1,071,429 worth against which they owe $841,741. Part of this has been sold since the end of 1901 when the report is made up. The rest of the list was very quiet and unchanged.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	20⅛	22
Allouez	3¾	4
Anaconda	30	30½
Arcadian	8	8½
Amalgamated	62¼	62½
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	27¼	29
Baltic	44¼	45¾
Bingham	23	24
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet & Hecla	580	590
Centennial	19¼	19½
Cosolidated Copper	45	45¼
Trinity	13¾	14¼
Dominion Coal	109⅞	110
Elm River	3¼	3¾
Franklin	13	13½
Humboldt	..	50
Isle Royale	17½	18
Mass	17½	18
Michigan	10½	11
Mohawk	34	34½
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3½	4½
Old Dominion	19½	20
Osceola	59¾	60¼
Parrot	29½	30
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	185	190
Tecumseh	1¾	2½
Trimountain	...	100
Utah	21½	22¼
United States	17½	17¾
Victoria	5⅞	6¼
Winona	1¾	1⅞
Wolverine	50	52
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

Paine, Webber & Co.—Copper metal in London closed at £53 5s for spot and £53 2s 6d for futures. Sales 250 tons spot and 650 tons futures.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The Old Dominion report issued today shows that its copper is made at a cost of 12 cents per pound. This makes it plain that the Old Dominion will not drive the lake mines out of the business of making copper. There was better buying in all of the coppers today and almost no pressure to sell. The market looks better all around and we think there should be a rally from the present level.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 18.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1 to 3 points higher on firm cables and bullish news from Southern spot markets. Easier Liverpool cables and catering for profits forced prices slowly lower after the call, May declining to 8.86 and July to 8.88.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9¼c; middling gulf, 9¾c; sales, 3200 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. March and April, 8.96; May, 8.87; June, 8.89; July, 8.90; August, 8.69; September, 8.30; October, 8.12; November and December, 8.02.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 18.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $175,064,281; gold, $90,884,123; silver, $19,555,632; United States notes, $10,317,305; treasury notes of 1890, $106,124; national bank notes, $10,405,520; total receipts this day, $1,526,486; total receipts this month, $26,797,845; total receipts this year, $399,299,311; total expenditures this day, $1,445,000; total expenditures this month, $23,440,000; total expenditures this year, $343,182,664; deposits in national banks, $123,369,467.

SIGNED IT.

Meyer Testifies He Was Witness to Rice Will.

New York, March 18.—The cross-examination of Morris Meyer was continued today when the trial of A. T. Patrick for murder of William M. Rice was resumed before Recorder Goff. Meyer testified yesterday that he witnessed the disputed 1900 will under which Patrick would inherit nearly all the Rice estate. Meyer was accused of forgery in signing his name to this will and is at liberty under $10,000 bail. In reply to a question by Assistant District Attorney Osborne, Meyer said he had always regarded Rice as sane, that he had never seen him do anything irrational. Witness did not know why Rice should assign all of his property to Patrick.

A MAJORITY OF 360.

Bemidji, Mnn., March 18.—The official count of Beltrami county shows that the proposition tto bond the county for $50,000 to build a court house in Bemidji, has been carried by a majority of 360 votes.

VETOES BY PRESIDENT

Returns Two Private Bills to Congress Without Approval.

Both Related to Discharge Of Civil War Soldiers.

Gives His Reasons For Vetoes In Brief Messages.

Washington, March 18.—President Roosevelt today sent to the capitol two veto messages of private bills. One is a bill granting an honorable discharge from the military service to Charles H. Hawley. Of this case the president says:

"This is a mandatory bill, revoking the order of dismissal issued thirty-nine years ago and directing the issuance of an honorable discharge from the army to this man, whom his superior officer, including the commander-in-chief, Abraham Lincoln, held to be unworthy to serve in the army of the Union thirty-nine years ago. I do not at this time express an opinion upon the constitutional questions involved in the bill. I think it in the highest degree inexpedient to reverse the order of dismissal nearly forty years after the event, when it is out of the question for any one to possess the knowledge and the means of arriving at the judgment, which was possessed by the fellow-officers of the man at the time they dismissed him.

"THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Hawley was a second lieutenant in the Sixteenth Connecticut Volunteer infantry.

The other is a bill for relief of James W. Howell. In returning this bill, the president says:

"This is not a bill which confers jurisdiction. It is mandatory in its character, directing the secretary of war to revoke and set aside the proceedings, findings and sentence of a court-martial held thirty-seven years ago. I do not at this time express an opinion on the constitutional questions involved in the bill. It is enough to say that this man was convicted of mutiny, sentenced to be dishonorably discharged from the army and confined at hard labor for a term of years. A portion of the confinement was remitted by executive clemency. It is to the last degree improbable that now, thirty-seven years after the event, there is as good an opportunity to pass judgment on the facts as was the case when the fellow officers of the offender found him guilty of an offense so serious as call for the punishment they inflicted. There is, perhaps, no other heritage an American would so like to leave to his children as an honorable discharge for services well and gallantly performed in the civil war and the honorable discharge thus granted to those who with blood and toil have earned it, is cheapened and rendered of little worth if also granted to their unworthy brothers, who have forfeited the right to receive it. THEODORE ROOSEVELT."

Howell was a member of Company H, Fifty-fourth volunteer infantry.

INTRICATE

Were the Negotiations of the Powers With China.

London, March 18.—Coincident with the news of alarming rebellions in three provinces in China, the foreign office here today issued a blue book dealing with the protracted negotiations between China and the powers from March 28, 1901, to Sept. 7, 1901, when the final protocol was signed. In its 275 pages of diplomatic dispatches, edicts and digests of China's financial capabilities, there is ample evidence that the negotiations formed one of the most intricate webs of international differences in the history of the world.

One striking quotation, particularly apt to the present far Eastern situation, can be extracted from a dispatch of the British ambassador to St. Petersburg, Sir Charles Scott, to Lord Lansdowne, the British foreign secretary, in which Count Lamsdorff, the Russian foreign minister, is quoted as saying he was pleased at the fact that the British government was desirous of hastening a return to normal conditions in China, but he dreaded the possibility of fresh outbursts of anti-foreign fanaticism.

Throughout the extended negotiations on the subject of the amount, division and method of payment of the Chinese indemnity, Great Britain and the United States appear from the blue book to have worked hand in hand, though opposed by all other powers. After learning of the adverse attitude of the continental powers towards the American proposition to reduce the indemnity to £40,000,000, Lord Lansdowne instructed Sir Ernest Satow, the British minister at Pekin, that the figure erred on the side of liberality, though he was quite ready to agree to a more moderate reduction.

Russia and the other powers strenuously held out for a joint international guarantee of the Chinese loan. This appears to have formed the rock on which the powers almost split. Lord Lansdowne refused to hear of a guarantee and Sir Ernest Satow cabled as follows:

"The United States is firmly opposed to any international guarantee. Mr. Rockhill, the United States special commissioner, states that the president is most anxious to bring about a reduction in the indemnity. Personally Mr. Rockhill is disposed to abandon the limitation of £40,000,000 if the powers would agree on a declaration in favor of reducing the amount."

In this, as in most of the other cardinal points, Anglo-American diplomacy triumphed, though the American proposal to submit the indemnity question to The Hague court of arbitration met with a refusal on all sides, including Great Britain.

COOK IS ADVANCED.

Chicago, March 18.—Theodore P. Cook, district superintendent of the Western Union Telegraph company, at St. Louis, Mo., has been tendered and accepted the position of general superintendent of the Western division with headquarters at Chicago, to take effect April 1, in the place of Col. R. C. Clowry, recently elected president and general manager with headquarters at New York.

Your Rent is Going To Be Higher!

Why? Because the present rents paid does not cause any one to build to supply you with equal accommodations for the rent you are paying. The rent that caused the house to be built that you live in was considerably higher than you are paying now.

More people are coming to the city who will be willing to pay more than you are and the first thing you know you will be moving further from the center of the city than you are at present living.

Houses and lots are still being offered at less than it cost to build the house. It is not too late to buy at low figures.

We have about thirty houses and lots for sale which have been practically rebuilt in the last four years, taxes and assessments all paid, which we offer to sell for $100 to $150 down and the balance to be paid on terms that are as easy to pay as rent and you are in the way of getting a home. We refer you to those who have bought of us and are getting homes of their own. We have a list of over fifty at the office, at

No. 100 Torrey Buileing,
First Floor, Near Elevator,
Chan Smith, Secretary.

Great Horse Auction Sale
At Duluth, Minn.
DON'T MISS IT! DON'T MISS IT!
ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp, Barrett & Zimmerman will sell at auction at their Duluth, Minn., stables, 500 head of horses, including Farm Mares, Draft Horses, Delivery Horses, and a number of choice Drivers. Be on hand early, as the sale positively takes place on day and date advertised, rain or shine. This may be an opportunity of a lifetime of buying just what you want and what you need at your own price. Every horse sold must be just as represented or no sale. Private sales daily. Remember day and date of the auction, Saturday, April 5th, 1902.
Barrett & Zimmerman,
Stable Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn

INTEREST

In Olympian Games to Be Worked Up In West.

Chicago, March 18.—William Hale Thompson, chairman of the committee of preliminary athletes of the Olympian Games association, will leave tomorrow for the West. While away he will endeavor to work up enthusiasm over the Olympian games among the colleges and the athletic associations. It is expected that through the efforts of Mr. Thompson the Western athletes will be given a clear idea of the scope and intention of the games. In line with this work, H. J. Furber, Jr., Leverne W. Noyes and ex-Judge J. B. Payne will leave for Europe in June to confer with the representatives of the foreign governments relative to the games and to the support and help to be given them by the European governments. President Furber is at present preparing a new prospectus of the games, which will be put in the hands of the inter-collegiate committee to be sent to the various universities in order to inform them of the plans of the officials.

FOOD FOR TOURISTS.

It is said that the average amount expended by the tourists every year while enjoying the mountains, waterfalls and glaciers of Switzerland is about $20,000,000, says the New York Sun. The year 1898 was a remarkable season for traveling in Switzerland, and the tourists left behind nearly double the amount of money that travelers usually leave in the country. By far the greater part of the tourists come in excursion parties from Western and Central Europe. They remain only a short time, but their numbers are so large that the aggregate expenditure is enormous.

The landlords and shopkeepers would become very rich indeed if it were not that they are compelled to send a great deal of the money they receive to foreign lands to buy the supplies which they sell to tourists. Because mountains cover more than half of the country, Switzerland cannot begin to raise the enormous quantities of food consumed by tourists. In fact, Switzerland derives less support from its agricultural resources than any other country in Europe except Norway. Only about a sixth of the country can be tilled, and though the animal industries are more important than agriculture, as many as 50,000 beef cattle, mostly from Austria and Italy, are brought into the country every year to make up for the local deficiency in beef.

So Switzerland depends upon its neighbors and the United States for a great deal of the food it consumes. Large quantities of wheat are imported from this country through Marseilles and other ports. The latest statistics show that in the tourist season of 1901 the amount of vegetables brought into the country was about 20,000 tons, of which nearly two-thirds came from Germany. France and Italy contributed most of the remainder.

The Swiss government is not satisfied with the comparatively small return made by the fields and gardens of the country. They are endeavoring now to stimulate greater attention to agriculture and gardening. They say it is unfortunate for the republic to spend so much of the money received from tourists in buying food with which to feed them. They especially ask that the area devoted to vegetables be largely increased in order to reduce the great amount of imports which of late years has been growing very rapidly.

Settlers' Rates to the West

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

GROWING TENDENCY

By Berlin Papers to Comment on Prince Henry's Visit.

Are Asking What Practical Result It Has Accomplished.

French Papers Also Devote Space to the Subject.

New York, March 18.—In spite of the official frown which general comment on the voyage of Prince Henry brings down upon any paper there appears, says the Berlin correspondent of the Herald, to be a growing tendency to refer to it and to ask what practical result it has accomplished.

The hip, hip, hoorahing has been done and the handshaking is over. The practical German is asking, "Well, what are we going to get out of it"

Agrarians storm away the harder. They say, "Germany has done for America; now it is the turn of America to do something for Germany."

The sober Taglische Runschau breaks ground and writes about Americans thinking Prince Henry was—to use the Yankee favorite term—a "democratic prince." To this that paper replies:

"The American, it is well known, prides himself in a very remarkable degree upon the fact that he does not allow himself to be bluffed by anyone or at anytime. As a member of a poker nation, he bluffs naturally. But today it is an open secret that Prince Henry bluffed his friends and hosts in quite an extraordinary way."

The Rheinische Westphallsche takes the view that Germany is making herself ridiculous in pursuing this sort of a "Picnic policy," which does not come within the realm of seriousness.

The Temps publishes a leader devoted to German and American relations, says a dispatch from Paris to the Herald. It says:

"The entente cordiale between Germany and the United States has just had its honeymoon, and almost its wedding journey, with the visit of Prince Henry of Prussia.

"It also threatens, as often happens, to let loose a crowd of bores, intriguers and chevaliers d'industrie, ready to profit by this exchange of amenities, or to attack those who have brought them about.

"When Prince Henry has got rid of the bruises on his hand he will have nothing but agreeable souvenirs of this tour, during which the great republican democracy gave evidence not only of its amiable sentiments for Germany, but also of that latent, that unconscious royalism which lies at the bottom of the heart of every citizen of the free and equal republic.

"It is to be believed that Prince Henry, in spite of the ridiculous pretensions of the pargenus, will have carried away with him a deep and grandiose impression of the unique spectacle of that continent in a state of fermentation.

"Smaller incidents will disappear from his memory.

"The sensational (American) organs beat the big drum and play the trumpet with all the force of their lungs, innumerable caricatures show "Brother Jonathan" under a thousand different forms in the carnival like costume which he owes to a tradition which has but little of aesthetic about it, flirting with Gretchen, to the great irritation of John Bull, who is seated, ruined, meditating on his misfortunes.

"All that is highly fanciful. Things have not got to this point, and 'Gretchen,' for reasons far from sentimental, has just been making eyes at 'John Bull,' who, since the speech of Baron von Richthofen, feels himself neither deserted nor disgraced.

"One thing is certain, that the mere humor of this rapprochement has put everybody's imagination in movement."

FIRST TIME.

New Primary Election Law Used In St. Paul.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The new primary election law was put in effect for the first time in this city today, a full vote being cast. This is the first day of registration and under the law the regular judges of election after registering the voters take their ballots for nominees for city offices on both Democratic and Republican tickets. The same judges count both sets of ballots. There are five Republican and two Democratic candidates for mayor besides numerous candidates for other offices, and as the booths are open until 9 o'clock, it will be very late before the result is known.

TO ORGANIZE.

Strong Labor Movement Prevails at Eau Claire.

Eau Claire, Wis., March 18.—A movement is under way to organize every department of labor in Eau Claire and combine all unions into a central organization. Last night there was a meeting of bricklayers, stone masons and plasterers at A. O. U. W. hall. Peter Wagner, deputy organizer of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor was present. All masons in the city are eligible to membership. At Stolls college tonight, the carpenters, joiners and lathers are to meet. Tuesday evening, March 25, there will be a meeting of blacksmiths.

SOLD HIS WHEAT.

Marshall Field Unloads Fifty Thousand Bushels.

Tacoma, Wash., March 18.—Marshall Field, of Chicago, who owns a large tract of wheat land near Fairfield, Wash., and who has been holding his wheat until higher prices ruled has sold 50,000 bushels at about 50 cents per bushel. This is the last large lot of wheat in the Palouse district and almost cleans up grain remaining in farmers' hands. Over 90 per cent of the crop has been shipped to Tacoma for export.



MEN CONSPICUOUS IN THE STRIKE TROUBLES IN NEW ENGLAND.

The strike fever seems to have struck New England. Patrick A. Collins, mayor of Boston; Ralph M. Easley, and Senator Mark Hanna of the National Civic federation and Oscar F. Cox, president of the Freight Transportation Council, are endeavoring to settle Boston's freight handlers' strike. M. C. D. Borden, Fall River's "calico king," has raised wages and made concessions, and other manufacturers will have a strike on hand if they do not do the same. About 25,000 men may be idle.

TOBACCO

Will Be Manufactured at Stillwater If Law Allows.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—Unless the United States revenue laws interfere, the state board of control will establish this year a factory at the Stillwater penitentiary for the manufacture of chewing and smoking tobacco for the use of its own inmates without paying the tax required of manufacturers who put tobacco on the market. The question that is troubling the state board of control is whether one institution can manufacture tobacco for the use of inmates of other state institutions without paying the tax, provided the tobacco is offered for sale.

The question is now under investigation, and if it is found that tobacco can be manufactured at Stillwater for all the institutions, the plant surely will be established, as the saving of the tax alone insures a considerable saving.

GIRL RAN AWAY

To See the Sights of the Metropolis.

New York, March 18.—Margaret Miller, a 13-year-old girl, who said she came from Pittsburg, was found asleep on a bench in the Sixth avenue elevated railroad station at Cortlandt street early Sunday morning. Policeman Lockwood took her to a police station, where she was taken charge of by the matron. Later she was taken before Magistrate Brann, in the Center street court, and in answer to the magistrate's questions she stated that she had run away from home. She was given into the custody of the Children's society.

"My father and mother are dead," she said, "and I and my older brother live with my uncle, John Hoffman, who is a machinist. About two weeks ago my uncle and I went to Washington from Pittsburg to see the capitol. We stopped at the Ebbitt house. I wanted my uncle to bring me to New York, but he would not do it, so I came myself. I came Friday night. That is all."

Margaret said that she had asked her uncle for money to buy some things, but had bought a ticket for New York instead. She still had $6 in money when found. The girl's uncle will be communicated with and the society will send her back to Pittsburg.

PANAMA CANAL

Favored By Engineers of World-Wide Reputation.

New York, March 18.—Many engineers of world-wide reputation gathered in the Montauk club, Brooklyn, Saturday, to do honor to Charles C. Martin, engineer of the Brooklyn bridge, whose friends had bidden him to an enaborate dinner in celebration of his long services. Among the speakers was Irving M. Scott, president of the Union Iron works, of San Francisco, builder of the battleship Oregon and the cruiser Olympia. He caused an uproar of enthusiasm among the assembled experts when he spoke of the Isthmian canal question.

"We must cut that canal," he said. "Whether it be Panama or Nicaragua, I care not, but have it we must."

"Panama! Panama!" shouted the diners, and if there was a dissenting voice it was inaudible. The guests rose, waved their handkerchiefs and shouted and cries of "Panama, not Nicaragua," were echoed again and again, after which Mr. Scott added:

"May the senate hurry and pass the bill. And I know the president will sign it."

SITE SELECTED.

New York, March 18.—A site for St. Gaudin's statue of Gen. Sherman, presented to this city by the chamber of commerce, has been chosen by the park commission. It will be placed at the southeast entrance of Central Park.

MAD MAN

Uses a Big Crucifix as a Weapon.

New York, March 18.—John W. Foster, Jr., a publisher 30 years old, whose business is at 43 Cedar street, and who lives at 642 East One Hundred and Fifty-seventh street, was taken to Bellevue hospital Sunday afternoon a raving maniac after being released from the insane pavilion the day before in charge of his friends. ... the hospital he escaped twice from the attendant and was placed in a cell only after a long chase and a desperate struggle.

Foster was sent to Bellevue hospital on Thursday. He improved to such an extent that on Saturday he was taken home. Sunday he again began breaking up the furniture. He was finally induced to enter a carriage under promise of attending church services. He took along a big crucifix and some vessels for holy water. On reaching the hospital gate Foster leaped out of the carriage, and, brandishing the crucifix, ran to the river front. There he was stopped by some workmen. He rushed back to the carriage, jumped in, and defied the policemen and attendants to come and get him. One policeman got a blow on the head with the crucifix. Finally Foster raced into the hospital grounds. After a 10-minute chase, in which fifty attendants took part, his feet sank into the turf, sodden with rain, and two attendants, by keeping on the walks, headed him off. When he saw he was surrounded he knelt on the wet grass with the crucifix stuck in the ground before him and a Bible in his hands.

"Father, forgive them," he prayed.

Then he submitted quietly to being taken into the office.

CAPTURED SMALL LAAGER.

Pretoria, Monday, March 17.—Gen. Bruce Hamilton has captured a small Boer laager, eastward of Vryheid, Southeastern Transvaal. Four Boers were killed, six were wounded and seventeen were made prisoners. Gen. Botha's brother-in-law, Gen. Emmet, was among the Boers captured.

Attracting Attention

The display of tooth brushes in our show window is attracting a great deal of attention.

Something new in window trimming, as you will observe by looking at the display.

When you learn the quality of the goods you will be agreeably surprised, as the price for these

Tooth Brushes Are 10c

Formerly sold at 25c. During our last discount sale we disposed of six gross, which goes to show that the public appreciate good values.

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

BRAZIL

Denies Reported Intention to Confiscate German Railway.

New York, March 18.—The Brazilian government has denied that it intends to confiscate the German railway, says a dispatch to the Herald from Rio de Janeiro. The minister of foreign affairs in accordance with the request of the minister of war has decided to send a circular note to the legations in the United States, Germany, France, England, Italy, Argentina and Chile requesting those governments to permit the Brazilian military attaches to have access to the different military establishments in order to study the latest progress in warfare.

THE JUDGE

Required to Explain His Actions to Supreme Court.

Butte, Mont., March 18.—A special to the Miner from Helena says the supreme court late yesterday issued an order directing Judge E. W. Harney, of the district court of Silver Bow county to explain to the court his return on the alternative writ issued last week in the Minnie Healy case. By that writ Harney was required to show cause why he had not passed on the motion for a new trial in the Minnie Healy case. Judge Harney denied the motion for a new trial and had stricken from the files affidavits which reflected upon his motives in deciding the case.

Judge Harney is required to make additional answer showing whether the order denying the motion for a new trial was made before or after the order striking out the affidavits reflecting upon his motives as a judge.

CITY IN DARKNESS.

Bad Leak In Dam at Fergus Falls.

Fergus Falls, Minn., March 18.—A bad leak was discovered yesterday underneath the electric power plant dam and the entire light system will have to be shut down until it is repaired. It was only by a narrow chance that the dam was saved. The city last night was in darkness.

VOTING MACHINES.

Preliminaries For Their Introduction In Ramsey County.

St. Paul, March 18.—(Special to The Herald.)—The county commissioners have passed a resolution looking towards the introduction of automatic voting machines to be used in all general and primary elections.

A committee was named to secure information concerning the cost of voting machines and report to the county board.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best because adhesive, invisible, harmless. Flesh, white, brunette tints. 25c.

"WE TRUST THE PEOPLE"

It will be to your interest to attend our Spring Discount Sale—**5 per cent** to **40 per cent** off regular prices. **Try our easy payment plan.** It pays to trade with

R. R. Forward & Co.,

Both Phones. 2110-12 W. Superior St.

CAUGHT UNDER WHEELS.

Fatal Accident to a Marshfield, Wis., Man.

St. Paul, March 18.—A Marshfield, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: James Forestal aged 37, while crossing the track between two cars was caught under the wheels and run over late last night. Death occurred half an hour later. Four small children are thus deprived of a father. Deceased's wife is in the insane asylum.

MAINE COAST CLUB

Formed to Use Three Thousand Acre Island.

Boston, Mass., March 18.—The Maine Coast club is a new organization of millionaires, artists and bankers, which proposes to establish a sportsman's paradise on Petit Manan island, Me., only twelve miles from Bar Harbor. The club has acquired the entire island, consisting of 3000 acres of woodland, with an uninterrupted stretch of fifteen miles of unbroken sea front.

Each member of the club, upon being voted, receives a deed to a lot of land at the time of paying his initiation fee, and 100 cottages are to be erected the coming season. The club is managed by an executive directorate which includes J. W. Paul of the Philadelphia Art club, W. F. Owens of New York, Herbert Jacques of Boston, C. Vey Holman of Bangor, E. H. Dennison of Philadelphia, J. Frank Turner of Plymouth, Pa., and Charles B. Foltz of Philadelphia.

It is proposed to have golf links on 200 acres, a yacht club, with clubhouse and harbor, a special railroad service, and fishing appurtenances. The formal opening will be on May 1.

TOLD A PHONOGRAPH.

William Henry Crampton, "the preaching policeman" of Brooklyn, who had his tongue removed at the Seney hospital in April of last year, died in the hospital of the university of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia on the morning of Sunday, Jan. 26, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The case of Crampton attracted much attention at the time, because of the fact that he was a well-known public lecturer and before the growth of a malignant cancer made the removal of his tongue necessary, spent the last few hours of coherent speech in talking his repertois eof lectures into a phonograph, purposing to continue his career as a lecturer after has had lost the power to articulate speech.

Crampton rallied from the earlier operation and for three months, while he was able to travel, carried his plan into effect most successfully. Much to his own surprise and equally to the surprise of the physicians he could speak so as to be understood even after two-thirds of his tongue had been cut away. With the help of his phonograph sylinders he conducted lectures throughout New York state, always drawing crowded houses. The return of the cancerous growth finally forced him to abandon his work.

Crampton, who was a man of fine physique and determined disposition, had fully made up his mind to live. So confident was he that he would overcome the fatal disease which had laid hold of him, that even after the return of the cancer had made a second operation necessary, he married a second wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Bricker, of Philadelphia, on Oct. 6, 1901. Two days later he was placed upon the operating table at the Seney hospital, and the lower left jaw bone, where the cancer had reappeared, was cut away.

At that time Dr. Lewis S. Pilcher, the operating surgeon, told Crampton that there was absolutely no chance for his recovery. Crampton refused to believe the verdict of the physician and went to Philadelphia to live with his new wife. Shortly after the operation he was attacked by sharp pains in the right side, in the region of the liver. He went to the hospital of the university of Pennsylvania, where he was told that he could be cured without an operation. The pains increased, and finally affected the lung. He died of a complication of cancer of the liver and hasty consumption.

Crampton was intensely religious, and in spite of the excruciating pain which racked him for weeks before his death, died with words of praise and thanksgiving on his lips. His lately wedded wife was with him at the time of his death.

The life of William Henry Crampton was crowded by such a succession of events and adventures as falls to the lot of very few. He was born at Manhasset, L. I., on Jan. 12, 1849. At the age of 7 he was kicked in the face by a mule and sixteen pieces of splintered bone was taken out. Shortly afterward he was under water for nearly half an hour, given up for dead and resuscitated after an hour's work.

At the age of 15 he enlisted in the One Hundred and Second New York volunteers and served out the remainder of the war in several different regiments. He was severely wounded on three separate occasions, but recovered from all his wounds, and at the close of the war went to sea.

His adventures during the seven years of his life as a sailor were too numerous and thrilling to be recounted in anything less than a volume of romance. Finally, in the Island of Lebuan, in the South Seas, after being captured by cannibals and escaping most miraculously, he fell down the shaft of a coal mine, where, to use his own language, he "saw a great light and was gloriously converted to the Lord." There, in the black darkness of the coal pit, with no companions but the voracious rats, which nearly made an end of him, he determined to devote the rest of his life to the work of saving souls.

The later lectures of Crampton recounted many of the adventures of his thrilling life. Captured by Malay pirates, in the jaws of a 20-fot man-eating shark, pursued by the calf worshipers of India, run down by a waterspou tin mid-ocean, and countless other equally thrilling episodes were made the subjects of narratives which could hardly fail to hold the attention of any audience. The title of one lecture, "How I Escaped Becoming a Confirmed Rat Soup Eater," gives an idea of the way the lectures were placed before the public.

Crampton returned to Brooklyn, married Miss Harriet L. Johnson, of Port Washington, L. I., and settled down to the not unromantic life of a Brooklyn policeman. After eight years of service he abandoned the patrolman's beat for the lecture platform, and continued in that vocation the remainder of his life.

In 1899 his wife fell ill with cancer and he attended her until her death. Soon afterward the first symptoms of the disease showed themselves upon the tip of Crampton's longue. From the first it was evident to Dr. E. Paul Harman, the attending physician, that there was little chance of his recovery, but Crampton's buoyant disposition and vigorous constitution gave hope of several years of life. The operation of removing his tongue was eminently successful, but the disease had permeated his entire system and the resulting rally was only temporary. He is survived one son, Sherwood Crampton, of Brooklyn, and his recently married second wife, who lives in Philadelphia.

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write.

S. A. LOVE, C. T. A.,
405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

PARSON'S WIFE HUNT

Reading, Pa., Preacher Visits No. 1 on List of Eligibles.

Rev. Brownback on Tour of Inspection of Ten Women.

Sees One and Departs to Call on the Others.

Hartford, Conn., March 18.—The Rev. George W. Brownback, of Reading, Pa., who is making a tour of inspection of ten women, one of whom he intends to marry, came here on a clerical rate railroad ticket, met Mrs. Hattie Brewer, of Glastonbury, a widow, who is No. 1 on the list of eligibles, and departed without setting a date for the wedding or giving her a hint as to his intentions.

Mr. Brownback is a handsome man of 28 years, and has a wooden leg. Several years ago he went to Chicago, became a student at the Moody institute, and was licensed to preach. He returned to Reading, preached occasionally as a supply minister, and then went back to work in a foundry.

About a year ago Mr. Brownback, having saved $1000, decided to take a wife, and advertised for what he wanted.

All the answers were considered and ten selected as available. The minister decided to call and see each woman personally.

Mrs. Brewer was first on the list. She had corresponded with Brownback, and they had exchanged photographs. However, Mrs. Brewer knew nothing of the Rev. Mr. Brownback's intention to make a visit to the other nine women. Indeed, she knew nothing of the other nine, and supposed she was the single object of the preacher's admiration. She was, therefore, both disappointed and chagrined when Mr. Brownback took his departure on Saturday after a visit of several days, during which he had given Mrs. Brewer and her acquaintances the impression that he was ready for an immediate marriage.

The Rev. Francis P. Bachelor of the Congregational church at Hockanum was authorized by Mrs. Brewer to speak for her, and inquirers were referred to him.

Mrs. Brewer was in a state bordering on nervous prostration after Mr. Brownback left. She is the widow of Royal Brewer, who died several years ago. She owns a farm in East Hartford and has a large deposit in the savings bank. She is an active church worker, and the prospect of becoming the wife of a clergyman caused her much joy.

Mr. Bachelor said Mrs. Brewer had supposed for two months that she was engaged to Mr. Brownback, and she did not know that he was corresponding with other women. Mr. Bachelor expected to peform the marriage ceremony soon after Mr. Brownback arrived in Glastonbury.

When Mr. Brownback left Glastonbury on Saturday Mrs. Brewer accompanied him to Hartford on the trolley car and went with him to the station. When she bade her good-bye he said he might see her again in six months.

The Rev. Mr. Bachelor is somewhat in doubt about Mr. Brownback's standing as a clergyman. He was unable to find the name of the visitor in the register of Congregational ministers.

Mr. Brownback left this city to visit No. 2 on his list of eligibles, who lives in New York. From there he will go to Wilmington, Del., Baltimore, Washington, West Virginia, Ohio and Indiana.

After the Rev. Mr. Brownback completes his tour he will return to Reading, sum up the good and bad points of each of the ten matrimonial candidates, and notify them of his decision.

Mr. Brownback intends the wedding shall take place in Reading and he will ask each of the nine unsuccessful candidates to attend, although doubt is expressed as to whether they will accept.

PEACE MAY BE NEAR.

Kruger to Send Letters to South Africa.

New York, March 18.—Mrs. Eloff, wife of Mr. Kruger's private secretary, sailed for South Africa on Saturday, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. Her husband expects to follow her speedily. The inference drawn by some people at The Hague is that Eloff will carry letters from Mr. Kruger, which may have a decisive effect in ending the war. The generalization is an elastic one, but without doubt well-informed people at The Hague are convinced that negotiations are in progress, and peace nearer than is generally supposed.

ALBANIANS ATTACK TOWN.

Constantinople, March 18.—A band of 200 Albanians recently attacked the town of Filiata. Severel men were killed or wounded on both sides. The reinforcements of troops sent to Filiata from Yiana developed signs of insubordination, owing to their pay being inadequate. No Christians participated in the outbreak.

BILL ADOPTED.

Vienna, March 18.—The lower house of the reichsrath today adopted without debate the government bill arranging for provisional commercial relations between Austrian-Hungary and Mexico.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $8.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Baas, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St.,

SPRINGTIME

Its Enjoyment Depends Upon Your Condition of Health.

Paine's Celery Compound

Will Remove Your Burden of Disease and Suffering and Make Life Worth Living.

In springtime thousands resort to some remedy to purify the blood and to arouse its circulation with the view of banishing diseases common at this season.

Those whose intelligence directs them to make use of Paine's Celery Compound, know just what to expect in results when the great medicine is used. They are aware of the fact that their relatives, friends, and neighbors have used Paine's Celery Compound in the past, and that it has, in every case, proved the ideal invigorator for the run down, weak and suffering; it has cleansed the blood and caused the life stream to course with vigor and health to every part of the body; it has braced the nerves; it has banished the agonies of rheumatism, neuralgia and dyspepsia, and has triumphed over deadly kidney disease and liver troubles.

In the past, Paine's Celery Compound as a spring medicine has saved thousands of precious lives; today its work is greater, more widespread, and more commanding than ever before, because people know it better and use it more freely. Headaches, sleeplessness, cold chills, night sweats, and fevers are quickly banished when Paine's Celery Compound is faithfully used. No other spring medicine keeps the confidence of so many earnest men and women. Paine's Celery Compound has compelled the admiration of the medical world, and will hold its high position as the surest, best, and most effective health giver. One or two bottles used at this time will work wonders for all who are weak, run down, nervous, and out-of-sorts.

Diamond Paints for all decorative work. Equal to 50c Gold Paint.

FOR FINE
Wall Paper
And Decorating,
—GO TO—
Wannebo & Aronson
209 E. Superior St. Zenith Phone 41.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

Proposals for net beef and flour.—U. S. Indian school service, Vermilion Lake school, Tower, Minnesota, March 1, 1902. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for Beef and Flour," (as the case may be), and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minnesota, will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m., of March 29, 1902, for furnishing and delivering at this school as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, about fourteen thousand pounds beef, net, and fourteen thousand pounds flour, as per specifications and instructions to bidders to be had upon application to the undersigned. For further information apply to Oliver H. Gates, superintendent.
Duluth Evening Herald March-4-6-8-11-13-15-18-20-22-1902.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

THE DRUG HABIT!

Is responsible for thousands of nervous wrecks.

The debility begins with a feeling that something terrible is about to happen.

Then come the wasting of the muscles, the decay of the brain, indigestion and insomnia.

The eyes and cheeks become sunken."

As fearful as the effects of opiates and excesses are, they can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

surely fail to overcome this condition.

People who had considered their cases hopeless, are to-day strong and full of all the physical qualities which make men and women happy—and all thro' the curative results of this remedy.

Your money back if it fails—but it seldom does.

50 cents a box, 12 for $5. Guaranteed. Book free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— OTHERS ADVERTISE And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

4½% "On or Before and "Building Loans." **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor, Lonsdale Building. **5½%**

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE!

Two story building 25x75 feet, No. 231 Fifth Avenue west. This building must be moved before April 1st, 1902.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

First Street

Central business property is sure to advance. I have some bargains.

George Rupley,
513 Board of Trade.

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.

$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.

$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.

$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

Small Modern Houses

For Sale in the East End.
POSSESSION GIVEN MAY 1st.

Houses for sale on easy monthly payments

Building Lots for sale in various parts of the city.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$3800 Buys nine-room dwelling with all modern conveniences, on Third street near Fourteenth avenue east.

$12000 Buys four new modern brick dwellings in best part of East End; nets 10 per cent. An absolutely safe investment.

Cheap eight-room house on London road.

Eighty-six lots in Princeton place, $2400.

A. W. Taussig & Co.
305 Providence Building.

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $6000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

FOR RENT! Two fine flats, four very large rooms each—elegant condition—walking distance—modern, one furnace heats both..... **$30 for both**

If you want to buy or sell real estate do not fail to call in, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO., 201 Exchange Building.

FOR SALE.

A two-flat building near court house..... **$2600**
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside..... **$2250**
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved..... **$1500**
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door..... **$500**
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock..... **Cheap**

GEORGE A. WIELAND & CO., 109 Manhattan Building.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

Market Garden Lots.
Three 5-Acre Tracts
In Sec. 34-50-14.

At the end of Woodland street car line. For sale on easy terms if taken at once. Interest on deferred payments, 5 per cent.

A. W. HEPWORTH,
212 Exchange Bldg.

MORTGAGES MADE

On Improved City Property at
LOWEST RATES
With Our Invaluable
"ON OR BEFORE"
Privilege.
Building Loans a Specialty.
R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS:

$1500 Eight-room house, city water, near Fourth street and Piedmont avenue west. Easy terms.
$1000 Lot 50x140 feet, Third street, near Twenty-eighth avenue W.
$1600 Six-room house, city water, sewer and bath. Location very central.
$1200 Eight-room house, Fifth street and Sixteenth avenue east. Very cheap corner at the West End. All improvements made.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine streem through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, $3 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

ENDION BARGAINS

$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.

$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.

$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.

$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.

If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

Best Bargains!

20 Dwelling houses and lots on Duluth Heights will be sold within the next 60 days at prices and upon terms within the reach of anyone to secure his own home. The following is an example.

$475 $50 cash, balance $10 per month at 6 per cent interest, buys a well built five-room house in splendid condition and fine lot, on improved street. At Duluth Heights is a fine place to live and only twenty minutes' ride from the very center of the city. Come soon and have first pick.

If you think your landlord is overcharging for your place of residence you can rent a four to eight-room house in good condition on Duluth Heights for $4.50 to $7.00 per month.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1150 Buys eight-room house with good cellar, city water and fine lot near Thirty-ninth avenue west, one block from street car. Best terms.

$1150 Buys good eight-room house and lot near London Road and Twenty-second avenue east.

Have a number of fine five-acre tracts of land for gardening back of Woodland Park, about one mile from the street car line, that will be sold cheap.

Alfred Kjellin,
306 Burrows Building.

$1600

For a 16-room house on Piedmont avenue that brings an annual rental of $275. This is a bargain.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. FURNITURE refinished, Kristensen, 327 E. Sup. St., old Tel. 743-5.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPTION book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2208 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

BARGAINS!

15 acres finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

A 8-room house in the East End for $1200. Both 'phones.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANO MAHOGANY UPRIGHT used only a few months. Good as new, $148, $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CARPETS, ONE BRUSSELS 12 by 13, one Axminster 16 by 16, also stair carpet; one sideboard. 111 East Fourth street.

COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING OUTFIT; party leaving city. Apply 418 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—DOMESTIC SEWING machine. Address Flat C, Ashtabula flats.

WILL SELL SEVENTEEN HUNDRED shares of Idaho Continental Mining stock for 25c per share. Address G 45, Herald.

ORGAN GOOD SECOND HAND INstruments $10, $15, $20 and $25. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE — FINE DRIVING MARE, safe for lady. G. S. Doud, 1712 Hughitt avenue, West Superior. 'Phone 4483.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 319 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO SECOND HAND SQUARE IN perfect order, best make, $65. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE OR RENT — 5-ROOM COTtage, lot, boat and furniture King Castle, Twentieth street, Park Point. Address 631 East Second street.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE, A CORner; fine view; strictly modern; hardwood finish, on one of the best avenues in East End; will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Address Owner, care of Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause may monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, harmless, safe, sure. Flow unsuppressed. DR. JACKSON R. Co., P. 989 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice, Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 200 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell. 217 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT, PURSE containing $3, ring and a few small photos. Please leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—POCKETBOOK CONTAINING money and valuable paper. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Paine, Webber & Co., 309 West Superior street.

LOST—AT ARMORY, SUNDAY AFTERnoon, a tail of a black marten scarf. Finder please return same to 203 West Second, and receive reward.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. M. BISCONET, FASHIONABLE dressmaker, 112 Lowell building.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1¼ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages. Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park place.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, 1102 East First street; no upstairs work; good wages.

FIRST CLASS WASHERWOMAN, BEST accommodations. Best wages. Apply 619 West Second street.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS AT THE Children's home. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Will pay $18 per month. 2327 East First street.

GOOD WAGES PAID COMPETENT girl for general housework. Address 1109 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. No. 10 Chester terrace.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. Corner Mesaba avenue and Second avenue west.

WANTED—PAINT CLEANER. APPLY housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with general housework. 32 East Fourth street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE. MISS Meining, No. 8 West Superior street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COOK, also a good second girl. Wages, $20 and $18 a month. Railroad fare paid out and back to see place. Each girl will have her own room. None but with the best of references need apply. J. P. Weyerhaeuser, Lake Nebagamin, Wis.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1113 East First street.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE GIRL. 1432 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1422½ East First street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS LAUNdress. Apply at once to St. Luke's hospital.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid; German preferred. 1619 East First.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — FOUR COAT MAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS COAT maker and a trousers maker. Janzig, tailor.

ENERGETIC WORKERS TO DISTRIBute circulars and samples; permanent occupation; good pay. Distributers' League, 49 West Twenty-eighth street, New York.

WANTED—MEN TO CLEAR LAND BY the acre under contract, no teams needed. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. F. J. Mueller, 3 West Superior street.

ACTIVE MAN TO REPRESENT RESponsible manufacturing company in resident and nearby counties. Salary $15 per week and expenses, payable weekly; absolutely no canvassing. Permanent position; splendid opportunity for advancement. References required. Address Manufacturer, 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, Minneapolis, wants men to learn trade. Last thirty days that you can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Short time required. Positions plentiful during spring. Write today.

WANTED—ONE PANTS AND ONE vest maker. First class positions to competent workmen. George H. Brenton, Phoenix building.

SALESMAN WANTED — TO SELL OUR window cleaner brush. Rubber and pail combined. No trouble to make $6 to $10 per day. Address Window Cleaner company, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GROcery clerk. Henry Folz.

WANTED—AT ONCE, FIFTEEN EXperienced quarrymen and stone splitters. Wages $1.75 per day. Kettle River Quarries copany, Sandstone, Minn.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS COATmaker. Call at 511 East Fourth street. Carl Hvaal.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or any kind of work. Address J 65, Herald.

YOUNG MAN 19 YEARS OF AGE ATtending Business University, wants to work after school for his board. Address J 64, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer; competent and accurate; best of references. J 55, Herald.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED MAN, steady and temperate, work as teamster, janitor or any such employment. Inquire of Dr. McCloran, Torrey building.

WANTED — POSITION OUT OF TOWN by lady cook; used to cooking in camps. J 52, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 906 West First street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

TWO LARGE FURNISHED ROOMS, with modern conveniences; very central. Address S 13, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 224 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE ROOMS, 1020 EAST Fourth street; very pleasant location. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 528 West First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM, No. 18 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT, 1020 East Fourth street. Very pleasant location. Apply 120 First avenue west.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED--TO RENT.

WANTED—BY APRIL 15, NICE UNFURnished room in desirable neighborhood. Address, stating location, description and price, Z, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, TEAM OF MARES weighing about 2800 pounds. Must be young and sound. W. R. McCoy, 2 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND cash register. 16 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED — TO BUY — SECOND-HAND counter. Address J 92, Herald.

WANTED—LIVE MARTEN AND FISHer. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 830 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

YOUR WHOLE LIFE; ANYTHING lost, stolen or accidents, deaths and sickness. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 105 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hendeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1106.

CHARLES COWFELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 311 West Fifth street.

PAINTING AND DECORATING—BEST work; lowest prices. Charles Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed, Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 844-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIRdyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting March 15, 1902. Work, second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave March 18, 1902. Work, installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 117, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; M. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P. meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..	Duluth..	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar..	Proctor..	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...	Wolf...	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia.	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..	Eveleth..	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..	Sparta...	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik..	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron.	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.	Hibbing.	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave			Arrive	
‡ 1:25	p.m.	St. Paul	‡ 1:55	p.m.
11:10	p.m.	Minneapolis	6:30	p.m.
* 7:55	a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 8:43	p.m.
† 3:00	p.m.		† 11:55	a.m.

* Daily. ‡ Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth		*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth	
**9 15	am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00	pm
*8 30	pm	Twilight Limited	**9 59	pm
*5 00	pm	Chicago, Milwaukee	*10 55	am
*5 00	pm	Appleton,	*10 55	am
*5 00	pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55	am
*5 00	pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55	am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave			Arrive	
a 9:00	p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15	a m
b 9:00	a m	" "	b 6:50	p m
b 9:10	p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55	a m
8:40	a m	North Coast Limited	b 4:55	p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave			Arrive	
b 9:00	a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:50	p m
a 11:55	p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 11:00	p m
8:40	p m		a 7:10	a m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. 12:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

D aily. † Except Sunday

Think About It

Do not lean back in your chair (in a rented house) and build air castles, and dream of a little home all your own. Wake up. Get on earth, earth that belongs to you that nobody can dispute.

Begin at once. Buy one of these houses. It will be your last chance.

$1900 will buy a cozy six-room cottage in the East End. Full basement with concrete floor. Has city water, toilet room and sewer connections. The house throughout is in first class repair. Size of lot, 33x76 feet deep to alley.

$4500 will buy an eight-room house on East Superior street, with bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, etc. Lot, 50x140.

$5250 will buy an eight-room dwelling on Fourth street, stone foundation, full basement with concrete floor. Furnace heat, city water, bath, sewer connections, gas, etc. Corner lot, 50x140, centrally located. This is a bargain and can be sold on easy terms.

$900 will buy a seven-room house, good as new, with stone foundation, in West End. Lot, 25x140. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1800 will buy a good six-room house on East Fifth street. City water. Lot, 25x140. $400 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1250 will buy a four-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water and closet with sewer connections. Lot, 25x70. $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1750 will buy a seven-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water, closet with sewer connections. In first class repair. Lot, 25x70. $750 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1500 will buy an eight-room house on Third street, near Seventh avenue east. City water. Lot, 25x140.

$1100 will buy a seven-room house on Main street, one block from Central avenue, West Duluth. City water. Lot, 35x75. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY (2)

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1902.

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT

—OF—

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.

—FOR THE—

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1901.

OFFICE OF COUNTY AUDITOR, St. Louis County, Minn.

Duluth, Minn., January 6, 1902.

To the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of St. Louis County, Minnesota:

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit a statement of the receipts, disbursements of this county during the fiscal year ending December 31st, 1901, and the assets, liabilities and balances in county funds on said day.

Yours respectfully,

[signature] Halden
County Auditor.

TABULAR STATEMENT

—OF—

Receipts, Disbursements and Balances.

FUNDS.	Balance in Treasury Jan. 7, 1901	Collections during Fiscal Year Ending Dec. 31, 1901	Total Amount of Foregoing	Disbursements as Per Vouchers During Year 1901	Balance in Treasury Jan. 1, 1902
State taxes		$ 70,996 53	$ 70,996 53	$ 70,996 53	
State school lands		5,277 48	5,277 48	5,277 48	
State school taxes		54,096 25	54,096 25	54,096 25	
State loan to school district No. 9	$ 2,390 29	2,058 05	4,448 34	1,485 17	2,963 17
State loan to school district No. 12	2,535 65	1,765 84	4,301 49	1,274 16	3,027 33
State loan to school district No. 14	208 73	1 13	209 86	3 52	206 34
State loan to school district No. 15	196 50	289 47	485 97	230 93	255 04
State loan to school district No. 17	51 28	70 78	122 06	72 97	49 09
State loan to school district No. 18	931 01	8 22	939 23		939 23
State loan to school district No. 19	122 61	13 98	136 59	33 93	102 66
State loan to school district No. 20	372 50	332 45	704 95	286 51	418 44
State loan to school district No. 21	1,023 77	918 69	1,942 46	626 87	1,315 59
State loan to school district No. 22	3,664 64	7,264 36	10,929 00	4,809 72	6,119 28
State loan to school district No. 23	14 68		14 68	11 26	3 42
State loan to school district No. 24	2,497 20	1,874 71	4,371 91	1,272 35	3,099 56
State loan to school district No. 25	617 97	579 59	1,197 56	559 44	638 12
State loan to school district No. 26	12 66	25 25	37 91	28 75	9 16
State loan to school district No. 27	2,350 07	4,403 03	6,753 10	3,148 83	3,604 27
State loan to school district No. 28		47 21	47 21	31 67	3 97
State loan to school district No. 29	47 18	217 91	265 09	125 59	139 50
State loan to school district No. 30	285 37	29 74	315 11	45	314 66
State loan to school district No. 31	46 50	59 07	105 57		105 57
State loan to school district No. 32	136 43	98 83	235 26	67 50	167 76
State loan to school district No. 33		83 59	83 59	17 77	15 75
State loan to school district No. 34		297 49	297 49	164 00	113 91
State loan to city of Ely	159 36	707 61	866 97	480 13	386 84
State loan to village of Mountain Iron		3 64	3 64		
State loan to village of Hibbing	53 64	741 84	795 48	480 32	315 16
State loan to town of Stuntz		4,391 54	4,391 54	3,038 32	1,353 22
	$ 17,718 34	$ 156,654 28	$ 174,372 62	$ 148,620 72	$ 25,667 04
Deduct overdrafts Jan. 7, 1901: State loan to school district No. 28 ....$11 57; State loan to school district No. 33 .... 50 07; State loan to school district No. 34 .... 19 58; State loan to village of Mountain Iron 32 48	113 70		113 70		
Deduct overdraft Dec. 31, 1901. State loan to village of Mountain Iron					28 84
	$ 17,604 64	$ 156,654 28	$ 174,258 92	$ 148,620 72	$ 25,638 20
Hunting licenses	2 74	890 12	892 86	487 99	404 87
Total state funds	$ 17,607 38	$ 157,544 40	$ 175,151 78	$ 149,108 71	$ 26,043 07
From state road fund	10 01		10 01	10 01	
County revenue fund	75,683 85	96,012 00	171,695 85	152,385 84	19,310 01
County poor fund		20,138 58	20,138 58	26,687 42	
County special road fund		30,701 10	30,701 10	27,186 40	
County bond interest fund	10,524 61	4,514 48	15,039 09	5,660 43	9,378 66
County bond sinking fund	41,526 85	3,949 00	45,475 85	129 16	45,346 69
County road, bridge bond interest and sinking fund	33,322 17	14,053 51	47,375 68	13,167 79	34,207 89
Municipal railroad aid bond interest and sinking fund	10,236 41	13,438 54	23,674 95	13,061 98	10,612 97
New road fund	137 81		137 81	137 81	
Infectious diseases	310 59	6,839 77	7,150 36	6,759 06	1,391 30
Refund account		42,632 61	42,632 61	44,448 34	
Private redemptions	6,897 87	64,252 81	71,150 68	70,120 55	1,303 13
	$178,650 17	$ 296,532 40	$ 475,182 57	$ 358,754 79	$121,277 65
Deduct overdrafts Jan. 7, 1901: County poor fund ....$39,501 81; County special road fund 7,566 57; Refund account 814 14	47,882 52		47,882 52		
Deduct overdraft Dec. 31, 1901: County poor fund ....$46,050 65; County special road fund 4,051 87; Refund account 2,629 87					52,732 39
Total county funds	$130,767 65	$ 296,532 40	$ 427,300 05	$ 358,754 79	$ 68,545 26
CITY OF DULUTH—					
General fund		35,038 11	35,038 11	35,038 11	
Street, etc., assessments		21,380 04	21,380 04	21,380 04	
Fire department fund		34,721 14	34,721 14	34,721 14	
Board of public works fund		79,174 42	79,174 42	79,174 42	
Public park fund		11,194 97	11,194 97	11,194 97	
Water fund		36,194 03	36,194 03	36,194 03	
Water and light fund		11,310 64	11,310 64	11,310 64	
Light fund		22,621 27	22,621 27	22,621 27	
Library fund		12,259 97	12,259 97	12,259 97	
Health department fund		6,786 36	6,786 36	6,786 36	
Printing and supplies		13,572 75	13,572 75	13,572 75	
Permanent improvement fund		22,621 27	22,621 27	22,621 27	
Bond interest fund		114,691 21	114,691 21	114,691 21	
Bond sinking fund		23,904 31	23,904 31	23,904 31	
VILLAGE OF DULUTH—					
Bond interest	2,026 28	7,522 41	9,548 69	8,561 79	986 90
Bond sinking fund	42,807 67	3,213 65	46,021 32	73 01	45,948 31
CITY OF ELY—					
General fund		7 20	7 20	5 81	1 39
Water and light fund		2,546 84	2,546 84	2,190 77	356 07
Court and police fund		2,091 42	2,091 42	1,777 75	313 67
Permanent improvement fund		3,023 55	3,023 55	2,579 75	443 80
Fire department fund		26 95	26 95	25 67	1 28
Bond interest fund		504 06	504 06	479 04	74 02
Bond sinking fund		2,020 16	2,020 16	1,723 03	297 13
CITY OF TOWER—					
General fund		3,099 92	3,099 92	3,099 92	
CITY OF VIRGINIA—					
General fund		1,294 09	1,294 09	1,294 09	
Bond interest fund		1,723 50	1,723 50	1,723 50	
Maintenance of order fund		1,272 83	1,272 83	1,272 83	
Street assessments		1,765 20	1,765 20	1,765 20	
VILLAGE OF BIWABIK—					
General fund	42 35	2,485 07	2,527 42	1,690 12	837 30
Bond sinking fund		1 50	1 50	1 50	
Judgment fund		25 88	25 88	25 88	
Street assessments		13 03	13 03	13 03	
VILLAGE OF EVELETH—					
Street assessments		32 94	32 94	32 94	
VILLAGE OF HIBBING					
General fund	295 88	7,070 76	7,366 64	6,697 50	669 14
Bond interest	1 50	1 33	2 83	2 83	
Bond sinking fund	3 01	2,914 67	2,917 68	2,635 46	282 22
Street assessments		12 02	12 02	12 02	
VILLAGE OF IRON JUNCTION—					
General fund	79 50		79 50		79 50
VILLAGE OF McKINLEY—					
General fund	28 39	267 85	296 24	223 50	72 74
VILLAGE OF MERRITT—					
General fund	106 92		106 92		106 92
VILLAGE OF MESABA—					
General fund	7 80	30 10	37 90	37 90	
VILLAGE OF MOUNTAIN IRON—					
General fund	256 99	636 33	893 32	421 72	471 60
Assessments		18 90	18 90		18 90
VILLAGE OF PROCTORKNOTT—					
General fund		1,638 07	1,638 07	1,638 07	
Judgment fund		104 65	104 65	104 65	
Assessments		124 92	124 92	124 92	
VILLAGE OF SPARTA—					
General fund	14 55	336 80	351 35	351 35	
Street assessments		286 04	286 04	286 04	
VILLAGE OF WEST DULUTH—					
Special refund	944 02		944 02	944 02	
Total city and village funds	$46,614 92	$491,583 13	$538,198 05	$457,237 16	$50,960 89
TOWN OF ALBORN—					
General fund		79 25	79 25	79 25	
Road fund		106 49	106 49	106 49	
TOWN OF ALLEN—					
General Fund		127 25	127 25	123 38	3 87
Road fund		276 64	276 64	268 22	8 42
TOWN OF BIWABIK—					
General fund	12 80	1,010 74	1,023 54	718 24	305 30
Road fund	32 01	2,804 67	2,836 68	1,987 05	849 63
TOWN OF BREITUNG—					
General fund	32 44	862 03	894 47	868 14	26 33
Road fund	60 59	1,981 91	2,042 50	1,978 86	63 64
TOWN OF CANOSIA—					
General Fund		420 76	420 76	400 82	19 94
Road fund		438 91	438 91	423 45	15 46
Interest fund		7 82	7 82	13 26	
Sinking fund		26 98	26 98	39 78	
TOWN OF CLINTON—					
General fund	5 94	202 54	208 48	206 94	1 54
Road fund	13 56	351 81	365 37	346 13	19 24
TOWN OF CULVER—					
General Fund		57 03	57 03	52 49	4 54
Road fund		63 79	63 79	59 25	4 54
TOWN OF DINHAM—					
General fund	132 67	9 92	142 59	142 59	
Road fund	288 55	17 80	306 35	306 35	
Bond interest fund	46 68	7 44	54 12	54 12	
Bond sinking fund	288 08	46 12	334 20	334 20	
TOWN OF DULUTH—					
General Fund		1,089 63	1,089 63	1,089 63	
Road fund		2,794 07	2,794 07	2,794 07	
TOWN OF FAYAL—					
General fund	14 70	1,797 67	1,812 37	1,791 29	21 08
Road fund	27 19	1,980 31	2,007 50	1,984 31	23 19
Bond interest fund	73	04	77	77	
Bond sinking fund	6 61	73	7 34	7 34	
TOWN OF FLOODWOOD—					
General fund	1 94	134 45	136 39	142 66	
Road fund	2 95	194 32	197 27	200 92	
TOWN OF GNESEN—					
General Fund		333 05	333 05	333 05	
Road fund		832 67	832 67	832 67	
TOWN OF GRAND LAKE—					
General Fund		175 83	175 83	159 51	16 32
Road fund		514 19	514 19	479 19	35 00
Bond interest fund		13 19	13 19	9 54	3 65
Bond sinking fund		52 56	52 56	29 93	22 63
Noxious weeds		99 32	99 32	94 37	4 95
TOWN OF GREAT SCOTT—					
General Fund		456 85	456 85	456 85	
Road fund		669 69	669 69	669 69	
TOWN OF HERMANN—					
General Fund		332 87	332 87	332 87	
Road fund		795 22	795 22	795 22	
Infectious diseases		2 30	2 30	2 30	
TOWN OF INDUSTRIAL—					
General fund		101 57	101 57	101 57	
Road fund		183 57	183 57	183 57	
Judgment fund	4 58	1 72	6 30		6 30
TOWN OF KELSEY—					
General fund	5 65	186 60	192 25	195 03	
Road fund	13 68	534 83	548 51	551 29	
TOWN OF McDAVITT—					
General fund	5 28	139 21	144 49	129 58	14 91
Road fund	7 58	142 91	150 49	132 97	17 52
TOWN OF MESABA—					
General fund		127 50	127 50	133 98	
Road fund		303 36	303 36	302 98	38
Interest fund		12 51	12 51	12 51	
TOWN OF MIDWAY—					
General fund		197 12	197 12	197 12	
Road fund		468 81	468 81	468 81	
TOWN OF MISSABE MOUNTAIN—					
General fund		1,145 95	1,145 95	1,145 95	
Road fund		3,723 61	3,723 61	3,723 61	
TOWN OF MORSE—					
General fund	54 44	731 13	785 57	653 66	131 91
Road fund	136 12	1,832 63	1,968 75	1,634 09	334 66
Interest fund	1 10	92 88	93 98	131 53	
TOWN OF NEW INDEPENDENCE—					
General fund	4 75	103 03	107 78	91 28	16 50
Road fund	6 33	133 76	140 09	119 03	21 06
TOWN OF NICHOLS—					
General fund		651 50	651 50	438 80	212 70
Road fund		1,404 15	1,404 15	959 75	444 40
Bond interest fund		10 60	10 60	22 60	
Judgment fund		2 65	2 65	5 65	
TOWN OF RICE LAKE—					
General fund		472 71	472 71	472 71	
Road fund		1,180 82	1,180 82	1,180 82	
Bond interest fund		715 98	715 98	715 98	
Bond sinking fund		901 19	901 19	901 19	
TOWN OF SOLWAY—					
General fund		172 34	172 34	172 34	
Road fund		445 25	445 25	445 25	
TOWN OF STUNTZ—					
General fund	780 22	3,152 55	3,932 77	3,063 21	869 56
Road fund	1,478 90	8,148 09	9,626 99	7,376 09	2,250 90
Bond interest fund	53 85		53 83	53 83	
Bond sinking fund	77 13	10 23	87 36	87 36	
	$3,597 05	$48,599 62	$52,196 67	$46,519 85	$5,770 07
Deduct overdrafts December 31, 1901— TOWN OF CANOSIA— Bond interest fund ....$ 5 44; Bond sinking fund .... 12 80; TOWN OF FLOODWOOD— General fund ....$ 6 27; Road fund .... 3 65; TOWN OF KELSEY— General fund .... 2 78; Road fund .... 2 78; TOWN OF MESABA— General fund .... 6 48; TOWN OF MORSE— Bond interest fund .... 37 55; TOWN OF NICHOLS— Bond interest fund .... 12 00; Judgment fund 3 00					92 75
Total town funds	$3,597 05	$48,599 62	$52,196 67	$46,519 85	$5,677 32
INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT— CITY OF DULUTH—					
General fund		$140,287 22	$140,287 22	$140,287 22	
Local mill		25,190 91	25,190 91	25,190 91	
Building fund		635 54	635 54	635 54	
Interest and sinking fund		2,239 71	2,239 71	2,239 71	
State apportionment		29,956 95	29,956 95	29,956 95	
County apportionment		1,043 71	1,043 71	1,043 71	
		$199,354 04	$199,354 04	$199,354 04	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1—					
General fund		737 09	737 09	737 09	
Local mill		81 91	81 91	81 91	
Unorganized local mill		129 06	129 06	129 06	
Building fund		12	12	12	
Interest and sinking fund		21	21	21	
State apportionment		320 50	320 50	320 50	
County apportionment		11 27	11 27	11 27	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 5—					
General fund		1,246 63	1,246 63	1,246 63	
Local mill		332 39	332 39	332 39	
Unorganized local mill		129 06	129 06	129 06	
Building fund		9 43	9 43	9 43	
State apportionment		94 30	94 30	94 30	
County apportionment		187 28	187 28	187 28	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 6—					
General fund		2,026 18	2,026 18	2,026 18	
Local mill		233 74	233 74	233 74	
Unorganized local mill		129 06	129 06	129 06	
State apportionment		486 00	486 00	486 00	
County apportionment		967 46	967 46	967 46	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7—					
General fund		1,018 25	1,018 25	1,018 25	
Local mill		125 83	125 83	125 83	
Unorganized local mill		129 06	129 06	129 06	
Building fund		384 19	384 19	384 19	
State apportionment		193 40	193 40	193 40	
County apportionment		385 04	385 04	385 04	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 8—					
General fund		1,478 74	1,478 74	1,478 74	
Local mill		166 55	166 55	166 55	
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	129 05	
State apportionment		155 05	155 05	155 05	
County apportionment		308 20	308 20	308 20	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 9—					
General fund		6,979 06	6,979 06	6,979 06	
Local mill		775 95	775 95	775 95	
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	129 05	
Building fund		897 82	897 82	897 82	
Sinking fund		89 52	89 52	89 52	
State apportionment		2,012 55	2,012 55	2,012 55	
County apportionment		70 04	70 04	70 04	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 10—					
General fund	469 56	1,386 96	1,856 52	1,804 07	52 45
Local mill	151 00	173 18	324 18	317 43	6 75
Unorganized local mill	102 27	129 05	231 32	206 40	24 92
Building fund	8 06	1 27	9 33	8 50	83
State apportionment	84 80	112 15	196 95	124 80	72 15
County apportionment	183 04	223 56	406 60	260 74	145 86
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 11—					
General fund	8 11	226 15	234 26	52 21	182 05
Local mill	14 67	181 53	196 20	29 45	166 75
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	25 94	108 50
Building fund		123 56	123 56	7 88	115 68
Interest and sinking fund	5 84	75 00	80 84	39 25	41 59
State apportionment		14 80	14 80		14 80
County apportionment		29 92	29 92		29 92
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 12—					
General fund		12,646 41	12,646 41	12,646 41	
Local mill		1,415 27	1,415 27	1,415 27	
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	129 05	
Building fund		1,498 63	1,498 63	1,498 63	
State apportionment		1,756 90	1,756 90	1,756 90	
County apportionment		63 25	63 25	63 25	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 13—					
General fund		770 58	770 58	770 58	
Local mill		375 07	375 07	375 07	
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	129 05	
Interest and sinking fund		172 34	172 34	172 34	
State apportionment		53 25	53 25	53 25	
County apportionment	50 00	33 36	83 36	83 36	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 14—					
General fund	206 12	256 92	463 04	15 82	447 22
Local mill	23 14	28 67	51 81	1 76	50 05
Unorganized local mill	103 66	129 05	232 71	8 30	224 41
State apportionment	23 85	27 90	51 75		51 75
County apportionment	51 48	55 51	106 99		106 99
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 15—					
General fund		575 70	575 70	537 20	38 50
Local mill		119 10	119 10	112 64	6 46
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	110 23	18 82
Building fund		12 40	12 40	17 09	
State apportionment		88 00	88 00	32 50	55 50
County apportionment		175 33	175 33	63 13	112 20
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 17—					
General fund	76 68	270 73	347 41	281 36	66 05
Local mill	10 04	30 56	40 60	32 96	7 64
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	115 62	18 82
Building Fund	23 29	14 52	37 81	26 55	11 26
Interest and sinking fund	3 79	48 40	52 19	39 72	12 47
State apportionment		89 75	89 75	25 00	64 75
County apportionment		179 46	179 46	48 56	130 90
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 18—					
General fund	69 70	6,031 70	6,101 40	5,803 72	297 68
Local mill	13 04	829 66	842 70	800 86	41 84
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	115 62	18 82
Interest and sinking fund	35 47	2,725 03	2,760 50	2,625 69	134 81
State apportionment	424 00	590 35	1,014 35	624 00	390 35
County apportionment	11 20	21 87	33 07	14 08	18 99
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 19—					
General fund	33 83	791 45	825 33	812 51	12 82
Local mill	11 17	128 02	139 19	136 42	2 77
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	115 62	18 82
Building fund		537 44	537 44	508 91	28 53
State apportionment		222 95	222 95	71 25	151 70
County apportionment		444 78	444 78	138 40	306 38
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 20—					
General fund	245 51	2,676 93	2,922 44	2,333 20	589 24
Local mill	55 23	440 90	496 13	412 40	83 73
Unorganized local mill	4 66	129 05	133 71	114 89	18 82
Building fund	90		90	90	
Interest and sinking fund	1 25	5 94	7 19	5 23	1 96
State apportionment	113 95	131 45	245 40	167 70	77 70
County apportionment	245 96	262 95	508 91	351 83	157 08
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 21—					
General fund	898 25	2,858 09	3,756 34	2,713 78	1,042 56
Local mill	224 60	874 92	1,099 52	760 34	339 18
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	115 62	18 82
State apportionment	291 50	402 05	693 55	429 00	264 55
County apportionment	7 70	14 85	22 55	9 68	12 87
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 22—					
General fund		25,474 69	25,474 69	21,492 62	3,982 07
Local mill		3,636 13	3,636 13	3,067 66	568 47
Unorganized local mill		129 05	129 05	110 23	18 82
Building fund		24 05	24 05	21 22	2 83
Interest and sinking fund		733 66	733 66	617 38	116 28
State apportionment		3,393 50	3,393 50	1,201 25	2,192 25
County apportionment		122 73	122 73	17 30	105 43
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 23—					
General fund	19 45	295 25	314 70	311 31	3 39
Local mill	3 21	56 97	60 18	59 50	68
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	109 52	24 92
Interest and sinking fund	2 00		2 00	2 00	
State apportionment	23 85	20 50	44 35	44 35	
County apportionment	51 48	40 55	92 03	92 03	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 24—					
General fund		2,440 05	2,440 05	2,440 05	
Local mill		1,044 34	1,044 34	1,044 34	
Unorganized local mill		466 31	466 31	466 31	
Interest and sinking fund		704 88	704 88	704 88	
State apportionment		577 00	577 00	577 00	
County apportionment		20 66	20 66	20 66	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25—					
General fund	25 93	900 78	926 71	873 38	53 33
Local mill	3 62	118 41	122 03	115 83	6 20
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 05	134 44	115 61	18 83
Interest and sinking fund		257 91	257 91	249 15	8 76
State apportionment	95 40	98 65	194 05	140 40	53 65
County apportionment	2 52	3 26	5 78	3 17	2 61
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26—					
General fund		132 50	132 50	132 50	
Local mill	28	19 62	19 90	19 90	
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 04	134 43	131 43	
Building fund		97 02	97 02	97 02	
State apportionment	10 60	14 25	24 85	24 85	
County apportionment	22 88	28 41	51 29	51 29	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 27					
General fund	1,852 03	8,613 09	10,465 12	10,465 12	
Local mill	4 61	2,777 78	2,782 39	2,782 39	
Unorganized local mill	612 68	129 04	741 72	741 72	
Building fund	336 17	1,914 98	2,251 15	2,251 15	
State apportionment	882 45	1,117 40	1,999 85	1,999 85	
County apportionment	23 31	40 11	63 42	63 42	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 28.					
General fund	15 31	190 69	206 00	206 00	
Local mill	1 81	21 67	23 51	23 51	
Unorganized local mill	5 39	129 03	134 42	134 42	
Building fund	1 44	4 47	5 91	5 91	
State apportionment	26 50	36 55	63 05	63 05	
County apportionment	57 20	72 90	130 10	130 10	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 29.					
General fund	20 52	859 31	879 83	868 81	11 02
Local mill	2 74	108 24	110 98	109 76	1 22
Unorganized mill	5 39	129 03	134 42	115 59	18 83
Building fund	6 00	278 09	284 09	277 85	6 24
State apportionment	23 85	11 25	35 10	35 10	
County apportionment	51 48	21 85	73 33	73 33	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 30					
General fund		749 39	749 39	749 39	
Local mill		98 55	98 55	98 55	
Unorganized mill		129 03	129 03	129 03	
Building fund		49 45	49 45	49 45	
Interest and sinking fund		34 13	34 13	34 13	
State apportionment		127 05	127 05	127 05	
County apportionment		253 08	253 08	253 08	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 31.					
General fund	30 70	615 50	646 20	527 63	118 57
Local mill	3 84	77 61	81 45	66 27	15 18
Unorganized local mill	4 66	129 03	133 69	108 77	24 92
State apportionment	34 45	38 45	72 90	50 70	22 20
County apportionment	74 36	76 44	150 80	105 92	44 88
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 32.					
General fund		798 29	798 29	636 56	161 73
Local mill		262 29	262 29	211 62	50 67
Unorganized local mill		129 03	129 03	104 11	24 92
Interest and sinking fund		80 18	80 18	63 05	17 13
State apportionment		46 45	46 45	15 00	31 45
County apportionment		92 72	92 72	29 14	63 58
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 33.					
General fund		291 63	291 63	291 63	
Local mill		44 39	44 39	44 39	
Unorganized local mill		129 03	129 03	129 03	
State apportionment		27 90	27 90	27 90	
County apportionment		55 51	55 51	55 51	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 34.					
eGneral fund	7 15	773 23	780 38	780 38	
Local mill	2 12	152 70	154 82	154 82	
Unorganized local mill	4 65	106 45	111 10	111 10	
Building fund		98	98	98	
State apportionment	31 80	26 10	57 90	57 90	
County apportionment	68 64	51 58	120 22	120 22	
SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 35.					
General fund		1,142 69	1,142 69	1,056 70	85 99
Local mill		285 69	285 69	264 19	21 50
Unorganized local mill		129 03	129 03	104 11	24 92
Building fund		1,142 69	1,142 69	1,056 70	85 99
State apportionment		53 65	53 65		53 65
County apportionment		112 16	112 16		112 16
	$ 8,782 99	$ 332,575 38	$ 341,358 37	$ 326,791 73	$ 14,571 33
Deduct overdraft Dec. 31, 1901. SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 15. Building fund					4 69
Total	$ 8,782 99	$ 332,575 38	$ 341,358 37	$ 326,791 73	$ 14,566 64
County school fund	1,118 70	5,843 20	6,961 90	5,500 45	1,461 45
State apportionment		42,297 00	42,297 00	42,297 00	
Total school funds	$ 9,901 69	$ 380,715 58	$ 390,617 27	$ 374,589 18	$ 16,028 09
Recapitulation of state funds	17,607 38	157,544 40	175,151 78	149,108 71	26,043 07
Recapitulation of county funds	130,767 65	296,532 40	427,300 05	358,754 79	68,545 26
Recapitulation of city and village funds	46,614 92	491,583 13	538,198 05	487,237 16	50,960 89
Recapitulation of town funds	3,597 05	48,599 62	52,196 67	46,519 35	5,677 32
Recapitulation of school funds	9,901 69	380,715 58	390,617 27	374,589 18	16,028 09
Additional taxes collected and not apportioned		13,149 22	13,149 22		13,149 22
Redemption of forfeited lands	7 11		7 11	7 11	
Surplus fund	10,421 40	74 87	10,496 27	7,962 01	2,534 26
Warrant account		1,333,606 64	1,333,606 64	1,324,673 05	8,933 59
Total cash account	$218,917 20	$2,721,805 86	$2,940,723 06	$2,748,851 36	$191,871 70

TRIAL BALANCE JANUARY 7, 1901.

	Dr.	Cr.	Total Credit.
Hunters' licenses			$ 2 74
State loans	$ 113 70		
State loans		$ 17,718 34	
			17,604 64
County revenue fund		$75,683 85	
County poor fund	$ 39,501 81		
County special road fund	7,566 57		
County bond interest fund		10,524 61	
County bond sinking fund		41,526 85	
County road and bridge bond interest and sinking fund		33,322 17	
Municipal railroad aid bond interest and sinking fund		10,236 41	

Refund account	814 14		
Infectious diseases		310 59	
Private redemptions		6,897 87	
New road fund		137 81	
State road fund		10 01	
	$47,882 52	$178,650 17	130,767 65
Cities and villages			46,614 92
Towns			3,597 65
School districts			8,782 99
County school fund		7 11	1,118 70
Redemption forfeited lands		10,421 40	
Surplus fund		15,649 76	
Tax collections unapportioned			26,078 27
Cash account	$ 234,566 96		
	$ 234,566 96		$234,566 96

TRIAL BALANCE DECEMBER 31, 1901.

	Dr.	Cr.	Total Credit.
Hunters' licenses			$ 404 87
State loans to cities, etc			25,638 20
County revenue fund		$ 19,310 01	
County poor fund	$ 46,050 65		
County special road fund	4,051 87		
County bond interest fund		9,378 66	
County bond sinking fund		45,346 69	
County road and bridge bond interest and sinking fund		34,207 89	
Municipal railroad aid bond interest and sinking fund		10,612 97	
Refund account	2,629 87		
Infectious diseases		1,391 30	
Private redemptions		1,030 13	
	$ 52,732 39	$ 121,277 65	$ 68,545 26
Cities and villages		$ 50,960 89	
Towns		5,677 32	56,638 21
Schools districts		$ 14,566 64	
County schools		1,461 45	16,028 09
Tax collections unapportioned			13,149 22
Surplus fund			2,534 26
Warrants			8,933 59
Cash account	$ 191,871 90		
	$ 191,871 90		$ 191,871 90

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY REVENUE FUND.

Taxes for general purposes collected during this year	$ 35,122 68	
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes	21,749 00	56,871 68
Bank interest		5,085 90
Miscellaneous		
Register of deeds' fees	8,820 70	
Clerk of court fees	5,571 35	
Judge of probate fees	165 40	
Clerk of court jurors' fees	201 00	
Fees Chapter 58, Laws 1893	68 15	
Fees for filing plats	128 20	
Money received from W. C. Sargent, sheriff.		
For boarding U. S. prisoners	1,267 68	
For boarding U. S. prisoners	981 54	
For boarding City of Duluth prisoners	1,064 40	
For boarding City of Duluth prisoners	1,096 00	
For boarding Cass county prisoners	474 54	
For boarding Cass county prisoners	592 81	
Money received as fourth dividend in claim against Manufacturers' bank	2,000 19	
Refunded overcharges in case of state vs. Fred Ziegler and Charles Miller	10 35	
Money received in bastardy case	10 00	
Money received in bastardy case	5 00	
Money received from J. P. Johnson, clerk of court on account of special venire in Washburn & Bailey, attorneys. Jurors not accepted	15 20	
Amount of orders No. 6692, No. 7466 and No. 8050 which were charged to infectious diseases	172 26	
Received from Lake county on insanity case of P. Beargrease	6 60	
Received from Lake county on account of justice fees	26 38	
Received from state treasurer tonnage tax (2 years)	5,466 38	
Received from state treasurer vessel tonnage	4,552 96	
Received from O. Halden, county auditor, on account of issuing hunters' licenses	71 26	
Money received from sale of desk in judge of probate office	5 00	
Costs in case of state vs. Louis Labrick, erroneously credited to county school fund	5 00	
Costs in state vs. O. H. Martinson	1 55	
Costs in case of state vs. John Lowrie	14 00	
Costs in state vs. Erick Anderson	6 55	
Money received for certified copy of county commissioner's proceedings	90	
Money received from French & Bassett for over payment	1 74	
Balance transferred from new road fund	137 81	
Received from state treasurer on account of wolf bounty	102 66	
Received from sale of revenue stamps	24	
Costs in case of state vs. James McGregor	2 20	
Costs in case of state vs. Nysgoda	32 05	
Received from Northern Assurance company, account of fire in padded cell	18 33	
Received from Charles A. Stark on account of fire in padded cell (county jail)	9 17	
Balance transferred from West Duluth surplus fund	944 02	
Received from O. Halden, county auditor for overpayment of private redemption order No. 5359	4 85	34,054 42
		$ 96,012 00

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY POOR FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 19,770 16	$ 19,770 16
Miscellaneous—		
Refunded hospital expenses by Mrs. Welke	6 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by Charles Dacey	18 26	
Refunded hospital expenses by Ephraim Jolin	15 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by Mrs. Laura Johnson	24 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by P. W. Geekie	8 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by George W. Gungley	18 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by Mrs. Ellen Johnson	8 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by Mrs. Laura Johnson	18 60	
Refunded hospital expenses by Ernst Sternberg	8 50	
Refunded hospital expenses by Ernst Sternberg	29 30	
Refunded hospital expenses by Elenore Eklund	5 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by Elenore Eklund	16 20	
Refunded hospital expenses by George Anton	27 00	
Refunded hospital expenses by John Lavy	6 50	
Refunded hospital expenses by Fay Bennett	10 00	
Refunded burial expenses by Alice Burdo	10 00	
Refunded hospital expenses (feeble minded) M. Schost	13 00	
Refunded by Dr. Graham, county physician, on account of Angelo Lauretto	5 00	
Refunded by A. P. Cook, clerk board poor commissioners, hospital fees	17 69	
Refunded by A. P. Cook, board at poor farm of George Carpnell	30 00	
Refunded by A. P. Cook, board at poor farm for Richard Meaney	20 00	
Refunded by A. P. Cook, board at poor farm for George Campbell	30 00	
Received from A. P. Cook, clerk board of poor commissioners	10 30	
Received from sale of old buggy	7 00	
Received from sale of hides at county poor farm	6 57	368 42
		$ 20,138 58

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY SPECIAL ROAD FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 30,691 09	$ 30,691 09
Transferred from new road fund		10 01
		$ 30,701 10

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY BOND INTEREST FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 4,405 73	$ 4,405 73
Bank interest		108 75
		$ 4,514 48

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY BOND SINKING FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 2,237 25	$ 2,237 25
Interest on bonds	490 00	
Interest on bonds	530 00	
Bank interest	103 75	
Bank interest	588 00	1,711 75
		$ 3,949 00

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 13,216 01	$ 13,216 01
Interest on bonds	225 00	
Interest on bonds	225 00	
Bank interest	387 50	837 50
		$ 14,053 51

RECEIPTS INTO THE MUNICIPAL RAILROAD AID BOND INTEREST AND SINKING FUND.

Taxes collected during year	$ 13,278 79	$ 13,278 79
Bank interest		159 75
		$ 13,438 54

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Taxes collected during year	$ 6,839 77	$ 6,839 77

RECEIPTS INTO THE COUNTY SCHOOL FUND.

Received from state school apportionment	$ 19,360 00		
Received from state school apportionment	23,937 00	$ 43,297 00	
Money received from municipal court city of Duluth—			
Fine of Lula Parson	9 00		
Fine of John Cullen	8 50		
Fine of John Peterson	15 00		
Fine of Pat Harrington	13 50		
Fine of John Larson	25 00		
Fine of John Pomroy	25 00		
Fine of John Riley	25 00		
Fine of F. Hays	25 00		
Fine of G. Massman	25 00		
Fine of John Larson	50 00		
Fine of Mary Heiss	25 00		
Fine of J. R. Pomroy	50 00		
Fine of J. Palcher	25 00		
Fine of S. Soper	25 00		
Fine of J. Martey	25 00		
Fine of P. Polkey	25 00		
Fine of J. J. Hayes	25 00		
Fine of Maggie Schoop et al	40 50		
Fine of George Marshall et al	89 25		
Fine of Guy Bracken	25 00		
Fine of Charles Pradden	25 00		
Fines	7 00	607 75	
Received fines from municipal court city of Ely		54 54	
Received fines from municipal court city of Tower		30 00	
Received fines from municipal court city of Virginia		224 00	
Received fines from justice court village of Biwabik		30 00	
Received fines from justice court village of Eveleth		75 00	
Received fines from justice court village of Hibbing		55 00	
Received fines from justice court village of McKinley		6 00	
Received fines from justice court at Soudan		37 00	
Received fines from justice court at West Duluth		79 50	
Money received from district court for fines of:			
H. Marteson	25 00		
John Lowrie	65 00		
Erick Anderson	50 00		
Ed Woolway	35 00		
Kotchevor	30 00		
H. W. Green	100 00		
Matt Gustafson	75 00		
Oscar Bystrom	50 00		
William Peterson	31 20		
J. A. Laziska	74 42		
Adam Peyton	77 41		
Mike Kelly	77 42		
John Schmitzer	31 00		
Westman	100 00		
Cass	70 00		
Walter Douglas	50 00		
Forfeited bail of Henry Westman	200 00	$ 1,144 45	
Received for liquor licenses:			
From A. Fitger & Co. license for Delos Standen, town of St. Louis	500 00		
From Hamm Brewing company license for Andrew Peterson at Fall Lake	500 00		
From Hamm Brewing company license for C. Bystrom at Winston	500 00		
From Sattler Liquor company license for Gustafson & Lamp at Fall Lake	500 00		
From Val Blatz Brewing company license for Hermann Hill at Stuntz	500 00		
From Duluth Brewing company license for Mike Kelly at Stevenson mine	500 00	3,500 00	
From Adam Peyton license at Stuntz	500 00		
		$ 48,140 20	

PRIVATE REDEMPTION ORDERS ISSUED.

Order No.		Amount
8183.	R. H. Roe	$ 199 85
8161.	Star Investment company	110 53
8163.	National Bond and Security company	467 65
8134.	National Bond and Security company	177 03
8170.	The Duluth Banking company	143 98
8171.	Star Investment company	61 45
8172.	The Duluth Banking company	348 82
8178.	William Prindle	52 14
8124.	J. B. Phelps	13 23
8180.	The Duluth Banking company	127 42
8193.	A. H. Brown	191 73
8194.	A. H. Brown	81 04
8198.	T. W. Helmick	7 26
6794.	Northern Security company	10
6662.	Northern Security company	98
7370.	J. Q. A. Crosby	2 20
7889.	E. L. Williams	39 99
7890.	E. L. Williams	39 99
7938.	Claude M. Bunn	7 74
7991.	Northern Security company	6 69
8066.	John B. Phelps	4 00
8067.	John B. Phelps	13 68
8179.	D. H. Roe	383 96
8181.	The Duluth Banking company	27 49
8182.	The Duluth Banking company	35 16
8183.	The Duluth Banking company	61 55
8184.	The Duluth Banking company	69 44
8186.	Star Investment company	174 79
8187.	Star Investment company	4 83
8188.	Star Investment company	69 20
8189.	Star Investment company	10 95
8190.	Star Investment company	19 06
8191.	Star Investment company	61 10
8192.	Star Investment company	204 41
8196.	Barbara Hibbing	34 53
8205.	B. P. Crane	15 57
8207.	John B. Phelps	1 39
8212.	F. L. Gilbert	14 87
8216.	Hattie M. Miller	28 00
8217.	W. H. Brown	20 67
8218.	F. W. Helmick	7 61
8220.	R. A. Casson	12 87
8221.	The Duluth Banking company	20 25
8222.	A. H. Brown	43 18
6013.	William Harfield	3 91
6057.	National Bond and Security company	47 09
6225.	H. C. Akley	16 12
6471.	J. J. Baskerville	2 56
7024.	J. L. Washburn	76
7754.	Charles Downer	15 91
8166.	Charles Downer	137 57
8215.	M. S. Stewart	13 33
8223.	W. M. Prindle	23 02
7978.	C. A. Blackmarr	1 24
7994.	C. A. Blackmarr	1 60
8145.	C. A. Blackmarr	8 11
8185.	Star Investment company	149 50
8200.	Zenith City Lodge, No. 60, I. O. O. F.	21 56
8208.	Star Investment company	7 42
8209.	Star Investment company	12 00
8210.	Duluth Banking company	63 10
8211.	Duluth Banking company	1 96
8224.	Duluth Banking company	23 79
8225.	Duluth Banking company	7 18
8226.	Duluth Banking company	79 44
8227.	E. W. Peet	99 45
8228.	Mary Gueth	56 33
8231.	C. A. Blackmarr	3 12
8232.	A. H. Brown	46 91
8233.	A. H. Brown	245 56
8235.	Barbara Hibbing	26 96
8236.	Barbara Hibbing	13 61
8239.	Loan & Trust Savings bank	535 85
8241.	Jacob Schuler	15 66
8127.	S. H. Eckman	31 65
8229.	S. H. Eckman	110 39
7898.	Farmers' Banking company	19 14
7925.	Farmers' Banking company	19 30
8143.	G. Logan	13 53
8234.	The Duluth Banking company	500 51
8245.	The Duluth Banking company	77 73
8246.	The Duluth Banking company	87 17
8248.	The Duluth Banking company	74 76
8254.	G. Logan	14 07
6993.	Jacob Stubler	10 35
7941.	Jacob Stubler	2 21
8252.	A. H. Brown	122 58
8257.	D. H. Roe	73 38
8258.	F. W. Hargreaves	25 87
8259.	J. H. Dwight	76 57
8260.	A. H. Brown	367 28
8261.	H. A. Ware	66 26
8262.	The Duluth Banking company	113 80
8263.	Emmons L. Williams	280 48
8264.	E. L. Williams	130 97
8269.	National Investment company	35 06
8270.	National Bond & Security company	34 67
8253.	J. B. Phelps	45 30
8265.	Mary P. Allen	422 07
8201.	Minnesota Loan association	9 96
8219.	George H. Rodgers	47 59
8250.	S. H. Eckman	9 58
8311.	S. H. Eckman	5 84
8314.	R. A. Casson	20 24
7900.	Alex Patterson	3 72
8305.	National Bond & Security company	110 24
8306.	J. B. Maltby	36 39
8307.	W. E. Johnson	53 28
8308.	A. H. Brown	38 10
8309.	A. H. Brown	281 23
8312.	Maria Gruth	36 74
8322.	The Duluth Banking Co.	43 48
6562.	F. J. Davis	3 90
6631.	Emmons W. Peet	134 66
6683.	T. J. Davis	4 65
6755.	T. J. Davis	4 16
6783.	F. J. Davis	1 58
7349.	Walter R. Young	2 50
7481.	John B. Phelps	9 32
7638.	John B. Phelps	5 40
7698.	F. W. Helmick	1 68
7744.	C. P. Webber	84
7812.	Alex Patterson	3 69
7947.	O. D. Kinney	95 48
8197.	J. B. Middlecoff	90
8202.	Charles A. Smith	72 62
8237.	Charles Downer	32 35
8255.	Charles Downer	43 07
8347.	F. W. Helmick	12 18
8310.	Charles Downer	39 98
8323.	Home National Bank, Boston, Mass.	181 22
8341.	E. W. Peet	169 47
8351.	A. H. Brown	92 39
8354.	C. F. West	41 83
8355.	C. F. West	24 86
6937.	W. E. Johnson	$ 71 94
7053.	W. E. Johnson	39 67
7101.	W. E. Johnson	181 17
7130.	F. L. Cowan	6 71
7202.	B. P. Crane	22 76
7423.	Fred Straub	34 60
7482.	B. P. Crane	44 98
7631.	A. J. Anderson	4 48
7999.	H. Gibson	3 70
8244.	Star Investment company	32 71
8247.	Star Investment company	35 78
8249.	H. Gibson	18 62
8251.	Star Investment company	40 07
8274.	Star Investment company	31 03
8298.	Star Investment company	27 49
8299.	The Duluth Banking company	105 20
8300.	The Duluth Banking company	135 87
8301.	The Duluth Banking company	27 25
8302.	The Duluth Banking company	223 96
8304.	The Duluth Banking company	1 60
8343.	Star Investment company	54 03
8346.	The Duluth Banking company	21 72
8350.	C. P. Coffin	23 34
8352.	T. J. Davis	17
8353.	National Bond and Security company	18 22
8373.	H. W. Cheadle	8 38
6635.	National Bond and Security company	108 34
7.	W. C. Sargent	3 18
8.	F. R. Green	3 41
16.	N. J. and A. J. Miller	94
17.	F. F. Frawley	2 88
18.	Herman Oppel	1 59
19.	Carl Berkelman	3 50
25.	W. J. Conan	82
29.	James T. Hale	2 58
40.	W. P. Allen	81 41
41.	Dan Hastings	51 44
44.	W. C. Sargent	2 19
45.	W. C. Sargent	1 88
48.	Dan Hastings	26 22
50.	C. D. Matteson	373 28
55.	T. W. Wake	69 68
85.	Security Trust company	29 52
112.	F. R. Green	2 59
113.	F. R. Green	2 63
123.	Fred A. Robinson	99
124.	Fred A. Robinson	99
125.	National Bond & Security company	134 84
129.	Emmons L. Williams	89 27
132.	Mary A. Lynn	3 81
138.	Thomas Hillhouse	5 98
139.	National Bond & Security company	40 76
164.	F. R. Green	29 26
165.	H. G. Gearhart	41
166.	George R. Laybourn	4 36
167.	National Bond & Security company	470 53
169.	J. L. Chadwick	3 86
170.	C. E. Dickerman	1 51
171.	G. W. Wattles	86
172.	N. S. Coffin	16 39
174.	F. R. Green	29 85
175.	A. S. Buford	127 24
176.	E. P. Wells	52
178.	W. S. Jackson	12 82
179.	A. L. Agatin	2 83
180.	H. T. Powell	33 50
181.	H. B. Powell	48 77
182.	H. B. Powell	68 97
183.	James D. Anderson	46
185.	F. L. Murray	18 73
186.	Mary L. Bond	21 63
187.	Willard Sway	34 79
188.	Farmers Banking Co.	7 13
190.	F. R. Green	31 42
192.	Richard Taylor	3 21
193.	F. R. Green	8 10
197.	M. S. Stewart	6 70
199.	S. M. Collins	10 00
200.	James D. Andersor	77
202.	H. H. Phelps	1 30
203.	N. Security company	66
204.	W. S. Howard	3 08
205.	E. L. Case	35 81
206.	Mesaba Iron Land company	1 93
207.	J. W. Cousins	1 39
208.	W. H. Yawkey	6 84
209.	Alice L. Lindner	1 10
210.	Chester A. Congdon	15 66
211.	G. W. Cayward	23 59
215.	National Bonding and Security company	117 87
216.	B. P. Crane	9 87
217.	F. B. Poole	27 75
218.	A. D. Macquire	4 05
219.	Duluth Banking company	6 80
220.	D. H. Roe	125 57
221.	A. D. McGuire	4 05
222.	Farmers' Banking company	14 98
223.	Barnhard Lumber company	38 35
224.	C. H. Eldridge	5 22
227.	F. B. Poole	4 12
228.	A. L. Agatin	3 62
230.	F. R. Green	4 81
231.	Powell Crosley	1 62
238.	J. Q. Crosby	3 51
239.	F. S. Bell	8 68
240.	P. H. Tvedt	1 42
511.	T. C. Himebaugh	5 59
511½.	Farmers' Banking company	11 32
512.	Farmers' Banking company	79 05
518.	Max Shapiro	2 47
522.	H. Brown	87
523.	C. E. Dickerman	3 81
524.	Frank B. Poole	69 52
525.	Claude M. Bund	9 57
530.	A. L. Agatin	16 53
531.	Barbara Hibbing	13 84
532.	Star Investment company	216 40
533.	Star Investment company	59 67
543.	Star Investment company	6 55
535.	Duluth Banking company	22 14
536.	Duluth Banking company	6 69
637.	Duluth Banking company	4,317 64
538.	Duluth Banking company	537 13
539.	Star Investment company	64 84
540.	Henry J. Jenswold	18 05
541.	Frank Kerr	235 91
542.	Farmers' Banking company	20 54
571.	Charles D. Matson	65 28
572.	Security Trust company	157 78
575.	E. L. Williams	52 11
576.	National Bond and Security company	260 81
730.	J. W. Hunt	1 49
802.	The Duluth Banking company	1,054 47
803.	The Duluth Banking company	61 29
808.	The Duluth Banking company	584 68
809.	The Duluth Banking company	50 93
810.	The Duluth Banking company	86 27
811.	The Duluth Banking company	88 44
812.	The Duluth Banking company	257 57

Order No.		Amount.
813.	The Duluth Banking company	489 15
814.	The Duluth Banking company	50
815.	The Duluth Banking company	50 65
816.	Star Investment company	12 71
817.	Star Investment company	4 48
818.	Star Investment company	183 65
819.	Star Investment company	25 19
820.	Star Investment company	12 20
821.	A. H. Brown	26 98
822.	A. H. Brown	37 28
824.	A. H. Brown	28
825.	A. H. Brown	129 63
826.	A. H. Brown	129 63
827.	Thomas J. Davis	30
828.	William W. Billson	63 84
829.	Theodore Hollister	14 03
830.	J. H. Gruber	2 57
831.	J. T. Hale	3 19
832.	Farmers' Banking company	89 05
833.	C. D. Mateson	235 92
834.	E. W. Peet	147 99
835.	Claude M. Bunn	12 72
836.	Reid Hunt	21 56
837.	Charles Dawner	111 66
838.	Charles Dawner	36 09
839.	W. M. Prindle	12 19
840.	National Bond and Security company	204 94
851.	Emmons L. Williams	25 02
853.	A. H. Brown	56 73
854.	A. H. Brown	94 59
857.	A. H. Brown	64 45
865.	The Duluth Banking company	135 48
866.	The Duluth Banking company	165 83
867.	A. H. Brown	86 58
962.	F. L. Krayenbuhl	11 88
1084.	Star Investment company	74 90
1085.	Star Investment company	711 67
1086.	Star Investment company	83 31
1087.	Star Investment company	45 63
1088.	The Duluth Banking company	74 97
1089.	The Duluth Banking company	82 83
1090.	The Duluth Banking company	81 76
1091.	The Duluth Banking company	153 14
1099.	The Duluth Banking company	93 77
1093.	The Duluth Banking company	32 40
1094.	The Duluth Banking company	356 24
1095.	The Duluth Banking company	548 84
1096.	The Duluth Banking company	22 34
1111.	A. H. Brown	107 99
1112.	A. H. Brown	60 75
1113.	O. D. Kinney	22 88
1114.	O. D. Kinney	27 85
1115.	F. W. Helmick	3 16
1116.	F. W. Helmick	3 17
1117.	Farmers' Banking company	27 40
1118.	Charles Downer	79 24
1119.	C. P. Coffin	7 07
1120.	Minnesota Loan association	7 20
1121.	R. A. Casson	6 04
1122.	Crown Lumber company	2 58
1123.	A. L. Ordean	1 84
1124.	Zenith City lodge 160, I. O. O. F.	19 38
1125.	John Peterson	31 07
1126.	Charles R. Stal	8 56
1127.	Barbara Hibbing	16 61
1128.	John M. McClintock	26 63
1129.	J. B. Phelps	1 70
1130.	Claude M. Bunn	82
1202.	T. W. Hoopes	21 19
1256.	A. S. Buford	38 77
1473.	J. P. Maltby	80 72
1474.	J. W. Hunt	23 10
1491.	Bertha Cameron	75 70
1521.	E. E. Collins	20 60
1529.	The Duluth Banking company	109 15
1589.	Emmons L. Williams	25 62
1590.	Elera Hargreaves	73 15
1600.	Security Trust company	28 62
1615.	The Duluth Banking company	100 57
1616.	The Duluth Banking company	24 39
1617.	H. S. Cole	18 52
1621.	William Taber	38 44
1641.	Maria Guith	29 13
1655.	Star Investment company	61 73
1656.	Star Investment company	35 94
1657.	Star Investment company	9 66
1658.	Star Investment company	7 14
1659.	Star Investment company	16 16
1660.	Star Investment company	8 83
1661.	Star Investment company	86 22
1662.	Star Investment company	6 63
1663.	Star Investment company	16 24
1664.	Star Investment company	5 76
1665.	Star Investment company	33 06
1666.	Star Investment company	37 98
1667.	Star Investment company	6 62
1668.	Star Investment company	2 41
1669.	Star Investment company	81 63
1670.	Star Investment company	17 40
1671.	Star Investment company	16 53
1676.	Zenith City lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	7 24
1677.	Zenith City lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	15 80
1678.	Zenith City lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	34 29
1697.	Reid Hunt	48 95
1680.	Reid Hunt	65 07
1681.	A. H. Brown	29 16
1682.	T. W. Hoopes	10 16
1683.	F. W. Helmick	14 03
1684.	F. W. Helmick	2 34
1685.	Theo. Hollister	28 49
1686.	Theo. Hollister	12 28
1687.	E. E. Collins	36 07
1688.	E. E. Collins	11 43
1689.	Sarah M. Collins	11 55
1690.	Charles R. Stal	7 11
1691.	C. Stal	41
1692.	E. W. Peet	97 74
1693.	Henry J. Jenswold	9 10
1694.	Charles Downer	25 62
1695.	Henry J. Jenswold	18 55
1696.	C. M. Bunn	31 15
1697.	Security Trust Company	18 82
1698.	H. C. Cole	18 61
1699.	J. D. Thompson	28 45
1700.	Benjamin P. Crane	18 37
1701.	S. H. Eckman	23 74
1702.	R. R. Bailey	3 32
1703.	C. F. West	6 88
1704.	Julia Hanson	98 50
1705.	R. A. Casson	13 35
1706.	Cornelia S. Tuttle	15 00
1707.	Charles P. Craig & Co.	2 36
1708.	Alexander & Burnside	5 57
1709.	I. T. Burnside	8 86
1710.	I. T. Burnside	21 09
1712.	Star Investment company	9 11
1713.	The Duluth Banking company	119 81
1714.	The Duluth Banking company	19 14
1715.	The Duluth Banking company	53 61
1716.	The Duluth Banking company	51 37
1717.	The Duluth Banking company	43 49
1718.	The Duluth Banking company	45
1719.	The Duluth Banking company	147 16
1720.	The Duluth Banking company	18 17
1721.	The Duluth Banking company	122 85
1722.	The Duluth Banking company	69 98
1723.	The Duluth Banking company	26 91
1733.	The Duluth Banking company	140 79
1882.	B. C. Dailey	19 87
1929.	J. B. Maltby	36 48
1943.	Joseph Marcotte	8 38
1945.	Mary Newman	14 26
2183.	A. H. Brown	108 87
2191.	Emma Gilbert	77 82
2192.	Charles Downer	41 56
2198.	The Duluth Banking company	537 54
2199.	The Duluth Banking company	165 77
2200.	The Duluth Banking company	152 42
2201.	The Duluth Banking company	140 79
2202.	The Duluth Banking company	57 10
2203.	The Duluth Banking company	24 48
2204.	The Duluth Banking company	129 60
2205.	The Duluth Banking company	36 66
2206.	The Duluth Banking company	174 04
2207.	Star Investment company	15 63
2208.	Star Investment company	19 10
2209.	Star Investment company	6 60
2210.	Star Investment company	17 08
2211.	Star Investment company	96 60
2212.	Star Investment company	2 64
2213.	Star Investment company	4 53
2214.	Star Investment company	66 20
2215.	Star Investment company	7 66
2216.	Star Investment company	41 52
2217.	Star Investment company	6 59
2218.	Star Investment company	6 25
2219.	Star Investment company	5 76
2220.	Star Investment company	36 12
2221.	Star Investment company	6 15
2222.	Star Investment company	18 90
2223.	Star Investment company	3 00
2224.	Star Investment company	12 15
2225.	Star Investment company	10 02
2226.	Star Investment company	111 42
2227.	Star Investment company	11 65
2228.	Star Investment company	10 85
2229.	Star Investment company	9 61
2230.	Star Investment company	333 37
2231.	A. H. Brown	25 79
2232.	A. H. Brown	32 85
2233.	A. H. Brown	12 65
2234.	Star Investment company	116 66

Order No.		Amount.
2235.	Star Investment company	426 98
2236.	A. H. Brown	23 97
2237.	A. H. Brown	16 47
2238.	A. H. Brown	61 51
2239.	A. H. Brown	150 86
2240.	A. H. Brown	52 63
2241.	A. H. Brown	79 80
2242.	A. H. Brown	23 31
2243.	A. H. Brown	48 25
2244.	Peter Mylykanges	2 47
2245.	Peter Mylykanges	6 09
2246.	Peter Mylykanges	8 66
2247.	Peter Mylykanges	7 26
2248.	Charles Downer	17 05
2249.	Charles Downer	1 09
2250.	Farmers' Banking company	28 62
2251.	Farmers' Banking company	90 24
2252.	Farmers' Banking company	32 66
2253.	Farmers' Banking company	33 98
2254.	Zenith ty lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	42 10
2255.	Zenith City lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	7 49
2256.	W. W. Watson, Jr.	1 33
2257.	W. W. Watson, Jr.	9 48
2258.	J. B. Maltby	37 99
2259.	J. B. Maltby	13 85
2260.	J. M. McClintock	3 75
2261.	T. W. Helmick	4 86
2262.	C. P. Coffin	13 72
2263.	C. F. West	24 19
2264.	I. T. Burnside	14 35
2265.	E. L. Williams	19 64
2266.	H. C. Cole	37 19
2267.	National Bond and Security company	268 99
2268.	Martin Lepak	24 65
2269.	Crown Lumber company	3 47
2270.	H. C. Hornby	4 09
2271.	Henry J. Jenswold	41 84
2293.	Claude M. Bunn	13 47
2301.	R. T. Hoopes	191 15
2302.	The Duluth Banking company	135 64
2313.	I. T. Burnside	11 22
2319.	J. B. Maltby	349 00
2324.	J. B. Maltby	16 08
2333.	Phoebe B. Birck	18 48
2334.	H. C. Cole	20 96
2335.	John E. Mathison	5 35
2531.	I. T. Burnside	2 41
2355.	T. W. Hoopes	51 77
2419.	A. H. Brown	54 44
2643.	E. L. Williams	25 64
2644.	Elera Hargreave	141 45
2711.	The Duluth Banking Co.	627 63
2714.	T. J. Davis	72 86
2715.	The Duluth Banking Co.	188 83
2716.	The Duluth Banking Co.	78 51
2762.	C. C. Wieland	98 31
2771.	J. B. Maltby	512 86
2773.	The Duluth Banking Co.	1,185 74
2774.	The Duluth Banking Co.	180 54
2775.	The Duluth Banking Co.	54 88
2776.	The Duluth Banking Co.	1,566 18
2777.	The Duluth Banking Co.	1,306 79
2778.	The Duluth Banking Co.	93 60
2779.	The Duluth Banking Co.	163 15
2780.	The Duluth Banking Co.	33 46
2781.	The Duluth Banking Co.	282 60
2782.	The Duluth Banking Co.	90 64
2783.	The Duluth Banking Co.	94 07
2784.	The Duluth Banking Co.	129 52
2785.	The Duluth Banking Co.	102 15
2786.	Star Investment Co.	43 62
2787.	Star Investment Co.	49 39
2788.	Star Investment Co.	8 52
2789.	Star Investment Co.	12 56
2790.	Star Investment Co.	5 82
2791.	Star Investment Co.	11 11
2792.	Star Investment Co.	2 88
2794.	Star Investment Co.	141 35
2795.	Star Investment Co.	36 37
2796.	Star Investment company	15 48
2797.	Star Investment company	87 70
2798.	Star Investment company	4 15
2799.	Star Investment company	6 48
2800.	H. J. Jenswold	6 94
2801.	H. J. Jenswold	8 84
2802.	H. J. Jenswold	28 08
2804.	Claude M. Bunn	19 92
2805.	Claude M. Bunn	11 46
2806.	C. P. Coffin	15 24
2807.	B. P. Crane	23 59
2808.	Charles M. Corcoran	21 22
2809.	H. C. Cole	5 64
2810.	B. E. Willberg	6 01
2811.	F. S. Bell	7 83
2812.	Harry B. Powell	46 91
2813.	C. D. Matterson	51 49
2814.	R. V. Day	6 21
2815.	A. Doremies	88
2816.	National Bond and Security company	1,417 93
2817.	E. W. Peet	472 14
2818.	Frank Hoffman	8 11
2819.	W. W. Watson, Jr.	2 60
2820.	Charles Dawner	7 01
2821.	T. W. Helmick	4 12
2822.	W. E. Johnson	30 95
2823.	Mary A. Van Brunt	51 24
2824.	M. Shapira	2 83
2825.	O. D. Kinney	3 37
2826.	Robert L. Henry	3 77
2827.	Minnesota Loan association	7 36
2828.	Robert A. Casson	24 95
2829.	I. T. Burnside	2 41
2830.	W. D. Sohler	13 32
2831.	J. M. McClintock	20 10
2832.	J. M. McClintock	14 33
2833.	A. H. Brown	90 08
2834.	A. H. Brown	443 51
2835.	A. H. Brown	47 44
2836.	A. H. Brown	87 26
2837.	A. H. Brown	23 47
2838.	A. H. Brown	115 00
2843.	A. L. Ordean	155 74
2844.	A. L. Ordean	12 48
2793.	Star Investment company	5 99
2986.	John R. Carey	6 26
2990.	C. A. Blackmarr	2 68
2991.	C. A. Blackmarr	13 70
2992.	M. W. Skinner	18 57
2993.	M. W. Skinner	157 39
2994.	M. W. Skinner	169 17
3041.	A. H. Brown	45 72
3042.	D. H. Roe	42 42
3077.	Security Trust company	1,483 47
3087.	Farmers' Banking company	46 11
3123.	The Duluth Banking company	345 01
3156.	Charles R. Stal	14 74
3158.	The Duluth Banking company	18 53
3163.	Star Investment company	53 58
3164.	Star Investment company	51 75
3165.	Star Investment company	1 30
3166.	Star Investment company	4 68
3167.	Star Investment company	27 11
3168.	Star Investment company	24 82
3223.	J. B. Maltby	35 25
3224.	The Duluth Banking company	37 59
3225.	The Duluth Banking company	262 80
3226.	The Duluth Banking company	521 01
3227.	The Duluth Banking company	54 59
3228.	The Duluth Banking company	71 30
3229.	The Duluth Banking company	19 20
3230.	The Duluth Banking company	284 19
3231.	Star Investment company	16 41
3232.	Star Investment company	16 25
3233.	Star Investment company	25 82
3234.	Star Investment company	128 10
3235.	Star Investment company	29 28
3236.	Star Investment company	36 92
3237.	Star Investment company	181 52
3238.	Star Investment company	167 26
3239.	A. H. Brown	87 22
3240.	A. H. Brown	15 14
3241.	A. H. Brown	16 39
3242.	A. H. Brown	344 56
3243.	A. H. Brown	24 38
3244.	A. H. Brown	27 86
3245.	A. H. Brown	77 55
3246.	A. H. Brown	59 82
3247.	National Bonding and Security company	71 70
3248.	E. E. Collins	93 24
3249.	F. L. Buell	1 89
3250.	Security Trust company	44 69
3251.	Claude M. Bume	11 45
3252.	J. L. Washburn	20 99
3253.	Robert A. Casson	9 22
3254.	John M. McClintock	117 63
3255.	Claude M. Bunn	6 35
3256.	S. H. Eckman	20 40
3257.	L. J. Hopkins	51 29
3258.	L. J. Hopkins	69 37
3259.	L. J. Hopkins	36 98
3260.	L. J. Hopkins	25 45
3261.	E. C. Sullivan	39 43
3262.	E. C. Sullivan	39 63
3263.	E. C. Sullivan	66 53
3264.	Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	33 96
3268.	Henry J. Jenswold	13 08
3536.	Farmers' Banking company	16 51
3537.	Security Savings and Loan association	129 81
3541.	Theo Hollister	96
3552.	T. W. Hoopes	77 68
3583.	The Duluth Banking company	36 82
3593.	The Duluth Banking company	11 79
3594.	The Duluth Banking company	104 20
3595.	The Duluth Banking company	416 06
3596.	The Duluth Banking company	66 32
3597.	The Duluth Banking company	224 92
3598.	The Duluth Banking company	107 25
3599.	The Duluth Banking company	449 80
3600.	The Duluth Banking company	104 76
3601.	The Duluth Banking company	410 31
3602.	The Duluth Banking company	28 32
3603.	The Duluth Banking company	82 24
3604.	The Duluth Banking company	

Order No.		Amount.
3605.	The Duluth Banking company	26 10
	pany	16 97
3606.	Star Investment company	30 82
3607.	Star Investment company	52 95
3608.	Star Investment company	6 79
3609.	Henry Jenswold	6 99
3610.	Henry Jenswold	13 29
3611.	C. E. Tvedt	92
3612.	Beda C. Olson	11 48
3613.	A. H. Brown	189 47
3614.	A. H. Brown	28 56
3615.	National Bond and Security company	248 93
3616.	National Bond and Security company	124 66
3617.	Farmers' Banking company	12 91
3618.	Farmers' Banking company	49 80
3619.	E. L. Williams	48 56
3620.	L. E. Lum	1 96
3621.	Barbara Hibbing	34 86
3622.	Barbara Hibbing	124 71
3623.	C. M. Hill Lumber company	1 51
3624.	Emil Beido	10 03
3625.	Andrew Simi	42 56
3626.	Peter Myley Kangas	2 79
3627.	J. B. Maltby	12 46
3628.	F. W. Helmick	9 71
3656.	Charles D. Matteson	28 78
3725.	Duluth Banking company	343 59
3728.	Albert Kittz	56 60
3744.	C. A. Blackmarr	18 16
3745.	C. A. Blackmarr	1 78
4224.	Star Investment company	51 83
4225.	Star Investment company	5 10
4226.	Star Investment company	48 55
4227.	Star Investment company	11 17
4228.	Star Investment company	3 65
4229.	Star Investment company	30 18
4230.	The Duluth Banking company	112 54
4231.	The Duluth Banking company	106 76
4233.	The Duluth Banking company	24 15
4234.	The Duluth Banking company	343 69
4235.	The Duluth Banking company	13 99
4236.	The Duluth Banking company	2 36
4237.	Zenith City lodge No. 160, I. O. O. F.	41 29
4238.	James Harthey	38 55
4239.	James Harthey	8 70
4240.	Nantucket company	4 17
4241.	Nantucket company	2 39
4243.	Sarah M. Collins	10 35
4244.	J. W. Williams	2 62
4245.	W. E. Johnson	104 91
4246.	Frank Blackmarr	2 40
4247.	A. H. Brown	37 63
4248.	A. H. Brown	26 22
4249.	R. C. Stai	5 03
4250.	W. T. Bailey	32 52
4352.	E. W. Peet	24 55
4358.	E. W. Peet	73 28
4408.	Star Investment company	17 32
4409.	Star Investment company	941 42
4410.	A. H. Brown	15 17
4411.	A. H. Brown	28 17
4412.	Theodore Hollister	13 15
4413.	Theodore Hollister	20 20
4414.	Robert Rickard	17 23
4415.	Robert Rickard	46 66
4416.	James Hartley	3 59
4417.	Henry J. Jenswold	17 16
4418.	James L. Cromwell	17 53
4419.	Charles O. Larson	6 91
4420.	C. F. West	16 94
4455.	Star Investment company	120 24
4457.	Star Investment company	59 55
4458.	A. H. Brown	63 98
4459.	F. W. Helmick	6 36
4460.	Theodore Hollister	14 82
4461.	Western Land association	151 14
4497.	O. K. Kinney	295 13
4537.	W. M. Parker	16 55
4543.	Sarah Mahon	244 36
4544.	The Duluth Banking company	96 23
4545.	The Duluth Banking company	65 58
4546.	H. C. Cole	11 08
4619.	William C. Sargent	496 71
4670.	The Duluth Banking company	77 47
4671.	The Duluth Banking company	79 99
4676.	H. M. Bradley	46 19
4677.	Farmers' Banking company	12 25
4678.	Farmers' Banking company	22 99
5111.	T. W. Hoopes	11 52
5112.	The Midland company	31 84
5113.	National Bonding and Security company	136 79
5131.	The Duluth Banking company	91 97
5132.	The Duluth Banking company	65 77
5133.	The Duluth Banking company	72 51
5134.	The Duluth Banking company	71 86
5135.	The Duluth Banking company	58 94
5136.	Star Investment company	98 28
5137.	Star Investment company	17 68
5138.	Star Investment company	13 41
5139.	Star Investment company	19 13
5140.	Star Investment company	29 03
5141.	Star Investment company	6 91
5142.	Star Investment company	80 79
5143.	A. H. Brown	35 82
5144.	A. H. Brown	52 31
5145.	A. H. Brown	77 24
5146.	F. W. Helmick	2 25
5147.	F. W. Helmick	3 67
5148.	National Bonding and Security company	94 58
5149.	National Investment company	244 65
5150.	O. D. Kinney	265 18
5151.	Farmers' Banking company	14 93
5152.	Ohio Coal company	1 70
5153.	Charles P. Frank	25 82
5154.	B. P. Crane	55 04
5155.	E. L. Williams	50 68
5156.	Mary Kane	16 06
5157.	Frank Kerr	343 25
5158.	Walter Ayers	460 38
5159.	T. W. Wahl	568 39
5224.	Emons L. Williams	141 62
5225.	D. H. Rae	55 35
5242.	George W. Leslie	5 62
5311.	A. H. Brown	19 02
5312.	The Duluth Banking company	120 75
5313.	Star Investment company	11 98
5314.	Star Investment company	12 54
5315.	B. P. Crane	24 86
5316.	F. W. Helmick	3 76
5317.	Security Trust company	13 97
5318.	Henry J. Jenswold	4 78
5403.	A. H. Brown	50 96
5426.	Farmers' Banking company	163 52
5797.	T. W. Hoopes	39 45
5808.	L. Shellenberger	19 41
5880.	Farmers' Banking company	24 28
5892.	Security Trust company	41 89
5971.	Elizabeth Logan	1 77
5972.	George W. Logan	13 06
5973.	The Duluth Banking company	192 49
5974.	The Duluth Banking company	73 02
5975.	Star Investment company	5 30
5976.	Star Investment company	5 13
5977.	Star Investment company	6 38
5978.	Star Investment company	13 78
5979.	Star Investment company	31 39
5980.	Star Investment company	14 26
5981.	Star Investment company	6 20
5982.	Star Investment company	3 36
5983.	Star Investment company	14 22
5984.	Star Investment company	28 29
5985.	Star Investment company	14 96
5986.	Star Investment company	17 39
5987.	Star Investment company	11 07
5988.	Star Investment company	59 14
5989.	Star Investment company	11 93
5990.	A. H. Brown	58 48
5991.	A. H. Brown	28 20
5992.	A. H. Brown	31 33
5993.	A. H. Brown	9 38
5994.	A. H. Brown	6 68
5995.	Farmers' Banking company	91 50
5996.	Hattie M. Miller	47 73
5997.	Henry J. Jenswold	23 51
5998.	S. H. Eckman	23 06
5999.	J. M. McClintock	81 95
6000.	R. F. Wilcutts	14 64
6032.	George Brosseau	21 39
6113.	West Duluth Land	131 96
6149.	Star Investment company	28 42
6150.	E. B. Engson	10 71
6151.	The Duluth Banking company	181 61
6152.	J. H. Bingham	2 96
6267.	H. A. Wing & Co.	150 76
6350.	W. M. Prindle & Co.	38 82
6371.	The Duluth Banking company	33 35
6372.	The Duluth Banking company	77 72
6373.	The Duluth Banking company	158 37
6374.	H. C. Cole	3 37
6375.	Star Investment company	6 10
6376.	Star Investment company	13 45
6377.	The Duluth Banking company	35 60
6378.	Teresa Schulinberg	18 23
6379.	Alex McLaren, Jr.	84 86
6380.	National Bonding and Security company	93 73
6381.	E. L. Williams	70 08
6626.	Theresa Schulenberg	36 45
6675.	Mary M. Willington	76 92
6676.	Zenith City lodge, No. 160, I. O. O. F.	28 35
6681.	F. L. Buell	23 58
6740.	John B. Greenfield	14 90
6756.	C. P. Frank	15 19
6774.	Charles Olson	54 45
6775.	The Duluth Banking company	14 62
6776.	The Duluth Banking company	303 29
6777.	The Duluth Banking company	220 35
6778.	Star Investment company	94 27
6779.	Star Investment company	14 41

Order No.	Amount.
6780. A. H. Brown	28 51
6781. C. S. Wilson	13 88
6782. B. P. Crane	20 60
6783. J. L. Washburn	21 70
6784. S. H. Eckman	7 90
6785. F. W. Hargreaves	34 60
6786. C. F. West	43 36
6787. National Bonding and Security company	297 44
6788. Herman Witzen	34 67
6789. Charles P. Frank	90 88
6790. Charles Older	113 34
6791. J. B. Maltby	190 89
6796. National Investment company	37 28
6797. National Bond and Security company	80 92
6823. Isaac Patterson	13 20
6825. H. C. Cole	6 29
6826. A. H. Brown	221 22
6827. Star Investment company	8 05
6828. Star Investment company	6 75
6829. Star Investment company	472 98
6830. Henry J. Jenswold	51 68
6831. Abbie Hanneman	7 74
6832. Star Investment company	14 98
6833. W. L. Potwin	61 79
6854. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	38 18
6855. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	53 84
6856. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	70 61
6857. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	65 89
6858. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	64 60
6859. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	84 04
6860. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	70 07
6861. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	81 21
6862. Zenith City lodge No. 160 I. O. O. F.	99 43
6874. Granite Savings bank	19 86
6880. Emons L. Williams	116 98
6882. Star Investment company	8 76
6883. Star Investment company	6 75
6884. Star Investment company	3 79
6885. W. W. Watson	11 43
6886. E. L. Williams	412 16
6887. E. L. Williams	19 58
6888. Claude M. Bunn	8 31
6889. Claude M. Bunn	13 01
6890. Kate Herzog	5 21
6891. Farmers' Banking company	8 82
6892. F. B. Poole	11 71
6894. E. Mendenhall	17 34
6922. Charles H. Woods	14 80
6923. Home National Bank of Brocton, Mass	14 80
8614. A. H. Brown	30

Total redemption orders......$ 70,118 55

Outstanding redemption orders ......$ 4,753 02

REFUNDS.

Order No.	Amount.
8149. F. A. Cody	$ 28 10
8177. L. M. Heimbaugh	24 68
8203. F. W. Hargreaves	16 32
8204. F. W. Hargreaves	11 50
8215. Martin Huff	6 50
8206. The Duluth Banking company	334 05
8238. Pine Tree Lumber company	3 00
8240. M. Stewart	10 75
8256. M. Kelly	470 96
8266. L. H. Cochran	175 35
8268. J. J. Baskerville	298 13
8273. A. Sang	128 10
8275. Robert O. Sweeney, Jr	3 00
8276. H. H. Phelps	55 38
8277. G. W. Waners	18 00
8278. H. H. Phelps	81 30
8279. G. W. Waners	144 21
8280. G. W. Waners	116 41
8281. Carrie P. Richards	48 19
8282. D. W. Scott	2 94
8283. F. W. Kugler	62 10
8288. George H. Rodgers	212 12
8271. J. W. Hunt	7 52
8272. C. Stal	2 58
8279. John McClintock	6 76
8287. Bargo & Bardessono	5 06
8290. T. J. Davies	91 25
8291. T. J. Davies	154 56
8292. F. A. Teal	22 93
8293. John Jenswold, Jr.	55 65
8294. A. M. Cleaves	246 56
8267. Ed Lynch	65 36
8295. A. J. Frantz	4 49
8297. Ed Lynch	78 75
8303. Theo Hollister	95 55
8174. George H. Rodgers	21 63
8156. The Duluth Banking company	573 66
8316. Ed Jensen	263 55
8317. C. F. Graff	112 87
8319. C. T. Trapert	54 07
8318. J. D. Titcomb	574 71
8320. George H. Rogers	554 40
8321. H. C. Cole	165 79
8169. Henry Fee	12 24
8328. L. B. Teare	9 97
8329. Jennie W. Young	20 04
8332. M. H. Trun	87 51
8333. George C. Blackwood	65 62
8334. L. M. Heimbaugh	91 29
8330. J. Q. A. Crosby	458 06
8339. F. W. Kugler	16 80
8340. Paul Bellview	2 89
8356. Stephen Thomas	673 83
8357. Western Land association	214 68
8359. Amelia Haug	89 50
7439. W. T. Bailey	31 50
8326. The Duluth Banking company	277 72
8330. S. M. Collins	55 65
8331. Olnie A. Berg	5 30
8335. Ed Dahl	7 35
8338. Olnie A. Berg	9 29
8358. The First National bank	83 24
8363. Anna Williams	2 00
8364. I. T. Burnside	161 43
8365. Matt Clark	47 51
8366. Monroe Nichols	62 73
8378. E. B. Engren and Olof Shorley	10 28
8379. Darsey I. Wahl	84 53
8380. E. A. Fredrickson	6 34
8381. Anton Ringsred	84
8382. J. Q. A. Crosby	130 20
9. James Mahoney	25 79
10. L. M. Palmer	86
11. T. H. Little	3 96
35. John Anderson	10 48
46. A. S. Ames	13 12
47. Herbert Armstrong	8 24
81. Belle T. Billson	3 61
82. Belle T. Billson	4 06
177. S. Karon	72 27
194. A. F. Swanstrom	84 25
195. M. W. Safford	18 27
212. Edwin Johnson	4 21
226. Alex Rogers	8 25
237. Northern Security company	3 49
241. F. B. Poole	5 20
245. A. J. Whiteman	5 25
260. A. J. Whiteman	13 64
513. P. A. Smith	3 17
519. Melvin J. Clark	38 70
520. Melvin J. Clark	9 06
521. C. A. Smith	6 77
526. R. E. Carton	14 40
527. W. O. Pealer	1 12
528. Duluth Banking company	11 65
529. Alex P. McDonald	9 45
548. The Midland company	237 96
553. The Woodland company	83 75
554. R. F. Fitzgerald	7 00
555. M. E. Lewis	1 40
559. C. H. Smith	3 11
560. J. W. Sherman	1 27
577. H. Melhorn	93
586. A. M. Stearns	183 49
613. T. W. Hoopes	19 95
681. Barbara Hibbing	20 31
684. C. Stal	10 30
715. The Midland company	11 65
716. Ida M. Pealer	11 60
717. George C. Howe	1,756 65
719. John Jenswold, Jr.	9 45
722. J. W. Hunt	3 07
858. Ira C. Coburn	62 98
868. L. M. Himebaugh	120 75
870. E. P. Alexander	84
871. C. P. Webber	55 65
872. H. G. Gearhart	63 26
873. H. G. Gearhart	6 62
893. M. E. McCahill	21 52
894. A. B. Holgate	3 36
895. J. E. Cooley	129 67
896. A. V. Johnson	14 70
897. James McCahill	24 15
898. J. M. McClintock	63 00
900. The Duluth Banking company	394 59
902. F. C. Smith	21 21
903. F. R. Webber	343 50
904. F. W. Hargreaves	420 79
906. M. Douglass	7 50
908. The New Duluth company	750 00
910. H. A. Liedell	10 45
911. H. A. Liedell	2 41
916. M. Douglass	20 75
917. M. Douglass	6 03
919. Mary E. McComber	220 69
920. Duluth Trust company	64 15
922. W. R. Dutton	13 38
924. Eliza M. Arnold	31 00
925. B. G. Segog	19 00
927. E. D. Field	11 02
928. D. C. Chase	13 50
929. P. P. Fjellman	6 20
930. M. Douglass	4 72
931. Charles R. Stal	7 87
932. C. P. Webber	87 15
933. Charles R. Stal	2 07
934. Charles R. Stal	2 10
935. P. J. Neff	10 50
936. F. O. Johnson	15 75
937. Sarah M. Collins	97 12
938. S. R. Wentworth	105 00
938. E. F. Alford	34 65
940. Fred W. Erickson	29 13
941. Frank L. Buell	2 10
942. P. R. Haley	24 15
945. Leon E. Lum	132 30
946. L. A. Bradley	147 26
947. Frank L. Buell	13 12
948. Alecia B. Buell	6 56
949. E. P. Towne	16 01
950. P. J. Neff	7 70
951. H. W. Cheadle	19 42
952. M. H. True	22 78

Order No.	Amount.
953. C. P. Webber	43 06
954. Farmers' Banking company	48 30
955. F. J. Davies	2 00
956. G. W. R. Matteson	40 00
957. M. Douglass	1 25
958. F. R. Webber	80 00
959. The Bishop's Seabury Mission	24 00
964. Alfred Merritt	7 00
965. Elizabeth E. Merritt	12 00
966. The New Duluth company	33 00
967. The New Duluth company	22 50
968. H. A. Wing & Co	69 00
969. H. S. Mahon	110 63
970. J. N. True and A. B. Holgate	84 75
971. A. J. Upham	180 60
972. John H. Brigham	57 54
973. George C. Howe	690 00
974. A. L. Agatin	536 55
975. Thomas H. Fairfax, agent	7 50
976. C. R. Stal	64 50
977. C. R. Stal	523 70
979. F. L. Marvin	13 30
980. F. L. Marvin	2 21
981. Ellen Wooster, administratrix	10 65
982. John H. Brigham	24 78
983. Count de Tarre Diaz	36 08
984. Count de Tarre Diaz	41 63
985. Thomas H. Fairfax	8 75
986. Thomas H. Fairfax, agent	6 75
987. L. M. Himebaugh	167 50
988. F. I. Davies	3 00
989. The New Duluth company	29 00
992. R. P. Towne	299 40
993. R. L. Sargent	63 42
994. Bida C. Olson	96 28
995. P. H. Tvedt	12 86
996. Frank L. Buell	5 56
997. E. R. Towne	116 34
998. B. G. Segog	86 90
999. Alfred Merritt, agent	2 70
1000. Alfred Merritt, agent	1 68
1001. James McCahill	26 89
1002. Thomas H. Fairfax	35
1003. The First National Bank of Duluth	425 00
1004. John Q. A. Crosby	126 00
1005. John Q. A. Crosby	176 00
1006. John McClintock	8 00
1008. I. F. Davies	39 90
1010. The Midland company	26 00
1011. A. H. Brown	1 15
1012. C. P. Webber	66 25
1013. Frank R. Webber	2 50
1014. Henry S. Ely	10 00
1015. Henry S. Ely, agent	35 00
1016. A. J. Thompson	22 07
1017. First Swedish M. E. church	6 95
1018. Amelia Haug	4 00
1019. M. E. Borgstrom	3 60
1020. Daisy I. Wahl	109 60
1021. J. E. Bowers	423 75
1022. Interstate Land & Investment company	27 82
1023. Interstate Land & Investment company	25 20
1024. Interstate Land & Investment company	182 25
1025. N. A. Frost	11 55
1026. Irene M. Sinclair	8 10
1027. John A. McCarthy	13 91
1029. William Cary	1 26
1030. J. R. Carey	15 50
1031. J. W. Hunt	4 77
1032. A. M. Stearns	50 24
1033. F. L. Buell	1 05
1034. A. B. Buell	2 33
1035. E. Rice	13 12
1036. Frank L. Buell	3 93
1037. Annie C. Marshall	42 52
1038. Marguerite Gilchrist	5 25
1039. Daniel McIntyre	46 20
1040. John McMcClintock	8 40
1041. E. P. Towne	5 88
1042. S. H. Eckman	75 07
1043. John McClintock	38 32
1044. James D. Anderson	731 74
1045. John H. Brigham	83 00
1046. John M. McClintock	11 81
1047. John M. McClintock	10 50
1048. John M. McClintock	73 50
1049. Theodore Hollister	89 25
1050. Charles B. Myers	5 25
1051. N. Lumley	31 86
1052. Frank Provinski	17 52
1053. Emma L. Johnson	70
1054. The New Duluth company	27 00
1055. John Brown	44 00
1056. H. C. Cole	3 75
1057. H. C. Cole	217 65
1058. Samuel F. Wadhams	2 90
1059. H. C. Cole	15 00
1060. Carrie G. Witter	7 00
1066. William E. Richardson	2 25
1067. Charles W. Day et al	33 00
1068. I. T. Burnside	123 50
1069. Howard C. Colburn	19 50
1070. I. T. Burnside	59 06
1073. Louisa F. Lackie	7 87
1074. The Minnesota Loan and Trust company, trustee	28 00
1075. The Minnesota Loan and Trust companyl, trustee	6 00
1076. E. S. Fuller	6 00
1077. H. M. Warrell	5 94
1078. T. G. Vaughn	6 82
1079. Leo A. Ball	96 02
1082. Marit H. Stewart	14 85
1083. Alfred Kjellin	181 23
1097. Julia C. Schank	14 80
1100. Duluth Banking company	566 90
1101. Duluth Banking company	1 84
1102. B. C. Church	61 95
1103. W. T. James	68 46
1104. E. Grace Graves	39 35
1105. Farmers' Trust company, limited	80 00
1106. H. B. Fryberger	39 50
1107. Northwestern Land and Loan company	69 30
1108. William B. Ardouin	21 00
1109. T. G. Vaughn	9 45
1110. Charles P. Craig & Co	57 02
1131. The Midland company	1 55
1132. Beda C. Olson	28 75
1133. George L. C. Leney	259 70
1134. Robert P. Shannon	16 00
1135. Robert P. Shannon	166 05
1136. Nelson B. Eldred	42 00
1137. Kay S. Richardson	44 10
1139. H. C. Cole	36 75
1143. B. C. Church	392 11
1144. T. W. Hoopes	3 09
1145. John D. Bryant	18 75
1147. Julia De Witt Gould	150 00
1198. Frank L. Buell	2 10
1199. E. P. Towne	3 97
1228. John B. Dunphy	20 00
1255. John R. Nystrom	6 36
1259. Mary A. Webb	18 02
1261. John Nystrom	3 31
1263. James D. Anderson	28 09
1264. E. C. Leidell	13 78
1265. James D. Anderson	27 56
1475. Oriental Granite Iron company	1 00
1481. Interstate Land and Investment company	41 80
1523. George E. Tubber	44 25
1530. J. H. Cammeron	47 20
1536. Duluth Banking company	26 50
1586. W. F. Davey	1 95
1593. Mary A. Van Brunt	301 00
1594. A. M. Mauseau	71 00
1596. N. M. Pomeray	6 25
1597. Herman Reich	106 60
1598. A. M. Long	39 27
1602. E. C. Maxfield	169 65
1603. C. Hoffman	2 91
1605. L. Shellenberger	4 50
1606. C. Hoffman	18 00
1607. Alma Patterson	15 15
1608. Alma Patterson	2 54
1609. E. M. Patterson	40 28
1636. Daisy I. Wahl	31 55
1649. H. Sarvele	66
1735. Cornelia S. Tuttle	50 04
1749. Robert Graham	25 44
1783. Mary H. Van Brunt	301 00
1875. A. W. Dutton	148 40
1878. John A. Eklund	50 25
1885. George F. Ash	3 02
1930. Floan, Leveroos & Co	75 00
1941. C. P. Webber	31 00
1944. John H. Brigham	114 00
2196. W. G. Hegardt	107 54
2273. Louis Wennes	3 00
2312. William R. Spencer	56 71
2325. B. C. Church	228 98
2326. B. C. Church	1,248 09
2327. B. C. Church	257 89
2349. James Rooney	16 60
2352. K. S. Richardson	3 18
2393. M. H. Alworth	48 60
2394. A. L. Agatin	154 76
2395. John J. Brigham	80 29
2396. James D. Anderson	42 40
2397. James D. Anderson	9 54
2398. S. Abrahms	21 46
2399. A. J. Upham	11 66
2400. A. J. Upham	12 72
2401. E. F. Alford	12 72
2402. Duluth Banking company	1,400 66
2403. Mrs. Anna C. Highmark	26 50
2404. J. L. Liden	44 78
2405. Mrs. Mathilda Sundstrom	21 20
2406. Eric Bergquist	27 56
2408. I. T. Burnside	387 96
2409. J. E. Bartz	10 23
2410. W. J. Bates	42 90
2411. A. H. Brown	107 06
2413. Thomas Thevillion	79 50
2420. C. E. Bailey	168 80
2421. C. E. Bailey	42 40
2422. Annie Bartz	2 54
2423. A. H. Brown	8 79
2424. B. G. Segog	19 61
2425. A. H. Brown	104 51
2426. A. H. Brown	528 01
2427. Charles d'Autremont	68 10
2428. Charles d'Autremont	97 52
2429. Crown Lumber company	20 67
2430. J. R. Carey	6 89
2431. John R. Carey, administrator, H. estate	58
2432. John R. Carey, trustee	2 65
2433. John R. Carey, trustee	21 73
2434. John R. Carey, agent for George W. Norton	1 69
2440. C. H. Clark	12 50
2441. Franklin Lumber company	3 71
2442. John Frasser	9 01
2443. G. D. Frey	5 83
2444. G. D. Frey	10 86

Order No.	Amount.
2445. G. D. Frey	45 58
2446. G. D. Frey	18 81
2447. C. P. De Lattie	67 84
2448. A. D. Davidson	28 88
2449. A. H. Brown	71 55
2451. John R. Carey, trustee	41 87
2452. G. D. Frey	47 70
2453. G. D. Frey	7 26
2454. G. D. Frey	14 57
2455. G. D. Frey	11 13
2456. G. D. Frey	15 37
2457. Franklin Lumber company	16 96
2458. Charles Gam	2 12
2459. J. J. Frey	16 96
2460. Charles Downer	9 85
2461. Otto Erickson	9 54
2462. Otto Erickson	2 12
2463. John R. Carey, trustee	118 19
2463. Citizens' National Bank, Tonawanda, Pa	18 05
2464. H. W. Coffin	16 96
2467. H. W. Coffin	5 30
2468. C. M. Corcoran	11 13
2469. Mary E. Coffin	32 96
2470. D. M. DeVore	26 50
2471. A. W. Dutton	114 48
2474. F. W. Kugler	53
2475. John McClintock et al	31 80
2476. John McClintock et al	6 36
2477. J. H. McLaughlin	6 36
2478. Roderick McLaughlin	1 11
2479. Mary S. McCormick	2 91
2480. Anna E. Miller et al	4 82
2481. Herman Schmidt	21 09
2489. Beda C. Olson	20 67
2490. A. Panpore	2 38
2491. Betty Nelson	6 36
2492. William B. Phelps	94 09
2493. John Jenswold	458 02
2494. Robert P. Shannon	11 13
2495. R. N. Sawyer	7 42
2496. R. N. Sawyer	8 48
2497. Victor Stearns	6 36
2498. Victor Stearns	6 36
2499. Haakan Haugan	14 84
2500. P. H. Tvedt	41 71
2501. P. H. Tvedt et al	51 81
2502. E. P. Towne	38 32
2503. Ferdinand Thurnhu	90 10
2504. R. C. Vincent	38 16
2505. Mrs. Karen Vikan	5 30
2506. Martin J. Sahlberg	4 24
2507. And Peterson	23 32
2508. M. A. Scott	1 06
2511. S. H. Forman	1 06
2512. George A. Wieland	110 24
2513. M. B. Williamson	2 96
2514. Sivert Midtlyng	23 32
2515. W. W. Spalding	4 68
2516. F. R. Webber	8 48
2517. F. R. Webber	2 65
2518. F. R. Webber	3 97
2519. F. R. Webber	7 95
2520. J. A. Todd	35 51
2521. C. P. Webber	26 23
2522. C. P. Webber	32 06
2523. C. P. Webber	53 00
2524. C. P. Webber	59 36
2525. Robert Whiteside	323 30
2526. Robert Whiteside	471 70
2527. Robert Whiteside	4 34
2528. Robert Whiteside	275 60
2529. Robert Whiteside	5 62
2530. Robert Whiteside	4 13
2533. Farmers' Banking company	4 77
2534. Robert Whiteside	5 51
2535. Robert Whiteside	4 61
2536. Joseph Rawson	7 95
2537. Robert Whiteside	5 83
2538. Robert Whiteside	3 07
2539. John H. Brigham	95 98
2540. C. P. Webber	47 70
2541. C. P. Webber	5 20
2542. M. J. Scott	41 34
2543. P. H. Tvedt	5 05
2544. Hans Weda	11 66
2545. Emma L. Chadwick	6 78
2546. Cornelia S. Tuttle	50 35
2547. Hattie M. Miller et al	63 60
2548. Rosa F. Phelps	7 42
2549. Rosa F. Phelps	90 56
2550. W. B. Phelps	5 30
2551. W. B. Phelps	26 50
2552. H. H. Phelps	50 01
2553. Nels Paulson	10 60
2554. Northern Security company	62 70
2555. Christ Pfitzemier	22 26
2556. F. L. Cowan	17 44
2557. Lizzie D. Roberts	31 80
2558. Edward Sall	78 44
2559. J. Shephard Fitch, executor	3 97
2560. C. P. Simpson	5 30
2561. Anthony Grabarkiewiz	53 00
2562. J. D. Stryker	7 95
2563. Kay S. Richardson	1 85
2564. Kay S. Richardson	5 40
2565. H. P. Hill	11 13
2566. John J. Moe	10 60
2567. A. J. Mildahl	11 66
2569. H. S. Mahon	138 86
2570. Henry S. Mahon	3 71
2571. Henry Grouchau	21 20
2572. Henry Grouchau	85 86
2573. Patrick Conway	55 12
2574. Henry Grouchau	28 09
2575. Ida S. Holms	19 08
2578. F. W. Hargreaves	1 64
2579. F. W. Hargreaves	7 42
2580. Barbara Hibbing	6 36
2581. C. W. F. Hegg	13 25
2582. Mary E. Jackson	7 27
2583. G. D. Frey	11 66
2585. Ed Jensen	16 43
2586. Matt Kapsch	80
2587. S. R. Kirby	21 20
2588. John P. Larson	8 00
2589. Northern Security company	684 76
2590. N. J. Miller, agent	17 75
2591. Albert Kibby	137 80
2592. Bate Kingman	24 64
2593. Charles F. Leland	359 34
2594. Lakeside Land company	12 98
2595. Martin Lepak	57 24
2596. E. Morcom	2 38
2597. William Robinson	6 62
2598. Mary C. Miller	56 55
2599. Oscar Mitchell	6 99
2600. H. C. Cole	235 12
2601. G. D. Frey	33 54
2602. M. Kelly	72 66
2603. McGiffert et al	14 57
2604. J. B. Greenfield	57 21
2605. J. B. Greenfield	20 56
2606. O. A. Gilbert	30 00
2607. Beda C. Olson	249 73
2608. William Getty	28 72
2609. F. W. Heimick	52 79
2610. J. J. Frey	87 98
2611. Victor Stearns	5 02
2612. Nicholas J. Miller	14 84
2613. Northern Security company	95 93
2614. James Poteet	45 26
2618. Farmers' Banking company	13 78
2619. Rebecca Miller	7 68
2620. Farmers' Banking company	89 57
2621. Charles P. Craig & Co	11 66
2622. W. S. Potwin	358 64
2623. John Strom	20 14
2624. R. S. Millen et al	41 34
2625. R. B. Knox	56 18
2626. American Exchange bank	17 23
2627. Daisy I. Wahl	54 48
2628. C. H. Clark	12 08
2629. W. J. Holmes	52 13
2630. A. J. Crosby	16 80
2631. S. R. Cooley	14 81
2632. L. A. Barnes	80 13
2633. B. F. Myers	4 32
2634. C. E. Bailey	264 47
2639. Farmers' Banking company	10 60
2645. The Duluth Banking company	22 26
2645. J. W. Hunt	2 65
2647. Irvine M. Sinclair	6 62
2642. John Olson	12 72
2649. I. T. Burnside	15 90
2712. L. P. Highmark	70 59
2717. C. E. Peaslie Ry	22 26
2722. William J. Bates	55 59
2731. L. Mendenhall	3 00
2732. Erick Naunn	15 87
2738. Jacob Stubler	46 42
2741. G. Logan	362 25
2742. Alfred Sundstrom	19 25
2746. Charles Leland	145 02
2750. C. A. Smith	3 00
2752. B. N. Wheeler	44 52
2754. John Jenswold	38 00
2763. Clarence Dennis	4 20
2764. Mary A. Webb	14 60
2765. Mary A. Webb	4 79
2968. Boston and Duluth Farm Land company	5 50
2975. E. Morcom	11 32
2980. J. H. Hanson	1 25
2981. W. J. Holmes	5 83
2983. Gust A. Wellear	9 98
2987. John McAlpin	26 50
3000. The Duluth Banking company	64 92
3005. The Star Investment company	8 10
3006. The Star Investment company	6 40
3007. The Star Investment company	100 00
3008. The Star Investment company	63 57
3015. J. B. Geggle	214 16
3069. Estate of M. Kimberly	15 87
3113. Myers Bros	23 62
3124. Ed Lynch	1 77
3267. Patrick Conway	26 46
3270. Miss Maud Gammon	6 00
3321. Ferdinand Krieger	10 00
3325. A. J. Wasgatt	2 26
3328. A. Olson	2 75
3498. John Warren	83
3500. Frederick Peterson	84 98
3501. Myers Bros	8 11
3502. A. H. Brown	63 07
3504. Stephen Thomas	27 56
3520. Albert Kitto	29 33
3542. D. D. McInnis	8 00
3543. D. D. McInnis	5 50
3544. D. D. McInnis	9 50
3545. D. D. McInnis	45 00
3546. D. D. McInnis	4 00
3547. D. D. McInnis	50
3555. James Geary	7 20
3726. Duluth Banking company	52 90
4200. C. P. Craig & Co	40
4211. F. L. Buell	4 00
4212. F. L. Buell	5 00
4213. J. W. New	2 30
4214. William McGrath et al	5 03

Order No.	Amount.
4257. William McGrath et al	2 20
4258. William McGrath et al	60 00
4286. Hoffecker & Croll	30 64
4346. Elizabeth Logan	7 42
4444. Mrs. M. O. Hall	1 95
4506. I. T. Burnside	9 00
1522. Duluth Banking company	646 52
4522. L. E. Lum	43 58
4524. H. S. Mahon	74 20
5117. Joseph Marcotte	2 14
5200. C. E. Bailey	47 32
5203. Lynch and Fagan	20 74
5204. P. Culligan	14 64
5240. Duluth Banking company	286 20
5241. A. H. Brown	302 49
5244. Charles P. Frank	25 56
5245. Farmers' Banking company	4 81
5262. Hattie H. Marsh	2 81
5304. Daniel McIntyre	8 94
5335. A. H. Brown	19 30
5336. A. H. Brown	325 21
5395. E. G. Wallinder	2 00
5400. C. H. Oppel	13 78
5401. W. H. Fruen	6 70
5432. J. R. Carey	3 59
5807. L. M. Linness	80
6005. H. A. Wing & Co	22 32
6040. H. W. Cheadle	3 55
6069. Zenith City Investment company	1 00
6145. A. M. Hunter	53
6146. McKinley Townsite company	10 12
6160. A. H. Brown	269 61
6335. J. W. New	5 04
6367. F. L. Buell	15 35
6686. William McGrath et al	35 58
6687. William McGrath et al	13 02
6689. The Duluth Banking company	26 18
6822. The Duluth Banking company	36 18
6853. Mendenhall & Hoopes	107 91
6871. W. H. Smallwood	4 80
6920. J. W. New	12 70
6921. F. L. Buell	5 45
6928. J. A. Scott	5 80

Total refunds ......$ 44,448 34

Outstanding and unpaid refund orders ......$ 2,092 60

SALARIES OF COUNTY OFFICERS AND EMPLOYES.

Order No.	Amount.
6240. William B. Phelps, county attorney	$ 208 33
6268. W. S. McKay, clerk, auditor	42 50
6293. A. Hegberg, clerk, register of deeds	25 00
6294. Mrs. E. R. Matter, clerk, register of deeds	11 00
6295. S. L. Pierce, clerk, register of deeds	42 50
6296. A. A. Holt, clerk, register of deeds	36 50
6297. Lizzie O'Mara, clerk, register of deeds	16 50
6298. R. S. Munger, register of deeds	50 00
6305. W. B. Phelps, Co. Atty	41 66
6306. L. H. Whipple, Co. Treas	125 00
6307. J. P. Johnson, Clk of court	125 00
6308. August Lofgren, register of deeds	75 00
6309. W. G. Bonham, probate judge	75 00
6310. Charles Shogron, Clk., superintendent of poor	34 50
6311. Della Cheverette, Clk., probate court	20 83
6312. L. A. Marvin, Dept. auditor	62 50
6313. Charles L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
6314. V. Sonderale, Clk., auditor	47 50
6315. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	45 00
6316. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	42 50
6317. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	45 00
6318. W. S. McKay, Clk., auditor	42 50
6319. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	42 50
6320. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	40 00
6321. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	40 00
6322. I. G. Wallen, Clk., auditor	37 50
6323. J. G. Ross, Clk., auditor	37 50
6324. Am. Ingalls, Clk., Treas	50 00
6325. G. L. Wedan, Clk., Treas	40 00
6326. A. Johnson, Clk., Treas	18 75
6327. H. A. Liedel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6328. H. C. Wedmark, Clk., clerk of court	40 00
6329. Thomas Clark, Clk., register of deeds	37 50
6330. S. L. Pierce, Clk., register of deeds	30 00
6331. E. R. Mather, Clk., register of deeds	19 50
6332. W. A. Anderson, Clk., register of deeds	15 00
6333. C. L. Lofgren, Clk., register of deeds	15 00
6335. F. B. Perry, Clk., auditor	35 00
6336. P. J. Bergstrom, Clk., auditor	37 50
6337. J. R. James, Clk., clerk of court	7 50
6338. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	37 50
8030. O. Halden, county auditor	150 00
6299. J. B. Middlecoff, judge of probate	50 00
6301. J. M. McClintock, assistant county attorney	16 66
6302. John Williams, county commissioner	12 50
6343. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	125 00
6344. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	166 67
6347. E. M. Patterson, county commissioner	50 00
6348. F. W. Kugler, county commissioner	62 50
6349. Ole A. Berg, county commissioner	62 50
6352. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	62 50
6359. J. S. Russell, watchman	55 00
6360. Ed Mahoney, jailer	65 00
6363. Della Chevrette, Clk., probate court	20 83
6364. L. A. Marvin, Clk., county auditor	62 50
6366. V. Sonderale, Clk., county auditor	47 50
6393. J. R. James, Clk., clerk of court	10 50
6394. S. E. Helps, Clk., clerk of court	10 50
6395. Peter Schafer, Clk., clerk of court	7 00
6396. G. H. Vivian, Clk., clerk of court	5 00
8052. O. Halden, County auditor	141 66
6303. B. N. Wheeler, superintendent of schools	25 00
6318. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	42 50
6340. L. H. Whipple, Co. Treas	125 00
6341. J. P. Johnson, clerk of court	125 00
6342. Aug. Lofgren, register of deeds	125 00
6345. A. M. Ingalls, Clk., county treasurer	50 00
6351. Chas. Kauppi, county commissioner	62 50
6357. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
6358. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
6361. P. P. Fjlman, jailor	65 00
6362. F. L. Magie, jailor	65 00
6365. Chas. L. Rakowsky, auditor's clerk	25 00
6367. Alex Schutz, auditor's Clk.	45 00
6368. B. O. Loe, auditor's Clk	45 00
6369. M. Halden, Auditor's Clk	42 50
6371. J. C. Helm, auditor's Clk	42 50
6372. A. Smith, auditor's Clk	40 00
6373. Asa Dailey, auditor's Clk	40 00
6374. I. G. Wallen, auditor's Clk	37 50
6375. J. G. Ross, auditor's Clk	37 50
6376. P. J. Borgstrom, auditor's Clk	37 50
6377. F. B. Perry, auditor's Clk.	28 80
6378. W. M. Hillis, Treas'. Clk	90 00
6379. G. L. Wedan, Treas'. Clk	40 00
6380. A. Johnson, Treas'. Clk	37 50
6382. H. A. Leidel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6384. J. S. Moody, Clk., clerk of court	80 00
6386. Thos. Clark, Clk., register of deeds	6[illegible] 50
6387. S. L. Pierce, Clk., register of deeds	50 00
6388. E. R. Mather, Clk., register of deeds	32 50
6389. W. A. Anderson, Clk., register of deeds	25 00
6390. C. L. Lofgren, Clk., register of deeds	25 00
6391. Mrs. W. C. Sargent, matron jail	31 00
6385. H. Wedmark, Clk., clerk of court	40 00
6381. S. S. Williamson, Clk., county treasurer	125 00
6339. Chas. L. Rakowsky, Clk., county auditor	25 00
6346. W. G. Crosby, assistant county attorney	66 67
6370. W. F. McKay, auditor's Clk	42 50
6397. J. G. Ross, auditor's Clk	37 50
6398. P. J. Borgstrom, auditor's Clk	37 50
6399. T. B. Perry, auditor's Clk.	35 00
6400. Della Cheverette, Clk, probate	20 83
6401. L. H. Whipple Co. Treas	125 00
6402. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
6403. G. L. Wedan, Clk., Treas	45 00
6404. A. Johnson, Clk., Treas	37 50
6405. H. A. Leidel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6350. E. Morcom, county commissioner	70 83
6383. A. Jacoby, deputy clerk	90 00
6406. A. M. Ingalls, Clk., county treasurer	64 25
6407. L. H. Whipple, Co. Treas	125 00
6408. J. P. Johnson, Clk. of court	250 00
6409. Aug. Lofgren, register of deeds	250 00
6410. W. G. Bonham, probate judge	250 00
6414. F. W. Kugler county commissioner	62 50
6417. Chas. Kauppi, County commissioner	62 50

Order No.	Amount.
6427. P. P. Fjellem, jailor	65 00
6428. F. L. Magie, jailor	65 00
6429. Della Cheverette, probate Clk	20 83
6430. L. A. Marvin, Clk., auditor	125 00
6431. Chas. L. Rakowsky, Clk., auditor	100 00
6433. Alex Schuts, Clk., auditor	90 00
6437. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
6438. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
6439. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
6440. I. G. Wallen, Clk., auditor	75 00
6441. S. S. Williamson, Clk., county treasurer	62 50
6442. W. M. Hillis, Clk., county treasurer	90 00
6443. J. L. Wedan, Clk., county treasurer	45 00
6444. A. Johnson, Clk., county treasurer	37 50
6445. Grace McLean, Clk., county treasurer	21 67
6446. A. H. Paul, Clk., county treasurer	57 58
6447. H. A. Leidel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6448. M. Jacoby, Clk., clerk of court	90 00
6449. Jenny Moody, Clk., clerk of court	80 00
6450. Hudia Wedmark, Clk., clerk of court	80 00
6451. Thos. Clark, Clk., register of deeds	125 00
6452. S. L. Pierce, Clk., register of deeds	100 00
6453. E. R. Mather, Clk., register of deeds	65 00
6455. C. F. Lofgren, register of deeds	50 00
6456. Mrs. W. C. Sargent, matron	28 00
6457. Thos. F. Brady, clerk of court	3 00
6413. E. M. Patterson, county commissioner	62 50
6415. Ole Berg, county commissioner	62 50
6432. V. Sonderale, Clk., auditor	95 00
6411. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
6423. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
6424. Gerk Swan, janitor	65 00
6425. John S. Russell, watchman	65 00
6426. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
6434. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
6435. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	85 00
6454. W. A. Anderson, Clk., register of deeds	50 00
6436. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	85 00
6458. J. R. James, Clk., clerk of court	4 50
6459. Peter Schaffer, Clk., clerk of court	10 25
6460. G. H. Vivian, Clk., clerk of court	1 00
6412. W. G. Crosby, assistant county attorney	130 95
6416. E. Morcom, county commissioner	70 83
6461. S. E. Helps, deputy clerk	1 00
6466. J. P. Johnson, clerk of court	250 00
6475. Chas. Kauppi, county commissioner	62 50
6485. F. L. Magie, assitant jailor	65 00
6488. Chas. L. Rakowski, Clk., auditor	100 00
6500. G. L. Wedan, Clk., Treas	90 00
6501. A. Johnson, Clk., treasurer	75 00
6503. A. H. Paul, Clk., treasurer	70 00
6505. H. A. Leidel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6508. H. C. Wedmark, Clk., clerk of court	80 00
6509. Thos. Clark, Clk., register of deeds	125 00
6515. E. P. Fjellen, jailor	65 00
6516. Mrs. W. C. Sargent, matron	31 00
6104. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	42 50
6462. H. A. Leidel, Clk., clerk of court	62 50
6463. S. S. Williamson, Clk., treasurer	62 50
8228. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
483. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
484. V. Sonderall, Clk., auditor	95 00
485. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	90 00
486. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
487. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	85 00
488. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	85 00
489. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
490. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
491. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
492. I. G. Wollan, Clk., auditor	75 00
543. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
614. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	60 00
869. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	42 50
944. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
1197. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
1506. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	42 50
1507. V. Sonderall, Clk., auditor	95 00
1508. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
1509. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
1510. I. G. Wollan, Clk., auditor	75 00
1511. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
1512. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
1513. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	80 00
1514. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
1515. W. W. Fenstermacher, Clk., auditor	22 50
1516. P. J. Borgstrom, Clk., auditor	80 00
1517. M. Halden, Clk, auditor	85 00
1518. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
1519. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	90 00
1520. Chas. L. Rakowsky, Clk., auditor	50 00
1750. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
1814. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
1815. V. Sonderall, Clk., auditor	95 00
1816. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	90 00
1817. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
1818. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	85 00
1819. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	85 00
1820. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
1821. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
1822. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
1823. G. J. Mallory, Clk., auditor	85 00
1824. W. W. Fenstermacher, Clk., auditor	75 00
1825. P. J. Borgstrom, Clk., auditor	80 00
1826. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	80 00
1856. G. J. Mallory, Clk., auditor	22 64
1879. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
1886. I. G. Wollan, Clk., auditor	80 00
2296. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
2321. W. W. Fenstermacher, Clk., auditor	25 00
2415. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
2676. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
2677. V. Sonderall, Clk., auditor	95 00
2678. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	90 00
2679. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
2680. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	85 00
2681. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
2682. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
2683. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	85 00
2684. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
2685. I. G. Wollan, Clk., auditor	80 00
2686. G. J. Mallory, Clk., auditor	85 00
2687. P. J. Borgstrom, Clk., auditor	80 00
2688. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	80 00
2710. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
2964. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
3189. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
3190. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	50 00
3191. V. Sonderall, Clk., auditor	95 00
3192. Alex Schutz, Clk., auditor	90 00
3193. Martin Halden, Clk., auditor	85 00
3194. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	85 00
3195. J. C. Helm, Clk., auditor	85 00
3196. Amelia Smith, Clk., auditor	80 00
3197. Asa Dailey, Clk., auditor	80 00
3198. I. G. Wollan, Clk., auditor	80 00
3199. G. J. Mallory, Clk., auditor	85 00
3200. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	25 00
3201. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	55 00
3219. B. O. Loe, Clk., auditor	90 00
3220. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
3221. P. J. Borgstrom, Clk., auditor	80 00
3276. W. F. McKay, Clk., auditor	5 00
3580. J. O. Walker, Clk., auditor	40 00
3688. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
3689. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	100 00
3690. V. Sonderall, Clk, auditor	95 00
3691. Alex Schutz, clerk	90 00
3692. B. O. Loe, clerk	90 00
3693. W. F. McKay, clerk	90 00
3694. Martin Halden, clerk	85 00
3695. J. C. Helm, clerk	85 00
3696. G. J. Mallory, clerk	85 00
3697. Amelia Smith, clerk	85 00
3698. Asa Dailey, clerk	80 00
3699. I. G. Wollan, clerk	80 00
3700. P. J. Borgstrom, clerk	80 00
3701. J. O. Walker, clerk	40 00
3718. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
4569. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
4588. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
4589. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	100 00
4590. V. Sonderall, clerk	95 00
4591. Alex Schutz, clerk	90 00
4592. B. O. Loe, clerk	90 00
4593. W. F. McKay, clerk	90 00
4594. Martin Halden, clerk	85 00
4595. J. C. Helm, clerk	85 00
4596. G. J. Mallory, clerk	85 00
4597. Amelia Smith, clerk	85 00
4598. Asa Dailey, clerk	80 00
4599. I. G. Wollan, clerk	80 00
4600. P. J. Borgstrom, clerk	80 00
5078. J. O. Walker, clerk	80 00
5220. G. J. Mallory, clerk	80 00
5341. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66

Order No.	Amount.
5363. L. A. Marvin, deputy auditor	125 00
5364. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy auditor	100 00
5365. V. Sonderall, clerk	95 00
5366. Alex Schutz, clerk	90 00
5367. B. O. Loe, clerk	90 00
5368. W. F. McKay, clerk	90 00
5369. Martin Halden, clerk	85 00
5370. J. C. Helm, clerk	85 00
5371. Amelia Smith, clerk	85 00
5372. Asa Dailey, clerk	80 00
5373. I. G. Wollan, clerk	80 00
5374. J. O. Walker, clerk	80 00
5399. P. J. Borgstrom, clerk	80 00
6270. O. Halden, county auditor	291 66
469. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
493. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
494. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
497. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	65 00
545. Henry Taylor, clerk	46 00
718. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	45 00
848. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	17 50
862. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
926. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
1098. A. Johnson, clerk	37 50
1151. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
1152. A. Johnson, clerk	37 50
1162. William Andrew, clerk	19 50
1163. A. Bagley, clerk	32 50
1162. Henry Taylor, clerk	70 00
1165. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	65 00
1166. F. B. Perry, clerk	37 33
1167. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
1168. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
1169. William Hillis, clerk	100 00
1170. G. E. Brooke, clerk	19 50
1180. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
1535. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
1553. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
1554. G. H. Malcolmson, clerk	35 00
1610. G. E. Brooke, clerk	32 50
1619. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
1626. W. A. Kahnback, clerk	15 00
1643. G. L. Wedan, clerk	20 00
1785. A. Johnson, clerk	75 00
1786. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
1787. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
1827. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
1828. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
1829. G. L. Wedan, clerk	25 00
1830. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
1831. Henry Taylor, clerk	70 00
1832. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
1833. A. Bagley, clerk	65 00
1834. Wm. Andrew, clerk	65 00
1835. G. E. Brooks, clerk	32 50
1836. Wm. Kohagen, clerk	70 00
1837. Ned Kohagen, clerk	32 50
1838. O. G. Bocher, clerk	17 30
1839. F. S. Brown, clerk	27 25
1840. Geo. H. Malcolmson, clerk	35 00
1841. W. A. Kahnback, clerk	41 00
1842. A. O. Whipple, clerk	58 66
1843. V. Rakowsky, clerk	19 50
1844. P. Knudson, clerk	65 00
2185. Ned Kohagen, clerk	20 00
2190. W. A. Kahnbach	25 00
2295. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
2304. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
2315. W. A. Kahnbach, clerk	12 50
2317. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
2320. J. F. McLaren, Jr., clerk	32 50
2323. G. E. Brooke, clerk	32 50
2332. G. E. Brooke, clerk	5 42
2345. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
2374. W. A. Kahnbach, clerk	10 00
2650. Andrew Johnson, clerk	75 00
2651. W. F. Kohagen, clerk	70 00
2652. Wm. Andrew, clerk	65 00
53. V. Rakowsky, clerk	65 00
55. Henry Tylor, clerk	70 00
2656. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
2658. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
2689. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
2690. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
2691. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
2692. A. O. Whipple, clerk	80 00
2693. G. H. Malcolmson, clerk	70 00
2694. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
2695. W. A. Kahnbach, clerk	42 50
2696. C. H. Claypool, clerk	65 00
2697. P. Knudson, clerk	65 00
2698. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
2699. F. H. Brown, clerk	65 00
2700. Ned Kohagen, clerk	45 00
2768. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
2769. W. A. Kahnbach, clerk	15 00
3018. W. A. Kahnbach, clerk	12 00
3022. V. Rakowsky, clerk	32 50
3023. A. Johnson, clerk	37 50
3024. Wm. Kohagen, clerk	35 00
3025. Wm. Andrew, clerk	32 50
3029. Ned Kohagen, clerk	28 18
3032. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
3033. P. Knudson, clerk	32 50
3034. A. H. Paul, clerk	35 00
3035. G. H. Malcolmson, clerk	35 00
3036. G. H. Claypool, clerk	32 50
3037. Henry Taylor, clerk	37 50
3038. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
3039. F. S. Brown, clerk	32 50
3169. L. H. Whipple, ccounty treasurer	250 00
3202. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	62 50
3203. W. M. Hillis, lerk	100 00
3204. F. B. Perry, clerk	35 00
3205. A. O. Whipple, clerk	80 00
3216. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
3269. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
3668. L. H. Whipple county traesurer	250 00
3702. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
3703. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
3704. A. O. Whipple, clerk	80 00
3705. A. O. Whipple, clerk	40 00
3706. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
3719. F. B. Perry, clerk	70 00
3733. G. L. Wedan, clerk	90 00
4570. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
4601. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
4602. G. L. Wedan, clerk	90 00
4603. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
4604. F. B. Perry, clerk	80 00
4616. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
5260. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	35 00
5269. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
5342. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
5375. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
5376. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
5377. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
5378. F. B. Perry, clerk	80 00
5379. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	35 00
5390. H. Nesbitt, clerk	14 08
5391. P. Knudson, clerk	21 00
5392. F. S. Brown, clerk	25 74
5393. W. F. Kohagen, clerk	25 74
5394. A. Johnson, clerk	29 37
5528. H. Nesbitt, clerk	14 08
6271. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
6272. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
6273. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
6274. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
6275. F. B. Perry, clerk	80 00
6276. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
6277. Andrew Johnson, clerk	40 00
6278. W. F. Kohagen, clerk	70 00
6279. F. S. Brown, clerk	70 00
6280. P. Knudson, clerk	70 00
6631. Andrew Johnson, clerk	40 00
6672. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
6723. Andrew Johnson, clerk	40 00
6729. F. B. Perry, clerk	80 00
6732. G. L. Wedan, clerk	45 00
6754. Grace McLean, bookkeeper	70 00
6772. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer	250 00
6851. Andrew Johnson, clerk	40 00
6898. S. S. Williamson, deputy treasurer	125 00
6917. W. M. Hillis, clerk	100 00
6918. F. S. Brown, clerk	70 00
498. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
499. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
508. J. R. James, clerk	6 50
556. Peter Schaefer, clerk	5 50
557. G. H. Vivian, clerk	2 00
565. S. E. Helps, clerk	9 50
632. F. M. Brady, clerk	9 00
843. H. A. Liedel, deputy clerk	62 50
1146. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
1148. H. A. Liedel, deputy clerk	62 50
1171. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
1172. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
1173. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
1211. N. B. Shank, clerk	50
1212. J. R. James, clerk	14 00
1227. G. H. Vivian, clerk	5 50
1254. Peter Schaefer, clerk	14 00
1269. S. E. Helps, clerk	8 50
1547. H. A. Liedel, deputy clerk	62 50
1788. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
1845. H. A. Liedel, deputy clerk	62 50
1846. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
1847. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
1848. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
1920. J. R. James, clerk	12 50
1826. G. H. Vivian, clerk	3 00
1927. N. B. Shank, clerk	1 00
1935. Peter Schaefer, clerk	9 75
1942. S. E. Helps, clerk	6 50
2288. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	62 50
2305. H. A. Liedel, deputy clerk	62 50
2306. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	62 50
2346. J. F. Brady, clerk	8 00
2416. G. H. St.Clair, clerk	3 00
2642. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
2701. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
2702. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
2703. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
2735. J. R. James, clerk	6 00
2756. Peter Schaefer, clerk	9 00
2757. G. H. Vivian, clerk	1 50
2758. S. E. Helps, clerk	5 25
3004. N. B. Shank, clerk	1 00

Order No.	Amount.
3170. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
3306. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
3207. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
3215. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	62 50
3218. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
3284. S. E. Helps, clerk	7 50
3285. J. R. James, clerk	6 00
3291. G. H. Vivian, clerk	4 50
2302. Peter Schaefer, clerk	9 00
3669. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
3707. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
3708. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
3746. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
3747. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	125 00
3755. J. R. James, clerk	9 00
3756. N. B. Shank, clerk	2 00
3757. S. E. Helps, clerk	6 50
3758. G. H. Vivian, clerk	5 00
4345. Peter Schaefer, clerk	10 50
4429. T. F. Brady, clerk	17 00
4571. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
4605. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	125 00
4606. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
4607. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
4608. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
4651. J. R. James, clerk	14 00
4652. S. E. Helps, clerk	5 50
4683. G. H. Vivian, clerk	4 00
5176. N. B. Shank, clerk	2 00
5246. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	40 00
5343. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
5380. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	125 00
5381. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
5382. J. S. Moodys, clerk	80 00
5383. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	40 00
5433. J. R. James, clerk	4 00
5798. S. E. Helps, clerk	6 50
5805. G. H. Vivian, clerk	5 50
5920. N. B. Shank, clerk	1 00
5921. Peter Schaefer, clerk	9 00
6281. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
6282. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	125 00
6283. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
6284. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
6285. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	40 00
6286. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	40 00
6338. S. E. Helps, clerk	8 50
6339. J. R. James, clerk	9 00
6394. G. H. Vivian, clerk	5 00
6705. H. A. Leidel, deputy clerk	125 00
6710. H. C. Wedmark, clerk	80 00
6737. J. P. Johnson, clerk of district court	250 00
6813. M. Jacoby, clerk	100 00
6848. G. H. St. Clair, clerk	5 50
6895. N. B. Shank, clerk	1 00
6897. J. S. Moody, clerk	80 00
470. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
500. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
501. E. R. Mather, clerk	52 30
502. Nellie Molland, clerk	26 66
503. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
507. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
845. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
1174. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
1175. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
1176. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
1177. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
1178. Nellie Holland, clerk	40 00
1179. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
1193. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
1541. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
1791. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
1849. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
1850. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
1851. Susie Holmes, clerk	25 00
1852. Nellie Holland, clerk	40 00
1853. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
1854. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
1855. E. A. Mather, clerk	52 00
2316. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
2657. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
2704. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
2705. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
2706. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
2707. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
2708. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
2709. Susie Holmes, clerk	50 00
3021. S. L. Pierce, clerk	50 00
3171. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
3208. S. L. Pierce, deputy	50 00
3209. E. R. Mather, clerk	32 50
3210. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
3211. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
3212. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
2213. Susie Holmes, clerk	33 33
3214. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
3670. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
3709. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
3710. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
3711. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
3712. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
3713. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
3714. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
4568. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
4609. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
4610. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
4611. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
4612. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
4613. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
4656. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
5344. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
5384. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
5385. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
5386. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
5387. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
5388. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
5389. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
6286. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
6287. Thos. Clark, deputy	125 00
6288. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
6289. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
6290. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
6291. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
6292. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
6736. W. A. Anderson, clerk	50 00
6750. E. R. Mather, clerk	65 00
6753. Nellie Holland, clerk	50 00
6761. Thos. Clark deputy	125 00
6812. S. L. Pierce, deputy	100 00
6904. A. Lofgren, register	250 00
6905. C. L. Lofgren, clerk	50 00
472. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
476. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
1181. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
1182. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
1792. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
1793. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
2660. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
2661. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
3173. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
3174. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
3672. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
3673. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
4572. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
4573. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
5346. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
5347. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
6495. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
6496. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
6907. J. M. McClintock, county attorney	208 33
6908. W. G. Crosby, assistant	150 00
471. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
482. Delia Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
1159. G. E. Brooke, clerk of probate	25 63
1160. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
1161. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	16 03
1625. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	20 83
1789. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
1790. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	20 83
2659. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
2675. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
3172. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
3217. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
3672. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
3687. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	65 00
4567. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
4587. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	18 32
5345. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
5362. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
6293. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
6294. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
6773. D. Cheverette, clerk of probate	41 66
6906. W. G. Bonham, judge of probate	250 00
473. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	125 00
549. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	125 00
1185. A. T. Park superintendent of schools	125 00
1794. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
2669. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
3182. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
3680. A. T. Park superintendent of schools	150 00
4580. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
5355. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
6310. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
6810. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	150 00
475. E. Morcom, chairman, 4th district	70 83
477. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2d district	62 50
478. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50

Order No.	Amount.
479. O. A. Berg, commissioner 3d district	62 50
1186. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50
1187. O. A. Berg, commissioner 3d district	62 50
1188. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2d district	62 50
1189. E. Morcom, chairman, 4th district	70 83
1190. Chas. Kauppi, commissioner 5th district	62 50
1483. R. F. Berdie, commissioner 7th district	35 41
1784. Chas. Kauppi, commissioner 5th district	62 50
1799. R. F. Berdie, commissioner 7th district	70 83
1800. Neil McInnis, commissioner 6th district	70 83
1801. E. Morcom, chairman 4th district	70 83
1802. O. A. Berg, commissioner 3d district	62 50
1803. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2d district	62 50
1804. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50
2187. Neil McInnis, commissioner 6th district	35 41
2662. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50
2663. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2d district	62 50
2664. O. A. Berg, commissioner 3d district	62 50
2665. E. Morcom, chairman 4th district	70 83
2666. Chas. Kauppi, commissioner 5th district	62 50
2667. Neil McInnis, commissioner, 6th district	70 83
2668. R. F. Berdie, commissioner 7th district	70 83
3175. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50
3176. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2d district	62 50
3177. O. A. Berg, commissioner 3d district	62 50
3178. E. Morcom, chairman, Fourth district	70 83
3179. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
3180. Neil McInnis, commissioner Sixth district	70 83
3181. R. F. Berdie, commissioner Seventh district	70 83
3674. E. M. Patterson, commissioner First district	62 50
3675. F. W. Kugler, commissioner Second district	62 50
3676. O. A. Berg, commissioner Third district	62 50
3677. E. Morcom, chairman, Fourth district	70 83
3678. Neil McInnis, commissioner Sixth district	70 83
3679. R. F. Berdie, commissioner Seventh district	70 83
3736. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
4574. E. M. Patterson, commissioner First district	62 50
4575. F. W. Kugler, commissioner Second district	62 50
4576. O. A. Berg, commissioner Third district	62 50
4577. E. Morcom, chairman, Fourth district	70 83
4578. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
4579. Neil McInnis, commissioner Sixth district	70 83
4614. R. F. Berdie, commissioner Seventh district	70 83
5348. E. M. Patterson, commissioner First district	62 50
5349. F. W. Kugler, commissioner Second district	62 50
5350. O. A. Berg, commissioner Third district	62 50
5351. E. Morcom, chairman Fourth district	70 83
5352. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
5353. Neil McInnis, commissioner Sixth district	70 83
5354. R. F. Berdie, commissioner Seventh district	70 83
6297. E. M. Patterson, commissioner First district	62 50
6298. F. W. Kuler, commissioner Second district	62 50
6299. O. A. Berg, commissioner Third district	62 50
6300. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
6301. E. Morcom, chairman, Fourth district	70 83
6302. Neil McInnis, commissioner Sixth district	70 83
6303. R. F. Berdie, commissioner Seventh district	70 83
6893. Charles Kauppi, commissioner Fifth district	62 50
6890. O. A. Berg, commissioner Third district	62 50
6889. E. M. Patterson, commissioner 1st district	62 50
6910. F. W. Kugler, commissioner 2nd district	62 50
6911. E. Morcom, chairman, 4th district	70 83
6912. Neil McInnis, commissioner 6th district	70 83
6913. R. F. Berdie, commissioner 7th district	70 83
495. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
1154. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
1155. P. P. Fjellman, assistant jailor	65 00
1156. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron jail	30 00
1183. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
1798. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
1805. P. P. Fjellman, assistant jailor	65 00
1806. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
1873. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	31 00
1836. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
2673. P. P. Fjillman, assistant jailor	65 00
74. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
2719. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	26 00
3186. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
3187. P. P. Fjellman, assistant jailor	65 00
3188. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
3214. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	31 00
3684. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
3685. P. P. Fjellman, jailor	65 00
3686. F. L. Magie, jailor	65 00
3715. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	31 00
4584. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
4585. P. P. Fjellman, jailor	65 00
4586. F. L. Magie, jailor	65 00
4617. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	30 00
5359. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
5360. P. P. Fjellman, assistant jailor	65 00
5361. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
5396. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	31 00
6307. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
6308. P. P. Fjellman assistant jailor	65 00
6309. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
6311. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	30 00
6755. P. P. Fjellman, assistant jailor	65 00
6765. F. L. Magie, assistant jailor	65 00
6850. Ed Mahoney, jailor	65 00
6930. Mrs. William C. Sargent, matron	31 00
480. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
481. J. T. Russell, watchman	55 00
495. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
1153. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
1158. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
1184. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
1795. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
1796. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
1797. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
2338. John T. Russell, watchman	15 00
2670. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
2671. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
2672. John T. Russell, watchman	40 00
3183. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
3184. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
3185. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
3681. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
3682. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
3683. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
4581. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
4582. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
4583. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
5356. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
5357. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
5358. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
6304. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
6305. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
6914. R. S. Cowden, fireman	65 00
6915. Geo. K. Swan, janitor	65 00
6916. John T. Russell, watchman	55 00
Total salaries of county officers and employes	$ 62,991 89

LIGHT, FUEL AND REPAIRS, COURT HOUSE AND JAIL.

Order No.	Amount.
8151. Chas. F. Forsell, remounting maps	$ 5 78
8146. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
8148. D. M. Schultz, typewriter	75 00
8147. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	4 50
8149. H. A. Hall & Co., papering court room	119 31
8150. R. G. Chambers, carpenter	1 85
8152. Gronseth & Olson, gold dust	4 75
8155. City of Duluth, water	60 92
8156. Commercial Light and Power company, lights	116 75
8157. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	126 20
8158. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	88 20
8159. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	7 60
8161. Kelly Hardware company hardware	5 75
7460. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	7 22
7911. Farrell & Turnbull, labor and material	5 53
8045. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	4 00
7462. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	3 00
7469. Duluth Ice company, ice for court house and jail	6 63
7470. City of Duluth, water for court house and jail	136 98
7473. E. G. Wallander, labor and material, repair on court house	39 65
7474. Miller & Johnson, repair on roof of court house	39 50
7475. W. M. Abrahamson, clothing for county prisoners	490 50
7477. W. C. Wright, one hand elevator for county jail	145 00
6675. City of Duluth, sprinkling	58 48
7147. Burgess Electric company, labor and material county jail	5 65
7463. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
7476. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	32 50
7471. Commercial Light and Power company, light	127 17
5736. French & Bassett, lamp chimney	1 74
7472. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	189 00
7138. Northern Hardware company, hardware	4 45
7900. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	128 40
7903. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
7904. K. Lautenschlager, lumber	13 65
7908. Ohio Coal company, coal	13 00
8046. E. J. Ketcham, one waste burner	7 00
7901. Commercial Light and Power company, light	121 00
7902. City of Duluth, water	72 01
7905. T. Torrellson, plastering	6 00
7906. Smith, Farwell & Steele, desk	26 25
7907. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	4 50
7909. Poirier & Nordstrom, rebuilding cots	24 00
7910. American Stove works, repair stove county jail	8 10
7912. Burris & Sill, plumbing county jail	32 40
341. Burgess Electric company, repairs	2 46
343. E. H. Bacher, repairs	1 50
345. French & Bassett, tables	39 00
353. Zenith Paper company, toilet paper	9 50
574. Western Union, clock service	4 00
599. Scott-Graff Lumber company, lumber	9 99
631. A. M. Ingalls, making pigeon holes	3 00
721. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	3 00
723. Ohio Coal company coal	147 60
772. S. Wenberg, making shelves	13 93
773. A. J. Harker, plumbing	3 28
774. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
775. Commercial Light and Power company, light	33 00
776. City of Duluth, water	25 23
1364. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	14 00
1365. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
1366. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	3 00
1367. R. C. Kruschke, putting locks	22 20
1368. Nels Monson, repairs	7 00
1376. Ohio Coal company, coal	10 00
1377. Commercial Light and Power company, light	35 83
2044. H. A. Wing, insurance	21 00
2045. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
2046. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	3 00
2047. L. K. Daugherty, paint	4 60
2049. Ohio Coal company, coal	51 90
2050. Northwestern S. Co., repairs	8 83
2053. City of Duluth, water	64 37
2054. Commercial Light and Power company, light	33 08
2055. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service, etc	10 27
2874. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	4 00
2876. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	1 50
2877. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
2885. E. T. Blowers, repairs	8 37
713. Bloedel & Ebeling, table and chairs	48 00
723. Ohio Coal company, coal	106 70
771. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	4 80
775. Commercial Light and Power company, light	63 67
776. City of Duluth, water	20 84
1369. Burgess Electric company, repairs	50
1370. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	2 25
1371. Clementson Bros., cots and curtains	130 00
1372. Jas. Cullyford, straps	10 00
1373. Duluth Hardware company, labor, etc	2 00
1374. S. M. Stocker, M. D., professional services	4 00
1376. Ohio Coal company, coal	51 40
1377. Commercial Light and Power company, light	50 09
2048. Waugh, Kealey & Co., plumbing	99 48
2049. Ohio Coal company, coal	29 80
2051. Chas. W. Erickson, rubbers	57 00
2052. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	4 00
2053. City of Duluth, water	56 92
2054. Commercial Light and Power company, light	41 67
2056. F. W. Kugler & Co., medicine	1 10
2881. Suffel & Co., shoes	27 00
2882. Panton & White, blankets	42 64
2883. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	2 35
2884. J. S. Manson, wood	10 00
2888. Ohio Coal company, coal	39 00
2889. Commercial Light and Power company, light	37 34
2890. City of Duluth, water	17 27
3350. Ohio Coal company, coal	22 00
3351. Waugh, Kealy & Co., repairs	1 50
3352. Wm. Gomberg, repairs	20 50
3354. I. Freimuth, brooms, etc	7 00
3353. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	3 00
3355. Ouelette & Bapter company screens	6 35
3356. City of Duluth, water	12 05
2886. Bloedel & Ebeling, desks and chairs	35 00
2887. Duluth Ice company, ice	19 51
2888. Ohio Coal company, coal	50 75
2889. Commercial Light and Power company, light	46 33
3343. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
3344. Arthur Lyes, hauling ashes	2 25
3345. L. K. Daugherty, paint	3 20
3346. Wieland Shoe company, repairs	3 50
3347. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	4 00
3348. Northern Hardware company, dusters, etc	4 90
3349. Gronseth & Olson, soap	1 00
3350. Ohio Coal company, coal	19 40
3356. City of Duluth, water	14 35
3357. Commercial Light and Power company, light	38 34
3358. Mendenhall & Hoopes, insurance	21 00
3359. C. A. & E. D. Field, insurance	21 00
3360. O. C. Hartman & Co., insurance	42 00
3361. Graves-Manley agency, insurance	21 00
3367. George D. Barnard & Co., bearing wheels	4 50
3843. Zenith Paper company, toilet paper	9 00
3844. Commercial Light and Power company, light	35 08
3845. City of Duluth water and light department, water	4 75
3846. L. R. Heloing, labor and material	167 80
3849. A. R. Macfarlane, insurance	21 00
3850. W. M. Prindle & Co., insurance	21 00
3857. Henry Lyes, hauling ashes	1 50
3858. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
4694. Henry Lyes, hauling ashes	1 50
4695. Little & Nolte, insurance	21 00
4696. Pulford & How, insurance	21 00
4698. Duluth Hardware company, hardware	13 50
4699. A. H. Burg, lumber	5 55
4702. Hartman & Dunn, receivers, light	19 68
5444. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	2 00
5451. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service, etc	20 00
3357. Commercial Light and Power company, light	40 16
3337. W. Marquardt & Co., plumbing	58 00
3838. A. Ringsred, papering, etc	22 50
3839. Farrell & Turnbull, plumbing	85 34
3840. Burgess Electric company, material and labor	9 82
3841. C. H. Oppel & Son, clothing	51 10
3842. Ohio Coal company, coal	25 25
3844. Commercial Light and Power company, light	35 38
3845. City of Duluth water and light department, water	13 46
3847. L. K. Daugherty, E. oil	50
3848. Robert E. Patterson, inspecting boilers	9 00
4697. J. F. Shienes, labor and material	196 75
4700. F. A. Thorwald, labor and material	553 60
4701. Clemetson Bros., repairs	34 00
4702. Hartman & Dunn, receivers, light	28 00
4703. City of Duluth water and light department, water	18 54
5456. City of Duluth water and light department, water	18 47
5457. A. W. Hartman & R. R. Dunn, receivers, light	26 00
5458. Ohio Coal company, coal	63 50
5459. R. C. Kruschke, keys	75
5460. Panton & White, blankets	19 05
5461. Poirier & Nordstrom, labor and material	27 50
5462. Waugh & Kealy, labor and materials	28 30
5463. Kelly Hardware company, hardware	1 75
6434. City of Duluth water and light department, water	20 72
6435. A. W. Hartman & R. R. Dunn, receivers, light	60 25
6436. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	42 00
6437. Waugh, Kealy & Co., repairs	2 25
5452. Duluth Ice company, ice	15 38
5453. L. K. Daugherty, paint	2 70
5454. Northern Hardware company, hardware	3 25
5455. E. G. Wallinder, labor and materials	28 07
5456. City of Duluth water and light department, water	31 42
5457. A. W. Hartman & R. R. Dunn, receivers, light	21 17
5458. Ohio Coal company, coal	160 20
6422. L. D. Robertson, use of toilet case	1 00
6428. Henry Lyes, hauling ashes	3 00
6429. Western Union Telegraph company, clock service	7 00
6430. L. A. Barnes, insurance	42 00
6431. J. A. Scott, insurance	31 50
6432. Chas. A. Stark, insurance	21 00
6433. Chas. P. Craig & Co., insurance	21 00
6434. City of Duluth water and light department, water	17 13
6435. A. W. Hartman & R. R. Dunn, receivers, light	46 62
6436. Pioneer Fuel company, coal	81 60
Total light, fuel, repairs, etc., court house and jail	$ 6,752 57

BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Order No.	Amount.
7920. Peachy & Lounsberry, printing	$ 9 00
7925. J. L. Thwing, blank books	313 25
7926. Eveleth Star, blanks	150 95
7928. Duluth News Tribune, publishing	18 85
7484. Albertson Stationery company, stationery	8 10
7160. D. Van Balen, pens	24 30
7161. Duluth Paper and Stationery company, pens, etc., county auditor's office	3 65
7483. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	41 24
7485. Northland Printing company, 52 pages briefs	39 00
7487. X Ray Printing company, 150 court calendars	44 50
7489. Walter S. Booth & Co., blanks, county auditor	1 00
7490. C. H. Thornton, binding 200 sheets in tax duplicate	20 00
7491. Eveleth Star, blanks and stationery	117 35
7492. J. L. Thwing, blanks and stationery	214 97
7924. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	57 58
7921. T. P. Dupresne, Minn. report for clerk of court	21 55
7923. W. S. Booth & Co., blanks	1 00
8170. Peachy & Lounsberry, blanks	484 45
8171. Pioneer Press company, blanks	10 00
8175. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice	9 00
8176. Duluth News Tribune company, printing notice and official proceedings	105 00
8172. J. J. LeTourneau, rebinding books	7 00
8169. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery court house	98 05
8173. Albertson Stationery company, fountain pens	37 50
270. Duluth Paper and Stationery company, stationery	1 75
680. Peachey & Lounsberry blanks	67 50
706. N. J. Benson, blanks	1 50
710. F. P. Dufresne, books	8 50
777. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	130 90
1378. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	65 53
1388. Peachey & Lounsberry blanks	114 00
1389. J. L. Thwing, blank books	166 59
1390. Keefe, Davidson L. B. Co., books	7 50
2057. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	96 85
2058. Albertson Stationery company, stationery	17 50
2059. Peachey & Lounsberry, blanks	60 00
2060. Pioneer Press company, blanks	10 00
2061. Walter S. Booth & Son, blanks	2 60
2063. E. Hanson, certifying copy	3 50
2064. F. P. Dupresne, 1901 Annotation	4 50
2065. Christie & Collier, assessment books	447 25
2871. R. L. Polk, directories	24 00
2899. Albertson Stationery company, stationery	1 25
2900. The Elliott H. B. T. Co., stationery	4 00
2901. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	128 12
2902. Peachey & Lounsberry, blanks	188 35
2903. J. L. Thwing, blank books	1,053 54
2904. J. J. LeTourneau, blanks	4 50
3366. McGill, Warner company, blanks	10 50
3368. The Elliott Hatch B. T. Co., ribbons	7 00
3369. F. P. Dufresne, law books	3 50
3370. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	34 33
3371. Pioneer Press company, books	138 00
3372. Peachey & Lounsberry blanks	154 20
3373. J. L. Thwing blank books	159 25
3832. J. L. Thwing, blank books	102 00
3833. Peachey & Lounsberry, blanks	39 00
3834. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	46 18
3835. Board of education, stationery	2 66
4708. S. W. Gilpin, stationery	10 31
4710. Ellerst, Hatch & Co., ribbons	8 00
4711. West Publishing company, law books	12 00
4712. Peachey & Lounsberry blanks	195 50
4713. J. L. Thwing, blank books	346 58
5464. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	162 18
5465. Peachey & Lounsberry, blanks	87 00
5466. J. L. Thwing, blank books	64 25
5467. Duluth Directory company, directories	50 00
5468. F. P. Dufresne, law books	3 50
6438. Albertson Stationery company, stationery	4 00
6439. Duluth Paper and Stationery company, stationery	22 50
6440. The Elliott H. B. T. Co., stationery	8 00
6441. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationery	42 00
6442. Peachey & Lounsberry, blanks	193 00
6443. J. L. Thwing, blank books	15 50
Total expense blank books and stationery	$ 6,362 96

PRINTING.

Order No.	Amount
7486. J. J. LeTourneau, blanks, sheriff	$ 5 75
8049. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notices	15 95
601. Duluth News Tribune company, printing official proceedings, etc	133 25
653. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice to taxpayers, etc	49 10
654. Duluth Evening Herald, printing delinquent tax sale	1,522 32
707. D. E. Cuppernull, printing notice teachers' examination	5 90
708. C. M. Atkinson, printing notice teachers' examination	2 20
1387. J. J. LeTourneau, printing court calendars	53 50
1391. Ely Miner, printing notice	2 20
1392. The Eveleth Star, printing proceedings board of county commissioners	18 30
1393. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice	5 40
1394. Duluth News Tribune, company, printing financial statement, etc	1,710 80
2066. J. J. LeTourneau, printing court calendars	40 00
2067. Duluth News Tribune company, printing proceedings board of county commissioners	157 55
2905. Duluth News Tribune company, printing proceedings board of county commissioners	100 85
2906. Duluth Evening Herald, printing forfeited tax sale	515 35
3374. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice	10 75
3375. Duluth News Tribune company, printing forfeited tax sale	1,041 42
3831. Duluth News Tribune, printing board of county commissioners' proceedings, etc	132 05
4709. J. J. LeTourneau, printing court calendars	47 50
4714. Tower Weekly News, printing notice	2 25
4715. The Eveleth Star, printing notice	1 00
4716. Hibbing News, printing notice	1 00
4717. D. E. Cuppernull, printing notice	75
4718. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice	5 70
4757. Duluth News Tribune company, printing proceedings board of county commissioners	38 45
5475. Duluth News Tribune company, printing proceedings board of county commissioners, etc	141 20
6447. Duluth Evening Herald, printing notice	75 00
6448. Duluth News Tribune company, printing proceedings board of county commissioners, etc	161 95
Total printing	$ 5,995 44

MISCELLANEOUS GENERAL.

Order No.	Amount.
1643. Jacob Peterson, returns of of births and deaths, McDavitt	2 00
1646. W. D. McDonald, returns of births and deaths Solway	1 25
7891. O. Halden, postage	15 82
7892. J. P. Johnson, postage	7 80
7897. W. M. Prindle & Co, rent county surveyor	15 00
7929. C. Stenchfield, bringing election returns from La Bell farm	10 00
7930. George King, bringing election returns from 59-20-21	21 05
8048. Zenith City Telephone company, telephone rent	51 50
8050. Dr. S. M. Stocker, expenses infectious diseases	62 00
7932. J. M. McClintock, telegrams	1 02
1652. M. H. Manson, returns births and deaths, Hibbing	30 00
1653. Otto Zebott, returns births and deaths, Herman	5 50
7457. J. B. Middlecoff, postage	3 60
7601. M. A. Snyder, clerk of registration	11 10
7893. R. S. Munger, postage	26 85
7922. R. S. Munger, 2 roll book carriers	9 00
7927. X Ray Printing company, court calendars	49 50
8044. J. B. Middlecoff, postage	3 00
1625. S. E. Helps, returns of births and deaths, Eveleth	19 75
1626. S. E. Helps, returns of births and deaths, Sparta	5 00
1627. S. E. Helps, returns of births and deaths, Missabe Mountain	23 25
1629. F. Wiceovkivicz, returns of births and deaths, Gnesen	2 50
1632. J. McKay, returns of births and deaths, Floodwood	2 50
1633. Chas. W. Bray, returns of births and deaths, Biwabik	21 00
1635. John Auger, returns of births and deaths, Floodwood	50
1635. F. G. Smith, returns of births and deaths, Fayal	11 25
1637. F. J. Padden, returns of births and deaths, Proctorknott	75
1638. M. Kusmerik, returns of births and deaths, Gnesen	75
1639. Geo. A. Tripp returns of births and deaths, Tower	7 50
7157. Duluth Telephone company, long distance telephone	1 50
7456. A. J. Taylor, express, etc	2 10
7478. American Exchange bank, refund on suit overpaid	458 21
7524. M. Bain, ballots from town of Rice Lake	3 00
7525. M. Bain, election returns from town of Rice Lake	3 00
7597. George P. Peterson, clerk of registration	10 00
7602. Martin Johnson, clerk of registration	9 85
7617. George Johnson, judge of election	9 85
7553. G. V. Quillard, bringing election returns city of Duluth	2 00
7554. Geo. H. Schulenberg, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7555. Emil Hartman, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7556. R. C. Mitchell, bringing election returns city of Duluth	2 00
7557. J. W. Bours, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7558. H. V. Hohm, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7559. A. McDonald, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7560. H. C. Osterhout, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7561. L. G. Vaugan, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7562. J. W. Richardson, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7563. D. Hudson, bringing election returns	1 20
7564. E. T. Krelvitz, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7565. G. W. Davidson, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7566. A. S. Daniels, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7567. W. W. Allen, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7568. John Williams, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7569. F. Fitch, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7570. Donald McKenzie, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7571. John Harney, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7572. Leroy Coons, bringing election returns city of Duluth	2 40
7573. E. H. Baldwin, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7574. C. E. Holt, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7575. E. F. Hillis, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7576. A. Homgren, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 40
7577. Aaron Olson, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 40
7578. Napoleon Laurin, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 20
7579. James Doble, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7580. John Swanson, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7581. A. M. Swingle, bringing election returns city of Duluth	2 00
7582. M. F. Markus, bringing election returns city of Duluth	2 00
7583. M. H. Potts, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7584. James A. Cramer, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7585. Charles Lindblom, bringing election returns city of Duluth	1 60
7586. C. Christopherson, bringing election returns city of Duluth	3 50
7517. M. J. Roach, bringing election returns, Morse	25 20
7518. M. A. Bain, bringing election returns, Duluth	5 20
7519. H. E. Gordon, bringing election returns, Nichols	17 00
7520. Chas. Gustafson, bringing election returns, Alborn	8 00
7521. Martin Lowell, bringing election returns, Lowel's Farm	23 00
7527. Chas. Schilin, bringing election returns, New Independence	8 20
7523. Erick Mattson, bringing election returns, Kelsey	10 40
7526. John C. Rick, bringing election returns, Proctorknott	3 40
7527. Gust Lund, bringing election returns, Clinton	14 60
7528. Henry Norman, bringing election returns, Midway	3 00
7529. Chas. Gordat, bringing election returns, D Camp	27 00
7530. John Mewheney, bringing election returns, Great Scott	21 80
7531. D. C. Christopher, bringing election returns, Virginia	19 00
7532. E. D. Parmella, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	20 80
7533. S. E. Helps, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	16 20
7534. A. J. Sullivan, bringing election returns Missabe Mountain	19 80
7535. Ed McCahill, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	19 80
7536. Bert A. Rowe, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	20 00
7537. Chas. Johnson, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	16 00
7538. W. P. Chinn, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	19 20
7539. C. J. Lawman, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	20 20
7540. T. E. Bechem, bringing election returns, Missabe Mountain	20 80
7541. B. E. Shea, bringing election returns Missabe Mountain	19 80
7542. Floyd Townsend, bringing election returns, Harding	29 40
7543. Peter Bryan, bringing election returns, Virginia	19 00
7544. T. J. Rinnert, bringing election returns, Virginia	19 00
7545. L. B. Drew, bringing election returns, Virginia	19 00
7546. G. H. Vivian, bringing election returns, Breitung	20 20
7547. J. H. Nettle, bringing election returns, Breitung	21 00
7548. D. W. Owen, bringing election returns, Breitung	20 20
7549. J. H. Fleming, bringing election returns, Biwabik	18 40
7550. H. H. Salmon, bringing election returns, Biwabik	18 80
7551. Fred Bremen, bringing election returns Biwabik	19 00
7552. Frank Cutting, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 00
7587. Matt Anderson, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	3 00
7588. W. W. Murray, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 40
7589. W. C. Gray, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 00
7590. Otto Erickson, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 60
7591. F. A. Carlson, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 40
7592. C. E. Johnson, bringing election returns, city of Duluth	2 60
7593. F. Elkhart, clerk of registration	10 40
7594. Mike Anderson, clerk of registration	10 40
7595. J. C. Morton, clerk of registration	2 60
7599. Dan Barest, clerk of registration	7 60
7600. Louis Gregiston, clerk of registration	2 60
7603. John King, clerk of registration	2 66
7605. Chas. Saxton, clerk of registration	7 60
7606. J. D. Moon, clerk of registration	23 15
7607. S. M. Noden, judge of election	7 60
7608. Floyd Townsend, judge of election	7 60
7610. Henry Johnson, judge of election	9 85
7611. John Swan, judge of election	10 40
7615. Chas. Gerdette, judge of election	6 75
7612. Mike McNeil, judge of election	10 40
7619. M. H. Peck, judge of election	7 60
7621. Julius Gregorson, peace officer	2 40
7622. M. H. Peck, bringing election returns, V. Dam	23 80
7623. J. Hickey, bringing elections returns, Tower	20 20
7624. Arthur Thyes, bringing election returns, Ely	24 40
7625. W. J. Frythall, bringing election returns, Ely	24 40
7626. H. C. Kelly, bringing election returns, Ely	24 40
7627. M. McGowan, bringing election returns Stuntz	24 40
7628. R. F. Berdie, bringing election returns Stuntz	24 40
7454. O. Halden, postage	16 13
7455. E. Morcom, postage	1 89
7458. L. H. Whipple, express and postage	61 77
7459. R. S. Munger, postage	50 66
7461. R. W. Nichols, surveying	34 00
7465. H. C. Withrow, taking children to state school	14 87
7464. Duluth Humane society, service of agent	25 00
7466. S. M. Stocker, service infectious diseases	70 26
7467. E. P. Alexander, office rent county attorney (three months) September, October and November	60 00
7468. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent county surveyor	15 00
7488. Christie & Collier, election blanks	41 50
7493. Duluth News Tribune, printing notice of official ballot	182 00
7495. E. Morcom, services on canvassing board	59 80
7496. V. Prince, services on canvassing board	54 20
7497. R. F. Berdie, services on canvassing board	68 20
7498. M. Lepak, bringing election returns, Gnesen	3 80
7499. J. A. Reed, bringing election returns, Mountain Iron	17 00
7500. E. L. Bishop, bringing election returns Fond du Lac	4 20
7501. W. C. McCrimmon, bringing election returns, Canosia	3 80
7502. H. L. Magsted, bringing election returns, Herman	3 00
7503. J. W. New, bringing election returns, Floodwood	16 20
7504. Chas. Peterson, bringing election returns Great Scott	17 40
7505. F. Almy, bringing election returns, Industrial	7 10
7506. Aud Qual, bringing election returns, McDavitt	13 80
7507. Geo. C. Blackwood, bringing election returns, township 50, range 20	16 00
7508. Henry Johnson, bringing election returns, township 53, range 21	18 60
7509. A. L. Jackson, bringing election returns, Allen	22 60
7510. J. Peterson, bringing election returns, Grand Lake	4 40
7511. J. D. Moon, bringing election returns, township 52, range 20	18 60
7512. W. H. Fraser, bringing election returns, Fayal	21 40
7513. John Lake, bringing election returns, Mesaba	17 00
7514. A. C. C. Miller, bringing election returns, Solway	3 60
7515. D. Wittenberg, ballots from Duluth to Allen	22 60
7516. C. O. Eklund, election returns from Culver	9 20
7598. Martin Lavelle, clerk registration	12 50
7899. Wykoff, Seamen & Co., desk repair	1 50
7894. Consolidated Stamp & P. Co., rubber stamps	24 85
7895. Western Union Telegraph company, telegram	6 91
7896. Duluth Humane society, service of agent	25 00
7898. E. P. Alexander, county attorney rent	20 00
7933. W. B. Phelps, stenographer's fees county attorney	270 70
1655. R. S. Postal, register of births and deaths town of Duluth	1 00
1658. G. W. Mell, register of births and deaths Alborn	50
1661. J. C. Farmer, register of births and deaths McKinley	3 25
1664. H. B. Hill, register of births and deaths Midway	25
1665. Mary Buttery, state vs. Michael Moore	10 00
7479. Henry Reynolds, certified copy of records	90
1667. J. C. Rix, register of births and deaths, Proctorknott	3 25
1622. A. C. Rogers, superintendent, postage, clothing and care for inmates	30 00
1668. C. J. Lowman, register births and deaths, Breitung	6 25
1671. D. J. Cameron, register of births and deaths, Biwabik	2 50
1675. A. Godenius, register births and deaths, Grand Lake	75
7170. G. C. Blackwood, bringing ballot for 52-20	16 00
8131. A. T. Park, postage	5 70
8132. W. G. Bonham, postage	6 00
8137. Nels J. Benson, book county commissioners	1 00
8142. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent county surveyor	4 00
8143. W. M. Prindle Co., office rent superintendent of schools	14 00
8144. Chas. P. Frank, office rent county surveyor	21 25
8047. Albertson Stationery company, stationery superintendent of schools	40
9134. O. Halden, postage	10 50
8136. Duluth Humane society, service of agent	25 00
8140. Mendenhall & Hoopes, office rent county attorney	7 50
39. Fred Davis, subdividing sections	7 00
43. F. B. Johnson, photos of Verril and Soular	2 00
120. H. C. Withrow, taking prisoners to state training school	41 50
135. Peter McGrath, making agricultural reports	8 00
136. H. Hanson, making agricultural reports	8 00
42. Fred Seymour, taking ballots to Rice Lake	2 60
65. Fred Seymour, taking ballots to Rice Lake	2 60
263. Arthur S. Kitta	2 60
264. John Waara	9 85
339. Arthur Le Jury et al	21 50
2897. Charles Gourdatt	27 00
342. E. P. Alexander, office rent	10 00
344. French & Bassett, book case	20 00
346. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	3 85
629. E. Morcom, county commissioner, postage	8 72
630. R. W. Nichols, recording field notes	20 00
552. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, error in charging board of Cass county prisoners	474 54
587. C. P. Frank, office rent	15 00
590. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools, postage	4 90
591. Odin Halden, county auditor, postage	15 25
592. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	5 65
593. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	16 50
594. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, postage	84 76
595. W. G. Bonham, judge, postage	4 50
596. Phil T. Megaarden, sheriff fees	1 10
597. J. M. McClintock, county attorney, expenses	10 50
612. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	11 50
633. Mary Buttery, State vs. M. Moore	5 00
637. T. B. Pury, labor	12 50
644. Consolidated Stamp & Printing company, rubber stamps	20 35
676. Duluth Humane society, services of agent	25 00
704. F. A. Wilder, Jr., holding teachers' examination	9 51
705. Mrs. D. E. Cuppernull, holding teachers' examination	9 35
770. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
1080. W. H. Whipple, county treasurer, error in crediting interest O. D. Kinney & Co	12 59
1081. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, error in crediting interest Bank of Virginia	11 95
1353. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	6 50
1354. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	10 35
1355. O. Halden, postage	13 15
1356. W. G. Bonham, postage	13 25
1357. Duluth Humane society, services of agent	25 00
1358. Consolidated Stamp & Printing company rubber stamps	1 10
1359. Zenith Telephone company, 'phone	56 56
1360. Duluth Telephone company, 'phone	3 96
1361. First National bank, office rent	20 00
1362. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
1363. C. P. Frank, maps	56 00
1375. Pioneer Fuel company, error in bill	40
1725. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, premium on bond	375 00
2033. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, postage	78 36
2034. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	25
2035. W. G. Bonham, judge, postage	8 33
2036. Aug. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	16 00
2037. O. Halden, county auditor, postage	14 07
2038. E. Morcom, county commissioner, postage	3 26
2039. Duluth Humane Society, services of agent	25 00
2040. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 90
2041. Charles P. Frank, office, etc	55 00
2042. The Elliott H. B. T. Co., typewriter	179 00
2043. Smith Premier Typewriter company, typewriter	121 50
2865. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, postage	52 55
2866. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	5 75
2867. August Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	16 50
2868. O. Halden, county auditor, postage	17 05
2869. W. G. Bonham, judge, postage	5 11
2870. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools, postage	8 75
2872. A. P. Sillman, maps	4 00
2873. Consolidated Stamp Printing company, rubber stamps	12 35
2875. Duluth Humane Society, services of agent	25 00
2878. Charles P. Frank, surveying	83 00
2879. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
2880. Mendenhall & Hoopes, office rent	20 00
2898. William A. Farr, agricultural reports	8 00
2907. W. G. Crosby, assistant county attorney, expenses	21 00
3338. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	2 45
3339. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	13 41
3340. O. Halden, county auditor, postage	14 48
3341. W. G. Bonham, judge, postage	7 89
3342. Duluth Humane society, services of agent	25 00
3362. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
3363. Charles P. Frank, office rent	15 00
3364. Duluth Telephone company, 'phone rent	12 87
3365. E. Morcom, services board of audit	8 00
3836. E. H. Bocher, repairs	1 00
3851. Zenith City Telephone company, 'phone rent	67 00
3852. Duluth Humane society, services of agent	25 00
3853. Consolidated Stamp and Printing company, rubber stamps	3 90
3854. Charles P. Frank, office rent	15 00
3855. W. M. Prindle, office rent	8 00
3856. United States Express company, express	1 08
3859. A. Halden, county auditor, postage, etc	15 43
3860. W. G. Bonham, probate judge, postage, etc	5 00
3861. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage, etc	5 25
3862. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage, etc	14 00
3863. F. H. Whipple, county treasurer, postage, etc	56 25
4689. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage, etc	12 75
4690. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage, etc	5 25
4691. A. T. Park, superintendent of schools	19 45
4692. A. H. Halden, county auditor	12 00
4693. Consolidated Stamp and Printing company, rubber stamps	1 40
4306. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, county bond interest	108 75
4307. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, county bond sinking	588 00
4308. L. H. Whiple, county treasurer, county road and building bond interest sinking	387 50
4309. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, railroad aid	150 75
4310. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, village of Duluth bond sinking	588 00
4336. F. H. Whipple, county treasurer, errors in crediting interest	13 45
4704. Mendenhall & Hoopes, office rent	30 00
4705. W. M. Prindle, office rent	8 00
4731. Alvina Morcom, teachers' examination	9 95
4732. Edwin T. Reid, teachers' examination	9 25
5103. Charles Kauppi, West Duluth refund	1 26
5440. J. P. Johnson, clerk postage	5 60
5441. A. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	10 00
5442. W. G. Bonham, probate judge, postage	2 25
5443. O. Halden, county auditor, postage	14 17
5445. Duluth Humane society, service of agent	50 00
5446. Duluth Telephone company, telephone rent	13 00
5447. Paul Bollewen, decorations	25 00
5448. E. P. Alexander, office rent	90 00
5449. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
5450. Chas. P. Frank, office rent	30 00
5806. John B. Richards, judgment district court	1 004 00
6417. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, postage, etc	41 50
6418. Aug. Lofgren, register of deeds, postage	11 50
6419. J. P. Johnson, clerk, postage	5 75
6420. O. Halden, county auditor postage	18 03
6421. W. G. Bonham, probate judge	2 45
6423. E. Morcom, county commissioner, services board of audit	6 60
6424. Duluth Humane society services of agent	25 00
6425. Chas. P. Frank, office ren	15 00
6426. E. P. Alexander, office rent	15 00
6427. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent	8 00
6454. A. Cheverette, clerk hire probate office	20 00
6594. L. A. Marvin, deputy county auditor, salary	125 00
6595. Chas. L. Rakowsky, deputy county auditor, salary	100 00
6596. V. Sonderall clerk hire	95 00
6597. Alex Schultz, clerk hire	90 00
6598. B. O. Loe, clerk hire	90 00
6599. W. F. McKay, clerk hire	90 00
6600. Martin Halden, clerk hire	85 00
6601. J. C. Helm, clerk hire	85 00
6602. Amelia Smith, clerk hire	85 00
6603. Asa Dailey, clerk hire	80 00
6604. I. G. Wollan, clerk hire	80 00
6605. P. J. Borgstrom, clerk hire	80 00
6606. J. O. Walker, clerk hire	80 00
6731. M. Halden, clerk hire	85 00
6758. I. G. Wollan, clerk hire	80 00
6762. B. O. Loe, clerk hire	90 00
6763. V. Sonderall, clerk hire	95 00
6766. J. C. Helm, clerk hire	85 00
6768. J. O. Walker, clerk hire	80 00
6771. P. J. Borgstrom, clerk hire	80 00
6816. Amelia Smith, clerk hire	85 00
6817. Chas. L. Rakowsky, clerk hire	100 00
6818. L. A. Marvin, clerk hire	125 00
6819. Alex Schutz, clerk hire	90 00
6820. Asa Dailey, clerk hire	80 00
6821. W. F. McKay, clerk hire	90 00
6877. Duluth Street Railway company, judgment district court May 12, 1899	51 57
566. S. E. Helps	51 75
567. S. E. Helps	75
568. S. E. Helps	1 00
651. J. C. Russell	4 50
652. J. C. Russell	1 00
799. Jacob Peterson	25
844. Chas. Schelin	1 75
1065. R. J. Sewall	75
1149. C. O. Peterson	1 50
1675. B. Wintergast	25
1876. H. B. Hill	25
1880. R. S. Postal	25
1921. C. R. Eby	2 25
1922. J. R. Eby	1 75
5438. H. E. Wunder	19 75
Total miscellaneous general	$ 11,851 09

SHERIFF'S FEES AND BOARD OF PRISONERS.

Order No.	Amount.
7953. W. C. Sargent, sheriff	$ 1,048 90
7954. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,356 00
7649. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	1,185 42
7560. W. C. Sargent, boarding county prisoners	1,090 00
8193. W. C. Sargent, sheriff fees	757 17
8194. W. C. Sargent, boarding county prisoners	1,123 50
626. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,077 00
1431. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,458 00
2107. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,246 50
2926. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,195 50
3394. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	968 50
3796. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,015 23
4756. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,119 50
5488. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	988 50
6490. W. C. Sargent, boarding prisoners	1,127 00
625. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	488 42
1430. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	453 50
2106. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	501 02
2925. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	711 21
3393. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	312 59
3797. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	1,165 00
4755. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	336 78
5087. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	495 90
6489. W. C. Sargent, sheriff's fees	512 00
Total sheriff's fees and board of prisoners	$ 21,732 94

WOLF BOUNTY.

Order No.	Amount.
57. Alex Woods, 1 male wolf	$ 7 00
58. John Walls, 1 male	7 00
59. John Grasshopper, 1 male wolf	7 00
60. John Abiting, 5 wolves	35 00
61. A. J. Carrick, 1 male wolf	7 00
62. L. Berg, 1 female wolf	7 00
441. Constant Luoma	7 00
1241. J. W. Sanderson	7 00
1753. Tom Floodwood	7 50
1778. C. Hogan	7 00
2195. Joe Louber	5 00
Total wolf bounty	$ 103 50

FIRE WARDEN.

Order No.	Amount.
289. John Kiosky	$ 2 25
306. Stanz Schwartz, extinguishing forest fire	75
308. Walter Schwartz, extinguishing forest fire	75
323. Geo. W. Nesbit, extinguishing forest fire	3 00
324. Fred Nesbit, extinguishing forest fire	3 00
328. Geo. Nesbit, extinguishing forest fire	3 00
310. Lorentz Berg, extinguishing forest fire	75
311. Alfred Bjorkland, forest fire	75
314. D. W. Owen, extinguishing forest fire	6 00
315. John Lake, extinguishing forest fire	20 00
316. John Lake, extinguishing forest fire	14 00
317. John Lake, extinguishing forest fire	4 00
318. John Lake, extinguishing forest fire	4 00
322. O. P. Wilner, forest fire	4 50
325. Andrew Grandin, forest fire	4 50
330. R. O. Nelson, forest fire	9 00
297. Sam Anderson, extinguishing forest fire	2 85
327. Jacob Peterson, extinguishing forest fire	4 50
326. Julius Tusten	8 00
729. Henry Johnson, extinguishing forest fire	1 50
1200. Eli Chaput, extinguishing forest fire	3 60
1441. Elias Anderson, extinguishing forest fire	2 85
2654. Geo. Johnson, extinguishing forest fire	1 50
3030. Peter Fishan, extinguishing forest fire	4 00
3162. Rudolph App, extinguishing forest fire	6 00
3265. Nick Lyngstad, extinguishing forest fire	8 00
3590. John Alberg, extinguishing forest fire	1 50
4217. John Larson, extinguishing forest fire	18 00
5320. R. S. Postal, extinguishing forest fire	2 00
5397. H. Engstrand, extinguishing forest fire	2 00
5398. Louis App, extinguishing forest fire	2 00
5858. Henry Norman, extinguishing forest fire	3 00
5907. M. J. Roach, extinguishing forest fire	4 00
5908. M. J. Roach, extinguishing forest fire	5 50
5966. M. J. Roach, extinguishing forest fire	3 75
Total fire wardens	$ 164 80

DISTRICT COURT.

Order No.	Amount.
4065. Isaac Detridge, juror	38 00
4067. John A. Roning, juror	42 00
4086. A. A. Farrington, stenographer	40 00
4087. R. G. Chambers, juror	6 00
4088. M. W. Earhart, stenographer	182 50
4089. George A. French, juror	6 20
4068. D. C. Marble, juror	35 20
4079. B. T. Anderson, department clerk	30 00
4080. A. A. Farrington, stenographer	55 00
4081. H. C. Withrow, probate officer	25 00
4082. R. G. Chambers, juror	6 00
4083. George P. Stillman, stenographer	41 25
4084. Dan Mahoney, witness	1 12
4085. William Russell, bounty pursuant to Chapter 144, General Laws 1897	50 00
4062. A. A. Farrington, stenographer	50 00
4063. J. P. Morrow, attorney	20 00
4074. R. G. Chambers, juror	12 00
4076. George P. Stillman, stenographer	130 00
4077. George E. Randall, deputy sheriff	15 00
4078. F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	12 00
4005. Peter Wold, juror	4 00
4006. B. F. Anderson, reputy clerk	15 00
4007. Emil Hartman, juror	6 00
4008. Stephen Christopher, interpreter	5 00
4009. Ed McDonald, juror	12 00
4010. N. H. Murray, juror	6 00
4011. Peter C. Wright, juror	6 00
4012. P. D. Monahan, juror	6 00
4013. M. Carroll, juror	6 00
4014. Alex McDonald, juror	6 00
4015. R. A. Boyd, juror	6 00
4016. James Cole, juror	6 00
4017. E. J. Tvedt, juror	6 00
4018. J. P. Larson, juror	6 00
4019. C. S. Prosser, juror	26 20
4020. E. Hartman, juror	10 00
4022. F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	18 00
4023. R. H. Hair, deputy sheriff	18 00
4024. W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	18 00
4025. N. H. Randall, deputy sheriff	18 00
4026. William H. Robertson, juror	45 20
4027. W. H. Brooks, juror	27 00
4028. John Butchard, juror	27 20
4029. L. G. Palmer, juror	26 20
4030. A. J. Sullivan, juror	33 00
4031. Ed McDonald, juror	2 20
4032. J. O. Johnson, juror	27 20
4033. William F. Quade, juror	36 20
4034. Thomas W. Wold, juror	27 20
4035. E. Hartman, juror	2 20
4037. A. J. McCanly, juror	26 20
4038. M. Ammerson, juror	14 50
4039. E. S. Palmer, juror	22 20
4040. A. Souir, juror	26 20
4041. B. F. Shuman, juror	26 20
4043. R. P. Coburn, juror	23 20
4044. Thos. Hollows, juror	25 20
4045. J. E. Sullivan, juror	25 20
4046. Chas. Erickson, juror	26 20
4047. P. Wold, juror	22 20
4048. C. J. Dahl, juror	26 20
4049. M. McDonald, juror	26 20
4050. S. Levy, juror	30 20
4051. Chas. W. Erickson, juror	28 20
4052. J. Kimball, juror	27 20
4053. C. J. Smart, juror	48 00
4054. E. B. Field, juror	18 20
4055. R. H. Doran, juror	26 20
4056. E. L. Millar, juror	6 20
4057. Wm. Jaques, juror	26 20
4058. L. R. Bondy, juror	26 20
4059. J. T. Thompson, juror	24 20
4060. Geo. P. Stillman, juror	23 70
4061. W. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	15 00

Order No.		Amount.
11137.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	18 00
6300.	T. F. Brady, deputy clerk	4 50
3972.	Wm. Smith, witness	6 00
3973.	Thos. Coons, witness	6 00
3974.	Angelo Galla, witness	12 22
3975.	Louis Galla, witness	12 22
3976.	Adam & Miller, attorneys' fees	10 00
3977.	A. F. Swanstrom, juror	10 00
3978.	Anthony Johnson, juror	10 00
3979.	Andrew Ferguson, juror	10 00
3980.	Michael Fitzgerald, juror	10 00
3981.	Wh. Linn, juror	10 00
3982.	N. Youngblood, juror	10 00
3983.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	55 00
3984.	Joe Grancrean, witness	1 12
3985.	S. W. Smith, juror	4 00
3986.	Ed McDonald, juror	16 00
3987.	G. C. Armstrong, witness	1 12
3996.	M. Emmondson, deputy sheriff	12 00
3859.	Wm. F. Quayle, petit juror	2 20
3988.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	30 00
3989.	J. E. Watt, juror	2 00
3990.	F. L. McGee, deputy sheriff	33 00
3991.	M. Carroll, juror	2 00
3992.	H. N. Randall, deputy sheriff	33 00
3993.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	9 00
3994.	W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	24 00
3995.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	21 00
3996.	M. Emondson, deputy sheriff	12 00
3997.	Thos. A. Gall, attorney's fees	20 00
3998.	John Brown, attorney's fees	10 00
3999.	Emil Hartman, juror	8 12
4001.	Geo. P. Stillman, stenographer	57 40
4002.	J. A. Baird, juror	39 20
4003.	Geo. C. Smith, juror	37 20
4004.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	50 00
3996.	T. A. Pinta, juror	4 20
3949.	U. S. G. McMahon, juror	8 00
3950.	N. H. Wilson, attorney's fees	20 00
3951.	Dennis Hogan, witness	11 96
3952.	John Rudolph, witness	11 96
3953.	Pete Coughlin, witness	6 00
3954.	Wm. H. Meyers, witness	11 96
3955.	Geo. Pettin, witness	2 00
3956.	Geo. Pettin, witness	2 12
3957.	H. L. Halleck, witness	14 64
3958.	W. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	15 00
3959.	P. Johnson, witness	13 64
3960.	Matt Johnson, witness	14 64
3961.	P. Kleiber, witness	13 64
3962.	John Heron, witness	14 64
3963.	J. H. Potter, attorney's fees	30 00
3964.	Wm. Wiseman, witness	14 64
3965.	C. B. Ayers, witness	9 78
3966.	D. Wittenberg, witness	13 64
3967.	J. E. Davis, attorney's fees	15 00
3968.	A. J. Fiskett, witness	2 50
3969.	Erick Nord, witness	12 44
3970.	Fred Auna, witness	12 44
3971.	Battesia Viora, witness	12 44
7934.	Geo. P. Stillman, stenographer	43 30
4090.	Thos. Dillon, juror	34 00
4091.	Wm. B. Dunn, juror	60 00
4092.	Martin Kesunelrek, juror	60 60
4093.	Nels H. Nyhus, juror	59 20
4094.	A. F. Swanstrom, juror	52 20
4095.	Geo. N. Holland, juror	58 20
4096.	John LaBud, juror	64 60
4097.	John Nef, juror	58 20
4098.	R. G. Chambers, juror	19 00
4099.	Isaac Detrigo, juror	21 20
4100.	J. A. Rouing, juror	23 60
4101.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	45 00
4102.	A. Gasser, juror	2 20
4103.	C. H. Bradley, juror	2 20
4104.	Ed Window, juror	2 20
4105.	N. C. Bitsy, juror	3 20
4106.	M. Carlson, juror	3 20
4107.	Dan McLennan, juror	2 20
4109.	J. D. Allen, juror	6 20
4110.	Louis Arenson, juror	6 20
4111.	Chas. H. Debele, juror	6 50
4112.	John Richter, juror	6 20
4115.	Richard Little, juror	6 20
4118.	Wm. H. Burris, juror	6 20
4119.	Geo. Maxwell, juror	6 20
4123.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	5 00
4108.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy clerk	45 00
4117.	W. J. Suffell, juror	6 20
4121.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	15 00
4124.	Geo. P. Stillman, stenographer	55 00
4116.	Chas. H. Lutes, juror	6 20
4125.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
4126.	J. Swanson, witness	1 12
4127.	J. F. Palmer, witness	1 12
4128.	M. J. Berg, witness	1 12
4129.	Joseph Lute, witness	1 12
4130.	J. R. Jones, witness	1 12
4131.	Joseph Murphy, witness	5 62
4132.	A. Murphy, witness	5 62
4133.	A. Abelson, witness	1 12
4134.	J. Harder, witness	1 12
4135.	William Hutchinson, witness	1 12
4136.	E. Anderson, witness	1 12
4137.	John Oberg, witness	1 12
4138.	Charles Larson, witness	1 12
4139.	R. Evens, witness	6 56
4140.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	51 75
4141.	William Prindle, witness	1 12
4142.	Ed Downey, witness	1 24
4143.	R. Green, witness	23 96
4144.	H. M. Nelson, witness	1 12
4145.	George E. Randall, deputy sheriff	6 00
4149.	Charles Gammon, witness	6 50
4150.	William McDonald, witness	5 66
4151.	Gus Boston, witness	6 50
4152.	Mary Brown, witness	1 36
4146.	L. W. McAdams, witness	1 12
4147.	S. L. McAdams, witness	1 12
4148.	O. Barton witness	6 50
4153.	M. J. Malone, witness	6 20
4154.	Fred Helerius, witness	12 44
4155.	Kate Johnson, witness	12 44
4156.	John Dalkey, witness	6 82
4157.	John Isaacson, witness	6 82
4158.	S. Christofsen, interpreter	2 00
4159.	M. Fink, witness	2 12
4160.	August Schroeder, witness	2 12
4161.	John Stack, witness	1 12
4162.	R. A. Quinlan, witness	1 12
4163.	L. Anderson, witness	1 12
4164.	A. Hanson, witness	1 12
4165.	A. Gode, witness	1 12
4231.	William L. Briggs, juror	24 20
4232.	A. Bonsfield, juror	24 20
4333.	D. J. Greenwood, juror	30 60
4334.	J. C. Merrick, juror	25 20
4335.	J. Strauss, juror	31 20
4336.	C. E. Bradley, juror	6 20
4337.	John Whalen, witness	4 56
4338.	P. Grams, witness	3 36
4339.	J. H. Potter, attorney	20 00
4340.	James McCauley, witness	1 12
4342.	R. H. Hair, deputy sheriff	9 00
4343.	W. J. Bates, deputy cheriff	30 00
4344.	George E. Randall, deputy sheriff	27 00
4345.	H. N. Randall, deputy sheriff	21 00
4346.	R. P. Shannon, attorney	20 00
4347.	C. S. Williston, attorney	15 00
4348.	C. P. Miller, attorney	30 00
4292.	M. Carrol, juror	6 00
423.	M. Smalley, witness	1 24
424.	Wm. Hicken, juror	17 00
425.	Mrs. Smalley, witness	1 90
426.	C. E. Adams, attorney	20 00
427.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	12 00
428.	Chas. Faucett, juror	23 20
4301.	Ed Erickson, juror	6 00
4302.	Alex McDonald, juror	6 00
4303.	C. W. Harvey, juror	6 00
4304.	T. J. Calhoun, juror	6 00
4305.	J. E. Watts, juror	10 00
4306.	P. C. Wright, juror	28 20
4307.	J. H. Strickland, juror	10 00
4308.	W. E. McEwen, juror	24 80
4309.	V. Carlson, juror	29 20
4310.	J. T. Armstead, juror	22 20
4311.	Chas. C. Oppel, juror	45 40
4312.	A. Borgan, juror	24 20
4313.	H. C. Burns, juror	6 20
4314.	B. L. Bishop, juror	31 20
4315.	E. N. Bradley, juror	6 20
4316.	N. C. Blisey, juror	7 20
4317.	L. H. Brooks, juror	24 20
4318.	J. P. Bier, juror	23 20
4319.	H. Older, juror	4 00
4320.	H. C. Osterhaut, juror	4 00
4321.	J. Burns, juror	4 00
4322.	John Gates, juror	4 00
4324.	W. C. Agnew, juror	14 20
4325.	A. H. Bomen, juror	24 20
4326.	F. L. Barber, juror	26 40
4327.	J. F. Burrows, juror	8 20
4328.	M. Carroll, juror	8 20
4114.	A. Gosman, juror	6 20
4166.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	6 00
4167.	Charles T. Hopkins, attorney	10 00
4168.	Thomas Riley, witness	1 12
4169.	O. Boyle, witness	1 12
4170.	P. A. Kelly, witness	1 72
4171.	J. H. Strickland, juror	2 00
4172.	Robert McGie, witness	1 12
4173.	J. Wickham, witness	1 12
4174.	J. D. Rigel, witness	1 12
4175.	Hugh Riley, witness	1 12
4176.	S. M. McGeven, witness	1 12
4177.	J. P. Verrien, witness	1 12
4178.	R. Sigerandor, witness	2 12
4179.	Joseph Tax, witness	2 12
4180.	B. Rockwell, witness	1 12
4181.	Anton Schafer, witness	1 12
4182.	Peter New, witness	1 12
4183.	A. P. Ballard, witness	1 36
4184.	V. J. Molery, witness	1 12
4185.	U. G. Holoway, deputy clerk	9 00
4186.	J. H. Strickland, juror	6 40
4187.	F. Anderson, witness	13 40
4188.	George Treneson, witness	11 12
4189.	John McLaughlin, witness	13 40
4190.	Hugh Faucett, witness	1 36
4191.	Emily Faucett, witness	1 36
4192.	Alex McDonald, juror	4 00
4193.	H. C. Osterhout, juror	4 00
4194.	William Haycraft, juror	4 00
4195.	E. J. Tvedt, juror	4 00
4196.	Olaf Larson, juror	6 00
4197.	Joseph McKusker, juror	6 00
4198.	James Hayes, witness	6 00
4250.	Erick Anderson, witness	2 12
4252.	Robt. Evans, witness	11 56
4253.	H. Palmer, witness	1 12
4254.	W. J. Burke, witness	1 12
4255.	J. Lutes, witness	1 12
4256.	J. Swanstrom, witness	1 12
4257.	C. Kendall, witness	1 12
4258.	M. Martenson, juror	10 20
4259.	J. H. Potter, attorney	15 00
4260.	J. D. Seigel, witness	1 12
4261.	I. Abrahamson, witness	1 12
4262.	T. B. Perry, juror	10 00
4263.	J. Montgomery, witness	1 12
4264.	N. H. Wilson, attorney	20 00
4265.	M. Carrol, juror	10 00
4266.	A. A. Farrington, stenographed	50 00
4267.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
4198.	J. H. Strickland, juror	4 00
4199.	John Gates, juror	6 00
4200.	John McDonald, juror	6 00
4201.	John Burns, juror	6 00
4202.	Chas. McNamara, juror	6 00
4203.	Alex Wehlund, juror	6 00
4204.	J. D. Fisher, juror	6 00
4205.	Aug. Nelson, juror	6 00
4206.	John Williams, juror	4 00
4207.	Wm. Schuman, juror	4 00
4208.	Mm. Miers, witness	1 12
4209.	N. Youngblood, juror	4 00
4210.	R. Calahan, witness	1 12
4211.	John Williams, witness	1 12
4212.	J. B. Banker, witness	10 04
4213.	C. M. Stevens, witness	10 04
4214.	James Falk, juror	29 20
4216.	Jos. Wolf, witness	10 02
4220.	T. R. Mayo, juror	15 20
4232.	A. Murphy, witness	10 02
4235.	Ed Johnson, juror	10 00
4236.	L. P. Newman, juror	21 20
4237.	N. J. Benson, juror	27 40
4238.	A. Gasson, juror	8 20
4239.	A. E. Nugent, juror	9 00
4240.	W. H. Alexander, juror	8 20
4241.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	27 00
4242.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	15 00
4243.	H. N. Randall, deputy sheriff	15 00
4244.	W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	15 00
4245.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	24 00
4246.	A. C. Olson, witness	11 12
4247.	Chas. Laurence, witness	2 12
4248.	John Oberg, witness	2 12
4249.	Wm. Hutchinson, witness	2 12
4284.	R. H. Mitchell, juror	35 40
4285.	J. F. Burrows, juror	16 00
4286.	N. Youngblood, juror	14 00
4287.	Wm. Haycraft, juror	14 00
4288.	Alex McDonald, juror	14 00
4289.	Chas. Cudden, juror	14 00
4290.	R. A. Mallett, juror	14 00
4291.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	15 00
4113.	O. S. Olson, juror	7 20
4215.	J. F. McCarthy, juror	18 20
4217.	Christian Christofsen, juror	20 60
4218.	L. J. Secard, juror	39 40
4219.	A. C. McCremman, juror	22 80
4221.	G. H. Apfel, juror	18 20
4222.	C. W. Higgin, juror	18 20
4223.	J. B. Flack, juror	19 20
4224.	Frank Brand, juror	20 60
4225.	P. A. Anderson, juror	18 20
4226.	J. E Watt, juror	18 20
4227.	A. T. Hepworth, juror	18 20
4228.	I. W. Fogleson, juror	18 20
4229.	F. E. Bradley, juror	19 20
4230.	R. W. Armstrong juror	18 20
4231.	Charles E. Johnson, juror	19 20
4233.	J. C. Cook, juror	19 00
4234.	S. M. Smith, juror	18 20
4251.	T. R. Mayo, juror	4 60
4269.	J. F. Winchell, witness	1 12
4270.	J. Potter, attorney	20 00
4271.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	18 00
4272.	Gust Barter, witness	12 50
4273.	C. Gummon, witness	12 50
4274.	A. Barton, witness	12 50
4275.	William McDonald, witness	12 50
4276.	A. Schaffer, witness	1 12
4277.	J. Dalkey, witness	12 82
4278.	J. Isaacson, witness	12 82
4279.	P. New, witness	1 12
4280.	J. H. Strickland, witness	4 00
4281.	U. G. Holoway, deputy clerk	12 00
4282.	Kate Josnson, witness	14 44
4283.	Fred Helma, witness	14 44
454.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
458.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	18 00
560.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
602½.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	9 00
794.	W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	3 00
795.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	9 00
1250.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	6 00
1484.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
1500.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	27 00
1501.	V. A. Dash, deputy seriff	18 00
1502.	R. N. Randall, deputy sheriff	15 00
1503.	Geo. E. Randall deputy sheriff	15 00
1504.	Robt. Haire, deputy sheriff	15 00
1522.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	6 00
1557.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
1612.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	36 00
1629.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	15 00
1630.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	15 00
1631.	Robt. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	15 00
1638.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
1748.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
1820.	Robt. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	18 00
1812.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	18 00
1813.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	18 00
1918.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	12 00
1919.	B. F. Anderson, deputy clerk	36 00
2285.	U. G. Holloway, deputy clerk	9 00
2286.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	9 00
2287.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	21 00
4337.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	27 00
4338.	W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	15 00
4339.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	15 00
4340.	Robt. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	15 00
4341.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	21 00
4430.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	33 00
4431.	J. Williams, deputy clerk	36 00
4466.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	18 00
4467.	Robert Haire, deputy sheriff	18 00
4468.	W. J. Bates, deputy sheriff	18 00
4469.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	80 00
4915.	John Williams, deputy clerk	33 00
5102.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	33 00
5108.	Robt. Haire, deputy sheriff	9 00
5109.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	30 00
5110.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	33 00
5195.	John Williams, deputy clerk	15 00
5199.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	12 00
5340.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	18 00
6012.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	27 00
6013.	Geo. E. Randall, deputy sheriff	24 00
6014.	Sig Levy, deputy sheriff	18 00
6015.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	18 00
6016.	N. H. Randall, deputy sheriff	18 00
6162.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	36 00
6171.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	12 00
6172.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	21 00
6173.	Sig Levy, deputy sheriff	21 00
6174.	N. H. Randall, deputy sheriff	21 00
6337.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	15 00
6356.	John Williams, deputy clerk	6 00
6399.	N. H. Randall, deputy sheriff	18 00
6400.	R. H. Haire, deputy sheriff	21 00
6401.	F. L. Magie, deputy sheriff	24 00
6402.	Sig Levy, deputy sheriff	12 00
6403.	John Williams, deputy clerk	57 00
6424.	J. H. McGillivray, deputy clerk	6 00
325.	R. J. McLeod, juror fees	6 20
446.	Fred W. Parsons, juror	14 20
447.	F. B. Perry, juror	14 20
445.	A. L. Bradley, juror	20 20
450.	Ira Coburn, juror	10 20
452.	Charles E. Eaton, juror	33 20
453.	Donald Rocking, witness fees	3 12
455.	C. B. Aske, juror	11 00
456.	E. C. Alstead, juror	10 20
457.	Fred Boyer, juror	10 20
459.	R. A. Boyd, juror	10 20
460.	W. S. Austin, juror	10 20
461.	A. M. Fedji, juror	10 20
462.	M. Carlson, juror	11 20
463.	Joseph LaFortune, juror	10 20
464.	O. E. Randall, juror	10 20
465.	J. Boyer, juror	28 20
546.	W. C. Mitchell, juror	24 20
550.	Fred W. Parsons, juror	8 00
578.	G. A. Burns, juror	6 00
859.	O. Ray, juror	22 20
864.	J. A. Healey, juror	21 40
892.	James Smith, witness	1 12
960.	John Taylor, witness	1 12
990.	R. J. McLeod, juror	2 00
1204.	H. W. Nelson, witness	1 12
1205.	Robert Cumby, witness	11 96
1206.	F. R. F. R. Shaug, witness	1 72
1207.	L. R. Burch, witness	1 12
1208.	J. Gulland, witness	1 12
1209.	E. Harris, witness	1 12
1210.	W. E. Johnson, witness	1 12
1218.	John Edwin, witness	1 12
1219.	William Boyce, witness	1 12
1220.	Dan Patterson, witness	1 12
1221.	C. W. Erickson, witness	1 12
1222.	John E. Turnquist, witness	1 12
1223.	William Murray, witness	1 12
1224.	Roy McKenzie, witness	1 12
1225.	D. Cuscobbe, witness	1 12
1226.	Stephen Harker, witness	1 12
1229.	J. M. Baker, witness	1 12
1230.	W. H. Streeter, witness	1 12
1231.	Mary Zimmerman, witness	13 64
1232.	A. Preretel, witness	12 64
1233.	Gust Levine, witness	1 12
1234.	T. S. Brown, witness	1 72
1235.	A. Preretel, witness	1 00
1236.	Fred Pellerin, witness	4 84
1237.	J. McManus, witness	11 12
1238.	J. Neimola, witness	11 12
1239.	L. Sparron, witness	14 56
1240.	Joe Maroni, witness	14 56
1242.	E. Mendenhall, witness	1 12
1243.	H. L. Spingler, witness	1 12
1244.	A. B. Siewert, witness	1 12
1245.	A. W. Aderson, witness	1 12
1246.	W. A. Putman, witness	1 12
1247.	M. Mathison, witness	1 12
1248.	John Preston, witness	1 12
1249.	B. K. Walker, witness	1 12
1251.	A. J. Braden, witness	1 24
1252.	L. Q. Greeley, witness	1 24
1253.	E. Mathison, witness	11 12
1257.	I. Marshall, witness	2 12
1258.	Ernest Gerhart, witness	1 12
1260.	A. J. Wallman, witness	1 12
1262.	Charles B. Oswald, juror	6 20
1442.	W. H. Magie, witness	1 12
1443.	John Erwin, witness	1 12
1444.	William Murray, witness	1 12
1445.	William Boyce, witness	1 12
1449.	G. Schelin, witness	1 12
1450.	J. J. Brindas, witness	1 12
1451.	William C. Wright, juror	10 20
1452.	John Cowling, juror	32 60
1453.	J. C. Brown, juror	29 40
1454.	W. H. Stultz, juror	10 20
1455.	F. A. Noble, juror	10 20
1456.	Louis Hamel, juror	10 20
1457.	Robert Hamp, juror	10 20
1458.	John D. Ellis, juror	10 20
1459.	A. M. Miller, juror	10 20
1460.	D. McEachin, juror	27 40
1461.	Christ Vaugen, juror	11 20
1462.	John Olson, juror	10 20
1463.	Otto Erickson, juror	10 20
1464.	R. E. Moore, juror	10 20
1465.	H. G. Mooney, juror	10 20
1466.	H. Swift, juror	10 20
1467.	N. C. Clarke, juror	10 20
1468.	W. H. Hoyt, juror	10 20
1469.	John Cowling, juror	2 00
1470.	J. C. Brown, juror	2 00
1471.	D. M. McEachin, juror	2 00
1476.	Charles Collins, juror	4 00
1477.	Alex Crawford, juror	4 00
1478.	O. Jones, juror	4 00
1479.	Joseph Udbz, juror	4 00
1480.	H. W. Nelson, witness	1 12
1482.	F. S. Drake, juror	6 00
1484.	D. Hudson, juror	6 00
1486.	Jas. M. Baker, witness	1 12
1487.	W. H. Streeter, witness	1 12
1488.	Chas. S. Brown, juror	6 00
1492.	Emil Harris, witness	1 12
1493.	L. R. Burch, witness	1 12
1498.	Louis Stebben, juror	30 60
1505.	Joe Garland, witness	1 12
1520.	Harry S. Sawyer, juror	8 00
1528.	Joseph L. Brink, juror	12 00
1531.	H. R. Elliott, juror	4 20
1532.	R. D. Boe, juror	11 20
1534.	Harry S. Sawyer, juror	5 20
1538.	D. S. Blanchard, juror	8 00
1539.	H. E. Graham, witness	1 12
1540.	Wm. C. One, witness	2 72
1545.	Bert Fesler, witness	1 12
1544.	Wm. Schramm, witness	2 12
1545.	Jacob Stein, juror	31 20
1546.	W. H. McQuade, juror	35 40
1550.	Wm. Murray, witness	2 12
1551.	Stephen Harker, witness	2 12
1555.	Anton Petit, witness	14 64
1560.	Mary Zimmerman, witness	15 64
1561.	Mike Zimmerman, witness	15 64
1564.	Chas. Lindblom, juror	16 00
1572.	L. Lanshin, witness	14 64
1614.	W. S. Wilson, juror	41 40
1642.	S. Harve, witness	1 12
1731.	Wm. Lambert, juror	29 20
1757.	Angus Gibson, juror	32 40
1758.	J. I. Van Vlink, juror	30 20
1759.	Geo. L. Hargreaves, juror	24 20
1762.	J. D. Molton, juror	28 20
1763.	Chas. M. Corcoran, juror	32 20
1766.	Geo. H. Crosby, juror	23 60
1767.	A. Freimuth, juror	32 20
1768.	Chas. A. Johnson, juror	32 20
1769.	W. F. Draper, juror	32 20
1770.	Ben Gaylord, juror	31 00
1771.	And Gulbranson, juror	34 40
1772.	Geo. D. Leucor, juror	32 20
1773.	Geo. A. Everest, juror	29 00
1774.	John Williams, juror	32 20
1775.	Chas. Beauglet, juror	32 20
1776.	D. E. Woodbridge, juror	30 80
1777.	Henry Masey, juror	39 00
1779.	B. J. Toben, juror	32 20
1780.	R. T. McKenzie, juror	32 80
1781.	John A. Nordstrom, juror	30 20
1782.	E. J. Ketchum, juror	33 20
1808.	Fred Wieland, juror	32 20
1809.	John Peterson, juror	35 20
1810.	S. S. Altchull, juror	18 20
1857.	Geo. W. Orchard, juror	36 20
1858.	L. Hanson, juror	37 20
1859.	Thos. Dillon, juror	36 20
1860.	R. Krojanker, juror	36 20
1861.	S. M. Lester, juror	34 20
1862.	M. Osket, juror	36 20
1863.	E. H. Haldren, juror	36 20
1864.	Chas. E. Holt, juror	36 20
1865.	C. H. Hocker, juror	36 20
1866.	Chas. Lindbloom, juror	20 20
1867.	S. Malvik, juror	36 20
1868.	G. H. Huseley, juror	36 20
1869.	H. I. Pineo, juror	26 20
1870.	Geo. A. French, juror	26 20
1871.	J. E. Granger, juror	20 20
1872.	R. C. Kruschke, juror	10 20
3750.	T. B. Campbell	1 12
3753.	F. Ansley	10 12
3754.	M. Sheds	5 00
3759.	D. Caza	11 12
3760.	Ellen Person	4 40
3761.	August Person	4 40
3762.	Jacob Anderson	1 12
3766.	Mrs. Eisenack	1 12
3767.	C. O. Nelson	1 12
3768.	A. Hudlund	1 12
3769.	Minnie Karon	1 12
3770.	C. Bayed	1 12
3771.	J. C. Cook	1 48
3772.	J. Hall	1 36
3773.	John Benda	1 12
3774.	Anton Schultz	1 12
3775.	Anton Hogan	1 12
3780.	E. LeForce	4 24
3781.	S. Christopher, interpreter	2 00
3782.	E. Matson, witness	1 12
3783.	Rosa Blanchard	1 12
3877.	F. Wiren, witness	12 44
3895.	A. Ringsred, witness	1 12
3897.	Kate Muser, witness	12 44
3898.	Lewis Glabosink, witness	12 44
3948.	J. W. Starika, interpreter	3 00
3949.	Mary Murnick, witness	11 12
3950.	John Reje, witness	11 12
3951.	H. F. Allen, witness	1 12
3952.	H. L. Rowe, witness	1 12
3962.	C. J. Petruscke, witness	1 36
3963.	D. Butler, witness	1 36
3964.	P. Deslauren, witness	1 36
4005.	F. Kearney, witness	16 40
4177.	J. R. Marshall, witness	1 12
4178.	Mike Marshall, witness	1 12
4179.	Joseph Nichol, witness	1 12
4180.	James Bellman, witness	1 36
4208.	J. J. Eklund, witness	1 12
4209.	A. A. Page, witness	1 12
4210.	D. Dismondy, witness	1 12
4219.	John Brown, witness	1 36
4220.	W. B. Cullum, witness	1 12
4221.	Mrs. Farmer, witness	1 12
4223.	Dan McKinnon, witness	1 36
4232.	Miss Minnie Thayer, witness	2 36
4242.	David Antili, witness	2 36
4264.	Theodore Hollister, witness	1 12
4265.	S. P. Wirea, witness	1 72
4266.	George McArthur, witness	1 24
4267.	Charles Erickson, witness	1 12
4268.	Caroline Holmberg, witness	2 04
4269.	Selma Johnson, witness	2 12
4270.	William Johnson, witness	2 04
4271.	W. P. Wheaton, witness	1 12
4272.	E. M. Ferguson, witness	1 12
4273.	Ole Dett, witness	1 24
4275.	W. E. Bates, witness	1 12
4276.	John Strom, witness	1 12
4280.	Andrew Johnson, juror	4 00
4281.	John O. Hanson, juror	6 20
4287.	R. G. Chambers, juror	6 00
4288.	Dr. A. J. Braden, witness	1 24
4289.	Dr. L. J. Greely, witness	1 24
4290.	Mrs. McDonald, witness	1 24
4291.	Alen McDonald, juror	4 00
4292.	C. D. Campbell, juror	4 00
4293.	John Gates, juror	4 00
4294.	D. Hudson, juror	4 00
4295.	William Lynn, juror	4 00
4296.	John Green, juror	4 00
4297.	John Hicken, juror	4 00
4298.	C. G. Patterson, juror	4 00
4299.	N. Youngblood, juror	2 00
4300.	J. A. McDonald, juror	4 00
4301.	David Jamison, juror	6 00
4304.	John A. McDonald, juror	2 00
4305.	N. Youngblood, juror	4 00
4311.	Mort Shiels, witness	3 12
4312.	H. S. Sawyer, witness	1 60
4313.	John J. Haley, juror	14 20
4314.	A. J. Frantz, juror	14 80
4315.	William Kaiser, juror	14 20
4316.	A. H. W. Eckstein, juror	14 20
4317.	Emil Zauft, juror	15 20
4318.	James Bale, juror	38 60
4319.	C. A. Gregory, juror	14 20
4320.	Christ Nelson, juror	15 20
4321.	W. A. Holgate, juror	14 20
4322.	E. Schlender, juror	14 20
4323.	Lucius D. Campbell, juror	14 20
4324.	Frank Campbell, juror	31 00
4325.	A. D. Ellefson, juror	38 60
4326.	William Burdick, juror	18 20
4327.	Whitney Wall, juror	14 20
4328.	Ed Olson, juror	33 80
4329.	W. W. Sikins, juror	12 20
4330.	F. M. Richardson, juror	1 20
4331.	Simon Clark, juror	14 80
4332.	Neil McInnis, juror	31 00
4333.	Anne Jones, witness	2 12
4334.	Mrs. Jackson, witness	1 12
4335.	J. Hamm, witness	13 96
4344.	Hans Grytdahl, juror	10 20
4347.	N. J. Miller, juror	10 00
4348.	G. H. Young, witness	1 12
4349.	R. G. Chambers, juror	4 00
4350.	C. D. Campbell, juror	6 00
4351.	M. F. Marion, juror	31 40
4355.	Dr. A. C. Taylor, witness	1 12
4356.	Dr. A. C. Taylor, witness	1 12
4357.	J. L. Tremp, juror	6 20
4358.	Clarence Boyd, witness	1 60
4359.	Colby Smith, juror	4 00
4370.	R. A. Benson, witness	1 12
4371.	H. Joseph, witness	1 12
4372.	James M. Baker, witness	1 12
4373.	J. H. Doran, witness	1 12
4374.	M. F. Allen, witness	1 12
4375.	H. L. Roue, witness	1 12
4378.	J. A. Grey, juror	6 00
4381.	John Kruth, witness	2 84
4382.	R. A. Benson, witness	1 12
4384.	Mrs. Murphy, witness	2 12
4385.	Lottie Clark, witness	2 12
4388.	P. A. Dill, witness	2 72
4389.	Rosa Blanchard, witness	3 12
4390.	Jacob Mattson, witness	1 12
4404.	Erik Mattson, witness	10 00
4406.	Dr. A. C. Stewart, witness	1 12
4407.	B. Landfold, juror	16 20
4421.	R. G. Chambers, juror	6 00
4428.	C. D. Pattinson, juror	6 00
4434.	L. Globasink, witness	13 44
4435.	F. Globasink, witness	13 44
4436.	Barbara Globasink, witness	13 44
4437.	Kate Musu, witness	12 44
4438.	J. N. Slaerilia, interpreter	6 72
4440.	William Meinhardt, juror	20 20
4441.	Frank Wiren, witness	14 44
4442.	R. G. Chambers, juror	2 20
4443.	Stephen Nichols, juror	41 40
4444.	Albert Broman, juror	12 20
4447.	Louis M. Ellefson, juror	20 20
4448.	Sanford W. Hill, juror	20 20
4453.	D. Desmond, witness	3 12
4454.	James D. Park, juror	15 20
4462.	Z. D. Scott, juror	8 20
4465.	H. B. Dam, juror	22 20
4470.	G. W. Strayer, juror	2 20
4471.	Colby Smith, juror	6 00
4474.	Bert Fesler, trial	25 00
4475.	Jens H. Flaiten, juror	16 20
4476.	Edward H. Moore, juror	16 20
4477.	Ed H. Moork, juror	16 20
4478.	Charles Rosen, trial	25 00
4479.	W. P. Mars, juror	24 20
4480.	David Jamison, juror	18 00
4481.	Oscar Peterson, juror	23 20
4482.	George A. Gray, juror	10 20
4483.	J. W. Lent, juror	24 20
4484.	Swan J. Nygren, juror	21 20
4485.	C. E. Willoughby, juror	22 29
4486.	John Green, juror	4 00
4487.	J. W. Hunt, trier	25 00
4491.	A. W. Hunter, trier	25 00
4496.	Peter Horovitz, witness	8 20
4499.	A. H. Steffen, juror	30 00
4500.	Tom Howland, witness	6 56
4501.	Joe Lange, witness	6 56
4502.	John Semonish, witness	6 56
4503.	Mary Murnik, witness	6 56
4504.	John Reje, witness	6 56
4506.	F. Wiren, witness	13 44
4507.	J. McClain, witness	13 44
4508.	O. Lucker, witness	13 44
4509.	Geo. Hardman, witness	13 44
4510.	J. Chisholm, witness	13 44
4511.	J. Burgman, witness	13 44
4512.	J. O. Brooks, witness	13 44
4513.	Wm. Neville, witness	13 44
4514.	J. Diamond, witness	13 44
4515.	J. Price, witness	16 20
4516.	J. Dillon, witness	10 20
4517.	E. Davis, witness	10 20
4518.	M. Welch, witness	16 20
4519.	C. Davis, witness	16 20
4526.	Wm. Smith, witness	13 44
4527.	N. J. Miller, juror	16 20
4528.	Chas. W. Steward, juror	29 20
4529.	Chas. J. Miller, juror	24 80
4530.	W. M. Hubbar, juror	26 20
4531.	A. J. Balgaard, juror	19 20
4532.	John F. Roberts, juror	26 20
4533.	M. G. Ness, juror	24 20
4534.	Ed Downey, juror	14 20
4535.	C. M. Mauseau, juror	24 20
4536.	A. J. Beers, juror	8 80
4540.	[illegible]ert E. Simpson, juror	10 00
4547.	T. W. Hoopes, juror	26 80
4548.	O. Tomling, juror	24 20
4549.	John Clark, juror	20 20
4551.	Mrs. M. Thayer, witness	2 60
4552.	F. Thayer, witness	2 60
4553.	Dr. D. C. Rood, witness	11 44
4557.	T. B. Campbell, witness	2 12
4560.	Mrs. Dave Antiel, witness	2 60
4561.	Mrs. Asborn, witness	2 60
4562.	Wm. Arbourn, witness	2 60
4563.	D. Antiel, witness	2 60
4618.	Chas. R. Haines, juror	28 20
4620.	John Brown, witness	2 60
4624.	L. A. Barnes, witness	1 60
4630.	Geo. McArthur, witness	1 24
4631.	Wm. D. Underhill, juror	16 20
4632.	A. Holmberg, witness	2 08
4633.	Wm. Johnson, witness	2 08
4634.	Selma Johnson, witness	2 08
4635.	Ole Dehle, witness	1 12
4636.	Chas. Erickson, witness	4 24
4637.	Caroline Holmberg, witness	2 08
4639.	Ellen Peterson, witness	5 00
4640.	Aug. Person, witness	5 00
4641.	Jacob Anderson, witness	1 24
4649.	Mrs. McDonald, witness	1 24
4650.	C. Smith, juror	8 00
4654.	Miss Annie Evans, witness	2 12
4658.	T. H. Hawkes, juror	38 20
4659.	Wh. Chesney, juror	35 20
4660.	John Clark, juror	8 00
4661.	Theo. R. Hancock, juror	36 20
4662.	Chas. W. Howard, juror	36 20
4663.	Theodore J. Toben, juror	26 20
4664.	Robert J. Baird, juror	28 20
4665.	H. B. Moore, juror	14 20
4666.	F. C. Smith, juror	14 20
4667.	L. B. Manley, juror	16 80
4668.	Alexander Kennedy, juror	14 20
4669.	Oscar Peterson, juror	39 20
4682.	A. H. Steffen, juror	20 20
4685.	J. H. Grove, juror	6 20
4686.	M. A. Thompson	26 20
4687.	Harvey P. Smith, juror	9 20
4875.	Dave Tidd, juror	22 24
4876.	John Simonick, witness	15 68
4877.	J. Lange, witness	15 68
4878.	J. Rye, witness	15 68
4879.	J. N. Startba, witness	6 00
4880.	M. Murnick, witness	15 68
4881.	A. Murnick, witness	11 12
4882.	Tom Tomlinen, witness	11 12
5066.	Aug. E. Grochau, juror	36 20
5067.	Chas. R. Stal, juror	30 20
5068.	Anton Stensley, juror	14 20
5069.	Wm. R. Eichman, juror	14 20
5070.	Alfred Fleichu, juror	15 20
5071.	Wm. H. Jones, juror	14 20
5073.	Wm. A. McKay, juror	12 20
5074.	R. R. Forward, juror	14 20
5075.	Robert E. Simpson, juror	27 20
5076.	Geo. S. Munsey, juror	14 20
5077.	James Medland, juror	37 20
5093.	J. J. Eklund, witness	1 12
5096.	A. J. Balgaard, witness	2 00
5097.	A. Broman, witness	2 00
5098.	Chas. W. Kendall, juror	2 00
5099.	Robt. J. Baird, juror	2 00
5100.	Ed H. Moork, juror	2 00
5126.	R. B. Knox, juror	32 [illegible]
5164.	C. O. Baldwin, witness	2 12
5174.	Lena D'Aoust, witness	1 12
5179.	Georgina Cheverette, witness	1 12
5180.	David Rosenblat, witness	1 12
5181.	Grace Sherwood, witness	1 12
5196.	Dr. L. J. Greely, witness	1 24
5323.	Dr. A. J. Braden, witness	1 24
5338.	Wm. Beaton, juror	2 20
5409.	M. Heisler, juror	2 20
5436.	L. J. Greeley, witness	8 00
5678.	A. J. Braden, witness	8 00
5817.	Jacob Seigel, witness	1 12
5818.	A. Baltsky, witness	1 12
5819.	J. Lakso, witness	10 00
5820.	A. Suessala, witness	10 00
5821.	M. Anderson, witness	10 00
5822.	Wm. Peterson, witness	10 00
5823.	Jacob Reistz, witness	1 12
5824.	R. Yowell, witness	1 12
5825.	M. J. Cayo, witness	1 00
5826.	M. Peterson, witness	9 40
5827.	W. R. Bagley, witness	1 12
5831.	Wm. Wirth, witness	12 64
5833.	C. Saxton, witness	12 64
5834.	J. Carroll, witness	12 64
5835.	D. Sullivan, witness	12 64
5836.	F. Matty, witness	12 64
5837.	L. Ceass, witness	11 44
5838.	J. M. Day, witness	1 12
5839.	Mrs. Martin, witness	1 12
5840.	E. C. Faugh, witness	1 12
5842.	G. Gulbranson, witness	10 00
5843.	A. Solonmon, witness	10 00
5849.	C. M. Polinsky, witness	1 12
5850.	Al Oreckowsky, witness	1 12
5851.	J. P. McCann, witness	1 12
5852.	M. Soswasky, witness	1 12
5853.	E. H. Eller, witness	3 44
5854.	Wm. Peterson, witness	3 44
5856.	Mrs. Annie Zebott, witness	2 24
5857.	J. D. Murray, witness	3 44
5864.	Pearl Buskey, witness	2 72
5865.	Lou Russell, witness	2 72
5866.	O. Weinberg, witness	1 12
5867.	P. Tellero, witness	1 12
5868.	E. G. Smith, witness	1 12
5884.	Chas. Lowermon, witness	1 12
5886.	Lydia D. Brown, witness	1 48
5888.	Ernest Parnes, witness	1 12
5895.	Carrie Nelson, witness	1 12
5896.	E. Helmrot, witness	1 12
5897.	W. Larson, witness	1 12
5898.	J. Peterson, witness	1 12
5899.	J. Kieppl, witness	1 12
5900.	S. Lowrey, witness	2 12
5903.	Frank Wiren, witness	11 44
5904.	F. B. Rossum, witness	10 12
5909.	Mrs. Christine Mackenzie, witness	1 12
5911.	Bess McDonald, witness	10 52
5912.	Maud Davis, witness	10 52
5913.	Stephen Christopher, witness	2 50
5914.	Jacob Christopher, witness	10 12
5915.	Kate Hoymie, witness	10 12
	shrd lshrdlu shrdlu shrdlupmw	
5916.	Mary Casper, witness	10 12
5918.	Theodore Neff, witness	10 96
5922.	Florence Neff, witness	10 12
5923.	G. Caye, witness	10 96
5924.	Wh. O'Hara, witness	11 12
5927.	Sadie Arnold, witness	11 44
5928.	Nellie West, witness	11 44
5932.	O. Jones, witness	4 00
5933.	John Baxter, witness	4 00
5934.	Frank Raymond, witness	4 00
5935.	Mrs. Ida Erickson, witness	1 12
5937.	Rev. M. C. Miner, witness	27 60
5944.	J. D. Seigel, witness	2 12
5945.	H. H. Hanford, witness	16 20
5946.	Wm. W. Wills, witness	16 20
5947.	Wm. B. Getchell, witness	17 20
5948.	Emanuel Swanson, witness	17 20
5949.	S. Aune, witness	16 20
5950.	Jos. C. Fisher, witness	16 20
5951.	Peter H. Grotheim, witness	16 20
5952.	J. R. Williams witness	16 20
5953.	Frank Mattson, witness	31 00
5954.	A. H. Comstock, witness	16 20
5955.	Robert J. Clemens, witness	16 20
5956.	E. Austad, witness	22 00
5957.	Victor Johnson, witness	18 80
5958.	F. O. Barber, witness	16 20
5959.	Wm. Gallie, witness	16 20
5960.	Wm. Loulan, witness	31 00
5961.	Gustav Wieland, witness	16 20
5963.	David Walker, witness	11 00
5964.	Abe Baffsky, witness	1 12
5965.	G. W. Balkom, witness	12 64
5967.	Martin Hoff, witness	1 72
5968.	Mrs. L. Brown, witness	2 36
6001.	Owen Jones, juror	4 00
6002.	Henry Nelson, juror	4 00
6003.	Richard Sloan, juror	4 00
6004.	G. W. Balkom, witness	13 64
6007.	A. C. Steele, witness	1 12
6008.	F. Metry, witness	13 64
6009.	D. Sullivan, witness	13 64
6010.	Wm. Wirth, witness	13 64
6011.	M. Anderson, witness	13 00
6020.	Wm. Peterson, witness	13 00
6021.	J. Laski, witness	13 00
6022.	W. S. Bishop, witness	1 12
6023.	E. Vokes, witness	1 12
6024.	A. Oreckowsky, witness	1 12
6025.	J. P. McCann, witness	1 12
6026.	M. Sosnowsky, witness	1 12
6028.	S. L. Pierce, juror	10 00
6029.	C. Polinsky, witness	1 12
6031.	Owen Jones, juror	2 00
6034.	David Hudson, juror	2 00
6039.	John Gates, juror	2 00
6041.	Henry Weckey, juror	12 00
6045.	L. J. Secard, juror	2 00
6046.	Chas. Sliger, juror	3 20
6047.	C. Sundby, juror	2 20
6048.	E. C. Leidel, juror	2 20
6049.	L. Ketchum, juror	3 20
6050.	W. A. Holgate, juror	2 20
6051.	M. Kastremer, juror	3 20
6052.	M. Myles, juror	3 20
6053.	E. O. Wohlin, juror	3 20
6054.	Wm. Lynn, juror	2 00
6055.	L. A. Barnes, juror	3 20
6056.	C. McCauliff, juror	2 20
6057.	J. Brotherton, juror	3 20
6058.	N. Witt, juror	2 20
6059.	N. C. Blisey, juror	3 20
6060.	L. Cody, juror	2 20
6061.	C. LaVaque, juror	2 20
6062.	George Powers, juror	2 20
6064.	F. Chabor, juror	3 20
6065.	R. H. Rathbon, juror	3 20
6072.	F. Gottwald, juror	3 20
6074.	John Green, juror	2 00
6075.	Alvis Ebner, juror	2 50
6076.	E. F. Krelwitz, juror	2 20
6077.	J. P. Larson, juror	2 20
6079.	N. Youngblood, juror	10 00
6080.	R. H. Cox, juror	2 20
6083.	S. W. Richardson, juror	2 20
6084.	A. H. Bowden, juror	2 20
6085.	C. Trembly, juror	2 20
6086.	J. Owens, juror	2 20
6087.	A. F. Gross, juror	2 20
6088.	J. K. Richter, juror	2 20
6089.	L. R. Hilbing, juror	2 20
6092.	O. E. Mitchell, juror	2 20
6093.	C. Ames, juror	2 20
6094.	O. Peterson, juror	2 20
6095.	J. P. Mason, juror	2 20
6096.	J. Flood, juror	2 20
6098.	W. W. Moore, juror	2 20
6099.	C. W. F. Hegg, juror	2 20
6100.	A. E. Perry, juror	2 20
6101.	H. P. Curren, juror	2 20
6102.	S. E. Dennett, juror	2 20
6103.	W. L. Windom, trier	20 00
6104.	A. Moody, juror	2 20
6105.	W. S. Horr, juror	2 20
6106.	L. Gallagher, witness	1 12
6107.	Victor Stearns, trier	20 00
6108.	A. W. Hunter, trier	20 00
6109.	C. L. Pierce, juror	2 20
6110.	Charles Borg, juror	33 20
6111.	George Gould, witness	2 12
6112.	John McCord, witness	3 20
6116.	Carl Dalberg, witness	9 40
6117.	Charles McComber, juror	2 12
6118.	Mrs. Johnson, witness	1 12
6119.	Fred Little, juror	2 12
6120.	A. M. Morrisey, juror	2 12
6124.	J. R. Randall, juror	2 12
6122.	J. Henry, juror	2 12
6123.	Fred Ames, juror	2 12
6124.	J. C. Arro, witness	1 12
6125.	O. Lee, witness	1 12
6128.	A. C. Volk, juror	16 20
6129.	W. H. Stultz, juror	6 00
6130.	J. S. Pierce, juror	6 00
6132.	John Green, juror	6 00
6134.	Oscar Castren, juror	37 20
6135.	Frank E. Fleischman,	
6136.	C. E. Peaslee, juror	20 20
6137.	David Hudson, juror	6 00
6139.	F. J. Calhoun, juror	8 00
6140.	O. E. Mitchell, juror	6 00
6141.	Joseph E. Stringer, juror	6 00
6147.	O. H. Oswald, juror	8 00
6148.	George Dion, juror	20 20
6154.	Maslin Emerson, juror	39 40
6155.	N. Youngblood, juror	6 00
6156.	Albert Meldahl, juror	20 10
6158.	J. Lowney, witness	1 12
6159.	C. Wheaton, witness	3 12
6161.	A. Johnson, witness	4 24
6163.	J. J. Wiggins, juror	7 00
6164.	T. G. Vaughn, juror	8 00
6166.	George Farmer, witness	2 12
6169.	L. M. Linnell, juror	21 80
6170.	Richard Stevens, juror	10 20
6175.	W. C. Winton, juror	8 00
6176.	M. Elschen, witness	2 48
6177.	A. Terrybury, juror	10 80
6178.	R. R. Forward, juror	12 20
6179.	Henry Nelson, juror	12 20
6180.	E. H. Bockner, juror	12 20
6181.	Philip Westaway, juror	12 20
6182.	W. R. McCoy, juror	12 20
6183.	J. Allyn Scott, juror	13 20
6184.	Charles H. Houlton, juror	12 20
6187.	P. Foley, witness	1 12
6189.	David Hudson, juror	2 00
6190.	Joseph Watts, juror	4 00
6191.	Mary Hogen, witness	2 24
6192.	Thomas Dillon, juror	2 00
6193.	N. P. Peterson, juror	22 20
6194.	C. H. Bagley, juror	22 20
6197.	W. H. Petre, witness	1 12
6199.	O. Weinberg, witness	5 60
6201.	N. Youngblood, juror	2 00
6202.	Henry Weckey, juror	31 00
6203.	O. G. Korb, juror	36 00
6204.	P. Cleveland, witness	1 12
6206.	F. J. Pulford, juror	22 20
6209.	Lou Russell, witness	1 72
6210.	Pearl Blesky, witness	1 72
6212.	R. L. Giffin, juror	39 40
6214.	John Baptie, juror	4 60
6215.	John Gates, juror	4 00
6216.	J. S. Gordon, witness	1 72
6217.	J. S. Gordon, witness	1 72
6227.	E. C. Faugh, witness	2 12
6228.	Henry Cody, juror	4 00
6230.	O. Jones, juror	10 00
6231.	P. L. Morterud, juror	24 20
6232.	Geo. C. Blackwood, juror	44 00
6234.	J. W. Day, witness	1 12
6235.	G. F. Lang, juror	2 12
6241.	J. H. Moork, juror	28 00
6234.	Thos. A. Merritt, juror	18 20
6244.	H. D. Bullard, juror	28 20
6245.	E. H. Caulkins, juror	28 20
6246.	Ole Gulbranson, juror	30 40
6247.	E. K. Helm, juror	28 20
6248.	Ed A. Forsyth, juror	28 20
6249.	J. Myers, witness	2 12
6254.	O. A. Isham, juror	32 20
6255.	Chas. A. Britts, juror	18 20
6256.	Geo. A. Wieland, juror	22 20
6257.	James Sullivan, juror	2 20
6258.	R. S. Lerch, juror	2 20
6259.	L. L. Brown, juror	2 20
6260.	A. M. Coz, juror	2 20
6261.	John Wanless, juror	2 20
6262.	A. Robinson, juror	2 20
6263.	James Magie, juror	2 20
6265.	E. E. Moseman, witness	2 72
6266.	W. P. Wheaton, witness	1 12
6268.	Dan Sullivan, witness	12 64
6269.	Fred Metry, witness	12 64
6313.	P. H. Oswald, juror	4 00
6314.	Wm. Wirth, witness	13 64
6319.	J. W. Harbison, juror	4 20
6322.	N. B. Morrison, juror	4 20
6322.	F. Lang, juror	4 20
6324.	O. E. Mitchell, juror	4 20
6327.	David Hudson, juror	4 00
6328.	John Gates, juror	4 00
6329.	N. Youngblood, juror	4 00
6330.	John Krey, juror	4 20
6332.	John Baptie, juror	4 00
6334.	Alexander Shores, juror	4 20
6336.	M. McGillivray, juror	6 20
6345.	N. W. Murray, juror	11 20
6349.	Thos. Sullivan, juror	4 00
6368.	M. Merzener, witness	1 12
6369.	Dr. G. W. Balkcom, witness	12 64
6370.	Dr. W. R. Bagley, witness	7 96
6384.	James Hart, Jr., juror	34 20
6385.	A. O. Lund, juror	37 20
6386.	Edward Low, juror	34 20
6387.	Michael Eschin, juror	36 60
6388.	Hans Hugdahl, juror	13 20
6389.	J. A. Miller, juror	32 20
6390.	J. H. Moork, juror	7 20
6391.	A. G. Anderson, juror	34 20
6392.	Alexander Sharp, juror	30 20
6393.	Sydney Hanchett, juror	25 20
6395.	W. F. Davey, juror	34 20
6396.	George Dion, juror	14 40
6397.	H. B. Hill, juror	40 40
6405.	P. E. Berg, juror	34 20
6410.	John A. Campbell, juror	34 20
6415.	Ronald Smith, juror	4 20
6444.	M. S. Todd, witness	1 12
6445.	Mrs. Todd, witness	1 12
6446.	Hulda Edwill, witness	1 12
6455.	William Hill, witness	16 20
6456.	E. Mossey, witness	19 20
6592.	William Kohagen, juror	36 20
6593.	A. LeDuc, juror	14 20
6611.	A. Mildahl, juror	15 20
6617.	R. Yowell, witness	1 12
6631.	C. J. Marshall, juror	4 20
6657.	And A. Kerr, juror	14 20
6662.	C. S. Pierce, juror	6 00
6678.	Ben Pringle, juror	1 12
6707.	And T. Anderson, juror	2 00
6709.	H. B. Hill, juror	4 40
6711.	John A. Campbell, juror	2 00
6713.	D. LeDuc, juror	2 00
6714.	W. F. Davey, juror	2 00
6715.	Michael Elschen, juror	2 00
6716.	J. A. Miller, juror	2 00
6717.	Albert Mildahl, juror	2 00
6718.	Hans Hugdahl, juror	2 00
6718.	A. O. Lund, juror	2 00
6725.	Sidney Hanchett, juror	2 00
6726.	C. A. Leland, juror	1 12
6727.	John Hawkinson, juror	36 20
6728.	A. A. Kerr, juror	2 00
6730.	William Kohagen, juror	2 00
6733.	P. E. Berg, juror	2 00
6734.	J. H. Moork, juror	2 00
6735.	Alexander Sharpe, juror	2 00
6741.	Edward S. Farrel, juror	36 20
6621.	Charles Borner, juror	33 20
6622.	A. J. Yam, juror	14 20
6746.	J. G. Seecamp, juror	18 20
6757.	A. J. Yaw, juror	2 00
6847.	Edward Low, juror	2 00
6868.	Henry S. Eaton, juror	16 20
449.	J. P. Marrow, attorney fees	25 00
451.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer's fees	25 00
466.	George P. Stillman, stenography fees	140 00
467.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	85 00
573.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	20 50
617.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	5 00
686.	McKay Bros., boarding jurors, fees	12 35
805.	H. W. Lanners, attorney fees	15 00
841.	M. W Earhart, stenography fees	190 00
1140.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	5 00
1194.	George P. Stillman, stenography fees	83 75
1201.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer's fees	25 00
1385.	McKay Bros., boarding jurors, fees	24 70
1386.	D. M. Schultz, typewriting fees	15 00
1472.	J. H. Potter, attorney fees	15 00
1494.	J. H. Boyle, attorney fees.	15 00
1556.	C. E. Adams, attorney fees.	15 00
1558.	John Brown, attorney fees	20 00
1624.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	60 00
1627.	George P. Stillman, stenography fees	65 00
1654.	Charles S. Williston, attorney fees	15 00
1732.	J. P. Murray, attorney fees.	15 00
1736.	H. A. Duncan, attorney fees	15 00
1756.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	7 50
1887.	George P. Stillman, stenogrphy fees	140 00
1888.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer's fees	25 00
2186.	M.W. Earhart, stenography fees	250 00
2188.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	45 00
2716.	George P. Stillman, stenography fees	50 00
2718.	A. A. Farrington, stenography fees	35 00
2751.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer's fees	25 00
2895.	Haley & Co., boarding jurors	9 10
2896.	McKay Bros., boarding jurors	23 40
3281.	C. H. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
3534.	M. W. Earhart, stenography fees	15 00
3577.	M. W. Earhart, stenography fees	10 00
3742.	George P. Stillman, stenography fees	34 95
3822.	W. G. Crosby, expenses on lot cases	56 50
3899.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
4204.	J. H. Potter, attorney fees	10 00
3454.	George P. Stillman, stenography	70 00
4386.	J. H. Potter, attorney fees	15 00
4387.	J. H. Potter, attorney fees	15 00
4463.	Charles F. Hopkins, attorney fees	20 00
4538.	C. B. Miller, attorney fees	60 00
4565.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	160 00
4566.	Cameron Hewitt, stenographer	155 00
4615.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	105 00
4642.	J. H. Norton, attorney	20 00
4657.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
4706.	J. W. Reynolds, attorney fees	63 75
4707.	J. L. Cooley, stenographer	12 50
5085.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	60 00
5086.	C. E. Adams, attorney	20 00
5087.	C. E. Adams, attorney	15 00
5166.	A. A. Farington, stenographer	40 00
5167.	C. A. McPherrin, attorney	10 00
5169.	T. S. Sillman, attorney	10 00
5193.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	15 45
5250.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	20 25
5268.	Cameron Hewitt, stenographer	90 00
5324.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	45 00
5337.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	49 80
5410.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
5431.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	125 00
5476.	McKay Bros., boarding jurors	33 80
5869.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	103 20
6068.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	30 00
6168.	C. Hewitt, stenographer	135 00
6197.	J. H. Potter, attorney	20 00
6208.	T. S. Sillman, attorney	15 00
6218.	J. H. Potter, attorney	10 00
6238.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	130 00
6318.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00
6326.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	185 00
6333.	J. H. Potter, attorney	10 00
6354.	T. A. Gall, attorney	15 00
6355.	T. A. Gall, attorney	10 00
6457.	George P. Stillman, transcript of testimony	6 60
6458.	Agnes Hepworth, transcript of testimony	3 00
6742.	George P. Stillman, stenographer	105 00
6814.	A. A. Farrington, stenographer	60 40
6815.	C. Hewitt, stenographer	75 00
6929.	H. C. Withrow, probation officer	25 00

Total district court expense $19,077 22

MUNICIPAL COURT.

Order No.		Amount.
11171.	Charles Older, juror	$ 2 12
11172.	Dan Murphy, witness	1 12
11173.	A. Carlson, juror	6 12
11174.	H. W. Audredge, witness	1 12
11175.	Christ Ottenger, juror	10 12
11176.	D. C. McKenzie, juror	10 12
11177.	D. W. Bishop, juror	11 80
11178.	R. Adams, juror	10 72
11179.	W. G. Ten Brook, juror	10 12
11180.	J. Gates, juror	10 12
11181.	W. A. McDonald, juror	10 12
11182.	E. E. Lloyd, juror	11 08
11183.	John Brohaut, juror	4 12
11184.	Charles Beasa, juror	10 48
11185.	Charles A. Heath, juror	10 24
11186.	S. S. Brown, juror	10 72
11187.	J. D. Fisher, juror	4 12
11188.	N. Youngblood, juror	4 12
11189.	S. G. McTaggart, juror	10 24
11190.	Amos Daniel, juror	10 12
11191.	C. A. Monran, juror	10 12
11192.	Henry Older, juror	4 12
11193.	H. D. Bullard, juror	10 12
11194.	A. Nelson, juror	4 12
11195.	Alex Shaw, juror	10 24
11196.	F. A. Pinta, juror	10 24
11197.	J. S. Mauson, juror	10 12
11198.	Matt Crosley, juror	10 72
11165.	J. Harder, witness	1 12
11166.	J. Cahil, juror	2 12
11167.	M. Fink, witness	1 12
11168.	A. Schroader, witness	1 12
11169.	John McKenzie, witness	1 12
11170.	William Perry, witness	1 72
11160.	W. Lloyd, juror	4 12
11161.	George D. Patterson, witness	1 12
11162.	G. Burquist, juror	4 12
11163.	M. McIntyre, witness	1 12
11164.	Adolph Belanger, witness	1 12
11138.	F. Graves, witness	1 12
11139.	L. S. McKay, juror	3 44
11140.	P. A. Nelson, juror	3 08
11141.	J. C. Cook, juror	2 36
11142.	James Cullyford, juror	2 12
11143.	S. Carlson, juror	2 12
11144.	L. Birch, witness	1 12
11145.	S. E. Cornish, juror	2 12
11146.	D. Walker, juror	4 72
11147.	R. Affleck, juror	4 12
11148.	J. P. Weir, juror	4 72
11149.	M. McLean, juror	4 12
11150.	A. G. Chambers, juror	4 12
11151.	E. Chapman, juror	2 12
11152.	C. S. Wearer, juror	4 72
11153.	Ole Olson, juror	4 12
11154.	W. H. Nesbit, juror	4 12
11155.	W. B. Logan, juror	4 12
11156.	E. Abelson, witness	1 12
11157.	C. Dilman, witness	1 12
11158.	A. Pearing, witness	1 12
11159.	C. H. Lutes, juror	4 12
11132.	Andy Bloomer, witness	1 12
11133.	James Gover, witness	1 12
11134.	F. Gans, witness	1 12
11135.	William McKay, juror	2 12
11136.	George Bayha, witness	1 12
11117.	P. S. Anneke, juror	10 12
11118.	A. McDonald, juror	2 12
11119.	Joseph Schorty, juror	2 12
11120.	A. P. Carlson, juror	2 72
11121.	W. F. Markus, juror	2 60
11122.	A. S. Olson, juror	2 72
11123.	W. J. Carmichael, juror	2 12
11124.	William Harwood, juror	2 12
11125.	W. P. Strickland, juror	2 72
11126.	W. B. Underleak, juror	2 12
11127.	A. Ebener, juror	2 12
11128.	F. R. Leslie, witness	1 12
11129.	Fred W. Windom, juror	2 12
11130.	John W. Shephardson, juror	2 12
11131.	C. J. Marshall, juror	2 72
11199.	R. E. Simpson, witness	1 12
11200.	Alex McPhee, witness	1 12
11201.	Geo. Hoop, witness	1 12
11202.	Minnie Theide, witness	1 12
11203.	A. Swenson, juror	7 20
11209.	W. D. Underhill, juror	6 12
11210.	W. T. Ten Brook, juror	2 12
11211.	J. H. Bennett, juror	6 12
11212.	John Gates, juror	2 12
11213.	J. D. Fisker, juror	2 12
11214.	A. F. Swanstrom, juror	6 24
11215.	G. D. G. Cayo, juror	6 12
11216.	D. Hudson, juror	2 12
11217.	N. Youngblood, juror	2 12
11218.	James Lawson, juror	6 24
11219.	Geo. Twaddle, juror	6 24
11220.	Martin Sorenson, juror	2 12
11221.	John Teake, witness	1 12
11222.	Rose Foley, witness	1 12
11226.	D. W. Scott, juror	6 12
11204.	R. Long, juror	2 12
11205.	T. B. Perry, juror	4 12
11206.	J. McKusky, juror	2 12
11208.	J. E. Watts, juror	2 12
11207.	R. T. Lunis, juror	6 12
1123.	Charles Weldrift, witness	1 12
11224.	Mrs. Weldrift, witness	1 12
11225.	Andrew Olson, juror	7 20
11227.	Arthur Farrington, juror	6 24
11228.	Clifford Frendeau, juror	6 48
11229.	John Schwartz, juror	6 24
11230.	J. W. Weishat, witness	1 12
11231.	J. D. Seigel, witness	1 12
11232.	William M. Abrahamson, witness	1 12
11233.	W. H. Prindle, witness	1 12
11234.	E. Downy, witness	1 12
11235.	L. Anderson, witness	1 12
11236.	Robt. McGee, witness	1 12
11237.	R. Queenlain, witness	1 12
11238.	John Stark, witness	1 12
11239.	John Hamm, witness	1 12
11240.	L. B. Manly, juror	6 73
11241.	F. Bobolz, juror	6 36
11242.	S. S. Aultshel, juror	6 36
11243.	A. Grade, witness	1 12
11244.	A. Hansen, witness	1 12
11245.	O. Boyd, witness	1 12
11246.	Charles Lawrence, witness	1 12
11247.	O. Dallmar, juror	4 12
11248.	J. A. Carlson, juror	4 24
11249.	George Schulenberg, juror	4 12
11250.	H. C. Osterhout, juror	4 12
11251.	J. W. Preston, juror	4 24
11252.	Chris Dice, juror	4 24
11253.	M. Emundson, juror	5 08
11254.	James Wedland, juror	4 72
11255.	S. M. Lester, juror	4 24
11256.	Thomas Gerder, juror	4 45
11257.	A. Meldahl, juror	4 72
11258.	E. Erickson, juror	4 12
11259.	O. Magnuson, juror	4 12
11260.	E. H. Pugh, juror	4 12
11261.	George Gould, juror	4 12
11262.	C. K. Pitman, juror	4 12
11263.	R. D. McKinly, juror	6 72
11264.	John Grady, juror	2 12
11265.	Mamie Fackner, witness	1 12
11266.	J. H. Brown, juror	2 12
11267.	Dr. C. B. Pillsbury, witness	1 12
11268.	J. Hallain, witness	1 12
11307.	John Dempsey, witness	1 12
11308.	William Cameron, witness	1 12
11309.	William Boyse, witness	1 12
11310.	John Irvine, witness	1 12
11311.	H. Pete, witness	1 12
11312.	E. Cook, witness	4 12
11313.	S. McAdam, witness	1 12
11314.	J. L. McAdam, witness	1 12
11315.	John Whelan, witness	1 12
11316.	T. Marcotti, interpreter	1 12
11317.	J. LaPlant, witness	1 12
11318.	James Fersy, witness	1 12
11269.	A. Furgerson, witness	1 60
11270.	R. W. Higgen, witness	1 60
11271.	C. Treusly, witness	1 12
11272.	S. Desu, witness	1 12
11273.	Peter Lenon, witness	1 12
11274.	E. Lenon, witness	1 12
11275.	Z. C. Lorrier, witness	1 12
11276.	Emil Johnson, witness	1 12
7931.	Wm. A. Hicken, juror	50
11277.	Wm. Porter, witness	1 12
11278.	R. T. Edman, witness	1 12
11279.	Alex McDonald, juror	4 00
11280.	John Burris, juror	4 00
11281.	A. LeBean, witness	4 60
11282.	C. Trembly, witness	1 12
11283.	T. Pencaner, witness	1 12
11284.	Wm. Wiley, witness	1 12
11285.	F. T. Little, juror	4 12
11286.	A. L. D. Numan, juror	4 60
11287.	And Johnson, juror	5 20
11288.	S. Forsyth, juror	4 72
11289.	A. Calsse, juror	4 12
11290.	Thos. Balmer, juror	4 12
11291.	G. V. Quillard, juror	4 12
11292.	A. Bowman, juror	4 24
11293.	R. J. Paine, juror	4 72
11294.	S. Gillaspie, juror	4 24
11295.	E. M. Cue, juror	4 12
11296.	M. B. Knutson, witness	1 12
11297.	K. Totterman, witness	1 12
11298.	W. S. Davey, juror	4 12
11299.	D. E. Holston, juror	4 48
11300.	G. Maxwell, juror	4 12
11301.	P. H. Oswald, juror	4 12
11302.	W. A. Holgate, juror	4 12
11303.	Chas. Baemer, juror	4 72
11304.	J. H. Clark, witness	1 12
11305.	C. C. Confer, witness	1 72
11306.	H. Maekrke, witness	1 12
2.	Johanna Sullivan, witness fees, Virginia	1 00
3.	Pat Sullivan, witness fees Virginia	1 00
6.	Bertha Sullivan, witness fees, Virginia	1 00
12.	John J. Sullivan, boarding prisoners	2 50
4.	Rose Walker, witness fees, Virginia	1 00
15.	Henry Mantilla, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
22.	Thos. Christenson, witness fees, Virginia	1 20
23.	Geo. M. Garry, witness fees Virginia	1 15
24.	Albin Rose, witness fees, Virginia	1 36
26.	John Warne, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
100.	John Smith, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
101.	Albert Rochleau, witness fees, Virginia	2 60
105.	Leander Long, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
130.	Alfred Lax, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
143.	Henry King, witness fees Virginia	1 12
	Peter Shipley, witness	1 12
146.	Joseph Rowan, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
149.	Peter Matichfts, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
150.	Ben Levin, witness fees, Virginia	1 20
153.	Fred Engel, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
154.	John Duffla, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
155.	P. A. Coffey, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
156.	D. C. Christopher, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
159.	Martin Stukel, witness fees, Ely	1 12
160.	Martin Skala, witness fees, Ely	1 12
161.	Nels Johnson, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
162.	Matt Ekala, witness fees, Virginia	1 12
514.	Floyd Miller, witness fees	1 12
515.	Godwin Miller, witness fees	1 12
516.	Henry Hedeen, witness fees	2 72
517.	M. Matieson, witness fees	1 12
562.	O. Oulette, witness fees	1 12
563.	J. Rural, witness fees	1 12
564.	W. P. Hubbard, witness fees	1 12
570.	M. McLean, juror fees	2 12
579.	S. Christopher, interpreter fees	1 12
580.	E. Harris, witness fees	1 12
582.	A. King, witness fees	1 12

Order No. Amount.
583. M. Perrault, witness fees. 1 12
584. John McDonald, witness fees 1 12
598. Simon Chalmers, constable fees 9 90
638. S. Morterud, juror 6 24
639. U. Pilon, witness fees 1 12
[illegible]. Joe Garland, witness fees. 1 12
[illegible]. L. R. Birch, witness fees. 1 12
657. P. A. Anderson, juror fees 10 72
658. O. J. Kilppen, juror fees. 10 12
659. S. C. Miller, juror fees 10 36
660. John Beckman, juror fees 10 24
662. C. A. Peterson, juror fees 10 12
663. W. W. Allen, juror fees 10 12
664. O. H. Walker, juror fees 10 36
665. M. McLean, juror fees 4 12
666. F. Speckeln, juror fees 11 20
667. Christ Frank, juror fees 10 72
668. E. F. Chalk, juror fees 4 12
669. J. E. Watt, juror fees 10 12
670. P. E. Berg, juror fees 10 12
671. H. Jentoft, juror fees 10 12
672. F. W. Lemaux, juror fees. 10 12
673. J. P. Larson, juror fees 10 36
679. N. Youngblood, juror 10 12
685. P. C. Ouelette, juror 10 12
688. John Hedberg, witness 1 24
689. Gust Heines, witness 1 24
711. J. C. Nugent, constable 6 60
847. Wm. Andrews, juror 4 12
857½. John Sundeen, juror 10 24
852. L. Beamer, juror 2 72
863. Dan Peterson, witness 1 12
875. Robert DeBoe, juror 4 72
876. Ed Erickson, juror 4 12
877. D. E. Holston, juror 4 12
878. Geo. Schulenburg, juror 4 12
879. And Oleson, juror 5 08
880. Thos. Balmer, juror 4 12
881. P. A. Nelson, juror 5 08
882. M. Amundson, juror 5 08
884. Geo. Maxwell, juror 4 12
885. John Harney, juror 2 12
886. C. Mesiby, juror 2 12
887. Geo. Grummett, juror 2 12
888. J. S. Manson, juror 4 12
889. Henry Older, juror 2 12
890. John Gates, juror 2 12
891. F. Newbour, juror 5 08
905. Robt. Affeck, juror 4 12
907. S. S. Allschul, juror 4 24
909. N. Youngblood, juror 2 12
915. Jas. Cullyford, juror 4 12
943. J. H. Bennett, juror 4 12
963. M. McLean, juror 4 12
991. Roy McKenzie, witness 1 12
1071. R. O. Sweeny, juror 2 72
1090. S. Carlson, juror 4 12
1150. H. H. Hanaford, juror 6 12
1195. Mrs. Bemholm, witness 1 12
1196. Anna Shaw, witness 1 12
1203. W. J. Johnson, witness 1 12
1271. David Graham, witness 1 72
1403. Mrs. A. L. Phillips, witness, Virginia 2 56
1404. L. Phillips, witness, Virginia 2 56
1405. L. Waard, witness, Virginia 2 56
1406. John Anderson, witness, Virginia 2 56
1422. D. Garrison, constable fees, Ely 56 45
1423. A. Belanger, constable fees, Virginia 47 65
1424. O. Gately, constable fees, Virginia 21 50
1425. William Voss, constable fees, Tower 3 40
1489. James M. Baker, witness, Duluth 1 12
1490. W. H. Steuber, witness, Duluth 1 12
1542. Ed Erickson, juror 6 24
1548. William Dixon, juror 6 12
1549. P. M. Ryan, juror 6 12
1552. A. Grachaw, juror 6 12
1565. John Gates, juror 16 12
1566. W. W. Clayton, juror 16 12
1567. D. W. Bishop, juror 17 80
1568. W. G. TenBrook, juror 16 12
1569. W. A. McDonald, juror 16 12
1570. George Kla, juror 16 72
1571. R. G. C. Lambert, juror 14 12
1573. W. H. Nesbitt, juror 16 12
1574. J. D. Stryker, witness 1 12
1575. E. Larson, witness 1 12
1576. D. Norman, witness 1 12
1577. A. Swendson, witness 1 12
1578. Jessie Gibson, witness 1 12
1579. A. Carlson, juror 16 12
1580. T. Clifford, juror 16 12
1581. Dan McKay, juror 16 12
1582. Sam Anderson, juror 16 12
1583. Frank Riley, juror 16 12
1584. W. F. Davis, juror 16 12
1585. Geo. Burk, juror 10 12
1587. N. Youngblood, juror 16 12
1588. J. H. Murphy, juror 16 24
1591. C. D. Campbell, juror 16 12
1599. W. D. Underhill, juror 16 12
1601. T. W. Lemiaux, juror 16 12
1613. Gust Bergquist, juror 16 12
1618. W. B. Logan, juror 16 12
1634. Louise McGill, witness 1 12
1635. M. Erickson, witness 1 12
1637. H. Davis, witness 1 12
1640. D. B. Stone, witness 1 36
1644. R. M. Rumer, witness 1 12
1647. Ole Olson, juror 2 12
1648. John Gates, juror 2 12
1650. F. Specken, juror 3 44
1651. D. C. Nilso, juror 2 12
1652. J. J. Eklund, witness 1 12
1672. John Schwertz, juror 16 24
1724. P. K. Peterson, juror 2 12
1726. C. H. Lutes, juror 2 12
1727. D. Melner, witness 1 12
1728. Gust Engstromn, witness 1 12
1729. G. Evert, witness 1 12
1730. Mrs. Norman, witness 1 12
1734. L. Christenson, juror 16 12
1737. Joseph Miller, juror 2 12
1738. H. Jentoft, juror 6 12
1739. Sam Anderson, juror 2 12
1740. D. Walker, juror 6 72
1741. O. R. Harris, juror 6 00
1742. W. A. Holgate, juror 6 12
1743. W. McComber, juror 6 12
1744. S. C. Miller, juror 6 12
1745. Hurry Olden, juror 6 12
1746. George Gould, juror 6 12
1747. O. H. Walker, juror 6 12
1751. J. J. Hibbard, juror 2 12
1752. E. H. Pugh, juror 6 12
1760. R. F. Fitzgerald, witness 2 12
1761. D. Hudson, juror 6 12
1764. N. Youngblood, juror 6 12
1765. J. Shapera, witness 1 12
1934. William J. Muir, witness 1 12
1938. John Gates, juror 2 12
1939. J. A. Miller, juror 2 12
1940. D. C. Niles, juror 2 12
1946. H. D. Bullord, juror 4 12
1947. John Sundeen, juror 4 24
1948. John Beckman, juror 4 24
1949. F. Gottwold, juror 2 72
1950. R. F. Lewis, juror 4 12
1951. Frank Almsley, witness 10 12
2076. Archie Philipps, constable fee, Tower 26 35
2077. William Voss, constable fee, Tower 25 35
2078. C. C. Peckard, constable fee, Tower 24 05
2079. A. Belanger, constable fee Virginia 16 00
2184. S. C. Onscord, witness 1 72
2197. Ed McMillen, witness 1 12
2272. Christ Ottinger, juror 6 12
2274. H. C. Osterland, juror 2 12
2275. Thomas A. Pinto, juror 10 24
2276. W. W. Allen, juror 10 24
2277. J. W. Preston, juror 8 12
2278. S. G. McTaggart, juror 10 12
2279. Jas. Madland, juror 10 72
2280. S. M. Lester, juror 10 24
2281. A. Johnson, juror 11 20
2282. O. Munguson, juror 10 12
2288. John Murphy, juror 6 12
2289. H. D. Bullard, juror 2 00
2291. F. Cox, juror 2 12
2292. R. H. Rathbun, juror 2 12
2294. H. V. Holmes, juror 2 12
2303. C. H. Oppel, juror 2 12
2307. H. Kutz, witness 1 12
2308. Anna Kutz, witness 1 12
2309. E. Huhn, witness 1 12
2310. Amelia Huhn, witness 1 12
2311. Mike Manilla, witness 1 12
2318. John Lundin, witness 1 12
2322. R. T. Lewis, juror 2 60
2320. Mrs. Johnson, witness 1 12
2341. Mrs. Erickson, witness 1 12
2350. C. A. Peterson, juror 4 12
2351. E. F. Chalk, juror 4 12
2353. Thos. Boerner, juror 4 72
2354. P. H. Oswald, juror 4 12
2371. Agnes Gulickson, witness 2 72
2372. Hilda Gulickson, witness 1 72
2373. Minnie Gulickson, witness 2 72
75. Henry Klichll, juror 6 12
76. A. Meldahl, juror 6 72
77. C. D. Pattinson, juror 6 36
78. A. Borgen, juror 6 12
83. Sam Gillespie, juror 6 24
84. Chas. A. Heath, juror 6 24
2387. Charles Campbell, juror 6 12
88. John A. Carlson, juror 6 24
90. John Grandy, juror 6 12
91. Christ Frank, juror 6 72
2412. John Markuson, juror 6 72
2428. E. M. Ferguson, witness 1 12
2616. S. E. Webb, juror 8 12
2617. J. B. Brown, juror 4 12
35. Marie Miller, witness 1 12
36. Sophie Pepper, witness 1 12
41. P. C. Oulette, juror 8 12
2721. James M. Baker, witness 1 12
2740. John Cahill, witness 2 12
2718. William La Beau, constable fees, Ely 55 00
2921. B. O. Wiggen, constable fees Virginia 18 00
54. City of Tower, municipal court fees 19 31
2951. C. D. Pattison, juror 8 12
52. George Twadle, juror 8 24
53. L. S. McKay, juror 4 00
54. S. Forsyth, juror 8 72
58. Fred Little, juror 8 12
59. D. Hudson, juror 8 12
60. E. McCue, juror 8 12
61. J. H. Murphy, juror 8 24
62. Thomas Gordon, juror 8 48
63. E. F. Chalk, juror 8 12

Order No. Amount.
69. C. H. McComber, juror 8 12
70. R. O. Sweeney, juror 8 72
71. L. R. Bondy, juror 8 12
72. Colby Smith, juror 8 12
73. Gust Massow, witness 1 12
74. Frank Frinka, witness 1 12
76. Rosa Blanchard, witness 1 12
77. Erik Matson, witness 2 12
2979. J. R. Marshall, witness 2 12
82. Mort Shield, witness 5 56
85. C. Wilberforce, witness 1 12
95. D. W. Scott, juror 8 12
97. M. O. Bickford, witness 1 12
98. Minnie Karen, witness 1 12
99. S. S. McKay, juror 5 56
3001. L. B. Manley, juror 8 72
3. Anton Hanson, witness 1 12
9. Leona D'Oust, witness 1 12
13. J. R. Marshall, witness 2 12
14. David Rosenblat, witness 1 12
16. Grace Sherwood, witness 1 12
17. Georgie Cheverette, witness 1 12
20. P. E. Berg, juror 4 12
3026. Chas. E. Nelson, court fees municipal court Virginia 36 20
27. S. E. Cornish, juror 6 12
3042. Robt. A. Benson, witness 1 12
3040. John Kennedy, witness 1 12
3045. Eugene La Force, witness 4 24
3047. Edward Chalk, juror 4 12
3048. Wm. Craig, juror 2 12
3049. A. J. Anderson, juror 4 13
3051. Joe Gover, witness 1 12
3052. Andrew Hogan, witness 1 12
3053. Andrew Schulte, witness 1 12
3054. N. Christopher, witness 1 12
3059. Chas. Silger, juror 8 72
3060. C. E. Archer, juror 8 12
3061. John Gates, juror 6 12
3062. Thos. Ferker, juror 6 12
3063. Anton Ringsred, juror 6 12
3064. John Peterson, juror 8 24
3066. N. Youngblood, juror 6 12
3068. M. Marcus, witness 1 12
3072. D. Hudson, juror 6 12
3074. Joe Waugh, juror 4 48
3076. John Williams, juror 4 12
3088. Sam Abrahamson, witness 1 12
3089. P. Abrahamson, witness 1 12
3091. Jos Kenney, juror 6 72
3093. L. L. Burton, witness 14 00
3095. D. McNee, juror 6 12
3096. L. L. Bartholomew, witness 2 36
3104. J. Gruesen, juror 6 12
3109. James Dingwall, juror 4 12
3112. N. J. Miller, juror 4 12
3114. Ed Buckner, witness 1 12
3115. A. N. Hopkins, juror 4 36
3117. Hor Ging, witness 1 12
3118. Chas. W. Erickson, juror 4 12
3125. Ed Mattock, witness 1 12
3126. John Callihan, witness 1 12
3127. Hugh Allen, witness 1 12
3128. H. L. Rowe, witness 1 12
3134. J. A. Scott, juror 4 72
3136. Henry Gazette, juror 4 12
3137. C. S. Bolger, juror 4 72
3143. Max Gottchild, witness 1 12
3273. H. E. Webster, juror 2 12
3274. W. S. Storer, juror 2 12
3277. A. F. Swanstrom, witness 1 12
3278. Minnie Brooks, witness 1 12
3279. Frank Cog, juror 2 12
3294. Wm. Irish, witness 1 12
3318. Alex H. McDonald, juror 4 72
3436. John Gonska, witness 1 12
3506. Kate Murphy, witness 1 12
3507. Kate Murphy, witness 1 12
3510. Wm. Takaberry, witness 1 12
3513. C. D. Pattison, juror 2 12
3523. Malcolm McGillivray, juror 2 12
3527. Wm. Andrews, juror 2 12
3525. Martin Phelan, witness 1 12
3538. Jessie Crockett, witness 1 12
3539. R. Grigsby, witness 1 12
3540. S. Budden, witness 1 12
3553. F. Bobalz, juror 4 24
3561. N. J. Miller, juror 2 12
3564. Annie Benpre, witness 1 12
3567. P. A. Dill, witness 1 36
3585. Geo. Train, juror 6 12
3631. John Strom, witness 1 12
3637. Annie Anderson, witness 1 12
3643. Kitty Scott, witness 1 12
3644. P. H. Dennis, witness 1 12
3648. Kennith rGeen, witness 1 72
3650. L. D. Campbell, witness 1 12
3651. Marinda Gibbons, witness 1 72
3655. H. D. Pearson, witness 1 12
3659. Mary Marshall, witness 1 12
3660. Frank Marshall, witness 1 12
3661. John Bratz, witness 1 12
3662. Louis Bratz, witness 1 12
3663. Berdie Baker, witness 1 12
3730. Annie Polinsky, witness 1 12
3748. Frank McCoy, witness 1 12
3763. John C. Cook, witness 1 36
3764. Wm. Oppel, witness 1 12
3765. John Reskenberg, witness 1 12
3784. Roy Butchard, witness 1 12
3789. A. Hudson, district court witness 15 20
3790. A. Wadman, district court witness 13 64
3791. O. Field, district court witness 13 54
3792. G. W. Hardman, district court witness 12 44
3793. Wm. Neville, district court witness 12 44
3794. O. Tucker, district court witness 12 44
3386. Wm. LaBean, constable, Ely 25 75
3392. Emil Nelson, constable, Duluth 70
3801. A. E. Peck, constable, Tower 82 90
3802. Wm. LeBean, constable, Ely 25 75
3821. G. H. Jordan, constable, Duluth 54 10
3864. D. C. Niles, juror 2 12
3865. Wm. Harwood, juror 6 36
3866. John Gates, juror 4 12
3867. John F. Forward, juror 6 24
3868. Alex Hendrickson, juror 6 72
3869. Wm. Logan, juror 4 12
3870. C. D. Pattinson, juror 6 24
3871. James Cash, juror 6 12
3872. Geo. H. Claypool, juror 4 12
3873. A. J. Harker, juror 4 12
3874. B. F. Hathaway, juror 4 36
3878. N. Youngblood, juror 4 12
3896. F. W. Wieland, juror 6 12
4183. Gus Virselle, juror 1 36
4186. J. Cainey, juror 1 36
4187. V. Burge, juror 1 36
4188. B. Verlina, juror 1 36
4191. Robert F. Freeman, juror 6 12
4192. D. Hudson, juror 2 12
4195. W. S. Bishop, juror 4 12
4259. Robert Graham, witness 1 12
4274. Jos. McNab, witness 1 12
4278. Jos. Hall, witness 1 72
4343. C. H. Dibbell, juror 2 12
4360. Rosa Peterson, witness 2 72
4361. Aug. Peterson, witness 2 72
4362. Anna Marie Peterson, witness 2 72
4363. S. Sadowsky, witness 1 12
4364. Jno. Gonska, witness 1 12
4365. V. Sadowsky, witness 1 12
4366. A. Sadowsky, witness 1 12
4380. Frank Newman, witness 1 36
4391. A. B. Siverts, witness 2 12
4392. John Green, witness 2 12
4394. J. J. Wiggins, witness 2 72
4395. C. D. Pattinson, juror 2 12
4396. David Hudson, juror 2 12
4398. O. Jones, juror 4 12
4399. Wm. Lynn, juror 4 12
4400. Jno. Gates, juror 4 12
4401. C. D. Niles, juror 2 12
4403. And Johnson, juror 4 12
4405. Jas. O'Neil, juror 4 12
4422. N. Youngblood, juror 4 12
4423. R. S. Lerch, juror 2 12
4424. W. H. Singer, juror 2 12
4425. J. J. Wall, juror 2 12
4426. Chas. A. Banks, juror 2 12
4427. H. Bartlett, juror 2 72
4439. J. M. Burbank, juror 2 72
4445. K. A. McDonald, juror 4 72
4464. G. J. Mallory, juror 2 72
4472. H. J. Garwin, witness 1 12
4473. Clarence Peterson, witness 1 12
4554. Hans Christenson, juror 4 12
4555. T. Tarlson, witness 2 72
4556. E. C. Taugh, witness 1 12
4558. L. A. Cease, witness 1 12
4559. J. W. Day, witness 1 12
4564. Francis Martin, witness 1 12
4621. John Hill, witness 1 12
4622. Geo. Wright, witness 1 12
4623. Chas. Williamson, witness 1 12
4625. Aug. Hedland, witness 1 12
4653. C. E. Evans, witness 4 12
4674. Geo. Williams, witness 1 12
4684. James Harris, witness 1 12
4688. W. D. Williams, juror 2 24
4837. And Johnson, juror 2 12
4838. Chas. Willis, witness 1 12
4839. Ed Kaminski, witness 1 12
4840. Mary Elder, witness 1 12
4841. A. Wipan, witness 1 12
4842. Dan McDonald, juror 2 12
4874. John Markeson, juror 2 72
4895. Joseph Miller, juror 2 24
4914. John K. Ritcher, juror 2 12
5089. Jacob D. Sigel, witness 2 12
5091. R. Yowel, witness 1 12
5106. Harry Krantz, juror 2 12
5116. Jens Flaaten, juror 2 12
5121. Polly Hines, witness 1 12
5124. Lydia D. Brown, witness 2 72
5127. J. E. Eisenbrand, witness 2 12
5172. Wm. Frank, juror 6 12
5173. W. H. Nesbitt, juror 6 12
5174. Geo. P. Hanson, juror 6 12
5175. C. D. Pattinson, juror 5 26
5182. O. H. Stenberg, juror 8 72
5183. O. S. Olson, juror 8 12
5184. J. W. Rowley, juror 8 12
5185. John Ritcher, juror 8 12
5186. John Cox, juror 8 12
5187. And Johnson, juror 8 12
5188. John P. Mason, juror 8 12
5189. Martin Sorenson, juror 8 12
5190. Jos. W. Sheridan, juror 8 12
5191. Ernest Kugler, juror 8 12
5192. Robert Wellington, juror 2 36

Order No. Amount.
5194. E. F. Kreiwitz, juror 8 12
5197. Allen Shaw, juror 8 24
5198. Allen Shaw, juror 2 12
5209. Clyde Wiles, witness 1 48
5222. Brown Mallough, juror 2 72
5223. S. E. Webb, juror 6 12
5239. Albert Johnson, witness 1 12
5251. C. O. Nelson, witness 1 12
5264. Jas. F. O'Neil, juror 2 12
5265. Jas. F. O'Neil, juror 6 12
5267. E. C. McMinn, witness 1 12
5291. Jas. Cullyford, juror 2 12
5300. Max Sosnosky, witness 1 12
5301. Ali Orekowsky, witness 1 12
5302. J. P. McCann, witness 1 12
5307. M. Kastriner, juror 4 72
5308. Annie Zbaracke, witness 1 24
5321. D. Hudson, juror 4 12
5322. Henry Older, juror 4 12
5325. F. T. Little, juror 2 12
5339. Frank Gams, witness 1 12
5405. W. W. Clayton, juror 2 12
5407. S. E. Webb, juror 6 12
5408. David Hudson, juror 6 12
5411. Geo. Norris, juror 6 12
5412. F. T. Little, juror 6 12
5413. Owen Jones, juror 6 12
5414. J. O. Olson, juror 16 72
5415. John Harney, juror 6 12
5416. John Gates, juror 14 12
5417. J. B. Flack, juror 18 72
5418. N. H. Nyhus, juror 16 72
5419. A. McDonald, juror 18 12
5420. A. Grochau, juror 6 12
5421. H. H. Myers, juror 8 12
5423. D. S. McKay, juror 6 12
5424. D. E. Holston, juror 6 12
5425. James Gray, juror 16 12
5427. Fred B. Riseley, juror 14 12
5428. M. J. Ryan, juror 2 12
5435. Henry Older, juror 12 12
5437. Jas. McCahill, juror 14 12
5482. John R. Marshall, securing evidence in liquor case 34 20
5799. Wm. McKay, juror 18 12
5803. A. M. Swingle, juror 18 72
5813. John Christensen, juror 2 12
5814. N. Youngblood, juror 12 12
5815. W. A. McDonald, juror 18 12
5816. Jacob Reitz, witness 1 12
5832. N. H. Murray, juror 6 12
5845. Chas. R. Haines, juror 6 12
5846. John Markuson, juror 18 72
5847. A. Ebner, juror 6 12
5848. C. M. Polinsky, witness 1 12
5859. James Traverse, witness 2 12
5861. R. S. Munger, juror 6 12
5868. N. C. Folger, juror 18 12
5871. C. A. Johnson, juror 8 12
5872. John Gordon, juror 8 36
5873. Freeman Keen, juror 8 36
5874. Fred Little, juror 4 12
5876. Alfred Robinson, juror 8 12
5878. Owen Jones, juror 4 12
5879. J. R. Randall, juror 8 24
5880. Henry Milham, juror 8 72
5881. H. V. Holmes, juror 8 12
5882. Max Zaik, juror 6 12
5885. E. Seepham, juror 6 12
5887. John Barrett, juror 8 12
5889. R. S. Manley, juror 14 72
5891. Geo. R. Laybourn, juror 14 72
5901. Edw. R. Rubenack, juror 8 12
5906. Jas. W. Newton, juror 4 12
5925. C. H. McComber, juror 6 12
5926. C. H. McComber, juror 6 12
5940. E. Mendenhall, juror 6 12
5943. Stance Hoppa, witness 1 12
5970. Jno. W. Bowers, juror 8 12
6006. A. C. Steele, witness 1 12
6043. M. S. Burrows, juror 6 12
6063. C. A. Lundquist, juror 3 08
6066. Chas. A. Banks, juror 2 12
6067. J. M. Burbank, juror 2 72
6070. E. F. Kreiwitz, juror 2 12
6071. C. H. McComber, juror 2 12
6082. John G. Howard, juror 2 12
6097. J. D. Allen, juror 2 72
6126. Wm. Carlson, juror 2 12
6132. Geo. H. Claypool, juror 2 12
6138. Geo. Fifer, juror 2 12
6153. J. S. Goach, juror 2 12
6157. Allan Shaw, juror 2 12
6165. Julius Jones, juror 2 12
6188. Jos. McCahill, juror 2 12
6196. S. E. Webb, juror 2 12
6211. Harmoney Bartlett, witness 2 72
6213. James Tyra, witness 1 72
6219. P. D. McMartin, juror 2 12
6220. T. F. Little, juror 2 12
6221. John Murphy, juror 2 12
6223. C. J. Marshall, juror 2 72
6224. David Walker, juror 2 72
6225. D. C. Niles, juror 2 12
6226. D. E. Holston, juror 2 36
6229. R. J. Tubman, juror 2 24
6223. Joe Stringer, juror 2 12
6239. Ed Kreiwitz, juror 2 12
6250. Wm. Arborn, witness 1 72
6253. Fred Delbourn, witness 1 72
6264. Chas. McComber, juror 2 12
6316. H. Halvorson, witness 1 84
6317. Mrs. John Josephson, witness 1 36
6323. Geo. W. Danielson, juror 2 12
6340. E. J. McLaughlin, juror 2 12
6343. Cally Smith, juror 2 12
6344. S. E. Webb, juror 2 12
6348. Robert T. Freeman, juror 2 12
6351. John Williams, juror 2 12
6352. J. D. Mason, juror 2 12
6353. A. Johnson, juror 2 72
6362. M. Sorenson, juror 2 12
6366. D. Hudson, juror 2 12
6411. Frank Cox, juror 4 12
6482. A. E. Peck, constable for Tower 69 75
6483. Wm. LaBean, constable for Ely 24 00
6587. John Cox, juror 2 12
6636. Thos. Grey, witness 1 12
6637. Otto Weinberg, witness 1 12
6638. J. A. Jeffries, witness 1 12
6643. N. H. Nyhus, juror 6 72
6644. A. Crawford, juror 6 12
6645. A. Cox, juror 6 12
6646. John Evjin, juror 6 72
6647. O. S. Olson, juror 6 72
6648. John Barrett, juror 6 12
6650. Carrie Delaney, witness 1 24
6651. Reka Mattson, witness 1 24
6652. Clara Renault, witness 1 24
6659. Bernt Jide, juror 6 12
6661. Colby Smith, juror 2 12
6664. Fred B. Risley, juror 2 12
6683. W. H. Nesbitt, juror 6 12
6688. J. W. Norton, juror 6 12
6691. Peter Shiber, witness 1 12
6694. C. S. Sargent, witness 1 12
6712. E. Moork, juror 2 12
6743. Sam Winn, witness 1 12
6744. W. J. Ward, witness 1 12
6745. A. Hanson, witness 1 12
6748. W. Jacobson, witness 1 12
6749. E. Anderson, witness 1 12
6751. Fred Anderson, witness 1 12
6752. Nels Stenberg, witness 1 12
6769. D. C. Niles, juror 2 12
6793. K. McLennon, witness 1 12
6794. Sam Levine, witness 1 12
6795. W. M. Davis, witness 1 12
6798. P. Geo. Hanson, juror 8 24
6799. Alex Hendrickson, juror 8 72
6800. Wm. Lynn, juror 4 12
6801. John aGtes, juror 4 12
6803. Dan J. Maloney, juror 8 12
6804. W. H. Singer, juror 8 12
6805. Jno. W. Powers, juror 6 12
6806. E. Supham, juror 8 12
6808. Wm. Harwood, juror 2 12
6834. C. Martin, witness 1 12
6835. A. J. Anderson, juror 8 12
6836. Jas. Watt, juror 4 12
6837. P. K. Peterson, juror 4 12
6835. J. R. Randall, juror 10 24
6839. J. J. Wiggins, juror 10 12
6840. Henry Melham, juror 10 72
6841. G. J. Mallory, juror 10 72
6842. Henry Older, juror 4 12
6846. A. Ebner, juror 10 12
6849. R. S. Munger, juror 10 12
6863. E. C. Little, juror 4 72
6864. N. J. Miller, juror 6 12
6869. Jos. Dingwall, juror 10 12
6875. Mabel Anderson, witness 1 36
6876. Bill Boucher, witness 1 36
6881. E. R. Rubenack, juror 10 12
6889. K. A. McDonald, juror 4 12
6924. A. Mainella, witness 1 12
6925. L. Mainella, witness 1 12
6926. C. Mosirochola, witness 1 12
6927. Carlo Tonava, witness 1 12
6935. P. Calleia, witness 1 12

Total municipal court $ 4,269 50

JUSTICE COURTS.
5156. May Witterland, witness 1 12
7644. M. Stevens, Constable Floodwood 16 90
7629. Thomas Gowan, witness fees Mountain Iron 1 12
7630. Wm. Gowan, witness fees Mountain Iron 1 12
7631. Richard Birley, witness fees Mountain Iron 1 12
7632. Tony Kapen, witness fees Mountain Iron 1 12
7633. P. McDonald, witness fees Mountain Iron 1 12
7634. Julian Lewis, witness fees Eveleth 1 12
7635. Ed Larant, witness fees Eveleth 1 12
7636. Robert Stone, witness fees West Duluth 1 55
7637. C. W. Kimberly, witness fees Eveleth 7 70
7638. Joseph Prior, witness fees, Soudan 5 25
7639. R. T. Birdie, witness fees, Hibbing 2 70
7640. Chas. Grenberg, constable fees, Virginia 16 50
7641. John Anderson, constable fees, Virginia 7 50
7643. David Garrison, constable fees, Ely 112 75
7645. John Haley, constable fees, Eveleth 55 50
7646. Wm. Ohara, constable fees, Biwabik 37 50
7647. Peter McDermid, constable fees, Mountain Iron [illegible]
7648. M. C. Palmer, attorney fees, municipal and justices court 147 50
7985. R. H. Fleming, justice Biwabik 7 45
7986. J. A. Rose, justice Mountain Iron 1 60
[illegible]. S. Lekve, justice Hibbing 1 05
[illegible]. C. W. Kimberly, justice Eveleth 1 06
7939. B. Viera, witness 2 24
7940. Nels Martin, interpreter 2 24
7941. John Larson, witness 1 12
7942. Robert Maxwell, witness 1 12
7943. Louis Galla, witness 2 24
7944. Jas. D. Sheridan, witness 1 72
7945. Adolph Belonga, constable Virginia 8 60
7946. Wm. Wiseman, constable Virginia 20 95
7947. H. Riley, constable Hibbing 6 50
7948. Frank Wyron, constable Hibbing 15 90
7949. A. Schlachlia, constable Soudan 22 75
7950. M. J. McLaughlin, constable, Mountain Iron 9 80
7951. John Haley, constable, Eveleth 20 75
8177. Robert Stone, justice, West Duluth 27 20
[illegible]. C. M. Kimberly, justice, Eveleth 9 65
8179. John M. Mitchell, juror Eveleth 1 12
8180. William Grant, juror Eveleth 1 12
8181. A. H. Geisor, juror Eveleth 1 12
8182. Matt Prettnor, juror Eveleth 1 12
8183. A. C. Osburn, juror Eveleth 1 12
8184. J. B. McKenny, juror Eveleth 1 12
8185. Thos. Donaran, juror Eveleth 1 12
8187. Christen Anderson, witness, Eveleth 6 40
8188. A. T. Horen, witness, Hibbing 1 12
8189. J. D. Steele, juror, West Duluth 50
8190. Emil Juntilia, constable, Eveleth 9 10
8192. C. M. Palmer, attorney 53 00
13. J. A. Tracey, constable for Mountain Iron .75
88. John Bosich, witness for Eveleth 2 24
93. Victor Johnson, interpreter for Biwabik 1 12
94. D. F. Gibba, witness for Mountain Iron 1 00
95. Z. J. Fournier, witness for Sparta 2 72
96. Fred Boreman, witness Sparta 2 72
99. Erick Sandberg, interpreter for Floodwood 1 12
103. Chas. Norquist, witness for Sparta 2 24
101. Harry McHenry, witness for Biwabik 2 12
107. Hilda Klamala, witness Mountain Iron 1 12
109. Sara Hanson, witness for Mountain Iron 1 12
110. W. C. Fuller, witness for Sparta 2 72
114. Frank Foben, witness for Biwabik 1 12
115. Mary Foben, witness for Biwabik 1 12
116. John Endrizzi, witness for Biwabik 1 12
118. James Marcarrow, witness for Biwabik 2 12
121. Louis Shurman, witness for Mountain Iron 1 12
122. Ed Olson, witness for Sparta 1 12
126. John Miklick, witness for Eveleth 2 72
127. Frank Inehay, witness for Eveleth 2 72
[illegible]. Will Harra, witness for Floodwood 1 12
134. Seth Seller, witness for Sparta 1 12
137. Ang. Benson, witness for Sparta 1 12
141. H. Voivill, witness for Eveleth 1 12
142. Chas. Saul, witness for Eveleth 1 12
144. Wm. Hogan, witness for Sparta 1 12
347. Wm. Jeffrey, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
350. C. M. Stevens, constable, Eveleth 18 55
661. F. Wiren, constable fees, Hibbing 13 00
698. N. Karl, boarding prisoners, Sparta 3 00
699. J. A. Reed, justice fees, Mountain Iron 8 30
700. A. R. Anderson, justice fees, Sparta 4 15
779. J. B. Banky, justice fees, Floodwood 10 80
780. Jos. Phillips, witness fees, West Duluth 1 96
781. F. Jarasch, witness fees, West Duluth 1 96
782. J. A. Healey, constable fees, Eveleth 11 25
783. L. Kenney, witness fees, West Duluth 1 12
784. Clara Limiaux, witness fees, West Duluth 1 12
785. Louis Fisher, witness fees, West Duluth 1 96
786. Chas. Silger, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
787. W. J. Small, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
788. Anthony Johnson, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
789. Ned Phillips, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
790. Wm. Scott, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
791. Wm. Eaton, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
792. Jos. E. Sullivan, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
1397. Fred Jordan, witness, West Duluth 1 31
1398. T. E. Wilson, witness, West Duluth 1 31
1399. Phil Jordan, witness West Duluth 1 31
1400. And Wilson, witness, West Duluth 1 31
1401. Geo. E. Tupper, witness West Duluth 1 31
1402. John Heasley, witness West Duluth 1 12
1407. R. Friskey, witness, Floodwood 1 18
1408. Mike Onka, witness Floodwood 2 92
1409. O. E. Everett, juror, Biwabik 1 20
1410. Frank Simrick, juror, Biwabik 1 20
1411. Peter Hurtges, witness Biwabik 1 12
1412. Geo. Tremonon, witness, Eveleth 4 20
1413. F. Anderson, witness Eveleth 5 40
1414. John McLaughlin, witness, Eveleth 5 40
1415. Mary Senrick, witness fees, Eveleth 1 24
1416. John Crowe, witness fees, Biwabik 62
1417. P. J. Murray, juror, Biwabik 1 20
1418. C. W. Crockett, juror, Biwabik 1 20
1419. John A. McKenzie, juror, Biwabik 1 20
1420. Thos. Hunt, constable fees, Floodwood 5 55
1421. M. J. McLaughlin, constable fees, Mountain Iron 34 25
1426. Wm. O'Hara, constable fees, Biwabik 86 75
1427. F. Wiren, constable fees, Hibbing 59 60
1428. D. Hogan, constable fees, Biwabik 3 65
1429. J. B. Banker, justice fees, Floodwood 2 75
2073. A. R. Anderson, justice fees, Sparta 12 55
2074. V. Prince, justice fees, Biwabik 13 70
2075. Robert Stone, justice fees, West Duluth 20 85
2080. Joseph Holub, constable, Sparta 16 00
2081. G. R. Barrett, constable, Fayal 16 75
2082. J. Christopher, constable, Eveleth 31 25
2083. F. Wiren, constable, Hibbing 44 [illegible]
2084. Wm. O'Hara, constable Biwabik 17 00
2085. Thos. Lutsella, witness, Eveleth 1 12
2086. Richard Carpenter, witness Sparta 1 12
2087. J. I. Mandell, juror Biwabik 1 20
2088. Peter Spitz, witness, West Duluth 1 12
2089. Dr. D. C. Confer, witness, West Duluth 1 06
2090. Otto Spitz, witness West Duluth 1 12
2091. Jos. E. Steele, witness West Duluth 1 06
2092. Jos. Carey, juror, West Duluth 1 00
2093. R. B. Mitchell, juror, West Duluth 1 00

Order No. Amount.
[illegible]. John Logan, juror West Duluth 1 00
2095. J. E. Steele, juror, West Duluth 1 00
2096. Alfred Fletcher, juror, Duluth 1 00
2097. N. H. Nyhus, juror, West Duluth 1 00
2098. J. E. Tobister, juror, West Duluth 1 00
2099. Peter Emmettt, juror, West Duluth 1 00
2100. A. J. Munroe, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2101. N. Nyhus, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2102. W. J. Wallace, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2103. C. Greve, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2104. Geo. Richard, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2105. Wm. Gavigon, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
2910. John Haard, witness fees, Hibbing 3 92
2911. H. P. Cochran, witness fees, Hibbing 3 92
2913. Jos. Holub, constable, Sparta 84 25
2914. John Anderson, constable, Buhl 20 25
2915. Jacob Christopher, constable, Eveleth 16 00
2916. M. J. McLaughlin, constable Mountain Iron 49 75
2917. Hugh Riley, constable, Hibbing 7 10
2919. Wm. O'Hara, constable Biwabik 139 00
2920. F. Wiren, constable Hibbing 38 00
2922. S. Likoe, justice fees, Hibbing 29 55
2923. J. A. Reid, justice fees, Mountain Iron 5 85
3385. Robert Stone, justice fees, West Duluth 5 10
3387. Wm. O'Hara, justice fees, Biwabik 72 65
3388. Frank Wiren, justice fees, Hibbing 18 50
3389. M. J. McLaughlin, justice fees, Mountain Iron 16 00
8390. Joseph Holub, justice fees, Sparta 1 50
3391. Jos. Rafferty, justice fees, Buhl 9 40
3795. E. Belanger, constable, Eveleth 10 00
3798. M. J. McLaughlin, constable, Mountain Irpon 16 75
3799. F. Wiren, constable Hibbing 19 00
3800. Hugh Riley, constable, Hibbing 24 55
3803. Jas. Galway, witness, West Duluth 1 12
8804. T. M. Wilkinson, witness West Duluth 1 12
3805. P. Cote, witness, West Duluth 1 12
3806. Thos. Doyle, juror West Duluth 1 00
3807. Thos. Brotherton, juror, West Duluth 1 00
8808. W. T. Brotherton, juror, West Duluth 1 00
3809. J. C. Cox, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3810. W. McLaughlin, juror fees, West Duluth 50
3811. H. T. Breen, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3812. C. E. Lovelace, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3813. Henry Bermu, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3814. T. E. Dutton, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3815. Geo. Richart, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3816. Chas. Silger, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3817. J. E. Tobistu, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3818. Pat O'Riley, juror fees, West Duluth 1 00
3819. Robert Stone, justice fees, West Duluth 16 05
3820. Joseph Pryor, justice fees, Soudan 5 80
4733. Robert Stone, justice fees, West Duluth 17 00
4734. J. A. Reid, justice fees, Mountain Iron 6 55
4735. A. R. Anderson, justice fees, Sparta 4 80
4736. Frank Wiren, constable, Hibbing 63 75
4737. Wm. O'Hara, constable Biwabik 86 00
4738. M. J. McLaughlin, constable Mountain Iron 21 60
4739. J. A. Murray, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4740. H. E. Boenu, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4741. N. C. Hendricks, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4742. Frank Wade, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4743. M. B. Abrahamson, juror, West Duluth 1 12
4744. P. R. Hailey, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4745. O. S. Olson, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4746. P. T. Kelley, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4747. Robert Woods, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4748. R. W. English, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4749. G. H. Farker, juror West Duluth 1 00
4750. J. A. Brady, juror West Duluth 1 00
4751. R. B. Mitchell, juror, West Duluth 1 00
4752. A. Murnish, witness, Mountain Iron 1 24
4753. John Boyer, witness, Mountain Iron 1 24
4754. Mary Murnish, witness Mountain Iron 1 24
5477. J. P. Murray, constable fees Proctorknott 3 65
5478. M. J. McLaughlin, constable fees Mountain Iron 35 15
5479. Joseph Holub, constable fees Sparta 16 25
5480. B. O. Wiggin, constable fees Virginia 16 00
5481. John Anderson, constable fees Buhl 20 25
5483. J. H. Fleming, justice fees Biwabik 24 15
5484. J. A. Reed, justice fees Mountain Iron 3 50
5485. George Little, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6459. J. B. Banker, justice fees Floodwood 4 20
6460. A. R. Anderson, justice fees Sparta 8 70
6461. Robert Stone, justice, West Duluth 6 60
6462. J. H. Drake, Proctorknott 1 05
6463. Herbert Pierson, witness fees West Duluth 1 12
6464. Aug. Larson, witness fees West Duluth 1 12
6465. M. A. Shore, witness fees West Duluth 1 12
6466. John Anderson, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6467. A. Edin, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6468. Hans Joveland, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6469. C. C. Miller, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6470. G. F. Govert, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6471. Joseph Mangelner, witness, West Duluth 1 12
6472. And. Bung, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6473. J. D. Park, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6474. James Smith, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6475. R. English, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6476. Gust Lilja, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6477. F. Share, juror, West Duluth 1 12
6478. J. A. Scott, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6479. Peter Cosgrove, juror, West Duluth 1 00
6480. W. G. Little, constable fees West Duluth 50
6481. J. P. Murray, constable fees Proctorknott 1 80
6484. Frank Wiren, constable, Hibbing 98 25
6485. A. Belanger, constable, Chisholm 19 50
6486. Joseph Holub, constable, Sparta 15 50
6487. William O'Hara, constable fees Biwabik 85 75
6488. T. A. Hunt, constable fees Floodwood 21 25

Total justice courts $2,546 92

PROBATE COURT.
5153. W. C. Winton, witness 1 12
1641. W. C. Sargent, taking Harry Gilman to Fergus Falls 54 25
1647. W. H. Magie, examining W. E. Ryder 3 30
1648. W. R. Bagley, examining W. E. Ryder 3 30
6414. A. Olson, witness 8 80
1624. W. C. Sargent, taking W. E. Ryder to Fergus Falls 54 25
1636. J. J. Eklund, examining P. Nelson (insane) 3 30
1637. J. E. Bowers, examining [illegible] 3 30

Order No. Amount.
1619. W. C. Sargent, taking P. Nelson to Fergus Falls 54 25
1615. W. C. Sargent, taking Jenny Eye to Fergus Falls 54 25
1603. W. H. Salter, examination of insane 3 15
1604. J. B. Webster, examination of insane 3 15
1605. W. C. Sargent, taking insane to Fergus Falls 54 25
1606. Dr. Mary McCoy, examining Mrs. H. Rody 3 15
1607. W. W. Routh, examining Mrs. H. Rody 3 15
1611. W. C. Sargent, taking Louisa Torgstrom to Fergus Falls 54 25
1612. F. C. Dnuning, examining Jenny Eye 3 15
1614. Dr. Mary McCoy, examining Louisa Torgstrom 6 60
1654. W. C. Sargent, taking Emma C. Boyce to Fergus Falls 58 55
1656. Dr. J. E. Bowers, examining E. C. Boyce 3 30
1662. W. C. Sargent, H. Lindsay to Fergus Falls 54 25
1663. F. J. Patton, examining E. C. Bois and H. Gilman 6 60
1659. W. W. Routh, examining H. Lindsay 3 30
1660. S. H. Boyer, examining H. Lindsay 3 30
1666. G. W. Davis, examining L. Forgstrom 3 30
1672. W. G. Goff, M. D., examining Peter Beargrease 3 30
1673. S. H. Boyer, examining Peter Beargrease 3 30
1702. J. M. Robinson, M. D., examining John Theson 3 30
1677. W. C. Sargent, F. G. Brant to Fergus Falls 54 25
1678. W. R. Bagley, examining F. G. Brant 3 30
1679. S. C. McCormick, examining F. G. Brant 3 30
1680. R. Graham, examining J. Thelson 3 30
1682. Mary McCoy, examining Mary Hogan 3 30
1684. W. C. Sargent, Anna Hogan to Fergus Falls 54 25
1687. W. C. Sargent, Helena Holmes, to Fergus Falls 54 25
1689. F. C. Dening, examining Helena Holmes 9 90
1690. Chas. L. Codding, examining Helena Holmes 9 90
1692. S. H. Boyer, examining Mary Landrigan 3 30
1693. F. J. Patton, examining Mary Landrigan 3 30
1694. W. C. Sargent, John Thesen to Ferbus Falls 108 65
1695. W. H. Salter, examining F. J. Grant 3 30
1696. W. C. Sargent, F. J. Grant to Fergus Falls 54 25
1697. R. Graham, examining F. J. Grant 3 30
1698. J. J. Eklund, examination of Mary Hogan 3 30
1699. S. H. Boyer, examining Thos. Keegan 3 30
1700. F. J. Patton, examining Thos. Keegan 3 30
229. Miss Kate Davis, witness fees 1 12
233. Wm. Scott, conveyance 1 75
442. S. M. Stocker, M. D., examination 3 30
443. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
444. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
581. S. M. Stocker, M. D., examination 3 30
588. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 3 30
589. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 82 20
635. C. F. McComb, M. B., examination 3 30
874. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
1395. A. J. Horner, witness 7 20
1396. John Jonnson, witness 4 60
1499. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
1524. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 3 30
1525. Fred J. Patton, M. D., examination 3 30
1533. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
1622. J. A. McCuen, M. D., examination 3 30
1623. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 30
1632. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 59 25
1633. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 3 30
1653. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
1628. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
1923. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 30
2181. Chas. L. Codding, M. D., examination 3 20
2182. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
2193. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 72 55
2194. W. W. Routh, M. D., examination 3 30
2342. A. F. Ritchie, M. D., examination 3 30
2347. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
2348. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
2438. F. J. Patton, M. D., examination 3 30
2439. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
2584. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
2736. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
2737. Robt. Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
2772. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
2908. H. E. Skelton, services 12 75
2909. Jonas Waldin, witness 5 30
2912. Gust Schelin, witness 4 60
3070. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 3 30
3071. C. A. Stewart, M. D., examination 3 30
3111. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
3305. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 42 95
3319. S. M. Stocker, M. D., examination 3 30
3320. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
3629. C. A. Stewart, M. D., examination 3 30
3636. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 30
3639. J. E. Bowers, examination 3 30
3641. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 82 20
3649. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
3653. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
4206. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
4207. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
4488. C. L. Codding, M. D., examination 3 30
4489. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
5095. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5160. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
5163. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5214. W. W. Routh, M. D., examination 3 00
5235. F. J. Parker, M. D., examination 3 00
5243. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 00
5253. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 00
[illegible]. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 00
5257. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 00
5158. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 00
[illegible]. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5285. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5298. C. A. Stewart, M. D., examination 3 00
5299. J. B. Weston, M. D., examination 3 00
5333. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5486. H. E. Skelton, services 5 50
5679. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 30
5738. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5802. S. C. McCormick, M. D., examination 3 30
5804. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
5841. G. W. Davis, M. D., examination 3 30
5844. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5875. W. W. Routh, M. D., examination 3 30
5902. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
5938. W. W. Routh, M. D., examination 6 60
5939. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 6 60
5942. J. B. Weston, M. D., examination 3 30

Order No. Amount.
6037. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
6038. F. J. Patton, M. D., examination 3 30
6114. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6185. S. M. Stocker, M. D., examination 3 30
6195. A. J. Braden, M. D., examination
6205. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6222. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
6236. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6237. E. N. McGiffert, M. D., examination 3 30
6325. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6341. C. A. Stewart, M. D., examination 3 30
6342. C. F. McComb, M. D., examination 3 30
6363. J. E. Bowers, M. D., examination 3 30
6364. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
6607. F. J. Patton, M. D., examination 3 30
6615. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
6615. J. J. Eklund, M. D., examination 3 30
6629. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6642. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6666. W. W. Routh M. D., examination 3 30
6667. W. H. Salter, M. D., examination 3 30
[illegible]. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
6701. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6767. W. G. Goffe, M. D., examination 3 30
6792. Frank Barber, constable 2 00
6843. S. M. Stocker, M. D., examination 3 30
6844. Robert Graham, M. D., examination 3 30
[illegible]. F. J. Patton, M. D., examination 3 30
[illegible]. S. H. Boyer, M. D., examination 3 30
6867. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25
6896. Wm. C. Sargent, conveyance 54 25

Total probate court $ 2,937 19

CORONER.
1894. S. M. Stocker, autopsy $ 6 20
1895. Theodore Oakman, juror 2 20
7913. J. J. Eklund, fees 41 45
7914. Vivian Prince, deputy fees 71 55
7915. J. C. Pool, deputy fees 6 15
7916. C. W. Miller, autopsy 12 60
7917. Frank Wyman, constable 6 70
7918. Martin Welch, constable 17 00
7952. Joe Cash, constable 12 52
1896. F. B. Rassom, juror 2 20
1897. J. Wright, witness 1 12
1898. W. H. Ward, witness 1 12
1890. E. E. Burley, juror 2 20
1891. P. A. Coffee, juror 2 20
1892. Richard Pencil, witness 1 96
1893. J. A. McKenzie, witness 2 72
5774. W. W. Richardson, autopsy 6 00
1887. Frank Ainsley, juror 1 48
1888. Charles Johnson, juror 2 12
1889. William R. Babley, autopsy 6 20
1875. R. F. Berdie, juror fees 1 12
1876. C. W. Crockett, juror fees 3 20
1877. A. D. Smith, juror fees 1 12
1878. Joe Lamen, juror fees 1 12
1879. F. Sourick, witness 2 72
1880. John McCarthy, witness 1 00
1881. John Warn, witness 1 08
1882. Herman Schultz, witness 1 06
1883. Dr. F. J. Patton, autopsy fees 6 20
1884. E. J. Millet, juror 1 08
1885. W. E. Harwood, witness 1 06
1886. P. E. Dowling, witness 1 06
1863. Dr. A. C. Taylor, autopsy 6 20
1864. Dr. A. F. Ritchie, autopsy 6 20
1865. Dr. A. J. Braden, autopsy 6 20
1866. Dr. L. T. Pare, autopsy 6 20
1867. S. P. McAdam, juror 1 48
1868. J. B. McKinley, juror 1 48
1869. J. C. Campbell, juror 1 48
1870. M. F. Gueron, juror 1 48
1871. J. V. McKeurg, juror 1 06
1872. Angus Smith, juror 1 13
1873. S. Likve, juror 1 12
1874. Louis Malone, witness 1 06
7480. J. J. Eklund, coroner fees 54 25
7481. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner fees 25 00
1899. Bras Magnuson, juror 1 10
1900. William Frumhant, witness 1 10
1901. John Donahan, juror 1 10
1902. Olof Berglund, juror 1 10
1903. Ed Cody, juror 1 12
1904. Alex Knuckle, juror 1 12
1905. R. Maxwell, juror 1 12
1906. J. H. Haley, juror 1 05
1907. Henry W. Bently, witness 21 24
1908. W. H. Day, juror 1 12
1909. Fred Borkman, juror 1 12
1910. J. B. Connors, juror 1 12
1911. J. E. Mahan, juror 1 12
1912. Joe Gray, juror 1 05
1913. Jacob Schilin, juror 1 05
1914. Dr. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 6 20
1915. D. F. O Shunier, autopsy 6 20
1916. Emil Juntilia, witness 1 06
1917. Dr. F. J. Patton, autopsy 6 30
1918. Gust Barton, witness 1 00
1919. Charles Grumorow, witness 1 00
1920. William M. McDonald, witness 1 00
1927. Otto Haunula, witness 1 12
8162. S. H. Boyer, coroner 43 60
8163. G. N. Butchart, deputy coroner 12 85
8164. G. A. Tripp, deputy coroner 9 45
8165. J. C. Pover, deputy coroner 9 25
8166. D. C. Christopher, deputy coroner 5 21
8167. Owen Gately, constable 3 45
1921. O. Finnis, juror 1 10
1922. A. A. French, juror 1 10
1923. A. L. Bendetta, juror 1 10
1924. John Connors, juror 1 10
1925. William Eye, juror 1 10
1926. A. W. Devilier, juror 1 10
544. J. R. Eby, autopsy fees 6 20
602. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner's fees 79 40
648. Jos. F. Tibbetts, bringing remains of J. C. Leroy to Duluth 17 00
701. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner's fees 22 95
702. Thos. F. Brady, deputy coroner's fees 16 35
703. G. N. Butchard, deputy coroner's fees 14 05
778. D. C. Christopher, deputy coroner's fees 5 00
842. M. A. Nichols, juror 1 10
912. William Roney, juror 2 20
1007. F. P. Carey, juror 1 10
1061. J. B. Silbar, juror 1 10
1062. Joe Beleser, juror 1 10
1063. John Mewhinney, juror 1 10
1064. Wm. Beslow, juror 1 10
1138. Barra Pessette, juror 1 48
1213. S. J. Waller, witness 1 12
[illegible]. A. Duchane, witness 1 12
1215. T. M. McGuire, witness 1 12
1216. J. Kinney, witness 1 12
1217. C. Shumaker, witness 1 12
1270. Sol Sax, juror 1 12
1379. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner's fees 48 75
1380. G. N. Butchard, deputy coroner's fees 22 95
1381. Geo. A. Tripp, M. D., deputy coroner's fees 6 75
1382. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner's fees 5 45
1383. D. C. Christopher, deputy coroner's fees 6 50
1384. J. R. Ely, deputy coroner's fees 6 30
1447. O. Ericson, juror 1 12
1448. H. Killa, juror 1 12
1495. Patt Gannon, juror 2 50
1526. Mike Merriam, juror 1 12
1537. Nels Johnson, juror 2 50
[illegible]. W. V. Caldwell, juror 2 20
1595. W. T. Erwin, juror 1 06
1639. O. Barton, witness 1 00
1645. Mart Wilson, witness 1 12
1646. Wm. Flint, witness 1 12
1754. Dan Godfrey, juror 1 10
1874. P. A. Coffey, juror 2 50
1881. Sam Cook, juror 1 10
1924. S. Oberg, juror 2 50
1925. Chas. Harden, juror 1 10
[illegible]. Pat Slattery, juror 1 10
2068. Dr. S. H. Boyger, coroner 54 80
2069. Dr. Fred J. Patton, deputy 29 65
2070. D. C. Christopher, deputy 5 50
2071. D. C. Poole, deputy 5 95
2072. G. N. Butchard, deputy 23 40
2290. V. Prince, juror 2 50
2328. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 6 20
2329. Fred J. Patton, autopsy 6 20
[illegible]. Frank Wallin, juror 1 12
2331. John Olson, juror 1 10
2713. C. B. Lemont, M. D., autopsy 6 20
2720. Dr. Stuart Bates, autopsy 6 20
2734. W. D. Ellsworth, autopsy 1 06
2891. Fred J. Patton, deputy coroner 35 70
2892. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner 5 45
2893. G. N. Butchart, deputy coroner 23 44
2894. Durkan & Crawford, conveyance 13 55
3079. Mary Zettle, witness 1 00
3080. Blanch Rogers, witness 1 00
3081. Einar Casparson, witness 1 00
3082. Susan Schulsback, witness 1 00
3083. Alfred Johnson, witness 1 00

Order No. .... Amount.
3084. Mary Anderson, witness 1 00
3085. Anna Larson, witness 1 00
3132. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 6 20
3133. Fred J. Pattson, autopsy 6 20
3150. O. C. Nelson, witness 1 06
3151. C. H. Oliver, witness 1 06
3152. John Mitchell, witness 1 06
3153. H. W. Chase, witness 1 06
3271. William Oppel, witness 1 12
3376. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner fees 31 30
3377. Fred J. Patton, deputy coroner fees 16 95
3378. J. C. Pool, deputy coroner fees 16 25
3379. D. C. Christopher, deputy coroner fees 33 40
3380. G. W. Butchart, deputy coroner fees 7 65
3381. George A. Tripp, deputy coroner fees 5 25
3382. Herman Zimmerman, services 2 00
3383. J. E. Matson, services 2 00
3384. Pat Sullivan, constable fees 4 30
3720. Seth Johnson, witness 1 06
3721. Herman Kwoan, witness 1 06
3722. Erick Johnson, witness 1 06
3723. John Mattson, witness 1 06
3724. Henry Mattson 1 06
3775. P. H. Marion, juror 1 12
3823. Nick Witt, conveyance 5 00
3824. Durkan & Crawford, conveyance 16 90
3825. W. W. Howard, conveyance 10 00
3826. S. E. Grant, deputy coroner 16 50
3827. M E Gleason, deputy coroner 27 05
3828. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner fees 18 80
3829. Dr. F. J. Patton, depty coroner fees 18 05
3830. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner fees 30 49
4198. Willia Bradish, juror 1 12
4199. T. A. Thomas, juror 1 12
4256. James Deficpa, witness 1 72
4342. W. W. Richardson, witness 1 72
4482. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 6 80
4492. James Conta, witness 1 72
4493. Peter Peyla, witness 1 72
4494. Richard Corde, stenographer 1 00
4495. Fred A. Kioss, juror 1 00
4520. James Gandsey, juror 1 00
4539. R. L. Griffin, juror 1 00
4560. Dr. A. J. Braden, autopsy 6 60
4627. George Orr, witness 1 36
4628. S. Lekoe, witness 1 00
4643. L. W. Wilson, juror 1 06
4644. Matt Puttner, juror 1 06
4645. Fred Lattock, witness 1 30
4646. William Peterson, witness 1 30
4647. Matt Anderson, witness 1 30
4648. John Laksa, witness 1 30
4672. John Granum, witness 1 06
4673. William D. La Barre, autopsy 6 20
4719. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner's fees 60 25
4720. Fred J Patton, deputy 51 65
4721. J. C. Poole, deputy 11 65
4722. Dr. G. N. Butchart, deputy 49 30
4723. D. C. Christopher, deputy 17 00
4724. Dr. S. E. Grant, autopsy 11 20
4725. D. C. Gray, burial expenses 22 00
4726. John Mesberg, burial expenses 21 00
4727. W. C. Barrett, burial expenses 17 50
4728. Nat Nashlund, conveyance 5 00
4729. James F. Tibbets, conveyance 10 00
4730. J. W. Ryder, conveyance 35 00
4917. Dr. J. J. Donavan, autopsy 6 20
4971. Dr. Mary McCoy, autopsy 6 10
5125. Dan Wilson, witness 1 06
5161. Fred Quaty, witness 1 12
5162. Albert Kibby, witness 1 12
5213. C. A. Johnson, witness 1 20
5215. William Coss, witness 1 12
5216. James Bigelow, witness 1 12
5217. John Carroll, witness 1 12
5218. Dan Sullivan, witness 1 12
5219. G. W. Balkcom, witness 1 12
5226. Alex Crawford, juror 1 20
5227. W. H. Murray, juror 1 20
5229. N. Youngblood, juror 1 20
5230. F. E. Richie, witness 1 12
5231. Robert Johnson, witness 1 12
5232. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 6 20
5233. F. J. Patton, autopsy 6 20
5234. W. R. Bagley, autopsy 12 40
5236. Albert Johnson, witness 1 12
5237. John Lynch, witness 1 12
5238. John Grandmaison, witness 1 12
5247. Dan Morrison, witness 1 12
5248. K. H. Besteland, witness 1 06
5249. John Carter, witness 1 12
5252. M. Charboneau, witness 1 12
5256. Ed F. Krelwitz, juror 1 20
5261. R. S. Lerch, juror 1 20
5273. Edwin V. Bradley, juror 1 16
5274. C. E. Lundblad, witness 1 24
5286. C. W. Moore, witness 1 06
5288. Christ Swenley, witness 1 12
5289. Martin Welsh, juror 1 00
5290. Chancey Troyer, witness 1 12
5303. Don Irvin, witness 1 12
5305. T. M. Hamp, juror 1 22
5326. Nickoll Kari, juror 1 30
5328. S. L. Johnson, juror 1 22
5329. A. McDougall, juror 1 22
5330. Leo Eskamp, juror 1 22
5331. N. E. Powers, witness 1 16
5332. Frank P. Bostford, witness 1 16
5469. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner's fees 40 45
5470. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner fees 43 70
5471. Dr. G. W. Butchart, deputy coroner fees 11 50
5472. Dr. S. E. Grout, deputy coroner fees 17 05
5473. M. E. Gleason, deputy coroner fees 21 30
5474. C. E. Adams, attorney's fees coroner's inquest 23 20
5893. M. E. McCarthy, witness 1 16
5920. William N. Rowe, juror 1 16
5930. Richard Blight, juror 1 16
5962. S. M. Stocker, M. D., autopsy 6 20
6185. George Farmer, witness 1 12
6186. S. M. Stocker, M.D., autopsy 6 25
6312. F. C. Talboys, juror 1 06
6398. E. F. Field, juror 1 06
6412. E. Marcom, juror 1 12
6413. J. J. Cox, juror 1 00
6449. Dr. S. H. Boyer, coroner's fees 30 80
6450. Dr. Fred J. Patton, deputy coroner fees 16 45
6451. J. C. Poole, deputy coroner fees 11 45
6452. G. N. Butchart, deputy coroner fees 53 75
6453. C. D. Christopher, deputy coroner fees 15 75
6618. A. Weinzerl, juror 1 10
6619. M. Wilson, juror 1 10
6654. Charles C. Oppel, juror 1 10
6655. Willie Bradish, juror 1 10
6656. George Kenney, juror 1 10
6708. C. R. Keyes, autopsy 6 20
6720. Ed Miller, witness 1 10
6760. William De Le Barre, witness 1 10
6811. Dr. Balkcom, witness 1 10
6845. T. J. Nichols, witness 1 16

Total coroner's expenses ....$ 2,051 67

RECAPITULATION OF COUNTY REVENUE FUND.
Total salaries of officers and employes ....$ 62,991 89
Total light, fuel and repairs court house and jail 6,752 57
Total blank books and stationary 6,362 96
Total printing 5,995 44
Total miscellaneous expenses charged to county revenue 11,854 09
Total sheriff's fees and boarding county prisoners 21,732 94
Total wolf bounty 103 50
Total fire warden 164 80
Total municipal court expense 4,269 50
Total justice court expense 2,546 92
Total probate court expense 2,937 19
Total coroner's expense 2,051 67
$146,840 69
Total refunds charged to county revenue 5,545 15
$152,385 84
Outstanding and unpaid orders county revenue 1,086 58

COUNTY SPECIAL ROAD FUND.
RAILROAD STREET.
2108. Oscar Sitger, labor 16 00
2109. Eric Anola, labor 16 00
2110. Edgar Miller, labor 16 00
2111. Angus McMillen, labor 15 50
2112. Franc Winger, labor 1 50
2113. Clement Forbes, labor 6 00
2114. Angus McNeven, labor 30 00
2115. Henry Smith, labor 31 88
2116. Henry Smith, labor 30 00
2117. C. C. Chapman, labor 15 93
2118. W. D. Murray, labor 26 25
2119. Mechl Yettel, labor 14 00
2120. Ole Olson, labor 14 00
2121. Adolph Perry, labor 10 00
2122. F. Keen, labor 20 00
2931. Henry Smith, labor 69 27
2932. August McNevenen, labor 70 43
2933. W. D. Murray, labor 68 44
2934. Charles French, labor 58 12
2935. A. Thompson, labor 63 75
2936. N. McMillen, labor 5 62
2937. Pat Hughes, labor 4 69
2938. Oscar Sitgar, labor 34 50
2939. Eric Antla, labor 37 00
2940. August McMillen, labor 18 00
2941. Edgar Millen, labor 37 00
2942. Michael Zettell, labor 37 00
2943. Ole Olson, labor 37 00
2944. Oliver Doster, labor 37 00
2945. H. Anderson, labor 18 50
2946. Freeman Keen, labor 50 00
2947. Thomas Wallace, labor 2 00
2948. Wm. Perry, labor 2 00

Order No. .... Amount.
2949. Henry Smith, labor 69 27
Total Railroad street $982 65

McDONALD ROAD.
4843. D. J. McDonald, labor ....$ 32 68
4844. D. J. McDonald, labor 20 00
4845. D. J. McDonald, labor 25 00
4846. Wm. McLeod, labor 16 00
4847. Henry Engstrand, labor 2 05
4848. Oscar Swenson, labor 7 15
4849. Hans Olson, labor 7 77
4850. Frederick Langford, labor 10 87
4851. Patrick Meredith, labor 10 87
4852. Angus McKinnon, labor 10 87
4853. Geo. Ross, labor 12 87
4854. Wm. Ross, labor 12 87
5751. Patrick Langford, labor 26 00
5752. H. Engstrand, labor 14 59
5753. John McDonald, labor 18 00
5754. John Cameron, labor 12 74
5755. John Olson, labor 10 00
5756. O. Larson, labor 10 00
5757. Chas. Larson, labor 10 00
5758. Jos. Lyons, labor 12 35
5760. W. D. McLeod, labor 36 00
5761. D. J. McDonald, labor 56 25
5762. D. J. McDonald, labor 66 00
5763. D. J. McDonald, boarding men 56 89
5759. F. Smith, labor 43
Total ....$ 498 25

CULVER ROAD.
7695. O. Simonds, labor ....$ 9 00
7693. Frank Petski, labor 4 00
7688. Alfred Sandberg, labor 6 00
7689. H. Halden, labor 4 50
7690. Nick Linkstead, labor 8 50
7686. Otto Simondson, foreman 13 75
7687. Nick Olson, labor 11 00
7691. B. F. Peterson, team 6 00
7694. L. P. Larson, labor 11 00
27. M. McDonald, labor 18 00
28. M. McDonald, labor 16 50
30. C. W. Jeffrey, boarding men 9 09

CULAN ROAD.
262. J. J. Hahn, labor 1 00
5717. Christ Boland, labor 24 00
5718. C. F. Carlson, labor 24 00
5719. Elias Ellason, labor 24 00
5720. John Peterson, labor 68 00
5721. Sander N. Peterson, labor 24 00
5722. Robert Parkins, labor 22 50
5723. Ben Hanson, labor 56 00
5724. C. E. Peterson, labor 9 00
5725. Otto Simonson, labor 14 75
5726. Gust Carlson, labor 8 25
5727. John Peterson, labor 40 00
5728. John Peterson, labor 44 50
5729. Robert Parkins, labor 3 00
5730. Christ Boland, labor 3 00
5731. C. F. Carlson, labor 3 00
5732. Elias Ellason, labor 3 00
5723. Otto Simonson, labor 4 00
5734. Sanders N. Peterson, labor 3 00
5735. John Peterson, labor 5 00
5736. John Peterson, labor 8 00
5737. John Peterson, labor 5 00
5739. Otto Simonsin, labor 31 25
5740. Aug. Johnson, labor 19 77
5741. E. Nelson, labor 19 77
5742. August Carlson, labor 18 90
5743. Carl Peterson, labor 7 87
5744. B. Wintergust, labor 32 00
5745. Carl Eklund, labor 6 12
5746. P. M. Nord, labor 87
5747. A. Pearson, labor 16 00
5748. Hans Ness, labor 15 75
5749. John Johnson, labor 11 90
5750. C. Peterson, labor 24 00
6500. Benson & Rosin, lumber 18 34
6506. Otto Simonsin, labor 22 50
6507. Aug Johnson, labor 14 00
6508. A. Carlson, labor 12 25
6509. Hans Ness, labor 8 75
6510. Carl Peterson, labor 10 50
6511. E. Nelson, labor 2 62
6512. Julius Johnson, labor 5 25
5503. John Peterson, dynamite 3 00
Total Culver road ....$ 815 66

HERMANTOWN ROAD.
3888. Kelly Hardware company, hardware 10 10
4059. M. Hanson, labor 1 00
4060. E. P. Engren, labor 23 20
4061. A. Johnson, labor 3 00
4062. J. Erickson, labor 17 35
4063. Martin Anderson, labor 5 20
4064. John Whelan, labor 12 85
4065. S. Peterson, labor 11 35
4066. William Whittan, labor 14 20
4067. E. B. Engren, labor 32 50
4068. E. B. Engren, labor 14 40
4069. M. Reedy, labor 20 20
4070. John Deminsky, labor 15 20
4071. L. Barrie, labor 14 35
4762. Duluth Hardware company, tools 3 25
4763. S. J. Pringle, blacksmithing 2 30
4764. E. B. Engren, labor 4 00
4811. E. B. Engren, labor 7 60
4812. Gust Pearson, labor 10 50
4813. Albert Halmberg, labor 18 20
4814. Charles Swanson, labor 9 62
4815. John Diminsky, labor 18 75
4816. F. Engren, labor 16 62
4817. And Johnson, labor 17 62
4818. Olaf Shirley, labor 5 62
4819. William Whittan, labor 7 87
4820. Arthur Wentzloff, labor 7 87
4821. N. P. Johnson, labor 12 00
4822. Aaron Lundgren, labor 8 21
4823. C. G. Snaff, labor 9 62
4824. Lewis Larson, labor 18 00
4825. Joe Miller, labor 7 87
4826. William Wittam, labor 5 00
4827. Arthur Wentzloff, labor 5 00
4828. Gust Pearson, labor 10 00
4829. Albert Holmberg, labor 8 00
4830. Charles Swanson, labor 10 00
4831. John Diminsky, labor 10 00
4832. F. Engren, labor 6 60
4833. And Johnson, labor 10 00
4834. Olaf Shirley, labor 12 00
4835. E. B. Engren, labor 74 00
4836. E. B. Engren, labor 45 75
Total Hermantown road ....$ 604 07

CRANE LAKE ROAD.
14. Tobin Fish, labor 10
21. Erick Strandberg, labor 90
86. Fred Ratta, labor 25
3406. William Doyle, labor 31 90
3407. William Doyle, labor 25 50
3408. Merd Peck, labor 23 62
3409. Peter Ruppa, labor 10 12
3410. Henry Johnson, labor 10 12
3411. John Matt, labor 10 12
3412. Oscar Johnson, labor 10 12
3884. W. H. Congdon & Son, material 11 00
4760. Poirier & Nordstrom, tents 57 00
Total $190 25

PROCTORKNOTT ROAD.
7964. Aug. Hall, hauling tools 4 00
75. Emil Helmer, labor 1 50
5541. Aug. Stark, labor 14 00
5542. And. Gulbranson, labor 27 50
5543. And. Johnson, labor 7 00
5544. C. D. Johnson, labor 7 00
5545. Alfred Johnson, labor 12 25
5546. Emil Helmer, labor 6 13
5547. V. Helmer, labor 17 50
5548. Ole Strom, labor 7 00
5549. C. G. Johnson, labor 5 25
5550. John Johnson, labor 14 00
5551. O. Swanstrom, labor 15 75
5552. O. Farm, labor 14 00
5553. Charley Stark, labor 8 75
5554. Swan Larson, labor 8 75
5555. G. Gulbranson, labor 10 50
5556. John Zibatt, labor 7 00
5557. Eric Gulbranson, labor 40 00
5558. O. Gulbranson, labor 36 00
5559. Peter Gulbranson, labor 38 00
5560. Anton Hardson, labor 36 00
5561. And. Johnson, labor 12 00
5562. C. D. Johnson, labor 12 00
5563. Emil Helmer, labor 12 00
5564. Ole Strom, labor 11 20
5565. C. G. Johnson, labor 12 00
5566. C. F. Johnson, labor 8 00
Total ....$ 405 08

INDEPENDENCE ROAD.
7965. L. T. Hawkins, hauling tools ....$ 4 00
7653. Kelly Hardware company, hardware 2 35
247. Alfred Austad, labor 16 00
248. A. Bjerkeland, labor 6 00
249. Alfred Bjerkeland, labor 19 00
250. Chas. Gustafson, labor 13 00
251. L. T. Haakinson, labor 30 00
252. F. Kahlmy, labor 16 00
253. L. T. Haakinson, labor 12 00
254. Otto Kuhlway, labor 3 00
255. Ernest Kuhlway, labor 22 00
256. Isaac Nelson, labor 6 00
257. Stance Swartz, labor 24 00
258. Walter Swartz, labor 13 00
259. Stance Swartz, labor 1 00
2152. L. T. Haakinson, labor 56 25
2153. Ernest Kuhlmey, labor 26 00
2154. Fred Kuhlmey, labor 37 00
2155. Alfred Bjerkeland, labor 31 00
2156. A. Bjerkeland, labor 18 00
2157. Alfred Austad, labor 31 00
2158. Anton Lakke, labor 33 00
2159. Hans Lakke, labor 18 65
2160. Walter Swartz, labor 11 00
2161. Otto Kuhlmey, labor 20 00
2162. Olaf Stenstad, labor 26 00
2163. Jan Norbeck, labor 9 50
2164. August Carlson, labor 12 00
2165. Axel Gustafson, labor 12 00
2166. L. T. Haakinson, labor 48 00
2167. Stan Swartz, labor 22 00
2168. And Broberg, labor 46 00
2169. L. T. Haakinson, labor 10 85
Total ....$ 653 60

ST. LOUIS RIVER ROAD.
7701. Aug. Johnson, labor 2 00
7658. Wieland & Wade, tools 17 17
7700. Aug. Stark, labor 2 00
6790. Charles D. Johnson, labor 4 00
6794. H. P. Peterson, labor 6 00
7696. Charles Stark, labor 5 06
7697. Aaron Stark, labor 4 00
7966. Charles Stark, lumber 15 00

Order No. .... Amount.
[illegible]. John E. Johnson, labor 2 00
[illegible]. Oscar Erickson, labor 4 00
Total $61 17

WHITE FACE RIVER ROAD.
468. H. Pearson, labor, 1900 50

GRAND LAKE ROAD.
8212. E. L. Bean, labor ....$ 12 00
8213. Eli L. Bean, labor 8 00
8211. Henry Rena, labor 12 00
354. Z. John, labor 21 90
Total ....$ 51 90

NORMANNA ROAD.
7244. A. Solen, labor ....$ 9 50
7670. Art Olson, labor 17 50
7671. J. B. Johnson, labor 14 00
7678. Charles Hogan labor 16 00
7674. S. Larsen, labor 17 00
7650. R. McDonald, labor 26 00
7672. A. Anderson, labor 17 00
7673. Jens Anderson, labor 17 00
7675. A. Hjelen, labor 24 00
7676. A. Roning, labor 17 00
7669. Peter Fladen, labor 16 50
7236. Peter Fladen, labor 16 50
7668. R. McDonald, foreman 32 50
7679. F. B. Sherman, labor 13 00
7681. F. B. Sherman, labor 8 00
189. John Nowezke, labor 5 50
266. R. McDonald, labor 40
Total $267 40

HOWARD AND GNESEN ROAD.
67. Stanley Musolf, labor 25
69. John Musolf, labor 25
78. John Sands, labor 75
79. E. A. Thomas, labor 1 30
80. Sam Wilson, labor 70
83. John McMillan, labor 13 00
84. Joe Wells, labor 18 50
4084. J. Stephen, labor 3 40
4085. Frank Mox, boarding men 84 45
4086. S. Miller, labor 15 70
4087. J. Finski, labor 4 00
4088. W. Tobala, labor 27 20
4089. P. Traeder, labor 25 15
4090. V. Wilonesky, labor 1 40
4091. W. Sobezyk, labor 75
4092. George W. Marcineak, labor 2 00
4093. J. Joski, labor 5 00
4094. L. Sabozyk, labor 12 15
4095. J. Kubiki, labor 10 85
4096. J. Jokubieke 12 70
4097. J. Dulinsky, labor 12 30
4098. P. Miller, labor 12 30
4099. John Kubiki, labor 1 40
4100. C. Grazkowsky, labor 2 00
4101. M. Lucas, labor 2 00
4102. S. Koziarek, labor 1 00
4103. I. Sobezyk, labor 2 00
4104. A. Kujawa, labor 2 00
4105. Paul Miller, labor 2 00
4106. J. Dulinsky, labor 2 00
4107. P. Stantz, labor 2 85
4108. Mrs. Mary Mox, labor .... 30 [illegible]
4109. George Traeder, labor 1 40
4110. J. Jukubiek, labor 1 40
4111. W. Tobola, labor 1 40
4112. John Maciniak, labor 9 40
4113. J. Tarnowsky, labor 2 00
4114. George W. Marciniak, labor 4 85
4115. Thomas Sobezyk, labor 1 40
4116. Frank Max, labor 45 00
4117. Toney Lepak, labor 1 40
4118. George Joski, labor 8 00
4119. F. J. Lepak, labor 18 30
4120. B. Welzorek, labor 16 85
4855. John Jazdzewski, labor 6 00
4856. Frank Mox, boarding men 34 55
4857. Peter Traedu, labor 18 90
4858. W. Tabala, labor 19 00
4859. Martin Neczgoda, labor 3 00
4860. George W. Marcinak, labor 2 00
4861. Michael Kunjawa, labor 1 00
4862. Frank Mox, labor 15 00
4863. Ignace Jazdzewski, labor 7 25
4864. John Jakubik, labor 7 00
4865. George W. Marciniak, labor 5 60
4866. Joseph Dulinski, labor 7 00
4867. Paul Miller, labor 6 75
4868. John Kubicki, labor 3 95
4869. John Marciniak, labor 4 25
4870. Louis Sobzyk, labor 9 00
4871. Mrs. Mary Mox, labor 12 00
4872. F. J. Lepak, labor 8 00
4873. B. Wisegoreck, labor 7 75
Total ....$ 600 75

WEST KNIFE RIVER ROAD.
3404. Kelley Hardware company, dynamite, etc 37 95
3405. L. K. Daugherty, tools, etc 21 30
3437. C. Rosen, labor 81 52
3438. John Brown, labor 1 62
3439. A. Swanson, labor 9 81
3440. Lewis App, labor 2 24
3441. O. Swanson, labor 11 50
3442. A. Soldahl, labor 11 40
3443. K. Johnson, labor 9 37
3444. John F. Johnson, labor 9 97
3445. Hans Olson, labor 13 54
3446. William Johnson, labor 12 45
3447. Ernest Johnson, labor 12 67
3448. Herman Boy, labor 12 02
3449. A. Larrivee, labor 18 73
3450. R. S. Postal, labor 17 60
3451. William McLeod, labor 17 16
3452. H. Halvorsen, labor 45 60
3453. C. Rosen, labor 42 50
3888. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 54 11
4146. Charles Rosen, boarding men 164 48
4147. Alex McDonald, labor 1 43
4148. William McLeod, labor 36 23
4149. H. Engstrom, labor 35 90
4150. John Patterson, labor 20 42
4151. John Burgeson, labor 21 17
4152. A. McKinnon, labor 1 43
4153. A. Salvahl, labor 28 61
4154. Ernest Johnson, labor 25 61
4155. H. E. Olson, labor 28 73
4156. O. Swanson, labor 22 30
4157. Alfred Swanson, labor 57 91
4158. Charles Rosen, labor 67 50
4159. H. Halvorsen, labor 84 60
4160. A. Larive, labor 37 56
4161. John F. Johnson, labor 29 61
4162. Knute Johnson, labor 29 61
4795. Charles Rosen, boarding men 81 32
4796. H. E. Olson, labor 14 00
4797. H. Halvorson, labor 24 00
4798. Joseph Brown, labor 7 87
4799. H. Engstrom, labor 20 31
4800. H. E. Olson, labor 19 45
4801. A. Swanson, labor 36 29
4802. H. Halvorson, labor 53 92
4803. Oscar Swanson, labor 16 44
4804. Erick Lindgren, labor 20 81
4805. William McLeod, labor 19 88
4806. William McLeod, labor 19 00
4807. Alex McDonald, labor 18 88
4808. Angus McKinnon, labor 19 88
4809. O. Larrive, labor 22 45
4810. Charles Rosen, labor 67 50
5502. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 2 25
Total $1,598 11

THOMPSON ROAD
241. Charley Anderson, labor 16 00
4758. Oscar M. Lackie, dynamite, etc 13 10
4948. Axel Peterson, labor 16 00
4949. Olof Larson, labor 10 50
4950. Charles Johnson, labor 8 00
4951. Charles Stack, labor 7 00
4952. Oscar Erickson, labor 8 75
4953. P. E. Nordin, labor 8 75
4954. A. Shird, labor 9 63
4955. O. A. Farm, labor 8 32
4956. John Peterson, labor 11 38
4957. August Anderson, labor 27 00
4958. A. Berg, labor 8 75
4959. A. Magnussen, labor 7 88
4960. A. Lind, labor 10 50
4961. C. J. Gronquist, labor 10 50
4962. S. M. Samuelsen, labor 8 75
4963. C. A. Gronquist, labor 9 63
4964. R. Samuelson, labor 24 00
4965. G. A. Thorberg, labor 24 00
4966. N. Malmsten, labor 10 50
4967. L. P. Tharberg, labor 10 50
4968. W. Peterson, labor 12 25
4969. A. G. Peterson, labor 8 75
4970. O. M. Lackie, labor 25 00
Total $315 44

BYRNE ROAD.
49. W. Byrne, labor 40
4929. Nat N. Naslund, labor 21 37
4930. H. Graden, labor 4 00
4931. Nat N. Naslund, labor 27 00
4932. Magnus Bergvall, labor 14 00
4933. Helmer Gradin, labor 9 00
4934. Helmer Gradin, labor 14 87
4935. Sam Silwan, labor 14 00
4936. O. -. Willner, labor 17 50
4937. And Nashlund, labor 19 25
4938. W. F. Sheldon, labor 11 37
4939. Emil Johnson, labor 5 25
4940. Wm. Hill, labor 17 50
4941. Otto Anderson, labor 17 50
4942. Nestor Salin, labor 17 50
4943. Charley Stenlund, labor 17 50
4944. Herman Konsterl, labor 17 50
4945. And Stenlund, labor 15 75
4946. August Gradin, labor 19 25
4947. John Gradin, labor 19 25
Total ....$ 299 76

VERMILION ROAD.
62. P. Johnson ....$ 75
3886. Robert Thompson, tools 10 00
3923. Robert Thompson, labor 87 50
3924. H. G. Hipplar, labor 37 50
3925. I. Johnston, labor 28 20
[illegible]. Joe Demars, labor 19 50
3927. A. Lapoint, labor 39 00
3928. Paul Schulz, labor 9 70
3929. W. Gilroy 14 50
3930. R. Thompson, labor 64 70
3931. J. D. Right, labor 13 50
[illegible]. John Wahlin, labor 43 95
3933. I. Demars, labor 6 40
[illegible]. R. Thompson, boarding men 198 79
3935. I. McIntire, labor 22 20
3936. Charley Smith, labor 10 03
3937. John Donahue, labor 45 50
3938. Herman Schultz, labor 18 70
3938. Thomas Montcraff, labor 43 30
3940. R. Thompson, labor 61 50

Order No. .... Amount.
[illegible]. Mike Enright, labor 51 30
3942. P. Leighton, labor 11 50
[illegible]43. P. Leighton, labor 10 25
3944. John Anderson, labor 43 15
3945. And Peterson, labor 45 00
3946. Henry Rusland, labor 10 00
3947. P. Peupps, labor 10 08
5504. Robert Thompson, labor 5 00
Total ....$ 961 25

RICE LAKE ROAD.
7714. William Totato, labor ....$ 17 00
7709. John Eva, labor 6 00
7716. Turnaski, labor 9 00
7722. Walter Jasper, labor 2 00
7708. Max Stafen, labor 12 00
7655. L. K. Daugherty, tools 11 00
7706. George Frardy, labor 19 00
7711. Simon, Kozirck, labor 6 00
7715. Martin Loele, labor 10 00
7724. John Jaski, labor 8 00
7728. Brono Mucorck, labor 1 00
7729. George Jaska, labor 1 00
20. William Smith, labor 9 65
70. John Matson, labor 65
71. Herman Korji, labor 65
76. Joe Davidson, labor 65
77. Peter Hartman, labor 1 75
87. G. Kelgren, labor 1 50
92. V. Larson 1 50
97. J. Aas, labor 1 50
72. C. Johnson, labor 4 37
111. P. Blomquist, labor 75
117. William Barnard, labor 2 00
3405. L. K. Daugherty, tools 5 35
3454. F. Mox, boarding men 76 85
3455. Joseph Szzpanski, labor 20 00
3456. John Joski, labor 33 15
3457. F. Mox, labor 42 50
3458. Louis Sobszyk, labor 4 00
3459. Paul Miller, labor 3 10
3460. John Kubike, labor 2 00
3461. W. Sobezyk, labor 4 00
3462. W. Nezgatha, labor 4 00
3463. Mrs. F. Mox, labor 20 00
3464. P. Stantz, labor 8 00
3465. John Marciniak, labor 7 05
3466. S. Louis, labor 9 40
3467. Tony Lepak, labor 8 00
3468. Geo. Traider, labor 8 00
3469. Julius Tornowsky, labor 8 00
3470. M. Tobala, labor 8 85
3471. Thos. Sobozzk, labor 10 30
3472. Geo. W. Marciniak, labor 16 00
3473. F. J. Lepak, labor 11 00
3474. George Jaski, labor 13 15
3475. B. Weiczorck, labor 13 15
4121. Joseph Dulinski, labor 1 00
4122. L. Marciniak, labor 2 00
4123. John Joski, labor 10 25
4124. Simon Miller, labor 10 00
4125. John Finski, labor 10 00
4126. Frank Mox, labor 28 99
4127. Mrs. Mary Mox, labor 6 00
4128. J. Jakubick, labor 3 45
4129. Paul Miller, labor 6 00
4130. John Kubiki, labor 4 25
4131. A. Kujawa, labor 5 00
4132. C. Graczkowsky, labor 4 00
4133. Julius Tomowsky, labor 5 60
4134. I. Sobchyk, labor 6 00
4135. Geo. Joski, labor 2 85
4136. Geo. Traeder, labor 4 25
4137. P. Stantz, labor 5 60
4138. John Marciniak, labor 4 25
4139. Tony Lepak, labor 4 25
4140. Thos. Sobczyk, labor 4 25
4141. Frank Mox, labor 22 50
4142. Geo. W. Marciniak, labor 4 25
4143. Wm. Tobala, labor 4 25
4144. F. J. Lepak, labor 12 30
4145. B. Wleczorck, labor 12 30
Total ....$ 644 52

SWAN LAKE ROAD.
31. Charley Mell, labor ....$ 2 00
57. O. Hall, labor 2 00
61. M. A. Snyder, labor 7 50
89. Nels Wuatilla, labor 2 20
90. Aug. Sippla, labor 1 00
91. Charles Peterson, labor 1 10
61. K. Snyder, labor 3 00
106. J. Luoma, labor 5 00
140. John Peterson, labor 1 20
196. John Waara, labor 5 00
7962. A. A. Hall, tools 5 00
4072. H. Hanson, labor 48 00
4073. H. Hanson, labor 30 00
4074. Frank Pederson, labor 6 00
4075. Henry Hanson, boarding men 26 97
4076. E. Helmer, labor 12 00
4077. H. P. Stuperud, labor 14 00
4078. F. Pederson, labor 17 80
4079. B. Hanson, labor 20 00
4080. Carl G. Bredergon, labor 14 41
4081. E. Matson, labor 14 50
4082. H. Torgeson, labor 12 66
4083. Christ Hanson, labor 13 66
4759. Duluth Hardware company, tools 3 25
4883. Henry Hanson, boarding men 28 93
4884. Henry Hanson, labor 64 00
4885. H. P. Stuperud, labor 17 22
4886. Oscar Hanson, labor 20 00
4887. Carl Brinteson, labor 14 75
4888. Henry Hanson, labor 14 90
4889. Hans Torgeson, labor 8 90
4890. Edward Hanson, labor 10 50
4891. Doss Hood, labor 9 05
4892. Helmer Hanson, labor 12 00
4893. Henry Hanson, labor 40 00
4894. Bill Hanson, labor 26 25
5707. S. G. Johnson, labor 13 12
5708. Alfred Norling, labor 10 50
5709. Frank Johnson, labor 5 25
5710. And. Johnson, labor 9 63
5711. Otto Dahl, labor 10 50
5712. Matt Pury, labor 7 00
5713. Nels Paulson, labor 3 50
5714. M. Moe, labor 9 62
5715. Charles Tustafson, labor 10 04
5716. Gust Benson, labor 6 00
6503. F. A. Trolander, labor 1 16
6504. Coolidge B. H. & Co., material 3 96
6513. Henry Johnson, labor 25 60
6514. Geo. Johnson, labor 44 00
6515. David Moore, labor 36 00
6516. Mike Anderson, labor 18 00
6517. John Raichala, labor 20 00
6518. Frank Snyder, labor 18 00
6519. Ole Landgren, labor 18 00
6520. And Simi, labor 20 00
6521. John Simi, labor 32 00
6522. Wm. Gustafson, labor 18 00
6523. Matt Simi, labor 18 00
6524. Aug Perkey, labor 18 00
6525. M. Kosky, labor 18 00
6526. John Pesch, labor 18 50
6527. John Hill, labor 4 00
6528. Sam Heikkila, labor 9 00
6529. John Mattson, labor 12 00
6530. J. D. Moore, labor 28 00
6531. Paul Prue, labor 24 00
6532. Peter Hendrickson, labor 14 00
6533. S. G. Johnson, labor 50 00
6534. Alfred Nordling, labor 81 95
6535. Frank Johnson, labor 11 38
6536. And Johnson, labor 19 25
6537. Otto Dahl, labor 29 75
6538. Martin Moe, labor 12 25
6540. Matt Perry, labor 10 50
6541. Christ Mattson, labor 30 63
6542. Chas. Gustafson, labor 18 82
6543. Nils Paulson, labor 5 25
6544. Matt Perry, labor 20 01
6545. Gust Benson, labor 3 00
6546. C. L. Edwards, labor 8 00
6547. Frank Johnson, labor 16 00
6548. L. B. Asbjornson, labor 2 00
6549. Bernt Bentson, labor 16 00
6550. F. A. Trolander, labor 12 00
6551. S. G. Johnson, labor 3 75
6539. Mike Kwapick, labor 14 00
Total ....$ 1,347 56

SAVANNA ROAD.
2123. August Wontilla, labor ....$ 2 50
2124. August Wontilla, labor 10 00
2125. K. Johnson, labor 2 90
2126. K. Johnson, labor 8 00
2127. J. Pentilla, labor 6 00
2128. J. Paythar, labor 7 00
2129. Chas. Wensrom, labor 3 00
2130. Matt Jaki, labor 2 00
2131. J. Yligongos, labor 2 00
2132. Nels Takkuna, labor 2 00
2133. August Wontilla, labor 4 00
3413. J. Huskari, labor 7 50
3414. J. Holmes, labor 7 50
3415. J. Jutberg, labor 6 50
3416. Nels Tookunen, labor 4 00
3417. -. Kentilla, labor 12 00
3418. Chas. Wenstrom, labor 9 50
3419. A. Halskari, labor 9 50
3420. A. Laumonen, labor 11 50
3421. J. Smith, labor 11 50
3422. A. Kleimala, labor 11 50
3423. August Woutilla, labor 15 00
3887. Coolidge B. H. & Co., tools 1 00
4163. N. Jakkunen, labor 4 00
4164. N. Jakkunen, labor 2 00
4165. Chas. Wenstrom, labor 13 90
4166. Dan Danielson, labor 10 00
4167. N. Johnson, labor 10 00
4168. J. Gatthuk, labor 6 00
4169. C. Wenstrom, labor 5 00
4170. Isaak Kurtilla, labor 14 00
4171. J. Holmes, labor 14 60
4172. Otto Swan, labor 12 00
4173. Aug. Wuotilla, labor 17 50
4174. A. Kleimala, labor 14 00
4175. John Smith, labor 14 00
4176. A. LaNonen, labor 12 00
Total ....$ 302 00

SWAN LAKE CUT OFF.
2134. And. Pederson, labor 36 25
2135. Frank L. Pederson, labor 44 00
2136. Hans Torgeson, labor 18 98
2137. S. W. Pederson, labor 25 80
2138. A. Platt, labor 7 10
2139. Carl Brintson, labor 18 10
2140. O. G. Brintson, labor 16 30
2141. Charley Olson, labor 16 64
2142. H. Stuperud, labor 18 30
2143. And. Johnson, labor 17 48
2144. H. Butler, labor 12 86
2145. H. Hanson, labor 20 36
2146. C. Powell, labor 2 00

Order No. .... Amount.
2147. And. Pederson, labor 39 78
Total $293 85

MAPLE GROVE ROAD.
7223. E. Felbiger, tools 14 75
7308. Otton Busch, labor 9 00
7315. Otto Busch, labor 35 00
33. M. McDonald, labor 19 50
34. M. McDonald, labor 10 50
37. A. Miller, labor 2 00
5656. Otto Zibott, labor 63 12
5657. Paul Brown, labor 21 05
5658. L. Manski, labor 26 63
5660. Arthur Wentzloff, labor 7 00
5660. V. Neld, labor 17 05
5661. H. Mitke, labor 24 05
5662. G. Hollander, labor 14 87
5663. Otto Bush, labor 31 38
5664. F. Kholts, labor 15 75
5665. C. Miller, labor 1 75
5666. John Johnson, labor 30 18
5667. Geo. Goppinger, labor 18 80
5668. Howard Flahau, labor 8 75
5669. H. Stebner, labor 6 55
5670. E. Missahl, labor 11 80
5671. Wm. Hollander, labor 24 00
5672. Joe Acker, labor 26 00
5673. Wm. Stebner, labor 26 00
5674. Nick Unden, labor 23 00
5675. Aug. Reinke, labor 46 00
5676. Christ Missahl, labor 19 00
5677. Herman Stebner, labor 28 00
Total ....$ 583 08

MIDWAY ROAD.
4777. Jacob Maunee, labor ....$ 12 25
4778. Ale Peter, labor 10 50
4779. Frank Hendrickson, labor 1 75
4780. Matt Claymola, labor 12 25
4781. Adolph Lehta, labor 13 13
4782. F. Roberts, labor 14 00
4783. Adolph Norlund, labor 14 00
4784. John Knuntinen, labor 14 00
4785. Alfred Kippa, labor 14 00
4786. Leander Kippa, labor 14 00
4787. Matt Kauppi, labor 14 00
4788. And Karpala, labor 14 00
4789. Henry Dartti, labor 1 75
4790. Mike Erickson, labor 14 00
4791. Chas. Hendrickson, labor 12 00
4792. Henry Dorffie, labor 12 00
4793. Erick E. Anderson, labor 16 60
48.. John F. Anderson, labor 22 50
5644. John F. Anderson, labor 12 50
5645. Mike Erickson, labor 7 00
5646. And Karpala, labor 7 00
5647. Matt Kauppi, labor 7 00
5648. Leander Kippa, labor 7 00
5649. Alfred Kippa, labor 1 75
5650. John Kunntinen, labor 5 25
5651. Adolph Norlund, labor 2 63
5652. Adolph Lehto, labor 7 00
5653. Matt Claymala, labor 7 00
5655. Jacob Mannu, labor 7 00
5654. Erick E. Anderson, labor 2 00
Total ....$ 299 26

GRAND ROAD.
6895. Eric Stresson, labor 28 00
3965. Mike Maxwell, labor 12 00
3966. Gust Swanson, labor 7 00
3967. Robert Manley, labor 6 00
3968. George Ryan, labor 6 00
3969. William Hachnki, labor 12 50
3970. Mike Kohler, labor 19 00
3971. Frank McClusky, labor 10 00
3972. Gust Hall, labor 10 00
3973. Charles Pugh, labor 6 00
4761. E. M. Osborn, dynamite 10 50
5505. E. M. Osborn, dynamite 22 25
5776. William Haehnke, labor 50 00
5777. Mike Kohler, labor 48 00
5778. Mike Kohler, labor 32 00
5779. Gust Hall, labor 22 00
5780. Gust Hall, labor 10 00
5781. Frank McClusky, labor 13 60
5782. Frank McClusky, labor 14 00
5783. Mike Maxwell, labor 62 00
5784. Robert Meadley, labor 28 00
5785. Charles Pugh, labor 39 50
5786. John Mack, labor 3 00
5787. John Stark, labor 35 00
5788. Mike Prie, labor 19 00
5789. M. Van Baskerk, labor 2 00
5790. Frank Kerche, labor 37 00
5791. George Hegner, labor 8 00
5792. George Hegner, labor 15 00
5793. Gust Swenson, labor 20 00
5794. George Ryan, labor 11 00
5795. J. Barrow, labor 2 00
5796. J. Barrow, labor 2 00
6499. E. M. Osborn, dynamite 8 50
Total $630 25

SEVILLE ROAD.
5681. Jacob Weetz, labor ....$ 18 75
5682. Wm. Zillmer, labor 10 50
5683. Victor Johnson, labor 11 37
5684. J. P. Johnson, labor 11 37
5685. John Monson, labor 10 50
5686. Thore Nelson, labor 10 50
5687. Peter Hanson, labor 9 13
5688. Henry Hanson, labor 12 00
5689. Mike Mogwan, labor 5 25
Total ....$ 99 43

IRON JUNCTION AND EVELETH ROAD.
7322. Gust Borg, foreman ....$ 27 50
7324. Christ Olson, labor 26 50
7325. Peter Freberg, labor 2 00
7331. Geo. Larson, labor 22 00
7683. Gust Borg, foreman 5 00
7684. Chas. Anderson, labor 4 00
7685. Martin Sophany, labor 3 50
4896. Chas. Anderson, labor 8 00
4897. Gust Borg, labor 10 50
4898. Paul Jackapsaa, labor 10 50
4899. P. Fitzpatrick, labor 17 50
4900. John Wleberg, labor 15 30
4901. Erick Peterson, labor 14 87
4902. Sam Johnson, labor 17 50
4903. Ole Hahnsten, labor 15 75
4904. Anton Gunderson, labor 17 50
4905. August Shedin, labor 28 00
4906. Albert Molin, labor 29 75
4907. Christ Olson, labor 29 75
4908. Erick Runberg, labor 29 75
4909. Chas. Anderson, labor 21 00
4910. Louis Ost, labor 29 75
4911. Gord Larson, labor 68 00
4912. Chris Carlson, labor 70 00
4913. Chris Carlson, labor 43 75
5508. W. H. Close, material 9 50
5634. Chas. Carlson, labor 22 50
5635. Chas. Carlson, labor 36 00
5636. George Larson, labor 32 00
5637. Louis Ost, labor 14 00
5638. Chas. Anderson, labor 14 00
5639. Erick Rundberg, labor 9 62
5640. Christ Olson, labor 14 00
5641. Albert Moline, labor 14 00
5642. August Shedin, labor 14 00
5643. J. F. Olson, labor 1 75
5692. Fm. Haehnke, labor 8 75
5693. Wm. Haehnke, labor 40 00
5694. Mike Kohler, labor 48 00
5695. Mike Kohler, labor 22 00
5696. Chas. Pugh, labor 34 00
5697. Gust Swenson, labor 7 00
5698. John Kever, labor 31 00
5699. Frank Kushe, labor 37 00
5700. Angus McLeod, labor 6 50
5701. Robert Mandley, labor 30 00
5702. John Stark, labor 9 00
5703. Geo. Ryan, labor 24 00
5704. Mat Spehar, labor 6 00
5705. Gust Hall, labor 16 00
5706. Jacob Random, labor 56 00
5764. Wm. Halhnki, labor 13 75
5765. Mike Kohler, labor 18 00
5766. Frank McCluskey, labor 2 00
5767. Mike Maxwell, labor 8 00
5768. Chas. Pugh, labor 9 00
5769. John Stark, labor 11 00
5770. Frank Kerche, labor 11 00
5771. Gust Swenson, labor 4 00
5772. Geo. Ryan, labor 9 00
5773. Joe Kunta, labor 7 00
5774. John Kever, labor 7 00
5775. John Warren, labor 15 00
6033. Gust Swanson, labor 1 00
Total ....$ 1,240 04

BURNSIDE ROAD.
7967. John Laphl, labor ....$ 5 20
7968. Oscar Johnson, labor 5 20
7969. Gabriel Aha, labor 5 20
7970. Wm. Twoy, labor 8 00
7971. Wm. Doyle, labor 20 00
7972. John Lee, labor 4 30
7973. Chas. Suell, labor 6 00
7974. Wm. Scott, labor 4 00
7975. Wm. Doyle, labor 7 20
8208. W. H. Congdon & Son, tools 9 80
8209. Jas. Tippett, material 29 75
8210. Wm. Doyle, material 10 08
8215. Chas. Suell, labor 27 84
8216. Wm. Fay, labor 26 00
8217. Osker Johnson, labor 22 20
8218. Gabriel Aha, labor 22 20
8219. John Luehl, labor 22 20
8220. John Lee, labor 20 50
8221. Wm. Hatfield, labor 65 00
8222. Wm. Scott, labor 3 00
8223. Wm. Doyle, labor 45 00
8224. John Olkey, labor 14 00
8225. A. Halter, labor 2 00
8226. John Lumbock, labor 14 25
8227. Wm. Doyle, boarding men 60 81
4765. Jas. Tippett, blacksmithing 1 50
4766. Chandler Iron company, dynamite, etc 23 25
4767. W. H. Congdon & Son, dynahite, etc 1 63
4991. Heskiss Tohti, labor 22 50
4992. Wm. Doyle, boarding men 134 80
4993. A. Mantymark, labor 22 50
4994. Mat Henderson, labor 21 50
4995. Jacob Penz, labor 64 00
4996. Wm. Doyle, labor 52 50
4997. John Clavit, labor 39 00
4998. Joseph Atar, labor 24 70
4999. Erick Kuskey, labor 24 70
5000. Oscar Bust, labor 23 35
5001. Peter Rukka, labor 21 35
5002. Henry Johnson, labor 25 45
5003. Oscar Johnson, labor 25 45
5509. Chandler Iron company, material 4 26
55... Wm. Doyle, prepaid freight 5 00
5581. Oscar Johnson, labor 11 40
5582. Henry Johnson, labor 13 40

Order No. .... Amount.
5583. Peter Rukke, labor 11 40
5584. Oscar Bust, labor 13 40
5585. Erick Kiskey, labor 1 30
5586. Joseph Otor, labor 11 40
5587. John Clanit, labor 20 00
5588. Wm. Doyle, labor 21 25
5589. Jacob Peat, labor 87 00
5590. Matt Hendrickson, labor 11 40
5591. A. Mantymark, labor 11 40
5592. H. Lohte, labor 11 40
5593. John Oinas, labor 10 60
5594. Bedford & Holmes, labor 2 00
5595. Wm. Doyle, labor 65 40
Total ....$ 1,251 62

PIKE RIVER ROAD.
4918. E. Habanka, labor 17 50
4919. Dan Jytha, labor 21 00
4920. Fred Anderson, labor 36 75
4921. Matt Erekkila, labor 39 37
4922. Justles Makey, labor 38 50
4924. Gust Kivela, labor 40 25
4925. Adolph Raivir, labor 40 25
4926. Sam Manty, labor 43 75
4927. Aug. Saarda, labor 21 00
4928. Aug. Esselstrom, labor 52 00
4923. H. Jacobson, labor 40 25
5506. A. Hawkinson, hardware 15 98
Total ....$ 406 60

TOWER AND MESABA ROAD.
3953. Venor Boman, labor ....$ 18 00
3954. Holker & Danberg, labor 3 00
3955. C. A. Walsten, labor 18 00
3956. Thos. Sanderette, labor 13 00
3957. James Sherman, labor 10 00
3958. Vernon Boman, labor 5 00
3959. C. A. Walsten, labor 8 00
3960. C. E. Walsten, labor 10 00
3961. Fred Walsten, labor 15 00
Total ....$ 100 00

HIBBING AND MOUNTAIN IRON ROAD.
1812. Tom Coen, labor ....$ 3 05
8024. And Callonaugh, labor 4 40
7768. Steve Kahn, labor 8 00
7769. Ed Tesok, labor 8 00
7770. Eller Ellertson, labor 8 00
7771. Ed Bolder, labor 8 00
7749. E. Massy, labor 47 50
7752. Gasper Gulbough, labor 19 46
7756. Chas. Johnson, labor 5 10
7757. Chas. Broman, labor 7 61
7758. John Brake, labor 7 46
7762. Tom Kane, labor 4 86
7763. Bert Manaka, labor 4 30
7766. E. Massy, boarding men 85 21
8022. A. Norgren, labor 33 09
8023. And Johnson, labor 21 14
8025. Ed Minor, labor 26 00
8027. Bert Manaca, labor 5 00
8028. E. Massy, labor 100 00
8029. E. Massy, boarding men 156 21
7959. M. A. McNaughton, hardware 1 13
7960. T. P. Carey, tools 1 70
7961. W. H. Close, hardware 81 68
8002. Sten Capens, labor 38 00
8003. Frank Teson, labor 38 00
8004. Eller Ellerson, labor 38 00
8005. Ed Barlden, labor 38 00
8007. E. Massy, labor 65 00
8008. Wm. C. Lunn, labor 67
8009. Jas. Gorman, labor 07
8010. Jerry Crowly, labor 86
8011. John Bricken, labor 86
8013. Chas. Brown, labor 32 20
8014. Tom Ducken, labor 28 35
8015. Joe La Beef, labor 19 04
8016. Gasford Gulbault, labor 26 10
8017. Berth Manacha, labor 15 70
8018. Jno. More, labor 4 60
8019. Wm. Summer, labor 42 00
8020. Wm. Summer, labor 10 00
8021. Ole Pullman, labor 33 00
7772. Geo. Smith, labor 7 00
8006. Geo. C. Smith, labor 20 00
7750. S. Hill, labor 21 35
7755. Chas. eBan, labor 7 83
7651. Drake & Stratton com-
8001. Frank Kapens, labor 47 50
pany, dynamite 6 50
7654. M. A. McNaughton, tools 11 12
7754. Tim Duchorn, labor 17 11
7759. Jas. Gorman, labor 4 51
7760. Wm. Cline, labor 0 53
7753. Joe Tibcorf, labor 23 16
7761. Jerry Crowley, labor 7 36
7764. Wm. Summer, labor 16 00
7767. Frank Kapin, foreman 12 50
265. E. Massy, labor 16 00
268. John Say, labor 3 15
3402. W. H. Close, hardware, tools 60 03
3403. Itasca Mercantile company, tools 14 00
3476. J. F. Twitchell, boarding men 115 41
3477. Jno. Anderson, labor 5 05
3478. Chas. Carlson, labor 7 35
3479. I. Wellima, labor 3 77
3480. A. Scribner, labor 6 45
3481. N. Brown, labor 6 68
3482. Pete Busha, labor 6 87
3483. D. Johnson, labor 7 93
3484. Jas. McKay, labor 6 07
3485. Gust Hill, labor 4 55
3486. Fred Nelson, labor 4 55
3487. Joe Rynolds, labor 4 45
3488. And Anderson, labor 6 14
3489. Jno. Markt, labor 5 62
3490. Jno. Johnson, labor 6 24
3491. Chas. Pugh, labor 5 43
3492. Geo. Ryan, labor 4 79
3493. A. J. Coburn, labor 7 38
3494. Jas. McDonald, labor 18 56
3495. Jas. Whitman, labor 6 32
3496. R. A. Whitney, labor 10 79
3497. J. F. Twitchell, labor 25 00
3882. Culbertson & Foresma, material 4 00
3883. W. H. Close Hardware company, material 74 85
3974. Pete Johnson, labor 1 40
3975. J. F. Twitchell, boarding men 445 49
3976. Lester Leifter, labor 3 40
3977. Matt Gust, labor 3 40
3978. Gust Johnson, labor 3 40
3979. Peter Bunsfield, labor 2 00
3980. Oscar Kangos, labor 4 90
3981. Joseph King, labor 6 00
3982. Tom Carden, labor 2 60
3983. A. J. Kelley, labor 5 00
3984. August Mattson, labor 4 90
3985. James Wheatman, labor 2 50
3986. Al Powers, labor 9 00
3987. John Hill, labor 5 10
3988. William O'Donnell, labor 80
3989. James Cavanaugh, labor 50
3990. Otto Calpam, labor 6 70
3991. Aug. Johnson, labor 4 40
3992. Louis Hendricks, labor 4 40
3993. Tom McNeff, labor 8 60
3994. John Crudon, labor 6 00
3995. J. A. McCarty, labor 5 28
3996. Otto Lutby, labor 8 70
3997. Pat King, labor 8 70
3998. John Veede, labor 11 60
3999. Dan Fitzpatrick, labor 10 10
4000. Owen Collins, labor 9 40
4001. Matt Tilly, labor 7 60
4002. Oscar Olson, labor 7 60
4003. Charles Kemte, labor 7 60
4004. Isaac Reint, labor 2 60
4006. John Johnson No. 2 .... 11 00
4007. Jack Kangos, labor 6 20
4008. Jim Champion, labor 7 70
4009. Joe Wakley, labor 36 50
4010. Jock Reynolds, labor 16 20
4011. Andy Olson, labor 18 20
4012. Gus Gogan, labor 20 60
4013. John Gogan, labor 8 50
4014. A. Tyndall, labor 6 40
4015. A. McDonnell, labor 5 70
4016. Matt Lindall, labor 21 35
4017. Ed Shawel, labor 4 40
4018. Gus Johnson, labor 19 70
4019. John Johnson, labor 23 40
4020. Barney Gillon, labor 25 60
4021. William Collins, labor 9 20
4022. George Cole, labor 4 60
4023. Dick Farrell, labor 14 70
4024. John Traverse, labor 7 20
4025. Charles Carlson, labor 7 67
4026. A. McDonald, labor 6 00
4027. Joe Reynolds, labor 1 41
4028. Andrew Lopey, labor 23 75
4029. John O'Brien, labor 23 20
4030. Hugh Wilson, labor 4 10
4031. Tom Welch, labor 23 40
4032. Dave Johnson, labor 17 80
4033. George Ryan, labor 1 57
4034. Andrew Anderson, labor 26 10
4035. Gust Anderson, labor 16 55
4036. Oscar Mackey, labor 24 85
4037. J. F. Twitchell, labor 62 50
4038. James Whitman, labor 2 25
4039. R. A. Whitney, labor 8 54
4040. James M. Cag, labor 15 65
5017. J. F. Twitchell, boarding men 413 40
5018. J. A. McCarthy, labor 9 40
5019. Charles Gustaverson, labor 16 40
5020. John Johnson, labor 14 25
5021. Andy Olson, labor 14 20
5022. Oscar Gust, labor 15 30
5023. W. C. Barrett, labor 24 00
5024. Gus Johnson, labor 16 60
5025. Elliott Johnson, labor 14 20
5026. Herman Hill, labor 16 00
5027. E. Pratt, labor 13 15
5028. Geo. Smith, labor 11 15
5029. Chas. Herald, labor 11 15
5030. A. Marie, labor 6 00
5031. D. Ferrier, labor 6 00
5032. Joe Martell, labor 24 60
5033. Joe Martell, labor 12 50
5034. Jas. King, labor 11 40
5035. Geo. Hegge, labor 13 40
5036. Chas. Gustoverson, labor 33 40
5037. H. Silisby, labor 23 65
5038. And Wilson, labor 18 40
5039. Ellx Loman, labor 17 30
5040. Louis Hendricks, labor 3 40
5041. Pete Johnson, labor 3 40
5042. Peter Binsfield, labor 2 45
5043. Gust Johnson, labor 3 40
5044. Matt Gust, labor 3 40
5045. Hugh Wilson, labor 16 70
5046. Lester Leifter, labor 3 40

Order No. .... Amount.
5047. A. J. Kelley, labor 7 40
5048. Tom Carden, labor 8 40
5049. Jos. King, lobar 2 40
5050. Oscar Kangos, labor 3 40
5051. Jno. Hill, labor 3 40
5052. A. Powers, labor 64 00
5053. Otto Carfrain, labor 1 00
5054. Jno. Johnson, labor 33 30
5055. Matt Lindam, labor 32 50
5056. Gus Hill, labor 18 00
5057. Barney Gillen, labor 33 40
5058. Tom Welch, labor 32 90
5059. And Lapey, labor 17 25
5060. Oscar Macky, labor 18 80
5061. Gust Anderson, labor 18 80
5062. And Andreson, labor 32 10
5063. Jack aKngas, labor 33 40
5064. Jno. Anderson, labor 32 05
5065. J. F. Twitchell, labor 67 50
5512. J. F. Twitchell, labor 12 50
5513. A. McDonald, labor 4 00
5514. Chas. Gustafson, labor 9 50
5515. Joe Martell, labor 13 50
5516. And Anderson, labor 6 40
5517. Barney Gillon, labor 6 60
5518. Mart Lindam, labor 6 60
5519. John oJhnson, labor 6 60
5520. Tom Welch, labor 6 70
5521. J. A. McCarthy, labor 17 00
5522. W. C. Barrett, labor 8 00
5523. Axel Peterson, labor 24 00
5524. John Oesan, labor 24 00
5525. Gus Pearson, labor 20 00
5526. Erick Nalima, labor 21 00
5527. J. F. Twitchell, boarding men 22 10
6501. F. Watt, labor 8 00
6502. Chas. Ellis, labor 10 00
Total $4,293 52

MILLER TRUNK ROAD.
8202. A. Austin, labor 1 00
8204. Isaac Nelson, labor 3 00
8205. Axel Jerklund, labor 2 00
8206. Ed Ousten, labor 1 00
8207. Alfred Berkland, laborer 1 00
68. C. Murphy, labor 3 00
72. C. Johnson, labor 4 00
119. M. W. McDonald, contract 5 08
147. John Peterson, labor 19 25
151. Eli Johnson, labor 19 25
152. Charles Hollingworth, labor 1 75
157. John Carlson, labor 19 25
158. Gust Johnson, boarding men 23 19
242. K. Haugan, labor 2 00
243. Alfred Hellwig, labor 2 00
340. Hans Kakke, labor 1 00
355. Christ Horson, labor 4 00
4973. W. H. Shea, boarding men 49 50
4974. W. H. Shoa, labor 83 00
4975. W. H. Shea, Jr., labor 14 00
4976. A. Peterson, labor 6 00
4977. E. Brandt, labor 5 50
4978. Anton McKala, labor 7 00
4979. E. McConnell, labor 3 40
4980. James Tobab, labor 13 00
4981. George Rossman, labor 14 60
4982. Anton Writh, labor 4 90
4983. Gust Johnson, labor 5 00
4984. J. Bird, labor 5 00
4985. J. Burrow, labor 5 00
4986. Robert Dyer, labor 8 00
4987. Anton Gruturth, labor 14 10
4988. Frank Costly, labor 32 00
4989. W. H. Shea, labor 32 00
5528. Oscar Johnsin, labor 14 00
5529. William Doyle, labor 20 00
5530. John Erickson, labor 20 00
5531. John Sjostrom, labor 8 00
5532. B. Sjostrom, labor 8 00
5533. A. Lund, labor 8 00
5534. Charles Johnson, labor 7 50
5535. O. Nelson, labor 8 00
6578. Oscar Johnson, labor 12 00
6579. William Doyle, labor 22 50
6580. John Erickson, labor 24 00
6581. John Sjostrom, labor 10 00
6582. B. Sjostrom, labor 10 00
6583. Axel Lund, labor 10 00
6584. Charles Johnson, labor 6 00
6585. O. Nelson, labor 10 00
6586. C. M. Johnson, labor 2 00
Total $614 37

VIRGINIA AND McKINLEY ROAD.
7652. A. Hawkinson, tools ....$ 4 45
7773. Carl Tornquist, foreman 12 50
7776. John Salmenson, labor 8 00
7777. Wm. Harrington, labor 8 00
7778. Carl Tornquist, labor 22 50
7781. J. Salmenson, labor 10 00
7782. Wm. Harrington, labor 9 00
7784. Chas. Peterson, labor 14 00
7786. Geo. Young, labor 8 00
7787. J. Tornquist, labor 19 00
7788. Carl Tornquist, labor 12 50
7794. J. Tornquist, labor 4 00
3881. A. Hawkinson, material 38 05
4041. Wm. Machil, labor 12 00
4042. Alex Machil, labor 12 00
4043. Gust Helmer, labor 12 00
4044. Chas. Pakala, labor 11 00
4045. E. Pakala, labor 11 00
4046. F. Westlin, labor 10 50
4047. T. Tornquist, labor 5 00
4048. M. G. Johnson, labor 14 00
4049. Chas. Erickson, labor 12 00
4050. Pat Cashin, labor 13 00
4051. Emil Johnson, labor 12 00
4052. Pat McCarthy, labor 16 00
4053. John Hill, labor 14 00
4054. O. Johnson, labor 9 00
4055. Gust Swanson, labor 15 00
4056. E. M. Bartlett, labor 27 50
4057. A. Erickson, labor 21 00
4058. Chas. Lauren, labor 16 00
4760. Poirier & Nordstrom, tents 60 00
5507. A. Hawkinson, material 9 05
5567. E. M. Bartlett, labor 26 25
5568. Pat McCarthy, labor 10 60
5569. E. Pakala, labor 18 00
5570. Chas. Pakala, labor 20 00
5571. Nick Anderson, labor 11 40
5572. V. Sandberg, labor 11 40
5573. Axel Peterson, labor 2 80
5574. Chas. Carlson, labor 2 80
5575. John Erickson, labor 11 60
5576. R. H. Percell, labor 4 00
5577. Otto Raab, labor 7 20
5578. Chas. Johnson, labor 7 20
5579. J. Longquist, labor 42 00
5580. E. M. Bartlett, boarding men 54 00
5596. E. M. Bartlett, labor 67 50
5597. And Erickson, labor 12 00
5598. And Erickson, labor 40 00
5599. Chas. Lauren, labor 26 00
5600. Gust Swenson, labor 6 00
5601. Patt McCarthy, labor 29 00
5602. John Hill, labor 18 60
5603. M. G. Johnson, labor 6 00
5604. Chas. Erickson, labor 6 00
5605. Pat Cashin, labor 6 00
5606. Emil Johnson, labor 32 60
5607. Wm. Mackie, labor 4 00
5608. Axel Mackey, labor 8 00
5609. Gust Helmer, labor 8 00
5610. Elle Pakala, labor 52 90
5611. Chas. Pakala, labor 39 00
5612. Fritz Westlin, labor 6 00
5613. Jack Sonquist, labor 44 00
5614. Wm. Isaacson, labor 7 00
5615. Martin Olson, labor 28 80
5616. Isaac Isaackson, labor 7 50
5617. Andy Olson, labor 24 00
5618. Andy Olson, labor 24 00
5619. Oscar Newberg, labor 19 40
5620. Nick Anderson, labor 27 20
5621. Victor Samtberg, labor 27 20
5622. Gust Mattson, labor 16 60
5623. Simer Makala, labor 14 90
5624. John Gleason, labor 16 80
5625. Axel Peterson, labor 20 10
5626. Chas. Carlson, labor 20 80
5627. R. H. Percell, labor 12 00
5628. John Hendrickson, labor 9 40
5629. Otto Raab, labor 3 40
5630. Chas. Johnson, labor 2 40
5631. E. M. Bartlett, boarding men 184 80
6505. Virginia Hardware company, dynamite, etc 18 20
Total ....$ 1,607 00
74. Fred Johnson, labor 5 00
618. William Doyle, labor 1901 .... 10 00
1438. Joseph Brocea, labor 13 00
1439. Zepherine Dellie, labor 4 00
1440. William Doyle, labor 15 00
3880. W. H. Congdon & Son, material 6 30
3885. James Tappett, material 3 30
3901. John Berg, labor 2 00
3902. Matt Shepplea, labor 4 30
3903. Matt Hill, labor 11 30
3904. Hulber & Danberg, labor 4 00
3905. And Anderson, labor 13 30
3906. John Saclson, labor 5 40
3907. John Onkle, labor 6 40
3908. Oscar Bust, labor 1 40
3909. William Doyle, boarding men 161 50
3910. Gust Hill, labor 1 40
3911. Saunder Aha, labor 1 40
3912. A. Beldon, labor 14 70
3913. William Doyle, labor 65 00
3914. A. Edman, labor 3 20
3915. Isar Orland, labor 30 80
3916. Gabriel Aha, labor 30 00
3917. Halland & Dandburg, labor 71 20
3918. Hans Johnson, labor 30 50
3919. John Matt, labor 30 30
3920. Oscar Johnson, labor 32 40
3921. Peter Rukka, labor 30 50
3922. Henry Munkey, labor 50 00
5004. William Doyle, boarding men 41 40
5005. William Doyle, labor 17 50
5006. Oscar Bust, labor 9 80
5007. Gust Hill, labor 9 40
5008. John Saclson, labor 7 80
5009. And Anderson, labor 9 80
5010. Isaac Orand, labor 7 50
5012. Henry Munkey, labor 13 00
5013. Peter Rukka, labor 7 80
5014. Henry Johnson, labor 7 80
5015. Gabriel Aha, labor 9 80
5016. Oscar Johnson, labor 9 80
5011. H. A. Dunberry, labor 28 40
5537. Oscar Johnson, labor 6 00
5538. Joseph Braco, labor 2 40
5539. Dandelberg & Halber, labor 1 00
5540. William Doyle, labor 10 00

Order No. Amount.

Total $849 30

PRAIRIE LAKE ROAD.
2170. Herman Hill, labor $20 00
2171. Sam Hendrickson, labor 13 00
2172. Matt Pontinen, labor 16 00
2173. John Heina, labor 16 00
2174. Gust Poklund, labor 16 00
2175. J. Olliviner, labor 14 00
2176. J. Halkara, labor 32 00
2177. Jack Kera, labor 28 00
2178. Ole Berg, labor 10 00
2179. Jacob Paucher, labor 14 00
2180. V. Johnson, labor 14 00
3424. Herman Hill, labor 7 25
3425. M. Villmiki, labor 80
3426. Geo. Johnson, labor 4 80
3427. V. Simonson, labor 4 80
3428. Carl Swanson, labor 2 80
3429. Ole Berg, labor 2 80
3430. John Ulvenen, labor 4 80
3431. John Hahala, labor 4 80
3432. E. McKinnon, labor 4 80
3433. W. Waile, labor 2 80
3434. B. Buterson, labor 3 80
3435. Andrew Maisola, labor 5 80
6552. Victor Adamson, labor 10 00
6553. Chas. Wenstrom, labor 8 00
6554. Herman Hill, labor 15 00
6555. Mike Johnson, labor 12 00
6556. Henry Jaky, labor 12 75
6557. Nels Erickson, labor 10 00
6558. Gust Gustafson, labor 12 00
6559. Matt Lelma, labor 12 00
6560. John Smith, labor 11 00
6561. S. Peterson, labor 7 00
6562. Fred Wiren, labor 6 00
6563. Richard Simonson, labor 6 00
6564. Ole Berg, labor 12 00
6565. Carl Swanson, labor 11 00
6566. Jacob Kero, labor 8 00
6567. Mike Wilmuoga, labor 11 00
6568. J. Korbe, labor 12 00
6569. Albert Anderson, labor 10 00
6570. E. Mahinson, labor 10 00
6571. K. Johnson, labor 12 00
6572. J. Lahtimaa, labor 12 00
6573. Emil Hill, labor 16 00
6574. W. Simonson, labor 8 00
6575. A. Maison, labor 4 00
6576. J. Randa, labor 12 00
6577. E. Koski, labor 10 00

Total $512 05

STURGEON LAKE ROAD.
7732. Wm. Moore, labor $38
7733. Wm. Wilson, labor 12 42
7735. Chas. Cressy, labor 8 00
7736. Chas. Cressy, boarding men 14 94
7738. Wm. Wilson, labor 12 29
7741. James Wilson, labor 4 00
7743. Berth Manaka, labor 13 00
7744. C. Stansfren, labor 9 00
7745. E. Massy, labor 18 00
7746. Joe Wilson, labor 2 00
7747. E. Massy, boarding men 6 00
7748. Chas. Cressy, boarding men 5 89
7963. P. J. Ryan, blacksmithing 3 00
7731. E. Massy, Foreman 15 37
7737. E. Massy foreman 17 50
7742. Ole Olson, labor 11 00
7742. E. Massy, labor 20 00

Total $172 79

MISCELLANEOUS ROADS.
7662. S. Collins, blacksmithing 2 00
7658. Charles Kauppi, expenses inspecting county road 43 00
7955. John Hawkinson, overseer county roads 125 00
7956. John Hawkinson, hauling tools 3 35
6113. Calvin Robb, lumber for M. P. road 5 90
7665. Totman Bros., livery for county commissioners 6 00
7666. Kelley Hardware company, ten gallons oil for bridges 8 50
7957. Totman Bros., livery for county commissioners 5 00
8196. John Hawkinson, overseer of roads 77 50
8197. John Hawkinson, prepaid freight 3 55
8198. Gust Berg, prepaid freight 2 55
8199. Charles Gesman, livery for county commissioners 20 50
8200. A. Snyder & Co., livery for county commissioners 5 00
7659. E. Morcom, inspecting county roads 12 00
7663. Stewart livery, boarding team 16 50
7661. F. W. Kugler, inspecting county roads 8 00
267. Stewart livery, boarding county road team 2 00
628. John Armstrong, salary 67 50
793. National Iron company, steel stamp 3 85
1434. John Armstrong, salary 110 00
1435. Duluth Hardware company, hardware 46 49
1436. Ohio Coal company, coal 1 75
1437. O. C. Ellstrom, blacksmithing 37 50
2148. John Armstrong, salary 115 00
2149. Ohio Coal company, coal 85
2150. Wm. Doyle, labor 2 50
2151. Ole Ellstrom, blacksmithing 35 00
2927. John Armstrong, salary 130 00
2928. James Cullyford, whips, etc 7 65
2929. M. W. Turner, wagon 55 00
2930. H. E. McIntyre, horse shoeing 4 35
3156. American Exchange bank, interest 6 13
3395. F. W. Streeter, horse shoeing 8 00
3396. H. E. McIntyre, horseshoeing 6 15
3397. H. F. Davis & Co., feed 41 22
3398. Duluth Hardware company, tools 80
3399. Poirier & Nordstrom, tents 52 00
3400. John Armstrong, prepaid freight 4 03
3401. John Armstrong, salary 130 00
3509. Commercial Banking company, interest 2 42
3579. First National Bank of Duluth, interest 8 57
3657. Suffel & Co., interest 3 35
3889. R. T. Birdie, livery 11 00
3890. H. E. McIntyre, blacksmithing 2 50
3891. E. M. Patterson, livery 3 75
3892. L. K. Daugherty, tools 2 65
3893. John Armstrong, prepaid freight 1 12
3894. John Armstrong, salary 135 00
4768. H. F. Davis & Co., feed 39 32
4769. Duluth Hardware company, tools 1 10
4770. A. L. McGregor, blacksmithing 2 75
4771. Chas. Kauppi, inspecting roads 8 00
4772. T. M. Richardson, tools 1 50
4773. S. J. Pringle, horse shoeing 3 25
4774. Wm. Doyle, prepaid freight 8 38
4775. John Armstrong, salary 135 00
5178. W. M. Hillis, interest 37
5490. John Armstrong, salary 130 00
5491. John Armstrong, prepaid freight 4 78
5492. E. Morcom, inspecting roads 3 20
5493. E. M. Patterson, inspecting roads 3 25
5494. Chas. Kauppi, inspecting roads 2 60
5495. F. W. Kugler, inspecting roads 1 75
5496. H. F. Davis & Co., feed 24 06
5497. Panton & White, oil cloth 70
5498. H. C. Kendall, livery 18 00
5499. Jas. Cullyford, labor and material 5 80
5500. Henry Folz, groceries 8 53
5501. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 5 50
6492. John Armstrong, salary 135 00
6493. Wm. Doyle, labor 3 20
6494. J. G. Forsyth, professional services 3 00
6495. R. F. Berdie, inspecting roads 4 00
6496. H. F. Davis & Co., feed 19 05
6497. E. D. Devany, horse shoeing 8 50
6498. E. Morcom, inspecting roads 3 00
6639. First National Bank of Duluth, interest 33

Total $1,965 66

EVELETH AND FAYAL ROAD.
6116. Calvin Robb, lumber 14 60
7795. J. B. Kinney, foreman 35 00
7796. Walter Murray, labor 26 50
7797. John Brown, labor 23 50
7798. Joe Hadricson, labor 27 50
7799. John Brooks, labor 20 50
7800. Mose O'Brien, labor 15 00
7801. S. Reindun, labor 52 00
6267. J. J. Sullivan, fireman 58 75
332. George Cain, labor 4 20

Total $277 55

EAST DULUTH AND LESTER RIVER ROAD.
234. Frank Wiecard, labor $1 00

KELSEY ROAD.
52. Gus Anderson, labor .83

CLOQUET RIVER ROAD.
56. C. A. Erickson, labor 8 75

SCHULTZ ROAD.
60. John Peas, labor 3 00

ELY AND FALL LAKE ROAD.
32. Matt Mattson, labor $2 62
36. Isaac Louis, labor 8 00
58. Isaac Hammer, labor 1 62
59. Peter Batolar, labor 82
63. John Smith, labor 62
64. William Johnson, labor 35

Total $14 03

ERICKSON ROAD.
73. John Jakopson, labor $1 13

FLOODWOOD ROAD.
102. Matt Maki, labor 1 50
148. John Paquette, labor 1 00

Total $2 50

LA VAQUE ROAD.
6583. Axel Gerfield, labor 3 00

JANZIG ROAD.
5842. Harry Carlson, labor 20 00

RECAPITULATION AND COUNTY ROADS.
Railroad street 982 65
McDonnell road 495 25
Culver road 815 66
Hermann road 601 07
Crane Lake road 190 25
Proctorknott road 405 05
Independence road 685 60
St. Louis River road 61 17
White Face River road 50
Grand Lake road 51 90
Normanna road 264 40
Howard and Gnesen road 600 75
West Knife River road 1,598 11
Thomson road 316 44
Bryne road 299 76
Vermillion road 961 25
Rice Lake road 644 52
Swan lake road 1,347 06
Savanna road 302 00
Swan Lake cut off 293 95
Maple Grove road 582 08
Midway road 293 26
Grant road 630 26
Seville road 99 43
Iron Junction and Eveleth road 1,240 04
Burnside road 1,251 62
Pike river 406 60
Tower and Mesaba road 100 00
Hibbing and Mountain Iron road 4,293 52
Miller Trunk 614 37
Virginia and McKinley 1,607 00
Tower and Itasca 849 30
Prairie Lake 512 05
Sturgeon Lake 172 79
Miscellaneous roads 1,965 66

$25,519 34

Eveleth and Fayal road 277 55
East Duluth and Lester River road 1 00
Kelsey road 83
Cloquet river road 8 75
Schultz road 3 00
Ely and Fall Lake road 14 03
Erickson road 1 13
Floodwood road 2 50
LaVaque road 3 00
Janzig road 20 00

Total roads $25,851 13
Refunded county roads 1,335 27

$27,186 40

Outstanding county road orders 762 80

BOARD AND CARE COUNTY POOR OUTSIDE OF POOR FARM.
7424. I. Olson 6 00
7425. Alphonse Bocasson 6 00
7426. H. C. Withrow 5 20
7431. Annie Mikala 75 15
7432. St. Luke's hospital 189 04
7434. Rev. J. H. Smith 28 00

BOARD AND CARE OF POOR.
7427. S. Larson, board $12 00
7429. Children's home, board and care 22 50
7435. Keeley institute, board and care 72 00
7873. St. Luke's hospital 156 11
7867. J. P. Johnson 10 00
7868. J. Magnuson 5 00
7874. St. Mary's hospital 244 55
5. Mrs. Brandin 6 00
51. M. S. Carlson 2 75
246. Alphonzo Breassau 6 00
271. A. Buassau 6 00
282. S. Larson 12 00
292. A. F. Huntoon 40 87
293. I. Olson 6 00
310. Woman's hospital 32 16
335. Children's Home 6 00
357. Children's Home 30 00
370. St. Luke's hospital 181 57
391. Dr. A. F. Huntoon 36 18
428. I. Olson 6 00
434. Woman's hospital 2 01
725. Children's Home 6 00
758. I. Olson 6 00
759. Woman's hospital 2 68
765. A. F. Huntoon 47 57
766. St. Mary's hospital 310 83
767. S. Larson 12 00
768. St. Luke's hospital 147 42
806. St. Mary's hospital 227 33
1334. Children's home 6 00
1335. Women's hospital 9 38
1336. S. Larson 32 00
1337. A. F. Huntoon 43 38
1338. St. Mary's hospital 165 49
1339. St. Luke's hospital 211 36
2010. John Farrel 4 69
2011. I. Olson 6 00
2012. S. Larson 21 50
2013. Children's Home 6 00
2014. Women's home 12 73
2015. A. F. Huntoon 44 22
2016. St. Mary's hospital 161 15
2017. St. Luke's hospital 183 22
337. St. Mary's hospital 5 69

Total $2,880 73

BURIAL EXPENSES COUNTY POOR.
7436. J. Mesberg $17 50
7438. W. C. Barnett 17 50
7439. Eveleth Hardware company 52 50
7441. Durkin & Crawford 28 70
7877. J. Mesburg 17 50
7878. Eveleth Hardware company 70 00
7880. W. J. Ryder 17 50
8043. W. C. Barrett 35 00
274. Biwabik Hardware company 35 00
301. Durkan & Crawford 39 60
362. Durkan & Crawford 17 10
437. J. Mesberg 17 50
608. Durkan & Crawford 16 60
690. W. C. Barrett 17 50
691. Eveleth Hardware company 17 50
692. M. E. Gleason 25 50
693. J. Mesberg 17 50
1340. Eveleth Hardware company 35 00
2018. Durkan & Crawford 30 82
2019. Biwabik Hardware company 70 00
2020. Eveleth Hardware company 35 00
2021. J. Mesberg 17 50
2022. W. C. Barrett 35 00
2863. J. Mesberg 17 50
2864. W. J. Ryder 7 50

Total $708 32

POOR FARM EXPENSES—INCLUDING SALARY OF OVERSEER.
7089. Annie Thompson, domestic $6 00
7102. G. H. Hensby, repairs on ness 2 75
7403. Chas. Schipman, cook 6 68
7404. Murdock McDonald, nurse 20 00
7405. Kate Wakuse, domestic 15 00
7406. Mrs. Rose Forbes, domestic 16 00
7417. Smith & Smith, medicine 17 90
7418. Louis Newton, 1 set harness 35 00
7419. James Alder, blacksmith 25 10
7422. Geo. E. Rolf, tobacco 14 44
7423. Wm. Schupp, insurance 40 00
7412. Allen & Burns, feed 40 69
7413. J. C. Perry, feed 32 28
7415. Freimuth, dry goods 37 17
7416. R. R. Forward, mattress 2 50
7849. Chas. Schipman, cook 16 66
6636. Burns & Sills, plumbing 189 87
7866. O. H. Clark, insurance 35 00
7844. M. Bushanan, nurse 20 00
7853. R. H. Rathbun, groceries 103 55
7857. Geo. E. Rolf, tobacco 14 44
7862. Peter Grant, wood 287 00
7858. Wm. Abrahamson, clothing 99 90
5252. William Wilke, labor 6 00
7407. A. T. Congdon, labor 30 00
7414. C. W. Erickson, clothing 94 90
198. M. Sandberg, labor 6 00
213. Wm. Wilke, labor 6 63
225. Mary Saranpaa, domestic 15 00
269. John Hanson, labor 6 66
272. Arthur Boiles, labor 18 32
275. Joseph Elder, horse shoeing 12 50
279. Zenith City Telephone company, 'phone 5 00
285. A. Creighton, labor 30 00
289. Smith & Smith, medicine 16 20
294. P. Nelson & Co., crockery 9 12
303. I. Freimuth, dry goods 18 14
304. J. C. Perry, feed 37 71
305. Moler & Walker, groceries 85 14
313. George S. Munsey, meat 25 50
314. George S. Munsey, meat 18 50
315. J. H. Constantine, repairs 7 25
317. Katy Waskins, labor 16 00
318. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 12 34
319. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 10 20
320. Charles Shipman, labor 10 00
330. M. Haug, salary 62 50
356. Thomas Cumming, wood 24 50
360. John Reynolds, labor 7 50
363. E. Libiger, sleighs 27 00
364. Smith & Smith, medicine 11 95
372. Peter Grant, wood 322 00
374. George S. Munsey, meat 68 64
382. S. Morterud, clothing 62 65
383. Arthur Creighton, labor 30 00
387. George E. Ralph, tobacco 37 55
388. M. Buchanan, labor 20 00
393. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 4 15
395. Panton & White, dry goods 29 95
396. Rose Forbes, labor 20 00
397. Rose Forbes, labor 25 00
305. John O'Lean, labor 20 00
406. James Elder, horse shoeing 15 00
409. Kate Waskuri, labor 15 00
410. Walter McLean, meat 32 80
412. R. H. Rathbun, groceries 87 77
429. P. Nelson, crockery 22 35
747. M. Haug, salary 62 50
609. N. H. Witt & Co., meat 50 41
610. Chas. W. Erickson, clothing 24 25
611. R. H. Rathbun, groceries 62 62
616. O. S. Olson, groceries 83 77
621. Sundin & Johnson, groceries 123 15
623. Allen & Burns, feed 70 71
636. S. Morterud, clothing 58 85
640. H. Gazett, labor 3 00
641. Peter Grant, wood 336 00
712. Bloedel & Ebeling, wire springs, etc 7 00
751. Rose Forbes, labor 25 00
752. Arthur Creighton, labor 30 00
753. Mrs. E. Van Kuren, labor 7 80
754. M. Buchana, labor 20 00
755. Mrs. N. Perry, labor 11 00
756. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 6 98
757. Gust Welander, pig 10 00
760. Dr. Robert Graham, medicine 15 00
1192. Matt Haug, salary 62 50
1314. Rose Forbes, labor 25 00
1315. V. Norberg, labor 3 00
1316. Mrs. E. Van Kiren, labor 18 00
1317. Richard Meaney, labor 20 00
1318. A. T. Creighton, labor 30 00
1319. A. Borgen, groceries 38 45
1320. R. H. Rathbun, groceries 26 44
1321. Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, groceries 126 31
1322. T. R. Hancock, meat 24 66
1323. Eklund & Olin, feed 27 00
1324. Williamson & Mendenhall, clothing 93 05
1325. I. Freimuth, dry goods 14 10
1326. Seipel & Huntley, place cards 2 50
1327. C. A. Lindan, repairing 2 25
1328. Standard Oil company, oil 10 82
1329. F. Elschen, wood 276 00
1330. Jas. H. Roman, wood 45 00
1331. Dr. Robt. Graham, medicine 20 72
1332. Zenith City Telephone company, phone rent 5 84
1333. D. S. Mackey, horse shoeing 4 60
1984. Richard Mesney, labor 20 00
1985. Mrs. E. Van Kiren, labor 13 20
86. Geo. Shouldice, fish 1 33
87. Freda Heynooker, labor 10 50
88. Rose Forbes, labor 18 00
89. A. T. Creighton, labor 30 00
90. Geo. Schouldice, fish 5 83
91. A. Borgen, groceries 8 50
92. Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, groceries 56 26
93. D. S. McKay & Co., feed 22 75
94. T. Hancock & Co., meat 1 16
95. L. Polinsky & Co., meat 25 83
96. D. Goldish, fish 15 78
97. Williamson & Mendenhall, clothing 1 50
98. Chas. W. Erickson, clothing 24 25
99. Schiller Cigar company, tobacco 9 77
2000. Geo. E. Ralph & Co., tobacco 16 18
1. H. S. Patterson, meat 6 00
2. Standard Salt and Cement company, sewer pipe, etc 1 35
3. Kelley Hardware company, hardware 29 60
4. L. K. Daugherty, hardware 2 30
5. R. H. Constantine, repairing 5 00
6. J. A. Bowers, blacksmithing 11 25
7. Dr. J. W. Cook, professional service 4 00
2008. M. Haug, expenses 2 55
2009. Dr. Robert Graham, medicine 19 82
2859. Vinnie Norberg, labor 4 50
2860. Ella Fountain, labor 7 50
2861. Mrs. N. Perry, labor 7 00
2862. Panton & White, dry goods 44 64
3751. Fanny Hill, cook 2 60
3752. Fanny Hill, domestic 17 80
6416. Elschen Bros., seeds 3 60
3336. D. Goldish, fish 3 00

Total $5,052 07

COUNTY PHYSICIAN, SUPERINTENDENT OF POOR AND CLERK.
6353. A. P. Cook, superintendent of poor $107 50
6354. Charles Shagrin, clerk superintendent of poor 37 50
6356. A. T. Rockwell, overseer of poor 62 50
6392. Dr. A. J. Braden, county physician 125 00
6419. A. P. Cook, superintendent of poor 107 50
6420. Charles Snorgren, clerk superintendent of poor 75 00
333. Dr. Robert Graham, physician $125 00
427. A. P. Cook, superintendent 53 75
504. Chas. Shogran, clerk 75 00
505. A. P. Cook, superintendent 46 25
506. Dr. Robert Graham, physician $125 00
1142. A. P. Cook, superintendent 100 00
1157. Chas. Shogran, clerk 75 00
1191. Dr. Robert Graham, physician $125 00

Total $1,240 00

STATE INSTITUTIONS — EXPENSES FOR CLOTHING, ETC., INMATES FROM ST. LOUIS COUNTY.
3654. Belle Burkshire, inmate $15 63
3654. Herni Stereson, inmate 7 42
3654. Margaret Silvoy, inmate 7 24
3654. Jos. Caron, inmate 11 33
3654. Chas. Peterson, inmate 16 62
3654. Olga Wohlstrom, inmate 11 12
3654. Anna Stevenson, inmate 9 38
3654. W. Johnson, inmate 12 90
3654. Clara Wohlstrom, inmate 10 47
3654. Geo. McGraw, inmate 26 23

Total $128 34

MISCELLANEOUS POOR.
7885. Dr. W. E. Harwood, professional services $15 00
7886. Dr. H. B. Allen, professional services 15 00
7889. L. S. Lerch, conveyance 12 00
7888. Julius Roswold, moving household goods Miss McKern 2 50
7119. R. C. Sloan, office rent county physician 15 00
7442. A. J. Braden, medicine 20 00
7443. F. W. Kugler & Co., medicine 5 80
7444. S. M. Stocker, M. D., services 8 95
7445. Dr. Chas. Bray, services 35 00
7446. A. P. Cook, investigating trip 9 41
7447. W. M. Prindle & Co., office rent, superintendent of poor 15 00
7448. E. Morcom, investigating typhoid case 5 51
7449. Smith & Smith, medicine 21 65
7450. H. T. Johnson, moving furniture superintendent poor 5 00
7452. A. Snyder, conveyance 10 00
7453. Damberg & Holter, conveyance 2 25
6363. R. Graham, M. D., professional service 4 00
38. John Sanderson, conveyance 2 00
53. J. M. Knapp, house rent 8 00
54. Maggie O'Keefe, house rent 1 50
66. W. S. Settle, clothing 1 50
1. John Erickson, groceries 2 00
128. Martin Tims, groceries 8 00
133. O'Leary & Bowser, clothing 5 45
163. Chas. Carlson, groceries 4 00
168. Duluth Transfer company, fuel 5 75
173. Duluth Transfer company, fuel 3 25
201. John Johnson, wood 4 00
214. A. Magnusen, milk 1 00
236. A. A. Hall, conveyance 1 89
278. Zenith City Telephone company, 'phone 16 00
280. Stryker, Manley & Buck, office rent 12 00
281. R. Landalt, house rent 9 00
284. A. Snyder, conveyance 18 00
287. S. F. Boyce, medicine 7 50
288. Smith & Smith, medicine 28 15
308. R. C. Sloan, office rent 30 00
309. I. H. Dibbell, conveyance 2 00
336. A. J. Braden, medicine 20 00
338. R. S. Lerch, conveyance 14 00
358. Ed Duginski, signs 75
365. Smith & Smith, medicine 41 40
373. Stryker, Manley & Buck, office rent 12 00
398. H. G. Johnson, draying 10 00
399. A. J. Braden, medicine 20 00
402. R. C. Sloan, office rent 15 00
413. A Snyder & Co., conveyance 14 00
420. Dr. Fred J. Patton, professional service 4 00
619. R. S. Lerch, conveyance 18 00
674. H. C. Withrow, taking children to state school 7 44
675. H. C. Withrow, taking children to state school 7 30
709. George Walski, house rent 4 00
731. E. Kugler, office rent 15 00
761. Smith & Smith, medicine 7 30
762. Dr. Robert Graham, medicine 23 55
763. Stryker, Manley & Buck, office rent 12 00
764. E. O. Armstrong, conveyance 3 00
1341. Charles Kauppi, expenses investigating 2 25
1342. E. M. Patterson, expenses investigating 2 50
1343. A. P. Coak, expenses investigating 14 37
1344. Dr. Fred J. Patton, professional service 4 00
1168. Zenith City Telephone Co., 'phone 11 68
1169. E. Kugler, office rent 15 00
1170. Dr. Robert Graham, medicine 21 51
1348. Smith & Smith, medicine 8 95
1349. F. W. Kugler, medicine 1 35
1350. Stryker Manley & Buck, office rent 12 00
1351. A. Snyder, conveyance 6 00
1352. R. S. Lerch, conveyance 8 00
2023. A. P. Cook, expenses, telegrams, etc. 5 75
2024. Frerker Bros., liquor 6 00
2025. Heimbach Lumber company, lumber 13 80
2026. E. Kugler, office rent 15 00
2027. Stryker, Manley & Buck, office rent 12 00
2028. H. G. Johnson, draying 4 00
2029. John Wallace, draying 7 00
2030. R. S. Lerch, conveyance 20 00
2031. Dr. Robert Graham, medicine 14 15
2032. Chamberlain & Taylor, stationary 7 26
3289. A. R. Macfarlane, interest 3 26
3307. American Exchange bank, interest 32 25
3323. American Exchange bank, interest 1 90
3326. The First National bank, interest 32 32
3508. Commercial Banking company, interest 8 04
3548. St. Luke's Hospital, interest 1 83
3667. St. Luke's Hospital, interest 6 39
3729. Stryker, Manley & Buck, interest 78
3777. R. Graham, interest 3 24
3788. First National Bank of Duluth, interest 09
4182. George P. Stillman, interest 36 41
4251. Rose Forber, interest 71
4261. Nilson & Eojin, interest 25
4262. O. T. Strand, interest 19
4635. Davidson & McRae, interest 43
4655. C. E. Evans, interest 98
5130. St. Mary's Hospital, interest 15 26
5177. W. M. Hillis, interest 21 17
5221. Rose Forbes, interest 1 76
5228. The First National Bank of Duluth, interest 1 37
5402. R. S. Burrows, interest 23
5812. Dr. C. W. Moore, in error charged to poor account 10 12
6091. A. T. Creighton, interest 3 03
6207. Stryker, Manley & Buck, interest 1 75
6591. H. G. Johnson, interest 33
6640. First National bank, interest 1 49
6759. First National bank, interest 1 94
6879. George S. Munsey, interest 3 30

Total $1,014 09

TEMPORARY RELIEF.
6584. M. M. Gasser, groceries for county poor 2 00
7032. Sutton & McCabe, groceries for county poor 14 00
7076. U. C. Tower, groceries for county poor 5 00
7086. I. Freimuth, dry goods for county poor 3 00
7374. N. Ficher, groceries for county poor 3 00
7375. W. B. Logan, groceries for county poor 7 00
7376. M. M. Gasser, groceries for county poor 10 00
7377. Sutton & McCabe, groceries for county poor 14 00
7380. M. Grams, groceries for county poor 3 00
7383. T. F. Trevillion, groceries for county poor 10 00
7384. Sundeen & Johnson, groceries for county poor 20 00
7385. Ole A. Berg, groceries for county poor 6 00
7386. C. B. Nunan, groceries for county poor 14 00
7389. A. A. Koneczny, groceries for county poor 5 00
7883. J. Mandelert & Son, groceries for county poor 19 00
7399. Pioneer Fuel company, coal for county poor 29 75
7402. C. W. Erickson, clothing for county poor 30 50
3335. Chas. Luas 24 00
H8254. Mrs. Anna Anderson 3 50
1960. Frank Anderson 22 50
1975. O. G. Land 3 00
1975. Mrs. G. Erickson 40 00
H8069. Mrs. And Pearson 10 50
1307. Ole Bjorbock 5 00
H8250. Mrs. J. Elm 3 00
H7817. Chas. Jaygo 2 00
1286. Aug. Brown 6 00
1960. Mrs. C. Samson 20 00
1301. Mrs. Mary McCarthy 28 00
2852. Mathilda McCarthy 18 30
H8269. Christine Johnson 3 15
H8034. Mrs. Shymthak 4 00
H8034. Jaul Bendlka 4 00
1971. Joe Allard 27 20
1966. Mrs. E. Anderson 26 00
1965. Mrs. Nils Swanson 19 50
H8256. Mrs. A. Shellenberger 13 00
1975. Dinah Hanson 36 00
1968. Mrs. Mary Grabowski 12 90
H8240. Fred Krelwitz 7 00
1965. Lars Enstead 15 00
H8091. Mrs. Anna Steverson 5 65
1307. Mrs. Carl Padda 5 00
H7830. Anna Chipman 4 00
1977. Hubert Burgen 28 00
2850. Hugh Wakefield 4 00
1961. Mrs. Bertha Wanberg 19 50
H8070. Hans Seaberg 4 00
1307. Mrs. Amanda Schamack 5 00
1309. Ed Wheatcroft 19 00
1299. And Magwiski 24 00
1975. Chas. Anderson 15 00
1970. C. M. Botsford 9 00
3330. Mrs. Hurley 12 00
1299. John Magneson 20 00
1966. Mrs. John Walstad 29 00
1281. Carl Smith 32 75
1281. Herman Hurty 4 00
1288. Mrs. Andrew Miller 15 00
5429. Lizzie Fredrickson 44 00
1278. Anton Krelezinski 15 00
2857. Erick Olson 15 00
H8070. Mrs. Anna Anderson 6 00
H8067. Peter Seifer 9 00
1960. G. W. Nelson 12 00
1303. Ben Hogan 8 00
H7826. Matt Matson 8 00
H7834. Eric Olson 9 00
2857. Bertha Johnson 21 00
H8257. Mrs. Mary Jorgenson 2 50
1282. John Johnson 20 00
H8063. B. Anderson 3 00
H7803. Mrs. Pfeffer 2 00
1300. Mrs. Manda Engberg 20 60
2846. John Cahill 15 00
1308. Mrs. Sorby 3 00
2853. Mrs. Sarah Oakey 23 00
1301. Mat Koskila 24 00
H8070. Mrs. Chas. Miller 4 00
1955. John Brown 15 00
H7827. Petter Foss 5 00
1982. Victor Johnson 23 75
H8247. Mrs. Mathilda Olson 3 00
3332. Mrs. Gust Peterson 19 00
H7815. Mrs. J. Young 3 00
1976. Mary Champion 20 00
1972. Sven Swenson 19 00
1960. Mrs. Alma Carlson 21 65
1968. Henry S. Lymzhake 8 00
1966. Mrs. Gust Carlson 7 00
1968. Mrs. Johanna Thorsen 15 00
H8263. Mrs. Theresa Morrle 12 00
1978. John Battle 28 00
1954. August Levena 15 00
H8079. August F. Deidrich 5 00
2857. E. Lundquist 28 00
H8063. Mrs. Charles Anderson 16 00
H7815. Mrs. J. Morrison 2 00
3234. Mrs. John Saare 28 00
1970. Mrs. Minnie Gulickson 25 90
1968. Mrs. Martin Olson 17 00
1211. Jorgen Olson 28 40
H8063. Charles Dicain 3 00
1964. Mrs. Charles Vashou 16 00
H8064. S. A. Doyle 3 00
2846. Mrs. M. M. Brown 22 50
1289. Mrs. Cassie Barbour 3 00
H8264. Mrs. B. Badnik 9 00
H7809. John Billinger 3 00
2851. Mrs. Charles Larson 24 00
1969. O. D. Hammer 32 00
1201. Lena Matson 28 00
H7826. Hilda Denress 1 10
2847. Mrs. Ida Erickson 11 50
1300. Mrs. C. Nelson 18 65
1299. Mrs. Barbara Hartman 16 00
1965. Mrs. Alma Johnson 17 00
1972. S. Johnson 20 00
H7836. Mrs. Santra Johnson 8 00
H8025. Mrs. Eric Johnson 8 00
H8050. Mrs. Mary Cronin 3 00
H8091. Mrs. Scomers 2 50
1956. Mrs. Knutson 15 00
1291. Mrs. De Napoli 12 00
1303. John Packka 20 00
1970. Ernest Wold 13 00
1299. O. Larson 3 00
2848. Mrs. Gruell 11 00
1963. Mrs. A. Oestrick 20 00
3329. Mrs. Thos. Monham 20 00
H8263. Sophia Hogen 8 00
3331. Peter Rossa 15 00
1953. C. Trembell 4 00
1968. Nels Siverson 2 50
1968. Wm. Magnuson 18 75
1283. Mrs. Delina Chivollio 18 00
1958. Peter Haugan 20 00
1307. Isabelle Hosten 26 50
H7841. John E. Olson 4 00
H7803. Mrs. John Steele 3 00
1299. Peter Eska 16 00
2845. John M. Carlson 27 50
1273. Joe Perquilt 17 00
2846. Mrs. Annie Williams 20 00
H7808. Mrs. Segal 4 00
H7812. Mrs. Robertson 3 00
H7813. Mrs. J. L. Erickson 4 00
H7815. Alex Kasak 3 00
2855. Mrs. Shirley 17 67
1952. Josephine Nowak 15 00
1297. Mrs. L. Sprague 12 00
1299. Mrs. Chas. Hildebrand 20 00
H7826. Hugo Swedne 5 00
H8257. Mrs. Chas. Olson 8 00
H8084. Tim De Labanty 15 00
1307. Mrs. Bertha Seglem 27 99
1968. Mrs. D. Johnson 12 50
H7839. Jno. Engstrom 5 75
H...9. Mrs. Tenney 3 50
1307. Mrs. Serine Jenson 8 80
1285. Pasquala Murano 12 00
1298. Mrs. Chas. Rossatee 18 00
3333. Peter Santerre 21 00
1281. Anton Parchen 12 00
H8068. Mrs. Thos. Dahlman 4 00
H8064. John P. Peterson 3 00
H8064. John Allen 4 00
H8064. Mrs. J. H. Dean 3 00
1276. Mrs. A. Zabott 8 00
1275. Mrs. Annie Johnson 7 00
H8067. W. D. Miller 3 00
1960. Mary Burke 19 00
H8070. Peter Lindgren 2 00
H8254. Andrew Johnson 6 00
H8071. Mrs. Hans Anderson 3 00
H8074. O. Wood 4 00
H8089. Josie Sahr 9 66
H8078. C. R. Mercer 8 00
8079. Mrs. Wm. Hoplin 11 50
8257. John Wooding 12 00
1976. Mrs. A. Rosla 16 00
8268. Mrs. E. Peterson 7 [illegible]
8092. John Peterson 3 15
8234. Mrs. Chas. Dahlman 2 00
8237. Mrs. J. Tesscar 4 00
1956. M. Goldstein 8 00
H8267. Mrs. Samuel Rolph 6 00
H8246. Ed Theobaald 4 00
1961. Mrs. And Peterson 14 50
H8269. L. J. Jabson 7 80
8267. Mrs. Anna Hanson 5 50
1288. Hilare Kerack 8 00
H8254. Christ Nelson 4 00
1979. Mrs. O. P. Wilnor 8 00
H8264. Mrs. Ben Hague 4 00
1968. Mrs. Annie Damer 5 00
H8267. Mrs. Gustaf Dahl 2 50
1289. H. Jeromi 6 00
1305. Anne Mekkalie 28 00
1303. August Blomberg 12 00
1958. Mrs. Zerby 20 00
H7840. Jas. Morris 3 50
4842. F. C. Bayondi 5 00
7842. H. Morse 4 75
7842. Chas. Logren 6 50
7842. Chas. Swanson 6 75
7843. M. Morcorn 6 00
7843. G. Ranson 4 00
8039. M. A. Hevrens 4 00
8039. A. Goods 3 50
8079. Peter Roberts 8 00
8079. Mr. Darrah 1 50
8088. Mrs. Johnston 4 25
8090. John Luenton 6 75
8090. F. Condon 8 00
8090. Martin Helverson 8 75
8252. Mrs. R. Candey 3 00
8254. Mrs. Julia Bastaaman 3 00
8257. Mrs. Joe Hobby 4 00
8257. Mrs. Joe Hobby 4 00
8257. Frederick Myllor 5 00
8251. Mrs. Swan Olson 3 00
8265. Mrs. G. Schroider 2 50
1278. Mrs. V. Igwosiak 4 00
1281. Leopold Gr...p 8 00
1281. B. A. Ransberry 4 00
1281. Frank Henry 4 00
1281. Mrs. G. S. Bryant 4 00
1282. Mrs. Bertie Frank 3 00
1282. Chas. D. McLean 4 00
1282. G. Halzberg 4 00
1282. Dan F. Donahue 2 50
1296. Mrs. Thos. Patient 4 00
1296. Mrs. Thos. Patient 4 50
1296. Mrs. G. Schroder 8 00
1296. Mrs. Hobby 3 00
1303. Henry Korpela 4 00
1312. Mrs. S. Dena 4 00
1313. O. Knudset 2 75
1958. B. Ransbury 4 00
1957. Mrs. V. Ignasiak 4 00
1959. Mrs. G. S. Bryant 3 00
1960. Dan F. Donahue 3 00
1960. Thos. Norman 4 00
1967. Mrs. G. Schroeder 4 00
1968. Mrs. Schmors 2 50
1974. Henry Korpela 4 00
1980. Mrs. And Anderson 3 25
1980. Mrs. B. McLeod 6 50
1981. Jno. Busha 4 25
1983. Robt. Donnoe 4 50
2849. Mrs. S. Dema 4 00
2854. Arthur Lane 3 60
2856. Mrs. Lydia Wantaner 12 00
2856. Anna Peterson 4 00
2858. Alex Norby 8 00
3330. Mrs. Waldriff 3 60
3331. P. Murrane 3 00

Total $2,761 23

POOR COMMISSION.
1755. H. F. Rehbein $260 00
1877. E. L. Fisher 21 50
1889. Richard Meany 20 00
1880. Roser Forbes 18 00
1881. A. P. Cook 4 30
1882. Chamberlain & Taylor 2 50
1893. Consolidated Stamp and Printing company 65
1894. Durkan & Crawford 21 60
1895. A. F. Huntoon 161 06
1896. St. Luke's hospital 91 43
1897. St. Mary's hospital 88 08
1898. S. Larson 20 00
1899. Chas. Shogran 75 00
1900. Dr. R. Graham 125 00
1. Dr. R. Graham 30 33
2. Jacob Rosack 4 00
3. O. S. Olson 4 00
4. A. P. Cook 100 00
5. Jos De Santa 2 00
6. Henry Folz 14 22
7. Marshall-Wells Hardware company 18 50
8. Standard Salt and Cement company 1 50
9. Marshall-Wells Hardware company 5 55
10. H. A. Burg 26 24
11. Creamery Package Manufacturing company 96 [illegible]
12. M. Haug 60 95
13. A. F. Creighton 25 00
14. Ed Gallant 14 94
15. Mary Hanson 20 00
16. Panton & White 15 01
17. C. S. Prosser & Co. 10 75
1931. M. Haug 11 52
2062. Christie & Collier 27 00
2297. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 38 24
2298. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 50 32
99. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 135 69
2300. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 11 25
2336. A. F. Huntoon 32 40
37. C. T. Clement 10 30
2344. Thos. Thompson 17 76
2356. Sundeen & Johnson 3 00
57. Sundeen & Johnson 3 00
58. Sundeen & Johnson 4 00
59. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 10 84
60. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 2 84
61. Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham 72 00
2369. Gust Kohagen 3 00
70. R. H. Rahtbun 4 00
2379. A. Borgen 4 00
80. A. Borgen 4 00
81. A. Borgen 4 00
82. A. Borgen 2 05
2385. Christie & Collier 20 00
86. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
2392. Henry Folz 10 78
2417. J. H. Runnings 11 03
2435. C. S. Prosser & Co. 1 35
36. C. S. Prosser & Co. 1 55
37. C. S. Prosser & Co. 1 70
2450. H. C. Withrow 14 18
2466. Kelley Hardware company 2 20
2482. Panton & White 2 60
83. Sutton & McCabe 4 00
84. Sutton & McCabe 3 00
85. Standard Salt and Cement 2 00
86. Brand & Donald 3 00
87. Brand & Donald 3 00
88. Brand & Donald 2 00
2509. Talboys & Campbell 4 00
10. Talboys & Campbell 4 00
2568. Allen & Burns 24 97
2615. Charles F. Robel 9 21
2637. A. Grams 3 00
38. A. Grams 3 00
2723. A. P. Cook 4 00
24. Charles Shogran 75 00
25. Twohy Mercantile company 15 66
26. Twohy Mercantile company 14 01
27. Twohy Mercantile company 39 10
28. Twohy Mercantile company 31 80
29. A. P. Cook 100 00
30. Mrs. J. B. Sattler 10 00
2733. A. F. Huntoon 317 40
2739. L. K. Daugherty 1 25
2743. N. C. Harvey & Co. 70 00
44. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
45. E. F. Johnson 4 00
47. R. Graham 125 00
48. R. Graham 29 82
49. R. Graham 5 72
2755. R. S. Lerch 8 00
2759. John O'Brien 5 00
60. Henry Folz 10 22
2766. Brand & Donald 3 00
67. Brand & Donald 3 00
2770. James Sullivan 28 00
2839. M. Haug 60 00
2840. M. Haug 91
41. Standard Salt and Cement company 60
42. Standard Salt and Cement company 1 00
2955. A. P. Johnson 3 00
56. A. P. Johnson 3 00
2957. A. P. Johnson 3 00
65. O. G. Korb 4 00
66. O. G. Korb 4 00
78. S. Larson 20 00
84. Robert Lueck 3 00
88. C. S. Prosser & Co. 2 30
89. C. S. Prosser & Co. 2 13
96. W. J. McLaughlin 2 60
3012. Christianson, Mendenhall & Graham 45 12
19. Rose Forbes 18 00
28. Children's home 8 14
40. D. S. McKay & Co. 19 57
3046. Durkan & Crawford 16 80
3050. Market Grocery Co. 8 00
3065. Johnson & Moe 2 00
3066. Stone, Ordean, Wells Co. 8 35
3057. Gust Kohagen 3 00
3058. M. Adson, agent 8 10
3065. P. J. Dow 8 00
3067. Sundin & Johnson 13 00
3073. Eveleth Hardware Co. 17 50
3075. John Hogan 40 47
3086. D. O'Leary 7 00
3090. W. J. Ryder 17 50
3092. R. S. Lerch 6 00
3094. A. F. Huntoon 21 60
3097. J. Mesberg 15 00
3098. L. P. Highmark 4 00
3099. L. P. Highmark 4 00
3100. L. P. Highmark 4 00
3101. L. P. Highmark 4 00
3102. Albert Kitta 4 00
3103. M. M. Gasser 4 00
3105. Panton & White 7 10
3106. Panton & White 5 67
3107. D. Goldish 6 08
3108. D. Goldish 2 91
3110. Stewart Livery 7 00
3116. Talboys & Campbell 8 00
3119. Jacob Rosik 4 00
3120. Jacob Rosik 2 00
3121. Joseph De Santa 2 00
3122. C. Malnella 9 00
3135. M. R. Johnson 3 06
3146. Adam Mallnet 4 00
3147. Durkan & Crawford 25 60
3149. Fred W. Erickson 15 00
3159. W. B. Logan 4 00
3160. W. B. Logan 4 00
3161. W. B. Logan 4 00
3272. E. Dawcett 11 88
3275. James Sullivan 20 00
3280. C. B. Nunan 8 00
3282. A. P. Cook 104 05
3283. Charles Shorgan 75 00
3286. A. F. Huntoon 295 80
3287. A. Borgen 1 20
3288. A. Borgen 8 00
3293. Stone-Ordean Wells company 99
3295. Ed Galland 2 00
3297. R. Graham 54 06
3298. C. S. Prosser & Co. 10 93
3299. Twohy Mercantile company 74 00
3303. R. S. Lerch 6 00
3304. M. Haug 60 95
3306. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
3311. Stewart's livery 10 50
3312. George Bales 13 13
3313. Albert Kitto 4 00
3314. Durkan & Crawford 7 20
3315. E. F. Johnson 4 00
3316. Rose Forbes 18 00
3317. Brand & Donald 5 00
3322. W. H. Congdon & Son 17 50
3499. Scott, Graff & Co. 4 00
3512. Jos. De Santa 2 00
3514. Mary Hanson 20 00
3515. Mary Hanson 20 00
3516. A. T. Creighton 2 00
3517. A. T. Creighton 25 00
3518. J. A. Barnes 13 25
3519. Heimbach Lumber company 11 63
3528. Kelley Hardware company 6 79
3532. M. E. Brown 2 15
3549. C. H. Oppel & Son 6 00
3550. Duluth Lithograph and Printing company 10 50
3551. J. L. Thwing 5 00
3554. A. T. Creighton 25 00
3565. B. J. Toben 20 68
3566. Children's Home 3 00
3572. Johnson & Moe 3 00
3575. A. P. Johnson 10 00
3578. D. O'Leary & Co. 4 00
3581. W. Goldstein 12 75
3582. Gust Kohagen 3 00
3584. Frank Tornowsky 12 00
3586. O. A. Peterson 4 00
3587. O. A. Peterson 4 00
3588. O. A. Peterson 3 00
3589. O. A. Peterson 7 00
3591. Duncan, Brewer & Co. 200 00
3592. Zenith City Telephone company 10 00
3633. M. R. Johnson 3 00
3634. L. P. Highmark 8 00
3638. Market Grocery company 4 00
3640. Talboys Mercantile company 8 00
3642. Sundin & Johnson 7 00
3645. Theo Christofferson 8 00
3666. Elschen Bros 6 45
3716. J. X. Duxbury Bros 36 00
3729. A. F. Huntoon 203 40
3731. C. H. Oppel & Son 3 00
3732. Frank Carlson 17 00
3735. Chas. Shogran 75 00
3737. M. Haug 65 75
3738. Chas. McNeal 20 00
3739. Julia Cook 13 86
3740. M. Haug 6 00
3741. M. Haug 5 69
3776. R. Graham 142 93
3787. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
3779. Duluth Lithograph and Printing company 16 50
3785. Johnson & Moe 3 00
3786. A. P. Cook 104 29
3875. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 66 15
3786. D. O'Leary & Co. 7 00
3879. Market Grocery company 4 00
4181. A. Borgen 9 97
4184. I. Freimuth 1 55
4185. Panton & White 7 00
4189. R. S. Lerch 8 00
4190. Albert Kitto 4 00
4193. Fred W. Erickson 9 60
4201. Mary Hanson 20 00
4202. Ed Gallant 30 00
4203. Ed Gallant 25 00
4205. P. J. Dow 4 00
4218. Kelley Hardware company 8 72
4223. Jacob Rosck 2 00
4252. J. A. Baners 7 25
4253. B. J. Toben 18 38
4245. H. C. Kendall 1 50
4255. Durkan & Crawford 9 60
4260. Rose Forbes 4 14
4277. Ed Gallant 25 00
4282. Anton Grams 3 00
4283. Anton Grams 3 00
4285. W. B. Logan 8 00
4303. O. Tomling 3 00
4268. Sundin & Johnson 14 00
4369. C. B. Nunan 11 00
4376. M. R. Johnson 3 00
4377. O. Tomling 4 00
4379. Johnson & Moe 3 00
4383. Duluth Wholesale Supply company 8 00
4393. Talboys Mercantile company 8 00
4297. Gowan, Peyton, Twohy company 78 18
4450. Suffel & Co. 1 25
4452. Charles Erickson 17 36
4490. Onsgard & Morgan 1 00
4521. L. Highmark 8 00
4541. Charles Schrandt 3 00
4542. R. H. Rathbun 4 00
4629. Thomas F. Trevillion 6 00
4675. Charles Shogran 75 00
4679. A. F. Huntoon 274 20
4680. John Jenswold, Jr. 152 00
4681. A. P. Cook 103 25
4776. M. Haug 65 00
4916. H. C. Withrow 8 55
4972. Charles McNeal 20 00
4990. P. J. Dow 4 00
5072. R. S. Lerch 8 00
5079. Gowan-Peyton-Twohy company 43 65
5080. Eveleth Hardware company 17 50
5081. Ed Galland 30 00
5082. A. T. Creighton 30 00
5083. A. T. Creighton 30 00
5084. D. D. Mackey 7 50
5088. R. Graham 157 15
5092. Julia Cook 18 00
5094. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
5101. Mary Hanson 20 00
5104. R. H. Rathbun 1 80
5105. J. Mesberg 15 00
5107. E. F. Johnson 4 00
5118. Thomas Thompson 10 83
5119. Thomas Thompson 4 00
5120. Thomas Thompson 3 40
5122. O. F. Conrad, agent 2 00
5128. B. J. Toben 16 21
5129. Moer & Walker 17 00
5201. Tower Finnish Mercantile company 16 00
5202. Children's Home 1 05
5205. R. S. Miller 4 00
5206. R. S. Miller 12 00
5255. Durkan & Crawford 7 20
5266. A. Borgen 8 00
5270. Gust Carlson 16 00
5272. Johnson & Moe 6 00
5275. Sundin & Johnson 10 00
5276. Anton Graves 3 00
5277. Anton Graves 3 00
5278. M. M. Gasser company 16 00
5279. Nelson & Eagen 3 00
5280. Gowan, Peyton, Twohy company 100 54
5281. Theo Christofferson 8 00
5282. Brand & Donald 3 00
5283. Williamson & Mendenhall 1 00
5284. P. J. Dow 4 00
5287. C. W. More 31 80
5290. Talboys Mercantile company 8 00
5293. Duluth Wholesale Supply company 6 00
5294. Panton & White 4 55
5295. R. E. Patterson 3 00
5297. R. H. Rathbun 4 00
5306. A. P. Johnson 8 00
5310. O. G. Korb 16 00
5319. Albert Kitto 4 50
5334. R. A. Folkerts 3 00
5404. E. Fiebiger 8 80
5406. O. A. Paterson 7 00
5422. Market Grocery company 4 00
5429. A. P. Cook 104 10
5430. Chas. Shogran 75 00
5434. Dr. A. F. Huntoon 405 00
5511. Sanders Anderson 14 00
5632. Fred W. Erickson 3 00
5633. Fred W. Erickson 7 00
5680. R. S. Lerch 10 00
5690. M. Haug 67 00
5691. Chas. McNeal 20 00
5800. M. R. Johnson 3 00
5801. Dr. Robert Graham 145 03
5809. Johnson & Thorpe 8 00
5810. Standard Salt and Cement company 2 25
5811. O. S. Olson 10 00
5829. Albert Kitto 4 00
5860. J. A. Herbert 2 00
5862. E. F. Johnson 4 00
5863. Johnson & Thorp 4 00
5870. Stewart livery 7 00
5877. Alger, Smith & Co. 17 24
5890. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
5894. Durkan & Crawford 14 40
5905. H. H. Salmon 6 00
5910. Kelley Hardware company 4 79
5919. M. W. Turner 62 50
5931. Brown Mallough & Son 6 00
5936. O. Jensen 3 00
5941. D. Goldish 12 74
5969. J. A. Barnes 10 25
6017. Cox Bros. Provision company 21 48
6018. Sundin & Johnson 10 00
6027. Johnson & Moe 3 00
6035. Eveleth Hardware company 17 50
6036. Stone-Ordean-Wells company 4 00
6042. E. L. Fisher 21 50
6044. Gowan, Peyton, Twohy company 105 37
6073. Talboys Mercantile company 8 00
6078. Market Grocery company 4 00
6081. Fred W. Erickson 4 00
6090. A. T. Creighton 30 00
6115. A. Fitger & Co. 2 50
6127. M. M. Gasser & Co. 4 00
6131. Christensen, Mendenhall & Graham 41 25
6142. Suffel & Co. 2 50
6143. Delia McCarty 20 00
614.. Annie Moriarity 18 00
6100. A. P. Johnson 4 00
6240. Ed Gallant 30 00
6151. Duluth Wholesale Supply company 3 00
6252. Panton & White 3 71
6315. H. R. Patterson 4 00
6346. Durkan & Crawford 6 80
6347. Chas. Shogran 75 00
6357. M. Haug 69 05
6358. A. T. Creighton 30 00
6359. Chas. McNeal 20 00
6360. Delia McCarty 20 00
6361. Ed Gallant 30 00
6365. Market Grocery company 4 00
6382. C. E. Judd 2 50
6383. O. S. Olson 13 00
6404. Johnson & Thorp 4 00
6406. A. P. Cook 103 48
6407. Barnes & Elder 15 50
6408. D. O'Leary & Co. 7 00
6409. Dr. A. F. Huntoon 220 40
6414. R. S. Miller 12 00
6588. Cox Bros. 9 44
6589. C. B. Nunan 18 00
6590. A. F. Johnson 4 00
6608. M. M. Gasser & Co. 4 00
6609. Christensen & Mendenhall 18 00
6612. Anton Eller 6 00
6614. Duluth Lithograph and Printing company 47 00
6620. Marshall-Wells Hardware company 17 52
6623. F. S. Witherly, agent 1 25
6625. Stryker, Manley & Buck 12 00
6627. A. Borgen 2 73
6628. A. Borgen 4 00
6630. W. B. Logan 8 00
6634. Zenith City Telephone company 15 00
6635. Gowan, Peyton, Twohy company 35 10
6641. Albert Kitto 4 00
6649. C. H. Oppel & Son 3 00
6660. M. E. Brown 4 55
6665. H. Gazett 1 40
6677. O. G. Korb 4 00
6679. Johnson & Nelson 6 00
6680. L. K. Daugherty 1 80
6682. Talboys Mercantile company 3 00
6684. Sarah H. Banks 12 00
6697. E. S. Erickson 8 00
6698. Dr. R. Graham 125 00
6702. Virginia Cash Grocery company 36 00
6719. Fred W. Erickson 4 00
6747. Children's home 18 00
6872. J. H. Running, agent 2 15
6873. H. Hudson, agent 7 00
6878. W. B. Logan 8 00
6919. Chas. Shogran 75 00
6934. Dr. A. F. Huntoon 362 40

Total $10,498 16

TRANSPORTATION FOR COUNTY POOR.
1628. Earl Reed, transportation F. Johnson 15 00
1630. Duluth & Iron Range Railway company, transportation A. Tectum and A. Carlson 6 00
1631. Duluth & Iron Range Railway company, transportation T. McHardy, B. McCabe, J. Erickson, C. Shipman and H. Slisby 11 40
1618. Duluth & Iron Range Railway company, transportation Matt Pithaja 1 50
1620. Earl Run, agent, transportation Charles Mants 18 30
1621. Earl Run, agent, transportation A. Goding 18 00
1623. Earl Reed, agent, transportation E. Dahlstrom 23 00
1613. R. A. Eva, agent, transportation Miss Davidson, Charles Minn, Mrs. Dunn, A. Nordeen 20 65
295. S. M. Dodge 4 30
296. J. Nerlin 4 50
297. Martin Horder 16 32
300. Peter Carlson 15 00
323. Kingston Pratt 12 00
331. Charles McDonald 3 16
334. Ruth Gould 2 15
384. H. Wilson et al 11 45
390. Mrs. James Hokila 1 84
404. John La Butt 15 72
407. Adam Fabeck 4 30
408. John Riley 13 55
418. Charles E. Sahberg 8 26
423. Mrs. Endline 9 15
439. Martin Jacobson 18 00
547. Peter Johnson 17 70
646. Hans Johnson et al 7 70
687. H. O. Martina 20 00
807. And Rockford 12 25
855. John Johnson 15 00
961. Thomas M. Hunterson 16 65
1272. Kate Wilte 4 30
1496. John Korby 5 40
1497. John Nosin 3 40
1527. Charles McNeal 3 30
1807. Jacob Shultz 4 30

Total $362 10

COUNTY POOR FUND RECAPITULATED.
Board and care of county poor outside of poor farm $2,880 73
Burial expenses 708 32
Poor farm expenses, including salary of overseer 5,052 07
County physicians, superintendent of poor and clerk 1,240 00
State institutions, expenses for clothing 128 34
Miscellaneous poor expenses 1,014 09
Temporary relief for county poor 2,761 23
Poor commission 10,498 16
Transportation for county poor 362 10

Total $24,645 01
Refunds 2,012 38

$26,687 42

Outstanding and unpaid orders county poor $238 59

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.
1268. Fred J. Voss, city treasurer 911 65
1432. George A. Tripp, services 40 00
1433. Dr. S. M. Stocker, services 46 06
3148. F. J. Voss, city treasurer 4,285 92
5489. Dr. F. J. Patton, health officer 25 00
6491. Dr. F. J. Patton, health officer 25 00
8195. Dr. S. M. Stocker, inspecting smallpox cases 189 89
Orders drawn in error on general fund and amount transferred to this fund 172 26

Total infectious diseases $5,695 78
Refunds 63 28

$5,759 06

COUNTY BOND INTEREST.
L. H. Whipple county treasurer $2,721 00
L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 3 00
2363. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 15 00
3524. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 2,730 00
3553. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, exchange 20 63
4302. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 16 50
5536. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 15 00
6610. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer 3 00

$5,524 18
Refunds 136 25

$5,660 43

COUNTY BOND SINKING FUND.
Refunds $129 16

NEW ROAD FUND.
899. L. H. Whipple, county treasurer, transferred to county road fund $137 81

COUNTY ROAD AND BRIDGE BOND INTEREST AND SINKING.
L. H. Whipple, county treasurer $6,265 00

(Continued on Page 9, Section 1.)

16 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 16 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 19, 1902. TWO CENTS.

RHODES IS WEAKER

End of the Colossus of South Africa Near.

For Years a Power In the Dark Continent.

Cape Town, March 19.—Cecil Rhodes is slightly weaker today. The exceptional coolness of the weather and the free administration of oxygen contributed to the patient passing a quiet night. He no longer reads. Mr. Rhodes was much pleased at the receipt of the messages of sympathy sent to him by King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

London, March 19.—The phrase already firmly fixed in the general mind, "The Colossus of South Africa," is no mere figure of speech when applied to Cecil J. Rhodes. The British empire that has grown upon the Dark Continent from the northernmost point at which civilization is possible to Europeans to the Cape is a result of this man's indomitable will, restless energy, shrewd management and want of the finer scruples of character that mar the effectiveness of great plans. In fact, this man, who began his career in the unpromising position of a younger son of an impecunious country parson, has given his name to an empire nearly as vast in extent as France and Germany, and concentrated under his management the diamond output of the world as thoroughly as J. Pierpont Morgan has consolidated railroads or John D. Rockefeller cornered oil.

This "Colossus," or, as he is sometimes called, "The Uncrowned King of Rhodesia," went to South Africa—or, rather, was sent there—because as a boy his lungs were so seriously affected that it was only a hope that the dry air of the veldt would delay a few months the ravages of the disease. He was then a boy in his "teens," having been born in Hertfordshire July 5, 1853, and was only trusted on so long a voyage because two elder brothers had already gone there.

Soon after the discovery of the diamond mines at Kimberly he staked off a claim near that town, then appropriately called New Rush. The healthful climate did much more than was expected. A few old miners remember the advent of a delicate, quiet, reserved young man, serious in word and deed, and most of all without any enthusiasm for the career that was opening up before him. He did not like camp life, even if it did put new vigor into his wasted lungs, but with the recovery of his health came ambition.

Prosperous though his undertakings were, penurious though he was of his earnings, money did not accumulate rapidly enough to enable him to carry out the projects he had in mind, for by this time his schemes were too vast for individual capital. At this juncture he returned to Europe and sought financial backing. Of course he went to the Rothschilds, to whom he outlined some of his plans for an amalgamation of the various competing diamond mines. The

(Continued on Page 6.)



PASSING OF CECIL RHODES, ARCH ENEMY OF THE BOERS AND PROMOTER OF THE CAPE TO CAIRO RAILROAD.

CECIL RHODES, the South African genius, often called "the Colossus of Rhodes" because of his gigantic schemes in Africa, is believed to be on his deathbed. For nearly a score of years Rhodes has been a power in the dark continent. He was largely instrumental in breaking the power of the savage tribes and in placing the British flag over Bechuanaland and other immense tracts. He developed the gold mines of the Transvaal and the diamond mines of Kimberley, he organized the Jameson raid and was a potent factor in shaping through Joseph Chamberlain the British policy that forced the Boer republics to take up arms. One of his pet schemes, a railroad line from Cape Colony to Cairo, is partly carried out.

A CAPTIVE FOR YEARS

A Brooklyn Man Held By Australian Bushmen.

Mourned For Dead By His Family and Friends.

New York, March 19.—After twelve years' imprisonmen among the bushmen in Australia, Joseph J. Gill, son of the late Thomas Gill, a well known Brooklyn manufacturer, has been heard from by his family, who had mourned him as dead. Gill left home in 1886, and in 1893 his wife, believing him dead, married again.

On Aug. 18, 1886, Joseph Gill sailed from New York for Australia, where he had extensive mining interests. The mines were situated about 500 miles from Sydney, and Gill expected to be gone two or three years. He left behind a wife and two children, boys of 7 and 5 years respectively.

For two years letters were received regularly. His mining interests were prospering, and he hoped soon to return to the United States, he wrote in his last letter.

A period in which no tidings were received from Mr. Gill followed, and then came a letter from the American consul at Sydney, N. S. W., stating that Joseph Gill, a wealthy mine operator, and four companions, had been ambushed and killed by Australian bushmen in Australia, not far from the mines which the Brooklyn man controlled.

This was the last heard from Gill until the news of imprisonment, which has just been received. It came in the form of a letter to Inspector McLaughlin of the Brooklyn police. The letter was dated Dalgupan, Northern Luzon, Philippine islands. The letter, which was written in November, 1901, was addressed to the chief of police of Brooklyn. It was as follows:

"In 1886 I left my home in Brooklyn for Australia, where I was held a captive in the interior by bushmen until five years ago. I then came to these islands and entered the campaign with Macabebe scouts. Prior to Aguinaldo's capture I was severely wounded, and I am afraid am a cripple for life. I am now making my way back to Sydney, Australia, to my wife and child.

"I do not know if my dear mother is dead, but would be glad to know her address, if she is alive, or my brothers. I shall be in Sydney by the time you receive this letter. Please address me in care of the United States consul at Sydney."

The Brooklyn police had little difficulty in finding Gill's mother. Cable messages were at once sent to Gill at Sydney.

No details have yet been received concerning Gill's imprisonment among the bushmen, who murdered his four companions. After his escape Gill is said to have attempted to secure information concerning his family. The private detective whom he is said to have employed reported that his wife was dead and soon afterward Gill married a Sydney woman. Gill's love of adventure led to his enlistment in the Philippine service.

BOYCOTTS SUSTAINED

Supreme Court of Missouri Decides That Courts of Equity Have No Power to Enjoin Labor Organizations.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 19.—In the supreme court, sitting en blac today, an opinion was handed down declaring that courts of equity have no power to enjoin labor organizations from enforcing boycotts on corporations. The opinion rendered by Judge Sherwood, affirmed the judgment of a lower court, which had refused the application of the Marx & Haas Jeans Clothing company, of St. Louis, for an injunction to restrain Anthony Watson and other officers of a local Knights of Labor organization and a branch of the United Garment Workers of America in that city from pushing a boycott.

Chief Justice Burgess and Judges Brace, Gantt and Marshall concurred in the opinion and Judge Robinson dissented. Judge Valliant, who heard the case originally, when on the circuit bench, took no part in the hearing of the appeal.

The supreme court holds that if the labor unions of the state are not permitted to tell the story of their wrongs or their supposed wrongs, by word of mouth or with pen and print and to endeavor to get another person to aid them by all peaceable means, insuring redress of such wrongs, free speech is endangered.

HANNA WILL PAY BILLS

If Opposition Should Develop In Congress to the Charges In Connection With President McKinley's Death.

Washington, March 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—Should opposition develop in congress to the payment of President McKinley's "doctor bills," Senator Hanna, it is said, will stand good for all the charges. It has been said that the bills presented aggregate $100,000. An intimate friend of the late president, however, is authority for the statement that the schedule of all bills in this connection will not be greater than $50,000 in the aggregate. In this total is included not only the bill of the physicians, but also the nurses, the telegraph companies and the undertakers.

GEN. FUNSTON IS ASSIGNED

Washington, March 19.—By direction of the president, Maj. Gen. MacArthur was today assigned to the command of the department of the lakes, with headquarters at Chicago. Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston is to command the department of Colorado, headquarters at Denver, Col., and Brig. Gen. William A. Kobbe to the command of the department of Dakota, headquarters at St. Paul. These changes take effect on the 25th inst.

SANTOS-DUMONT TO ASSIST

Paris, March 19.—M. Santos-Dumont today accepted an invitation from the officials of the St. Louis exposition to go to St. Louis, assist the authorities in the organization of the proposed balloon contests and select a site on which to erect a balloon shed for himself. The aeronaut will sail for New York on the steamer Deutschland April 4. He will not take a balloon with him.

HARRY GARFIELD DECLINES

Washington, March 19.—Harry A. Garfield, of Cleveland, Ohio, a son of President Garfield, has been offered the position of civil service commissioner to succeed William A. Rodenberg, resigned. Mr. Garfield declined the appointment.

James R. Garfield, another son of the late president, will be given the appointment of civil service commissioner if he will accept it.

REARRESTED.

Bonds In the Meyer Case Were Much Too Small.

New York, March 19.—Max C. Meyer, formerly a partner in the banking firm of Rathborne, Meyer & Rathborne, who was arrested at Bayville, charged with embezzlement from the firm through false entries in the firm's accounts, and who was released on bail of $5000, was rearrested immediately and placed in jail. He was on his way to the ferry when overtaken by a court officer. The action was taken on representation to Judge Hinir that the case involved at least $100,000, instead of only $4800 mentioned in the specific charge.

A HERO.

Young Howe Saved Little Girl In Path of Automobile.

Chicago, March 19.—George L. Howe, the youthful soldier who caused excitement during the visit of Prince Henry by trying to pass a letter to the royal visitor, distinguished himself before leaving Chicago for NewYork, by enacting the role of hero. The young man was on his way to the railway depot, and was crossing the thoroughfare at Van Buren street and Michigan avenue when an automobile appeared. A girl was crossing the street and was almost directly in front of the automobile, when young Howe dragged her to a place of safety. The act was witnessed by a number of persons. The youth, who has been rendered speechless by a bullet wound sustained in the Philippines, will endeavor to join the army in New York.

ALARMED ABOUT JONES.

Mayor of Toledo Very Ill at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, March 19.—Mayor Samuel B. Jones of Toledo, is still very seriously sick. His friends and physicians are greatly alarmed over his condition. He came to Long Beach and the coast for rest and recreation, but he has persisted in lecturing and traveling until now he has become utterly prostrated. N. P. Nelson, the St. Louis manufacturer, who is here with him, has cancelled all his lecture dates, and preparations are being made to secure for the "Golden Rule" mayor that rest and quiet absolutely necessary to his recovery. No date is set for his return East, all depending on his condition.

ROBBED A TRUNK.

Burglar Gets In Work at Sturgis Hotel.

Sturgis, S. D., March 19.—Burglars entered the Charles hotel, of this city, and cut the woodwork around a lock on a trunk and secured between $70 and $80 in cash. Nothing was taken but the money. The party doing the work must have cut himself quite badly, as considerable blood on the cover of the trunk indicated, and may be the cause of his capture.

LORD KIMBERLY ILL.

London, March 19.—Lord Kimberly, the Liberal leader in the house of lords, who has been ill for some time past, suffered a relapse yesterday evening and today is in a semi-conscious condition.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET.

Madrid, March 19.—The queen regent has signed the apointments of the new ministry, and the cabinet officers will take oath this afternoon.

DUFFERIN ESTATE.

London, March 19.—The will of the late marquis of Dufferin, who died Feb. 12 last, was probated today. The estate is valued at £108,548.

ST. PAUL'S CANDIDATES

Nominations Made In the Saintly City By the Use of New Primary Law Which Worked Satisfactorily.

St. Paul, March 19.—Owing to the late hour for closing the polls, counting of the ballots in the First district primary nominations in this city was not completed until today. The new law worked successfully and seemed to be popular, over 60 per cent of the voters being represented at the primaries. The ticket chosen by the Democrats is headed by Robert A. Smith, present mayor, who was renominated by a big vote, and includes Louis Betz for controller; Otto Bremer, present incumbent, for treasurer, and W. L. Kelly, Jr., and O. H. O'Neill for municipal judges.

That of the Republicans consists of F. B. Doran for mayor; J. J. McCardy, present incumbent, for controller; J. H. Wolterstorff for treasurer; Robert C. Hine and John A. Finehout for municipal judges. Both tickets also have a full set of assemblymen, aldermen, justices of the peace and constables.

There are some interesting facts about the way the Republican candidates for the mayoralty nomination ran. Frank B. Doran, the winner, carried eight wards, the First, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Tenth and Eleventh. A. R. Kiefer carried the Second and Fifth. F. G. Warner carried the Eighth. Doran was first in eight wards, second in two and third in one. Kiefer was first in two, second in six, third in one and fourth in two. Warner was first in one ward, second in three, third in two and fourth in four. John J. Leighton carried no wards and was not second in any, but he had six thirds and five fourths. S. W. Robillard was last in all the wards except the First, where he beat R. H. Seng. In all the rest Seng was next to the last.

J. J. McCardy's nomination for comptroller came easy. He defeated his opponent, George Thane, in the ratio of 2 to 1, taking the city altogether, though in many precincts McCardy's majority was much greater.

On the Democratic ticket Robert A. Smith carried every ward over John Wagener. Only in the Eighth was Wagener a respectable competitor for the Democratic nomination. Smith won by more than 2 to 1, on a total vote of 9661. His majorities were heavy in every ward but the Eighth, which he carried by only 82 out of nearly 2000.

Louis Betz had an easy task in defeating his opponents, Messrs. Miller and Prendergast, in the race for the Democratic nomination for comptroller. He led by a handsome margin in every ward, and it is pretty certain that he will have a clear majority of the votes cast for the office when the count is complete.

GREAT DANGER OF FLOOD

Huge Ice Gorge Has Formed In Missouri River Which Is Holding Back an Immense Amount of Water.

Sioux City, March 19.—The formation of a huge ice gorge in the Missouri river imperils thousands of dollars' worth of property in this vicinity. Early on Sunday morning the river suddenly ceased running till the water was but two feet deep at Chamberlain, S. D., and so sudden was the fall that a ferry boat was stranded in midstream. The great stream is now no more than a creek. It was found that an ice gorge had formed at Little Bend, sixty miles above Chamberlain, S. D. For sixty hours the water has been piling up behind this obstruction, and there is now enough water collected to sweep the Missouri valley in a flood that will cause disastrous loss. In all the records of the government engineer's office here nothing like this has occurred. In the great flood of 1881-2 counties were flooded by an ice gorge, but enough water escaped the dam to make a good-sized river. Between Chamberlain and Little Bend there are enough tributary creeks to supply all the water now running. In this city, 250 miles from the gorge by river, the water has fallen three feet within twenty-four hours.

TO GRIND CANADIAN WHEAT

Minneapolis, March 19.—A bond in the sum of $50,000 executed by the National Surety company for the Washburn-Crosby Flour Milling company, of this city, to secure the bonding of mill E for the purpose of grinding Canadian wheat, has been approved by Revenue Collector Peterson and forwarded to Washington for approval.

The company expects to secure wheat and be in readiness to commence operations in the bonded mill as soon as the government designates a store keeper.

While local elevator companies have not been able to secure any Canadian wheat for storage in bond in this city, owing to the alleged inability of the Canadian Pacific railway to supply cars, officials of the Washburn-Crosby company do not apprehend that any difficulty will be encountered in securing transportation facilities for all of the grain that they want to grind.

FILINGS ARE POSTPONED

Kansas City, March 19.—The expected injunction suit to restrain rate-cutting that it was stated would be sued here by Attorney William A. Day, of the interstate commerce commission against seven Chicago-Kansas City lines may not be filed until the end of the week. Judge John F. Philips of district court, before whom the proceedings would have to be filed, is in Jefferson City attending court. Judge Day was in conference yesterday, but it is said he refused to accept a filing of the suit in that city. Judge Philips, it is said, will not return to Kansas City before Friday or Saturday.

TABLETS TO SHUN CHE

Ten Stones Inscribed By Chinese Workmen 200 Years Ago Are In Hands of Customs Appraiser at San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 19.—Ten jade tablets on which, almost 200 years ago, the cunning hand of a Chinese workman engraved, by order of his imperial master, an acknowledgment of the wisdom power and goodness of Shun Che, the founder of the Tartar dynasty in China, are locked in the safe of the customs appraiser, John T. Dare, awaiting authority from Washington to return them to the emperor of China or his representatives. The stones are one foot in length, six inches wide and nearly an inch thick.

Through holes drilled across their width cords are passed to hold them together and when taken by the customs inspector from a private soldier returning from service in China, they were wrapped in elaborately embroidered yellow silk. It is believed that they were taken as loot from the imperial apartments in the Forbidden City. Recognizing their value to the Chinese ruler as a descendant of the emperor, whose deeds they commemorate, the customs authorities here notified the secretary of the treasury and await notification as to the arrangements he may have made with the department of state for the return of the tablets.

TO PRISON FOR LIFE

Is Likely to Be the Fate of Nugent of Louisville Unless He Produces Money Received From Sale of Goods.

Louisville, March 19.—Life imprisonment for debt is in prospect for W. T. Nugent, a member of the bankrupt dry goods firm of E. H. Nugent & Co., unless he can produce $14,400 which he and his friends say is not in his possession.

When the house, which was one of the oldest in the city, failed two years ago, it was charged that before the assignment was made, W. T. Nugent, son of the proprietor, had disposed of a large part of the stock to other houses for $14,400. This money did not figure in the assignment, but Nugent asserted that it had been spent in payment of his father's debts. He, however, produced no receipts.

At the instance of the creditors the son was tried in the federal court. Judge Evans ruled that he must pay over the money or go to jail for contempt of court until he did. Attorneys for Nugent got him out on $5000 bond pending an appeal. The circuit court of appeals reversed Judge Evans' decision, but the supreme court of the United States sustained him. Nugent then made a plea for a new hearing, which is now denied.

The argument for the defendant was that to put him in jail meant virtually life imprisonment for debt.

WAR IS OVER ONCE MORE

Guevarra of Samar Has Agreed to Surrender With 400 Rifles and Gen. Chaffee Thinks the Insurrection Is Over.

Manila, March 19.—Gen. Lukban's efforts in influencing Guevarra, who recently issued a proclamation declaring himself the successor of Gen. Lukban in the Island of Samar, to surrender, have been successful. Both Gen. Smith, in command of the United States forces in the island of Samar, and Guevarra, have agreed to an armistice to facilitate the collection of Guevrra's men with their rifles, when the formal surrender will be made. The arms will be paid in at the fort.

Gen. Smith cables that Guevarra has 400 rifles and that Guevarra guarantees the absolute peacefulness of his men.

Gen. Chaffee is greatly pleased with what he considers as closing the active insurrection. The resistance in Batangas and Laguna provinces practically is over. There are daily surrenders there of men and guns. The insurgents have been completely starved into submission by Gen. Bell's aggressive tactics in preventing any exterior assistance from reaching them.

Some suprise is expressed at the number of rifles to be turned in by the men under Guevarra, as it was thought there were but 200 in Samar.

SAFE BLOWERS CAUSE FIRE

Marissa, Ill., March 19.—Safe blowers are responsible for a fire which destroyed $150,000 worth of property in Marissa last night. They entered the Commercial hotel, where fifty persons were asleep shortly before midnight and blew open the safe. Obtaining $2500 the robbers escaped, leaving the building in flames. The fire spread rapidly and was not checked until a dozen business blocks and several residences with their contents were destroyed. The Commercial hotel was totally destroyed.

The loss is well covered by insurance. Several persons had narrow escapes from death.

Stylish shoes for Boys.



Nobby Hats for Boys.

M. S. BURROWS.

Children's Swell Clothing Is Here!

Boys' Confirmation Suits

It's one of the strong points of excellence in this great business to clothe boys for confirmation. Our aim is to sell well made, serviceable, neat, stylish boys' clothing that will look well on the playground, in the parlor and at church. Clothing that will withstand the hard usage of "Young America." This year we have made extra special preparations, and every suit we have displayed in our Boys' Department we do not hesitate to back with our guarantee. You will find it decidedly to your interest to clothe the boys here. Price details follow—read them.



Boys' Fashionable SEASON 1902 Norfolk & Vest & Shield Suits.

LONG PANTS SUITS for confirmation and dress wear; single or double breasted coats; exquisitely tailored from fine clay worsteds, serges and thibet cloths; dark blue and black, elegant in outline and fit—

$6.00 to $15.00

THREE-PIECE SUITS for confirmation; single breasted coat-vest and knee pants; fabrics are of the finest; clay worsteds, unfinished worsteds, thibets and serges in dark blue and black; constructed in the most careful manner; fashioned in a refined and dressy style; coats have broad hand-padded shoulders, and close fitting collars that assure a smooth and perfect fit—prices—

$6.00 to $12.00

BOYS' DOUBLE BREASTED SUITS for confirmation, double breasted coat and knee pants; these come in clay worsteds, serges and thibets; black and rick dark blues; fine Italian and serge linings; silk stitched throughout; evenly finished edges; in elegance and value they eclipse anything heretofore shown; prices—

$3.50 to $12.00

BOYS' SPRING OVERCOATS—All the latest shades in covert Top Coats in sizes from 3 to 20 years—

$5.00 to $15.00

CRAVENETTE COATS FOR BOYS—8 to 20 years. These coats are waterproof and cut very long. They can also be worn for Spring Overcoats. Prices from—

$8.50 to $15.00

Boys' Confirmation Furnishings!

White Shirts ..... 50c to $1.50
Gloves ..... 15c to 25c
White Ties ..... 12c to 35c

The sale of sample wash suits

will continue for the balance of the week. Its success has passed our greatest expectations. It gives the people of Duluth a chance to make a selectidn from hundreds of styles in the finest materials made.

HAS BEEN SIGNED

Mayor Approves the Wine Room Ordinance Adopted.

Plans Now Under Way For Getting Around Regulations.

Those Desiring to Claim It Will Be an Easy Matter.

Mayor Hugo signed the compromise wine room ordinance today.

Persons that seemed to know had been predicting a veto instead of approval.

The mayor, however, signed without the slightest indications of withholding his approval and the ordinance will go in effect on May 1.

The friends of the original Cromwell ordinance see nothing but defeat by the passing of the Chicago substitute and the saloon interests look at it as something of a victory.

One of the saloonkeepers who makes a feature of wine rooms is already out with a scheme for more secrecy for his patrons. He has rather deep stalls or booths and plans to have them remodeled so that the entrance to the booths shall be in the corner farthest away from the street door and very narrow.

While this compiles with the letter of the ordinance it would prevent people in the interior of the saloon from seeing into the wine booths unless they should take the trouble to go right up to the opening.

Another saloon man says he can beat this for secrecy. He plans to have the entrance to each little wine room a short passge way along a corner of the booth and in this way completely shut off the interior of the booth from the outside and at the same time have no doors, curtains or screens.

The provision prohibiting a man and woman from drinking intoxicating liquor in a restaurant, unless some person else is with them, is causing some anxiety in certain liquor selling circles.

One restaurant on Superior street does quite a business with Bohemian dinners. Now when a man visits this place with a woman he is supposed to have another person present or drink nothing stronger than coffee.

Even this may be evaded. In the first place it would be extremely hard for the police to enforce this provision, and if an officer should try to enforce it it would be easy for a waiter or some employe of the restaurant to get into the party temporarily.

ON THE WAY.

Ten Miles of Rails For Virginia & Rainy River Road.

Ten miles of steel rails for the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railway have been on the road from Pittsburg for two weeks. It is thought that they have been delayed at Chicago or some other common point. Upon the receipts of these rails, the company will resume the laying of track and push it rapidly. The work was interrupted by inability to get cars for shipping the steel from Pittsburg. This shipment will make about twenty-six miles of main line track that will be down. As soon as the rails catch up with the grading a little again, the latter work will be resumed in full blast.

The heavy construction work on the line has been practically passed now, and the rest of the line will go forward much more rapidly and easily.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

LIST OF DELINQUENTS.

County Treasurer Preparing It For the Court.

A list of those who have not yet paid their personal property taxes for 1901 is being made up in the office of County Treasurer Whipple, and on April 5 it will be filed with the clerk of the district court. Then costs begin to pile up, and those who neglect their taxes further and let them go through the legal course and pile up the legal costs will find them very much increased. As an instance of this, there is on the books one account that was paid last September. The tax was originally $4.50, but when it was paid nine months after it was due the costs, penalties, etc., had amounted to $8, making the tax that was finally paid $12.50.

Reported In Advance.

The repeated warnings of the health department that physicians not promptly reporting births would be arrested seems to have had more than the desired effect. It has apparently worked on the mind of one of the most prominent physicians very seriously because a birth for "Dec. 16, 1902," was reported this morning.

Secretary Miller of the health board says that it is not necessary to go to that trouble to report births so far in advance but he would rather have it that way than several months afterward.

Caught Another Spitter.

John Eright was fined $5 and costs in police court this morning for spitting on the floor of a street car.

"If others don't expect his fate. Then they should not expectorate."

Because the street car company has a special detective in plain clothes traveling on its lines looking for violators of the anti-spitting ordinance.

Selects Fine Lines.

Arthur K. Squier, manager of the boys' and children's department of The Great Eastern, returned yesterday from New York, where he spent some time in selecting the spring and summer stock of children's clothing for the Burrows store. Mr. Squier for a number of years held a similar position with Marshal Field & Co., of Chicago, and his acquaintance with Eastern manufacturers enabled him to secure some of the handsomest lines in the market. The showing of wash suits for boys and girls at the Burrows store this week is an idea of Mr. Squier that is meeting with great success.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

AFTER-EFFECTS OF LA GRIPPE.

Pe-ru-na a Specific Restorative That Has Stood The Test of Time.

NOTABLE RECOVERIES REPORTED HERE.



Mrs. Lou Ketchum, 1155 Bass avenue, Memphis, Tenn., writes:

Peruna brought me health and strength, and I firmly believe in its efficacy. I had la grippe last winter and suffered for several weeks without obtaining relief until I took Peruna. Three bottles not only cured me completely, but it left my system in a fine condition, and I feel better than I have for years. You have a host of friends in Memphis." MISS LOU KETCHUM.

Hon. James R. Guill is one of the oldest and most esteemed men of Omaha, Neb., coming to that city in its early days when it little dreamed of being a metropolis. He has done much to make it what it is, serving on public boards a number of times.

A recent letter, written by him to The Peruna Medicine Co., of Columbus, O., endorsing their remedy, Peruna, for catarrh, consequently carries with it considerable weight and importance. The following is his letter:

Omaha, Neb., January 25, 1900.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Gentlemen—"I am 68 years old, am hale and hearty, and Peruna has helped me attain it. Two years ago I had la grippe—my life was despaired of. Peruna saved me."

J. R. GUILL.

Without raising the discussion as to whether la grippe is produced by a specific microbe or not, at least this much is certain and admitted by all, and will produce chronic catarrh if not promptly and properly cured. It leaves a person haggard, weak, sallow, frazzled-out, mucous membranes all congested, appetite changeable, digestion capricious, and just about empties life of all meaning or desirability.

There is no remedy in the world that meets the conditions produced by la grippe better than the remedy, Peruna. Peruna strengthens as it renovates, soothes while it stimulates, heals as it expurgates. Peruna is not a purgative, or cathartic, or sedative, or stimulant, nor a vegetable or mineral poison. It reaches the source of all diseases of the mucous membranes by its action on the vaso-motor system of nerves.

Every person who has had la grippe during the last year should take a course of Peruna. No one need expect perfect recovery unless they do so. The grip has produced a catarrhal inflammation of the whole mucous membrane, and good health is impossible until these are restored to a normal condition. This Peruna will do. A great many remedies have been suggested for this condition from time to time, but Peruna appears to be the only remedy that has any substantial value in these cases. It has stood the test of forty years' experience and still occupies the unique position of being the leading (if not the only) specific remedy for the after effects of la grippe.

Among the many prominent people who have been cured of the after-effects of grip are the following:

Congressman Howard, of Alabama, says: "I have taken Peruna for the grip and recommend it as an excellent remedy to all fellow sufferers."
M. W. Howard, Congressman from Alabama.

Congressman White, of North Carolina, says: "I find Peruna to be an excellent remedy for the grip. I have used it in my family and they all join me in recommending it."—George H. White, Congressman from North Carolina.

Mrs. Harriet A. S. Marsh, President of the Women's Benevolent Association, of Chicago, writes: "I suffered with grip seven weeks. Nothing helped me. Tried Peruna and within three weeks I was fully restored. Shall never be without it again.

The following letter was received from Mrs. M. Wright, secretary Good eTmplars Lodge No. 47, and Lady of the Maccabees: 2514 Fillmore street, N. E. Minneapolis, Minn.

"I suffered this winter with an attack of the la grippe and having heard of Peruna in such cases I decided to try it. I am still using Peruna and find that it helps me greatly.

"I have influenced several friends afflicted with chronic catarrh to take Peruna and they all show wonderful improvement. I believe it to be the best medicine before the public.

"MRS. M. WRIGHT."



Mrs. M. Wright.

At the appearance of the first symptoms of grip people should stay indoors and take Peruna in small doses (teaspoonful every hour) until the symptoms disappear. This will prevent a long, disastrous sickness and perhaps fatal results.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Peruna is the acknowledged catarrh remedy of the age. Dr. Hartman, the compounder of Peruna, has written a book on the phases of catarrh peculiar to women, entitled "Health and Beauty." It will be sent free to any address by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

AT WEST DULUTH

The plans and specifications for the Jenswold street cut and sub-way under the Northern Pacific tracks, near the ore docks, were completed by the city engineer yesterday, and the bids for the work will be advertised for in a few days. The city engineer's estimate of the expense is $34,000, including the retaining walls and the steel bridge for the railway tracks. The estimate is for a fifty-seven foot cut, leaving a space for the walls, a six-foot sidewalk on each side, a driveway wide enough for a louble street car track, with fifteen-foot drives either side of the tracks.

The plans call for a thirty-foot cut, which will give room for the street railway tracks and a fifteen-foot driveway. The sides of the cut would be sloping, doing away with the retaining walls this year. The bridge over the railway tracks would be only a temporary structure, saving the cost at present of a steel bridge. The cost of a thirty-foot cut will be in the neighborhood of $14,500. The board of public works will advertise for bids for a thirty-foot, a forty-foot and a fifty-seven-foot cut.

COMING FROM THE WOODS.

A number of the men that are employed in the sawmills at West Duluth during the sawing season are beginning to find their way back here after a winter spent in visiting in other states or working in logging camps. The outlook is the best for a long season's work. The mills expect to start up early, and will run as late as possible. While some of the mills do not expect that their season cut will be as large as in former years, others have planned on a larger cut than last year, and the prospect is that the aggregate lumber cut of the West Duluth mills will be larger for the season of 1902 than in 1901. The repair work at the various mills is going on steadily, and were the ice in the bay to break up suddenly it would require but a few days for the mills to get their crews together and begin sawing.

FELL OFF A CAR.

Cross tag on top of boxcars is a very dangerous sport for boys, as Earl Spooner, the 15-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Spooner, of No. 27 Sixty-third avenue west, will testify. Yesterday afternoon young Spooner was in the midst of this strenuous game with some playmates, about and on top of a string of boxcars at the Northern Pacific crossing with Sixty-third avenue west. While dodging another boy, Earl Spooner lost his balance and fell backward off a car. He struck the frozen ground with considerable force, cutting a deep gash over his eye, bruising his hip and spraining both arms. He was carried to his home and a physician called. The lad was severely shaken up and it will be some weeks before he will be able to play cross tag again.

PARENTS DEFEND THEM.

The parents of Philip Bourasa and Bernard Benson, the two boys now under arrest for trespass and assault and battery, say that the boys have thus far been given the worst of the matter in the eyes of the public. They say that the boys were not among the strikers, that they did not go to the match factory to make trouble, but to look for work and that the injuries that Izzo received were the result of the defense made by the boys when Izzo is alleged to have assaulted them. The parents say that the boys are inclined to be peaceful, and are industrious workers, never looking for trouble, nor in this case notoriety through the newspapers.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The next regular meeting of the West Duluth branch of the W. C. T. U. will be held tomorrow afternoon at the home of Mrs. Jewel, 903 East Fourth street. The topic of the meeting will be "Character Sketches," and it is expected that the discussion will be a particularly interesting one. Mrs. Jewel will be the leader.

Rev. Mr. Swenson, who recently resigned his charge at the Swedish Lutheran church here, to go to Iowa, is shipping his goods today.

R. Day, who has been home for a few days visit, left today for Wisconsin, where he is employed in a surveying party.

It was recently stated that the services held a few Sundays ago in the West Duluth fire hall were the first ever held in the building. The Herald stands corrected, for when Rev. Robert Forbes first came to West Duluth he conducted services for the firemen on several occasions.

Miss Mathilde Nelson and N. G. Dedin, both of West Duluth, were united in marriage last evening by Rev. Mr. Svenson, of the Swedish Lutheran church. Mr. and Mrs. Dedin left today on their wedding trip and will visit for about two weeks with relatives in Morrison county, Minn.

L. H. Filiatrault, of St. Paul, was a visitor in West Duluth yesterday.

J. H. Robinson, of Boston, was a guest of Rev. R. A. Saunderson this week.

Mrs. M. Holland is entertaining the Misses Emily and Jennie Roberts.

Ralph Brotherton, of Spokane, Wash., is visiting relatives here.

Some of Hugh Blain's friends are trying to figure out how long he will remain for this visit.

Fred Potter has returned from Chisholm.

The ice still holds out at the West Duluth covered rink and the skating is the best it has been this winter.

Go to Lauermann's for shoes.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Filiatrault, undertaker, West Duluth.

CAN ASSAULT ROCKS.

Peter Daley Will Try Another Kind of Battering.

Gust Sternberg, the engineer at the Union depot, was brutally assaulted last night by a tough cahracter named Peter Daley.

At midnight Mr. Sternberg went to the immigrant room to look after the comfort of a party of passengers. He saw Daley in the room and knowing that he had no business there told him to leave. Sternberg then went out to get some water for the immigrants and as he was coming back Daley stepped out from a dark corner and slipping up behind the engineed, knocked him down. As he went down Daley kicked him in the mouth and then ran out of the depot.

He ran into the arms of Officer Herman Fritz, who recognized him as one of the toughest men in the city and placed him under arrest. This morning Sternberg swore out a complaint and Daley was given twenty days to assault rocks for the county.

For an Old Theft.

Eli H. Sholette, proprietor of the Model lodging house on the Bowery, was arrested this morning charged with stealing a watch from one of his lodgers on Feb. 19 last.

On that date Edward McGindley was robbed but he did not report the matter to the police. Yesterday he came out of the woods again and was speaking of his loss. Officer Frank Schulte overheard the story and remembered a watch that Sholette was wearing. He placed the lodging house man under arrest and McGindley identified the watch as that taken from him. The examination will take place on Saturday morning.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Derby.

You take no chances when buying the "Hawkes" hats.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

HANNA.

Renewal of the Talk of His Presidential Candidacy.

Washington, March 19.—There has been a revival this week of the gossip concerning Senator Hanna's candidacy for the presidency. It is stated that the senator already has enough delegates to oppose Roosevelt in 1904.

The senator's recent activity in labor matters has been pointed out as an indication of his desire for the nomination. Senator Hanna himself says nothing publicly concerning these rumors.

Privately he tells his friends that his knee is constantly growing worse and, even if he did have presidential aspirations, he doubts if his health would permit him to make a canvass.

If McKinley had lived Senator Hanna would have entered the field as a candidate in 1904. He feels greatly complimented by the constant recurrence of his name at the top of the lists of possible candidates.

Senator Hanna is growing rapidly as a public man. He has developed into one of the strongest debators in the senate.

The disposition of the senate toward him has changed. When he came, the old senators were inclined to resent his presence as that of a man who had no claim on the place except those of a political boss. Hanna gritted his teeth and made his fight and he has today won the respect of all his colleagues.

Senator Hanna has no particular enthusiasm for President Roosevelt and his administration. His position is that of a man who is sitting quiet and waiting for events to work themselves out. He has said several times that he would like to see Roosevelt do well, and that he would help him whenever he could.

President Roosevelt is anxious about Hanna, and nearly every week has something printed in one of his personal organs to show that the best relations exist between him and the senator.

So far as 1904 is concerned, Hanna will be for Roosevelt if Roosevelt is the right man to nominate.

There are a great many shrewd politicians in Washington who are of the opinion that Roosevelt will really be the unanimous choice of the next Republican convention, or that his name will not be mentioned in that convention.

A hundred columns could be filled with speculations showing why Roosevelt will be nominated or why he won't be. The only fact is that Roosevelt at the present time is the single candidate for the nomination in 1904 in the minds of the masses of the Republican party. Whether he holds that position depends on himself.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock's Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

Settlers' Rates to the West

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

DEATH OF BOBRIKOFF.

Finnish Daily Publishes Account of His Assassination.

Milwaukee, March 19.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Calumet, Mich., says: The Paivatchti, Calumet's Finnish daily, the only one in the United States, published this morning an account of the assassination of Bobrikoff, the Russian governor general of Finland. The news was brought by parties arriving at Calumet from Finland yesterday.

The paper claims that the account had never yet been published, as the Russian government censored the matter.

On Feb. 11, according to the report, Bobrikoff took a train for St. Petersburg, at Helsingfors, the Finnish capital. He was followed by an old soldier. As the governor alighted from the train at the Russian capital, the soldier fired three shots at him. Bobrokoff died Feb. 14. The soldier committed suicide.

TOOK BOYER'S ORE.

Suit Brought Against Washo Copper Mining Company.

Butte, Mont., March 19.—Suit has been instituted in the district court by James E. Boyer to recover from the Washo Copper Mining company the sum of $150,000, which it is claimed is the value of ore alleged to have been illegally extracted by the Washo company from beneath a lot belonging to Boyer. Through deep mining the defendant company is alleged to have trespassed upon the property belonging to plaintiff. It is also asserted that pending the litigation the Washo company has abstained from further operations upon the ore bodies in question. It is stated that Boyer acquired the mineral rights of the lot in August, 1895, but was not aware of the trespass of the Washo company until June, 1900.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tingling life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

KILBURN, WIS., HOTEL BURNED.

Baraboo, Wis., March 19.—The Park hotel at Kilburn was destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is $10,000, partly insured.

RIOTERS SENTENCED.

St. Petersburg, March 19.—Eighty-seven of the persons who were arrested here Sunday last for rioting have been sentenced to three months' imprisonment. The prosecution of the ring-leaders is still pending.

Suits For Tall and Slim.

If you are hard to fit in clothing, try us. We carry a large assortment of spring suits to fit tall and slim, also short and stout.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

PORTO RICANS

Have Contributed Liberally to McKinley Memorial Fund.

Cleveland, March 19.—Thousands of Porto Ricans have contributed to the McKinley national memorial. Governor William H. Hunt, in a letter received today by Ryerson Ritchie, national secretary, reports that $1,497.42 has been raised in the island and the number of contributors runs far up into the thousands. Governor Hunt said contributions were solicited in the island and no contribution was to be over 10 cents. The populace responded at once. To each of the contributors will be presented a certificate and in this manner pictures of McKinley, the White House and the McKinley home at Canton, Ohio, will adorn thousands of fine homes and cabins in Porto Rico.

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold
If you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Hats.

The price is the same today, tomorrow and every other day in the year.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

Hardwood Flooring Xxxx and Xxx

Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.
Plain and Quarter Sawed.
If you want the best manufactured, buy from
C. B. WOODRUFF
LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

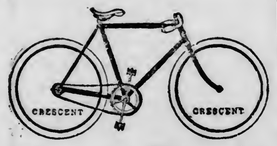
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PATENTS!
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

EDISON THE WIZARD.
Wishes to announce that his latest discovery in the phonograph reproducer, and the new Moulded records, something just out, has the natural tone, of voice, and the sweet musical tone of the instrumental records are something wonderful. Call and hear it. Mail orders given prompt attention
B. F. HATHAWAY, Local Agent
202 Trust Building.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Skating!
TONIGHT
Music at the West Duluth Covered Rink.
Excellent Ice.



Crescent Bicycles
For 1902 are the leaders as usual, now have a large stock on hand to select from. Prices on Crescents are right—
$25 to $35
All Crescents guaranteed.
WIELAND & WADE,
Hardware and Bicycles.

A Few of the Many Household Goods We Sell!

BED ROOM SUITS. Oak, Ash, Elm, Dresser, Comode, Bed Stead—
$15 to $40

IRON BEDS. Big assortment to pick from—white, blue, green, Olive, pink—
$2 to $25

SPRINGS. Best tempered woven wire, iron, or wooden beds—
$1.98 to $5

CHIFFONIERES. Golden Oak finish—
$10 to $17

SIDEBOARDS. Oak and Ash—
$10 to $25

CENTER TABLES. Oak, Mahogany and Birch, all sizes—
$1 to $7

DINING ROOM TABLES. Oak and Elm—
$4.75 to $20

DINING ROOM CHAIRS. Oak, Ash, Elm, Cane, Wood, Leather seats—Set—
$5 to $18

BOOK CASES. With and without glass doors—
$7.50 to $15

Couches, Bed Lounges, Folding Beds, Carpets, Lace, Chenile and Tapestry Curtains and Covers, Washers, Wringers, Clocks and Silverware.

Your credit is good and we make the payments to suit you—weekly or monthly.

GATELY SUPPLY CO

8 East Superior Street.

THE LOSS IS HEAVY

Thousands of Cattle and Sheep Lost In the Blizzard.

Several Ranchers and Herders Also Lose Their Lives.

First Trans-Continental Trains Have Arrived at St. Paul.

St. Paul, March 19.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Reports of loss of live stock in the storm have begun to come in. Joe Allen, a ranchman near here, started for Sterling Friday noon, when he was found so badly frozen that it is feared he cannot recover. One of his horses were dead and the other has not been found. William H. Bratton, of Sterling, lost 100 cattle and several hundred sheep. They were sheltered, but the rock fell in and smothered them. A ranchman named Cook lost fifty cattle.

William Wilton lost 400 sheep. A band of 5000 sheep in the western part of the state were turned out to graze the day before the storm. The herder perished with his flock.

The blockade of this division of the Northern Pacific was broken this morning, when seven passenger trains from the East arrived. At Sterling, thirty miles east, there was a cut a mile and a half long filled with snow from six to fifteen feet in depth. Two snow plows were broken down in clearing the track. The Washburn road snow-bucking outfit, which was wrecked, was gotten back on the track last night. The officials of that road requested the Northern Pacific for the use of a rotary. This morning the Northern Pacific tracks are reported clear fom Jamestown west to Glendive.

St. Paul, March 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Soo line was the first of the trans-continental railroads to break loose from the North Dakota snow blockade and bring a train into St. Paul. Late yesterday afternoon the Soo managed to get its track through the Eastern portion of North Dakota open, and shortly before daylight today one of the belated trains reached St. Paul. Another is expected late tonight and still another tomorrow. The Northern Pacific and Great Northern will, it is now definitely stated, bring in their trains tomorrow.

Today's movement of settlers continued large. It is evident the weather has had only a temporary effect in stemming the tide.

A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: The storm blockade on the Manitoba branch railways has been raised. A. L. Davis, of Boston, was frozen to death in the recent storm.

DEFENDANT WINS.

Verdict For G. H. Lounsberry In the Upham Case.

The jury in the case of Katherine W. Upham against George H. Lounsberry to recover $900 damages for the falling of a retaining wall, built by the defendant, returned a verdict in favor of the defendant in district court this morning.

This afternoon, in Judge Ensign's court, the case of Mary R. Inham against the Butler-Ryan company was to come up before a jury. It is somewhat out of the usual run of cases. Mrs. Inman seeks to recover $4200 damages because the Butler-Ryan company blew up the wreck of the tug Bob Anderson, July 20, 1901. The tug had burned to the water's edge in Good Harbor bay, Cook county, on the north shore of Lake Superior, and the wreck was there on the beach. The plaintiff claims that the defendant blew it up and destroyed it, and carried away some of the parts of the machinery. She alleges that the machinery was worth $4200, and sues to recover that amount.

The Butler-Ryan company claims that the tug burned prior to 1900, and that the plaintiff had abandoned the wreck and all hope of getting any salvage out of it. This, in turn, the plaintiff denies.

The case of the Vulcan Iron works against Harry Roberts is still on trial before Judge Cant in room No. 3.

ONE FARE

Will Prevail In Chicago If Decision Is Sustained.

Chicago, March 19.—Judge Ball, in the circuit court today, entered a ruling, in which he holds as valid the city ordinance compelling the Union Traction company to issue transfers on all its lines, and says: The Union Traction company, among other things, was formed chiefly for the purpose of operating in harmony with the West Chicago and the North Chicago street railways—two distinct systems. If sustained, Judge Ball's ruling will allow a passenger to travel from the West Side limits to the terminus of the North Side line on the payment of one fare, where two had been paid before. Incidentally the court holds that the municipality has the legal right to regulate stre t car fares. The case will go to the supreme court.

SALOON ROBBED.

Langbridge's Place In McKay Hotel Burglarized.

The saloon owned by Charles Langbridge, in the basement of the McKay hotel building, on Fifth avenue west, was burglarized last evening. The robbery is supposed to have been committed by some person or persons familiar with the premises and who were not novices at the business. Mr. Langbridge was the last person to leave the building at a late hour last evening. He locked the rear door, which opens into a passageway in the basement and left through the front door.

About 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning, the night man employed at the hotel heard a crash below and going down shortly afterward to perform some work noticed that the rear door of the saloon was open. He did not investigate, thinking that the proprietor might be in the building. This morning it was discovered that the rear door had been forced. The door was fastened with an ordinary lock and bolt. Considerable pressure must have been exerted as both locks were torn out of the door casing. There were no marks on the door to indicate that any instrument was used to force it and the supposition is that a very strong man, or, perhaps, two of them, placed their shoulders against the door and pushed it in.

That the thieves were not novices at the business is shown by the fact that they did not molest the liquor or cigars. All they left of the contents of the cash register was 20 cents of change that had fallen on the floor and a few bills for liquor. The robbery had not been reported to the police department up to this afternoon.

SCIENTIFIC

Cures Without Drugs or Medicines or Use of the Knife.

Osteopathy is the treatment of all disease by manipulation, aided by electricity. No unnatural means are used, but every movement is based on a scientific and natural law. The patient experiences an improvement, in most cases, almost from the first treatment. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McLaren, 512, 13 and 14 Torrey building, have charge of the Branch Office of the Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy, in this city, and show a record of hundreds of difficult cases successfully treated during the past year in which they have been established here.

MINERS

Hard at Work Considering Important Questions Before Them.

Shamokin, Pa., March 19.—The miners' convention today began the consideration of the important matters which will decide whether the proposal of the operators to continue existing conditions shall be accepted or rejected.

The committee on rules and order of business met at 8:30 o'clock, a half hour previous to the assembling of the convention, and completed the details of their work. The delegates this morning displayed much interest in the expected presentation by President Mitchell of the letters from the presidents of the operating companies declining a conference with officials of the United Mine Workers. This morning's session began promptly at 9 o'clock, with President Mitchell in the chair. The credentials committee made their final report, which showed the total number of delegates present to be 631, with 926 votes. District No. 1 has 312 delegates and 145 votes.

A request for admission to the convention from delegates of the Firemen's union met with some opposition, but a motion admitting them was finally carried.

The convention decided to appoint a scale committee of twenty-one members, seven from each district, and a committee on resolutions consisting of three members from each district.

President Mitchell announced that letters had been received from the operators, and he deemed it advisable for the convention to consider them in executive session. His suggestion was then adopted, and at 10:30 a. m. the convention went into executive session.

HEAVY WIND

At Adams, Mass., Damaged Considerable Property.

Adams, Mass., March 19.—A high wind which prevailed all last night assumed cyclonic proportions today, and considerable damage resulted. Chimneys were demolished, trees uprooted and the entire spire and belfry on the First Congregational church were wrenched off. In falling the spire took with it two large cupolas and a portion of the roof from the church.

IMPEACHMENT

Of Minister of Finance of Sweden Asked.

Stockholm, March 19.—There was some excitement in the second chamber of parliament today, owing to a demand by Adolf Hedin, a Liberal member, for the impeachment of the minister of finance, Count Hugo Wachtmeister. The grounds for the impeachment, which were not announced, were delivered to the president of the house in a sealed envelope. The matter was refered to the constitutional committee.

DATE OF WOODARD'S DEATH.

Casper, Wyo., March 19.—Charles Woodard, under sentence of death for the murder of Sheriff Ricker last January, will be hanged March 28. Woodard's attorney said today that the case would not be appealed to the supreme court.

FOOD CURE.

The True Way to Get Well.

The tales told of how food will make people well are nearly always interesting. A young lady in Cleveland, O., says: "I had an attack of nervous prostration and finally had to give up and go to bed. Did not know what was the matter with me. My physician told me that I should take a trip, and a favorite Auntie, who was at that time a visitor at my home, urged me to return with her. The doctor said I might get out of bed in a few days, and so, although I was still very weak, I made the journey, which was a short one, to Cleveland.

There I gave out again and had neuralgia badly in addition to my other nervous troubles. While in this condition I was urged to change my food and try Grape-Nuts. I had tried Grape-Nuts at home, but did not like them because I did not use them right, having put hot water on them, but under the advice of a friend I started in on Grape-Nuts and cream or very rich milk. That was a different story, and I enjoyed the food greatly.

In a few days I began to get strong and lost the desire to lie down. I forgot to tell you that I had been suffering also from dyspepsia. This gradually left when I had Grape-Nuts Food for breakfast and supper.

Shortly after, I began to put on flesh and went up from 115 pounds to 130½ in about six weeks. When I returned home all my friends remarked on my improved appearance, and the vigor and strength I had regained paid me well for my food experiment.

In addition to strength of body I noticed a remarkable improvement in my mental strength. It was a pleasure to me to read and think and great big worries that would have put me to bed in my former condition sliped off as easily without oppressing me at all. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

THE JURY IS DRAWN

Twelve Men Procured to Try Stens Karvo For Murder.

Sixty-Nine Talesmen Examined Before Dozen Were Secured.

County Attorney McClintock Makes Opening Address to Jury.

THE JURY.

Martin Mell, farmer, New Independence.
James B. Salter, mill sawyer, 6114 Green street.
Gust Lund, farmer, Iron Junction.
James D. Campbell, carpenter, 411 Twenty-fourth avenue west.
Hans Gronseth, shoe dealer, 518 East Fourth street.
J. W. Richardson, carpenter, 208 West Second street.
N. B. Morrison, life insurance, 1125 East Fourth street.
James Grandsey, grocer, Hibbing.
Amund Jensen, confectioner, 5631 Grand avenue.
A. W. Clark, teamster, 306 East Sixth street.
Andrew Johnson, bookkeeper, 122 East Eighth street.
Joshua B. Andrews, lumber scaler, West Duluth.

The jury in the murder case against Daniel Karvo, indicted under the name of Stens Karvo, was completed at 11:45 o'clock this morning, and County Attorney McClintock made a very brief opening address to the jury before the noon recess. This afternoon the state began the introduction of testimony to prove the defendant guilty of murder in the first degree, for which the punishment is death.

It took four half-day sessions to complete the jury panel, and three jurors were secured during each session. In all sixty-nine men were called before twelve fair and unbiased jurors, satisfactory to both sides, were found. This is nine more than it took to get a jury in the King murder case, and four less than it took to complete the panel in the Rivers case.

One of the questions asked of jurors by the attorney for the defendant, after it had been shown that they had no prejudice in this case so far as the question of guilt or innocence went, was whether the fact that public sentiment might be clamoring for this man's life as a punishment for his crime, would have any weight with them in determining their verdict. To this all the jurors to whom the question was put returned a very decided negative. Another question was whether the fact that several murders had recently been committed in this county, without the perpetrators being hanged, would influence their verdict. This all the candidates denied, and one man said that he would hardly be apt to punish a man for another's crime.

While Karvo has not yet been seen to look once in the direction of the jury box, his attitude was somewhat different this morning. He still sat in his old position, facing the judge's desk, but he had changed his range of vision, and instead of looking steadily at the floor ahead of him, his gaze wandered out of the window and was fixed upon what he could see of the landscape outside, though from any expression that appeared on his face he might have been looking earnestly at nothing. Toward noon he turned his head and looked up at the clock on the wall and then settled back to his old position with a heavy sigh.

Since he has been in jail his hair and whiskers have grown uninterruptedly, and apparently he has touched brush and comb to neither.

In opening to the jury Mr. McClintock simply read the indictment charging that on Jan. 9 Karvo killed Jacob Myllymaki with a knife, and then briefly sketched the story of the tragedy. He said that on the morning of Jan. 9, shortly after 8 o'clock, Karvo came in to a Lake avenue saloon kept by Signer & Wilta, and a little later Myllymaki arrived. These two were there all the morning, and others came and went. About noon the two were sitting at a table in the rear of the saloon, with others near by, including Joseph Wilta, one of the proprietors. Myllymaki was thumbing over an old country song book, in Finnish, and Karvo was humming the air of a song. Suddenly Karvo got up, knife in hand, and pushed Myllymaki's head down upon the table. Then he carved it in a frightful manner with the knife, nearly severing it from the trunk. Wilta made a rush for Karvo and tried to get the knife away from him, but Karvo showed fight and threatened him with the knife. Then Wilta and others who were in the saloon ran in different directions for the police. When they returned with an officer Karvo was outside, the bloody knife still in his hand. He gave the knife up to the officer with some reluctance, and then accompanied them inside, where they found the dead body of Myllymaki, with two more long and deep cuts in his back, one of which severed a couple of his ribs from his backbone.

When Karvo made his first attack upon Myllymaki one of the witnesses heard him say: "I'll fix you!"

DO NOT BELIEVE IT.

Report That Flour Rate Is Made Not Credited.

Representatives of some of the lake and rail lines here claim that the report published in The Herald's dispatches from St. Paul regarding the lake and rail rate on export and domestic flour is not well founded. They insist that no rate has yet been agreed upon. The report that it has already been fixed at 15½ cents per hundred on export flour from St. Paul to New York, or 3 cents under the all-rail rate, would, if true, mean in all probability that the rate from Duluth to New York on export business would be fixed at 14½ cents.

The Duluth-St. Paul lines are said to insist on a minimum of 5 cents out of the through export rate. At first it was understood that they wanted 22 per cent of the through rate. Five cents would be as good as one-fourth of the reported rate. Local freight men interested in the rate say that no agreement has been reached, though they admit that gossip is to the effect noted in the dispatch from St. Paul.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMP'NY

Easter Gowns

—and Other Things.

Ten days till Easter Sunday!

Ten days of hurry and bustle for everybody who expects to have their new things ready by Easter Sunday.

We've never known our workrooms to be so busy—working with a double force every day and way into the night—

Give us all the time you can to make any needed alterations—that means come and select the Easter costume or wrap this week if possible—tomorrow or Friday would be still better—

You've never seen such garment beauty in Duluth, or for that matter in the Northwest, that can surpass, or even equal our present showing—

We've even outdone ourselves in point of beautiful things shown—in largeness of stocks and in reasonableness of prices—

We don't profess to be the cheapest store, mind you! Couldn't sell you the best if we did—

But we profess, and do, sell the better class of goods as low, and in many instances, lower than some stores ask for cheaper grades and inferior makes—

And you have the satisfaction of knowing that anything you buy of us is correct in every way—and that is quite a satisfaction to the well dressed woman—no matter how little she wishes to pay for her things—

We've everything for your Easter needs from the pair of gloves to the hat—

And in larger assortments than you've ever known this store to carry—

We are now showing complete spring and summer lines of the following—

Informal showing of Millinery, the Easter millinery opening will take place next Tuesday and Wednesday, March 25 and 26.

Complete lines of **Fine Costumes—Tailored Suits,** Long Coats of silk or cloth—**Short Jackets, Silk Jackets.**

Misses' Tailored Suits—large variety of styles and colors—14 to 18—**Children's Tailored Suits**—4 to 12 years of age, in reds, blues and tans, prettily trimmed—**Misses' Jackets and Long Coats—Children's Reefers and Jackets—Baby Coats** of white silk or cloth—**Trimmed Hats for misses and children—High Class Silk Waists** for Easter—Complete showing of **Cotton Waists,** white and colors—**More New Silks and Wool Fabrics—Paris Novelties in Dress Goods—Opening of New Gloves for Easter—More New Dress Trimmings** including the pompadour and DuBarry effects.

Fine Tailoring and Fine Dressmaking in Ready-to-Put-on Costumes and Suits.



There was a time perhaps when the well dressed woman didn't think she could get enough style or fine enough workmanship in ready-to-wear garments—but later years have shown conclusively that the costume makers of present time are in a better position to give exclusive styles and workmanship than we could get were we to have our establishment right here in Duluth, and made to order—it is a well-known fact that the very best designers and tailors are in New York, and it is also a well-known fact that the very best workmanship is done there—equal in every way to the best shops of Paris, Berlin and Vienna. The high-class garment makers of New York have their representatives in the European fashion centers to study the styles. They buy the model garments—bring them to this country, and from them are taken the American styles—modified to suit American tastes.

These are the costumes and suits that you can see at our establishment—(very often we buy the imported model itself if the owner is willing to part with it.) You can see the costume as it looks ready to put on and wear—no bother; no worry. Any needed alterations are made under the personal care of Madame Le Roy & Madame Longtin, whose reputation for high-class work was pretty well established previous to their coming with our firm—(when they had their own tailoring and dressmaking establishment)—and they personally fit every garment that needs any alterations.

Women who have been in the habit of getting their costumes or fine dresses custom made and who try our garments, tell us they would not change back—not even taking into consideration the difference charged by custom workers and ours—our are from a third to a half less.

We will open and show for the first time tomorrow many high-class costumes—tailored suits and wraps—that were just sent to our makers in the East—of silk cloth and lighter weight fabrics.

Special

White Goods

At Special Prices Thursday.

Plain and fancy, including dainty, sheer batistes, mousselines, nainsooks, dimities and cordeles; for shirtwaists and whole dresses; values up to 30c—Thursday at 19c a yard.

Fancy Piques—Fine lot of new piques and welts; some in stripes, checks, in dots and floral effects; every piece fresh and new; goods worth up to 25c—Thursday 17c a yard.

Novelties—A beautiful collection of all the new fabrics, such as Lawns, Batistes, in dotted and striped, lace effects, embroidered novelties, plain India Linons, and 42-inch Batistes; values up to 45c—Thursday, 29c a yard.

Constantly receiving new White Goods, New Black Goods, New Tan and Ecru Dress Goods, New Tuckings, New White and Colored Linens.

Linens for Easter.

THESE SPECIAL VALUES in Table Damasks, Napkins and Pattern Cloths for tomorrow. As Easter is near at hand you will no doubt prepare for the event. We made preparations long ago, and, notwithstanding the advance prices on good reliable linens we are in a position to offer our trade the most reliable kinds at very reasonable prices. Special display of the new linens tomorrow:

DAMASK—By the yard—72 inches wide, exquisite designs; finest satin finish, most reliable qualities—$1.50 yard.

Napkins to match the above damask.

ODD NAPKINS.

⅝ size, pure linen, $1.39 dozen.
¾ size, pure linen, $2.00 dozen.
¾ size, fine bleach, $3.00 dozen.
¾ size, fine bleach, $4.00 dozen.

PATTERN CLOTHS—2x2½ yds, fine and heavy satin damask, especially priced—$3.38 each.

HEMSTITCHED SETS—Beautiful goods and of the most reliable makes—nicely boxed—
2x2 yards—$13.50 set.
2x2½ yards—$15.00 set.
2x3 yards—$16.50 set.

Fancy Linens for the Easter Table.

TRAY CLOTHS.
18-27 inch drawn work—45c.
18-27 inch fancy damask—75c.
18-27 inch, hand emb. work—$1.15.

LUNCH CLOTHS.
4-4 size, drawn work—85c.
4-4 size, fancy damask—$1.25.
40-in size hand. emb. work—$2.25.
5-4 size, fancy damask—$2.50.

PLAIN BORDERED SETS—of fine satin damask—
2x2 yards—$6.50.
2x2½ yards—$8.00.
2x3 yards—$9.00 set.

DAMASK—by the yard—72-inch wide; of new open designs; extra heavy—high satin finish—$1.25 a yard.

Wool Fabrics for Easter Dresses.

There isn't much time left for shopping around, if you expect to have your gown ready for Easter—nor can you afford to go to a store where there is a question about the style. The values here can always be depended upon, as well as the style. These are suggestions:

SILK AND WOOL CREPE DE CHINES, VOILES, GRENADINES and LIGHTWEIGHT ETAMINES for fancy dresses.

FINE MELTONS AND BROADCLOTHS for tailor-made street gowns.

HOPSACKINGS, HEAVY MISTRALS, KERSEYS AND CHEVIOTS for separate skirts of all descriptions.

LANSDOWNES AND ALBATROSSES for fancy waists.

The reigning colors are: Resedas, Pearl Grays, Light Tans and Blues, for fancy dresses. Tans, browns, bronze, tints, blues and grays for tailor-made suits. Black, tans, grays, navys and browns for separate skirts. White, pale blue, old rose, yellow, light greens, reds, pearl, grays—in fact all soft, light tints, for fancy waists.

Of course black retains its full popularity in all kinds of fabrics for all kinds of dresses.

White and creams will be very generally worn for waists, skirts and entire gowns.

Among the new spring arrivals we are now prepared to show—

Hopsackings,

Black and Colors.

Heavyweights—$1.25 to $1.75 the yard.

Chalk Line Stripes—some very handsome effects—$1.59.

Read's Lansdownes—20 shades—$1.25.

Fine Albatross—Black, cream and colors—50c.

Mistrals—All the new spring shades $1.00 to $1.50.

Voiles—Include Nun's Veilings, black, cream and colors—from 59c to $1.25.

Black Mohairs—Fine and coarse weaves, and hair line stripes—30c to $1.25.

Black Grenadines,

Plain and Fancy.

From $1.25 to $4.00 the yard.

Chenille Striped Grenadines—Very dressy—$3.50 the yard.

Crepe Grenadines—Entirely new—$3.00.

Grenadine Mousseline—Satin figures—the pattern, $25.00.

Satin Stripes Grenadines—From $1.25 to $3.00.

Iron Frame Grenadines—$1.25.

Silk and Wool Crepe de Chine—black and colors—$2.00.

Plain Etamines—20 shades—$1.00 to $2.50.

Tailor Suitings—25 shades—$1.00 to $3.00.

Special Weaves in Black Goods.

Basket Sicilian—$1.25.
Silk Etamine—$1.75.
Armure Crepe $2.25.
Peau de Soie—$1.00.
Imported Canvas Cloth—$1.75.
French Tibeline—$1.75 to $3.00.
Granite Cloths—75c to $1.25.
Tailor Cheviots—75c to $2.00.
Camelotte—Something new and nobby—$1.25.

Cream and White Woolen Goods.

Albatross—50c.
Dotted and Striped Nun's Veilings—75c and 85c.
Brilliantines—59c to $1.50.
Broadcloths—$1.50 to $2.00.
Storm Serges—60c to $1.25.
Imported Cheviots—$1.00.
Bedford Cord—$1.25.
All-Wool Bunting—50c.
Foule Serge—60c.
Wool Crepe—85c.

Cotton Dimities and Batistes.

We never have had more beautiful dimities and batistes and corded muslins and dotted Swisses and satin striped lawns in so many good designs as now.

Recent summers have almost done away with cloth skirts during the hot months, and the shirt waist suits and dresses, fancy or plain, have taken their place.

Ginghams are so staple that we are buying them every month of the year now. People have learned to get away from the task of sewing in the hot months.

We have just received another importation of those dainty Grenadines and English Zephyrs. They will be on special display tomorrow.

The Grenadine, 60c.

Zephyrs, 25c and 45c.

Solid Colored Muslin, with clustered open work and satin stripe, in yellow, pink, light blue, green and navy—very rich—35c.

CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Chambrays, in white ground with colored pin head dots—28-in. wide—25c.

Colored ground—in plain and dots, most serviceable material in the market—32-in. wide—18c and 20c.

For Shirt waists—if you are looking more for durability than prettiness of designs, buy the Linen Gingham. It has no equal—38c and 50c.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMP'NY

WORK IS STOPPED

Messrs. Miller and Brown Cease Work on Section Thirty.

They Have Been Operating on the McDonald Forty.

More or Less Speculation as to the Meaning of This.

A. M. Miller and John G. Brown have taken off the exploratory crews they have had employed on the McDonald forty of section 30. This forty is not involved in litigation recently concluded. They have been exploring this part of the section for some time back. Diamond drills have been used for the most part. It is said that the owners of the property have not found anything as definite as they could wish, but that they believe they can save a large part of the expense of general exploration by waiting for some large interest to first locate the vein on the Eaton tract. The results of these explorations could then be followed up and the extent of the deposit on the Miller-Brown property be traced with less expense and more expedition.

Some are inclined to believe that the suspension of operations on the Miller-Brown property indicates that the great stories that have been told of fabulous deposits of ore on the famous section 30 are largely fairly tales, and have been circulated without much legitimate reason.

The Minnesota Iron company people are said to have made the most extensive explorations of the contested-title part of the property. But what were the results of its work nobody outside the counsels of the company seems to know. The impression that large deposits do exist there seems to have gained ground as much as for any reason because of the Minnesota company's tenacious fight to retain title to the property.

There are others that say that Mr. Miller and Mr. Brown have made some good discoveries and have determined enough information about the general location and trend of the vein to warrant them in discontinuing further explorations, at least until they choose to go ahead and develop the property.

TO HANDLE THE MATCHES.

Stone-Ordean-Wells Company to Push Duluth Product.

The Stone-Ordean-Wells company has entered into a contract with the Duluth Match company to distribute the product of the latter's factory in the territory covered by the jobbing house for a term of three years. It is estimated that this will dispose of at least $100,000 worth of the matches made by the home concern every year.

This contract is one of the most important ever made by a Duluth jobbing house. It exposes the Stone-Ordean-Wells company to the merciless warfare of the Diamond Match company, and it is believed to have required considerable courage on the part of the jobber to invite such a battle.

The contract is believed to insure the success of the Duluth industry against any methods that may be employed to defeat it. The Stone-Ordean-Wells company will handle no other matches except light lines of foreign-made goods which are indispensable to the fine trade, but which are not heavily sold in this territory.

COMMERCIAL CLUB.

Meeting to Consider Location and Other Matters.

A meeting of the incorporators' and directors' committee of the new Duluth Commercial club will be held this afternoon, at which it is expected a report will be received from the committee on location. The committee that has been soliciting memberships and seeing to the circulation of membership lists will also probably report on progress. Considerably over 300 members have been obtained.

The discussion will probably take a general trend, and many matters of interest to the new organization will be taken up. Whether the date for a general meeting of the members of the organization will be called will depend on the reports of preparedness of the committees to report. The committee on location is said not to be ready to make a report as yet, and it may be a number of days before it will care to show what it has found out.

TROPHY IS WON.

R. J. MacLeod Takes Graves-Manley Agency Event.

Last evening at the Duluth Curling club rink the most important contest of the club's year was settled. This was the Graves-Manley Agency event and R. J. MacLeod won the trophy and the four prizes that go with it defeating C. F. Macdonald's rink 14 to 11. Two games were also played in the Anderson event. The scores were as follows:

Graves-Manley event—

A. H. Smith,	N. L. Leach,
A. H. Smith,	C. J. McBride,
Harry Hurdon,	R. H. Draper,
R. J. MacLeod—14.	C. F. Macdonald—11.

Anderson event—

R. Wells,	W. W. Walker,
E. D. Field,	D. G. Cutler,
G. W. Meldrum,	E. R. Jacobi,
C. F. West—16,	C. B. Woodruff—12.
G. H. Spencer,	William Schupp,
Alex. Macrae,	A. S. Haig,
W. L. McLennan,	Ralph Ash,
D. W. Stocking—13.	G. F. Mackenzie—10.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Freimuth's *At last Duluth has a satisfactory Wall Paper Department—It's here, on our second floor—wonderful in variety and amazing in low prices—in brand new wall papers—Come up and look thro' the stock—it will be both pleasurable and profitable.* **Freimuth's**

Read every item that follows with the greatest care and attention, for

You are directly Concerned in this ad-

concerned in this ad, because it tells of the very newest and best that is to be found in

HANDSOME EASTER COSTUMES—BEAUTIFUL SILK RAGLANS AND PALETOTS—DINNER JACKETS—SWELL TAILOR-MADE SUITS AND COSTUMES, ELEGANT DRESS SKIRTS—RICH AND ELABORATE SILK WAISTS—SMART WALKING SKIRTS, AND NEW GIBSON AND MAXIM WASH SHIRT WAISTS.

You can't make a mistake when you come to this store—it's the satisfactory shop in every way—come in and take advantage of these special values tomorrow



$10.00—*Tailored Suits—the best values ever sold for a* $10.00 bill—style, Russian blouse—material, fine cheviot — colors, blue, brown or tan — jacket and skirt strictly tailor-made with stitched satin bands.

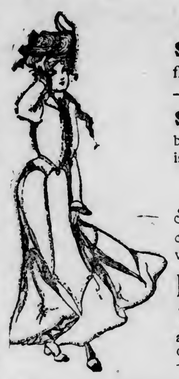
$15.00—*Tailored Suits of Etamine Canvas Cloth — in* Blouse or Eton styles—colors, grey, tan and brown and blue—Skirt and Jacket trimmed with tailor stitched taffeta bands — all sizes in this jaunty costume—$15.00.

$25.00—*Beautiful Tailored Costumes of fine Venetian* —with silk drop skirt—Blouse or Eton styles—colors, blue, brown and black—Swell, handsome high grade suits—silk lined throughout with taffeta silk—all sizes—$25.00.

Walking Skirts.

$2.75 *for regular $3.75 Walking Skirts—of excellent* Melton cloth, with graduated set-on flounce—heavily stitched at the bottom—raised tailor seams—colors, blue, black and grey—a $3.75 Walking Skirt tomorrow at $2.75.

$4.98 *for Walking Skirts of splendid all-wool Thibet* skirting—made with the stylish flaring flounce — stitched all round at bottom in blue, brown and grey—all sizes at only $4.98.



Dress Skirts.

$2.00 *for black cloth Dress Skirt with graduated* flounce and two satin bands—lined throughout with Shadow silk —black only—a splendid value at only $2.00.

$5.00 *for all-wool Broadcloth Skirts—in black and* blue—has set-on flounce with three satin bands and six rows of stitching—it is lined with mercerized lining—all sizes—tomorrow, $5.00.

New Silk Waists for $4.75.

Made of excellent Peau de Soie—in black and colors— cleverly trimmed with tucking and hemstitching—has the new full at the wrist sleeve and new back—all sizes—new today—$4.75.

New Gibson Wash Waists at $1.

These are the latest Gibson style Waists—the corrected and modified style—Also the new Maxim Waists — made of excellent percale in medium and dark colors—all sizes —just received—special price—only $1.00.



New Spring Jackets For, Ladies, Misses and Children

Charming styles for grown-ups — clever copies and adapt- ations of them for the misses and many simply delightful ideas for the little ones—long coats and short coats, Automobiles and Raglans—of cloth and silk — not one good style is missing from this most complete assortment—come tomorrow and see.

New Easter Shoes For Street and Dress

ONE OF the newest shoes that has come in is the foot-shape last—and it's the dressiest and the most comfortable shoe that ever graced a woman's foot. It's just what the name says—shaped to the foot—and is extremely stylish. Made of fine soft vici kid—with mannish sole—rope stitched—military heel—per pair---------- **$4.00**



Then there's a new Dress Shoe, beautiful in shape and texture—made of fine soft French kid—with patent leather heel and toe—hand turn sole and high stylish Louis XV. heel, at---------- **$5.00**

Volga Street Shoes at $3.50

Most everyone thinks that this is a $5.00 shoe when they first see it—it's the very best shoe that can be put together by skilled shoemakers at the price of $3.50. For street wear we are showing a full line in French kid, box calf and vici kid, in all the latest shapes and with the new wide soles and rope stitching—all sizes and styles—per pair---------- **$3.50**

Underpriced Specials for Tomorrow.

$2.50—*for Women's* $3.50 fine vici kid shoes in wide extension sole style—with patent leather or self tip—a splendid, stylish and serviceable shoe—$2.50.

$1.50—*for Women's $2,* $2.50 and $3.00 shoes of excellent Dongola kid, patent leather tip, extension soles heavily stitched, lace or button styles, tomorrow $1.50.

New Easter Millinery.



Every express these days is bringing new things for the millinery show — Designers and trimmers are working over-time in order to get out the beautiful hats before Easter — We are going to give the people of Duluth the greatest style show in the way of fine millinery and costumes they ever had — Watch the papers for further particulars — meantime drop into the department and get acquainted with the new things as they come in.

New Arrivals in Dress Goods; Some Prices

$1.25 *for the very newest Silk Warp Etamine Voiles—* thin, soft filmy stuffs—now the most fashionable—42 inches wide—in seven of the best shades, including black, pearl, rose, tan, reseda, national, and wine—The price should be $1.75 — To make quick sellers of these before Easter we offer them tomorrow at the special price of $1.25 per yard.

50c *for 75c Cheviots—44 inches wide—Fine hard twisted* fabrics that will give splendid service—colors, blue, black, brown, grey, tan and Oxford—special value tomorrow at 50c per yard.

75c *for very fine black and blue Cheviots—full 54 inches* wide—extra quality that should bring $1.00—tomorrow, only 75c.

75c Spring Underwear at 35c.

THIS is the biggest underwear bargain that was ever offered in this department—and here is the story of how you get these splendid goods at half just at the start of the season. A mill examiner is the keenest eyed person in the world—has to be to hold his job—let the article have a thick thread—or an oil spot—or an imperfection in the finish—even though it be such as an ordinary person would never see—and out it goes into the second class—that's how you come to get these at this little price—nominally they're imperfect—from the examiner's view—as a matter of fact you can hardly find the slight imperfections and when you do they don't amount to anything—these details—

Spring Weight Union Suits—of fine cotton, pure white, high neck — long sleeves and knee length, all sizes—they'll sell rapidly tomorrow at 3 for $1.00, or each---- **35c**



15c for Women's 25c White Cotton Vests, Richelieu ribbed, low neck and no sleeves — full trimmed with silk ribbon and at neck and arm—all sizes and a special value at —each--- **15c**

Easter Neckwear and Neck Ribbons.



Of all that goes to make or mar a costume the neckwear does the most—and every piece of this new neck dressing is designed with the idea of helping complete your costume. We are showing some very swell things in Automobile Ties in silk and lawn, in new stocks and four-in-hands. Come in and see them.

At 15c—*Very special white* Lawn Automobile Ties with colored edge, good style, worth 25c each—tomorrow each 15c.

If you prefer to make your own Neckwear here are some aids from the ribbon department—

19c—*Liberty Taffeta Rib-* bons in fancy cordes and stripes, 10 best light and medium shades—just the right width for neckwear.

25c—*Wash Taffeta Neck* Ribbons, 4 to 5 inches wide, self colored designs mostly—in a dozen different colors—regular 35c ribbon at 25c.

Soaps and Toilet Requisites Reduced.

3c *cake for Kirk's fine Toi-* let Soap—nicely scented—in Lily of the Valley, Lilac, Violet and rose—regularly 20c per box of three cakes.

7c *cake for 10c Cosmo But-* ter Milk Soap—per box of 3 cakes 20c.

15c *for Mennen's Talcum* Powder—the genuine Mennen's—two for 25 cents.

5c *for 10c can of Violet* Talcum Powder.

48c *for 75c Balsamic tooth* paste—the 4711 kind.

15c *for 25c can Roval tooth* Paste.

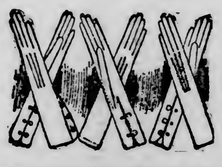
39c *for 50c Cuticura salve* —very special value.

39c *for 50c Prof. Hubert's* Malvina Cream, best for face and hands.

Embroideries and Laces at 5c.

5c—*Platt Val. Laces—very* neat and pretty designs, from 2 to 5 inches wide, regular value 8c to 12c, tomorrow, choice, per yard—5c.

5c—*10c and 12½c Embroid-* eries, good patterns on fine cambrics—1½ to 3¼ inches wide—tomorrow, choice, only 5c a yard.



EASTER GLOVES.

$1 *for the best glove that is pos-* sible at the price. The Montfort and Corso brands the new Easter assortment is now ready in all the wanted colors, tans, browns, modes, grey, red and black—made of very fine soft kidskin, embroidered back—all sizes. The new spring styles in the famous Jouvin and Trefousse Gloves in all the new colorings are ready now, we are the exclusive sellers of these splendid makes for Duluth—all styles—for street, dress or evening wear.

New Fancy Hosiery For Women.

THE most attractive array of fancy spring stockings that was ever seen in Duluth is in our store at this time. The best French, German and Domestic makers have contributed their best products to the collection and the patterns have been chosen with rare care and refined good taste. Vertical embroidered effects, real lace, crepon and openwork effects are all the fashion and the selection of these styles in pure silk, lisle thread and fine cottons is simply immense. We open the season tomorrow with a special display of these beautiful goods and these special values to make the event more interesting.

39c Stockings at 25c.



100 dozen imported stockings, fine gauge, fast colors—full regular made, some with white feet, others all black, double soles, high spliced heels and toes; also fine black lace lisle stockings in beautiful openwork patterns and fancy colored hose in many new and desirable styles and designs. Not one in the lot is worth less than 39c; some are worth considerably more—choice of the entire lot tomorrow 25c.

19c Stockings at 12½c.

10 dozen women's seamless cotton hose; guaranteed fast color, made of fine two-thread cotton—elastic top and full length; strictly first quality goods, 12½c.

Children's 29c Stockings at 19c.

Boys' and girls' seamless cotton hosiery—2x1 ribbed—guaranteed fast color—heavy quality—double knees and soles—are unequaled for wear and service—you usually have to pay 29c for the 7 size—choice of all sizes 7 to 10 at 19c.

New Dinnerware and Art Bric-a-brac

In the Daylight Basement.

The new 1902 patterns in the Dinnerware are now in and ready for your approval—the shapes are new and the decorations are even daintier and prettier than ever before, and the prices—well, the prices are not much use unless you see the goods. But these will give you some idea of the extra values we offer:

$14.75—*Johnson Brothers' Haviland shapes with rose* bud decorations—regular value $18.50—tomorrow at $14.75.

$8.98—*Johnson Brothers' pure white china; full 100-* piece set—new and pretty shapes—should be $12.75.

$13.98—*100-piece set of American Porcelain—new* shapes with large rosebuds and heavy gold bands—worth $18.00.

Oriental Figures and Indian Busts and Heads—a new lot just received—the variety is ample and includes all sorts of subjects—from the heroic to the 6-inch size—they're just the thing for prizes—are very decorative and attractive—This special for tomorrow:

79c—*for $1.50 Busts, in a number of designs; mostly* Indian Heads and Oriental Busts—choice tomorrow at 79c.

HOUSEWARES UNDERPRICED.

10c *for 20c new style bread* knives, butcher knives, steak and paring knives—choice of 100 dozen.

15c *for 25c Whisk Brooms* —first quality straw, well sewed.

5c *for two packages fancy* shelf paper—all colors.

12c *for 18c fiber wash bas-* lins—good size.

4c *for new Oyster Shells—* for baking oysters in the shell—all sizes—each, only 4c.

10c *for 19c Cuspidors—* nicely decorated and gold trimmed.

Easter Novelties and Cards.

All the cunning little devices significant of the Easter time are here—Easter Boxes of various shapes to be filled with Candy and Bon-bons—Easter Eggs—Rabbits—Chickens of all sizes and sorts—Brownies and fancy figures that are to be filled with sweets—and many kinds of fancy boxes—also all the new Easter Greeting Cards and Booklets, including the new photograph styles—

Prices are from 2c to 50c Each.

See the show in the Center Cross Aisle, near elevator.

NEW "400."

Astor-Wilson Set Rules New York Social World.

New York, March 19.—New York has a new "400." By the calendar it dates scarcely three weeks back, and in actual numbers it includes scarcely a quarter as many as the original list which furnished metropolitan society with a name.

Prince Henry, of Prussia, acting upon the cabled command of the emperor of Germany, accepted the exclusive invitation of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr., to dinner. He at once cast the die in a famous family feud and drew lines for another society trust in New York city.

Old lines have been wiped out and a general reorganization has been begun, says the Sunday World. The directors of the society trust were elected when Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt invited them to the Prince Henry dinner. What remains to be done is the filling in of ranks according to the general plan laid down in the Vanderbilt dinner.

Thirty-six New York guests, each representing an American family distinguished for wealth, social prestige, literary or artistic value, sat down at the Vanderbilt table with Prince Henry and his suite.

It was an affair to which millions could not purchase an invitation. The official roster of invited guests, it is now claimed by those who know the New York social register, may be accepted as the authoritative "who's who" in society.

It is the pick of the most exclusive set in America in a social way. Following are the New Yorkers who were bidden to meet the representative of the Hohenzollerns, and it may be added that not a single invitation was declined:

Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Bryce, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Cass Ledyard, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. M. Orme Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Edward C. Post, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel, Mrs. Nathaniel Thayer, Mrs. Cass Canfield, Mrs. Francis K. Pendleton, Mrs. Richard Gambrill Mrs. Lewis Chanler, Mrs. C. Dana Gibson, Mrs. T. J. Oakley Rynelander, Miss Beatrice Mills, Miss Alice Babcock, Miss May, Miss Burden, Miss Anna Sands, Miss Barney, Miss Bishop, Col. J. J. Astor, Egerton Winthrop, Stuyvesant Fish, August Belmont, Robert L. Gerry, F. L. olk.

To these may be added Mr. and Mrs. Moreton Frewen, of London and New York, and the Countess Grey, of England.

A careful analysis of the list of New Yorkers, with claims to distinction by each, reveals some interesting facts. Not the least remarkable of the facts is that the cornerstone of the latest four hundred is a love story.

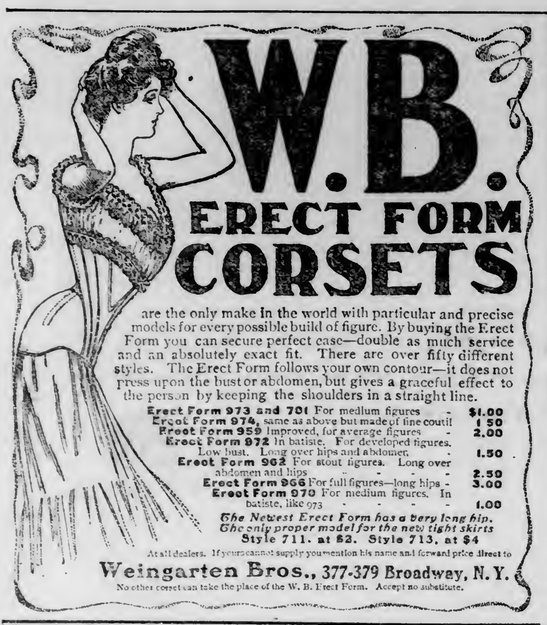
Had young Cornelius Vanderbilt accepted his share of the Vanderbilt millions five years ago it would have meant the surrender of his bride, Miss Grace Wilson. In that event New York society would never have divided along the lines of the Vanderbilt and anti-Vanderbilt factions, and the Vanderbilt-Hohenzollern dinner could not have taken place.

The second most interesting point is that, exclusive and doubly barred as is the entrance to the circle of the new four hundred, it has nevertheless opened to several whose chief claim is not to millions, but to birth or the prestige of brains. This, however, is not so noticeable as to alarm the conservative. Broadly speaking, the 400 is a society of millionaires, although not necessarily of multimillionaires. Youth dominates, and matrons who have been heretofore among the associate leaders have become full-fledged managers.

Lastly the new "400" is an Astor-Wilson dynasty, with the reigning branch of the Vanderbilt-Whitney-Sloane family eliminated almost entirely from the situation.

The list includes at least one name notable for immense wealth—John Jacob Astor; one, possibly two, which may be associated with philanthropy, Mills and Gerry; literature, Lloyd Bryce and Moreton. The rest stand variously for vast business enterprises, family or beauty and social position combined, in case the name is that of a woman.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.



W.B. ERECT FORM CORSETS

are the only make in the world with particular and precise models for every possible build of figure. By buying the Erect Form you can secure perfect ease—double as much service and an absolutely exact fit. There are over fifty different styles. The Erect Form follows your own contour—it does not press upon the bust or abdomen, but gives a graceful effect to the person by keeping the shoulders in a straight line.

Erect Form 973 and 701 For medium figures - $1.00
Erect Form 974, same as above but made of fine coutil 1.50
Erect Form 959 Improved, for average figures - 2.00
Erect Form 972 In batiste. For developed figures. Low bust. Long over hips and abdomen. - 1.50
Erect Form 962 For stout figures. Long over abdomen and hips - - - - 2.50
Erect Form 966 For full figures—long hips - 3.00
Erect Form 970 For medium figures. In batiste, like 973 - - - - 1.00

The Newest Erect Form has a very long hip.
The only proper model for the new tight skirts
Style 711. at $2. Style 713. at $4

At all dealers. If yours cannot supply you mention his name and forward price direct to

Weingarten Bros., 377-379 Broadway, N. Y.

No other corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.

A CIRCLE OF FIRE

Surrounded Picknickers on the Plateau of Mount Cookson.

Wild Animals, Driven Thither By the Heat, Fought Furiously.

Young Cherokees Prayed Fervently For Rain, Which Came.

Crookston, I. T., March 19.—Hemmed in by an impassable circle of fire, with all the kinds of animals, both wild and tame, to be found in the Indian Territory for company, was the lot of a party of picnickers on Mt. Cookson, a circular mountain, rising solitary in the valley of the Illinois river, four miles north of this place.

It has long been a resort for pleasure seekers, its location and configuration rendering it almost an ideal spot. Almost a perfect circle, its base is nearly two miles in circumference, and its slope, covered by the thick, primeval forest, extends gradually upwards for nearly 1400 feet, where it ends in a perfectly level plateau, entirely denuded of timber, of several acres in extent.

Three years ago a tornado circled the slope of the entire mountain and destroyed a wealth of timber which has since been lying neglected. It had become dry as tinder, and was in a highly inflammable condition. Owing to the long-continued drought forest fires have become of common occurrence, and attract but little attention, generally being of small extent and confined to particular localities. Several small fires had been discovered at the base of Mt. Cookson, but they caused no alarm, and bright and early last Sunday morning a party of young Cherokees, consisting of half a dozen couples, laden with baskets and hampers, ascended to the summit of the mountain.

As the morning passed away some of the more observant of the party noticed that the brightness of the sun was fast growing dim, and that an odor of burning wood filled the air. Clouds of smoke rolled up the mountain slope. The alarm grew general and the party quickly made preparations to abandon the mountain, but when they reached the edge of the slope they found themselves surrounded on every side by flames. Escape was hopeless, and the party realized that their only chance of safety lay in remaining on the plateau until the fires had burned out. This was a terrifying prospect, but it was their only hope, and they quickly took possession of the old temple standing over the spring.

Soon they saw they had other dangers to contend against beside fire. The latter, extending entirely around the base of the mountain had caught as in a net all manner of creeping things and beasts. Over the mountain top they came, mustangs, deer, wood wolves and wildcats, while close behind came a stampede of cattle, with tails erect and fiery eyes, maddened with teror. Senator Cookson's flock of Angora goats and droves of hogs were followed by rattlesnakes, copperheads and other reptiles.

The party of picnickers realized their danger and rapidly proceeded to close all apertures capable of affording ingress to a snake. Fortunately the door of their stronghold was made of thick puncheon. There were a few holes in the walls of the temple, so placed as to be unapproachable by the reptiles, which sufficed to enable the party within to view their terrifying surroundings.

As night drew on the flames crept closer and closer to the summit, and the red glare from the burning forest cast an unearthly radiance over the scene. The air grew thick and stifling with the smoke. Fortunately the party had an abundance of water, which served, in some degree at least, to mitigate their suffering.

The animals outside had no water and began to grow irritable and savage. For a time the strange danger surrounding them had seemed to subdue them, but as the heat grew more intense and the lack of water more apparent, they began to fight.

Pandemonium broke loose. Panthers, wolves and wild cats seemed at once to regain their ferocious instincts.

It was Dante's "Inefrno," with territorial trimmings.

The party, shut up in the old temple and forced to witness all these horrors, suffered intensely: the heat blistered and burned their skins, and the hot air scorched and irritated their lungs. Constantly they poured water over each other, and no doubt this saved their lives.

From almost 11 o'clock Sunday morning until 7 o'clock Tuesday morning, or forty-four hours, their imprisonment continued. Anxious friends and relatives, aware of their flight, could be of no assistance. They could neither receive help from mortal man nor help themselves, and in this, their hour of need, they prayed for the help so badly needed.

John Parsons, one of the party, said to his companions at a time when hope seemed dead:

"My friends, my life may not at all times have been in accordance with the teachings of the Bible, but the impress of its divinity is deeply engraved upon my heart. Let us pray."

Long, fervently, earnestly and beseechingly did the young man lead them in prayer.

Then came the cooling rain, and it rained as if the windows of heaven were opened.

The fires were extinguished and weary, white, blistered, burned, but still alive, the entire party were succored by their rejoicing friends.

Cleanse Your Blood

The cause of all spring humors, pimples and eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, is found in impure, depleted blood.

The perfect blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla, as multitudes know by experience.

It cures all blood diseases, from the smallest pimple to the stubborn scrofula sore—from morning tiredness to extreme nervous prostration.

Begin taking it TODAY.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

EDDY FOUND.

Is In Norway In Interests of the Clergue Syndicate.

Washington, March 19.—Representative Frank Eddy, of Minnesota, was granted thirty days' additional leave of absence by the house yesterday. It is said at the capitol, but whether with authority cannot be learned, that he left Christiana, Norway, last Friday, on his way home, and will stop at Berlin and London. The business that took him away, however, is understood to have been confined to the Scandinavian peninsula.

Authoritative information cannot be had for nobody here has been taken into Mr. Eddy's confidence, but it is common rumor that he is abroad indirectly in the interest of the Clergue syndicate, which is building immense manufacturing plants at the Soo. It is said that two Minnesota Scandinavians, one from Glenwood, went to Scandinavia in January as representatives of the Celgue people to induce the emigration to this country of colony of Swedes and Norwegians peculiarly fitted to take hold of a certain manufacturing enterprise which Clergue wants to put under way. These two agents are said to have got into some sort of entanglement abroad requiring Mr. Eddy's presence, and thus his absence is explained.

JOHN W. GATES

Tells of Birth of American Steel and Wire Co.

New York, March 19.—John W. Gates, the steel magnate, took the witness stand yesterday when the hearing in the suit brought by John H. Parks against Gates for an accounting of profits made in forming the American Steel and Wire company was resumed.

The suit involves $15,000,000, a share of which the plaintiff alleges he never received, although he participated in the initiative.

Gates went over the details of the formation of the trust in New York with J. P. Morgan and Judge Gary.

Gates said he owned $1,000,000 worth of stock of the Consolidated Steel and Wire company, which was exchanged for stock of the American Steel and Wire at 175 a share, so that he secured $1,750,000 in the new company.

Negotiations with Morgan having failed, the matter was put up to the Seligmans, Gates agreeing to furnish $20,000,000 underwritings. Forty millions of preferred stock was used to pay for the companies that went into the New Jersey concern.

He had made about $500,000 in underwriting the new company. As to what became of $20,000,000 of common stock he did not know.

PRINCE AT HOME

Successful Ending of the Journey of Emperor's Brother.

Was Met at Cuxhaven By the Kaiser In Person.

Boarded Battleship Which Started at Once For Kiel.

Cuxhaven, March 19.—The return of Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia to German soil was safely accomplished yesterday afternoon amid all the pomp and circumstance with which the prince's imperial brother has seen fit to mark the successful ending of Prince Henry's American mission.

The same good fortune of freedom from untoward incidents, which characterized the prince's trans-Atlantic journey, continued until the end and the landing occurred during a period of brilliant sunshine after an overcast day.

The Hamburg-American line steamer Deutschland, from Cherbourg, having on board the prince and his suite, was first sighted at 5:30 yesterday afternoon. The German battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II steamed down the Roadstead to meet the Deutschland and returned escorting the big liner.

Emperor William stood upon the quay, surrounded by high naval and municipal officials. As representative of the American embassy at Berlin, Commander William H. Bechler, the naval attache to the embassy, stood at the emperor's side.

The quay was decorated with the flags of all the states of the empire and the thousands of spectators who covered the roofs of the great warehouse and the wide slopes overlooking the scene, cheered wildly as Prince Henry walked down the gangway from the steamer. Emperor William kissed his brother upon both cheeks and shook hands with the members of his suite, saying a few cheerful sentences to each. In the meantime the guns of the squadron saluted.

Side by side his majesty and Prince Henry then passed down in front of the marine guard, which stood at salute. After this the marine guard passed in review, while the band of the imperial yacht Hohenzollern played the national anthem.

The passengers on the Deutschland crowded to the steamer's side and cheered. Some of the American sailors waved little American flags. Otherwise the Stars and Stripes were not flying.

After the inspection of the guard of honor and the veterans by Emperor William, his majesty and his party, Prince Henry and his staff and Commander Bechler boarded a tender, and amid fresh salutes, music and cheers, proceeded to the battleship Kaiser Wilhelm II. Upon arriving there the crew of that vessel manned their ship to receive the royal personages.

The Kaiser Wilhelm II weighed anchor at 7:15 and started toward Kiel through the canal.

A banquet was served on board the warship.

A NEW KNUCKLE.

Doctor Formed One With Strips of Bone.

Chicago, March 19.—Mrs. Thomas H. Hunter, wife of Alderman Hunter, was taken to the Mary Thompson hospital and in an operation by Dr. Senn was given a new knuckle. Two years ago Mrs. Hunter caught a splinter of wood under the nail of her thumb. Part of it was removed and no further pain was occasioned until a few days ago, when inflammation set in and blood poisoning was threatened. Dr. Senn removed the knuckle and formed a new one with strips of bone.

REDUCTION

In Ore Carrying Rate Secured By Wolvin.

Cleveland, March 19.—General Manager Wolvin, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, announced that he had secured vessel capacity to move 1,200,000 tons of ore on the basis of 75 cents a ton from the head of Lake Superior, this rate being a reduction of 5 cents a ton from the rate paid by other ships that have done business.

OUT OF SISTER'S WAY.

Both Girls Loved the Same Young Man.

Washington, March 19.—Clara Almida Olsen, daughter of Sivert Olsen, has been missing from her home, 320 Twenty-sixth avenue southeast, since last Tuesday evening. Letters left by her to members of the family indicate that she left because she did not want to stand between her sister Bertha and a young man whom both girls loved. The young man is a soldier with the regulars in the Philippines. The two girls met him but once, two years ago, when he took them for a street car ride to Minnehaha falls. The soldier seemed more favorably impressed with Clara, who is the older and a girl of good education. Since going to the Philippines he has corresponded with Clara and has sent her his photograph, receiving correspondence from her. In his last letter he proposed marriage.

All of this correspondence Clara intrusted to her sister Bertha. Finally, when the latter knew that the lover in the Philippines proposed marriage, she broke down and confessed to her sister that she, too, loved the man, and would never be happy without him. It is not believed that Clara Olsen answered the petition of her lover, but decided that it would be better for her to leave him to Bertha, and, not consulting her wishes in the matter at all, she left home. Whither she has gone the parents do not know. Yesterday Mr. Olsen called at the St. Paul morgue, but learned that the young unknown woman lying there was not his daughter. Her mother said this morning that they were greatly worried about the girl, and were anxious to hear from her to assure themselves that she was safe.

The Cleansing and Healing Cure For

Catarrh

is

Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.

It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents; Trial size, 10 cents, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A CHANCE

That Los Angeles May Get Jeffries-Fitzsimmons Fight.

Los Angeles, March 19.—There is still a chance that Los Angeles may get the Jeffries-Fitzsimmons fight. The [illegible] set by The Century club for the acceptance of its bid of $25,000 for the fight expired yesterday without a reply from Fitz. Jeffries expressed much regret that Fitz had not seen fit to accept the offer which he considered the best that had been made. He requested that the club extend the time limit until tonight and voluntarily telegraphed to Fitz that in his opinion they would make a big mistake in allowing such a liberal offer to be withdrawn. The club agreed to Jeffries request and has extended until tonight the time in which it will hold its bid open.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Former President Grover Cleveland, who is now the only living ex-president of the United States, was 65 years old Tuesday.

Fire at 5 o'clock Tuesday morning destroyed the Long Prairie house and building occupied by Reichert & Schenk's drug store, at Long Prairie, Minn. Total loss, about $25,000; insurance, $18,000. The guests all got out of the hotel. The house was an old landmark of Todd county.

It is understood that the president has about decided to tender the civil service commissionership made vacant by the resignation of W. A. Rodenberg, to Harry Garfield, of Cleveland, Ohio, son of President Garfield. There is some doubt, however, as to whether he will accept the office.

Close personal friends of Pension Commissioner H. Clay Evans claim to have information that President Roosevelt will make him secretary of the interior. It is said that Secretary Hitchcock will resign and that Evans will be offered the place. It is said the change will occur within thirty days.

A Wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas, Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

CABLE FLASHES.

The Imperial Tobacco company, of London, has issued a circular offering large bonuses to its customers who undertake not to sell American goods for a term of years.

Le Jockey, of Paris, says the committee of the Jockey club has suspended W. B. Buchanan, the American jockey, for one month, for disobedience of the orders of the starter at Maison Laffitte.

In the course of a lecture delivered in London, Sir Robert Giffen, the statistician, expressed the opinion that Great Britain's total yearly expenditure for armaments in the future would amount to £150,000,000 and advocated a duty on corn as preferable to a high income tax.

Thos. B. Kennedy, the owner of the yawl Sybarita, has challenged Keneth M. Clark, the owner of the cutter Kariad, to a stormy-weather race to San Remo, for £800. The challenge has been accepted.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St., Chicago.

Grand Easter Opening—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, March 24-25-26.
Remember the dates of this important Event.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Bargain Counter No. 1.
Ribbons.
We have turned this bargain counter into a permanent ribbon department—here will be exhibited during the spring months over $2000 worth of the best qualities of fashionable ribbons that we purchased from an overloaded ribbon manufacturer at 50c on the dollar. Prices range from 15c per yard up. You should not buy ribbons until you have seen these remarkable values.

Bargain Counter No. 2.
W'sh Goods
200 pieces 10c lawns, in all the newest designs and plain colors, a great special for Thursday— 5c
36-inch Corded Percales—worth 12½c—an extraordinary bargain for Thursday at 10c

Bargain Counter No. 3.
Corset Sale.
100 Ladies' finest Batiste Girdle and Empire Corsets in pink, blue and white, worth up to $1.50—all go at 49c
Infants' Coats—100 Infants' Long Coats, made of white and cream cashmere — silk embroidered capes; good lining—worth up to $2.00—sale price Thursday at 77c

Bargain Counter No. 4.
Umbrellas.
Opening of the Umbrella dept. tomorrow. We will devote this counter entirely for the exhibition and sale of Umbrellas. This is the largest assortment we have ever owned. The opening specials are—
Children's Umbrellas, especially adapted for school use, made of English twill—22-inch steel rods, natural handles—2000 offered at 35c
Same in 26-in. size at 45c

New Arrivals Suit Dept

This week we place on exhibition some splendid lines of the New Gibson Suits at $13.50, $14.98, $16.50, $18.50. We'll give you our word for it that you may search every store in America without finding superior values at these prices, and you'll have a mighty serious time finding their equals. They are elegantly trimmed with braid—blouse effect jackets—skirts made full flounce effect. They come in ten different styles. Positively worth from $20.00 to $25.00. We place them on sale Thursday at $13.50, $14.98, $16.50 and $18.50

NEW TAFFETA SILK ULSTERS.

Tomorrow we place on sale a new Black Taffeta Silk Ulster, with lace trimming; worth $12.50—special price $9.98
Ladies' new nobby Black and Tan Cloth Jackets at $4.98, $7.50 and $12.50
Ladies' Eton Silk Jackets, tucked all over, lace trimmed, at $9.98
Ladies' Shirt Waist Suits—new and pretty—selling rapidly at $1.98
100 dozen Ladies' new Cambric and Sateen Wrappers to go on sale Thursday at 98c, $1.49 and $1.98
Values pronounced by all to be unequalled.
New Black Taffeta Dress Skirts, nicely trimmed and finished—some with deep flounce, others with flare effect—Prices $7.50, $9.98 and $12.50
New Black Serge Skirts, with nice taffeta trimming, at $3.98
Ask to see our $6.00 Walking Skirt, in gray and black, that we are offering as a leader at $3.98

Dress Goods Thursday

A few of the many excellent bargains that will be offered Thursday for the first time. In many cases the goods will not last through the day. Our space is too limited to tell you of all. We invite you to come and see the rest. We quote a few items for tomorrow—

Wool Goods.
369 yards 40-inch Aetna Serge, warranted fast black, uniform in color—our special price 25c
450 yards 44-in all-wool Cheviot, extra heavy, special at 49c
398 yards all-wool Etamine, 40 inches wide, superior grade, special at 49c
960 yards 40-in all-wool Albatross, all the newest shades, special at 49c
50-in extra heavy Mohair, specially made for skirting, per yard 75c

Wash Goods for Thursday.
300 pieces new Ginghams, new designs, special at 10c
10 pieces Crash Skirting, linen color, navy, cadet, grey and tan, per yard 19c
100 pieces Irish Dimities, our exclusive designs and importation, per yard 25c
32-in fine Scotch Ginghams, the newest patterns, per yard 35c

LININGS SPECIAL.
10 pieces Percaline, fast black and beattle finish, 12½c quality, special at 9c

Handkerchief Specials.

Embroideries.

250 dozen Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs—plain and colored border, worth 8c each—special price, each, 5c—per dozen 55c
100 dozen Ladies' and Children's plain white hemstitched Handkerchiefs—sold all over at 5c each—our special price, each, 3c—or, per dozen 35c
Just received, 100 dozen Ladies' sheer pure linen Handkerchiefs, 1-8 and 1-4 inch hems, worth 15c each, for 10c each, or, per dozen $1.10

Embroideries—All the newest designs just in from St. Gall and other embroidery centers. Swiss, Nainsook, and Cambric Edges, Insertions, and Beadings—over 500 patterns to select from—
Cambrics at 4c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and up to 40c a yard.
Nainsook at 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, and up to $1.00 a yard.

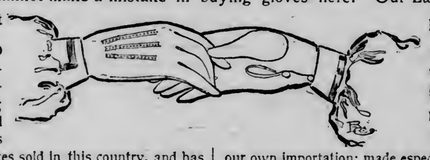
Thursday's Shoe Sale

New spring footwear—the really reliable sorts—at exceedingly tempting prices for Thursday.

Women's kid shoes—very neat styles—a good assortment of $1.75 values—on sale at—per pair $1.25
Seven styles of women's cloth and kid top lace shoes, new spring styles—no such values ever offered before at the price—per pair $1.45
Women's hand-turned kid sandals and opera slippers, in opera, medium or common-sense toes, low or high heels—a big variety in all sizes at $1.00
Women's kid button shoes—500 pairs in over 12 up-to-date styles, with light or heavy soles, all sizes, regular prices $3.00 and $3.50, on sale at $1.89
Women's Oxford ties or low shoes—a great variety of neat designs in either cloth or kid tops—all sizes—on sale at—per pair $1.00

Kid Gloves for Easter.

Here are gloves that you can rely on implicitly, for they contain every essence of dependability. You cannot make a mistake in buying gloves here. Our Easter assortment is the largest and the most pleasing ever seen.



Our famous $1.00 gloves are the Marlborough—a complete assortment of all the new spring shades—also white and black—in all sizes—This is one of the best kid gloves sold in this country, and has no superior at the price. Fitted and warranted at $1.00
Ireland Brothers' Mocha Gloves in three shades of mode, grey and black, with one large pearl clasp; at, per pair $1.50
Children's kid gloves—colors—reds, tans and browns—at, a pair 85c
Ireland Brothers' two-clasp genuine Mocha gloves—all shades and blacks at—a pair $1.00
Fownes' Gloves; our own importation; made especially to our order from selected skins, Paris point embroidery; in all new shades; at, per pair $2.00 and $1.50
Our Leader—100 dozen ladies' 2-clasp kid gloves; blacks, white, pearl, beaver, grey, red, brown, tan—embroidered backs, at 69c
A still better glove for children—the one-clasp Pique—at, a pair $1.00

A Very Handsome Selection of

Oriental Rugs

They certainly are beauties—Fresh Importations.

Antique and Modern.....
Shirvons,
Mossouls,
Dagestans
Afghans,
Kozaks,
Irons.



Antique and Modern.....
Khivas,
Caraboyhs
Cashmeres
Persians,
Homidons,
Camel's Hair.

One Selected Lot—your choice only—	Larger Sizes and Better Rugs, your choice—	A Magnificent Selection—Larger sizes—
$14.50	$16.50	$22 to $30

The G. C. Steele Co.,

Complete House Furnishers, Duluth, Minn.

TO BE LIGHT.

Coal Men Expect Small Early Movement Up the Lakes.

Men engaged in the coal trade here and who keep closely in touch with its various branches do not look for a large movement of that commodity early in the season of navigation. The reason for this is that no cargoes are said to be ready to start up the lakes as soon as the vessels go in commission.

It is the custom of the coal mining companies to begin chartering tonnage for the next season early in the winter. A goodly block of tonnage is usually chartered on the same plan that some wheat tonnage is placed in Duluth—including winter storage. The mining companies are then enabled to devote their spare equipment and time to the loading of the vessels so chartered. When the boats are loaded, the leisure time after taking care of the regular winter trade is consumed in filling up the coal docks on Lake Erie. In this way a considerable stock of both anthracite and bituminous coal is amassed as a general thing at the other end of the line ready to come up as soon as the vessels can handle it.

This winter is said to have differed in this respect from any previous season of late years. The coal mining companies have had no time to deliver coal at lower lake docks or load winter-chartered tonnage. Their orders for immediate delivery received during the winter months have been so heavy, it is said, that the coal-carrying roads were unable to handle the traffic. Better dispatch was given by the collieries than by the roads. Gondolas, flat cars and all sorts of equipment that could be pressed into service were loaded with coal. The capacity of the car equipment has increased more rapidly than the pulling power of the coal roads' locomotive equipment, and the result is that the sidings along the coalers' lines have been full of loaded cars.

This increased demand for coal is said to have come largely from mills and factories. Consumers of soft coal that were largely running only one eight-hour shift a couple of years ago are now running three shifts and burning coal the full twenty-four hours of the day. Besides this many new plants have sprung up and have become large consumers.

With such great activity in the demand for coal during the season that is commonly supposed to require less, there is speculation as to whether the mines will be able to supply all that will be needed this summer to stock the upper lake docks. It is said that the coal famine here this spring has demonstrated that at least 2,500,000 tons of soft coal are needed at Duluth to meet the increased demands of industry in the Northwest. The docks are bare now as far as general consumers of bituminous are concerned, with the exception of the big railroads, which own all that is left. Moreover, some of the earliest soft coal received here will be needed to fill last season's contracts with the railroads. There is no question, it is said, but that the consumption of soft coal, aside from the regular traffic roads, will be much greater in the immediate vicinity of Duluth during the next year than it has in the past twelvemonth. There will be much more extensive mining operations for one thing, and the logging roads will be much more extensive users.

Some activity is reported from the lower lakes in the chartering of coal tonnage for Duluth. The shippers believe they will be able to hold the rate at last season's level—35 cents. At times last year the rate rose to 40 cents.

DARKEST AMERICA.

Noted Salvation Army Officer to Speak Here.

Brig. Alex. M. Damon, of Chicago, one of the most prominent leaders in the Salvation Army in the slum work carried on in the large cities of the country, arrived in the city today and will speak this evening at the English corps of the army up town, and tomorrow night at the West End with the Swedish corps. It was first arranged to take place at the hall on Seventeenth avenue west, but this has been changed and the meeting will be held at the First Swedish M. E. church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street. He will lecture on his subject, "In Darkest America," illustrated by 100 stereopticon views and will be assisted by Ensign Christine Sangren, soloist. His lecture has attained widespread attention as he devoted years of labor among the downtrodden classes in the great cities in the rescue work of the army. The tendency of his lecture is to awaken interest for the fallen and to lift them up from sin and degradation by practical effort through the gospel of Christ.

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

AT THE HOTELS

Capt. M. L. Fay, who is stopping at the St. Louis, is said to have made some new records, both in time and cost, in sinking shafts on the north and south Day forties. These properties are under lease to the Fay exploration company and Capt. Fay hopes to ship 50,000 tons this year. He began his development work late in January and had to hurry in order to get ready for early shipping.

* * *

Among the iron range people that are stopping at the Spalding are: Fred R. Mott, of Iron Mountain; G. H. Dorner and W. J. Davey, of Eveleth, and E. J. Longyear, the diamond drill contractor from Hibbing.

* * *

J. C. Nolan, of St. Paul, and F. A. Laird, of Minneapolis, are at the McKay. They are heads of the logging and lumbering firm of Laird Bros. & Nolan, who are logging up the line of the Duluth & Iron Range.

* * *

P. A. Smith, the Rat Portage lumberman, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

J. H. Sessions, a Minneapolis wholesale coal man, is at the Spalding.

* * *

H. M. Beckett came down from Two Harbors last evening, and is at the McKay.

* * *

R. R. Springsteen, of Grand Forks, was an arrival at the Spalding last evening.

* * *

J. A. Quigg, a well known business man of Grand Rapids, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

J. H. Kruger, of Ashland, is registered at the Spalding.

* * *

Among the late arrivals at the Spalding are I. Koch, R. V. Sims, Chicago; W. H. Day, St. Paul; R. C. Longnecker, Newport; H. M. Ralston, Chicago; W. D. Williams, Minneapolis; E. R. Pope, New York; W. G. Fitzgerald, Chicago; Eso W. Korn, Little Falls, and H. S. Jones, Chicago.

* * *

F. S. Relly, St. Paul; J. H. Shaw, Minneapolis; George Holmes, Ely; J. A. Murdoch, Bayfield; A. B. Chase, Edwin Mead, C. E. Thompson, Minneapolis, and J. Wilson, Detroit, are at the McKay.

* * *

M. J. Connolly, E. Treanor, Dubuque; George R. Harwood, St. Paul; W. O. Milliken, Minneapolis; August Geisert, Washburn; Mrs. W. O. Talboys, Chisholm; Z. H. Hutchinson, Muscatine, Iowa; Samuel Cleveland, St. Paul; John McDonald, Ashland, and Oscar H. Olsen, Fosston, are at the St. Louis.

Pianolia Recital at Spalding.

A cordial invitation is extended to all desiring to know something of the wonderful possibilities of the Pianolia to visit at the parlors of the Spalding hotel this evening between 8 and 9 o'clock and hear a recital given with the use of this the greatest of piano players.

A NECESSARY FEATURE.

Successful Commercial Clubs Need the Cafe Attachment.

F. Howard Mason, secretary of the Merchants' exchange, of Buffalo, who was in the city yesterday, when told of the Commercial club now being organized here and the lines upon which it is proposed to be organized, said that he believed the cafe or luncheon feature to be an indispensable feature of a successful commercial organization.

"It seems to be the general experience of all purely commercial bodies to live for a short time and then die for lack of interest. It seems hard to believe that the business men of a community cannot be induced to give some time and interest to the general affairs of the community that mean so much to everyone, but it is true that their general interest can rarely ever be sustained for a long period.

"A commercial organization that has a cafe and makes a feature of its noon luncheon and is able to get business men generally to attend it, can do very effective work and will survive indefinitely. The luncheon is the means of bringing them together, and if you get a body of business men together they will talk business every time. You can't get them away from it. It is not necessarily their individual business that they discuss, but general business affairs, matters that affect the city's commerce, the business affairs of the city, etc. Discussion is the beginning of action, and thus many plans for the enhancement of the commercial interests of the city will be hatched there and the proper interest to carry them out can be easily aroused."

Officers Installed.

The following newly-elected officers of Duluth Commandery No. 18, Knights Templar, were installed last evening: Sir W. B. Patton, eminent commander; Sir Jesse Norton, generallissimo; Sir John T. Black, captain general; Sir J. S. Titcomb, senior warden; Sir Guy A. Eaton, junior warden; Eminent Sir Cook Ely, prelate; Sir J. P. Johnson, treasurer; Sir Alfred LeRicheux, recorder; Sir E. A. Moye, standard bearer; Sir A. H. Knudson, sword bearer; Sir Thomas H. Glaskin, warden; Sir Henry Van Brunt, sentinel.

After the ceremonies there was dancing, and refreshments were served.

TO BUILD A BIG TUG

Duluth Dredge & Dock Company to Have a Fine One.

Will Build It Next Winter at Its Own Yards Here.

To Be as Large as Tug Schenck, Formerly of Duluth.

During the coming season the Duluth Dredge and Dock company will build for its own use, at its plant here, a new steel tug which, when finished will be one of the largest and most powerful of the local "harbor bull-dogs." The company has been desirous of getting a tug built during the past winter, but there has been such a rush of work at the shipyards along the lake that it was found impossible to find a yard that would have the time to spare this season to build a tug. It is claimed that the shipbuilding companies, when they have plenty of new boats in sight are averse to building tugs for the reason that the stays have been arranged for larger boats and the smaller boat will prevent the placing of another boat in the ways and, as it will not take the time or material of a large boat, there is not so much profit in it for the yards.

In view of the fact that a steel tug built at one of the regular shipyards would cost such a large amount of money, the local dredging company has decided to fit out its shop with the necessary tools and build the tug here.

It is expected that work will begin on the new tug early next winter and that the boat will be ready to go into commission a year from this spring.

The new tug will be 107 feet long, will have 22 feet beam and will be 12 feet deep. The tug will be equipped with 18x40x30 compound engines. When finished it will be as large as the tug Schenck that formerly belonged in this harbor, and will be built of the model of the tug Record. The Record is considered one of the most powerful and staunch tugs in the Duluth-Superior harbor.

The Duluth Dredge and Dock company has recently purchased a new tug which will look after the big dipper dredge Napoleon, built here a year ago. The company's tugs have been found too small to look after the dredge as it should be attended to and the 90-ton tug George Cooper, belonging to E. T. Stokes, of Ashland, has been purchased. The Cooper was last year enrolled at Sheboygan, Wis., but has been enrolled in the Duluth harbor and will be brought here just as soon as the ice will permit.

There is a large amount of work going on at the Duluth Dredge and Dock company's plant. The tug Viligant, belonging to the Nestor estate is undergoing general repairs. The Nestor tug Bruce is being rebuilt. The tug J. C. Morris, owned by Hibbard & Son, of Poquaming, is undergoing general repairs and her engines are being shifted. The tug Bob Teed, owned by Charles Hale, of Ashland, is being rebuilt at the dredge company's yards.

Mme. Yale's



Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

"LUCK OF ROARING CAMP."

Alabama Lumbermen Act Part of Bret Harte's Miners.

Selma, Ala., March 19.—About a year ago Mr. and Mrs. Young came from Canada and settled at Nahawah, where he found employment in a lumber camp. All went well until Ocober last when the man died. Tender hands, if rough from toil, laid the body away and the men of the camp devoted themselves to making easy the lines of her who was left alone.

Two months later there was born to the woman a boy, and the little one became the center of interest of the big-hearted men who were isolated almost from the world. Two weeks ago Mrs. Young went to join her husband.

Then the lumbermen became puzzled what to do with little "Willie," as the baby was named. He was entrusted to the care of an old negro woman and everything done for him, but the responsibility became too great for the men and last night one of their number arrived, bringing the infant to the Methodist orphanage at Summerfield. All night the big-hearted man cared for the 2-months-old boy, walking him the most part of the time, and this morning at daybreak carried it to Mr. Stewart's house. There he kissed the little one good-by, left a piece of money with Mr. Stewart as coming from "the boys" with the request that pretty soon its picture be taken and sent them, and at 9 o'clock returned to his camp at Nahawah.

CUT HIS THROAT.

Charles Dietz of Park Rapids Ends Life.

Park Rapids, Minn., March 19.—Charles Dietz, of the firm of Albert & Deitz, one of the most prominent business men in Park Rapids, committed suicide yesterday morning while temporarily insane. His wife died suddenly and unexpectedly Sunday evening and the loss he sustained in her death unbalanced his mind for a moment early yesterday morning. He went to the basement of his store and cut his throat with a pocket knife. When found by the clerks he was still alive but past help. Three bright children are left orphans.

SWEDISH CRISIS.

Political Deadlock Probable on Parliamentary Franchise.

Stockholm, March 19.—The government bill to extend the parliamentary franchise has thoroughly disgusted the Liberals who voted for compulsory military service last year on the distinct understanding that an efficient reform bill would be introduced. The whole press is against the measure, which has no chance in either house.

If no compromise can be reached the political life of the country will be brought to a deadlock. Revolutionary movements are being fostered by the new Liberal federation, which has issued a call for a conference. The Social Democrats will meet to decide whether violent steps should be taken.

FOOD FOR ATHLETES

Rebuilds Brain and Muscle.



A young athlete, commenting on the need of well-selected food to build up a man after over-study, says: "Two years ago I returned home from the university with my health quite run down from over-study and severe athletic training. I needed a good rest to put me right, but instead of taking it, went to work in an office with very confining duties.

"My health grew no better; I felt unfit for work and at night would lie awake several hours before sleep would come. The appetite was gone entirely. One morning a new dish appeared on the table, Grape-Nuts with cream. We all thought it an excellent food, and I not only enjoyed breakfast that day, but dinner and supper as well.

"This rather surprised me. Since that I have made the food a regular article of diet. I keep a box on hand at the office and often lunch on Grape-Nuts and cream instead of going home to dinner.

"Although it was in the summer when I started the use of the food, it was not long before I had gained fifteen pounds, and I know it is from the use of this food that I can stand so well the indoor work. My health is now perfect; sleep sound and enjoy my meals, but find I do not need to eat so much volume of other food while eating Grape-Nuts.

"A short time ago I thought Grape-Nuts were commencing to disagree with me, but found it was because I was eating more than you recommend. I simply ate too much at a time and more than the system required. When I returned to the regular 'feed' of four heaping teaspoonfuls the old zest for the food returned."

"This young man is a member of quite a famous family. He requests that his name be omitted, but the same can be furnished by application to the Postum Cereal company, limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

RHODES IS WEAKER

(Continued From Page 1.)

scheme seemed to them to be a gigantic, beautiful dream—but a dream. They hesitated, discussed it further, and then sparred for time to consider. "Come back in a few days," they said, "and we shall give you a positive answer."

"I shall come again in half an hour," replied Rhodes. "If you have not decided by that time I shall go elsewhere."

The conservative bankers looked aghast at the impudence, but within the thirty minutes they recovered from their surprise, and Rhodes returned to his diggings with the necessary capital at his disposal.

He was none too soon, for others were already manipulating for control of the claim and output, especially a party of rich Hebrews, headed by the late Barney Barnato. This famous Hebrew from the London Ghetto had gone out to the fields some years before with empty pockets, but a cunning, tricky brain.

The fight was waged desperately, but Barnato was the first to weaken, the gigantic De Beers Mining company was arranged, of which Cecil Rhodes was appointed managing director for life, with an annual salary of $150,000.

That stroke of business made Rhodes beyond dispute the biggest figure in South Africa, but he had already started out on a new tack. He had entered politics in Cape Colony. In this, of course, he soon rose to the top, but even as premier his position was not satisfactory, in that it added nothing to his influence and thrust upon him the consideration of endless details that in his own business he would have left in the hands of subordinates.

Already he foresaw trouble with the Dutch neighbors and his horizon had widened. Savage neighbors in the north occupied immense territory that he knew was suitable for European colonization. To settle this country with colonists in sympathy with him and according to his own plans would enable him to build a country of his own free from the restraints that petty politics and a none too wise British colonial office thrust upon the settlements in the Cape, and free from such stolid, unprogressive neighbors as he regarded the Dutch settlers. To be sure, that rich country was already inhabited by the mighty Africa, Lobengula, and his myriads of naked subjects, but that in no way dissuaded the Colossus.

All that he could make on diamonds he poured into Rhodesia, and when it was seen that he was willingly risking his own, he had no trouble in organizing a separate company that put money into his hands but did not interfere with his plans of management. Returns were not immediate. He did not expect that, nor did the stockholders of the company. He was building a country. That was not to be done as easily and quickly as making a fortune out of diamonds.

Then came an incident that threatened to undo all that had been done. The famous "Jameson raid" startled the world. Oom Paul and his Boers pursued the even tenor of their way undisturbed by the giant strides made by their restless neighbors. Their rule was conservative, and they refused to be enthused by the greater progress of the English colonists. Then the reckless daring of the Colossus was once at fault. His attempt to deal with the Boers as he had done with Lobengula ended in such a dire disaster the entire world was so shocked that the whole affair that for the time it would seem that Rhodes' star had set. England was enraged, possibly not so much because the attempt had been made to wrest property and territory from an independent neighbor as because the attempt and the loss he sustained in her death unbalanced his mind for a moment early yesterday morning. He went to the basement of his store and cut his throat with a pocket knife. When found by the clerks he was still alive but past help. Three bright children are left orphans.

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DEAL COMPLETED.

Vast Sums Paid Over In San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 19.—A Baltimore syndicate which has purchased the principal street car lines of this city, has paid over the sum of $18,617,000. A certified check on the Union Trust company of this city was given and $5,000,000 of the purchase price will be paid to stockholders in New York. The final step takes place today when the stockholders of the Market street railway will meet and ratify the action of the directors. The new company will be known as the United Railroads of San Francisco.

FOUND DEAD.

Manager Burns Died Suddenly of Heart Disease.

New York, March 19.—Thomas E. Burns, manager of the Jersey City Baseball club and an old-time ball player, was found dead in bed today at the home of P. T. Powers, president of the Eastern league. A physician who was called said death was due to heart disease.

Burns was a member of the Chicago National league club during the period when that organization won the championship several times in succession. Afterwards he was manager and player for the Pittsburg National league club for two seasons. Last year he managed the Eastern league club of Springfield, Mass. He was a member of the baseball organization which made a tour of the world.

Come and see the Beautiful Store Decorations.

KENNEY ANKER & DENNY

409-411 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Duluth's New Clothing Store

Bring the Children Saturday Afternoon to Hear the Music.

SPRING AND Easter Opening Easter Opening

SATURDAY, MARCH 22

When will be shown the handsomest and best selected stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps and Shoes in the West. Every department of the store will be radiant with the choicest productions of the most famous manufacturers. The same high principles which have been our guiding star since opening here will continue to hold for us the confidence of the public—The best possible quality—the lowest possible prices will be our constant aim.

Music and Souvenirs for all visitors Saturday afternoon and evening—Be sure to be with us.

Our Boys' Dept.

Invites the attention of all parents and guardians who want their boys dressed in the latest fashion and at a moderate price

All the latest creations will be on display—Vestee, Junior, Sailor, Double-breasted and Norfolk styles for little folks.

For the Larger Boys, 12 to 18 years, we will show the really handsome patterns in Scotch Mixtures, as well as plain black, blue and grey worsteds for confirmation and first communion suits.

Furnishing Goods Dept.

This is to be our pet department—you'll find everything here that is strictly up-to-date, and our assortment of shirts, underwear, hosiery, neckwear and gloves will be second to none, at right prices.

Men's and Boys' Hats.

The latest 1902 styles.

Our Shoe Department.

Opens with an entire new stock. The latest in Walking and Dress Shoes.

NOW THE TRIMOTOR

Latest Wonder Utilizes Crude Oil and Is New Power.

The Inventor Says That It Is Better Than Electricity.

It Can Be Used on Steamships and Street Cars.

Toledo, March 19.—Col. William Heckert, of Findlay, Ohio, but now practically a Toledoan, is one of the most sought-after men in the country today. There is scarcely an hour when he is not waited upon by representatives of some railway company, manufacturing concern or steamboat line. They all want to confer with him regarding the mechanism of a certain piece of machinery, which is being thoroughly tested and applied practically before it is to be offered to any one or any company as a practical utility.

The C. H. & D. Railway company and some Western lines have already arranged for an inspection by the proper committees, and, without a single instance, thus far, every practical or scientific man who has investigated this piece of mechanism is simply amazed.

It is called a "trimotor." It is a combination of the steam boiler and steam and gas engines, or, as might be more correctly stated, a substitute for these three devices, with the defects removed. It is more compact and fully as simple in construction as the usual run of steam engines. It does its own tiring, generating just the amount of pressure of steam required to do its work, requiring only a small amount of water and using the same over and over again, only such an additional supply of water being necessary as is lost by leakage.

It dispenses absolutely with firemen, boilers, smokestacks, cinders and the insufferable and ever-present smoke nuisance. The motor can be started, stopped and reversed just the same as any of the best steam locomotives. It shows a proper design and mechanical conformation to certain natural laws, under which nearly all of the heat of combustion can be converted into motive power or made available for lighting and heating houses. The best engineering practice heretofore has made only about one-eighth of the same heat available. This great waste of fuel has long been a source of perplexing annoyance to the engineering world, and many have been the attempts to solve the problem by improvements upon the steam and other engines, but all without success.

Referring to the use to which the trimotor may be applied, Mr. Heckert said: "Soon we may see steamships plowing the ocean with increased speed, but without smokestacks, boilers or coal bunkers. In place of this coal one-fourth its weight in oil will furnish better power. It can be stored in perfect safety in sealed compartments and fed to the trimotor automatically through the pipes arranged for that purpose.

"The machine is subject to perfect control from any desired point above deck, even while the lower deck may be entirely filled with water. The removal of all the useless weight of the coal would not only add profit in carrying capacity, with increased speed, but in times of war would create a revolution equal to that of the turreted monitor and the present armorclad warship.

"Locomotives without tenders, boilers, smokestacks, cinders or smoke will speed with increased velocity from Boston to San Francisco, with the addition of only a few barrels of water and crude oil on the way, costing less than one-fourth the present cast of motive power. The same condition will apply to street cars, where trolley power houses, boilers, engines and dynamos can be abandoned with a saving of fully one-half the present cost of construction and two-thirds the cost of operating, and the addition of independent action to every car in use.

"This also applies to the smaller motor carriages now in use and, finally, the trimotor will provide power, light and heat for houses and all other purposes at less than one-half of the present cost under existing methods of heating, lighting and propulsive power. This invention will also greatly stimulate and give a new life to the crude oil industry, which is fully as diversified in point of locality as coal. The discoveries also embody a process for the liquefaction of natural gas, now wasted, as a superior fuel for tri-motors, and it further extends to the economic erection of gas and liquefying plants at all coal mines, utilizing the entire output in a product far superior in quality and quantity to that now produced, and a natural adaptibility to every line of human benefit in the manufacturing and commercial world."

Mr. Heckert has already in a practical manner, thoroughly demonstrated the absolute certainty of every point of merit claimed for this wonderful world-revolutionizing invention.

William Heckert is widely known all over the land. He was for eight years the managing head of the American Bank Note company. He has patented over 130 various devices, some of which are on the market, while others are yet to be more generally developed. Many small things of importance in the commercial world are of his invention, for instance the hook and eye for shoe laces on the average shoe of today is one of his pieces of work.

Heckert has been watching Marconi very closely. He says the latter will never be able to employ his invention for profit in the way of individualizing its service in the commercial world, for the reason that Marconi does not own patents covering the real fundamental principles of the invention and cannot acquire them, as they are already out. Marconi can go so far and then, Heckert says, he must stop.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure —Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Take Good Care of Your Boy

During these raw, damp days, that he does not catch cold. As a preventative, we would suggest one of those neat, lightweight covert overcoats—at 20 per cent discount.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

It Cures Dyspepsia.

That's what Herba Cura does and does it in the right way by getting the stomach in a healthy condition so that it will digest the food and give strength to the entire body.

If you are troubled with a disordered stomach or don't seem to receive proper strength from your food, you should try this excellent remedy.

Price one dollar at the best druggists.

A Terrible Disease That Comes Unsuspectingly, and When Unheeded It Drags Its Victims To Death.

Paine's Celery Compound

Has Wrought Thousands of Cures After Failures of Physicians.

Today, kidney disease is as common as rheumatism. Thousands of men and women, living in fancied security, have kidney trouble in some form that must develop from day to day and end in death, unless wise and proper treatment is at once taken advantage of.

Have you any of the following symptoms: Backache, frequent urinating, fluttering of the heart, nausea, vomiting, a dry, harsh skin, fever, coated tongue, extreme thirst, fickle appetite, acid bitter taste, deposit of mucus after urination, sour stomach, dropsical swelling, loss of memory, scalding sensations and constipation? If you experience any of these symptoms, begin at once with Paine's Celery Compound, which will quickly put to flight all symptoms of disordered kidneys. It is nature's true remedy, the only one you can rely upon with certainty of cure.

Mr. Albert Bowers, 84 North Thirteenth street, Newark, N. J., writes: "Some two years ago I suffered from kidney disease, during which time I had two doctors, neither of whom could do me any good. It was not until I used Paine's Celery Compound that I found relief. I had no strength, energy or ambition, and was nervous and irritable. I was all run down and lost about forty pounds. I felt that the end was near, when a friend suggested Paine's Celery Compound, and I have this great medicine to thank for my restoration to health."

DIAMOND PAINTS Gold, Silver, Bronze, Copper. Only 10 cents.

A CHANCE

For a Fifteen-Thousand Mile Sea Voyage.

New York, March 19.—If you would enjoy passing about 150 days in comfortable quarters, with a taste of salt breezes, and a far-reaching sight of the bounding deep at the rate of $2 a day for good fare and luxurious lodgings, here's your chance.

Your landlord would be the Standard Oil company and your host and hostess Capt. and Mrs. James Read of the new steel English four-masted bark Daylight.

The Daylight, which is the second largest bark on the seas, will sail with 165,000 cases of refined oil, or 1,500,000 gallons for Shanghai, on April 1. The trip is about 15,000 miles. The Standard Oil people, with thrifty foresight, mention as an inducement that there is absolutely no opportunity to spend a penny on board.

Standard Oil company has now a big fleet. They bring back from the Orient general cargoes or run across in ballast to San Francisco and round the horn with barley.

Three of its most interesting ships are the big four-masted barks, Astral, Atlas and Acme, built at Bath. The Astral, Capt. Dunham, arrived Friday from San Francisco, after a trip of 123 days, with barley.

The English built Brilliant and the Yankee built Acma started from this port on a race to Japan, a distance of more than 16,000 miles last summer. The Brilliant was 178 days on the way and the Acme 206 days.

The Yankee was handicapped by the larger size of the Englishman.

A STRENUOUS WOMAN.

This Deacon's Tale Should Draw Forth Tears.

New York, March 19.—William M. Abbott, an agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, manager of the New Jersey Baggage and Transfer company, a Grand Army man and a deacon and treasurer of the First Reformed Presbyterian church, has been sued for divorce. In answer he tells a tale of unique henpeckery that will arouse the sympathy of abused men wherever it is related.

"After a trip to Chicago," says Abbott, "she began striking me with anything she could lay her hands on, and among other things assaulted me with a wet towel while I was in a partially undressed state.

"She seized my collar and tore it off, breaking my collar button and pulling off my scarf. She took a diamond pin out of the scarf and kept it.

"She then tore the shirt from off my back, at the same time ripping my undershirt.

"When at last I managed to retire to bed in a hall bedroom Mrs. Abbott continued to annoy me and prevented me from getting my rest, and as often as I would turn out the gas she would relight it.

"She sat at my bedside and poked me in the ribs so I could not sleep. She thereafter took my clothing out of the closet and threw it at me while I was in bed. This was kept up until daylight."

Mr. Abbott thinks his wife's suit should be dismissed. On the contrary Mrs. Abbott says she is the injured person and charges neglect and cruelty.

TO MEET STEAMSHIPS.

A New Service By the New York Central Railroad.

George H. Daniels, general passenger agent of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, has added a steamship bureau to the equipment of the passenger service of the road. He has engaged Captains Louis Ingwersen and F. A. G. Schultze to superintend the bureau, and one of their duties will be to meet all incoming trans-Atlantic and the principal coastwise steamships to assist passengers who wish to leave the city via the Vanderbilt system. Capt. Ingwersen will have charge of the American, Cunard, White Star, Atlantic Transport, Wilson, Anhcor and Allan-State lines, and Capt. Schultze has been assigned to the North-German Lloyd, Hamburg-American, French, Rotterdam, Red Star and Thingvalla lines.

They will meet all incoming steamships, and will be prepared to furnish railway tickets, parlor and sleeping car accommodations and to assist passengers with their baggage and check it to points on the line of the railroad, after it has been passed by the customs inspectors. They will also furnish passengers with cabs operated by the railroad company, and furnish time tables and general information to passengers. The two men have also been directed to assist passengers who come to this city with a view of going abroad, and such passengers will be met at the Grand Central Station on incoming trains and conducted to the steamship. Their baggage will be attended to, and steamship tickets can be procured in advance by communicating with Mr. Daniels.—From the New York Commercial Advertiser.

BIG PIER BURNED

Much Property of Phoenix Steamship Company Destroyed.

The Steamer British Queen Burned to a Hulk.

Several Lives Were Lost In the Conflagration.

New York, March 19.—A swift and in many of its details, a picturesque fire last night destroyed the pier of the Phoenix Steamship line on the Hoboken, N. J., river front, with many bales of cotton and hay; burned that company's vessel, the British Queen, to a hulk, consumed several lighters and their cargoes, damaged a dock belonging to the Barber Steamship line and for a time threatened the property of the Holland-American line and the huge Campbell stores.

The loss, according to estimates tonight, will approximate $1,000,000.

Whether any lives were lost was most difficult to learn. While the conflagration was at its height and after it had been reduced by the firemen and fire boats, rumors were rife that several men perished. It was tolerably certain at midnight that Chief Engineer Scott of the British Queen was burned to death on her and that a sailor named Jansen met the same fate. One of the men who escaped says he saw several men leap into the water when the steamer became enveloped in fire and he saw few if any of these rescued.

The quartermaster of the ruined ship said that the crew were in her forecastle and he surmised that if all escaped they did so with difficulty. Nevertheless some of the British Queen's officers said tonight they were satisfied Scott was the only one burned.

The estimated losses in detail are:

Piers, $300,000; British Queen, $400,000; cotton and lighters, $250,000; seven lighters are more or less damaged.

The scene of the fire was Seventh and River streets, Hoboken. Together there are the docks and basins of the Phoenix line, the Holland-American line, and the Barber line. The Phoenix line pier was a wooden structure 300 feet long, covered with a frame shed. In this there were many bales of hay and cotton which burned with the utmost rapidity. How the fire started is not known. Some statements are that it started on the British Queen, which lay in the basin between the Phoenix line dock and the Holland-American dock; others that it had its origin at the end of the pier. At all events, with but the barest of warnings, flames burst out, quickly licking up the hay and cotton upon it and driving the stevedores and sailors to the end of the pier. The vessel was being loaded, having arrived here Saturday from Antwerp, cotton laden.

The fire flared up from the steamer with as great suddenness as upon the pier, and since the vessel was made fast to the pier and could not be backed out, lighters and other water craft, which lay alongside of her, some of them holding such inflammable stuff as oil cake, quickly caught fire. The captain of the Tonawanda saved himself, his wife and his child by pushing a cotton bale into the water, placing his family and himself on it and paddling ashore.

From the Phoenix line pier the flames spread to the pit of the Barber line and then to the steamer Heathburn of that company, newly arrived from Hong Kong, China, with a cargo of tea.

The Holland-American line docks are below those of the Barber line. They caught fire, but were only slightly damaged. The company's big steamer, the Maasdam, was towed out into the river as soon as the danger became apparent.

The fire started about 8:35 o'clock, and by 11:30 it was well under control. The British Queen, still ablaze, was towed out into the river. Three lighters, all afire, were directed down the river by tugs, but owing to the wind and a current they once or twice came near setting fire to property on the New York side of the river. Two of them finally drifted to the east shore of Governor's Island, setting fire to the new landing piers there.

The army officers' quarters were greatly endangered and the soldiers stationed on the island were employed in fighting the flames.

In a few hours the danger had all passed.

After the excitement attending the fire had subsided the Hoboken police reported that five longshoremen were in the hospital there suffering from burns. One of these, Patrick Hussey, is almost sure to die, and the child of the captain of the Tonawanda is in a dangerous condition. The captain and his wife are also at the hospital.

New York, March 19.—No estimate could be made today of the loss of life in the fire that started last night on the Phoenix line pier in Hoboken and it was thought the number of dead would never be known. Patrick Hussey, a 'longshoreman who was burned while trying to escape from the Phoenix pier, died today from the effects of his injuries. Chief Engineer Scott of the steamer British Queen is the only chief to lose his life on that vessel. Third Engineer Vereck, of the same vessel, says that Scott who was suffering from rheumatism, went to his cabin to lie down a short time before the fire started. Vereck was in the engine room when the alarm of fire was given. He tried to reach the engineer's quarters to awaken Scott, but was headed off by the flames and had to leave the chief engineer to his fate. Dr. Hilfer the health officer of Hoboken, says that all the men of the British Queen with the exception of Scott have been accounted for.

Besides Hussey, four 'longshoremen were taken to St. Mary's hospital and are now under treatment there. All were more or less burned. Some of the 'longshoremen who saved themselves by swimming ashore say they saw twenty or thirty men leap into the river.

Although some of those who jumped into the water were picked up by tugs it is feared that a number sank before they could be reached by the rescuers. Many of the 'longshoremen are single men and have no relatives who could report them in the event of their being missing or having perished in the fire. The British Queen has been beached on Comunipaw, in the upper bay and search will be made as soon as possible for the body of the missing engineer. Hussey, the 'longshoreman, who died today, was 40 years old. He leaves a large family. Superintendent Mason of the Phoenix line said that it would be impossible to definitely state the loss by the fire in less than two weeks.

He was asked if he thought $1,250,000 would cover the loss and replied he did not think it would. The British Queen was worth $500,000 and there was a great quantity of valuable merchandise on the vessel on the pier and on lighters that were destroyed. This included cotton, hides, oils, grains and a quantity of harvest machinery.

There was a rumor today that the fire was of incendiary origin, but Mr. Mason said he was positive there was no truth in it. He said that he thought the blaze started in a quantity of Belgian wicker baskets on the Phoenix pier, and this was confirmed by Charles Christianson, who was at work on the lighter Castleton, which was lying forward of the dock.

Christianson said the flames seemed to burst forth from a pile of wicker baskets that had been unloaded from the British Queen on Monday. He said the fire spread in an incredibly short time over the end of the pier. The British Queen was soon ablaze and then men on board had to leap into the water to save their lives. The lines by which the vessel was moored to the pier were burned away and it was then feared that she might float against some of the docks lower down the river and set them on fire. In spite of the intense heat given out by the burning steamer a tug rain in under her stern and made a line fast to her rudder. Lines were then passed from several other tugs to the first one and in that way the big steamer was hauled out into the stream. The ruins of the pier were still smouldering today.

Those seriously hurt in the fire are John Jensen, who jumped from the burning pier and struck his head against a beam and Peter Carroll, who was badly burned.

The Chinamen who fled from the steamship Heathburn when the vessel was endangered by flames, and who were captured by custom officers, were returned to their ship today. The Chinamen were arrested in order to prevent an invasion of the Chinese exclusion act.

Chief Engineer Scott, who, it was supposed, perished in the fire, walked into a Hoboken hotel today. He was badly burned about the face, and said he had had a dreadful experience.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

Homeseekers' Rates

The northern lines have announced that they will apply their homeseekers' excursion rates to all California points beginning next Tuesday and continuing every two weeks up to the middle of June. This rate, which is one fare, plus $2, for the round trip, has never before been made effective to California points. The rates are good for fifteen days going and twenty-one days from date of purchase for return. The rate will probably be made over all Pacific coast lines.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

G. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
433 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

The New Store **HENDREN & TALLANT CO** The New Store

Special Prices Still Reign in Carpet Department

Prices on high grade goods cut to the lowest possible price. We are not offering the cheap grades of carpets, but the higher grades at an exceptional low price. It is the better carpets that eventually are the cheaper and 'tis this class of carpets we make our specialty of. You may not get a very definite idea of what we are offering from this advertisement, but a few moments spent in this department will convice you of the wisdom of investigating our Carpets, Rugs, etc., before purchasing. Also very special prices on Lace Curtains, Draperies, Window Shades, Iron and Brass Beds, Floor Oil Cloths and Linoleums.

CORSET COVERS! SKIRTS!! APRONS!!

The one reading the descriptive items below will be rewarded by finding some enviable bargains Thursday; but it is the one who shall visit the store that will really profit by our offerings. We have never quoted lower prices on the same quality of goods. Every article cut in price—no better garments made.

Cambric corset covers, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, V-shaped neck, a value unequalled at 25c, Thursday our price only ---------- **19c**

Cambric corset covers, trimmed with lace or embroidery, tight or full front, a tasty and durable cover ---------- **25c**

Fine cambric cover, four rows of lace insertion, edged with ruffle, full front, 50c will be paid for an equal--- **39c**

Cambric covers, trimmed with four rows of insertion in front and back—full front, a handsome garment-- **50c**

All-over embroidery covers, full fronts —a cover that satisfies the exacting ---------- **50c**

Plain cambric Chemise, trimmed in Valenciennes lace—is a big value at $1.00—slightly soiled—price----- **79c**

Fine cambric Chemise with hemstitched yoke and ruffles—flounce—nothing better at $1.50—slightly soiled and you secure it for---------- **$1.19**

SUITS! RAGLANS!! WRAPPERS!!!

It is to lovers of style combined with durability we would appeal. The New Store never sells a garment it would be ashamed to have the wearer say: "I purchased it at the New Store." We are proud of the garments we are offering and you will be just as proud to possess them.

Cloth Raglans, Oxford gray suitings and Priestly Venetians; fitted backs, with yoke or flounce effects. A very popular spring garment at $8.50, $10.00 and---------- **$15.00**

Suits in an endless variety, a very pretty Eton Suit trimmed with braid—skirt with flounce or flare—jacket silk lined, most excellent values at---------- **$12.50**

Single breasted Coat with peplum collar and vest of light wool in contrast or satin strap trimming. Skirts with flounce and strap trimming to match jackets. An elegant line—$18.00 and ---------- **$25.00**

A very fine line of Etamine Suits in black and gray elaborately trimmed, with silk lined jackets silk drop skirts; not a prettier line shown in the Northwest. Prices up to---------- **$45.00**

Ladies' Wrappers of percale with deep flounce, cut full over hips, yoke effect, shoulder cape trimmed with ruffle and braid front and back, bishop sleeves, trimmed cuffs, fine bodice lining, comes in all the popular shades of red, blue, black and white stripes and mixed colorings. A handsome line 98c, $1.25, $1.48 and---------- **$1.75**

2½c yd. Toweling — Fifteen rolls of honey-combed and twilled toweling that we sell regularly for 5c a yard. Let's "pass up" the why and wherefore. What interests you is the fact that it is our 5c toweling and that no Duluth firm offers better for the money. Don't judge it by the price. It is not too cheap to be good. You can use some of it we know. It costs you nought to see it. — **Toweling 2½c yd.**

Remnant Sale Thursday.

It has been but two weeks since our last remnant sale, but how they have piled up since then. We save them for a "remnant sale day" and then cut prices so that they melt away at once. Remnants of Ginghams for waists, dresses and aprons—Percales, Prints, Muslins, Sheetings, Outings, Linens, Tickings, Dimities, Batistes, Etc., Etc., at prices which will astonish you. Do not miss seeing these Thursday.

Lisle and Silk Gloves.

It was an immense line we received yesterday. No matter what your glove want may be we can now fill it. We bought a large line relying upon the following low prices to move them:

Ladies' superior quality lisle gloves, plain and lace back—black, white, slate and mode at------ **25c** 50c and

Ladies' Silk gloves, in black, white, mode and slate, all sizes—superb quality silk, double finger tips; 75c, **50c**

Ingenue's Mother

By Dolly Gray.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

The overture had not yet begun when Bertha and Madeline took their seats in the theater. People were still crowding the aisles and keeping the ushers busy.

"There's going to be the usual packed house," observed the younger girl as she removed her hat and settled the rosette in her hair. Her bright glance swept the surroundings with an alert interest. Her companion smiled indulgently.

"Really, Bertha," she remarked, "I believe you are just as susceptible as ever to the glamour of the place. Your enthusiasm fails to wane, in spite of your incessant theater going. You are a marvel to me, my dear."

"I love it all," declared Bertha. "There's a fascination about it that I cannot resist. You feel it, too, Madeline, though in a different way, perhaps. Come, confess to your enthrallment."

Madeline smiled again, this time rather cynically. "I admit the enchantment of it," she said. "But the bitter fact of its unreality is a thorn that pricks my enjoyment cruelly."

"Now, Madeline, you promised not to philosophize. Just look at that dream of a chiffon waist—see, in the eighth row, center aisle—and you'll forget all about the thorn."

"It is a pretty waist," agreed the other, "but the girl who wears it is extremely ugly. Such are the discrepancies of real life. She has a dissatisfied mouth. Poor girl, I'm sorry for her, in spite of her beautiful waist. She has come here like the rest of us foolish women, to drown dissatisfaction in contemplating unreal characters of impossible loveliness, heroic acts that never take place beyond the footlights. How we poor girls do depend on the novel and the stage for romance. Isn't it pitiful, Bertha?"

"I think it's splendid," returned the optimistic one, undauntedly. "Any one would think, to hear you talk, that you were a blase, world-weary creature of uncertain age, instead of a miss of 23 summers."

"It's the penalty of being city bred," lamented Madeline, "and of having to form one's ideal from such illusive stuff as books and plays are made of. We are spoiled for the practical sunlight of every day. The men of our acquaintance are prosaic individuals who neither fight duels nor die for our sakes."

"We don't wish them to die for us," retorted Bertha. "We are quite willing that they should live. Listen—there go the violins tuning for the overture. Ah! There's the music! Harken! your pessimist, and be converted."

"I'm not a pessimist. I'm a realist. How can you gloat so over the unrealities, Bertha, without realizing the inconsistencies? Doesn't the sight of sublime self-sacrifice, magnificent nobility and impossible self-control as presented on the stage ever impress you with its tragic unlikeness to actual human nature?"

"Not at all. How can you talk so and listen to that music? Actual human nature, as you call it, is capable of wonderful nobility, Madeline. Think of a mother's self-sacrificing spirit. Think of—"

"Not in this age," interrupted the friend emphatically. "Do you meet many self-sacrificing mothers? Selfless devotion is out of date. Progress has done away with it. Where can you find—"

"Sh-sh!" warned Bertha, "they're going to commence now."

"Prepare to be transported," whispered Madeline, mockingly, as the footlights flashed up and the curtain rose.

The play proceeded with even more than its customary share of hearty appreciation from the audience. One young woman in the cast, Josephine Danvers, a favorite of recent date, won rounds of applause for the distinct charm with which she invested the ingenue part. Her winsome looks, her keen sense of humor, captivated the entire hous.

Bertha and her companion were warm in their praise of Miss Danvers, and discussed her in delighted undertones between acts. Even Madeline gave vent to unreserved expressions of approval. All at once she became definitely aware of some one's steady gaze, and, turning, met a pair of faded, yet feverishly happy eyes, fixed upon her. The eyes belonged to the little woman who occupied the seat at Madeline's left. The girl had been only vaguely conscious of her proximity, and had not observed her intently until now.

She was an insignificant little body, ordinarily, even plainly dressed. Her face bore unmistakable marks of cars and much struggle. Something in her eyes caught and held Madeline's attention. Then the little woman, flushing suddenly, leaned toward her with an apologetic smile.

"I know you won't mind if I speak," she said. "I couldn't help hearing what you said about Josie."

"Josie?" repeated the girl, wonderingly.

"Yes—daughter Josie. She's the one you were praising. I couldn't help hearing—"

Madeline repressed her amazement by a supreme effort. Bertha, bending forward curiously, listened in ill-concealed astonishment.

Her daughter! How could they connect the thought of that radiantly witching creature behind the footlights with this bent little woman in the cheap brown dress?

"It always does me good to hear people praise Josie," pursued the mother, with her simple, confiding air. Her eyes sparkled with an almost childish pleasure. "She's reached the top notch at last, but it took a long time. No one knows how hard it all is till they've tried."

"It must indeed be an uphill road," said Madeline, regarding the woman with a deepening interest. "I've often heard so. Of course, you know from experience."

An involuntary sigh escaped the woman. "Yes, I know from experience," then she brightened again. "But it's worth all the trouble and all the worry. Look where Josie is now—there can't anybody take her place from her. That's all I ask. Sometimes," she went on, musingly, "it seems like a dream—too fine to be true. Seems as if we'll wake up some day. It was so awfully hard to get started it don't seem real true that we've made the trip."

Madeline smiled sympathetically. "I suppose that's the way we all feel when we really do achieve success," she murmured, reflectively. "So you travel with your daughter?"

"Oh, yes. I've been with her from the first. We've been at it six years, but that's not so bad. Others take longer than that."

"I should say so," asserted Bertha. "You ought to feel very proud."

"Oh, we're all proud of Josie. You never saw any boys more pleased than her brothers are. They've all put in to help her. When she was first starting out, of course it was awful expensive—her training and everything. But the boys were glad to do it. Of course, it seemed too bad to break up the home—"

"You gave it up?"

"Yes, we had to give that up long ago. We lived out West. The boys are scattered about in different cities. We don't see each other very often." A little quiver passed over her face—"but then, they're getting on all right, now, and don't seem to mind. We've always meant that Josie should be an actress. As a child she showed talent—and was so pretty. Don't you think she's pretty?"

"Exceedingly pretty and so winning."

The mother's face beamed. "That's what people say. I tell her she must keep her good looks whatever happens. Dear, dear, I wish I could take everything off her shoulders. I do what I can, but I'd like to do everything to save her from worry. When we used to have those hard times I was afraid she'd fret herself sick and get worn out. There were so many discouragements—enough to make any girl give up. She pretty near lost heart two or three times, but I—she braced up again all right and kept on.

"You encouraged her and kept up her spirits, didn't you? Admit it!" cried Bertha impulsively.

The mother gave a little startled laugh. "Why I—of course I always had faith in Josie. I felt that she would succeed if she'd just hold on."

"The life you lead must have its pleasant features," suggested Madeline.

"Oh, Josie has a good time—so many people admire her and invite her out. She enjoys that, of course, and I like to see her have some recreation."

"You must enjoy it, too," ventured Bertha hesitatingly, as she glanced unconsciously at the cheap brown dress.

"Me? Oh, I don't try to go out any. It doesn't matter much about me. Young people must amuse themselves, you know. There's always a lot of little things to look after at the hotel—I love to fix over Josie's clothes and keep 'em in order. She says there can't anybody do it like I can."

"Don't you care for recreation, too?" questioned Bertha, impetuously.

"Oh, yes—a little." She caught the girl's involuntary glance as it swept her attire, and laughed again, apologetically. "Josie's awfully good to me," she went on, hurriedly, as if arguing with an invisible opponent. "She's not so extravagant as some folks seem to think. Of course Josie has to have nice things. She's before the public all the tice. It's different with me—"

The overture ceased and the curtain went up on the last act.

It was Madeline who caught the mother's hand in a warm pressure when the play was over and murmured in earnest tones, "I'm proud to have met you. I shall always remember this matinee."

Bertha glanced at her furtively as the two wended their way out of the theater. "For shame, Madeline, there are tears in your eyes—and the play ended happily, too!"

California.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

The first and third Tuesdays during March, April and May the Northwestern line will sell round trip homeseekers' tickets to points in California at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

Tickets good for twenty-one days from date of sale with stop-over privileges at pleasure in homeseekers' territory.

Remember the dates and route and secure tickets at 405 West Superior street, or Omaha depot.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 19.—Freezing temperatures prevail this morning in districts north from South Carolina and Tennessee, and over the upper Mississippi valley, Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana and Canada, with zero weather in Saskatchewan. In the West and Southwest the weather is mild, with increasing cloudiness west from the Mississippi river. Areas of low pressure overlie New England states and the far Southwest and the barometer is high over the Ohio valley. Light falls of snow occurred over the extreme northern lake region, upper Ohio valley and New England, and rain over California and Southeastern Montana.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	46	Memphis	30
Battleford	2	Miles City	32
Boston	26	Milwaukee	24
Buffalo	14	Minnedosa	16
Calgary	16	Modena	28
Charleston	30	Montgomery	30
Chicago	24	Moorhead	20
Cincinnati	10	New Orleans	42
Davenport	26	New York	22
Denver	30	North Platte	34
Detroit	16	Oklahoma	38
Dodge City	42	Omaha	34
Duluth	26	Pittsburg	14
El Paso	58	Portland	36
Escanaba	12	Prince Albert	8
Galveston	52	QuAppelle	6
Green Bay	22	Rapid City	34
Helena	28	San Francisco	46
Houghton	8	Santa Fe	38
Huron	32	Shreveport	40
Jacksonville	38	Spokane	28
Kamloops	30	St. Louis	28
Kansas City	32	St. Paul	18
Knoxville	20	Sault Ste. Marie	4
LaCrosse	10	Swift Current	14
Lander	18	Washington	18
Los Angeles	46	Williston	4
Marquette	18	Winnipeg	2
Medicine Hat	14	Port Arthur	10

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Threatening tonight and Thursday with probably rain or snow. Brisk northeastery winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast official.

Chicago, March 19.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: Minnesota—Unsettled tonight and Thursday, with rain or snow north portion. Warmer southeast portion tonight. Colder northwest portion Thursday. Increasing easterly winds.

Wisconsin—Fair tonight and probably Thursday. Rising temperature. Increasing southerly winds.

The Dakotas—Rain or snow tonight and Thursday. Colder Thursday.

Statehood For the Territories.

Whether the adoption of an omnibus measure for statehood for Oklahoma, New Mexico and Arizona will prove advantageous to all three candidates or not can best be determined later. It may prove beneficial to the three and it may prove a serious obstacle to the admission of Oklahoma, whose chances have been considered the best. The committee report recommends the admission of Oklahoma and New Mexico, and has acted favorably on the bill introduced by Mr. Moon, of Tennessee, for the creation of the Indian Territory into the territory of Jefferson. This, of course, is preliminary to statehood legislation for the Indian Territory, in that the Moon bill provides for the immediate abolition of the anomalous political condition, where what little government there is is administered separately and independently by tribes of Indians. Indian Territory is Democratic, while Oklahoma is Republican by a small majority. Political conditions similar to these in all respects exist in the other two territories. Arizona is usually Democratic and New Mexico is at present Republican, but with strong Democratic leanings. Thus, from the political aspects of the case, the Republican managers are not encouraged to look favorably upon the application of any of these territories for admission to the sisterhood of states, except Oklahoma. The Republican opponents to statehood claim that Oklahoma is the only member of the quartet whose citizenship can be said to be fit for the responsibilities of full participation in national government. They say that the last census shows that the population of both Arizona and New Mexico is largely of Mexican and Indian descent, and the vast tracts of arid lands in both of them are not inviting to hasty settlement. They fear that should they secure representation in congress, the huge scheme of irrigation now being so energetically promoted would be advanced at the expense of the national revenues, and the tariff question would become more complicated in the senate than it is at present. The wool and live stock interests would send to the senate from these new states representatives pledged to higher duties than the manufacturing interests of the East now care for. While such political conditions should have no weight when the claims of the aspirants to statehood are considered, it is more than likely that they will have great influence with the Republicans in the senate and may defeat the entire measure.

Will the Next House Be Democratic?

The Democrats are laying their plans carefully to secure control of the next house of representatives of the Fifty-eighth congress and the belife is growing rapidly that they may be able to do so. The tariff will be the issue and it is generally believed that the Republicans have given them sufficient opportunity to bring the matter to the front. It is understood in Democratic congressional circles that a vigorous campaign will be inaugurated in New Cork, Nebraska, Minnesota, California, Wisconsin and Michigan and every effort made to carry those districts in the beet sugar belt now represented by Republicans. It is believed by many that these efforts will prove successful. The Democrats have an immense amount of valuable campaign literature for us in the coming fight. It has been furnished to them by the Republicans who during the bitter debate over Cuban sugar, have made speeches and written articles filled with useful material from a Democrat standpoint. It is hoped to convict the Republicans out of their own mouths and will bring before the voters, particularly in the farming districts of the Middle West, the evils of the present high protective system of the Republicans. A Democratic victory next fall and the control of the Fifty-eighth congress by the Democrats will vitalize that party through out the country. It will bring into the Democratic fold thousands of young men and first voters, and will, in the opinion of the leaders, place the party in fine fighting shape for the presidential campaign. Both Democrats and Republicans in the present house are speculating on the results of the capture by the Democrats of the next congress. This would present a situation of a Republican president and senate and a Democratic house. Such a state of affairs would, of course, be a bar to any important legislation one way or another, and if the various colonial issues were still undecided President Roosevelt would be practically powerless in any effort he might make to have them determined. The legislation of a congress composed of a Democratic house and a Republican senate, with a Republican as chief executive, would be limited to matters involving no important party principles. Should the Democrats carry the next house they would find a lot of desirable patronage awaiting them. There are about 300 positions at the disposal of the party organizing the lower branch of congress, of which about 100 are really very desirable places, paying from $1200 a year up each. There are 200 positions with salaries less than $1200 a year. It is generally conceded that the chances are good for the Democrats to control the next house. They are looking for a leader for the congressional committee and with a good man in that position their chances will be greatly increased.

BEET ROOTERS WHIPPED.

The sugar beet crowd was badly beaten in the Republican house conference at Washington, and the fight waged by Morris, Tawney and others against Cuban reciprocity has had an inglorious ending. The boasted strength of the beet rooters did not develop, and it gradually declined further during the conference until on the last vote Morris and Tawney could muster only 31 votes.

The proposition of Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee for a 20 per cent reduction of the Dingley tariff, the reduction to last only until Dec. 1, 1903, was adopted. This is not as large a reduction as should have been made. Both President Roosevelt and Governor General Wood have urged a 50 per cent reduction, and perhaps when the bill reaches the senate it may be amended in that respect. The present tax on Cuban raw sugar is 90 per cent of its value, and the 20 per cent reduction will still leave the ad valorem rate 72 per cent. Certainly the beet sugar industry should be able to live with that amount of protection. If not, it is not worth saving.

The result of the house conference leaves Morris and Tawney in bad shape. It will make it still more difficult for them to explain to the people of Minnesota why they were so anxious to deny justice to Cuba and neglect the opportunity to increase the markets for the products of this state.

CHURCHES IN CHICAGO.

No one would ever accuse Chicago of being a religious city in the ordinary use of the term. On the contrary, it would be more likely to be termed the habitation of the devil. Yet according to a writer in the Chicago Standard, outside of Constantinople, it is the most religious city in the world. There are in the Windy City upwards of 1100 places of worship. Of the orthodox bodies, the Catholic church stands at the head, with its 172 buildings erected exclusively for divine worship, 269,795 persons are counted as members and its church buildings have a value of $5,082,157. Next to the Catholic is the Methodist denomination, with 145 churches, 25,500 communicants and churches valued at $2,123,000. It will be a surprise to some to learn that there are seventeen varieties of Methodists in Chicago alone. All nationalities are reached, but the English language prevails, being the language of 101 churches. There are thirteen German, seven Norwegian, sixteen Swedish, four Bohemian and one French. The Congregational denomination numbers seventy-seven churches and thirteen missions. It counts 14,427 on its church roll and owns church property valued at $1,460,930. The church edifices will seat 33,615 persons. The Baptists number 15,635. They have fifty-one churches and forty missions, and the auxiliary societies attached. Their church holdings are valued at $1,147,100, with a seating capacity of 22,630 in the main auditoriums, some hundreds more being accommodated in hired halls and chapels.

The Lutherans have eighty-seven churches and 36,800 members, while the Lutheran evangelical body has twenty-three churches and 11,500 members. Of the Protestant Episcopal denominations, there are 7450 members, with forty-one church buildings and four missions. These edifices are valued at $1,351,500, and will accommodate 16,753 worshipers. There are also seven organizations of the Reformed Episcopal church, numbering about 2250 communicants, with church holdings valued in the neighborhood of $200,000; and a few scattering bodies holding allegiance to the Church of England. The Presbyterians number 15,291, with fifty-one church buildings and twelve chapels, sufficient to care for 35,120 attendants. There are fifty-four organized Presbyterian bodies, with a value of church edifices of nearly $2,000,000. The Disciples of Christ (Christian) number twenty churches, with a membership of 6000, occupying twenty church buildings and one hall. The Spiritualists have eighteen organizations, each of which is practically an independent entity.

This list of organizations includes also Seventh-day Adventists, Christian Scientists (worshiping in three superb temples), Dunkards, Swedenborgians, the Salvation Army, the Volunteers of America, Unitarians, Universalists, Plymouth Brethren, Friends of the Temple, Schwenkfeldians, Church of God, and other organizations having no official connection with any religious body, all of which have no published statistics available. The Hebrews worship in twenty-three synagogues. Thirteen of their organizations belong to that wing of Judaism known as orthodox and ten to the Reformed congregation. Their church property reaches a very comfortable figure, $536,500, and the number of members is set down as 9187, but we must take into account a peculiar method of enumeration. In Jewish congregations, the head of the family only is counted; using the ordinary method of estimating the number in a family, and multiplying by five, we have 45,935 Jewish church-going people in Chicago.

Such an array of religious statistics is astonishing and raises Chicago considerably in the estimation of the resident outside of that city.

THE SHIP SUBSIDY.

Will the house of representatives dare to pass the ship subsidy bill in the face of the elections next fall? It is extremely probable that the house leaders will deem it wise to shelve the measure during the present session, in view of the extensiv opposition to it in many parts of the Union. There are many Republican members who would rather not be put on record on this question before the election. They are afraid that their vote in favor of the bill might defeat them, while at the same time they are ready to obey the crack of the party whip.

Every man who votes for a ship subsidy deserves defeat. It is a vicious emasure. The Chicago Tribune, a Republican paper, says: "It is framed in the interest of the Pennsylvania railroad and the International Steamship Navigation company. The insidious influence of that great railroad upon congress can scarcity be overestimated. It controls legislation on the Republican side almost as completely as it formerly did in the Pennsylvania and New Jersey legislatures." Following up this statement the Tribune shows that an attorney of the Pennsylvania railroad was appointed second assistant postmaster general in 1896 and still holds the office, which controls the railway mail service, and that the most influential member of the house committee on postoffice affairs is a Philadelphia man. The postmaster general was until recently a Philadelphia man. It thinks the interests of the Pennsylvania railroad have been very carefully conserved.

The Tribune says the International Steamship Navigation company is really an extension of the Pennsylvania railroad across the water, and that the subsidy bill is largely in the interests of this company. It notes the activity of President Griscom of that company and that of A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad company, in Washington. The Tribune says further: "If this subsidy bill shall pass the Republican party will stand committed before the country to the policy of passing measures which are conceived and advocated in the interests of a great railroad at the expense of the people. When the reaction shall come, as it inevitably will, and the railroads suffer, as they inevitably must, in consequence of the popular indignation that will be excited by measures of this description, we hope there will be no failure to place the responsibility for them where it justly belongs."

NEW INTERIOR HEAD.

The Washington correspondent of The Herald telegraphed yesterday that it is believed there that the next secretary of the interior will be Willis Van Devanter, now assistant attorney general for that department. It is expected that Secretary Hitchcock will resign at an early date, as he has long been anxious to retire to private life and devote all his time to his important personal business. There has recently been a report in circulation that Commissioner of Pension Evans would be promoted to the head of the interior department, but it is now claimed that Mr. Van Devanter is President Roosevelt's first choice and that Mr. Evans will be given another position—perhaps a foreign mission of the first rank.

Willis Van Devanter is only 43 years old. He is a native of Indiana, of Dutch descent, and has been eighteen years in Wyoming, where he filled many offices and won a good reputation as a public servant and as a lawyer. He was appointed chief justice of the Wyoming supreme court by President Harrison before he was 30 years old. He has been in the interior department five years, and both Secretaries Bliss and Hitchcock declared that he was invaluable to them. Mr. Van Devanter is a wonderfully hard worker, a fine executive, and knows every detail of the work of the interior department. He won the admiration of President Roosevelt some months ago in conferences on department matters. The fact that he is a lawyer adds to his fitness to preside over the interior department, as many of the questions that come before the secretary are of a legal character.

The death of Cecil Rhodes may end the Cape to Cairo railroad scheme.

It is evident that Uncle Sam is being worked for a "good thing" in the Philippines, where a bonus is paid for every gun surrendered by a Filipino. If the system is prolonged a sufficient length of time the German manufacturers of firearms will be able to work off their entire surplus stock.

When two senators got into a heated altercation the other day Tillman rose and said to them: "If you gentlemen are not careful, you will get yourselves into the same fix I was for a few days ago." The senate smiled, order was restored and the debate ceased to be exciting.

Unlike most other men Secretary of the Treasury Shaw knows how much he is worth. The popular impression that he is a millionaire he says is wrong. "I find upon striking a balance," he adds, "that I am possessed of this world's goods to the amount of $125,000; no more."

Mr. Bryan is not entirely lacking a sense of humor. When elected a member of the New York Press club he is said to have remarked: "Boys, I am glad to be elected to something, and in New York, too."

The retirement of Dr. Washington Gladden from the city council of Columbus, Ohio, in which he tried in vain to effect a few reforms, lends significance to Mark Twain's epigram: "Be good and you'll be lonely."

It is a significant fact that the Low administration of New York city has not yet discovered a way to reduce municipal expenses below those of the Van Wyck regime. And yet they claimed Tammany was extravagant with the city funds.

It seems extravagant for a New York dealer to have paid $500 at a London auction for two Chippendale chairs, but a single seat in the New York stock exchange costs a dozen times as much.

The kaiser was at the dock to give his brother a hearty welcome home. Prince Henry will have much to tell about what he saw and heard that will greatly interest the kaiser.

Gen. Funston keeps busy all the time. When he is not swimming a river or fighting he talks, and some people think he talks too much.

They are having great expectations for wireless telegraphy in Alaska. Perhaps a "wireless" may yet be received from the north pole.

And now it is said Matt Quay is thinking of running for governor of Pensylvania. He thinks he has heard a popular demand.

A poet was nominated for councilman in Chicago—a handsome tribute by the Windy City to the divine muse.

President Roosevelt has not decreased his popularity by removing Terence Powderly from office.

TICKLISH TATTLE.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I wonder how Jonah looked when they threw him to the whale?"

"Down in the mouth, I suppose."

Chicago Tribune: "I suppose it would be laughable if we could see ourselves as others see us."

"Yes, and it would be still more laughable to the others if they could see us as we see ourselves."

Washington Star: "Why did you select that man as a candidate?" asked the henchman. "He doesn't know anything about politics."

"That's why I selected him," answered the boss. "He'll be a great deal easier to put out of office if he doesn't be good."

Philadelphia Press: "He's got a great scheme to exterminate mosquitoes."

"What is it? That idea about petroleum?"

"Not at all. His scheme is to cross them with lightning bugs so you'll know when they're coming."

Philadelphia Record: "What are you swearing about?" inquired the senior member of the firm.

"Oh, that new office boy," replied the silent partner; "he's never to be found when he's wanted."

"Hereditary, I suppose. His father's a policeman, you know."

Chicago Tribune: "They asked me to their reception," said the girl with the 2-story pompadour, "but it wasn't because they liked me. It was because I can sing."

"Oh, I'm sure you're mistaken!" said the other girl, impulsively.

Chicago Tribune: "Do you know," asked the long, lean person with the wild look in his eyes, "whether or not it was real wine that was used in christening the emperor's yacht just now?"

"You have no right," said the other person, "to summon me to Meteoricular confession."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "What's the matter with Mrs. Fondlove's face?"

"Her baby boy scratched it."

"She should have worn a veil."

"Why?"

"So the son couldn't spoil her complexion."

Ohio State Journal: "When I was your age, I didn't have the advantages you have," said the father sagely.

"Well, father," replied the son, "it's too late to kick about it now. You should have thought about those things at the time."

Chicago Post: "Is he really such an expert stenographer?"

"Expertness is no name for it. Why, just for practice he actually took down a church sewing circle discussion without missing a word."

Pittsburg Chronicle: Mr. Pitt—There's a slight change in Lord Kitchener's regrets.

Mr. Penn—So?

Mr. Pitt—Yes; usually he regrets to report, but his time he deeply regrets.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Fools seek pleasure; wise men happiness.

Solomon's wives were contented because they did not have to go out in bad weather to gossip.

Some women are so unlucky about raising children that if they kept them locked in a safe they would be the first ones in the block to catch the measles.

Because a woman smiles sweetly when the dinner guest says he will have more of her delicious pie and there isn't any more, is no sign that when she gets into another room she doesn't kick the door in a rage.

The man who commands the largest respect from his wife is the one who can make her believe the reason he doesn't make more money is because it is so easy for him it isn't worth his while to give much attention to it.

A Problem in Medicine.

Philadelphia Record: Probably most physicians will agree with Dr. Lee (one of the surgeons who operated on President McKinley at Buffalo) in his testimony in the Patrick murder trial in New York that "an anesthetic cannot be administered to a sleeping person without awakening him." Whenever an anesthetic is used in a hospital the patient struggles vigorously as he inhales the suffocating vapor. There is reason to think that the many persons who affirm that they have been chloroformed by burglars are deluded. Yet the popular belief in the practicability of this process is so positive that it probably will not be shaken even by the testimony of an experienced surgeon.

Found What He Went For.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: Gen. Methuen is to be congratulated. He went out to look for Delarey and he found him. His condition afterward reminds one of John Phoenix's combat, wherein he got the best of his adversary by throwning himself on his back with his nose inserted between the enemy's teeth and his hair tangled around his enemy's hands; and there he had him. There is a great deal of glory obtained in the South African war, but the Englishman is too often on his back in a humiliating position.

GIANT PULL OF AN INFANT INDUSTRY.

The Commercial-West: American industrial push, because of its world-wide conquests of markets, has become one of the most generally discussed wonders of the world. But the push of some of our great industries, like steel for instance, is not a bit more intrinsically wonderful than the pull of one of our smallest industries—beet sugar. The ant which carries a grain of sand to its hill, is, relative to its size, a creater of greater force than the truck horse. In the same way the pull of our infant beet sugar industry, relatively equals or even exceeds in strength, the push of great industries that dominate the world.

The beet sugar industry, by the giant pull, that despite its tender years, it possesses in congress, displays a precocity that makes it one of the most interesting of all industrial studies. Here is an industry whose total contribution to the national wealth is about one-seventh of that made by those who grow potatoes, about one-fortieth of that of those who raise hay, one-forty-fifth of that of the wheat growers, about one-sixtieth of that of the corn growers, and less than the amount of business done by many single manufacturers—this industry leads congress by the nose, has more influence in national legislation than enormous commercial, financial and railroad interest, and appears to have almost if not quite power to dispose that the friendly island of Cuba shall be industrially ruined, and that one of the finest of all prospective markets for American flour, bacon, pork and other articles shall be forever lost.

It has been said by certain eminent dietists that sugar as a food is very conducive to musular force. It is just possible that the wonderfully strong pull the beet has acquired in congress is due to its saccharine qualities, though in just what way we do not care to suggest. The sugar beet could not have worked so strong in the loving favoritism of congress simply because of its being an infant industry. Another industry, just as infantile, in fact of just about the same tender age, the oleomargarine industry, instead of being protected, coddled, and enriched through taxation of the grown up industries, is given hard, vicious knocks on the head, and is told it is so wicked it ought to die. But the wickedness of the oleomargarine industry appears to consist only in its offering to poor people, a cheap and wholesome substitute for butter—a substitute which, unlike butter, needs no "preservatine" and other adulterants to make it keep in warm weather, but which, like most grades of butter, lacks only harmless coloring matter.

It is stated in behalf of beet sugar that the sugar raisers in Cuba are among the most disgraded of laborers, and that competition with them would be shameful. And so to prevent such shameful competition it is planned to let these laborers become still more degraded, in fact to let them starve. The maximum production of beet sugar in the United States is a beggarly 100,000 tons, and to protect this production, Cuba must be deprived of the opportunity that would make her prosperous, populous and a splendid market for the leading products of the Unites. States.

There is probably no other interest in the United States, however important industrially, that bents in strength this sugar beet pull. Certainly there is no other interest that would make a more cruel and shameful use of such pull. All the leading business interests of the United States want immediate reform in our clumsy and dangerous financial system. But they have not pull enough with congress, to get what they want. In fact, judging from history, it would seem that the only way they can get what they want, is by pretending they do not want it.

The beet sugar industry is an artificial and forced industry. All the nations of Europe now appear to be tired of the burdens this industry forces on other industries. In September of 1903, according to the plan adopted at the Brussels conference, beet sugar bounties will be abolished, cane sugar duties reduced, and beet sugar be left to compete as best it can with cane sugar. But if this nation keeps on cultivating in a hot house, so to speak, this industrial beet sugar fungus, the time will some day come when the pull in congress, of this infant life was a giant pull, will have developed with the plant's growth, into an invincible pull. Then there would be absolutely no hope of profitable free trade relations with Cuba.

LAST INTERVIEW WITH J. P. ALTGELD.

H. I. Cleveland in Chicago Record-Herald: It was only last Monday that, meeting former Governor John P. Altgeld, I asked him for his legal opinion on the merits of any suit which might be brought to abolish contract labor in this state. I had been with him the week previous on the same subject, but he had then declined a formal interview on the ground that none was needed. Monday he leaned forward in his chair and said:

"No legal opinion is necessary. The constitutional provision against convict contract labor is incontestible—no effort to make it appear that piece price work is a compliance with the law can hold water in any court. But the main point to the entire subject, Cleveland, is the inhumanity of the entire business of letting out a convict's labor to a private, political contractor.

"The convict becomes a piece of mechanism for sale to the outsider who can get the most out of him for the least money and without killing him outright. They told me the law could not be enforced when I became governor. I didn't worry about that. It was not a question to me of what obeying the law cost the state, but how speedily the statutes or constitution could be enforced. We managed to get fairly well through the panic of 1893 and 1894 that at the end of my term there were only 10 contractors left at Joliet, and they could not have lasted another year if I had been re-elected. But it is the inhumanity of the whole business that stirs me. I have been told things about the treatment of convicts by contracts that you would not believe if you had not the same authority for the stories that I have. Governor Yates can enforce the law if he wishes to. Every court in the United States will sustain him.

He turned around in his chair and looked out into the gloom of the street. In a reflective sort of fashion he asked:

"What do people say of Roosevelt?"

I ventured the opinion that the Democrats were quite silent and the Republicans guessing. He faintly smiled at this, then said:

"McKinley was a much shrewder man than Roosevelt is. He was practically master of the Republican party and its policies when he died. He and his friends really shaped Republican policies from 1896 on. It was imperialism, yelled, but none the less masterful. I can't say that I have wholly made up my mind about Roosevelt, except I am certain the Republican party will master him. It may be necessary to renominate him in 1904, but the party will not do it if it can be avoided.

"The Republican party has no Philippine policy, no Cuban policy that I can discover, but it has a monetary and protective tariff policy, well defined. The president is without a policy. He has a will, and is impatient and overriding, but as to what he definitely wants or will finally stand for, nobody knows nor ever will. An unexpected war might make him politically solid for a good many years, because he likes fighting, but without such a war he is certain to drive from him the financiers of the party, and without a sharp, defined, appealing policy he cannot hope to hold to him the young men of Republican faith.

"Oh, no; I won't discuss the Democratic party. You are not interviewing me in any way. Roosevelt ought to make a great president, but the influences about him and his undisciplined will are certain to keep him a long way from greatness. But that is only my opinion. You may think different. I judge him only by what he says and does, and the reports that come from Washington of his course."

* * *

I asked the governor about the Boers and England, the very subject he last discussed before his death. I had been reading a number of private letters from the Boer prisoners in the Bermudas and told him something of their contents. His comment was:

"From a military and commercial standpoint England is a whipped country, but it will be a long time before the English realize it. Their perception will come when it is too late to apply remedies. Russia will certainly dominate China and Japan within the next hundred years, as that the United States must in time exercise a wide protectorate over South America. Germany, I take it, will be the successor of Great Britain in Africa, and the dominant military and financial factor of Western Europe for a century at least.

"England is not only being sapped by competition from without but by diminishing industries within. She may eventually exterminate the Boers now fighting in South Africa, but she will never be strong enough again to make an English dependency of that territory. As the years advance she is certain to be more and more insulted by foreign powers, and to find herself less and less able to resent the attacks. If it was not for the moral support loaned her today, not by the American people, but by the powers at Washington, she would be without a world-friend. The decay of a nation is often as secret as that of an individual; close examination is necessary to reach and perceive the weak spots. But in the case of England, her weaknesses have been made as apparent during the last three years as sunlight is on the mountains.

"We should have, as a republic, taken such a moral position as would have required England, if she desires our continued friendship, to seek arbitration for the South African differences in 1898. She would have done so if she had not privately understood that our dominant rulers would not interfere with her in any way."

* * *

I jotted down the notes of the coversation Monday night without a thought that within a week the spirit that spoke would have passed to where international differences and human woes can no more trouble; where there is rest, if nothing more.

ABOUT THIS TIME OF YEAR.

The swell and jolly days are come, the gladdest of the year,
When jests which antedate the flood in newest garb appear
To claim another smile or two from all who will give ear.

Again are we enlivened by the mediaeval skit
On the crabbed and cruel stovepipe which no human skill can fit
And the soul-destroying expletives unleashed because of it.

As usual we cachinnate with undiminished zest,
O'er the prehistoric persiflage of origin ungueseed,
But deemed germane to moving day and consequent unrest.

Likewise do we precipitate the mirth-distilled tear
O'er the moss-grown coruscation which we cannot choose but hear,
Anent the skilful booklet, emblematic of the beer.

And yet again we titter at the customary filing,
By centuries of precedent decreed the proper thing
To launch at rhyming rhapsodists who rave o'er balmy spring.

My lady's Easter bonnet, too, claims jocular attention,
While sundry Lenten pleasantries too numerous to mention
Redemonstrate their worthiness to be retired on pension.

On these and other jests of date coeval with creation,
Do we bestow the wonted meed of mirthful adulation,
Our witless glee increasing with each added perpetration.

By what uncanny magic do these quips of yesterday
Avoid the debt to nature which all else that lives must pay
And, like old sins, confront us, tho' we deemed them passed away?

Ah, were the potent secret of their grip on life betrayed,
The life insurance business in a night would be unmade
And undertakers be compelled to learn another trade!

—Chicago News.

Absurd Naval Requirements.

Baltimore American: A gunner whose examination testifies that he is morally, mentally and physically qualified for a commission in the navy is rejected because he is "professionally" lacking. Perhaps the "professional qualification" which is this officially ranked above moral, mental and physical tests is to be translated "social requirements." And thus the American doctrine of all men being equal, and with the right of each man to all he can earn, is again turned down.

One on the Teacher.

Philadelphia Times: Michael J. Fleming, a prominent lawyer of Pottsville, and formerly principal of the Donaldson high school, related the following anecdote:

"One day at school I gave a very bright boy a sum in algebra, and, although the problem was comparatively easy, he couldn't do it. I remarked:

"'You should be ashamed of yourself. At your age George Washington was a surveyor.'

"The boy looked me straight in the eyes and replied:

"'Yes, sir; and at your age he was president of the United States.

Some Glory Plucked.

Philadelphia North American: The exploit of Methuen's cavalry in beating the Boers in a 4-mile race vindicates the remount department of the British army.

From Exile to High Honor.

Boston Globe: How strangely are the contradictions of fortune manifested in in the career of Carl Schurz, who is to have the honor of receiving the German emperor's magnificent gift to the Germanic museum at Harvard university. He who was once an exile, the companion of revolutionists and a refugee from his native land is now the leading representative of German-America in the nation. Would Germany ever have forgiven Schurz had America remained a stripling among the nations? Probably not.

Spring Overcoats



What is it that sells them so fast?—the sauciness of the new top-coat? — the long graceful swing of the long coat?—the new cloths? — the big square shoulders? — the broad skirts?

Or is it the perfect fit? We have never seen anything like it before. Neither have you. It hasn't been before.

Top Coats—$10, $12, $15, $18, $20 and $25.

Long Coats (50 inches) $12, $15, $18 and $20.

Medium Length Coats—$8, $10, $12, $15 and $20.

Rain Proof Overcoats—$10 to $20.

Every overcoat here was made under perfect sanitary conditions.

Easter Hats, Easter Shoes, Easter Shirts, Easter Neckwear, Easter Gloves — You're sure to be dressed correctly if you buy your Easter fixings here.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The Big Duluth 125 and 127 West Superior St.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

THE BLIZZARD.

Make way! Make way!
'Tis my crowning day!
Make way for the Blizzard King!
I claim the earth;
She is mine from birth,
O'er her breast I rave and sing.
I wrap her tight
In a garment white
Pinned on by crystals puro;
Her bare brown knees
And her naked trees
I hide in my robes secure.

Make way! Make way!
For a giant's play!
Make way for my royal rout;
The oak trees groan
And the hemlocks moan,
For the great wild winds are out!
No bird can rest
On my heaving breast,
No boat can sail on the sea,
E'en man, proud man,
Must defer his plan,
And leave all the world for me.

Make room! Make room!
For the blizzard's boom!
Make room for my polar waves!
For Death oft steals
At my harlot wheels,
And many a victim craves.
The iron horse shrieks
And his engine creaks,
In race with my flying steeds.
I blow the breath
Of his tragic death
Far ahead o'er the prairie reeds.

Aside! Aside!
Let the Frost King ride!
Look out for my streaming hair!
It curls and swings,
In eddies and rings,
Through the vales and frenzied air,
Thick robes of down
O'er mead and town
I fling as I hasten by;
With howl and roar,
Past each cottage door,
Then off to the mountains high.
—TOWNSEND ALLEN in New York Tribune.

Missouri Plea For Liberty.

Kansas City Journal: The Missouri mules have won another victory for the Boers in South Africa. What in the world do the Boers want to stop the shipment of mules for?

The Strenuous Get Together.

Philadelphia Record: Representative Moody, who will succeed Secretary Long upon his retirement from the navy department, is in his 49th year and vigorous. He has a reputation for strenuous statesmanship and will make a strong helper of the president as long as they shall both pull in one direction.

One of the Ablest.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: Senator C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, is recognized as one of the ablest and most conscientious representatives that ever honored the state of Minnesota in the senate chamber. His standing is very poor with the boodlers, however.

Our Duty to Ourselves.

Philadelphia Press (Rep.): The attitude we are bound to hold is, if you please, not due to Cuba, but due to our own truth and manhood and character. Grant that we have done more for Cuba than any country ever did for another not its own; grant that in liberating her from the yoke of Spanish oppression we established the strongest title to grateful return; but all this does not relieve us from the necessity of making our policy a success at the end, as well as at the beginning. We are on trial as well as the Cubans. It is to be tested whether we are capable of successfully carrying out a great work on which we have entered.

GALLANTRY OF AMERICANS.

Americans have not the reputation of Europeans for gallant speeches, yet there are many occasions when they earn the envy of the people who are more given to saying pretty things, says the New York Times. At a recent private dinner at which Seth Low and were guests of one of the dinners said to the new mayor:

"You must be proud to be the husband of the first lady in New York."

"I am proud," said the mayor gallantly, as he glanced tendely at his wife, "to be the husband of Mrs. Low."

On a similar occasion recently the American ambassador to the court of St. James paid a graceful compliment to his wife.

It was at an informal dinner, at which the guests were intimate friends. Some one proposed that each in turn should answer the question:

"If you were dead and could come back to the world in another body, who would you prefer to come as?"

When it came to Mr. Choate's turn, he said: "I would prefer to come as Mrs. Choate's second husband."

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Manager.

Wednesday, March 19.

GRAND
Scottish Concert

By the Queen of Scottish Song, MISS JESSIE N. McLACHLAN, the Pet of Royalty and the Pride of Scotland.

Tickets, 50c, 75c and $1.00—From any member of Clan Stewart or Second Presbyterian Church. Seats reserved Tuesday, March 18.

LUCK OF WOMEN

"They Never Fail" Is a Belief Among the Miners.

Women Have Succeeded Where Men Quit In Disgust.

Incidents That Prove the Truth of This Claim.

Denver, March 19.—In the mineral belts of the great West are many mines being profitably worked by women which a few years ago were the properties of men who were supposed to know "pay rock" when they had it, but which were abandoned after a few weeks' gophering.

It may be news to many investors in mining shares that a comparatively large number of women are today engaged in this field of money getting, and proving, on an average, more successful than their male competitors. There is no record in the annals of mining where women have opened up a mine and failed to make the venture pay.

Mrs. Hortense Adams, of Boise, Idaho, is perhaps the only woman known who discovered a mine of great value. She is a widow on the shady side of 30, wide awake and practical. A few years ago friends extended to her an invitation to attend a picnic, which she reluctantly accepted. Lunch was spread on a flat rock. To the observant eye of Mrs. Adams it was soon apparent that the place had been at some time prospected and that the rock which served as a table was different from the neighboring rocks.

She secured a sample, and upon her return to Boise had the piece assayed, with the result that within forty-eight hours afterward she located a large group of claims and commenced their development. The first vein encountered gave $40 per ton, and since then rock worth many hundreds of dollars per ton has been taken out. The finest specimens of mineral ever shown in the mining bureau came from this mine.

Mrs. Adams obtained the services of an expert manager and closely studied his methods. In a short time she dismissed the expert, assuming the entire management herself, and within five months she refused $250,000 cash for her property.

Another instance of woman's pluck and perseverance was shown when Antonio, the husband of Mary Trussele, of Santa Fe, N. M., had thrown aside pick and spade and decided to abandon a claim which at its inception had promised big return, but later proved a disappointment. The wife, however, with faith and ambition, started operations on her own account, with the result that, a few months ago, the Lewishon interests acquired the mine at a very high figure.

The great Highland Mary mine, up Cunningham gulch, in San Juan county, Col., owes the high price obtained for the property to Mrs. T. E. Murrell, who represented the owners and has since been offered a very tempting interest for her services from the wealthy New York syndicate who now control the mine.

One of the oldest and wealthiest of mine owners, recently commenting on the changes coming over the Rocky mountains, said:

"There is nothing in mine operating that bars women from taking it up. In the early days a woman who would attempt to prospect or operate a mine would have been regarded as a lunatic, but when women with good common sense and with plenty of energy find their way to the camps they soon learn that, with shrewd management, close figuring and letting all work by contract, marketing the ores, purchasing their supplies in bulk and caring for the finances of every department are the essentials of successfully working a mine."

Miss Mary Tracy and her sister Edith, both stenographers of Boston, two years ago made a tour of Colorado during their vacation. In the little town of Empire, in Clear Creek county, they formed the acquaintance of an old miner, who begged them to "grub stake" him. This they refused, but offered to buy, conditionally, a prospect he owned. The new acquaintance immediately closed the deal with them for a bond and lease. No time was lost by the girls, who started at once with the little funds at hand. They bought a few necessary implements, and could be found working early and late. Notwithstanding the meager equipment, they made this claim pay from the start. The mine is now one of the best producers of low grade ore in this section. They own the property, having paid the former owner more money than he ever expected to see.

In this same district Mrs. Attwood, one of the best authorities on ore and their extraction, can frequently be seen in a suit of blue jeans down the shaft of the Atlantic mine which she owns, superintending the timbering and blasting and sometimes repairing machinery.

Mrs. Eliza Small, from Maine, accompanying her sick husband to the health restoring heights of Arizona's mountains, while there employed a half breed Indian to do chores. Walking was more of a necessity than pleasure to Mrs. Small, as they had very little money left after paying their way out. One day, while out with the Indian, she picked up some beautiful specimens of stones. The Indian, noting that she was pleased with them, said that he knew where many more much prettier were.

They started the next day, and after many miles of "up hill and down dale" he led her to what proved an abandoned claim. She took steps to take title. After the preliminaries were over she came East and had great difficulty in obtaining $500, the necessary funds to work the mine. Before the year was out she received $50,000 in cash and has a life interest in the property.

The remarkable experience of Mrs. A. R. Ingolsby reads more like a figment of the imagination than fact. Husband and wife were roughing it in the canyon of the San Pedro, in the Santa Clara mountains of Arizona, near Monmouth, this being an annual trip. Frequently small articles were missed from the tent. There being no neighbors, it was a matter of much speculation as to where these things went till one day, contrary to custom, Mrs. Ingolsby remained indoors with her needlework.

She was soon aware of another presence, and, looking around, to her amazement saw a diminutive and peculiar looking animal dragging a silver spoon out of the door. She tried to follow the little culprit, which took to flight, leaving the spoon on the ground several yards from the camp door. Returning indoors, she found a small piece of quartz, highly mineralized with free gold. Her husband on his return to camp was told of the strange discovery, and together they watched and awaited the return of the intruder.

They were soon rewarded, as the next morning before daybreak the rodent, which was of a species known as the "trading rat," never taking anything without leaving something in its place, was observed carrying with difficulty a slipper along the same direction of the spoon. Mr. Ingolsby succeeded in following the animal to its lair.

Above was the ledge from which the gold bearing quartz was taken. This is now the famous Rat Hole Mine, which has paid millions in dividends.

"WE TRUST THE PEOPLE"

It will be to your interest to attend our Spring Discount Sale—**5 per cent** to **40 per cent** off regular prices. **Try our easy payment plan.** It pays to trade with

R. R. Forward & Co.,

Both Phones. 2110-12 W. Superior St.

N. P. STOCK.

Banker Kennedy Tells About It In Powers Suit.

New York, March 19.—There was a hearing in this city today before William A. Lancaster, of Minneapolis, special examiner, in the suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific Railroad company. The object of the suit is to overthrow the transfer to the Northern Securities company of the control of the Northern Pacific. John S. Kennedy, a banker, was the first witness today. He said he went to Europe in the spring of 1901, and when he left James J. Hill and Lord Strathcona, D. Willis James, George F. Baker, himself and other friends of James J. Hill, owned a majority of the common stock of the Northern Pacific. The witness understood that much of the stock was held by J. P. Morgan & Co.

Witness did not know before he went to Europe that E. H. Harriman sought to acquire a majority of Northern Pacific common. He learned from J. P. Morgan about May 5 or 6 that some interests in New York were making large purchases of Northern Pacific, and later he was informed that these purchases were for Mr. Harriman. In the following August Mr. Kennedy said he acquired 10,000 shares of Northern Pacific from Mr. Morgan.

GEN. OTIS

Continues His Testimony Before the Senate Philippines Committee.

Washington, March 19.—Gen. Otis continued his testimony before the senate Philippines committee today. Referring to his order of Sept. 8, 1898, directing the withdrawal of the insurgent troops outside the defenses of Manila, Gen. Otis explained that an expression from Aguinaldo's cabinet visited him.

In the discussion which followed he said they did not mention the fact that the towns immediately adjacent to Manila were not a portion of the city. He classed as ridiculous Aguinaldo's request to receive a portion of the northern part of Manila, occupied by the Spaniards, in trade for some of the southern part of the city held by the insurgents.

Gen. Otis said he did not give the insurgents actual permission to occupy the blockhouses, which Aguinaldo claimed had been given. What he said was: "I don't care anything about the blockhouses; we are going to take possession of them."

Gen. Otis said that Aguinaldo had demanded of Gen. Merritt the right to occupy the palace and to make appointments in the civil government, which caused Gen. Merritt to cable Washington for instructions. The reply was that there must be no dual occupation of Manila.

Gan. Otis then detailed the circumstances attending the capture of Iloilo, the offer of the Spanish general, Rios, to hold the place against the insurgents pending the arrival of United States troops and the capture of the town by the Visayas before the arrival of the United States troops. Aguinaldo, he said was overjoyed when he learned that the detachment had been sent out because he (Aguinaldo) declared that the first shot would be fired at Iloilo, which would bring on war between the United States and the insurgents.

Gen. Otis said he had cabled Washington, saying that the taking of Iloilo meant war in the islands and had received the response to defer action which he did until the insurgents made war on the United States forces in Manila. He had, he said, issued his proclamation, extending military authority to all parts of the islands under instructions from the president.

Senator Rawlins sought to show that many of the things done by the United States military authorities, were in contravention of the protocol, but Gen. Otis explained that he felt it his duty to protect life and property.

The committee adjourned until 2:30 p. m. in order to permit Gen. Otis to conclude his testimony today.

HAS ETRURIA'S PASSENGERS.

Falmouth, Eng., March 19.—The steamer Elbe, having on board the passengers of the disabled Cunard steamer Etruria, which left the Azore Islands March 15, passed the Lizard at 2:45 p. m. today.

SHORT ON THE STAND.

New York, March 19.—David L. Short, one of the witnesses to what is known as the 1900 will, was on the witness-stand again today for cross-examination in the trial of A. T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William M. Rice.

THE WILCOX CASE.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 19.—Argument in the Wilcox trial took up the time of the court during the morning session. The case probably will go to the jury this afternoon.

In the United States there are about 8000 sleeping cars constantly in service on railroads, and the number is being added to each year. Some of the latest productions are marvels of everything pertaining to the comfort and security of the traveler and in finish and appointments extravagant.

At St. Paul and Minneapolis any evening one is struck with this when those splendid sleepers composing the Pioneer Limited of the Milwaukee road roll into and out of the station.

NEW YORK CENTRAL

May Use Electricity For Running of Its Trains.

Engineers Say That the Project Is Quite Feasible.

New York to Chicago Within Ten Hours Possible.

Schenectady, N. Y., March 19.—The discussion as to the practicability of installing electric power in the Park avenue tunnel in New York in place of steam locomotives arouses the interest of the engineers of the General Electric company, because they are ready not only to haul trains through the tunnel but also to equip the entire New York Central system from New York to Buffalo with electricity.

"We will put electric motors in place of the steam engines, and guarantee that operating expenses will be decreased," is the confident statement of one of the company's chief engineers.

For several years experimental work has been under way on two miles of railway track on the berme bank of the Erie canal, and the result of these experiments by the company's engineers has been the development of a type of powerful railway electric motor declared to be actually better adapted for heavy traffic than the steam engine. This is more remarkable when it is considered that the American railway locomotive is the outcome of seventy years' practice, while the electric locomotive is but a five years' experiment.

Within gunshot of the electric shops, at the Schenectady Locomotive works, there was recently completed the largest and most powerful railway engine in the world, an iron giant 70 feet long and weighing nearly 200 tons. It is believed that the limit of power is very nearly approached in this remarkable machine. But there are young men in the electric shops, only just out of college, who are prepared to design an electric locomotive of greater tractive power than this Santa Fe monster.

"Our first electric locomotive built for the Baltimore tunnel is one of the most powerful railway engines in the world," says a General Electric official. "Not one steam locomotive in a thousand approaches it in weight or tractive power.

"It will haul a 5000-ton train on a level track at the rate of 35 miles an hour. I don't suppose there are a dozen railways in the world with engines of this power. It has four motors of a combined strength of 1440 horse power.

"Not long ago a party of French railway officials visited Baltimore to study the electric locomotives. They were amazed to see two steam engines fail to move a long train that had been brought through the tunnel by electricity. The electric locomotive had to take the train out.

"And this particular locomotive was somewhat of an experiment. We are prepared to produce much better results now.

"Within a decade there has been a marvelous development of electric power and plans of engineering that were undreamed of a short while ago are now matter of every-day practice. There has been a revolution in electric power transmission.

"The electrical engineer now harnesses nature's forces in the wilderness and carries them captive to civilization. Out in California a power-transmission line brings electric energy into Oakland from mountains 150 miles away.

"These shops might be run by the power of Niagara, brought nearly 300 miles across the state, if it was necessary to do so. Fortunately we have the Adirondacks nearer by, and we run cranes and trucks and machines by power we bring down from the hills.

"Out in India we have just harnessed a waterfall and the mines of the Kolar gold fields are now operated by 4000 horse-power brought across the wilds for a hundred miles. American practice all over the world has demonstrated the great economy of electric power.

"For a railway like the New York Central, running many trains a day, I believe electricity is a far better motive power than steam. It means economy of fuel.

"The Atlantic type passenger engines now hauling the Empire State, the lake Shore limited and other fast express trains across New York state burn from twelve to fifteen pounds of coal to develop one horsepower hour. The railway engine is an extravagant consumer of coal.

"Now in our power plant here we can produce this same amount of power with one pound of coal, that is, we get our power at one-twelfth the fuel cost of the New York Central's engines. When water power is available the cost is still less. At Niagara power costs but $10 a horse-power year.

"Our engineers could erect power stations at convenient points along the line of the New York Central and feed the power to locomotives by a third rail, and guarantee that trains would run at less expense, with greater safety and at higher speed than now. Naturally there would be no smoke or cinders.

"That speed would be accelerated there can be no doubt. The experiments in eBrlin indicate what is possible in the way of high-speed electric traction, and those trials, as you know, were made with trolley cars.

"I believe that two-hour electric trains between New York and Albany, and fifteen-hour electric trains between New York and Chicago is by no means impossible.

"It is dangerous to make predictions as to the impossibility in electricity. It was not so long ago that a leading English journal declared that the electric light would never be anything more than a toy, and Marconi, three or four years ago ridiculed the idea that anyone would ever send a message through thin air across the Atlantic.

"With Niagara at one end and the Adirondacks bordering many miles of its tracks the New York Central could obtain much cheap power. Niagara's possibilities are immense. Just now we are designing for Niagara the largest electric generators in the world—units of 10,000 horse power—and the power station for which they are ordered will have an ultimate capacity of 100,000 horse power.

"For our own shops we now get from one to two thousand horse power from the Adirondacks, but a 20,000 horse power station is now building at Spier's Falls on the Hudson. Six hundred masons are building a dam 80 feet high and 1500 feet long."

THREE SLAVS KILLED.

Steubenville, Ohio, March 19.—Three Slavesh workingmen met death in the iron mills here today. John Salvodor and Mike Uboski were caught in a cave-in and smothered to death at the La Belle Iron works. John Cibere had his head crushed between a bucket of steel and a railroad car at the National Steel works.

Ladies' Rubbers.

9 cents

Ladies' small-sized Rubbers—removal price 9c.

Ladies' House Slippers.

19 cents

Ladies' small-sized Slippers—removal price 19c.

Ladies' Shoes.

49 cents

50 pairs Ladies' $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes, odd kinds and small sizes—removal price 49c.

59 cents

70 pairs Ladies' $1.50 goat button Shoes—removal price 59c.

$1.39

200 pairs Ladies' fine kid Shoes, worth $2.50, button or lace, kid or patent tip—removal price $1.39.

$1.48

Ladies' $2.00 Lace Shoes, kid or box calf, heavy soles—removal price $1.48.

$1.69

100 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Kid Shoes, patent tips, new extension soles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.98

400 pairs Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes, kid, velour or box calf, new styles and goods, all sizes—removal price $1.98.

$2.48

Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 fine Kid Shoes, nearly all sizes—removal price $2.48.

Bring your tickets on the Crystal Cut Glass. They are good on this sale.

BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Our Removal Sale of Shoes

for men, women and children has been pronounced the leading commercial event of the day; and of all clearances the most decided bargain event, because "The Famous'" regular stock is on sale, and not jobs or odds and ends bought for an occasion.

Everything must go. These prices will do it:

Misses' and Child's Shoes.

13 cents

Infants' Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 5—removal price 13c.

49 cents

Child's 75c Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 2 to 6—Removal price 49c.

69 cents

Child's $1.00 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip—removal price 69c.

79 cents

Child's $1.00 Dongola button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11—removal sale 79c.

98 cents

Child's $1.35 Box Calf or Kangaroo Calf Shoes, button or lace—removal price 98c.

59 cents

Misses' $1.00 Goat Button Shoes, sizes 9 to 2—removal price 59c.

98 cents

Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip, all sizes—removal price 98c.

Men's Shoes.



$2.48

Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Box Calf, Vici or Enamel Shoes, new styles—removal price $2.48.

$1.69

Men's $2.50 Satin Calf or Vici Kid Shoes, good styles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.48

Men's $2.00 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes, two different styles—removal price $1.48.

$1.98

Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Box, Chrome or Satin Calf Shoes, heavy or light soles—removal price $1.98.

A chance to buy shoes cheaper than ever before. Come early, get first choice.

Men's Shoes.

$2.98

Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes, new styles, all the latest leathers—removal price $2.98.

98 cents

Men's $1.50 Satin Calf and Grain Working Shoes, large sizes—removal price 98c.

$2.98

Men's $5.00 Russia and Leather-Lined Blucher Shoes, also English enamel double sole, good styles—removal price $2.98.

Big reduction on Men's Working Shoes.

Bring your tickets on the Crystal Cut Glass. They are good on this sale.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes

89 cents

100 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 Box Calf Shoes, sizes 8 to 13—removal price 89c.

98 cents

Little Gents' $1.25 Steel Shod Shoes, 10 to 13—removal price 98c.

$1.19

Boys' and Youth's $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes—removal price $1.19.

$1.39

Boys' and Youth's Calf Shoes, worth $1.75 and $2.00—removal price $1.39.

$1.48

Boys' Keith Calf Shoes, broken sizes. Removal price $1.48.

$1.69

Boys' best Calf Shoes, worth $2.50—removal price $1.69.

$1.48

Boys' $2.00 seamless cut, waterproof Shoes, sizes 13 to 5—removal price $1.48.

89 cents

Boys' and Youths' $1.25 and $1.50 Satin Calf, broken lots—removal price 89c.

39 cents

Child's Goat Shoes, in button only, sizes 5 to 8—removal price 39c.

RECIPROCITY

Bill For Cuba Will Be Prepared at Once.

Washington, March, 19—Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee stated today that he would frame the Cuban reciprocity bill as decided upon at the Republican conference last night during the day. The bill will have two sections. The first will give the president authority to negotiate a reciprocity agreement with Cuba,, granting 20 per cent concessions on all goods. The second section will cover the so-called Sibley amendment limiting the duration of the reciprocity period to Dec. 1, 1903.

Mr. Payne has not yet determined when the bill will be brought before the ways and means committee, in order to be reported to the house.

The leaders of the element opposing the reciprocity plan will hold a meeting during the day and consider their future plans.

NOT PRESENT.

Murrell Not In Court At Calling of His Case.

St. Louis, March 19.—The case against J. K. Murrell, member of the house of delegates, accused of bribery in connection with the passage of the suburban franchise bill, was called in Judge Douglas' court today. The defendant did not respond.

The case against Emil Meysenburg, former member of the council, also indicted for bribery, was called and an attorney for the defense stated that Meysenburg was ready for trial.

City Attorney Folk told the court that the Murrell case was before the court and he must insist on proceeding with it. Judge Krum, for Murrell, stated that, while he had no positive information from Murroll, he felt reasonably certain that Murrell would not be in court today.

Judge Douglas excused the Murrell jury for the day and again called the Meysenburg case.

$1.00 Per Berth.

To Chicago via "The Milwaukee," during March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction.

Tourist cars will leave Twin Cities on 8:35 p. m. train every Wednesday and Saturday, arriving Chicago 9:30 following morning.

Rate per double berth, $1.00.

Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

REMOVED!

Phil. Pastoret

Has moved his Bicycle Repair Shop from 5 East Superior street to larger quarters at

21 W. First Street

He is now better prepared to do all kinds of

BICYCLE REPAIRING

in the most skillful manner, and will be pleased to meet all old and new patrons at his new stand.

TRAGIC FATE

Of Surveyor Who Lost His Companions.

In Arizona there is a county called Coconino, and the Colorado river crosses it with many a curve and twist. It lies in the northern part of the great Colorado plateau, and is west of the Moqui country. Long after the railroad line from Flagstaff to Ashfork was completed a plan was formed to built another line into Coconino and thence by heroic measures to pass into the most rugged scenery of the Colorado, and open that canyon land to tourists, says the Chicago Record-Herald. In some respects it was a foolish project, but a preliminary survey was ordered, and a party sent out with a young civil engineer by the name of Bowden at its head. He had studied at Ann Arbor and also at the University of Minnesota. His experience in field work covered about five years prior to the time of his arrival at Flagstaff. He was not familiar with the Southwest, its climate and peculiar topography, but he had asociated with him a man by the name of Watts, who had lived for many years in the vicinity of Prescott and who understood the perils that confronted the surveying party in its attempt to find a railroad route in Coconino.

The sun shines in Coconino. It hangs day after day above Lava Butte, the Painted Desert, Shinumo Altar and the Black Falls as if it were a destroying angel; not the kindly orb that flashes in the northern belt, but a consuming, terrifying demon of the desert wastes, from which there is no escape. Those who toil in city's ways think the sun is hot, that the humidity is deadly, that pain such as theirs is unknown. They have never looked up to the solar star from the buttes of Coconino. There, blazing through the century-dried air, all that is inhuman in stellar heat feeds upon the brain, the senses of man, until mad he staggers over the sands and falls to death.

Bowden and his men worked their way North by Mesa Butte, carrying their provisions and water, making slow progress, enduring extraordinary discomforts. It was after they had camped at the Little Colorado, on the south bank, that Bowden, acting upon the advice of Watts, deemed it advisable that the main party should rest there while he and Watts made some explorations of their own to determine how best they should approach Lava Butte.

The tow men left camp one morning before sunrise and headed due North for the Painted Desert. They carried with their horses a two-days' supply of water and provisions. It was impossible after 10in the morning for them to advance further in the heat. They camped in the swale of a dry arroyo, making such shade as they could, and waited for the coming cool of the late afternoon, when they might press on a little more. Bowden attempted some observations, but found that his sight was affected and that he must rest. In the evening, and before they halted for the night, Lava Butte was in sight of the two men. After their supper Bowden said that he would walk a distance under the stars; that he would return to the camp within an hour. He had not returned by midnight, and Watts dared not leave the horses and search for him. The next day came, and Watts tried to find his companion, but failed. The water supply began to run short, the horses were suffering and Bowden did not appear. Watts then headed back for the samp on the Little Colorado, but lost his mind. The third day he was found by a relief party sent out from the camp. His horses were dead and he was without water. He was a year recovering from his experience. The men of the Little Colorado camp subsequently searched for Bowden and found his body about ten miles from the camp he and Watts had made.

Bowden had walked in the night through the dead land, where in starlight or sunlight all things look alike. Either things are white to the eye or gray. But there is so much white and so much gray that to distinguish one object from another, to remember it, to say: "I will come back to this," is not possible. So when Bowden started to retrace his steps he did not know where he was. The plain was all north, south, east and west. He quite evidently had sat down and tried to collect his thoughts, for there were marks in the waste indicating the various positions he had taken. He had a small bottle of water with him, but no food.

No sound swept the plain. Bowden may have thought he was entombed in some vast charnel-house of the ages to which time had brought nature's remains and left them without burial. He was on the crest of one-time vast lava beds, a spot where the fires of hell once raged beneath his feet. Here the last great battle of the peaks of the continent had probably been fought with thunderbolt and flame hurled from the bowels of the earth. And he was alone. Not even the wretched lizards of the lava region were moving. Perhaps Watts was within a stone's throw of him; he could not tell. He called. No voice answered. He walked, but it was in a circle, and he came back time and time again to his starting point.

He waited for the dawn—one hope that the sun's light might give him a trace of Watts. He saw the shade of the night grow deeper, and then the driving of this blackness back from the east and the coming there of a cold line of gray and then an insolent one of red, and a savage yellow with that, and then, with one leap, the sun. He must have scanned the plain, but there was no sight of Watts. He called, he laughed, he cried. He drank his water to the last drop in the bottle. He walked and ran. He returned to the spot where he had first become bewildered. He was hot and then cold, and the sun rose higher and higher; grew more pitiless with every advance. The white heat beat down on him; it rose in sheets before him and placed awful colors before him. Now the lizards and creeping things came out, but they passed him by. They could wait. Others had preceded him.

After a long time the man threw his hands high in the air, far up to the sun god that was calling to him, although beating him down. He fell flat on his face, and there he slept his last sleep in the land where the sun shines for ever and ever.

LOCKED UP CONSULS.

One of the most picturesque figures in the Columbian-Venezuela war now raging was Gen. Echeverria, the gallant Venezuelan who fell in battle in the recent rout in Giajira, says the Kansas City Star.

He figured in the affairs of Gen. Mendoza, the dictator, 1892. The Venezuelan soldiers who had fought his battles against Crespo for him, refused to take empty promises for pay. They followed him around the streets of the capital, demanding their pay. Once in a while he managed to get hold of some money, which he always divided on the spot, though it seldom appeased the hunger of the troops for more than a day at a time.

In sheer desperation he called his friend Echeverria to his assistance. He told him to go and get money anywhere, anyhow. He might even take the troops along to assist in any little enterprise he might think of—in fact, he would be delighted to have them go with Echeverria. They went, for Echeverria had a scheme ready to hand.

The story of what next happened is interesting to Americans, for an American consul figured in it.

In the seaport of La Guayra, the commercial metropolis of the country, a number of wealthy merchants were doing business without interruption from the two contending forces. Several of them were Spaniards, others Frenchmen, Germans, Italians, Russians, Englishmen and Americans, besides the native Venezuelans. A few were acting consuls for foreign governments. One was the American vice consul.

The United States consul was Philip C. Hanna, of Iowa. Mr. Hanna was out of town on business of the consulate on the morning of Sept. 11, 1892, when Gen. Echeverria suddenly appeared in the city at the head of a considerable body of troops. He was after money.

The method he took to get it was worthy of his dashing and original style. He simply seized thirty men in their places of business and put them in the city jail. Among them were the consuls and vice consuls of the seventeen foreign governments. Then he made a list of the names of his prisoners, which ran something like this:

Name.	To get out.
John Smith	$ 500 00
William Jones	750 00
David Brown	1,000 00

The sums were based on the supposed wealth of the prisoners or their ability to get money quickly through friends. The merchants and consuls protested against the outrage and refused to pay anything.

When Mr. Hanna returned to the city he was warned not to go to his office, where a squad of soldiers awaited him. His informant explained the situation of affairs, and added that the American vice consul was among those locked up.

The young man went at once to the harbor, in the hope that a Red line steamer or a United States gunboat might be there to give him help. There was none such. Only a little coast patrol boat of the Spanish navy was there, the Jorge Juan, mounting three guns, and commanded by Lieut. Eulate afterwards famous as commander of the Vizcaya.

Mr. Hanna rowed out to see Senor Eulate, whom he knew personally, and asked him for the loan of a few marines. Senor Eulate listened to his story and promptly lent the American thirty Spanish sailors, armed with cutlasses and carbines, and Mr. Hanna boldly marched up to the jail at the head of his rescue party.

But the guard house was heavily defended, the troops being lined up in front of the building with a sergeant in command. Mr. Hanna demanded that the prisoners be released. He was met with a laugh. "Let them pay first, and we will free them," said the pompous commandant.

Mr. Hanna and his Spanish friend withdrew for a consultation. Senor Eulate proposed firing a blank shot from the Jorge Juan to scare them. Acting on this, he went to the quay and signaled for the shot to be fired. It was fired promptly, and in response the little fortress on shore plugged a 6-pounder at the patrol boat, narrowly missing her hull. Senor Eulate then signaled for a broadside, which was given, knocking some of the masonry of the fortress to the enclosure.

Echeverria hastened to remonstrate with Hanna and Eulate, who were again confronting the jail guard. The proposition he made was for a cessation of hostilities to enable him to communicate with Gen. Mendoza at Caracas. This would take a day, he said.

"I'll give you just twenty minutes," said Mr. Hanna. "If you don't unlock those gates my friend and I will blow your confounded old jail into smithereens."

So saying he held his watch in hand.

At the expiration of just nineteen minutes, Echeverria gave the order to open the doors, and the prisoners marched out singing and cheering wildly.

Lieut. Eulate was court-martialed in Spain for his breach of international comity, and degraded and imprisoned; but when Mr. Hanna notified all the foreign governmenta of his danger and seventeen diplomatic communications arrived at Madrid thanking the gallant officer for his timely aid, the Spanish premier changed his tune and promoted the lieutenant to a captaincy.

Echeverria got money for Mendoza a few weeks later by selling a few concessions to Americans with abundant money.

CIDER EXPLODED.

Suit has been started in the superior court by Roy E. Weiser against D. Holzman & Co. for $10,000 damages, claimed to have been sustained by the explosion of a bottle of champagne cider, manufactured by Holzman & Co., says the Spokane Chronicle.

The suit is a very peculiar one, and will unoubtedly attract attention as setting a precedent in such cases in determining who is responsible for the explosian and whether the defendants use the proper care in bottling their fermented liquors.

The complaint recites that Weiser was working as bartender for M. L. Pratt at Harrington, Wash., and that it was his duty to handle and sell bottled goods. Holzman & Co., it is stated, manufactured, prepared and put up a certain bottle of champagne cider some time in May, 1901, and delivered the same to Pratt to be sold at retail. When the bottle was delivered, it is alleged, Holzman & Co. well knew that it was explosive, but that Pratt, the saloon keeper, or Weiser did not know of the fact, the bottles not being labeled to inform parties of its explosive possibilities.

On June 10, 1901, it is claimed, two men entered Pratt's saloon in Harrington and ordered drinks, and Weiser, who was tending bar, took the bottle of champagne cider from the icebox and placed it on the bar. Just as he was about to serve the drinks, the complaint recites, the bottle exploded, breaking into countless pieces, which flew all over the saloon, some of the glass striking Weiser in the face and right eye. As a result, he claims, his face was greatly disfigured and his right eye permanently destroyed, causing great pain and suffering.

All this is said to have been caused by the wilful negligence of Holzman & Co. in not properly bottling the cider. Weiser claims he is 23 years of age, and was capable of earning from $3 to $5 per day, but that he is permanently disabled, and damaged to the extent of $10,000.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.

Friday and Saturday, March 21 and 22. Saturday Matinee 2:30.

KING DODO

A feast of new music. A notable ensemble of singers and comedians, a complete chorus of trained voices, five straight months in Chicago. Special orchestra carried by the company.

Prices: Night—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

HAVE BEEN REVISED

Plans For Patrick Building Changed---Will Be Figured Again.

Handsome Stable to Be Erected at an East End Home.

Other Building That Will Soon Be Ready For Figures.

There is a little more activity around the architects' offices this week. The plans for the wholesale dry goods building for F. A. Patrick & Co. have been revised by Palmer, Hall & Hunt, and will probably be figured on in a few days.

The same firm is preparing plans for a handsome stable and carriage house for George C. Stone to be built on his residence property at Twenty-third avenue east and Superior street. The design, which is an ornate one, is made with the idea of not interfering at all with the view from the house. The building will be in the form of an L, 56 feet one way by 59 the other. A circular tower will rise in the center. The barn will be built of rough native stone up to the gable division, and the gables of open timber work and plaster. A carriage house 28 by 32 will be provided, opening off which will be a wash room 12 by 24. There will be four box stalls and two singles. On the second floor will be a suit of four rooms for the coachman and barn men, and above that a loft.

Palmer, Hall & Hunt have submitted to contractors plans for an addition to C. H. Lutes' laundry on Second street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues east. The addition will be of brick, two stories high on the alley and running back 50 feet to the alley.

J. J. Wangenstein is preparing plans for a three-story brick building to be built by McGregor & Oreckovsky on Superior street between Sixth and Seventh avenues west. This will be erected on the site leased by E. P. Alexander, Jr., for New York parties. The building will be 50 by 115 feet on the ground, three stories high on Michigan and two stories on Superior street. The Michigan street floor will be designed for a large store room. The Superior street level will be divided up into three store rooms and the upper floor will be designed for hotel purposes. Plans will be ready for contractors in a few days.

Mr. Wangenstein will call for bids the middle of next week for the erection of the building to be built by Samuel Loeb on the old Bunnell block property on West Michigan street, abutting on the Lake avenue viaduct. It will have four stories and basement, and will have ground dimensions of 85 by 100 feet. The Michigan street floor will be designed for a wholesale or commission house. The Lake avenue floor will be divided up into five stores, fronting on the viaduct. The upper two stories will be cut up into a European hotel. Eighty good sleeping rooms will be provided.

RETURNED.

Proprietor of Barber Shop Refunds Money Taken From Woodsmen.

It cost two woodsmen $9.50 for barbering in a Duluth shop this morning.

The proprietor of the shop, however, says that he will make the matter right with the woodsmen and that the transaction took place during his absence.

The woodsmen were Edward Shepherd and Lafayette Williams. One of them had $10 and the other was broke. The woodsman with money was to pay the expense of a shave and hair cut for his companion.

Before they got out of the chairs they were shaved, singed, massaged, given a hair cut and hair tonic and sold a bottle of tonic on the side.

According to the regulation charges the bill of each should have been $2.50, but the barbers took the $10 and only gave back 50 cents change.

The woodsmen went to police headquarters with their complaint, and while every person, from the mayor and chief of police down to prisoners in the jail room, told them it was an outrage, they were advised to bring civil action to recover the money rather than criminal prosecution.

City Attorney Holmes, however, became interested in the case and saw the proprietor of the shop. He said that the deal must have been perpetrated during his absence, and that he would certainly make the claim of the woodsmen good and thus save his shop and himself undesirable publicity.

WILL BE READY.

Lock at Sault Will Soon Be Repaired.

Capt. Joseph Kidd arrived home this morning from a trip that included a visit to Sault Ste. Marie, where he has had charge of the repairs to the damaged gate in the American lock. The captain says he believes the repairs to the gate will be fully completed within ten days. The ice in the river and in Mud lake, he believes, would not afford much obstacle to any good powerful steamer that cared to poke her nose through up to Lake Superior. Consequently, as far as the Soo is concerned, Capt. Kidd believes that navigation might open easily by April 1. But it seems to be his belief that nobody will care to have it open as early as that. He says he has not learned of any vessel owner that figures on getting his craft into commission until April 10 or 15.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

E. W. Grove

How About Your Blood?

MOST OF THE THINGS PEOPLE SUFFER FROM ARE DUE TO IMPURE OR THIN BLOOD,

And Smith's Green Mountain Renovator is the one sure cure.

When the human system isn't working properly impurities get into the blood and the blood carries them into every nook and corner of the body, scattering the seeds of disease and death instead of the essence of life and strength.

When that happens you have dyspepsia, rheumatism, malaria, constipation, liver and kidney troubles, and all sorts of difficulties. Then—unless you are different from most people—you dose yourself with all sorts of queer "cures" instead of going right to the seat of the difficulty and getting your blood cleaned up.

We urge you to take Smith's Green Mountain Renovator. This medicine is new in this section, but up in Old Vermont it has been in constant use for generations, curing where all other medicines fail—the standard, all-the-year-'round medicine of the healthiest people in America. Capitalists, noting its wonderful history, have now secured it and placed it on the market, and we have secured the sole agency here.

If you are sick or run down and generally "played out," this medicine is what you need. Just give it a trial and see whether it is good or not.

If you can say that it hasn't helped you, we will refund all the money you have paid us for the medicine.

S. F. BOYCE
SOLE AGENT.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Another laughing week.

The German post camp-fire last night was attended by an appreciative audience. The speakers were: S. F. White, Professor Rudolph, Asa Daily, C. T. Clement, W. S. McCormick, and T. S. Wilkinson. Miss Robinson played a piano solo and Miss Stone sang "The Volunteer," responding to an encore with "Annie Laurie."

The city of Ely has begun condemnation proceedings in district court to get some land in the se¼ of the ne¼ of section 32, 62, 14, to be used for the extension of the waterworks system. Notice has been given that the city will apply April 25 to the appointment of commissioners to condemn the property. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Abram Kouma, who renounces allegiance to the czar of Russia, and to Peter Vibanich, who throws off fealty to the emperor of Austria.

Aaron J. Wilson has asked the district court for a divorce from Emma S. Wilson on the ground of adultery. He is 27 and she is 24 years of age, according to the complaint, and they were married in Superior by a justice of the peace in May, 1894. It is alleged by Wilson that his wife has committed adultery with unknown people in a resort in the tenderloin district, where she was an inmate, according to his story. N. H. Wilson is his attorney.

Art needlework. Mrs. Smeallie, 23 West Superior street.

Mrs. J. N. Richey, of 115 East Fifth street, who suffered a severe fall fracturing her skull while leaving the A. M. E. church last Thursday, is in a dangerous condition and her children, Mrs. A. P. Perry and Miss Minnie Richey have been summoned from Evanston, Ill.

Tomorrow evening the Women's Foreign Missionary society of Grace M. E. church will hold its self-denial meeting in the church parlors. There will be an interesting address by the pastor.

Hugo & Tims will resume work on the aerial bridge foundation at the canal this afternoon. The work was interrupted by the storm and cold weather of last week. The contractors are now laying the oak timbers which will form the foundation for the big concrete blocks, and the job is not a warm one when the air is frigid.

Fred Fosberg, a Bowery rounder, who has been under suspicion recently for robbing woodsmen, was arrested today and sentenced to the county jail for thirty days hard labor. He was charged with vagrancy.

C. Volland, ...e practical hatter, 14 First avenue east, has received his 1902 spring style blocks and shapes.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

Weather Forecaster Richardson says that the cold weather is not yet over, and that the indications are threatening for tonight and tomorrow. Rain or snow is predicted. The storm is expected with a northeaster.

A number of the city hall offices are being improved with hardwood floors. For several years past the floors have been covered with linoleum that has been badly frayed about the edges and worn out completely in the center.

John McCarthy this morning paid $1500 for a membership in the Duluth board of trade, this is the high mark up to the present time, but the price is expected to go to $2000 in a short time.

IS NOT DERELICT.

State Dairy Inspector Says He Works Hard.

Otto Gifvert, state dairy inspector, says that the intimation that he has been derelict in his duty because the health department found a dozen dairies that were in bad shape is not just to him. He claims that he visits the dairies as often as possible and they never know when to expect him. He asserts that the state commissioner was up here not very long ago and made the rounds with him, and said that the Duluth dairies were kept in better condition, taken as a whole, than any others in the state.

Mr. Gifvert claims that his territory is so large that he is kept constantly busy in getting around as much as he does.

Denies the Report.

Maj. H. V. Eva returned today from St. Paul, where he has been on an inspection trip of the Minnesota National Guards. Maj. Eva says that the report sent out by the Associated Press yesterday afternoon to the effect that he was in St. Paul to consult Adjt. Gen. Libby and Col. Van Duzee with regard to the selection of a new company, to take the place of Company I, of Morris, Minn., is incorrect, that he did not go down for that purpose, and nothing was said of the matter while he was away. Maj. Eva says that the time is not yet ripe for a new company, but when it is there will be enough time to talk about it.

DROWNING MYSTERY

Alger-Smith Mill Workmen Claim to Have Seen Man Drown.

No One Is Missed and No One Else Saw It.

Ice Shows No Signs But the Men Are Positive.

The police have a puzzling drowning mystery.

About 10 o'clock this morning two workmen in the Alger-Smith mill saw a man struggling in the water on the north side of the Duluth-Superior bridge. He went down a moment after they discovered him.

They gave the alarm and several men ran out on the dangerous ice to the point indicated, but could find no traces of the drowning. Police headquarters was notified and Detective Mork was sent to investigate.

He examined every foot of ice around the bridge from shore to shore, but could not find a hole in the ice, although the ice in places was very dangerous.

The workmen that saw the man struggling are John Dufree and Orelius Shomstrom. They say that from the lath mill at the end of Rice's Point they could see all the ice on the northeast side of the bridge across to Connor's Point.

The man seemed to be in the water about midway between the north pier of the bridge and the St. Paul and Western coal dock on the West Superior side of the water.

The sawmill men say that the struggle was over almost the moment they saw it, and before any assistance could be rendered.

The watchman on the Duluth-Superior bridge says that he saw two men crossing the ice in the vicinity of the supposed accident, but they got over without a mishap and he did not hear or see anything unusual.

Men working on the coal dock say that they did not hear any calls for help and did not see any person on the ice all day.

BELIEVE IT.

Vesselmen Think Capt. Wolvin Has Chartered Tonnage.

Vesselmen here believe that Capt. Wolvin, of the Pittsburg Steamship company, has picked up a lot of small blocks of tonnage to make up the 1,200,000 tons of carrying capacity which it is wired from Cleveland he has chartered at 75 cents. It is thought that the large independent owners of vessels would hold firm until the last. They are said to have realized that they had everything to gain and nothing to lose by holding out for the 5 cent advance to 80 cents, because there is little question but that there will be a demand for all available tonnage at whatever the going rate is established at or better.

The effect of the contracts made by Mr. Wolvin will, it is believed, be to break up the efforts of J. C. Gilchrist and other large owners to keep their vessels in ordinary until May 1.

READY BY APRIL 1.

Steel Fleet On Lake Michigan Getting In Shape.

Capt. B. B. Inman, who has been spending the winter in Milwaukee, in charge of the fleet of the Pittsburg Steamship company vessels that are wintering there and at Chicago, is in the city for a few days. Capt. Inman says he will have the fifteen vessels in winter quarters at Milwaukee and five that lie in the Calumet at Chicago fully ready for navigation by the first of next month. Capt. Gilchrist, he says, has also fifteen vessels in winter quarters at Milwaukee. Capt. Gilchrist is the vessel owner that wishes to keep independent tonnage from going into commission until May 1.

Mrs. Inman, who spent most of the winter with the captain in Milwaukee, has gone East for a short visit.

COMMISSION

For St. Louis Exposition Exhibits Will Soon Be Named.

St. Paul, March 19.—Within a few days Governor Van Sant will name the commission to take charge of Minnesota's exhibit at the St. Louis exposition next year. There will be three commissioners who will select their own secretary and superintendent, as well as other employes and fix their compensation within the $10,000 limit fixed by the law to cover all salaries and wages of employes. The commissioners will draw no salary, but will be allowed $1000 expense money. The appropriation for the exhibit is $50,000. The most desirable position will be that of superintendent. H. P. Hall, of St. Paul, who was a member of the Pan-American commission, and James McMullen, of Minneapolis, superintendent of the Minnesota exhibit at Buffalo, are candidates for the superintendency at St. Louis.

Governor Van Sant today appointed John Wooley, of Buffalo, county attorney of Wright county, to succeed the late William Cochrane, who died recently.

Governor Van Sant today appointed a commission to take testimony in the investigation of C. L. Pratt, county attorney of Itasca county, charged by the Itasca county board of commissioners with malfeasance in office. George H. Spear and H. E. Graffan, of Grand Rapids, constitute the commission.

ADDY BOUND OVER.

St. Paul, March 19.—A Litchfield, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Frank Addy accused of murder in first degree was bound over to the grand jury by the court today. Many of the statements made by Addy at the time of the fire he has since contradicted in many respects. Everything goes to show that there were others implicated in the matter and arrests are being looked for.

Pianos..

Steinway,
Knabe,
Kranich & Bach,
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CHOICE Instruments

Every one. Some particular one may be your favorite.

If so, we will be happy to show it to you and your friends. If without especial preference, may we not acquaint you with the excellencies of the entire list?

Catalogue mailed upon application. Low prices and easy terms.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.

Open Saturday Evenings.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Stillman H. Bingham left this afternoon to visit relatives in Ashland.

J. C. Hunter and Thomas Gibson reached this city yesterday afternoon after being snowed in at Winnipeg for three days during the recent storm in that section of the country. Mr. Hunter says the reports published of the storm at Winnipeg were not exaggerated.

F. H. White left yesterday afternoon for Chicago.

C. L. Rust, treasurer of the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, has returned from a trip to Brainerd, to look after the business of the branch house the company has there.

M. H. Schussler, an extensive tie dealer at Floodwood, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Menuehnal have returned from a trip South and East.

R. B. Thayer left last night via the Northern Pacific for a trip to Fargo.

J. H. Jeffrey, of Soudan, and Henry Chinn, of Ely, chief clerks of the mining companies there, are in the city. They are stopping at the St. Louis.

C. W. Hershey left yesterday over the Omaha for Wyoming, where he intends to locate. He has been engaged in mining on the Mesaba range for a number of years.

Will S. Taylor, of Appleton, is at the Spalding. C. S. Pollock returned on the same train. The significance may be inferred.

Miss Thompson will leave over the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central this afternoon for Chicago.

Mrs. A. Thomas Kenny left today over the Northern Pacific for Olympia, Wash.

H. B. Hungerford, of Walkerville, Ont., is a guest at the St. Louis. He represents "Walker Scotch" in this country, but incidentally is quite a dog fancier, and runs to collies. He and Clerk Michaud are fraternizing during his stay here.

Earl Fleming left last night for Fargo. He had been advised that his father, who is one of the best known members of the Masonic order in the Northwest, is very ill.

John G. Standley, of Sault Ste. Marie, is a guest at the Spalding.

Mrs. Thompson, who has been visiting Mrs. G. A. Eaton, left over the Eastern tails afternoon on her return to Minneapolis.

D. M. Agnew and F. J. Godfrey came down from Hibbing this morning. They are at the Spalding.

Mrs. C. D. Thompson left this afternoon for a visit at St. Paul.

Alex Erickson, of Sandstone, is stopping at the St. Louis.

Fred Boyer will leave on the fast mail this afternoon for Chicago.

D. J. Ihrig and George A. McDonald, of Ishpeming, J. C. W. Chapman, of Negaunee, and L. P. Stevens, of Ironwood, are upper peninsula men who arrived at the Spalding this morning.

J. D. Zein will go to Milwaukee this afternoon on the twilight limited.

DEATH LIST.

Faribault, Minn., March 19.—Alex Dacis, of Spokane, Wash., a member of the senior class of Shattock school, died suddenly of meningitis. He was 19 years old. The boy's father was on his way to the school to visit him, but his train was blockaded in North Dakota in Sunday's blizzard and he has not reached here yet. The remains will be taken home when the father arrives.

Bellow Falls, Vt., March 19.—Edward Green, husband of Hetty Green, known as the richest woman in America, died at his home here today. He has been ill for a long time of a complication of diseases.

Milwaukee, March 19.—Daniel Wells, Jr., the pioneer lumberman of Wisconsin, died last night of old age, aged 94 years. Daniel Wells, Jr., was known as the richest man in Wisconsin, and the oldest resident of Milwaukee. He still held, up to the time of his death, active interests in several of the biggest lumbering companies of the Northwest. Probably the last most important act of his life was the construction of a sky-scraper covering half a block in the down-town district of this city, the building being the biggest white terra cotta structure ever erected. Congressman Sam Stephenson, of Michigan, and Isaac Stephenson, of Wisconsin, formerly his employes, were his partners up to the time of his death.

PROPERTY IDENTIFIED.

St. Paul, March 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—S. W. Merrill, of Brooklyn township, near Minneapolis, today identified one of the horses seized in the Minneapolis & St. Louis yards yesterday by city detectives as stolen from his barn March 12. Mr. Merrill found a set of harness and a buggy that belonged to him. The horse was valued at $200.

PATRICK DEFENSE CLOSED.

New York, March 19.—The defense in the Patrick trial closed its case this afternoon.

A Large Selection of Gold and Silver

WATCHES

M. N. BERG,
2003 West Superior St.

SPOONER'S ARGUMENT

In Favor of Bill For Protection of President.

Duty of Congress to Protect Him From Assassination.

Rivers and Harbors Bill Discussed In the House.

Washington, March 19.—Soon after the senate convened today a house bill for relief of F. E. Coyne, postmaster of Chicago, was favorably reported by Mr. Mason, chairman of the committee on postoffices and post roads, passed. The purpose of the measure is to relieve Postmaster Coyne from the loss of $74,610 the value of stamps stolen by burglars on Oct. 19, 1901.

Other bills were passed as follows: To provide for holding terms of court in the district of Utah; to ratify an agreement with the Indians of the Devils Lake reservation in North Dakota.

The senate then resumed consideration of the bill for the protection of the president. Mr. Spooner (Wis.) addressed the senate in support of the measure, dealing especially with the legal and constitutional questions involved.

Replying to the argument of Mr. Bacon, Mr. Spooner said it did not follow because under the act of Edward III, assassination of the king of England or attempted assassination of the king was treason. An assault upon the president was a crime against the government and he did not thing the government was disabled by the constitution from punishing it as a crime. By its very nature it was an insidious assault upon the sovereignty of the United States whatever might be its motive.

He declared that if Mr. Bacon's argument was crystallized into law "this would be an impotent government, unlingh fiffffm phdari mfwy vbgkq xzfff crimes endangering our institutions and obstructing the operations of the government." A legitimate conclusion from the senator's argument, he said, would be that "this is the weakest government under the sky. It is not." It was an evident right of the government of the United States to protect its own officials from assault or assassination while engaged in the discharge of their governmental duties. "If the function is a federal one," he declared, "it involves the safety of the sovereignty of the government, there are no state lines." He asserted that there was no time when the president of the United States was not engaged in the performance of his official duties. He could perform his duties and exercise his powers anywhere, day or night. An assault upon him, therefore was an assault upon the government.

Mr. Spooner said he would never believe in any doctrine that was a denial of the right of congress to define as a crime the assassination or attempted assassination of the president or vice president or a conspiracy to take the life of either. He said that if President Mckinley had been permitted to live, although he might have lingered, wounded and incapacitated for years, his assailant would have been punished by ten years' imprisonment.

"Regardless of the laws of the states, I believe that such a crime ought to be punishable by death," said he.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 19.—At the opening of the session of the house today, Mr. Mann (Ill.), of the committee on elections No. 1, gave notice that after the disposal of the river and harbor bill, he would call up the contested election cases of Spear vs. Broussard and Moss vs. Rhea.

The general debate on the river and harbor bill then was resumed and Mr. Ransdell (La.) defended the appropriations for the lower Mississippi.

Several members took advantage of the latitude allowed in general debate to discuss other topics.

Mr. Snook (O.) spoke in opposition to ship subsidies and Mr. Lewis (Ga.) favored tariff revision and Mr. Powers (Mass.) advocated irrigation in the West.

Mr. Small (N. C.) protested against the failure of the committee to provide properly for improvements in his state and Mr. Gaines (Tenn.) explained the scheme for the improvement of the Cumberland river.

Mr. Burgess (Tex.) declared that the people of the country received more real substantial benefit from the money appropriated in the river and harbor bill than from any other bill in congress. Finally Burton, in charge of the bill, in closing the debate answered the criticisms advanced against it.

ACTRESS

While In Trance Saw Her Manager Die In Hospital.

Brooklyn, March 19.—All students of phychic phenomena are deeply interested in the most strange and weird experience of Miss Ethel Fuller, the leading lady of the Gotham theater. Miss Fuller saw Mr. Greenwood die in St. Mary's hospital, Brooklyn, while she played "Camille" on the Gotham stage. Miss Fuller is an emotional actress, and in "Camille" has always manifested particular sensibility at all times. This Saturday night in question, the tears rolled down her cheeks and when she finally threw herself into Armand's arms and died, the situation was so realistic that it elicited two curtain calls, an unusual thing at the end of any play. The audience noted that Miss Fuller lay in the glare of the lime light when she had fallen; her face was ghastly pale and her eyes glared fearfully into vacancy. She was carried to her dressing room, where she was attended by her maid.

"Mr. Greenwood is dead," were the first words she uttered when restored to consciousness. Mr. Greenwood had been taken ill on the Friday previous and removed to St. Mary's hospital at noon on Saturday, having no relatives in Brooklyn, his wife and three children living in Toronto, Canada. It was not thought that he was seriously ill at the time; in fact, his speedy recovery was looked for and repeated messages over the telephone during the evening reorted that he was "doing nicely." When the business manager, E. M. Gotthold, was told that his assistant was dead, he himself went to the telephone to assure himself of the truth of the report, and was informed by the hospital people that W. G. Greenwood died one minute after 11 o'clock, the exact moment at which Miss Fuller had died in the role of Camille.

Miss Fuller's own version is as follows: "Mr. rGeenwood and I were very dear friends, and his favorite seat when witnessing the performance was in the right hand box. In the early part of the last act I saw Mr. rGeenwood as plainly as I ever saw him, sitting in his favorite seat in the box, and from that moment I became hysterical. When I spoke the line: 'What is death to such a life as this?' It seemed that Mr. Greenwood faded away from the box, and almost immediately I seemed to see him on his cot in the agonies of death. At that moment I became unconscious and sank to the floor. I shall never forget the scene, so vividly was it impressed upon my mind, and I can only realize it to be a vision of the soul of Mr. Greenwood passing to the great beyond."

Twice in her life Miss Fuller has had similar experiences. On one occasion her baby died while she was playing the part of Madame Vine in "East Lynne." In the scene where, as Madame Vine, she was watching her boy Willie die, kneeling beside the death bed, she saw her own child in the place of Willie, and when she came off the stage a telegram was handed her announcing the death of her own child. On another occasion she was awakened from her sleep in her hotel by the sensation that some one was calling her. Looking out of the window she saw a gentleman of whom she thought much about entering his section of the hotel. The next day she learned that he had not called to her, but in rising her window had stopepd to look up. Later this same gentleman was falsely accused of something, and was able to prove an alibi from the fact that Miss Fuller had seen him entering the hotel on this same night when he was charged with being some miles away.

NOMINATION REFUSED.

Prohibitionists Come In Contact With Primary Law.

St. Paul, March 19.—(Special to The Herald.)—D. W. Doty made an attempt to file the nomination of John H. Fitz for mayor, as the nominee of the late Prohibition city convention. City Clerk Johnson refused to receive the nomination on the ground that the new primary law provides that parties polling less than 10 per cent of the vote must put their candidates on the ballot by petitions, signed by 500 voters. Attorney Doty said that he would take the case into court and test that section of the law that takes away he former privileges of the Prohibitionists.

BOBRIKOFF

Was Well on Day of Alleged Assassination.

St. Petersburg, March 19.—An investigation of the report published by the Paivatchti, a Finnish daily newspaper of Calumet, Mich., of the assassination of Bobrikoff, the Russian governor general of Finland, who was said to have been shot three times by a soldier while alighting from a train here, and who is alleged to have died from his wounds Feb. 14, shows that Governor General Bobrikoff was transacting business at Helsingfors, the capital of Finland, March 13.

DEFENSE RESTS.

Savannah, Mo., March 19.—The defense in the case of Stewart Fife, on trial for the murder of Frank W. Richardson, rested today and the state began the introduction of rebuttal testimony.

NEGRO LYNCHED.

Natchez, Miss., March 19.—John Woodward, the negro murderer of Leonard Calvitt, a white planter at Union Point, Concordia parish, Louisiana, was lynched this morning at 2 o'clock, within Concordia parish prison.

CONSPIRATORS ARRESTED.

Port au Prince, Hayti, March 19.—Many citizens charged with conspiring against the government were arrested and imprisoned today and a number of others sought refuge in the various consulates. The agitation is spreading in the republic.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, March 19.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Postmasters—Iowa, Christian H. Wegersley, Malta. Michigan, Charles B. Messenger, Manistique. William Linton, Saginaw. Minnesota, Eva Dengen, Virginia. Montana, Lewis F. Babcock, Billings.

TURKEY REFUSES.

London, March 19.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Constantinople, says: "The Turkish government has flatly refused the demand of the United States for the repayment of the sum of money, $27,500, paid as a ransom for Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka."

SLEW HIS BROTHER

And Claimed Reward Offered By the State.

A brother commissioned to kill brother; justice in the hands of one meted out to the other by an order that must be obeyed; man against man, yet in the veins of each, the same blood, in the infancy of each the same father and mother.

Such is the peculiar circumstance that marks the closing of an Indian's career in Nevada. A fugitive from the law, with a price of $2000 upon his head, Joe Pete, slayer of white men and red men, eluding vengeance for the last time, has fallen, shot to death, a victim of the unerring aim of his brother, says the San Francisco Examiner.

The deed was done by command of the Washoe tribe.

No incident in modern history so clearly illustrates the strange stoicism of the Indian race as this. Among no other people could so unnatural and shuddersome a tragedy have its counterpart, for, while men of kin have too often slain one another, it is, happily, yet to be recorded that a white man has deliberately hunted to the death a brother, and coldly, and without a trace of human emotion, taken it for pay. It is life—furthermore, taken it for pay. It seems, indeed, incomprehensible, but it is nevertheless the case, that the brother of Joe Pete was not only willing, but eager to send his soul into eternity, hence his prompt acquiescence when the members of his tribe appointed him to carry out their wishes.

He has lost no time in putting in a claim for the rewards most of which specified that the sums would be paid for the apprehension of the criminal, dead or alive. Cunidity, rather than revenge, seems to have been the impulse that urged the Indian fratricide to his task, and underlying the real motive lay the treachery that ever lurks in the Indian nature.

Nearly every town in the state of Nevada has its little squalid band of Indian camps. Gardnersville, in Douglas county, is one of these. The most prosperous farmer and stock raiser in that locality is Chris Dansberg, an old German with a large family and many acres of valuable lands, whose holdings are rated near the million mark. He has several sons. One of these was named Will.

The ranch afforded a home for several Indians, who occasionally worked a little there, but the Indian is so well treated in Nevada that he contrives to get along quite comfortably without much labor. Among the Indians frequenting the place was Joe Pete, a strapping young buck of 20. Will Dansberg's age; a typical Washoe full-blood, tall, well proportioned and pleasing, young Dansberg took a liking to him, loaning him his gun, ammunition and sometimes money, as well as other articles coveted by all Indians in every tribe. For these kindly favors Joe Pete professed a great deal of gratitude, but that the gratitude was merely assumed to secure further kindness, and that he was in reality as treacherous as any of his race, was later proved.

One day during the fall of 1899 Will Dangberg, Joe Pete and another Indian were together in the kitchen of the Dangberg home. No one else was present, and the truth of what happened there will never be known. A shot was heard, and Joe Pete rushed out of the house and to the stables.

In the house young Dangberg lay, dying past all human aid, murdered by the red man whom he had generously befriended. The other Indian could give no intelligence or reliable information of the affair.

The perpetrator of the affair mounted the first horse he found in the stables. Fortunately for him it was one of the fleetest in all that country of fleet horses. He fled to the mountains. Posses were swiftly organized and the dust raised by the hoofs of Pete's horse was yet discernable at the edge of the valley leading to the mountain trails when the start after him was made. Word of the killing was quickly spread and a dozen parties of determined men took the trail.

But even the most determined among them did not overtake the Indian. They followed him for days through the mountains into Alpine county, California, sometimes doubling on the trail, again losing it for hours, only to persist until they had regained it. After a while they found the horse where the creature had fallen from exhaustion.

One by one the men dropped out of the chase and returned to their homes, until finally the hunt was maintained by individuals. Several of these came upon Pete in the mountains, but the first knowledge they had of his presence they were looking into the muzzle of his rifle at very close range and were compelled to save their lives by getting out of the vicinity.

The state of Nevada offered the usual reward for the apprehension of the outlaw, Douglas county added to it and the relations of the murdered boy swelled the amount until it reached the total of $2000. Then the pursuit was taken up again with renewed vigor. It lasted for months and was a failure. Prospectors and lone herders now and then saw Pete. Sometimes they felt a bullet from his rifle cutting the air close to their heads, but they did not succeed in returning the compliment. How Pete managed to secure ammunition was his own secret.

The white people then decided that their only hope was to use Indian trailers, which they did.

If it takes a thief to catch a thief, it certainly takes an Indian to catch an Indian. The trailers were so keen upon the scent that they were never more than a few hours behind their man. They kept him moving from one point to another until, without rest or food, he could not hold out much longer.

Then three of the Indians came to Carson City and suggested a plan to an attorney. He was to arrange with a friendly officer of Douglas county to arrest Pete, who would be at a certain point at a specified time, the officer to claim the reward, dividing it with an attorney for defending Pete at his trial. A lawyer was found who would lend himself to the scheme.

At midnight a deputy sheriff drove to a desolate canyon outside of Carson, alone and unarmed, as agreed upon. A signal was given and from the darkness sprang the forms of Indians, who inspected his outfit, then produced the prisoner, tattered and gaunt. He was put into a cart and taken to the city prison. By giving himself up in Ormsby county he was not forced to await the time of his trial in the jail of the county where the crime was committed, and evaded the risk of lynching. The transfer was later made secretly, in the night under a strong guard.

Pete was convicted of murder in the first degree and the reward was paid.

He was locked in a strong cell. It happened that this cell had a stone floor. One morning when the trusty entered he found no prisoner. A hole in the floor and an underground tunnel told the story.

Again Pete was a fugitive. Again big rewards were offered. Months went by. Then began a series of depredations that were the terror of all the women and children in Alpine and Douglas counties. Mysterious shots were fired from unseen sources, horses were stolen, homes were burned to the ground.

At a lonely spot on Carson river lived an old hermit. One day a party of duck hunters found bones and ashes where his cabin had been. A few weeks after Indians rushed into Markleeville, California, with the news that Pete had visited their camp the night before, shot his father-in-law and beaten his old mother to death with a stone.

The situation was now so serious that the white people called the leaders of the Indians together, told them that the rewards and said that they must deliver Joe Pete, dead or alive. The red men grunted and went into powwow for two days. Joe Pete's own brother, John, was the orator of the occasion and swept away the reluctance of the older Indians to give up one of their number. He was then commanded to kill his brother.

When the result of the council was given out—that a decoy would be sent out to bring the murderer into camp, the whites asked Governor Sadler, of Nevada, to prepare requisition papers to bring him into Nevada jurisdiction, as the capture was to take place across the California line.

Joe Pete's brother started on the trail. One morning, just as the light of a new day was piercing the thick growth of trees and bushes, he saw the familiar figure of his brother in the path. He was apparently well fed and certainly well clothed, and carried two rifles and cartridge belts.

From a tree two thin puffs of rifle smoke rose in the air. The stillness, sharply broken, was followed by the sound of feet quickly crashing their way to the dead man's side. To make doubly certain his deed, the living Indian stooped over the prostrate form of the fallen one and sent a dagger into his heart.

The reward will be paid.

And so it has been proved by the records of Nevada that for money a Washoe Indian may violate all of humanity's instincts.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is obvious.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space.

Help Nature.

What people with stomach trouble need is not so much soda, pepsin and dyspepsia tablets, but something that will remove the cause of the trouble and help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

This is exactly what Herba Cura does. It gets at the root of the trouble and cures the cause.

We guarantee Herba Cura to be free from all injurious drugs or chemicals.

One dollar at druggists.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Palmquist and Annie McMullen.
N. J. Widen and Mathilda Nelson.

DEATHS.

BARTHOLDI—Anna Bartholdi, wife of August Bartholdi, died last night at her home, 432 Seventh avenue east. She was 42 years of age. Notice of funeral later.

CARD OF THANKS.

I wish to express my satisfaction to the A. O. U. W. for the promptness in which the death claim of my late husband of $2000 has been paid.

May God bless the noble order is the prayer of a widow and three fatherless children.

MRS. DINA LARSEN AND FAMILY.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1288.

FLOOD & HORGAN,

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720 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largest ever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant.

EISCHEN BROS.,

179 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FASCINATING COMPLEXION OF A healthy face comes from using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, inazlea beautifiers. 25c.

The New HATS



If you are interested in Men's Hats, particularly the New Spring Blocks, 'twouldn't be a bad scheme to take a look at the bunch of noble-looking specimens we have just opened. Noble is the only fit word to use when speaking of those new high crown high roll "bonnets" of ours. That's a fact.

The John B. Stetson Hats.....$3.50
The Gordon Hats.....$3.00
Others at.....$1.50, $2.00, and $2.50

Floan, Leverow & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

THE DAKOTAS

Mitchell Man Who Left Home Suddenly Is Heard From.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Mitchell—About three weeks ago J. L. Wingfield, who was at the head of Brown's Business college in this city, disappeared without leaving any word for his peculiar action. His wife was unable to assign any cause, and asserted that the family relations were pleasant. Mrs. Wingfield endeavored to find some trace of her husband but heard nothing until Saturday, when she got word indirectly from him. He had written his mother at Sioux City that he is alive and well and that family troubles caused him to leave so suddenly. The college work, he said, had not been satisfactory, and it worried him to such an extent that, without taking into consideration the consequences of his act, he left the school without giving warning. His accounts with the school were in perfect shape and he, in fact, had money coming to him when he left.

Elk Point—It was learned yesterday that Father B. J. eKlly, the Catholic pastor here, connected in the scandal with Miss Josephine Smythe, and who failed to show up at his charge last Sunday is at Garrytown, Clay county, S. D. There is a large Catholic settlement at that point. It is not known whether Father Kelly's stay there is temporary or permanent.

Deadwood—Ill health has compelled Judge Frank J. Washabaugh to adjourn court in the Eighth judicial circuit and start for California in the hope of experiencing an improvement. The judge has not known robust health for several years. So serious has been his condition that his doctor advised against his holding court; but the judge remained at work until it actually distressed him to get down to the court house and back to his residence. Court has been adjourned for thirty days, and the judge will spend that time in California. All the cases in court have been disposed of up to date—a condition that has not been known in this circuit for years.

Sturgis—Fifteen thousand five hundred and sixty acres of school lands were leased, most of which brought good prices.

Whitewood—Experiments have been made with sugar beets in the valleys and uplands adjacent to the Black Hills, under the direction of the state agricultural college, and it is proposed to continue the experiments in this direction.

Sioux Falls—Among the prisoners who have just been lodged in the Sioux Falls penitentiary is O. E. Anderson, ex-county auditor of Hamlin county, who pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzlement, receiving a sentence of two years and six months.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Williston—Ranchmen and farmers are greatly alarmed over the unusual number of wolves on the ranges. The coolies and hillsides serve as hiding places in daytime, while at night large packs are seen roving over the prairie and slinking in the neighborhood of corrals. The settlers are at a loss to explain the condition and assert that the breed was never so thick before. Many losses are reported from the ranches, and in many instances it is dangerous to venture out at night. The lashes along the Missouri river are lined with large packs, and the night is one continual howl. Farmers are in the habit of building large fires in order to keep the marauders from their homes. Large hunting parties have been organized and many of the tribe slaughtered. It is feared that should the winter continue much longer, a serious condition will threaten the cattlemen in the sparsely settled counties of the West.

Hankison—Two small fires, which might have proved a serious conflagration, were discovered Monday. Had they gained any headway in the blizzard raging yesterday the business portion of the town would have been destroyed. The first was discovered in the butcher shop of F. A. Russell, where fire had fallen from a stove. The other in J. R. Jones' office, where the covering of one of the pipes in the basement burned, setting fire to the floor.

Fargo—Efforts will be made to erect an armory at Hillsboro this summer for Company L. The organization did not get to go to the Philippines, as only two battalions were sent from this state and it was one of the last to be organized. The members are very enthusiastic, however, and want one of the best armories in the state. A site consisting of six lots has been purchased and a company incorporated to raise the necessary funds for the building.

BOUND OVER.

Landsberger Charged With Perjury In Getting License.

Hastings, Minn., March 19.—W. S. Landsberger, of Kranzburg, S. D., charged with perjury in procuring a marriage license on the 9th inst. was bound over by Justice Stephen Howell to the next term of the district court, in the sum of $300, which he furnished. The complainnant was George Schaeffer of Douglas, father of the bride, who was Miss Eva Schaeffer.

DEGREES

Conferred on Ninety-Two By University of Chicago.

Chicago, March 19.—Ninety-two degrees and titles have just been conferred by the university of Chicago. These were divided as follows:

Doctors of philosophy, 2; masters of arts, philosophy or science, 6; bachelors of divinity, 6; bachelors of arts, 9; bachelors o fphilosophy, 25; bachelors of science, 5; associates title, 39.

In the conferring of degrees President Harper presented a diploma to his own son, Samuel N. Harper, who took the degree of bachelos of arts.

Advocates of athletics in colleges believe their cause has received strong support in the list of those receiving degrees.

William E. De Sombre, the captain of the university cadet company, who has been appointed as a lieutenant in the United States army, received the degree of bachelor of philosophy. Robert Llewellyn Henry, Jr., the 2-mile runner, was the youngest man to take a bachelor's degree, being a few months over 19. The MacQuiston brothers, tennis experts, took the Ph.B. degree.

When the doctor's hood was placed over the shoulders of Shinski Hatai, the Japanese student, there was enthusiastic applause.

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale on same first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.

IN MICHIGAN.

Seymour Woman Says She Shot Herself Accidentally.

Menominee—Myron Seymour, who is alleged to have shot his cousin's wife at Stephenson Monday noon, was arrested Monday evening. After the shooting he took a rig and drove to Daggett as fast as possible. He came back and was found sitting on the bed of the wounded woman. The brothers of the woman pounded him and would probably have killed him, but the woman said she did the shooting herself accidentally. Seymour says he went to Daggett to get a doctor and that the woman was fooling with the revolver with which he had just shot a horse. He says she is in love with him and he with her. He was brought to this city last night and placed in jail. The woman will recover.

Sault Ste. Marie—The cold was severe in this part of the Upper Peninsula the first of the week. Just enough snow fell to make hauling possible in the woods and there is a lively stir to get the lumber camps reopened, both here and in Canada. The cold snap will save a large amount of money to lumbermen, though it should last only a few days. Hundreds of men are on their way back to the camps.

The Blue Ribbon hotel, Kellar & Shepard, proprietors, burned Tuesday morning. Kellar's face was badly scorched while he was getting out his trunk. The loss is $4000, partially covered by insurance.

Escanaba—The contract for building the new church for St. Patrick's congregation, at Escanaba, has been awarded to Contractor J. W. Lawson, whose bid was $22,874. This includes the brick and stone work. Three bids were submitted and all were very close, that of John Lindsay being $30,000. Mr. Lawson will start the work as soon as possible and expects to have the building completed by October.

Gladstone—While driving on the bay on the road to Gladstone some days since, J. M. Peterson had the misfortune to lose his horse. When opposite Wells the animal broke through the ice and despite all the efforts of Mr. Peterson and the man who was with him in the cutter, the horse was drowned. The two men had to pull the cutter over the ice to Escanaba.

Iron Mountain—As a result of the early collapse of winter, Andrew Bjorkman, of Iron Mountain is a very heavy loser. He has nearly 1,000,000 feet of logs remaining in the woods and many cords of pulpwood and cedar. Mr. Bjorkman is unable to estimate his losses as yet, but they will aggregate several thousand dollars.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

QUEENS OF FRIVOLITY

The Contest Between Mlle. Otero and Liane de Pougy.

Have Most Beautiful Diamonds Worn By Any Women.

Heroines of Tragic Amours and Occasion of Suicides.

Paris, March 19.—"What is your performance to consist of?" a critic respectfully inquired of Mlle. Carolina Otero, on the occasion of her visit to the United States.

"Wearing gems," it was said, "to the value of $1,000,000."

"I dance and wear diamonds and sing," replied the beautiful dancseuse, ingenuously. The statement would not be as accurate now as it was then. Otero does not dance and sing as much as she did, for it is beginning to bore her. But she wears even more diamonds. And her diamonds are the most beautiful worn by any woman in Europe; that is, with the possible exception of Mlle. Liane de Pougy, her famous and redoubtable rival in this extremely costly and picturesque art of bejewelling herself.

For years the contest has been close between these famous ornaments of the Parisian stage. Both beautiful, both curiously fascinating, each the heroine of tragic amours and the occasion of suicides, each phenomenally endowed with the genius of self-advertisment and each cordially detesting the other, it is small wonder that the curious public has found their eccentricities so absorbing.

Of the two Mlle. de Poughy has enjoyed rather the longer period of conspicuousness. Her beauty and the prominence of the men with whom her name was associated made her notorious even before it occurred to her to display her charms on the stage, where she has been an actress of some little merit.

According to report, the Marquis de MacMahon, cousin of Marshal MacMahon, was the first to succumb to the appealing prettiness and the infantile graces of the now famous Liane. Through the marquis and through a later adorer of hers, Gen. Boulanger, who was even accused of spending public moneys in his zeal to court Liane as expensively as her tastes demanded, the beauty became rather prominently interested in politics, and is said to have taken part in many a political intrigue—even to have spent a term in prison.

Later those notorious spendthrifts, Maxime Call and Max Lebaudy, each spent a fortune upon De Poughy and assisted her greatly in forming her present remarkable collection of jewels. Call, indeed, is said to have paid $150,000 for a necklace which he was obliged to entreat the charming creature to wear. Of late years it is understood that King Leopold of Belgium, who is always industrious and lavish in the pursuit of pleasure, has contributed generously to the same collection and has been diverted from the intentions of Liane only by her more beautiful if less be-diamoned rival, Cleo de Merode.

Recently Liane has interruped the dazzling monotony of her career with various attempts to secure fame of a different order. That is to say, she has written a novel, for which two Parisian men of letters are—perhaps unduly—credited with having supplied the orthography and punctuation. It is called "The Unsetzable," and the author said it represented her detestation of the world full of folly and her reverence for the "grand, heroic and impassioned." Since then, she has written a one-act comedy, a very moral one, the critics say.

Where "la belle Otero" got her diamonds is not authentically known. She herself claims that they were the legacy of a Spanish grandmother. That explanation will do as well as any other. As it already stands her biography affords enough of melodramatic incident. It was only a few years ago that Otero, who managed the Eden Musee in New York, at a salary of $10,000 a year, committed suicide in Paris.

He had followed the Spanish dancer from New York, where he had so deeply involved himself in provkling for her entertainment that it was discovered he had borrowed funds from the Eden Musee to supplement his salary. Once in Paris, the impulsive lady for whom he had sacrificed everything, even to his honesty, tired of Mr. Jurgs. He killed himself and Otero cheerfully brought the news back to America.

The most favorable spot to observe Miles. de Pougy and Otero is neither Paris nor New York, but Monte Carlo, which they regularly frequent. Liane, indeed, has a villa of her own at Monte Carlo, presented to her by a German financier, and on arriving there she is received with all the homage due a princess. She is, of course, the prettier than any princess, being petite, brunette, charmingly languid and decidedly Green in type. Otero is more regal and never misses being brilliantly effective—as her story shows.

Two of three years ago both these muchtalked-of queens of frivolity happened to be at Monte Carlo at the same time and were actively engaged in outshining each other. No sooner would one beauty appear in a dazzling Paris costume than the other would straightway order one of far greater magnificence and take everybody's breath away by appearing in it.

Gradually the rivalry began to assume more and more of a public character, until each move that the fair contestants made in their sartirial duel was watched by hundreds.

One night La Belle Otero chose to appear at the Casina with, it seemed, her entire collection of jewels, blazing upon her very beautiful neck, shoulders and arms. For twenty-four hours she was a sensation. But Liane has a wit of her own at times. And at this crisis she bethought herself of a way of ending the contest and coming out supreme. So she dressed her self in her own richest costume and covered the girl with costly jewels. When the throng had gathered in the Casino—enter the maid, majestic dazzling—and behind her Liane herself in a modest frock and a carefully considered air of mock humility.

The experiment succeeded, and amid the derisive applause that followed it Otero left Monte Carlo.

But the rivalry is still on, and Paris is at present awaiting a fresh development.

CRUSHING

Defeats For Imperial Troops at Hands of the Rebels.

Hong Kong, March 19.—The rebels in the southern provinces continue to crushingly defeat the imperial troops sent to subdue them. Gen. Ma and Marshal Su report that it is impossible to suppress the rebellion with the troops at their disposal, and the viceroy of Canton has requested Yuan Shi Kai, the viceroy of Chi Li, to send reinforcements overland from Chi Li. The imperial troops have been defeated at Sek Shing, in Kwang Tung province and at Popak, in Kwang Si province. In Yun Nan province the rebels hold the town and district of Foo Chuen, twenty miles northwest of the prefectural town of Yun Nan. They have also captured the town of Liu Chou, in Kwang Si province and the town of Young Ning, in Kwei Chou province.

FINANCING

Of Boer War Has Been Bad From the Start.

New York, March 19.—The financial policy of the government escapes observation, while the military administration is being discussed constantly, if ineffectively, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. Experts like Sir Robert Giffen agree that the war has been financed badly from the beginning, and that an opportunity has been wasted for a readjustment of direct and indirect taxation, and for the development of commercial intercourse between the colonies and the mother country on a preferential basis. Experts assume that Sir Michael Hicks-Beach will have to meet a deficit of about £25,000,000 and that he will borrow the bulk and provide for the balance by increased taxation.

He will surprise the experts if he reverts to any fresh source of revenue, or widens the area of indirect taxation.

You Will Be Pleasantly Surprised

When you come to inspect our new spring styles in hats. Latest blocks in derbies at $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SHOT ON SIGHT

Are "Niggers" on the Island of Samar.

Des Moines, Iowa, March 19.—Alden K. Riley, sergeant of Company I, Eleventh United States infantry, has written to his father, secretary of the National Life and Trust company, here, from the island of Samar, in which he declares that all of the "niggers" found outside of eight cities on the island are shot on sight. He tells of the moving of his regiment on the island, the landing at Kinckandan being made under cover of the fire from a gunboat. He continues:

"Our line niggers were up on the side of a hill, well entrenched, still firing incessantly. We had to take the first trench from them in order to dislodge them. We started up the hill double quick. We were compelled to follow a trail barely wide enough for three men. On each side of the trail were placed, four inches apart, thousands of bamboo spears, sharp as razors. Their idea was to get us about half way up the hill and then mow us down leisurely after securing range.

"But I guess we had them a little bit bluffed, for they ceased to fire so much when we were making the ascent. One of the boys was shot in the leg. After we drove them from their first position on the hill some of us charged again on their second line fortifications. But we had to give it up after two more had been shot, one through the nose, and the other through the leg, the latter wound necessitating amputation. Our intentions were to go up the river which runs through the town to another city three miles towards the interior, but we could not navigate the river owing to its shallowness. We returned to the gunboat and came to Quiwan, from which point I write.

"This afternoon 140 of us start on a seven-day march. This island is unlike the one we lately occupied. Here we kill all niggers on sight unless he remains in town and minds his own business. And there are only eight towns where niggers are allowed. The other towns are all burned, with the exception of barracks for soldiers.

"In one of your letters you ask me to tell something about bolo. Well I will say that they are about the worst kind of weapon there is. A soldier dreads a bolo about ten times as much as he does a gun. Every time I think of a bolo I shudder. A bolo is nothing more or less than a long knife, like a sword, as sharp as it can be. The boloman will lay in ambush and spring upon the unwary American who happens to stray that way. His victim is literally hacked to pieces before he can draw his gun. The way bolomen fight usually is this: They use a bolo and a dagger, using the bolo largely for the purpose of guarding, and stab their antagonist with the dagger. They are expert in this kind of struggle, quite the equal of any American."

BESLER ADVANCED.

Philadelphia, March 19.—President Baer of the Central Railway company of New Jersey today announced the appointment of W. G. Besler to be general manager of the company. Mr. Besler has been general superintendent of the Reading railway since September, 1900. He resigned his position to accept his new berth.

PINCH THE SCHOLARS

Native Pedagogues In Philippines Also Twist Boys' Ears.

Geographies Show Philippines Larger Than United States.

Pupils Mischievous and Seem to Love to Lie.

Columbia, S. C., March 19.—According to R. D. Epps, of this state, a college graduate, now conducting the school at Binan, Laguna province, Philippines, the most radical change made by the American teacher is in the mode of punishment. Native teachers have made the boys undergo torture, while they pinch the girls upon parts of the body which the native costumes render accessible.

"To write intelligently of the Philippine school is out of the question," says Mr. Epps in a letter. "I have just been reading a little book, which describes forty-seven district tribes who live in these islands, and there are doubtless others never visited by a white man. Each tribe has its own dialect, customs and peculiarities; hence schools adapted to the needs of one section might be quite unsuitable in a town a few miles away."

The Spanish method of making all the children study at the top of their voices is here described. Continuing, Mr. Epps says:

"The children here are certainly full of mischief, though I am told in other parts of this province they are easily managed. One native teacher I know does not worry about discipline, so she built a large pen in the yard and into this she put all the children, allowing the classes to crawl through a crack when wanted for recitation.

"Many geographies distributed throughout the islands represents Spain as the largest country on the map and it is almost impossible to change this false impression. Many of the native teachers return the new maps and books, saying they were all wrong, as the United States was made to appear larger than the Philippines and even Spain.

"In view of this, it is a task to try to teach our language and methods, but it is already a partial success. There are probably twenty young men and women in this town who have already learned enough English to carry on a fair conversation, while hundreds of children have made such progress that it is very little trouble to make them understand and answer questions in short sentences.

"The native teachers are cruel in their ways of punishment. The boys are sometimes made to kneel and hold their arms horizontally in front of the body until they are exhausted. At other times they have their ears twisted or are flogged with bamboo canes.

"The female teachers usually punish their pupils by pinching, and pinching is a serious matter with the average girl who wears absolutely nothing but the thickness of gauze or mosquito netting, and especially when the pinch is applied even beneath this slight protection. It is not at all refined to say, of course, the Americans abolish such methods and invent new ones.

"It remains to be seen whether we can teach them to be honest and truthful. At present they do not possess these virtues. I believe they really love to lie, and they often do so without any apparent cause.

"It has so far been impossible to have regular attendance. There are no laws to force it and the parents do not seem to care anything about it. It is a common thing to ask why a certain boy is absent and receive the answer, 'He fly de kite and spin de top.'"

CHARLES A. TOWNE

One of the Speakers at Altgeld's Funeral.

Hon. Charles A. Towne, formerly of Duluth, was one of the speakers at the funeral of ex-Governor John P. Altgeld at Chicago last Sunday. He followed Mr. Bryan. Mr. Towne's remarks were as follows:

"Dear Friends: I am grateful for the melancholy privilege of paying a brief tribute to the man whose mortal remains we today commit to the eternal keeping of mother earth. I knew him well. During the last six or seven years of his life I was permitted to enjoy an intimate association with him. I have seen him under all circumstances, in times that have tried men's souls. Patient under measureless and undeserved calumny, self-contained amid the madness of fashion, unselfish in an age of gain, charitable to ignorance and malice alike, firm in his reliance on the ultimate victory of justice in the affairs of men in spite of every defeat, he was 'e'en as just a man as e'er my conversation coped withal.'

"But this is an occasion where personal grief clasps hands with the general sorrow. No one can mark the thousands of bowed, uncovered heads, the streaming eyes and the reverent attitudes through which for hours we have marched today, without knowing that he who reposes beneath yonder flowers carries to his sepulchre the love and regret of a whole community."

The Chicago Chronicle says: "William J. Bryan and Charles A. Towne went from the cemetery to the Altgeld home, 3225 Malden street, where they offered sympathy to the widow of the dead ex-governor. Then they left for their hotels and Mr. Bryan took an evening train for his home."

CORSET CASE.

One Time When the Female Attorney Knew Most.

Paris, March 19.—What could be "better fitting" than that Maitre Jeanne Chauvin, the famous, the only woman advocate in France, should represent Mme. Philbois in this celebrated case, the "affaire cadolle contre Philbois?"

For a corset was the cause of this lawsuit. It, the suit, must greatly interest Miss Helen Gould, who has done so much for the legal education of woman; must interest the women lawyers whose beauty and brains adorn the American bar; must, indeed, entertain all women who know all about law—and corsets.

Maitre Jeanne Chauvin proved that, learned in the law as any man, she knew infinitely more about corsets than any mere man lawyers can learn.

The unhappy president of the court, who undoubtedly knows much law, knew so little about corsets that he adjourned the court for eight days to ponder the points about "gussets" and "shoulder straps" submitted to him by Maitre Chauvin.

The trial was held in the fourth chamber of the tribunal of the Seine, and was an appeal against the judgment of the civil courts. The real issue was the "separation between the gusset and the shoulder strap." Mme. Cadolle, a corsetiere, contending that this "separation" was her invention, and that Mme. Philbois, a rival corset maker, had copied it.

The court of appeals was filled with an audience of women. The president ordered the usher to call the "affaire Cadolle vs. Philbois." The usher, knowing the point of the dispute, was naturally nervous.

"Cadolle vs. Philbois," hesitatingly cried the usher. Two women, glaring at each other, advanced. The usher tremblingly turned to one and said, pointing to a bench on the right:

"Mme. Cadolle, doubtless. Will you sit down?"

The woman pale with indignation, retorted:

"Monsieur, I am Mme. Philbois, who created le corset Philbois. Pray, do not mistake Philbois for Cadolle."

The usher, looking as if he wished corsets had never been invented, stammered an apology. Mme. Philbois seated herself on the left, Mme. Cadolle took a place on the right.

Then entered Maitre Jeanne Chauvin. The charming and wise advocate bowed to the court, then to her client, then to the public. Almost bashfully, Maitre Allard, Mme. Cadolle's mere man advocate, walked into court and arranged his papers.

Maitre Chauvin, the word rests with you," politely said the president of the court.

Up sprang Maitre Allard and, bowing again and again, said:

"With the permission of my amiable adversary, it will be better for the good of our causes and make easier the tribunal's judgment if we bring into court the cause of the action."

The president assented. Men carried into court dummy figures attired in corsets. Greatly confused, these men mixed up the corsets Cadolle with the corsets Philbois, to the infinite indignation of the contesting parties, who, finally had to sort out their handiwork and rightly range the corseted manniklns—no, not mannikins, figures—in a row to right and left of the court.

"Maitre Chauvin, you have the word," again said the president.

The fair Portia at once asserted all the authority of her woman's knowledge. Briefly, eloquently, she traced the history of the corset, told that Herodotus speaks of it, that Greek statues show the corsiture; that there exists the "Venus of the Corselet." Quickly coming to the corset Philbois, Maitre Chauvin demonstrated that its gusset and shoulder strap have nothing in common with the corset Cadolle.

"As you see, M. le President," she exclaimed, "the corset Philbois is designed to—"

But why pursue her convincing arguments? When his turn came Maitre Allard embraced the subject in hand by throwing his arm around one of the figures. He tried to show that the corset Philbois was a poor imitation of the corset Cadolle. He talked, but haltingly, of gussets and shoulder straps.

"I beg you to note this whalebone 'a travers,'" said Maitre Allard, who plainly had been coached.

"The court stands adjourned until a week from tomorrow," interrupted M. le President, and he was heard to mutter:

"The code does not mention whalebone 'a travers.'"

Nor do the long account of the trial mention whether M. le President is a bachelor, is married or a widower, and so perhaps has forgotten.

But study the infinite advantage which Maitre Chauvin had in arguing such a cause.

COUNTESS GETS DIVORCE.

London, March 19.—The divorce court today granted the Countess De La Warr a decree providing for the restitution of her conjugal rights. The case was not defended. The Countess De La Warr is a daughter of Lord Brassey. She was born in 1872. Earl De La Warr was prominent in the Wooley company promotions, which caused financial sensations in London some years ago. He was born in 1869.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Gauge Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter. There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. If it is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute, at 211 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.



AN EASTER OFFERING

To a friend or guest that they will thoroughly appreciate is a glass of our rich and delicious "BOCK BEER." Eastertide brings nothing more enjoyable, appetizing or invigorating than the choice "BOCK BEER" brewed by the "DULUTH BREWING & MALTING COMPANY." No one should miss this pleasure that comes but once a year.

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Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
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D. H. DAY, Dentist.

MINER KILLED.

Lead, S. D., March 19.—George R. Helvey, president o fthe Lead Miners' union, was killed in the Homestake mine yesterday while shooting block holes on the 200-foot level. One of the shots went off prematurely before Helvey could get to a safe distance. His head was blown entirely away. He leaves a widow and three children.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

Bought Yesterday—Cured Today—
Mrs. O. C. Burt, of 26 Broadway, New York, says: "I am surprised and delighted at the change for the better in my case in one day, from the use of Dr. Agnew's Catrrhal Powder. It worked like magic—there's no excuse for a person suffering pain with this remedy within reach. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—9.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

BROU'S INJECTION.
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT FORECLOSURE.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

The Duluth Brewing & Malting Company, a Corporation, Plaintiff,

vs.

Charles O. Bystrom, Carolina Bystrom, P. W. Sture and and Bank of Ely, a Corporation,

Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, That under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 25th day of February, 1902, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Friday the 11th day of April, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract of parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot ten (10) in block six (6) of Fall Lake, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof.

Such sale will be subject to the dower right of the above named Carolina Bystrom, wife of defendant Charles O. Bystrom.

Dated February 26, 1902.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-26-Mar-5-12-19-26—April-2—1902.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 12th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles C. Babbitt, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Francis Shunk Brown, executor of the estate of Charles C. Babbitt, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 12th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, March-12-19-26-1902.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

PAVING QUESTION

Is Before Superior Street Owners With All Its Perplexities.

Part of the Property Will Never Petition For Asphalt.

Making of Sewer and Water Connections Will Injure Asphalt.

The paving question is agitating owners of East Superior street property.

East of Ninth avenue there seems to be an overwhelming sentiment in favor of asphalt.

Between Third avenue and Ninth avenue there is an equally strong leaning toward cedar block or brick.

The owners of property in the district named, and especially on the upper side of the street say that the cost per lot of paving with asphalt would be out of all proportion to the value of the lots and he benefits derived.

It is estimated that the cost of paving with cedar block out to Ninth avenue would be a little less than $15,000.

It is also estimated that the paving of the same district with vitrified brick would cost $57,062.

To pave the six blocks with sheet asphalt would call for an expenditure of something like $40,250.

It is claimed by a man prominently interested in the paving movement that the requisite number of signatures will never be affixed to a petition for asphalt between the end of the present paving and the intersection of London road.

If that is true the only possible way for asphalt to win out would be to include this district in another district where the petitioners are more favorable to asphalt, and that at present is not possible owing to the fact that the permanent improvement revolving fund will not stand the expense of paving a larger district than that mentioned.

An owner of East Superior street property in talking over the paving problem today said several things that have an important bearing on the present perplexity. He said:

"I regret to see so many people signing for asphalt without going into the matter more carefully. In the next few years the residence district of the East End will build up very rapidly, if I am not mistaken. At present about every other lot is unimproved. When the building begins we will have to take up the paving to make the necessary sewer and water connections and asphalt does not patch up again very well. I don't care what you say, I have seen too much of that paving in New York, Chicago, Pittsburg, Washington, Cleveland and Philadelphia. It does not patch."

It was suggested to him that the paving specifications could call for the connecting of all lots up to the sidewalk before the paving was put down.

"That would very materially increase the cost of the most expensive paving and I doubt if a majority of the property owners would care to have that expense added.

"You probably noticed in this morning's paper that a citizen took issue with the city engineer because the latter said the asphalt would cost $50 per 50-foot lot. That citizen whoever he is, says that Mr. Patton's estimate is from 20 to 25 per cent higher than the actual cost would be and bases this statement on the cost of similar paving in other cities.

"In the first place it is the height of absurdity for a person to figure street paving estimates by comparative costs with other cities. Scarcely any two cities in the United States pay the same paving. The price per square yard depends largely, very largely on local topographical conditions and the condition of the street bed. In addition to this there are freight charges to be taken into consideration. Duluth certainly has no advantage in that direction."

JURY DUTY.

Prejudice Men Develop When Called In a Murder Case.

"It's a funny thing about the prejudices of men called to act as jurors in a case like this,' said an attorney, as he sat watching the process of drawing a jury in the Karvo case in district court yesterday afternoon. "If you will notice, they run in streaks. If one man introduces a new line of prejudice that lets him out of the box, the next ten men will develop the same prejudice. I don't know whether it is because they hate to get caught on the jury in such a case as this, or whether they just simply discover, when they hear about one man's prejudice, that they have the same feeling themselves. Sometimes it looks as though they were looking for a chance to get out of jury duty, and when they see one man get out by saying he has a certain prejudice, they fall in line and imitate his successful action.

"I do not refer to this case particularly, though it applies here. I have noticed the same thing in the King case and in the Rivers' case, and in fact in every murder case I ever saw tried. Various prejudices are always developed, and as fast as any one brings out a new one, it is sure to have a run for a time. For instance, in the early stages of the work of drawing a jury in this case, the jurors that were excused all went down because they had formed opinions about the murder that it would take evidence to remove. Having read the papers on the case they could hardly fail to get an impression. Later there was a run of people that had prejudices against the defense of insanity, such as would prevent their acting fairly, they thought. In the King and Rivers' cases there were special runs on the prejudices against capital punishment and against drunkenness as a defense."

A Great Steamship Compaay.

Four separate and distinct services of passenger steamships to Europe are maintained by the Dominion Line.

Boston-Liverpool service (weekly):
"Commonwealth" (new 1900).13,000 tons
"New England" (new 1898)..11,600 tons
"Merion" (new 1902).....11,635 tons
"Haverford" (new 1901).....11,635 tons
..Also regular sailings Montreal to Liverpool (the famous St. Lawrence River route). Portland to Liverpool, and Boston to Mediterranean. T. H. Larke, Gen'l Northwestern Agent, 127 Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis.

SAP SEASON.

Now Is Time When the Sugar Maple Is Tapped.

This is the season when people hie themselves to the nearest maple sugar grove, tap a tree trunk, insert a spout and let the saccharine sap flow forth. Or it would be that season were it not for the late chilly snap, and it will be for the late chilly snap and it will be that season now that the cold snap has snapped itself out and is fading away.

Probably there are many people in Duluth that do not know that there is anything doing in this line around the city. Almost everybody has recollections of spring days in the woods getting sap and "sugaring-off," but those recollections pertain to far-off states. As a matter of fact, if anybody longs for a realization of those experiences over again he can have it, if he knows where to go. There are many sugar maples around Duluth, and they are extensively patronized every spring. There is a large grove of sugar maples out beyond Woodland, toward Colbyville, and within a few days many of these trunks will be giving forth their sap.

This is not done on an elaborate scale around this city, because few people know about it, and because sugar maples are not so plentiful as they are in some places. But there are many maples, and their sap is just as sweet, and it flows just as freely as it does anywhere.

"The Indians on the reservations do a good deal in the maple sugar line, and if it had not been for the cold spell they would have been at it before this. They began work a week ago, but had to postpone it until the sun acquired more potency. The redskins whittle a lot of spouts, bore holes into the tree trunks with knives and augers, and when the sap flows freely they hang a birch-bark bucket on the spout and let the sap accumulate. They remove these buckets every night, and whenever it looks like rain.

In this way they not only get all the sugar they want, but some to sell.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c. $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

LOGS HUNG UP.

Schroeder Company's North Shore Output Not Large.

Alex McBean, local manager for the John Schroeder Lumber company, says that William Dolan, who has a contract for logging the Schroeder company's timber on the north shore, will not be able to get out quite as many logs this season as he had anticipated, on account of the bad hauling weather.

The Schroeder company bought the timber holdings of Knight and Villas near Cross River. The purchase was a very large one. The company then made a contract with Dolan, who was a veteran Chippewa river logger, to log and drive the timber down Cross river. Dolan had to undertake the blasting out of the rocky stream and the building of dams. It was the first plan of the kind that had been carried out in any of the rapid-running streams of the north shore.

All last winter Dolan had men at work blasting out the rapids in the river and building timber dams in order to flood the most shallow places. He got out 7,500,000 feet of logs last winter, and hoped to well nigh double the crop this season, but bad weather prevented. The logs thus far have been towed to Ashland and sawed.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

INTEREST NEEDED

Speakers at Woman's Council Meeting Agree on Its Necessity.

City Cannot Be Cleaned If People Are Not Awakened.

Alderman Moore Gives Striking Instances of Civic Neglect.

Discussion of the best ways and means of beginning a municipal house-cleaning and of beautifying the city did not draw as large a crowd as had been expected at the High School building last evening. The Woman's Council of the city had advertised the meeting liberally, and it was hoped that the subject would be of sufficient interest to Duluthians to at least fill the Assembly hall. The attendance was about 200.

The women, however, are not at all discouraged, for what the meeting lacked in point of numbers it made up in enthusiasm, and the Woman's Council believes this will be one of the cases where a little leaven will leaven the whole lump.

Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge presided and gave the first talk, her subject being "The Woman's Council, Its Scope and Purpose." The Woman's Council is comprised of twenty-four members, two from each of the twelve women's clubs of the city, the total membership represented being 500. The duty of the council is to consider matters of public interest. Last fall the council took up the matter of municipal house-cleaning.

"We have met and met, talked and talked," said Mrs. Woodbridge, "but we have also accomplished something. Within the next few days conspicuous placards wil be placed about the streets which will have printed on them the existing city ordinances with reference to keeping the streets clean, but not necessarily enforced. These are ordinances with which the people generally seem to be ignorant."

Mrs. Woodbridge said that the city has been districted among the women's clubs, and these will look with special interest to their own particular portion of the municipality. The Woman's Council hopes the time will come when Duluth will be a clean city. It will follow that it will be a beautiful and healthy city. The council hopes to see proper receptacles placed along the streets for refuse; that the ashpiles in the backyards will be things of the past; that responsible persons will be selected to gather up garbage and carry it to places where it can be cremated. The meeting, said Mrs. Woodbridge, was called for the purpose of hastening this work.

Mayor T. W. Hugo had expected to be present and speak, but was kept away by a business engagement. He sent a letter of regret and assured the council that he was heartily in favor of the movement and would co-operate with the council so far as lies within his power.

City Attorney Oscar Mitchell represented the city administration at the meeting. His topic was "The Ordinances Pertaining to Civic Health and Cleanliness." Mr. Mitchell drew attention to Mayor Hugo's interest in the matter, as shown by his two annual messages to the city council, in which he referred to the necessity of the cooperation of all classes of citizens in the matter of a cleaner city. Mr. Mitchell expressed his belief that the entrance of the ladies into the campaign against dirt assured its success from the very start.

"The difficulty," said the city attorney, "is not in the law itself or the willingness of the city officials to enforce the law, but it lies in the lack of interest of the people of the city. The people fail to back up the administration in the enforcement of the ordinances."

Mr. Mitchell then pointed out that there is a line drawn beyond which the law cannot reach. The authorities can punish a man who maintains a nuisance that will injure his neighbors financially or physically, but any person can maintain unsightly premises, and so long as they are not injure somebody else, the owner cannot be touched. In other words, the law is without regard for the aesthetic side of life. The law cannot reach some people, but they may be educated to a better regard of the aesthetic sense.

Mr. Mitchell referred briefly to the different ordinances passed by the council regarding the obstruction of sidewalks; the throwing of paper or other inflammable material about yards, streets and in vacant lots; expectorating on the sidewalks or in street cars. He spoke of the vigorous efforts made by the administration to enforce the ordinances, and said that the people generally will concede that some progress has been made. All the city officials need, said Mr. Mitchell, is public opinion back of them, and progress will be more marked.

Alderman Watson S. Moore had been assigned the topic, "Some Common Examples of Neglect of Ordinances," but he also wanted to speak from the standpoint of a taxpayer. Mr. Moore said in part:

"I saw today a feed store using the sidewalk in front as a haymow. A gentleman told me that this morning he saw a man sweeping the refuse from a store into the street, while a policeman stood close by and never said a word. The gentleman refused to give me the name of the store, because he did not want to make trouble for the proprietor or for the officer.

"A lady told me that she saw a family moving into a house recently, and when the furniture was unpacked the woman of the house took the paper and straw that came around the furniture and stuffed it under the sidewalk. I confirmed this by personal investigation.

"There was a time when loose signs placed about street corners were a nuisance, but this trouble is abating.

"There is a place in the East End of the city where the delivery rigs of the butchers and grocers are driven across a cement sidewalk and the sidewalk is fast crumbling away.

"I have some trees along the front of my property that I have been nursing along for about ten years. The other day a milkman tied his horse to a tree and the animal stripped one side of it. I covered the injured portion with burlap, but some boys came along and tore away the burlap.

"There is a city ordinance that says the sidewalks in front of business places shall be cleaned of snow and ice by 9 o'clock in the morning, and the walk in front of residences by 11 o'clock in the morning. There may be some excuse, but the man that will not keep his sidewalk clean ought to be sent out in the woods to live.

"Why are not the ordinances better enforced? Because we have a police force inadequate to the size of the city.

"As a property owner there are two things I want; my property to increase in value and my tax rate to decrease.

"To have this brought about more people must be induced to come to the city to live. What attracts people here? The desire to make money, the wish to get good educational advantages, a splendid climate, a healthy city, a low death rate.

"Next to these things comes the attractiveness of a city, the homes, the yards, the streets must be clean and attractive if people are to be brought here to live."

Rev. James Robert Smith, of West Superior, gave an interesting talk on the work of the Public Improvement league of West Superior. The league began in a small way, but has had a healthy growth and has accomplished much good. Some of the work of the league has been the removal of unsightly signs from the streets, the planting of shade trees, the creation of a sentiment for cleaner and more attractive door yards, and the stimulation of a lively rivalry among the wards for clean and attractive premises.

Principal Charles A. Smith of the high school was assigned the topic, "Civic Improvement and the Schools."

"It is not so much the desire of people to be dirty," said Principal Smith, "that makes them throw refuse in the streets, as it is the lack of knowledge of that which constitutes cleanliness." This, he argued, is demonstrated by a comparison of the different degrees of cleanliness of the store fronts in the city. The place to begin teaching cleanliness is with the children for through them one can reach many homes. A city that will take good care of its parks, boulevards, streets and avenues, sets a good example to the people that reside in it. Attractive yards are contagious.

Mr. Smith called attention to the work that has been accomplished in Cleveland through the school children, the amount of good that has been accomplished by large corporations in beautifying towns and cities, and spoke of the importance of landscape gardening. He believes a child can be educated along these lines.

Attorney J. L. Washburn had the topic "Individual Duty," and took for his text, "Over against his house." Mr. Washburn said that the class of people he really wanted to reach in his remarks were those who had not shown interest enough to attend the meeting. The ideal citizen is the man who does his duty from the sake of principle, not because he is compelled to do so. The man that goes about dirty and slovenly when such a condition is not required of him, has a yellow streak in his soul. Poverty and cleanliness are proper subjects for municipal control. Cleanliness of a city is work that must be done largely by individuals. The municipal authorities cannot watch in detail all parts of the city. They can correct the most flagrant violation of the ordinances.

This movement of the women may have a two-fold effect. It will influence the citizen who only felt the effect of the law and will inculcate a public sentiment that will influence every man to do "that which is over against his own house."

Bishop McGolrick brought the meeting to a close with a general discussion of the subject. He said nature has blessed Duluth more than many other cities and that the citizens should now do their part. He said that the two prettiest cities in Minnesota are Minneapolis and Winona.

He believes the ladies will succeed because they have back of them the city authorities, the papers, the churches, the schools and will have public sentiment as well.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. **THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES.** This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and **they will be acknowledged to be WITHOUT A RIVAL.**

BEECHAM'S PILLS taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the **Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy** of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands, in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that **BEECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicines in the World.**

Beecham's Pills have been before the public for half a century, and are the most popular family medicine. No testimonials are published, as Beecham's Pills

RECOMMEND THEMSELVES.

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal St., New York.

Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c. and 25c.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had bat-



A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M.
Medical Director.

tled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

GO IT ALONE.

That Is Theme of a Populist Address Just Issued.

The Populists of Minnesota have issued an address, the keynote of which is "go it alone" as opposed to fusion. Copies have been secured in Duluth.

The address, signed by State Chairman Victor Lawson of Willmar was issued today by the direction of the state committee, and it is addressed to the Populists of Minnesota. It recites conditions when the People's party was first formed and shows that if the doctrines advocated by the party then had been put into effect, the subsequent "entrenchment of greed in the power of the government by means of special privileges" would have been prevented. It says that "were it not for the hopeful assurance that 'truth crushed to earth shall rise again,' and for the knowledge that a just God presides over the destinies of men, one might well despair of the potency of any honest effort for political reform in the degenerate days of an arrogant usurping power and a sleeping people."

It goes on to say that the efforts in behalf of W. J. Bryan were an honest effort to put an honest man in the White House, and that Populists should have faith in him and sympathy with the Bryan wing of the Democracy that is striving to purify its party. The question before the members of the People's party is whether to maintain their own organization or to join the Bryan Democrats in their struggle to rule their party.

The conclusion is that "All Populists sympathize with the Bryan wing of Democracy in its struggle to maintain its control of the party, but they are powerless to assist it, even should they wish to enter the Democratic party for that purpose. The Populists will be wise if they stand aloof and allow their late allies to settle their own family difficulties among themselves. His own party offers the Populist a congenial political home where he can make his influence felt in the nation and state far more effectively."

GREAT YEAR.

A Duluth Jobber Looks For Record-Breaking Business.

F. J. Griffith, of the wholesale dry goods house of F. A. Patrick & Co., has returned from a trip to the Eastern markets—New York and Philadelphia. Here are centered the sales agents of the big cotton and woolen mills, and the buyer is enabled to examine all the products of all these mills without going about from mill town to mill town or from mill to mill.

Mr. Griffith says he found a highly prosperous condition existing in both the cotton and woolen markets.

"In some lines of woolens," said Mr. Griffith, "the mills are sold well ahead, and prices are higher than a year ago. In cottons, the product for summer season contracts is well taken up, and advances are probable. Another crop of cotton will come in before fall but that will not be in time to materially lessen the values of the manufactured product. Moreover, the price of the raw material is much higher than a year ago.

"I wouldn't make a prediction as to whether the prices of woolens will show a large advance next fall. The peculiar strength I spoke of in some woolen lines might not apply to winter goods. It would not at this time. Moreover, we shall have the largest domestic clip of wool before winter goods are again in brisk demand.

"We get the advantage of other dry goods distributing points by buying ahead and receiving our goods ahead. We anticipate our demands, and buy so that practically all our goods are received by lake. This saves quite a bill in freight, and makes the goods that much cheaper to the retailer, or at the same price gives the retailer a better quality of goods.

"I look to see the coming year the greatest relative year in the commerce of this country since 1892. The orders we have taken for summer delivery indicate that the retail merchants of the Northwest are looking forward in that spirit, and I base my opinion of general trade on these orders."

AMUSEMENTS.

MISS JESSIE MACLACHLAN.

Tonight at the Lyceum the famous Scottish songstress, Miss Jessie Maclachlan, will be heard. The Aberdeen, Scotland, Free Press said of her:

"Miss Maclachlan is a host in herself, her rendering of Scottish and Gaelic songs being native and to the manner born.' Nothing could be finer as an appeal to the Scottish sentiment than the outpourings of her heart and voice for the fate of 'Angus Macdonald,' the almost divinely beautiful Gaelic song, 'Ho, ro, My Brown-haired Maiden" (in which her Gaelic is said to be perfect); her 'Cam' Ye by Athol?' or 'Comin' Thro' the Rye.' They need no apology, either for voice, gesture or expression in their interpretation."

Miss Maclachlan will be assisted by a number of Duluth musicians.

"KING DODO."

"King Dodo," one of the most successful and most lavishly praised native comic operas of the present era will be seen at the Lyceum next Friday and Saturday and a Saturday matinee. A new comic opera which comes to us with the flattering endorsement of a successful stay of twenty weeks in Chicago at the Studebaker theater should prove to be a strong magnet to lovers of this class of entertainment in all its completeness. "King Dodo" is from the prolific pens of Frank Pixley and Gustav Luders, who last season gave us "The Burgomaster." "King Dodo," is said to be a much more pretentious work and to depart entirely from conventional lines in its musical theme. The diversified features of the entertainment have been frequently commented upon by the press through out the country during its long stay in Chicago, and many have declared this the most important American musical offering seen for a long time.

Old People

Omega Oil



After men and women are 50 years of age, they begin to decline. Nature meant it that way. If they have not abused their health those 50 years, no kind of medicine is needed. But nearly every one of us works too hard, eats or drinks too much, or abuses the body some way. Then aches and pains come. In all cases of pain in Old Age, the body should be thoroughly rubbed with Omega Oil. The Oil not only stops the pain, but invigorates the whole system, and gives old people a youthful feeling by loosening the joints, softening the skin and soothing the nerves. It is particularly recommended for Rheumatism, Gout, Lumbago, Crick in the Back and Stitch in the Side. 50c. a bottle. 770



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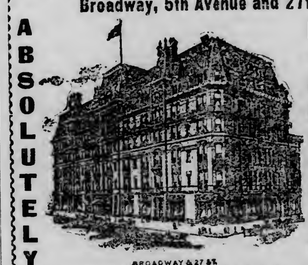
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HOTEL VICTORIA

Broadway, 5th Avenue and 27th Street, NEW YORK.

ABSOLUTELY FIRE PROOF



In the center of the shopping district.

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations entirely new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests. 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

EUROPEAN PLAN.

GEORGE W. SWEENEY, Proprietor.

FLOOD AND SNOW.

Duluth Man's Experience on an Eastern Trip.

Albert B. Loutzenhiser, paying teller in the First National bank, has returned from a ten days' trip through the East. Mr. Loutzenhiser struck Pittsburg first at the height of the flood and with very warm weather prevailing. Engineers on passenger trains would take a rut at the top of their machine's speed before they struck the eighteen inches of water that covered the railroad tracks near the river bottoms. Before the train reached the other side of the flooded strip the fire in the firebox of the engine would be extinguished. The train then had to wait until a fire was rebuilt and steam again gotten up.

Mr. Loutzenhiser then went to Philadelphia, New York, Boston and other New England cities, and returned through the Ohio valley in time to find a big snowstorm raging, and the blithe temperature of a few days before scurrying down toward zero. He says that Monday in Chicago was a more miserably windy day than he ever experienced in Duluth.

Medium Weight Overcoats

At a heavy discount. Now is your opportunity to secure bargains in overcoats for next fall.

C. W. ERICSON.
The Clothier.

BODY OF BOYCE

Will Be Shipped to United States For Burial.

New York, March 19.—The body of Jonathan Boyce, the millionaire lumberman of Essexville, Mich., will be shipped to the United States for burial, says a London dispatch to the American and Journal.

Mr. Boyce died a few days ago at Tives Hall, Norfolk, where he spent his boyhood as a herd boy. He emigrated in 1871 became a lumberman, rose to affluence, founded Essexville, crossed the Atlantic fourteen times and recently bought the farm at Tives Hall, where he had worked as a boy for two shillings a week.

Testing it and Trying

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

Means Trusting and Buying.

Your confidence is never misplaced.—Grocers.

"SILICON," 80 Cliff Street, New York.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."



Are you a slave to housework?

GOLD DUST

has done more than anything else to emancipate women from the back-breaking burdens of the household. It cleans everything about the house—pots, pans, dishes, clothes and woodwork. Saves time, money and worry.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. New York, Boston, St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

DECISIVE VICTORY

Scored By the Republican Advocates of Cuban Reciprocity.

Proposition of Chairman Payne Adopted By the Caucus.

Conferees Amendment On Beet Sugar Was Voted Down.

Washington, March 19.—The advocates of Cuban reciprocity scored a decisive victory last night at the conference of Republican members of the house of representatives, the proposition of Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, for a 20 per cent reduction of duty, with the Sibley amendment, limiting the duration of the reduced rates to Dec. 1, 1903, being adopted by a vote of 35 yeas to 31 nays.

About 140 members were present, including Speaker Henderson, Chairman Payne, of the ways and means committee, and others who have figured prominently in the contest.

Representative Overstreet, of Indiana, proposed at the outset that the discussion be limited to an hour on each side, saying that the argument on the subject had been thoroughly exhausted, and the time had come for action. This view was approved by the conference, with a reservation that the agreement did not necessitate a vote at the close of the two hours.

Chairman Payne made a statement of the difficulties encountered by the arbitrating conference which had been seeking for several days to bring the two elements together. He frankly confessed that nothing had been accomplished, as each side had adhered firmly to its original position. Mr. Payne said that the position of the ways and means committee was, in effect, that presented by Mr. Sibley at the last conference—namely, for 20 per cent reciprocity limited to December, 1903.

Representative Dick, of Ohio, one of the conferees of the element opposing the ways and means committee, concurred with Mr. Payne that no progress had been made by the arbitrating body towards reaching a solution. Mr. Dick closed by presenting a resolution offering a 20 per cent rebate to the Cuban government, which is favored by the element opposing the ways and means committee.

In support of these resolutions, Mr. Dick submitted a formal statement, for his side, of the advantages of the rebate plan.

The speaking now became general, Mr. Boutell of Maine, Mr Sibley of Pennsylvania, Mr. Morris of Minnesota, Mr. Littlefield of Maine and Mr. Burke of South Dakota, speaking on various phases of the question.

Mr. Payne brought the discussion to a close with an earnest plea for the support of the reciprocity proposition, and a motion that the previous question be ordered on all pending questions. This brought the question to a decisive issue rather unexpectedly, and the voting began amid considerable excitement. The previous question was ordered by a vote of 77 yeas to 56 nays, which was the first decisive test of strength between the two contending elements.

The next vote was on the substitute offered by Mr. Dick earlier in the evening, representing the views of those opposed to the ways and means committee. Mr. Payne and Mr. Tawney, acting as tellers, announced—57 to 79. After this vote quite a number of those in the minority withdrew from the chamber.

Mr. Morris of Minnesota, one of the conferees on behalf of the beet sugar interests, offered an amendment taking off the differential on refined sugar. This was defeated, 59 to 72.

This cleared the way for the final vote on the reciprocity proposition as brought forward by Mr. Payne, modified by the amendment of Mr. Sibley limiting its duration to December, 1903. The vote was taken on these two propositions as a whole, resulting: Yeas, 85; nays, 31.

SENSATIONAL

Story Told By Husband In Divorce Case.

Chicago, March 19.—With a hunted look in her beautiful eyes, Mrs. Adah Thomas took the stand yesterday morning as the first witness in the trial of the divorce case instituted by her husband, Harold Thomas, son of the New York millionaire.

Accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Jeanette Pratchet, and a child which the plaintiff declares was substituted for his offspring, Mrs. Thomas entered the court.

The judge ordered the baby taken from the room when the defendant took the stand, its screams apparently attracting the sympathy of the jury.

The first question put was with reference to the receipt of two letters since her husband filed a petition, looking to a reconciliation. The witness was excused until the letters could be produced.

Thomas then took the stand. He denied knowing his wife when they were children in Zanesville, Ohio; he declared he met her first in Kansas City four weeks before her husband, Dr. Porter, committed suicide.

On the honeymoon, spent in Arizona, Mrs. Thomas became intoxicated on several occasions. This was repeated in Cincinnati, where they had taken a flat. Mrs. Thomas, during one of these alleged debauches, taking off all her clothing and walking down two flights of stairs to the street entrance, where she was caught by her husband and dragged back to their apartments.

The letter having been brought into court, Thomas was excused while they were read. They are affectionate, and ask her if she cares to have him come back to her and tell her she is the one to decide, as he was the one wronged.

Resuming the stand, Thomas testified that he left his wife here for a short time while he went to New York. Upon his return he came into indisputable proof, he declared, that she had committed a statutory offense. His evidence supporting this statement was unprintable.

TO LOCATE IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 19.—George W. Woodruff, the famous Yale athlete coach of Pennsylvania's football teams, is to locate in Chicago. Woodruff will accept the position of secretary in a manufacturing concern. For a number of years Woodruff has been ranked among the very foremost football coaches of the world.

YOUNG HAS RETIRED.

San Francisco, March 19.—Maj. Gen. S. B. M. Young has retired from the command of the military department of California. Col. J. B. Rawles has been appointed as temporary commander.

DR. ENGLISH IS VERY ILL.

New York, March 19.—Dr. Thomas Dunn English, author of "Ben Bolt," is critically ill at his home in Newark, N. J. According to the attending physician his condition is serious. Dr. English was taken ill last Saturday with indigestion. Gastric trouble developed and since then he has not been able to take nourishment.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

CANCEROUS ULCERS

Are in many respects like other ulcers or sores, and this resemblance often proves fatal. Valuable time is lost in fruitless efforts to heal the sore with washes and salves, because the germs of Cancer that are multiplying in the blood and the new Cancer cells which are constantly developing keep up the irritation and discharge, and at last sharp shooting pains announce the approach of the eating and sloughing stage, and a hideous, sickening cancerous sore begins its destructive work.

No ulcer or sore can exist without some predisposing internal cause that has poisoned the blood, and the open discharging ulcer, or the festering sore on the lip, cheek or other part of the body will continue to spread and eat deeper into the flesh unless the blood is purified and the Cancer germs or morbid matter eliminated from the circulation.

In February, 1899, I noticed a small lump on my lower lip. The doctor cauterized it but another came and broke out into an open sore. I began to take S. S. S. and after I had taken seven bottles the place healed entirely and no signs of the disease have been seen since. W. P. Brown, Hollands, S. C.

S. S. S. cleanses the blood of all decaying effete matter. It has great antidotal and purifying properties that soon destroy the germs and poisons and restore the blood to its natural condition. And when pure blood is carried to the ulcer or sore the healing process begins, the discharge ceases and the place heals over and new skin forms. S. S. S. is a strictly vegetable blood purifier containing no mercury or minerals of any description.

SSS

If you have an ulcer or chronic sore of any kind, write us about it, medical advice will cost you nothing. Books on Cancer and other diseases of the blood will be sent free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

LINEN FROCKS ARE PREFERRED

Irish Checks, Huck-a-Backs, Laundry Faded Springy, Grass-Green and White French Linens All Make Ideal Gowns.

New York, March 15.—This is a story of linens, for the fabric regnant of this spring of grace is the fruit of the sturdy flax plant. What the gingham once was, what the dimity hopes to be again, and what the percale strives always to attain, is the proud an exclusive position that the linen has secured and promises to hold until next September. As you prize your reputation as a well dressed woman, buy linens now while the counters are full of them, and don't be afraid of overstocking your wardrobe.

There are raw, prickly, springy, tough grass green and grass brown crude linens, which look as if they were woven by hand, of the roughly cured flax, in some far eastern land. In sharp contrast are the exceedingly fine white French linens and satin finished toile de lin. There are checked linens from Ireland that look and wear like the stoutest tweed, and are meant for summer travel, and then there are enchanting pastel tinted linens, embroidered linens, huck-a-back linens and laundry-faded linens, which, when made up, go by the descriptive title of "tub gowns."

This last mentioned serviceable material woven as coarsely as a Richeau roller towel and dyed a good strong color. After its completion in the factory it is passed on to a laundry and washed until it is thoroughly shrunk and the action of soap and water has first reduced and finally set the color in soft pale tones that by no other process can be secured. These linens make ideal morning dresses when worked up as shirt waist suits. Their only trimming is derived from stitched bands, tucks and pearl buttons; their skirt escapes the ground all about by an inch, and their waists are easy shirt blouses, decorated in severe tailor fashion, with collars and belts of the same.

As to the pastel embroidered linens they require and profit by more studied and elaborate treatment. Two interesting models are shown of some of the advanced ideas. One little gown is a refreshing pastel pink French linen, marked with extremely delicate broken rings embroidered in black. The strap at the rear of the skirt above the two flounces and those at the waist line, on the cuffs and on the collar, are all stitched in black linen thread, enhanced with pink porcelain buttons sewed on in trios. The coat waist opens in front to show a vest of white silk muslin tucked with pink and a bow of black moire ribbon holds the fronts together over the bust.

Tete a tete with this well gowned model is one arrayed in white satin surfaced linen. Narrow bands of heavy white Russian lace and a yoke of white handkerchief linen, hemstitched in circular rows, are the only elaborating touches on this elegantly simple and eminently girlish gown. Here a really strong word of recommendation must be written in behalf of the black linens of which the most stately or simple utility suits can be constructed. These ebony costumes are ideal for traveling, for driving and for summer morning. If the light or heavy weight black linen is made up as a shirt waist suit it should be washed, starched and ironed with a not too brilliant gloss, and after each trip to the laundry it will return with an improved sheen and quality. A smart black linen shirt waist suit can be sufficiently garnished with stitched straps of the same somber hue, or a brilliant effect is gained by using white linen in strapped decoration.

Nun's veiling was revived last spring, and its revival has lasted over to this one, and women who are experienced in fabrics don't hesitate to give nun's veiling the highest sort of reputation. It works up so well as a gown for hack work or ceremonial wear, and, properly treated, it makes the best all round suit for a modest wardrobe of any goods that has yet been tried. What an all around welcome-on-every occasion costume for spring should be is pretty convincingly illustrated in a model of a marine blue nun's veiling, rounded on a drop skirt of bright moss green taffeta. The lining of this decided color shows as a mere greenish tone, through the dark blue veiling, with a result that is highly approved by the leading authorities on fashion. Stitched bands, revers, collar and inside cuff of pale blue cloth strike the required high note in the composition, and a smoothly drawn vest of cloth on which, as well as on the shoulders, appears a bit of heavy ecru braid lace gives just the necessary elaboration that

NILE GREEN LOUISINE WAIST.



Nile green Louisine silk waist is one of the prettiest models of the season. It has a vest of finely tucked white silk. Bands of silk, French knotted in black and joined by a new fancy stitch, form the collar band, deep cuffs and border of fronts. Bands of ecru lace are over the shoulders and the sleeves are tucked.

ontitles the gown to be called "dressy," and also entitles it to a fitting appearance at smart luncheons, afternoon teas, spring weddings, both intellectual and financial, to the muslin boom. Her taste in silk leads her to the embroidered pongees, her interest in wool draws her to satin spotted veilings, but her heart and thoughts are ever with the muslins. Those most luxurious silk and mohair muslins, the braided muslins and Pina cloth from Manila are the newest items on her shopping list.

Hardly less entrancing these days than the milliners' windows are the counters where the latest ideas in neckwear are displayed. As a matter of fact a dainty and elaborate collar piece, though only made of a scrap of this and a hand's breadth of that, is almost as expensive as a nice hat, and almost as essential to feminine peace of mind. There is no abatement in the use of plain white muslin or heavily embroidered linen turnovers for collar tops, and, to the unceasing pleasure women find in the use of these pretty trifles, is the fact the straight high neck bands that universally prevail.

Think twice, and look carefully about you before you decide about the sleeve for your new summer gown, whatever that may be, since thereby hangs a good deal of the distinction and smartness of the costume.

The Countess of Airlie, the du Barry, La Pampadour and the Georgian sleeve are the four styles whence all variations emanate. The Georgian shape is the latest recruit and a conspicuous French designer originated it, primarily for use in the make up of those wonderful dotted foulard and broadcloth gowns that were first built in her workrooms. The arm is dressed closely in silk to the elbow; at the point the silken cylinder flares, and from under its width springs a cuff of cloth that is very wide mouthed; this falls well down to the hand and is decorated generally with four silver ball-shaped eighteenth century horseman's buttons.

Over here some of our dressmakers and tailors call this the John Gilpin sleeve, and inside the cloth cuff the arm is clothed in a white lawn or linen undersleeve, striped with lace.

By virtue of airy charm the Countess of Airlie takes first rank as the evening sleeve, though it is in perfectly good taste to clothe the arm in a bouffant, that is, closely to the elbow, with a drapery of silk and chiffon caught up at this point with a jewelled ornament. A woman who revels in the consciousness of an exquisite forearm simply cannot display it to more conspicuous advantage than by this device. The owner of a very faultless upper arm never hesitates to drape that portion of her arm in a Countess of Airlie, which is always a sleeve of some soft transparent goods, opening over the top of the white member held at shoulder and midarms by a pair of showy clasps of jewels or beads and met at the elbow by a fully wrinkled white suede glove.

With a Countess of Airlie sleeve the glove must be fitted with extreme care, very tightly and smoothly at the wrist and the wristlets must swell and ripple easily to the elbow.

On the left wrist a bracelet is worn so large that it falls over the hand and thereby subtly conveys an aspect of length and slenderness to that member.

With all muslin gowns a pure Pompadour sleeve is the fashion, and this, as is characteristic of nearly all the sleeves this season, fits plainly down to the elbow; there it flowers out in countless frills, sometimes of a color and materials that contrasts with the lawn or muslin of the gown, though one full and very long flounce of the ringed, dotted or figured batiste usually falls over those of the undersleeve.

One of the quaintest variations of the countless multiplications upon the enticing du Barry theme is the ideal sleeve for a simple summer evening frock or a June tea own. The sleeve in this instance is cut enormously wide, of nainsook, net, wash silk, or what you please, provided that it will gather very full into the arm hole without creating ungainly bulk. Just bidway of the upper arm all fullness is clasped with a lace scarf that ties in a butterfly bow, then on to any length you like the remainder of the soft material flows; the only requirement remaining is that the edge of the flounce be garnished with lace like that of the bands and bows.

One thrifty woman, whose last year's evening gown was made with tight-fitting lace sleeves to the elbow, created a charming fashion by finding herself in an emergency unable to have the dressmaker institute alterations. Boldly she whacked off the lace arms at the elbows and then tied a yard of white tulle about each arm to hide the rough lace edges. She tied the tulle so that the loops and ends of the bows stuck out in a frost like fluff for a foot behind her. Thus she went out to dine and thus she created a mode and in bridal gowns especially there is no more fashionable detail than the prodigious tulle arm sashes tied to either elbow.

HER NEW OUTING HAT.



Outing hat in continental shape of tan straw with soft crown and band of brown velvet and brown spotted quill.

Miss Monie Bowey
No. 38 Perry Street, Detroit, Mich.



"A couple of winters ago I slipped on a frozen sidewalk and fell flat on my back. On being examined I found that I had sustained internal injuries which laid me up for more than two months. After that I noticed that I had pains in the back and groin which I never had before. I doctored and doctored for several months but as the pains increased instead of growing better I decided that I was not having the right treatment. Reading in the paper of the wonderful cures performed by Wine of Cardui I wrote to one of the parties and received a very satisfactory reply and I immediately sent for some. In a very short time I felt generally better and after seven weeks faithful use I was once more well and strong. I have never had a sick hour since and I daily bless your splendid medicine."

WOMEN have a very delicate organism. Their strength needs frequent reinforcement. Wine of Cardui is one medicine that should always be kept on hand in every home for immediate use when female weakness first makes its appearance. Miss Bowey's painful and dangerous accident would not have resulted so seriously had she taken Wine of Cardui promptly to soothe the afflicted organs. The months of suffering which followed only served to aggravate the trouble. Every function in sympathy with menstruation was in turn affected. All through life Wine of Cardui is needed.

Girls coming to womanhood need the prompt and effective treatment that can be administered to them by Wine of Cardui.

The woman expecting confinement can do no better than to prepare herself well in advance for the coming ordeal which is to try the rigor of her constitution. In this case Wine of Cardui makes her a strong, healthy woman with healthy organs and regular functions. Confinement can have no terror for a prepared and healthy woman with a bottle of Wine of Cardui at her hand.

Faithful use of Wine of Cardui removes all terrors from the "change of life"—that reckoning time when so many women go down quickly to their graves, because they have not cared for their health in years leading up to this important period.

Wine of Cardui is adapted to women at any age in any walk of life. For the working woman it gives her strength for her tasks and better treatment than a doctor for a very small cost. The wealthy patient pays her specialist thousands of dollars and does not get relief, so she comes to Wine of Cardui for a cure. Hundreds of such cases have happened. Wine of Cardui makes women more womanly—makes weak women stronger. As a medicine for all women in every trying period of their lives can you think of a better medicine for yourself, your sister, your daughter or your mother? Can you think of a more acceptable present to give your friend than a bottle of this medicine which will bring her health and happiness? You are suffering? Your duty is to rid yourself of this pain. If your daughter, mother, sister or friend is sick and in need of relief, your duty is equally great to them. Many women, now well, owe their lives to friends who brought them Wine of Cardui.

Your druggist will sell you a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui. Secure the medicine today. Take it in the privacy of your home. Relief will come to you as surely as you take it.

WINE OF CARDUI

Women who have suffered and are now cured know how great a remedy this is.

NEW RATES

For the Lake and Rail Shipment of Flour.

St. Paul, March 19.—One of the most important freight meetings from a Northwest standpoint this season has just completed its session. At this meeting lake and rail rates on export and domestic flour and products incidental thereto were determined upon. The lower rate was cut 3 cents from the tariff in effect when the season of 1901 opened.

This season the lake and rail rate on domestic flour will be 22 cents to the seaboard and 19½ cents on the export business. These rates are 3 cents under the agreed all-rail rate, the recognized differential allowed the lake carriers. These new tariffs will take effect on April 1.

HARDWARE MEN

Will Work Against the Catalogue Houses.

Chicago, March 19.—Delegates from fifteen states, extending from Pennsylvania to North Dakota, will meet in Chicago in national convention today to carry out the wishes of the various state associations of retail hardware men which they represent. While all of the meetings of the organizations are executive, it is understood that many of the delegates carry instructions from their home organization, to use every legitimate means to defeat the plans of the various catalogue houses. The convention will last three days.

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write.

S. A. LOVE, C. T. A.,
405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

A NEW USE FOR CRETONNE.



This dainty parasol displays a new fashion fad, cretonne applique on white silk. From Folkner & Co.

MARKET SLUMPS

Wheat Started Easier, Rallied But Sold Down Again.

Indifferent Cables and Prediction of Rain In Southwest.

Flax Trading Was Light and Prices Were Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 19.—The wheat market started out easier this morning, and after a slight rally, fell off and ruled fairly steady at the decline for a time and then slumped still further and closed about 1c down. The indifference of the cables to the rise in the American markets yesterday was one of the bearish factors, and the prediction of rain and warmer weather in the Southwest also had a weakening influence. There were some crop damage reports and these caused a temporary rally.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged as did also Berlin.

Primary receipts of wheat were 395,000 bus, last year 585,000 bus. Shipments were 132,000 bus, last year 343,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 572,000 bus.

Corn and oats suffered sharp declines in the Chicago market, the former losing ⅝-¾c and the latter ¾c. Primary receipts of corn were 323,000 bus, last year 595,000 bus. Shipments 237,000 bus, last year 362,000 bus. Clearances were 54,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 262 cars, and at Chicago, 28, a total of 290 cars, against 301 last week and 339 last year.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was quiet. The market opened ⅛-¼c off at 73⅜c, sold at 73¼c at 9:35, at 73⅛c at 10:22, at 73⅜c at 10:40 and then slumped steadily to 72⅞c at 12:55 and closed at that price, a decline of ⅞-1c. Chicago declined ⅝c and Minneapolis 1c.

Cash prices were unchanged at 1c under for No. 1 northern, 3½c under for No. 2 northern and 5½c under for No. 3. Sales were 35,000 bus.

Flax trading was light. The market sold ¼c up to $1.75¼ and closed unchanged at $1.75. Oats declined 1c and corn and rye fell ½c each.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 74⅞c; No. 1 northern, 71⅞c; No. 2 northern, 69⅜c; No. 3 spring, 67⅜c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 74⅞c; No. 1 northern, 71⅞c; May, 72⅞c; July, 73⅞c; Manitoba No. 1 northern, cash, 70½c; May, 71½c; No. 2 northern, 67½c. Oats, 41c. Rye, 53c. Flax, cash, $1.73; to arrive, $1.73; May, $1.75. Corn, 60½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 72; last year, 34; flax, 1.

Receipts—Wheat, 128,244; oats, 5205; barley, 3275; flax, 8140.

Shipments—Wheat, 3300; corn, 8250; oats, 2545; flax, 8411.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars	$0.72¾
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus	72¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	72⅞
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	72⅞
No. 1 northern, 9000 bus	72¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	70¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	70⅜
No. 3 spring, 1 car	68¼
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	68?
Flax, 1 car, cash	1.73¼

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weather Conditions Eased Grain Off at Opening.

Chicago, March 19.—Indifferent cables and predictions of rain in the Southwestern wheat states, together with warmer weather in that locality eased wheat at the opening today. May started ⅛c to ¼c lower at 74⅞c to 74@c. There was good buying, however, by the local crowd upon the strength of crop damage reports, and the early losses were easily overcome. May sold to 75¼c and in spite of an early easy feeling in corn held steady around the figure for some time. Local receipts were 28 cars, none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 262, making a total for the three points of 290, against 301 last week and 339 a year ago.

On crop damage reports May early in the session got up to 75¼c. The Southwest, however, set little store by the bullish news and on the strength of the showers expected sold heavily here. The local crowd turned decidedly bearish and pressed May to 73⅝c. Later covering brought a slight reaction but May closed weak, ⅞c lower, at 74⅛c.

Corn was dull and listless at the opening. The warmer weather and indifferent cables influenced an easy feeling, though the slight revival of strength in wheat started some buying, especially in July. Commission houses, however, seemed to have plenty of stuff for sale, and May hung idly around its opening figures, unchanged to ⅛c lower at 61⅞@61¾c. Receipts were still small at 81 cars.

Talk of a freer country movement and a ⅜c decline at Liverpool depressed corn, May selling to 60⅞c and closing weak, ⅝@¾c lower, at 61⅛@¼c.

Traders still fought shy of May oats at the opening. There was some small trades in July at fractionally better prices on the steadiness in what. May was unchanged at 44⅜c and did not fluctuate the first hour. Receipts were 48 cars.

Provisions were quiet and steady early. Hogs receipts were as estimated and packers bought. There was some commission house buying and there was not much stuff offered. May pork opened unchanged at $15.37½ and sold between that and $15.36; May lard 2½c higher at $9.37½, and May ribs unchanged at $9.40, and advanced a shade.

Close, wheat, March, 72⅞c; May, 74⅛c; July, 74⅞c; September, 74⅜c. Corn, March, 59¾c; May, 61⅛@¼c; July, 60⅞c; September, 59¼c; December, 48½c. Oats, March, 42⅞c; May, 43⅝c; July, 35¾c; September, 29⅞c. Pork, March, $15.27½; May, $15.42½; July, $15.62½. Lard, March, $9.32½; May, $9.40; July, $9.52½; September, $9.65. Ribs, March, $8.40; May, $8.45; July, $8.57½; September, $8.70. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.71. Rye, March, 56c; May, 56c; July, 56¼c. Barley, cash, 60@65c. Timothy, March, $6.70. Clover, May, $8.80. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 81¼@82½c; No. 3 red, 78½@80½c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 3 hard winter, 74@75c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@76½c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@75c; No. 3 spring,

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	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	....	$175
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co	100	....	85
Export O. & P. L. Co	1	.77½c	....
Blue Grass Oil Co	1	16c	....
Zenith Oil Co	1	14c	....
Brotherton Iron Co	25	5	4
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	96
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	....	30
County orders			Par.

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70@74½c. Corn, No. 3, 58¾@59c. Oats, No. 2, 44@¼c; No. 3, 43¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The tone of the wheat market was heavy and prices declined. The weather promises warmer and there is some prediction of rain in the Southwest which have not yet materialized. Reports of poor condition of the plant in Kansas and Oklahoma continue to reach us and they now come from sources that ought to be reliable. So far this does not, however, improve the character of the buying, and professional traders are skeptical about damage so that on the whole the feeling is better than the buying. The tone of the sales seem to indicate there was a fair export business, none yet so far today.

The market was dull and the tone heavy. Southwest markets continue to report a strong situation in the way of cash demand and small receipts with relatively better condition than in wheat. The speculative feeling here, however, seems to be less strong and the buying not very encouraging. The weakness in wheat was something of a depressing factor.

* * *

Rycroft, of Chicago: Cables on wheat are not very encouraging and bring no acceptances of offers I made last night. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt is warmer and it looks as if we would get rain within twenty-four hours or forty-eight hours. I think on any hard spot wheat is a sale. Corn will probably sympathize but to no great extent.

* * *

Charles E. Lewis, Minneapolis: Every time they send a fresh damage report, wheat breaks ¼c.

* * *

Sherry, of St. Louis: All the reports from Nebraska we get are good on wheat and no bad ones come from Kansas, except wyhat comes from Houston. At the same time some reports to Brimson on the 'Frisco road say they fear damage, but it is too early to tell absolutely yet.

* * *

N. H. Perrin, of Chicago: Cables do not sympathize with the strength of our market yesterday, which will probably cause early selling. The weather is perfect throughout the winter wheat belt. There were a good many damage reports yesterday and the trade is looking for numerous complaints to follow warm weather. It is just possible such reports will be pretty well discounted, but I believe it safest to buy wheat on breaks for the present. Corn trade is pretty well evened up. Sell it on all bulges.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 19.—Close: Wheat—May, 80c; July, 80⅜c. Corn—May, 66½c; July, 65⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 19.—Close: Wheat—May, 71⅝c; July, 72⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74⅞c; No. 1 northern, 73⅜@⅞c; No. 2 northern, 70⅞c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	.44⅜	61⅞@61¾	$15.37
High	.44⅜	61⅞	$15.47
Low	.43⅝	60⅞	$15.35
Close	.43⅝	61⅛-¼	$15.42

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	.73⅝B	72⅜-½	74⅞-⅞	80⅝
High	.73⅞	72⅝	75¼	79¾-⅞
Low	.72⅞	72½	73⅞	79⅜-⅞
Close	.72⅞	71⅝	74⅛A	80B
July—				
Open	.74¾	73⅝-¾	75¾-½	81
High	.74⅞	73⅞	76	81¼
Low	.73¾	72¾	74⅞	80⅛-¼
Close	.73⅞	72⅞	74⅞B	80⅜B

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 19.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red Western winter, dull, 6s ½d; No. 1 northern spring dull, 6s ¼d; No. 1 California, firm, 6s 4d; futures, steady; March 6s 1½d; May, 6s 1½d; July, 6s. Corn, spot, firm, American mixed new, 5s 2½d; American mixed old, 5s 3½d; futures, quiet; May, 5s 2½d; July, 5s 2d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 71¼c to 71⅛-¼c.
Calls, May wheat, 72c to 71⅞-72c.
Curb, May wheat, 71⅝c to 71½-⅝c bid.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 19.—Wheat, after ruling steady during the early part of the session, later in the day became weak on liquidation by longs on predictions of rain throughout the Southwest. Prices broke 1¼c from the high point and the market closed weak, ⅞c lower than last night. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool reported the market unchanged. There was a fairly good demand for cash wheat here by local millers and a fair business for export reported on the break. Weather throughout the winter wheat belt is generally warmer and indications point to general rains. Crop reports today were conflicting, some were unfavorable, while others were more favorable. The fact that there was little outside buying in the market suggests the crop cannot be very much harmed. However, the market has had a good break, and while we may get a little more liquidation tomorrow, still on any further decline we would advise buying. Esti-

Corn generally followed the course of wheat. After ruling steady early, later declined 1c per bus on selling by weak holders as well as pounding by local bears. The market rallied towards the end of the session and closed steady ¾@⅞c lower than yesterday. Foreign markets were generally quiet and Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing, while there was a good demand for cash corn not only here, but in the Southwest. The market has had a good break and we think present prices are too low. The situation is strong and we believe in higher prices. mated receipts for tomorow, 25 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in ots today and the market for May option ruled weak. After opening steady declined 1¼c on selling by weak holders as well as by local bears. Towards the end of the sesion it rallied and closed quiet, ¾c lower than last night. The July and September options were also weak and closed only ¼-⅜c lower. Country offerings were light. Cash demand good. We think present prices are too low and look for a reaction in the market any day. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 75 cars.

Provisions opened easy and dull, but later the market was given support and under aggressive buying advanced sharply even with very weak grain markets, but at the advance there was heavy selling that checked it and filled up the buyers. This selling was by commission houses and was generally credited to one of the leading bulls. The market needed the support and got it just as it always does lately. There were reports of large cash trade, but we have a surfeit of goods and we ought to be selling some after accumulating all winter. It is, however, a small market and carrying charges are increasing daily and we see nothing in the market to encourage holders and look for very much lower prices before April 15. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 34,000 hogs.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that resumption of the activity of the market after the cold weather is in force. The transportation of stock is made easier and the arrivals are coming in regularly. The wholesale trade was the main feature of the market. The retail trade was somewhat set back. Prices ruled about $10 a head weaker than last week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@$200
Drafters, choice	120@ 150
Drafters, common to good	110@ 120
Farm mares, extra	115@ 140
Farm mares, choice	100@ 115
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 19.—Cattle—Receipts, 20,000, steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.10; poor to medium, $4.25@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.25@5.50; heifers, $2.50@5.75; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.50@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas-fed steers, $4.75@6.00. Hogs—Receipts, 30,000; tomorrow, 31,000; left over, 5212, stronger; mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.65; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.60; rough heavy, $6.10@6.35; light, $6.00@6.30; bulk of sales, $6.25@6.45. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000; sheep and lambs, strong, good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $4.25@5.00; Western sheep and yearlings, $4.75@6.00, native lambs, $4.00@6.80; Western lambs, $5.25@6.75. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 5120; hogs, 15,115; sheep, 16,126. Shipments—Cattle, 2552; hogs, 5368; sheep, 3088.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	28		
Creamery, tubs	26	@	28
Dairies, fancy	21	@	23
Packing stock	17		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream	13		
Twins, full cream, old	1½	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@	2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	13		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@	8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 25	@	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85	@	2 00
California figs, per box	90	@	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@	3 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Bananas	1 75	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75		
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50	@	2 60
VEGETABLES.			
California celery, bunch	70		
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1 25		
Green onions, per dozen	75		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00	@	3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 75		
Beets, per 100	1 10		
Carrots, per 100	1 20		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60	@	1 75
Potatoes, per bus	85		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65	@	2 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30		
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@	85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@	65
Cal. tomatoes, per baset	95		
Parsley, per doz	45		
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@	1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50		
Fruit juices	4 00		
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3¾	@	4
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Hens	13		
Spring chickens	14		
Geese	12		
Turkeys	14	@	15
Ducks	14		
MEATS.			
Mutton	8½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		9
Veal, fancy	9		
Dressed beef	6½	@	8
Hogs	7½		
Pork loins	9½		
Lard	9⅞		
Lard, compound	7¾		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 19.—Butter, receipts, 5665 packages. Market firm. State dairy, 22@28c; state creamery, 22@29½c; creamery, held, 20@25½; renovated, 18@24½c; factory, 18@21c; imitation creamery, 19@24½c. Cheese, receipts, 3921 packages. Firm. State full cream small early made fancy calared and white, 13c; do large, 12c. Eggs, receipts, 9738 packages. Market firm. State and Pennsylvania, 16¾c; Western at mark, 16¾c; Southern at mark, 16½c.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Confined to Specialties, the General List Being Dull.

Speculation Was Feverish Early With Excited Fluctuations.

Sugar Made a Sharp Rise But Reacted Near Close.

New York, March 19.—There were some striking gains amongst the specialties at the opening of the stock market today, but the general list was dull and irregular with narrow limits. The opening in Colorado Fuel was sensational, 4400 shares changing hands at par to 107, compared with 98 last night. Tennessee Coal advanced a point. North American rose 1¼. There was an active demand for Sugar at an advance of 1⅝ on account of the agreement upon the Cuban sugar tariff. The railroad list changes were less conspicuous but St. Louis & San Francisco second pfd rose a point. The market was unable to absorb the realizing sales that followed the high opening in the specialties. Colorado Fuel reacted 4½, North American, 2½; General Electric gained 5½, and Westinghouse Electric, 3; with reactions of 1½ each. International Paper, American Ice, United States Reduction pfd, Union Bag & Paper pfd, Biscuit and Rutland pfd rose 1 point. The fluctuations of the leaders became very erratic and the railroad list was neglected and heavy. There was a later rally to 124¼ in North American, New York Air Brake rose 6¼, Amalgamated Copped advanced 1¼ over last night, and Evansville & Terre Haute, lost 2; Pacific Mail, 1⅛, and Northwestern, 1 point. Great confusion of speculative sentiment resulted. Speculation in the specialties grew feverish and excited with erratic fluctuations of several points frequently. North American fell from 124½ to 119 while New York Air Brake jumped 10¾ in all, to 160½. These stocks represented the widest variations. Colorado Fuel ranged as low as 102, Wells-Fargo lost 7¼, and General Electric reacted 3¼. Standard railroad stocks were below last night with Northwestern down to 230. Evansville & Terre Haute last 2¾ and the pfd 1½. American Ice stocks, United States Reduction and New York, Chicago & St. Louis com. and second pfd were conspicuously strong. Bonds were irregular.

The midday trading was firmer in tone and sharp rallies in Colorado Fuel and North American were supplemented by bidding up of the tractions and Consolidated Gas. Recoveries in these stocks ranged from 1 to 3 points. Wells Fargo recovered 2¼ and Lake Erie & Western advanced 1. Soo preferred declined 2 and United States Express 1. The specialties became reactionary again. North American touched 118 and New York Air Brake lost 4¾. The 3 point rise in Westinghouse was wiped out. Northwestern preferred and Glucose preferred sold 4 points below their previous sales. American Grass Twine declined 1¼ and Amalgamated lost most of its rise. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville was an exception with a rise of 2¼.

The only great activity was in spots, notably in Sugar, which rose 2⅝ over yesterday and then reacted. The rise in Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville reached 4½ and in the preferred a point. St. Louis & San Francisco rose 3⅞ and there were advances of a point or more in American Tobacco preferred, International Power, Atchison and Evansville & Terre Haute. The closing was quite active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	63½	62⅛	63⅛
Anaconda M. Co	30¾	30¼	30⅜
Atchison	77¾	76	77¾
do pfd	97½	96¾	97½
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅛	106	106¾
Brooklyn Transit	67¼	66¼	66¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¼	45¾	45¾
Chicago & Alton	36	35¾	35¾
Col. Fuel and Iron	107	100	102
Chicago Great Western	24¼	24	24¼
Erie common	37⅝	37	37⅛
do 1st pfd	69¼	68¾	68¾
do 2d pfd	55¼	55	55¼
Great Northern pfd	185	185	185
Louisville & Nashville	104⅜	104	104¼
Leather	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝
do pfd	81⅛	81	81
Manhattan Con.	131⅞	133¼	134⅛
M., S. P. & S. Ste. M.	48½	47½	47½
do pfd	112½	112	112
Missouri Pacific	101¼	100⅝	101
New York Central	163⅞	162¾	162¾
Norfolk & Western	57	56⅞	56⅛
Ontario & Western	33⅛	82⅞	32⅞
Pennsylvania Ry	151½	151	151⅜
Pacific Mail	46	45	45½
People's Gas	102¼	101½	102¼
Republic Iron & Steel	18½	18	18¼
do pfd	75	74½	74½
Reading	56½	56	56
do 1st pfd	81	80¾	80⅞
do 2nd pfd	68⅜	68⅞	68
Rock Island	171½	171	171¼
Southern Ry	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝
do pfd	97	96⅝	96⅝
Southern Pacific	65¼	64¾	65
Smelter	46⅝	46⅛	46⅝
Sugar Refinery	130⅜	128¼	130
St. Paul	165	164⅜	164¼
T. C. & I.	71¼	69⅞	70⅞
Texas Pacific	40¾	40½	40¾
Union Pacific	99¾	98⅛	99¾
do pfd.	87⅜	86⅞	87⅜
U. S. Steel	42⅝	42⅜	42½
do pfd.	95⅜	95	95⅛
Wabash	24	23¾	23⅞
do pfd	43¼	43	43⅛
Western Union	91½	91¼	91¼
Wisconsin Central	22⅞	22½	22½
do pfd	44¼	43¾	43⅞
American Ice	21⅞	19⅞	20⅜
Metropolitan	169¾	168	168½

The total sales were 591,900 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co: The feeling in financial circles last night was that prices will continue to creep upward. The buying of stocks is better than the selling. There are many signs of accumulation of stocks by substantial interests. This is particularly true of issues like the Coalers, People's Gas, the Wabash, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Tennessee Coal & Iron and Steel common. Specialties seem to be growing in favor and the rapidity with which some of these have moved up adds interest to the search for promising stocks in this quarter of the market. In People's Gas and Tennessee Coal & Iron current buying is described as important and as foreshadowing higher prices. In the former there is a large short interest estimated at over 40,000 shares. Brooklyn Rapid Transit is being accumulated by the Flower-Porter contingent and it is confidently predicted tonight that it will soon be selling in the 70s.

* * *

Clark, Dodge & Co.: The state is made on semi-official authority that as soon as the directors can meet the regular dividend on C. I. & I. preferred will be declared and the first dividend on the common at the rate of 4 per cent. It is also semi-officially stated that earnings and outlook warant 4 per cent on the common stock as far ahead as human foresigt can see. President Thomas is still in the West and will probably reach New York Saturday.

* * *

Town Topics: Nothing better than a trading market can be expected for the time being, but sentiment is becoming more bullish owing to the absence of any liquidation. The large holders of stocks are away on vacations and the professional element is not disposed to take the short side for anything more than a quick turn. We look for a fairly strong market today, but it is advisable to take moderate profits in any stock.

* * *

Charles E. Lewis, Minneapolis, to B. E. Baker: I think Colorado Fuel will go to 125, but if you bought when I told you, you have a big profit and better take it.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: J. D. Rockefeller before he went South left word that he was tired of the criticism regarding copper and told the Rogers crowd that they would have to pay the 4 per cent dividend. Of course copper as a 4 per cent stock is not cheap. You can use your judgment as to whether this is a bull card or not.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.: The tone of the market continues strong and numerous advances are taking place throughout the list. The buying is still professional, largely with very few stock affected. Colorado Fuel led the advance with an early gain of 9 points, closing about 5 points higher than yesterday. There is considerable activity in Atchison common, which has lately been neglected in the pool operations. If the common stock is worth what it is selling for the preferred is worth as much greater price than it is quoted at. Monon is slated for a 4 per cent dividend in the near future. The strike situation is discouraging purchasers of coalers to some extent, but their general tone continues strong. Money continues firm, but indications so far point to a rather favorable bank statement Saturday.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 19.—Absence of selling pressure has caused a little advance for a few coppers. Some buying is by shorts and some by traders. There seems to be a little bit better feeling regarding the metal situation.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	20¾	22
Allouez	3¾	4
Anaconda	30	31
Arcadian	8½	9
Amalgamated	63⅛	63¼
Arnold	75c	$1.25
Ashbed	.....	25
Atlantic	29	30
Baltic	45¼	46
Bingham	23	25
Phoenix	3¼	4
National	1½	2
Calumet & Hecla	582	585
Centennial	21¼	21½
Trinity	14¼	14¾
Copper Range	68	70
Copper Consolidated	45¼	45¾
Dominion Coal	119⅛	.....
Elm River	3½	4
Franklin	13	14
Humboldt	.....	50
Isle Royale	17	78
Mass	17½	18
Michigan	10⅞	11¼
Mohawk	34	35
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3½	4
Osceola	61½	62
Parrot	29¼	29⅞
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3	3¼
Tamarack	180	185
Tecumseh	..	1¾
Tri-Mountain	..	100
Utah	22	23
United States	18¼	18½
Victoria	5¾	6⅛
Winona	1¾	1⅞
Wolverine	50	53
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75	1¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—Copper exports for March amount already to more than 12,000 tons and there is still another two weeks before the month is out. With exports of 43,000 tons since Jan. 1, the position of copper should begin to show signs of improvement in this country, unless the surplus which accumulated while copper was 17 cents, together with current production, proves too unwieldly a mass for the combined efforts of domestic consumption and exports to absorb. It is remarkable in the face of the outgoing shipments of copper that the market does not show more tone. Current dealings appear to be on a very quiet scale and prices are a shade easier. Lake futures are quoted at 12⅜c, 12½c. Even at the low prices, orders come in slowly. It is not improbable that opening quotations are being shaded in some quarters or other and that parties are making lower terms to secure whatever orders come along.

* * *

Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.—The diamond drill on the Globe property has encountered two lodes both well charged with copper at a depth of 319 feet. They are presumabaly the same lodes crossing the Champion territory which adjoins the Globe. The southern opening of the Champion is within 3400 feet of the Globe boundary. The Globe is considered the most valuable undeveloped property in the lake district.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The show every indication of being oversold. The short interest is very large and there are almost no stocks, offering not nearly enough to cover outstanding short contracts. We are looking for a recovery in coppers. Copper exports are reaching phenomenal figures; they are exceeding the record breaking exports of March, 1900. This seems to be conclusive proof that there will be a tremendous increase in copper consumption this year. These exports are attracting attention and should soon be reflected in copper stock prices.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 19.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, sows: Available cash balance, $177,675,850; gold, $89,681,217; silver, $19,485,859; United States notes, $10,286,550; treasury notes of 1890, $89,290; national bank notes, $9,934,792. Total receipts this day, $1,988,816; total receipts this month, $28,786,661; total receipts this year, $401,288,127. Total expenditures this day, $1,650,000; total expenditures this month, $25,090,000; total expenditures this year, $344,832,464. Deposits in national banks, $123,652,504.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 19.—Close: Money on call, 4@5 per cent; closing bid and asked, 4½@5 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@6 per cent; sterling exchange, firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand, and $4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84⅝@4.85⅜; bar silver, 53⅞c; Mexican dollars, 43¼c; government bonds, steady; state bonds, easier; railroad bonds, irregular.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 19.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1 to 2 points higher and following the call Hay sold off to 885 and July to 888, on profit-taking. After the first half hour the market became quite active and slowly stiffened to 890 for May and to 892 for July with short fitful buyers.

Cotton futures closed quiet. March, 8.96; April, 8.95; May, 8.86; June, 8.87; July, 8.88; August, 8.66; September, 8.27; October, 8.11; November, 8.01; December, 8.01. The cotton exchange will be closed Friday, March 28 and Saturday, March 29.

WEST INDIES.

Plans Are Being Made For a Provisional Government.

Washington, March 19.—Although the details of the program for the acquisition of the Danish West Indies has not been perfected the discussion of the subject by the cabinet has indicated a purpose on the part of the president, to erect a provisional government in the islands at the outset. The American flag having been raised by an officer of the army or navy (just which is not yet certain, though it may be noted the U. S. S. Machies is now at St. Thomas) some person, probably a civilian, will be dispatched from the United States to take charge of affairs, as provisional governor of the islands. Meanwhile a scheme for a permanent government will be submitted to congress, probably approximating the Porto Rican government act, and if this is favorably acted upon, a permanent government will be installed before the end of the fiscal year.

STRIKE OVER.

Traffic at Boston Has Resumed Normal Conditions.

Boston, March 19.—With less than 300 men idle of the 20,000 who participated in the sympathetic strike here last week, traffic in the various trades affected by the trouble have resumed normal conditions. Prominent business men, labor representatives and members of the state board of arbitration are still in touch with each other, endeavoring to secure the reinstatement of the men now idle. The only difficulty in the matter is the question of finding places for the old men; and the strike is considered as practically settled.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

FRANCHISE FOR KERLIN.

St. Paul, March 19.—A Devils Lake, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: The ordinance granting to A. B. Kerlin, of Park Rapids, Minn., a 30-years' franchise on the waterworks, electric light, telephone and heating plant of Devils Lake passed the council last night.

AN IDEA OF ETERNITY.

"The best illustration of what eternity is, with its endless flight of time," said a Western member of congress the other day, to the Washington Post, "was one I heard given by a preacher who was conducting a revival meeting at a Colorado mining camp. The revival had been well attended, but there was a poor harvest of souls, and the rough old peracher depicted the joys of heaven and the tortures of hell with discouraging results. One evening he announced that the revival would close with that meeting unless the sinners showed a desire to repent. He then depicted the sufferings of the lost, and in telling them how long it would be before they would be freed from their environment of fire and brimstone he said:

"'You will suffer for all eternity. Do you know what that means? I'll tell you. If a little sparrow was to dip his bill in the Atlantic ocean and take one hop a day and hop across the country and put that drop in the Pacific ocean, and then hop back again to the Atlantic, one hop a day, and if he kept that thing up until the Atlantic was as dry as a bone, it wouldn't be sun-up in hell.'

"It isn't necessary to add that mourners came to the bench that night and the meeting continued for some time."

An Opportunity For All.
Grasp It While There Is Yet Time.
WYOMING OIL
Is attracting the attention of oil experts everywhere; even capitalists from Antwerp have examined the fields and invested in lands in Wyoming which they will soon develop. DON'T LET IT EVER BE SAID that you have had an opportunity of investing in the stock of a Crook Co., Wyoming, company and passed it by.
THE MOORCROFT OIL CO.,
CROOK COUNTY, WYOMING,
Are offering you an opportunity to secure their stock at a low price and the wisdom of the reader will be shown by making an immediate purchase as the stock can never be secured at as low a price again.
The company is a conservative one; they are conservative in their statement that they can easily sell every barrel of their product for at least $4.00 per barrel with every possibility of a higher price.
They do not figure on selling the product to other oil companies or refining companies. They will sell direct to the consumer and this is how the great profits to shareholders will be realized.
No one is better posted on matters pertaining to oils at every stage than are a number of men who are officials of the company and a great many heavy shareholders.
The drillers are working day and night and are in oil shale now. Do not delay purchasing of this stock while it may be had at 15c per share—par $1.00—non-assessable.
Every day brings the company nearer the goal and as the land is near a rich mining district a high price after striking the main stratum will be the natural result.
Samples of the oil and ashpaltim may be seen at 409 Torrey Bldg. Prospectus on application.
Send all orders for stock accompanied by draft or money order to
M. L. DERRIG, Agent,
409 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

ENDION BARGAINS
$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.
$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.
$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.
$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.
If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.
GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

SHEDS AND COAL

Of Wisconsin Central Burn at Chippewa Falls.

St. Paul, March 19.—A Chippewa Falls special to the Dispatch says: The large coal shed of the Wisconsin Central Railway company at Irvine burned this morning together with 583 tons of coal. The fire department responded but owing to the distance the shed was wrecked before it arrived. A spark from a locomotive is believed to have started the fire.

Joseph Magnan dropped dead at Nebagamon. His widow and eight children reside here.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Are to Have Jubilee Gathering at Chicago.

Chicago, March 19.—Knights of Pythias from all parts of the country will have a jubilee gathering here tomorrow, the lodges of Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Indiana acting as hosts. Arrangements are making to receive 20,000 guests. Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, and Gavernor LaFollette, who are to be initiated, will be among those in attendance.

WINDS MOVE ICE.

St. Paul, March 19.—A Winn'peg special to the Dispatch says: A Port Arthur dispatch says heavy winds have taken the ice out to within a mile of the Welcome islands and the remaining ice is comparatively thin so early navigation is assured.

CARTER'S FUNERAL.

Springfield, Ill., March 19.—The funeral of Edwin Carter, father of ex-Senator Carter, of Montana, who died Sunday at Colorado Springs, took place today at St. Patrick's cathedral, at Pana, Ill., where Mr. Carter formerly resided. The funeral was largely attended.

HOSE BIDS WANTED.

Office of Board of Fire Commissioners, City Hall, Duluth, March 13th, 1902.

Sealed bids will be received at this office up to and including Friday, March 21, 1902, at 5 o'clock p. m., for the furnishing of the fire department of the city of Duluth with three thousand (3000) feet of steam fire engine hose, two and one-half inches external diameter, fitted with automatic expansion ring couplings, Higbee patent thread.

Hose to be delivered within thirty (30) days from date of award of contract, f. o. b. cars at Duluth.

Any proposition represented by an agent will be rejected. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS,
By HARRY NESBITT,
Secretary.

Duluth Evening Herald, March17-18-19-1902

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 19, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of James J. Cusick, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Marie E. Cusick, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that James J. Cusick, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Marie E. Cusick granted:

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court, on Wednesday, the 9th day of April, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 19th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, March 19-26, April 2, 1902.

Save your Cremo 5 Cent Cigar Bands for Presents

Cremo Cigar BANDS and Old Virginia Cheroot WRAPPERS may be assorted

with TAGS from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "STANDARD NAVY," "SPEAR HEAD," "DRUMMOND" NATURAL LEAF, "GOOD LUCK," "BOOT JACK," "PIPER HEIDSIECK," "NOBBY SPUN ROLL," "J. T.," "OLD HONESTY," "MASTER WORKMAN," "JOLLY TAR," "SICKLE," "BRANDY WINE," "CROSS BOW," "OLD PEACH AND HONEY," "RAZOR," "E. RICE, GREENVILLE," "TENNESSEE CROSSTIE," "PLANET," "NEPTUNE," "OLE VARGINY," and TRADE MARK STICKERS from "FIVE BROTHERS" Pipe Smoking Tobacco, in securing these presents, ONE TAG being equal to TWO CREMO CIGAR BANDS or TWO OLD VIRGINIA CHEROOT WRAPPERS.



The above illustrations represent the presents to be given for

Cremo Cigar Bands and Old Virginia Cheroot Wrappers

WRITE YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS PLAINLY on outside of package containing BANDS or WRAPPERS, and forward them by registered mail, or express prepaid. Be sure to have your package securely wrapped and properly marked, so that it will not be lost in transit. Send bands or wrappers and requests for presents (also requests for catalogues) to C. Hy. Brown, 4241 Folsom Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

OUR NEW ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE of presents for 1902 includes many articles not shown above. It contains the most attractive list of presents ever offered for bands and wrappers, and will be sent by mail on receipt of postage—two cents.

Our offer of presents for bands and wrappers will expire November 30, 1902.

2

American Cigar Company

HE LOST HIS NERVE

In the Court Room, Did a New York Boy.

"Codfish Carr" Was Bad When He Grew White.

Whenever He Ground His Teeth His Playmates Fled.

New York March 19.—Twelve-year-old Joseph Carr was in a fair way to decimate the juvenile population of the East Side when his latest homicidal outbreak brought him into the Yorkville court, and thence into the keeping of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children. Magistrate Mayo held him in bonds of $1000.

This undersized lad shot his playmate, Harry Murch, in the eye with a pistol, thinking to terrify the "crowd." Murch is in a critical condition in an eye and ear infirmary, and his left eye has been removed in the hope of saving the sight of the other.

This is the third of a series of violent deeds committed within the last year by "Codfish Carr, the Boy Terror," as he is called in the neighborhood of his home, No. 344 East Twenty-ninth street.

Four months ago he slashed Frank Wiseman, a 13-year-old youngster, across the face with a penknife and nearly carved an eye out of his head. Wiseman has an ugly scar to proclaim the prowess of "Codfish Carr." Last summer "The Terror" pushed Walter Howes, 14 years old, off a pile of iron moldings, and Howes died of a fractured skull three days later. Carr was not arrested, as the parents of the dead boy would make no complaint, accepting "The Terror's" explanation that the fall was accidental.

Strangely enough, the parents of the second victim, Wiseman, allowed the stabbing to be hushed up, the ingenious Joseph protesting the boy had run against the open knife while they were playing.

But this coincidence had become an alarming habit when Henry Murch had his eye shot out, and Carr explained that just as he was going to pull the trigger the victim looked into the barrel. When Detectives Reid and Burke arrested Joseph, and began to look up his record, they found that he had been a "red-handed scourge" of the neighborhood for several years, and gloried in his blighting career.

"When he grinds his teeth and gets white we all run away. Then 'Codfish' is dangerous," his playmates told the detectives. "He used to tell us that he carried a pistol in his pocket all the time, and that he was waiting to kill anybody who bothered him."

In the police court the diminutive Codfish Carr, shorn of his pistol and knife, was silent and tearful. He declined to make any statement to the magistrate other than to enter a general protest of innocence. Several of his playmates had come to see what would happen to the "tough kid," and one of them timidly asked Detective Burke: "Say, is dey going to hang Codfish for shooting the eye out of Harry Murch? If he just grinds his teeth the judge better look out. Codfish gave us a bluff that the coppers never could take him alive. Gee, he's crying. Lost his nerve. Come on, let's go home. He ain't going to make no 'red-handed terror' plays here."

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

DRIVEN MAD.

Treatment In British Prison Camps Makes Boers Crazy.

Halifax, March 19.—Four insane Boers, who lost their reason through their treatment in British prison camps, are on the steamer Harleck Castle, from Bermuda, en route to England, here they will be put in insane asylums.

All fighters under Cronje were they, battling for the freedom of the South African republics from the time war was declared until their gallant general was cornered and forced to surrender to an immensely superior force, and they were captured with him.

They were in the thick of the fight at Maegersfontein, when the famous Highland brigade was sent in against the Boers and cut to pieces in such thorough fashion that it was necessary to organize a new Highland brigade, which is ilke its predecessor, only in name.

When Cronje gave up his sword and they were taken prisoners all the men brought from Bermuda on the Harleck Castle were strong and robust, tanned by campaigning and toughened by hardship and battle. Since then they have been inmates of prison camps, first in South Africa, next St. Helena and finally at Bermuda. Now one of them, Paul Bensdorf, is hopelessly insane, it being necessary to keep him in a strait-jacket all during the voyage lest he should harm himself or others on the vessel. Two of the others, Robert Phlegaar and Jan Lutzenberger, are not as violent as Bensdorf, but their cases are considered hopeless. A fourth may possibly be cured.

He was allowed to eat with the crew of the steamer and given the freedom of the spar deck. Phlegaar and Lutzenberger were also allowed on this deck under guard, and spent the greater part of the time in pacing restlessly up and down and chanting hymns. Piet Schneider, the least insane one of the four, says that his companions were all right mentally until they were sent to Bermuda. Bensdorf is only 21 years old.

Efforts to keep the news of the men being on the steamer from being made public were made by the censor here.

NOT LEGAL.

A Halt Called In Court-martial of Major Waller.

Manila, March 19.—The court-martial appointed to try Maj. Littleton W. T. Waller and Lieut. John H. A. Day of the marine corps on charge of execution of natives of the island of Samar without trial, held its first session yesterday. Maj. Waller was represented by Capt. Arthur T. Marix of the marine corps; Maj. F. Glenn of the army, and Mr. Sutro, a lawyer. Gen. William H. Bisbee presided.

Capt. Marix pleaded that the court lacked jurisdiction, as marines cannot be tried by the army, except when attached to that service, whereas, Maj. Waller returned to duty with the marines in February, though the acts charged occurred in January, and consequently the army had voluntarily forfeited its right to a trial The orders of either Gen. Chaffee, Secretary Long or the president, Capt. Marix asserted, were not sufficient to legalize the proceedings.

The court, after a lengthy consideration of the matter decided that the point was well taken. Gen. Chaffee is now considering the court's decision and probably will leave the final decision to the authorities at Washington.

The court in meanwhile is held awaiting orders. The officers composing the court are: Marine corps—Col. James Forney, Cal. Manell C. Goodrell, Col. Otway C. Berryman, Maj. William P. Biddle, Capt. Ell K. ole and Capt. Robert M. Gilson; army—Col. Cyrus S. Roberts, Col. George S. Anderson, Col. Allen Smith, Maj. Edgar B. Robertson and Capt. Samson L. Faison. The judge advocate is Maj. Henry P. Kingsbury of the Third cavalry.

PLOTTED

To Rob the Bridegroom and Was Mortally Wounded.

Keystone, W. V., March 19.—William Harden died Sunday night, the result of a gunshot wound received Thursday night while pretending to defend Henry C. Fink, the well-known merchant of this place, who, together with his wife, were being held up by robbers while on their way to the railroad station to go East on their honeymoon.

Harden, just before his death, made a confession, which was startling indeed. For months he had been an employe of Mr. Fink, and knew that on Thursday evening he was to accompany Mr. Fink and his bride to the midnight train to assist in checking baggage, etc. Knowing that the groom would have considerable money on his person, he arranged a plan for the robbery, taking two other men into his confidence. While near an isolated spot about midway between the Fink homestead and the station the two pals of Harden attacked Mr. Fink, when the latter opened fire. During the affray a bullet from one of the robbers' revolvers struck Harden and he fell mortally wounded. Mr. Fink was soon overpowered, though, by the other two robbers, and several hundred dollars was stolen. The bride, during the hold-up, displayed wonderful nerve. While the robbers were going through the pockets of her husband she continued to pelt them with boulders picked up in the street. Mr. Fink received some serious cuts and bruises about his body, but will recover. Both the robbers escaped.

Harden was not suspected of being implicated in the robbery until his confession, just a few hours before death.

Mr. Fink and bride postponed their honeymoon, owing to the tragedy.

New Vocal Director.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

$50.00 California Excursion.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account convention of Federation of Women's Clubs, the Northwestern line will sell round trip tickets to Los Angeles and San Francisco, April 20 to April 27, inclusive, good returning until June 25, at the very low rate of $50. Tickets good via variable routes and stop-over privileges granted in both directions.

Circuit tour routes at greatly reduced rates. The chance of a lifetime to see the Western country. For detailed information, tickets and reservations, call on or write S. A. LOVE,

City Ticket Agent,
405 West Cuperior Street, Duluth.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

A delicious food drink, which, as a table beverage, is preferable to coffee and tea.

The nutritive and delicious properties of California figs, prunes and grains are retained by our special process of manufacture and are fully extracted by—boiling from 5 to 10 minutes only.

54% Fruit 46% Grains

At All Grocers.

WEI HAI WEI

Again Discussed In the British House of Lords.

London, March 19.—The status of Wei Hai Wei was again discussed in the house of lords yesterday afternoon, when the earl of Portsmouth (Liberal Unionist) urged the necessity of fortifying the harbor at an expense of at least £1,250,000.

The first lord of the admiralty, the earl of Selborne, replied that the government did not intend to maint anything at Wei Hai Wei which would necessitate fortifications. "Every penny," said he, "is badly spent which is sunk in brick and mortar when it might be put into ships."

LIABLE TO BE SHOT.

Boers Who Are Captured Wearing British Uniform.

London, March 19.—In the house of commons yesterday the war secretary, Mr. Brodrick, set at rest the rumors regarding Lord Wolseley's trip to South Africa by announcing that the former commander-in-chief had gone to Cape Town on an entirely private visit, without previously communicating with the war office.

Regarding the Boers wearing British uniforms, Mr. Brodrick said all civilized nations punished such action with death. Boers captured wearing British uniforms were liable to be shot after trial by court-martial. Lord Kitchener in certain cases had already inflicted that penalty.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

Help Urgently Needed For Ozark County Farmers.

Jefferson City, March 19.—Governor Dockery has issued an appeal to the people of the state for aid for the farmers in the Ozark country, in the southeastern part of the state, who lost their crops in last summer's drouth.

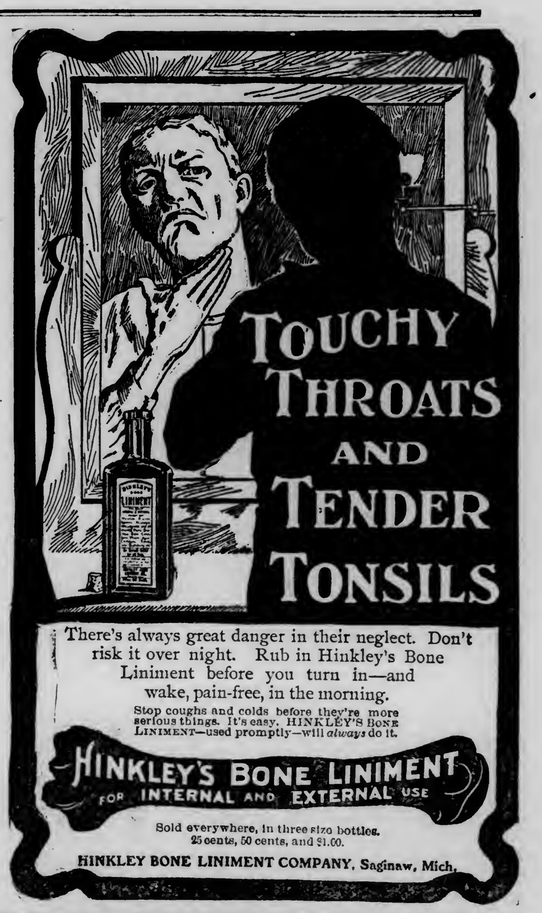
"What is done," said the governor, "must be done quickly. Seed for the spring crop is most urgently needed, and the agricultural department has been requested to furnish this."

FITZ MUST HURRY.

Oakland, Cal., March 19.—Billy Delaney, manager of James J. Jeffries, the pugilist, stated yesterday that if Fitzsimmons did not come to terms regarding the selection of a referee and choice of a club, he, acting for Jeffries, would open negotiations for a fight between Jeffries and Sharkey.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.



There's always great danger in their neglect. Don't risk it over night. Rub in Hinkley's Bone Liniment before you turn in—and wake, pain-free, in the morning.

Stop coughs and colds before they're more serious things. It's easy. HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT—used promptly—will *always* do it.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

Sold everywhere, in three size bottles. 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT COMPANY, Saginaw, Mich.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an Operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish **DESIRED RESULTS.** Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John A. Lyon

Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— OTHERS ADVERTISE And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$1600 Third street. Monthly payments.

$2100 Centrally located lot suitable for flats or houses.

$2500 House and lot near Twelfth avenue east. All conveniences. Furnace.

$4000 Fine home near Twelfth avenue east. Very desirable.

$4200 House and lot centrally located. All conveniences.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

East Superior Street.

We will lease 30x100 feet Third and Fourth avenues east, lower side, for a long period on low rental.

East Fourth Street.

Near Normal school, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth avenue east, lower side, 50x150 feet, for $750. It is very cheap.

East First Street.

Some fine corners on top of hill at very low prices.

Lakeside.

Many very cheap lots, fine corners near parks and street car line.

Little & Nolte.

Cheap Lot on West Third St. —50x140, lower side, between Second and Third Aves. west—call soon..... **$3500**

E. D. FIELD COMPANY
204 EXCHANGE BLDG.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y
Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

Membership Fee	Amount Subscribed for	Monthly Payment Before Maturity	Monthly Payment After Maturity
$3 00	$1,000	$1.35	$ 5.35
6.00	2,000	2.70	10.70
9.00	3,000	4.05	16.05

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg. Open till 8 p.m.

GLEN AVON
LOTS CHEAP.

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water mains this summer; also a number of desirable **residence locations in East End**

PORTLAND
Division, and some
PARK POINT
Lots that are well situated for summer cottages.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
172 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
In all parts of these suburbs
Lots Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.

These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Sample Bargains In Homes. Why Not Buy?

EAST END.

Beautiful home on Twenty-first avenue east..... **$6300**
Eight rooms, hot water heat, two mantels, hardwood floors. Very desirable. Also small barn; full lot.

1318 East Second street— **$3000**
Eight-room house, stone foundation; mantel, electric light, furnace, good plumbing, house alone cost over $3000; in good condition. A comfortable home.

Seven-room house on Jefferson street..... **$3000**
Between Seventeenth and Eighteenth avenues; full lot, furnace, bath, etc.

Seven-room house and bath on London road..... **$2100**
Between Fifteenth and Sixteenth avenues east. Good warm house.

Elegant home on Third street..... **$8000**
Ten rooms, hardwood floors and finish, hot water heat, gas and electric, three mantels, nickel plumbing, laundry and closet in basement. A perfect house; could not be duplicated for the money.

We have another elegant home for..... **$7500**
Strictly modern in every way. Call see about it.

VACANT LOTS.

We have a large list of lots in the choicest locations. Some of them very cheap.

For instance, on London road—100x400 feet near Forty-seventh avenue..... **$1250**
Beautiful lot. Less than $1000 per acre and all assessments paid.

WEST.

711 West Second street— **$5250**
Ten rooms, bath and attic, steam heat, hardwood finish, three mantels, gas and electric light. House alone cost $8000. This is a great bargain.

527 West Fourth street— **$3250**
Nine rooms, city water, bath, furnace, stone foundation, gas and electric light. A bargain.

205 West Fifth street— **$3000**
Stone foundation, eight rooms, hardwood finish, furnace mantel, good plumbing. A good deal.

Eight-room house on West Third street..... **$5000**
Stone foundation, bath, etc. Central. Full lot.

WEST END.

Eight-room house on Third street..... **$3500**
Near Lincoln park. Stone foundation, furnace, bath, electric light.

2705 West Third street— **$1850**
Eight-room house, city water and sewer. Full lot. Rents for $18 per month.

$1750 2422 West First street—
Eight-room house, full lot. Rents for $17 per month.

Houses and Lots for Sale in all Parts of City.

5 PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $6000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 207-201 Palladio

FOR RENT!

Two fine flats, four very large rooms each—elegant condition—walking distance—modern, one furnace heats both..... **$30 for both**

If you want to buy or sell real estate do not fail to call in, telephone or write.

T. W. WAHL & CO., 201 Exchange Building.

Good 7-room house and barn, Lake Ave. north (can also lease)..... **$1500**
A two-flat building near court house..... **$2600**
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside..... **$2250**
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved..... **$1500**
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door..... **$500**
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock..... **Cheap**
A strictly modern and new 2-flat building, 5 rooms each..... **$3300**

Geo. A. Wieland & Co.,
100 Manhattan Building.

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

$7500 For a 12-room house —hardwood finish, hot water heat, barn —lot 50x140—best location in East End.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Grange town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

Two hundred acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — SITUATION, BY MARried man in wholesale grocery or retail store; nine years' experience. Address J 57, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY BOY OF 16, of any kind. Address J 56, Herald.

YOUNG MAN ATTENDING HIGH school would like a place to work mornings, after school and Saturday, for board and room. Can furnish best of references. Address J 54, Herald.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or any kind of work. Address J 65, Herald.

YOUNG MAN 19 YEARS OF AGE ATtending Business University, wants to work after school for his board. Address J 64, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer; competent and accurate; best of references. J 55, Herald.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED MAN, steady and temperate, work as teamster, janitor or any such employment. Inquire of Dr. McCloran, Torrey building.

WANTED — POSITION OUT OF TOWN by lady cook; used to cooking in camps. J 52, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address **Miss Shermerhorn**, 615 West First street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, $3 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike's lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1920 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—100 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. FURniture refinished, Kristensen, 327 E. Sup. St., old Tel. 743-5.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

LOST.

LOST — SILVER BREAST PIN, THE Tith, on Eighteenth avenue car. Finder please leave at Herald and receive reward.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's. Lawn dresses from $3.50 up.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK TO DO at home. Address 419 Lake avenue north.

MRS. M. BISCONET, FASHIONABLE dressmaker, 112 Lowell building.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIRdyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

BARGAINS!

15 acres finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

A 8-room house in the East End for $1200.

Both 'phones.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

PIANOS STEINWAY UPRIGHT Knabe—$100. Gabler upright, $100. Organs, $10, $15 and $20. Monthly payments. Every piano in stock one-half its value. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

PIANO MAHOGANY UPRIGHT used only a few months. Good as new, $148, $5 a month. French & Bassett.

FOR SALE—CARPETS, ONE BRUSsels 12 by 13, one Axminster 16 by 16, also stair carpet; one sideboard. 111 East Fourth street.

$165 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant case, fine tone, best make; used eight months; cost $395 cash. I must have the cash as I am leaving the city. M. Lewis, room O, 111 West Superior street, Duluth.

COMPLETE HOUSEKEEPING OUTFIT; party leaving city. Apply 418 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—DOMESTIC SEWing machine. Address Flat C, Ashtabula flats.

WILL SELL SEVENTEEN HUNDRED shares of Idaho Continental Mining stock for 25c per share. Address G 45, Herald.

ORGAN GOOD SECOND HAND INstruments $30, $15, $20 and $25. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2609 Helm street.

FOR SALE — FINE DRIVING MARE, safe for lady. G. S. Doud, 1712 Hughitt avenue, West Superior. 'Phone 1483.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 219 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO SECOND HAND SQUARE IN perfect order, best make, $65. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE, A CORner; fine view; strictly modern; hardwood finish, on one of the best avenues in East End; will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Address Owner, care of Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

Great Horse Auction Sale

At Duluth, Minn.

DON'T MISS IT! DON'T MISS IT!

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp, Barrett & Zimmerman will sell at auction at their Duluth, Minn., stables, 500 head of horses, including Farm Mares, Draft Horses, Delivery Horses, and a number of choice Drivers. Be on hand early, as the sale positively takes place on day and date advertised, rain or shine. This may be an opportunity of a lifetime of buying just what you want and what you need at your own price. Every horse sold must be just as represented or no sale. Private sales daily. Remember day and date of the auction, Saturday, April 5th, 1902.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Stable Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—TO CORRESPOND WITH some person who is moving to Colorado. Address J 86, Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of chronic suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, harmless vegetable, safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON & CO., P. 959 161 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice, Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

COLLECTIONS.

I HAVE SPARE TIME DURING which I can look after your collections. References. Address J 59, Herald.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. 321 First avenue east.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED saleswoman for cloak and suit department. Only those of first-class ability need apply. Superintendent Panton & White company.

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT SEWING girls for cloak and suit alteration room. Only those of experience need apply. Superintendent Panton & White Co.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY CASHIER IN store. References. Address J 39, Herald.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED FRY cook. Apply to Chef, Spalding hotel.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no small children. Call 127 East First street.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages. Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park place.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1102 East First street; no upstairs work; good wages.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS AT THE Children's home. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Will pay $18 per month. 2327 East First street.

GOOD WAGES PAID COMPETENT girl for general housework. Address 1109 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. Corner Mesaba avenue and Second avenue west.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL TO HELP with general housework. 32 East Fourth street.

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE. MISS Melning, No. 3 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1113 East First street.

WANTED—RELIABLE NURSE GIRL. 1432 East First street.

WANTED—A FIRST CLASS LAUNdress. Apply at once to St. Luke's hospital.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid; German preferred. 1619 East First.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SALESman for wash goods department, one who thoroughly understands the business. Apply at once. Silberstein & Bondy company.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED ELEvator boy at the Spalding hotel.

WANTED—NIGHT CLERK REQUIRES no experience; $5 per week and lodging to commence with. 19 East Superior street.

WANTED — AN ERRAND BOY. CALL at C. H Thornton & Co.'s, 21 and 23 First avenue west.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR THE right man, not to canvass but to represent old established manufactures having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from our office; straight salary, not conditional upon results, but upon faithful work; no experience required; chance for promotion; state age and give references. Address Manager, box 539, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — FOUR COAT MAKERS. Miles.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS COAT maker and a trousers maker. Janzig, tailor.

WANTED—MEN TO CLEAR LAND BY the acre under contract, no teams needed. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

ACTIVE MAN TO REPRESENT RESponsible manufacturing company in resident and nearby counties. Salary $18 per week and expenses, payable weekly; absolutely no canvassing. Permanent position; splendid opportunity for advancement. References required. Address Manufacturer, 723 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, MINneapolis, wants men to learn trade. Last thirty days that you can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Short time required. Positions plentiful during spring. Write today.

WANTED—ONE PANTS AND ONE vest maker. First class positions to competent workmen. George H. Brenton, Phoenix building.

SALESMAN WANTED — TO SELL OUR window cleaner and brush. Rubber and pail combined. No trouble to make $6 to $10 per day. Address Window Cleaner company, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED GROcery clerk. Henry Folz.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION.

SIGNORA VALENZA, CONTRALTO Italian opera teacher of old Italian method. Studio, 17 East Superior street, room 9.

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL, 220 WEST SECOND street, March 21.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE, cellar, barn, water and nice garden. Lake avenue north, $15. G. A. Wieland & Co., 100 Manhattan building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping; all modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 224 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — FINE ROOMS, 1020 EAST Fourth street; very pleasant location. Apply at 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED rooms. 528 West First street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM, No. 18 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT, 1020 East Fourth street. Very pleasant location. Apply 120 First avenue west.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 715 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—UNFURNISHED ROOM FOR light housekeeping, no further west than Seventh avenue. Address J 58, Herald.

WANTED—BY APRIL 15, NICE UNFURnished room in desirable neighborhood. Address, stating location, description and price, Z, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

IF YOU HAVE PROPERTY TO SELL on Mesaba range, send description and lowest cash price to J 58, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, TEAM OF MARES weighing about 2800 pounds. Must be young and sound. W. R. McCoy, 2 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND cash register. 16 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED—LIVE MARTEN AND FISHer. Fred W. Wieland, 315 West Michigan street.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 230 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE— Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

YOUR WHOLE LIFE; ANYTHING lost, stolen or accounts, deaths and sickness. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4355-3.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write, William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hendeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1108.

CHARLES COWPELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 311 West Fifth street.

PAINTING AND DECORATING—BEST work; lowest prices. Charles Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, next meeting March 15, 1902. Work, second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 12, 1902. Work Royal Arch degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave March 18, 1902. Work, installation of officers. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 65, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-RE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; M. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 38, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Erwin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Macabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 123 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:03
10:33 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
11:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:35
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 p.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Bldg, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:45 p.m.
† 8:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	b 6:50 a m
a 2:00 p m	"	a 6:55 p m
b 11:50 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	b 7:35 a m
a 12:50 p m	North Coast Limited	a 12:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:50 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 9:10 p m
b 11:50 p m		a 12:55 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 398 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*9:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

†8:55 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

D aily. † Except Sunday

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

OFFICIALS DISGUSTED

Repeal of the Dog Tax Law Causes Much Work.

Money Not Expended Will Have to Be Returned.

St. Paul, March 20.—A special to the Dispatch from Fergus Falls, Minn., says: County officials here have discovered that the new dog tax law has furnished them with a full season's work. The law passed a year ago provided that a tax of $1 should be levied on male dogs and a tax of $3 on females. The money collected was to be used in paying for sheep destroyed by dogs and whatever was over was to go into the county road and bridge fund. Chapter 37 of the laws passed at the special session repeals this law, and then goes on to provide that the taxes already collected shall be returned to those who have paid them, except in counties where claims for damages for sheep destroyed have been filed; in such counties the amount of claims shall be deducted from the total amount collected, and the balance shall be returned pro rata to those who have paid. Here in Otter Tail county the total dog tax levied was $5160, and all except $300 or $400 of this has been paid. The amount claimed for sheep destroyed is about $200, and this means that the auditor will have to return some 4000 people 96 cents each. In cases where they have failed to pay, the sheriff will have to collect $1, and the treasurer must then deduct 4 cents and return the 96 cents.

The idea of the legislature appears to have been that it was unconstitutional to levy an arbitrary tax of $1 unless the dogs of the county have destroyed sheep to the value of $1 per dog during the past year. In this county the dogs destroyed only 4 cents worth each, and consequently it is constitutional to levy only a 4-cent tax. In counties where no sheep were destroyed the constitution seems to prohibit the tax altogether.

In this county it will cost $80 in postage and keep several clerks employed for months to send out the orders. The county commissioners are considering the question of clerk hire today, and their remarks regarding the repeal bill would not look well in print.

MILES IS OUTSPOKEN

Says War Department's Bill For General Staff Is a Subversive Measure and If It Passes He Will Resign.

Washington, March 20.—Gen. Nelson A. Miles today told the senate committee on military affairs that if the bill introduced by Senator Hawley, at the instance of the war department for the organization of a general staff for the army, should become a law he would decline to longer hold his commission. The reason he gave for the statement is that the bill is utterly subversive of the interests of the military establishment, and he said that he would not be a party to such a proceeding to the extent even of continuing to hold his place.

The statement was made in the course of a prolonged hearing by the committee, which was conducted behind closed doors, and in which Gen. Miles touched upon a variety of subjects connected with the army.

The portion of the bill to which he directed this special criticism is that contained in section 7, providing for the abolition of the grade of lieutenant general after Gen. Miles retires, and that the senior general officer should be simply a chief of staff.

Gen. Miles said that if this provision should become law it would have the effect of destroying the unity of the army, and he read numerous authorities, including Napoleon, Wellington, Washington, Cass and Grant, to show the necessity of having one head of the army and of controlling authority. His own experience and observation had, he said, had the effect of confirming these views, and he gave an illustration of its beneficial effect in time of emergency, instancing the beginning of the war with Spain.

"I heard at midnight," he said, "that the Spanish fleet had been located definitely at Santiago, and I hastened to the home of Secretary Long, when the news was confirmed. Shafter was then at Tampa, and I sat down there, in the secretary's house, and wrote a dispatch directing him to start immediately for Santiago, with the result that the army was soon on its way to the point where its presence was needed. Suppose," he added, exhibiting the message which he had sent to Gen. Shafter, "I had been compelled to get around to a dozen or more majors, as many colonels and any number of generals constituting a general staff?"

Then he added that in all probability the senior general of the army would not, under the provisions he had quoted, have been in a position to do anything, and he called attention to the clause relieving him (the senior general) of command and making it possible for any other officer to be appointed. He declared that under section 7 it would be competent to one day promote a captain to the position of a brigadier and the next day make him chief of staff, thus practically placing a captain at the head of the army. Warming up somewhat, he asserted that the bill was calculated to accomplish no purpose except to allow the secretary of war and the adjutant general to promote the interests of their personal favorites.

Gen. Miles was questioned as to the reasons for locating the American army of occupation at Tampa and holding it there so long, with the resulting congestion. Replying to the first question, he said it was because of the order to occupy Havana. The delay was due, he said, to the fact that the army was supplied with only sixty-four rounds of ammunition, which would not have been sufficient for more than half an hour of fighting.

Considering that Havana was one of the best fortified cities in the world, he said that to have attacked it would have been foolhardy in the extreme. He declined, however, to criticize the then secretary of war, Gen. Alger, for the condition of affairs, saying that probably any one else in the position would have done about what he did. He laid the general blame for this condition of unpreparedness at the door of congress.

In the course of his remarks Gen. Miles told the committee in conference that with the bill a law he could now name the men who would hold the places of honor provided under it, but the committee did not ask for the names.

STRONG BID FOR TRADE

American Tobacco Company Goes Imperial Tobacco Company One Better In Their Offer For British Business.

London, March 20.—Ogdens (limited) as the local representatives of the American Tobacco company today gave notice of their intention to give their entire net profit and pay £20,000 yearly for the next four years as a bonus to their customers. As cabled to the Associated Press from London March 18, the Imperial Tobacco company (the British tobacco combine) had issued a circular offering a large bonus to customers who would undertake not to sell American goods for a term of years.

This is the American reply to the Imperial Tobacco company's attempt to boycott American goods. In a circular, Ogdens (limited) point out that the Imperial Tobacco company's offer to distribute a bonus amounting to £50,000 cannot be compared with the bonus the retailers will receive if they continue to trade with the American amalgamation.

BUCKET SHOP TAX STAYS

Washington, March 20.—Senator Aldrich from committee on finance today presented to the senate the report of that committee, the bill repealing the war revenue act and thus made public for the first time the amendments to the bill suggested by the committee. There are many changes in the language of the bill, but except in one instance the intention of the house bill repealing the entire act is respected. The exception is the provision in the existing law providing for the taxation of "bucket shops" which provision is left intact and the tax continued in effect.

Senator Aldrich said before presenting the report that he expected to call it up in a day or two and ask the senate to act. It is understood there will be no effort on either side of the senate to amend the bill and it is not expected there will be any prolonged debate on it.

The house provision authorizing the appointment of ten additional revenue agents in connection with the rebate on tobacco on hand when the law shall go into effect is elliminated, but the commissioner of internal revenue is authorized to adopt such regulations as shall be necessary to carry the provision into effect. The house provision relating to collection of taxes on inheritance is rewritten. The changes relate to only minor details to the administration of the law for the next three months.

SINCLAIR ACQUITTED

Lieutenant of Twenty-Eighth Infantry Freed By Courtmartial.

Accused of Killing Soldier Prisoner By Gagging Him.

Reconcentrado Camps In Batangas Province Carefully Maintained.

Manila, March 20.—Lieut. William S. Sinclair, of the Twenty-eighth infantry, recently tried by court-martial, on the charge of causing the death of a soldier prisoner by gagging him and pouring water on his head, has been acquitted.

The two reconcentrado camps in Batangas province are most carefully maintained. The Filipinos in the camps are healthy and contented and the streets and houses are perfectly clean. The food supplied consists of rice and many vegetables. All the people in the camps have been vaccinated and rigid sanitary precautions are taken to prevent the spread of diseases. There are 6000 Filipinos in one of the camps and 15,000 in the other.

NOT ISSUED.

Minneapolis Awaits Decision Before Putting Out New Bonds.

Minneapolis, March 20.—Although the legislature authorized the issuance of bonds to the amount of $250,000 for the improvement of the waterworks system of the city of Minneapolis, these bonds have not been issued, and will not be placed on the market until the supreme court has passed upon the legality of the issue of $150,000 authorized a year ago.

Mayor Ames refused to sign these bonds and mandamus proceedings were instituted. The district court decided that the issue was legal, but the mayor took the case to the supreme court and the matter has not been decided. Should the bonds be declared legal, steps will be taken to issue the quarter of a million authorized.

SUCCESSFUL

Was Second Attempt at Wireless Telegraphy On Lakes.

Cleveland, March 20.—Failure of the first attempt to use wireless telegraphy on the lakes has been followed by success on the second trial. The steamer City of Detroit was towed to a slip near the lake front where there were no intervening masts or buildings and experiments repeated. Only those making the experiments and connected with the ownership of the system were on board.

J. V. Popiff, representative of the originator of the system, the latter being at the Detroit station, says that one of the code words agreed upon had been botn sent to and received from Detroit. He said no attempt was made to transmit messages, but that the transmission of the code word established the fact of communication and that the experiments were successful.

The success achieved on the second attempt is ascribed partly to better weather conditions and partly to a better adjustment of the apparatus.

LIVELY

Was the Experience of Domingo Vasquez In Nicaragua.

Chicago, March 20.—Benjamin J. Rosenthal, who has just returned from a trip to the East in the interest of the Olympian games, to be held in Chicago in 1904, says New York financiers are to take a substantial block of the stock of the International Olympian Games' association.

Mr. Rosenthal said that his trip had been pre-eminently successful. He expects that at least 10 per cent of the stock will be disposed of there without difficulty. The greater part of the remainder will be sold in Chicago.

He added that the total stock to be sold will amount to $500,000, and that an equal amount will be asked from congress. A member of the executive committee of the association will be dispatched to the capital very soon.

UNKNOWN BARGE STRANDED.

New York, March 20.—An unknown barge stranded near Bridgehampton, on the south shore of Long Island last night, and went to pieces. The Mecox station life saving crew went to the wrecked vessel this morning, but could find no signs of life there. It is feared that all those on board have been lost.

SALLMON DECLINES.

Bridgeport, Conn., March 20.—Rev. William H. Sallmon, pastor of the South Congregational church, of this city, has declined the call to the presidency of Tabor college, Iowa, extended to him last week. It is said that the president of another college in the West is likely to be offered him soon.

CHURCH BURNED.

Welch, W. Va., March 20.—The Methodist Episcopal church and several other buildings at Kimball were destroyed by fire which originated in an explosion of coal oil.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, March 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pensions have been granted: Increase—Henry Miller, Anoka, $12. Widows—Catharine M. Jones, Duluth, $8.

INCREASE IS ASKED

In Bail For the St. Louis Men Indicted For Bribery.

Additional Reward Is Offered For the Arrest of Murrell.

He Is a Member of the House of Delegates.

St. Louis, March 20.—Councilman Charles Kratz, indicted for bribery, appeared in court today and expressed his willingness to give increased surety for his appearance in court for trial. Yesterday Circuit Attorney Folk asked Judge Ryan to increase from $5000 to $20,000 the bonds of Henry Nicholaus, Julius Lehmann, Henry Faulkner, Charles Kratz, Robert M. Snyder and George J. Kobush, under indictment for bribery or perjury in connection with the Central traction, suburban and garbage deals, and the court assented.

The case of John K. Murrell, member of the house of delegates, whose nonappearance for trial on the charge of bribery has resulted in a reward of $500 being offered for his apprehension, was today postponed until April 1.

Governor Dockery today offered an additional reward of $200 for Murrell's arrest.

OTIS BUSY EXPLAINING

Former Commander In Philippines Has Hard Task Telling Committee Why He Did and Said Certain Things.

Washington, March 20.—Gen. Otis resumed today his testimony before the senate Philippines committee. Senator Patterson continued his questioning and referred to a letter dated Sept. 8, 1898, addressed by Gen. Otis to Aguinaldo as "The commanding general of the Filipino forces," in which he spoke of the sacrifices made by the revolutionary forces "in the interest of civil liberty." Gen Otis declared that this related to their dealings with the Spaniards. He admitted that before the United States army arrived in Manilla and for some little time before they took possession, the insurgents had the Spaniards hemmed in in Manila. He denied that he led Aguinaldo to believe that the United States would not assume absolute sovereignty and governmental control over the islands.

Asked what he meant by the statement in his letter that "rather than see the ships of the United States navy control the navigable waters of these islands, and its army devastating their territory, I greatly prefer to advise my government not to send any more troops here," Gen. Otis answered that was his opinion because he did not want to see any war.

"I wanted to conquer by peaceable means, but I gave the impression that troops were awaiting."

The general said, in answer to an inquiry by Senator Hale that had the government taken him at his word not to send any troops, anarchy would have reigned throughout the islands.

He thought his letter should be considered as a whole. "It was written when I was laboring hard," said he, "to keep the peace, and to keep our men and officers from paying attention to the insults received from Filipino officers and insurgents.

Answering Senator Patterson, Gen. Otis said that the commission of which Gen. Hughes was a member, had stated to representatives of Aguinaldo that no concessions could be made without the sacrifice of some of the attributes of sovereignty.

Gen. Otis declared that the Filipinos have no correct idea if liberty.

"Liberty to their ideas," he said, "is license"

"But what is your standard of qualification for self government?" asked Senator Patterson.

"What kind of government?" answered Gen. Otis, "do you mean despotic government?"

"No, self government," was Senator Patterson's reply.

Gen. Otis said they were perfectly qualified for a despotic military government. Gen. Otis, replying to question by Senator Dubois, said the introduction of Chinese coolie labor in the Philippines would be unwise.

Japanese labor, he thought, would be the most acceptable because they affiliate readily with the Filipinos.

A question by Senator Beveridge of what was the effect of literature sent from the United States precipitated a lively discussion.

Gen. Otis said that when Mabini was brought in he had a pile of New York papers with him, which had antagonized the sovereignty of the United States in the islands.

"Did he have any of Senator Hoar's speeches?" inquired Senator Patterson.

"Oh, yes, those speeches were all over the islands," replied witness.

Senator Allison, who was in the chair, said he would exclude any allusions to senator's speeches.

Senator Patterson interjected the remark that senators should not be attacked from masked batteries.

"I asked the extent to which it gave aid to the insurrection," said Senator Beveridge.

"When the senator from Indiana," retorted Senator Petterson, "propounded that question it involved every senator who is standing by what he believes to be simple justice to the Filipinos. I do not propose to be assailed from behind a masked battery."

Senator Allison thought that where a senator's name was involved, it gave him the right to come before the committee and defend himself and such reference should be excluded.

Senator Carmack, with much earnestness said he wanted to take his part of the responsibility by saying the "war in the Philippines is utterly and absolutely infamous and criminal. If any point can be made that I am inciting Filipinos by such speeches," said he, "I want it done."

After some further discussion, Senator Beveridge disclaimed any intention to reflect on any senator and withdrew his question. Gen. Otis concluded his test by submitting some comments on the memorial of the Manila chamber of commerce.

The committee then adjourned.

PROFITABLE BRAVERY

Cincinnati, March 20.—"I bequeath to my grandson, Otto Schmahl, the sum of $12,000 because he was brave and loyal to his country in the time of trouble."

The above is a provision in the will of Max Schmahl, a millionaire sugar king of Germany. Otto Schmahl, the beneficiary who is mentioned in the will of his distinguished grandfather, resides with his parents, in a modest little home at 183 West Clifton avenue. Upon the declaration of war with Spain young Schmahl was one of the first to respond to defend the stars and stripes. He participated in numerous skirmishes and when his wealthy grandfather heard of the meritorious deeds of his grandson he was full of joy.

The news apprising the young man of his fortune came in a letter from Germany, just received here.

HIGH SCHOOL ORATORY

St. Paul, March 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—The interdistrict high school debates instituted by Professor McDermott of the state university, have been so successful even beyond all expectations that not only are plans being made for a continuation of the idea next year on a larger scale, but it is also highly probable that a high school oratorical league will be organized on the same general principle. Requests for such an organization have been received from several high schools of the state and since the idea has been broached a large number of high schools have endorsed the movement and signified a desire to enter such a league.

The following thirty schools have signified a desire to organize such a league: Albert Lea, Alexandria, Brainerd, Crookston, Duluth, Fairmont, Faribault, Glenwood, Fergus Falls, Hastings, Hutchinson, Lake City Le Sueur, Litchfield, Little Falls, Luverne, Mankato, Moorhead, Morris, Northfield, Ortonville, Owatonna, Pipestone, Red Wing, Richester, St. Cloud, St. Peter, Stillwater, Wasseca, Winona, Worthington. Many others would undoubtedly enter also if the league is organized.

The league will undoubtedly be organized with the same arrangement as the debating league. The schools in each congressional district will hold inter-school contests until a district championship is settled and then the winners in each congressional district will meet in a state contest. Already several concerns have offered to present prizes for the winners in the contests.

ANOTHER MAN GONE WRONG

Indianapolis, March 20.—Arthur J. Simpson, a bookkeeper, employed by the Warman-Black-Chamberlain company, live stock and commission brokers at the Union Stock yards, was arrested at Paoli today and brought to this city on the charge of forgery.

The amount alleged in the affidavits fraudulently obtained by Simpson is $4688. Detectives who have been working on the case for several days said they understood from members of the firm that Simpson's shortage is anywhere from $30,000 to $70,000.

Simpson is highly connected and has a wife and several children. He refuses to talk, but the firm says it holds dummy checks that prove his guilt.

REQUEST OF MILES

To Be Assigned to Duty In the Philippines.

Made Subject of a House Resolution of Inquiry.

President Asked to Transmit Copies of All Correspondence.

Washington, March 20.—Representative Burleson of Texas today introduced in the house the following resolution of inquiry:

Resolved, that the president be, and he is hereby, respectfully requested, if the same is not incompatible with the public interests, to transmit to the house copies of all correspondence relating to, and papers bearing upon, the matter of the recent request of Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles to be assigned to duty in the Philippines and to be allowed to put into effect there a plan outlined by him, having for its purpose and being calculated to bring about an immediate cessation of hostilities in said Philippines without further loss of life on either side.

BLOCKADE IS RAISED

Pacific Coast Trains Get Through to St. Paul.

Were Stalled In Snow Drifts Nearly a Week.

St. Paul, March 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Business on the three transcontinental lines which cross the state of North Dakota, has about resumed normal conditions, now that nearly a full week has passed since the beginning of the great March blizzard, although a few minor branch lines remain to be cleared of snow. The Soo line was less affected and got its first train through yesterday afternoon.

The Northern Pacific's blockade lasted for 131 hours and the first train from the coast to arrive in St. Paul since Friday of last week came in at 2:30 this morning. Six eastbound limited trains were caught in the drifts. Two of them were annulled and the equipment was used in making up trains west of the blockaded area, which were sent back to the coast to care for the business of the trains sent from St. Paul and caught by the drifts.

The Great Northern, which fared worse than the other lines, was unable to clear its through line yesterday, but through traffic was resumed today, three "flyers" arriving close together this afternoon. The blockade lasted 144 hours, the longest interruption of traffic the system has ever experienced.

Although put to great expense to clear the tracks and suffering heavy losses in traffic, the railroad officials were much pleased with the heavy snowfall because it gives needed moisture to the Dakota wheat fields. This fact also seemed to please the new settlers, over 2000 of whom passed through the St. Paul gateway to their new homes within the past twenty-four hours, most of them coming from Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Illinois, Pennsylvania, Kansas and Missouri.

DORMITORY IS BURNED

The Bradley Building at the Kentucky State Reform School Destroyed By Fire---All the Occupants Escaped Safely.

Lexington, Ky., March 20.—The Bradley dormitory at the state school of reform near this city was destroyed by fire shortly after midnight, but all the inmates, 125 boys, were saved.

The fire was discovered in the third story of the dormitory at 12:25 o'clock by the night watchman. He notified Superintendent Doak, who promptly aroused the inmates, and got them safely and without disorder out of the building.

The officials and the boys went to work to save the office furniture, but the flames spread quickly and the dormitory was soon in ruins.

A telephone message was sent here for help and the local fire department responded. They had about six miles to go and although they were too late to save any part of the dormitory, they prevented the flames spreading to the manual training building, which is near the dormitory.

At 4:10 a. m. the dormitory collapsed and at 2 a. m. the fire was practically extinguished.

The burned building was erected in 1896 during the administration of former Governor W. O. Bradley, at a cost of $25,000 and was insured for two-thirds of its value. It was the only dormitory completed to this time excepting the one occupied by the girls three-quarters of a mile away.

In it were the superintendent and his family, the guards and white boys numbering about 125. The burning of the building leaves these boys without quarters. The colored boys occupy the manual training building in which are the factories, etc., and the colored girls occupy an old house, which stood on the place at the time of the farm's purchase by the state.

Because of the badly crowded condition of the dormitories and the incomplete plans of the institution, the state legislature has just passed an appropriation for the school's benefit.

The burning of the dormitory at midnight without the loss of one of the 150 inmates which were asleep when the fire started is a marked instance of the value of the discipline. When the fire started, at 12:54, the watchman gave the alarm and telephoned to Lexington for an engine. The superintendent and the guards promptly aroused the boys, and, following the requirements of the fire drill, the last boy was marched out of the buildings just before the roof fell in. There was no panic and no disorder. The discipline and the fire drill saved many lives.

Two boys, inmates of the school escaped during the fire and nothing has been heard of them. The management of the institution says that the building was set on fire by the boys who desired to escape. They believe it was a plot for others to escape also, but the night watchman's prompt action prevented it. The nature of the fire prevents ascertaining definitely yet if it was set on fire.

Later several of the boys confessed that the suspicions of the management were correct; that the building was set on fire for the purpose of affording an opportunity for a general escape. The superintendent called out the guards and armed them with Winchesters and shot guns held the boys completely under control.

CHARGES AGAINST WU

Chinese Minister and Consul General at San Francisco Subject to an Attack, Believed However to Be a Forgery.

San Francisco, March 20.—Grave charges against Chinese Consul General Ho Yow, designed also to inculpate Minister Wa Ting Fang, all under the seal of the Six Companies, are on file in the foreign office in Pekin, says the Chronicle this morning. When interviewed in regard to the matter, Ho Yow said:

"Yes, the minister has been informed by the foreign office that charges are on file and has telegraphed me to investigate and learn their sources. There are a number of charges, the greatest stress being laid upon the allegation that I am not conducting the fight against exclusion as aggressively as the complainants think I should. Another charge is that I am neglecting my official duties and not protecting the interests and welfare of my countrymen. We are informed by the foreign office that the charges bear the imprint of the Six Companies. I informed the companies, and they at once entered a disclaimer on their minutes, and that disclaimer will be forwarded to the minister, and by him to the foreign office. I am informed that the signatures and imprint of the companies are forgeries. It is quite possible that the charges emanated from disgruntled highbinders incensed at the efforts to stop their practices:

A prominent member of the Six Companies said: "We were informed that the charges comprised twenty-eight articles. One was the charge that a great deal of his time was devoted to his racing stable, and that his jockeys wore the national colors, a yellow dragon jacket. The royal government will not permit this.

"Then there were other charges of official and personal misconduct. The charges against the minister were that he had been previously notified of all this, but had failed to call the consul to account, and in that had shown neglect of his duties."

Minister Wu and Consul Gen Ho Yow are brothers-in-law.

DEDUCTION IS NOT ENOUGH

New York, March 20.—Governor General Wood left Havana for Washington Wednesday night, according to the Havana correspondent of the Herald at the request of President Roosevelt.

Gen. Wood, according to the correspondent, expressed his disapproval of the bill granting a tariff reduction of 20 per cent on Cuban products imported into the United States. He takes this ground because a reduction so small will do no good to Cuba.

He declares, concludes the dispatch, that the economic situation in the island demands more liberal tariff concessions if they are to be of any avail, or that which all Cubans hope for, complete commercial reciprocity.

A CONFERENCE OR A STRIKE

Pittsburg, March 20.—Unless a conference is granted by the Pittsburg railroad officials to the dissatisfied employes of the West End lines, before 7:30 o'clock tonight the district executive board of the Knights of Labor will order a strike. This was decided on after a discussion of several hours at a meeting of the employes this morning.

The strike will be for the reinstatement of two discharged men and regular time for meals. The company announces its intention of using office clerks and inspectors in case of a strike.



M. S. BURROWS.

Spring and Summer Styles

Men's Overcoats and Suits

***The first arrival** of the New Spring Styles are now on display.*

Perfection of style, fit and finish in the highest degree is exemplified in each of these new garments.

A comprehensive gathering of fashion's latest fabrics—superior tailored garments that will retain their shapeliness and give excellent wear.

Prices the lowest consistent with good workmanship and trimming.

TO CLEAN THE CITY

Proposition Made By Mayor Hugo to Salvation Army.

That Organization Has Pursued Such Work In Chicago.

Employs Men Under Its Charge In This Work.

Mayor Hugo has made the Salvation Army a proposition for keeping Duluth clean.

In Chicago the Salvationists derive much revenue for their good cause by picking up the rags, and paper and junk of the city. The mayor thinks the plan could be carried out in Duluth to a mutual advantage.

His proposition was made this morning to Brig. Alex M. Damon, of Chicago, and Capt. Oliver, who is at the head of the local Salvationists. They have taken it under consideration. The Army gets its compensation from the sale of the stuff gathered up.

The Duluth contingent frequently has men under its care for whom they either have to find work or else look after in another way. It is thought that such men would be employed in the city cleaning department of the Salvation Army if it is inaugurated.

Brig. Damon is out on a sort of educational tour and tonight he will lecture in the Swedish Methodist church in the West End. In speaking of the work he says that the proposition of the mayor for cleansing the city is not a new feature of the work of the Army. In Chicago last year 780 tons of paper; 50,000 pounds of rags, and 5000 pounds of string was gathered up by the Salvation Army wagons. In this way many men were given employment, food and lodging.

Brig. Damon also talked of the reported "drunkards" directory which the Army is said to be getting up in the United States. He says it is not just exactly a directory, but they are getting the names of men that drink excessively and endeavoring to save them.

In Duluth they have sixteen names on this list and most of the men have been induced to attend meetings regularly. Yesterday the Salvationists picked up an unfortunate girl on the streets here and today she is being placed in the refuge home in St. Paul.

It is claimed by Brig. Damon that the Army places 5000 fallen women in their rescue homes every year and that 80 per cent of these reform.

The nearest home to Duluth is in St. Paul, but it is planned to establish places for both men and women in this city in the near future.

TO APPEAL.

Liedel Estate Will Carry Northern Pacific Case Up.

The suit brought against the Northern Pacific railroad on behalf of the estate of E. A. Liedel will be appealed to the supreme court. The suit was tried in district court at the opening of the March term, and under rulings by Judge Dibell the jury rendered a verdict of only $100 damages for the plaintiff. The amount sued for was $5000.

The suit involves an interesting question of law. It is as to whether the Northern Pacific road had a right to raise the grade of its sidetrack down the side of the Lake avenue slip, when the Marshall-Wells wholesale house was built. The evidence showed that the Western Land association, the former owner of the dock property along the northerly side of the slip, had given the company the right-of-way for a sidetrack over the property. The plaintiff claimed that this grant and the action of the railway company in building the track established the grade of the track as a matter of law. Warehouses were built with their floors at a level a proper distance above the track so that goods could be loaded or unloaded with a minimum of expense. Then the track was raised two feet, and it is claimed the warehouses had to be raised to the new level.

Besides the property owned by the Liedel estate, it is said that additional dock uroperty owned in the East is affected and that its owners have not settled with the railroad. Marion Douglas, attorney for the plaintiff is strong in the belief that the plaintiff can recover, while many other attorneys are of the opposite opinion.

MAJ. FLEMING DEAD.

Prominent Fargo Mason Succumbs to Erysipelas.

Mayor Hugo and A. W. Hepworth received telegrams this morning from Earle Fleming announcing the death of his father, Maj. W. E. Fleming, which occurred at Fargo early this morning.

Earle Fleming was summoned to Fargo Monday night, his father's condition having taken a turn for the worse. Maj. Fleming had been ill about a week with his old enemy, erysipelas. It was thought at first that the attack, though palpably a serious one, might be lessened in its severity, but this hope proved delusive.

Maj. Fleming was one of the most prominent members of the Masonic order in the United States. He had taken the thirty-third degree, and was an active worker in various branches of the order. He was always prominent in notable gatherings of the lodge, and was a notable figure at the jubilee meeting a year ago in Wichita, Kas., which was attended by men prominent in Masonry from all over the country.

Maj. Fleming was to attend the Maundy Thursday banquet to be given by the members of the order in this city next Thursday, and the telegram announcing his death was a dilfication to Mayor Hugo that he would not be present.

Mrs. Fleming has also been quite ill, but was somewhat improved at last accounts.

SUPPLIES

In Large Quantities For Philippines Ordered at Chicago.

Chicago, March 20.—Another large order for supplying the United States army in the Philippines has been given to Chicago packers by Maj. Krauthoff, chief purchasing commissary of the department of the lakes. The supplies will be shipped to San Francisco by two special trains of refrigerator cars and there reloaded on government transports. Specifications of the contract provide that the subsistence stores be delivered in Manila before May 30, and include 35,016 cans of corned beef, 60,036 cans of roast beef, 4008 cans of corned beef hash, 5004 cans of chipped beef, 5016 cans of Vienna sausage, 250,000 pounds of bacon in crates and 110,000 pounds of bacon in cans.

OLYMPIAN

Games Association Stock Will Sell Well In New York.

San Francisco, March 20.—Domingo Vasquez, one time president of Honduras, has arrived in this city. He left here a few weeks ago on the Chilean liner Tucapel to make a visit to some Central American ports, and during the interim he has had a very lively experience. When the Tucapel touched at Corinto, Nick., he was taken from the vessel by order of President Zelaya and locked up in jail. He faced charges of sedition and insurrection, and on Feb. 15 the government authorities released him on his promise to leave the country at the first opportunity.

It is the ambition of Vasquez to form one republic of the Central American countries, and he makes no secret of it.

IN SELF DEFENSE.

A Nashville Man Killed a Dangerous Character.

Nashville, Tenn., March 21.—Jesse Gupton was shot and killed by D. Shearon, in Cheatham county last night. Shearon claims that Gupton was advancing upon him with a knife when he fired three times, the last bullet entering the head. Gupton has served a term in the penitentiary for killing a man. Shearon gave himself up.

FURTHER RETURNS

On the St. Paul Municipal Primary Elections.

St. Paul, March 20.—(Special to The Herald.)—Returns of the three precincts which were not reported to the press were opened by the canvassing board when it met at 10 o'clock this morning at the court house.

In the case of the contest for the second place on the Democratic municipal judgeship ticket, doubt was removed by the missing precincts, which reported an added plurality of 52 for O'Neill over Oppenheim, which, with 56, his apparent plurality on yesterday's returns, gives him a margin of 108.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wallpaper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

LITTLE HOPE

For the Shipping Subsidy Bill In the House.

Washington, March 20.—Careful investigation among certain leaders of the house and senate leads to the conclusion that the ship subsidy bill cannot be passed through the house at this session of congress at least. The influence in the house of the action of the six Republican senators who failed to vote for the bill has been immediate and important. Individual members from Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Michigan and Indiana were all sounded as to the situation. They say there is a large contingent, especially in the Mississippi valley, which is opposed to the bill anyway.

Besides that there are quite a number of other Republicans who would be inclined to vote for the bill on general principles on the theory that it is a quasi-party measure.

These men, however, say that they could not afford to go before their constituents at the next congressional election and permit their votes on the subsidy bill to be made a basis of the campaign. They might vote for the bill, they say, at the short session, but they will not do it now.

There are enough of these men on the Republican side, coupled with about a score more, who will follow the distinguished senators in opposition to the measure, to defer action in the house at least until next winter.

Speaker Henderson is not supposed to be friendly to the measure.

One Republican senator who voted for the subsidy bill said with the utmost frankness this afternoon: "I voted as I did to oblige some excellent friends of mine here in the senate, who were sponsors for the bill. I do not consider the measure a good one, and I was satisfied when I voted as I did that the bill would be beaten in the house, as it deserves to be."

A COMBINE

Of Minnesota Advertising and Bill Posting Companies.

St. Paul, March 20.—In the organization of the Northern Display Advertising company, which was consummated yesterday, occurred one of the most extensive consolidations of advertising interests in this country. The new company will concentrate under one management the L. N. Scott Bill Posting company of St. Paul; the Breslauer Bill Posting company of Minneapolis; the George J. Sherer Sign company of Minneapolis, and the Minnesota Advertising company, whose field of operation has been the Twin Cities and the entire state of Minnesota. Negotiations to this end have been going on for three months or more, but it was not until yesterday that an arrangement agreeable to all the component companies could be reached. The incorporators of the new company are L. N. Scott, of St. Paul; H. Breslauer, George J. Sherer, Robert C. Hoffman and N. H. McAllister, all of Minneapolis, and R. J. Gunning, of Chicago, each of whom has in his own line become well known to Eastern as well as Western advertisers. The company is capitalized for $100,000 which in fact represents but a small proportion of the capital enlisted in its plans of operation.

BODY OF SOUTH DAKOTAN

Who Was Drowned From Waesland Washed Ashore.

New York, March 20.—The body of Elsie Emmett, of South Dakota, who was drowned in the Waesland disaster, has been washed ashore near the little village of Pwellheli, in Wales, according to a dispatch from Liverpool to the American and Journal.

SENSATIONAL PRICES.

New York, March 20.—At the sale of the library of M. Eugene Paillet, says the Paris correspondent of the Herald, some sensational prices were realized. A unique copy of Voltaire's "Zodig" with original drawings by Pelleton Rops, Garnier and Robida, fetched $5000. Balzac's "Eugenie Grandes," with drawings by Dagnan-Bouveret, brought $2500.

ITS USUAL DIVIDEND.

London, March 20.—The Bank of England, at its semi-annual meeting today, declared the usual dividend of 5 per cent. The profits to Feb. 28 were £738,898.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

OFFICERS HAD RING

Beaver Bay Citizens Enter Protest Against Recent Election.

Claim Election Officials Ran Things to Suit Themselves.

No One Could Vote Who Did Not Vote For Them.

Though the season is a bit early, politics seems to be very warm in Beaver Bay township, Cook county.

Yesterday afternoon the judges of the district court received a petition, signed by eleven voters of that township, asking the help of the courts to enforce the election laws, and making some strong charges against the election judges at a township election held there March 11.

The petitioners claim that the judges of election were all candidates for office, and that they formed a combination and ran things to suit themselves, using their power as judges to help out their candidacy. They charge that the judges wrote out the tickets that were voted, including their own names, and that they wrote them out with pen and ink, so as to completely fill the sheets and leave no room for anybody to scratch off the names therein and substitute others.

It is alleged further that these election judges refused to let eligible voters cast their ballots, and that when challenges were made of the votes of people that were satisfactory to the judges, the latter paid no attention to the challenges.

Evidently the result of the election did not please some of the citizens, for eleven of them signed this petition to the judges of the district court asking them to help them out. Included in the petition are allegations that township money has been paid out and no record made of it, and intimation that it would be a good idea to have the township books looked into.

The names of the judges and the township officers are not given in the petition, nor do the petitioners state definitely what they would like to have done.

The judges have no power to do anything on the petition, so it will simply be referred to the county attorney of Lake county, who can look the matter up if he be so minded and see what the trouble is.

THE BOERS.

Delegates Express a Few Opinions on Leaving Country.

New York, March 20.—C. A. Wessels, A. D. Wolmarans and J. M. De Bruyn, Boer delegates who have been in this country for some weeks sailed on La Gascogne today. Mr. Wessels said he did not believe the ammunition found in the ruins of the Hoboken fire was intended for the Boers. "The Boers have no money to buy ammunition," said he, "but when they need any all they have to do is to capture a British convoy and they have enough to supply them for a long time.

"The Boer-British war will establish a precedent for other wars to come in the inhuman fashion in which it is being carried on. I asked the president to appoint a commission of army officers to review the conduct of the Boer-British war but whether he will do so I cannot say."

Alluding to the statement that the Boers wear British uniforms in battle, Mr. Wessels said the Boers have no uniform of their own, therefore when they run out of wearing apparel the only way that they are able to procure it is to take some British soldiers' clothes from which, he added, the distinguishing marks were always removed even to cutting off the coat buttons.

WARSHIPS

For Russia Will Hereafter Be Built at Home.

New York, March 20.—According to Col. Tchernigovsky, of the Russian navy, who has just sailed with his wife and daughter for home on the St. Louis, Russia is not likely to order any more war vessels from foreign shipbuilders. He has been in this country superintending the construction at the Cramp yards of the Variag and Retvizan for the Russian navy. These vessels having been completed, he is now on his way home.

"Russian yards," he said, "have a capacity for building eight ships simultaneously. I have prepared a report on American methods which will have the effect, I think, of doubling their capacity. If at any time Russia should need any more warships from a foreign country America will get the order. The United States is far ahead of any of the European countries in the building of battleships and its ideas are more advanced."

IOWA LEGISLATION.

House Passes Bill Prohibiting Sunday Ball Playing.

Des Moines, March 20.—The Nagle bill prohibiting the playing of baseball or football on Sunday passed the house this forenoon by a vote of 59 to 16.

The senate has passed the bill repealing the provision for a discriminative tax on the business of foreign insurance companies and fixed the tax at 2 per cent on gross premiums the same per cent as paid by American companies. Only five senators voted against the proposition.

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale of same on first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.



Have You Noticed Our Windows?

KENNEY

ANKER & DENNY

409-411 West Superior Street. Duluth's New Clothing Store.

Only one day more and then the Grand Easter and Spring Opening Saturday, March 22



Flaaten's Concert Orchestra in a good program of popular music Saturday afternoon and evening.

Be sure to be with us—not necessary to buy, but share in the good time.

Our Boys' Depart'nt

Ready Saturday with everything to dress the children for Confirmation and Easter.

A grand new stock made expressly for us

AT WEST DULUTH

Prominent attorneys of the city say that the impression that has been given there is a clash in jurisdiction of the West Duluth justice court and Duluth municipal court uptown in the trespass and assault cases against the young men, Bentson and Bourasa, of this part of the city, is entirely wrong; that there is no clash. It is claimed that unless a case is actually under trial in one or other of the courts, the complaining witnesses have a right to begin action in the other court; in fact could begin a third action in another court were there one to try such cases.

The case first came before the West Duluth justice court, and was adjourned until Saturday evening. A similar action was brought in the municipal court, and the trial will take place Friday morning.

It is claimed that the outcome of the trial Friday morning will determine the standing of the case in West Duluth justice court. If the defendants are either convicted or acquitted the case cannot be continued further against them in the justice court. On the other hand, if the case had been set in the justice court for today, and it had been disposed of no further action could be taken in municipal court. The lawyers say it is practically a situation where the court that tries the case first has the jurisdiction.

The attorneys say that all talk that marriages by Justice Stone may have question as to their legality is not reasonable. They say the law protects the persons in making the marriage contract where it was supposed they were being married by a legally qualified person. As to the question of the legality of the West Duluth justice court, there has been more or less discussion before, and most of the attorneys are inclined to hold that it depends largely on the extent of enabling power granted the city by legislature in making its new charter. The West Duluth justice court clause was put in the new charter for the express purpose of satisfying the West Duluthians and to get their support in the vote on the charter, and the general opinion is that the actions of the court will be held legal.

FINISHED HIS CUT.

Simon Anderson, of Cloquet, is in West Duluth today looking for a house. If successful he will move his family here to remain for a time. About a year ago Mr. Anderson established a sawmill at Cloquet and began cutting dead and down timber. His mill has a capacity of 20,000 feet per day-output, and has been running steadily. The venture, Mr. Anderson says, has been a very satisfactory one in every way, and the output of the mill has been sold to the Duluth Lumber company.

Having finished the dead and down cut at Cloquet, Mr. Anderson will very shortly remove his mill from Cloquet. He will establish it in the Rainy Lake country, on the line of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road, just as soon as the line is constructed. The mill will be located in a good timber country that will insure it of a steady cut for several years.

READY TO FIGHT.

An inebriated individual created a ripple of excitment at one of the popular West Duluth boarding houses last evening, when he appeared and demanded quarters. He wanted to engage a room and then go to the city and enjoy himself. When it was argued to him that he had about all the hilariousness in his clothes that he could comfortably carry without getting into trouble, the would-be roomer developed a desire to whip everyone in sight, and would probably have made the attempt had not an athletically inclined young man, formerly in the commission business here, ejected him from the house.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Friday evening the officers of the Degree of Honor lodge of West Duluth will give an entertainment for the members. A very pleasing program has been arranged, consisting of music, readings, recitations and addresses. A lunch will be served during the evening.

The Redmen of West Duluth have begun arrangements for the annual ball of the order, which will be held the Thursday evening following Easter.

A very pleasant social affair was given by Euclid lodge, A. F. and A. M., last evening to the members and their families. Cards were played.

The excavation work for the Wieland & Wade building at the corner of Ramse ystreet and Central avenue west was begun this morning.

August Bousky returned this morning from the range.

Fred Monkhouse will leave today for a short visit at his old home in New York state.

House-moving in West Duluth seems to have an early start this spring. Among others of the West Duluthians that are in the midst of the pleasures and trials of the movement is George Method, who is moving into the Palmer residence on Fifty-seventh avenue west, formerly occupied by H. R. Patterson. L. H. Longtin has purchased a home and will move into it from the house he now occupies on Fifty-seventh avenue west. William Clifton and family will take the house vacated by Mr. Longtin.

The Workmen lodge, at its meeting last evening, appointed a committee on the good of the order, whose duty it will be to provide special entertaining features for the members at the meetings from now on. This movement is in line with the aggressive policy of the order in the campaign to increase its membership in West Duluth.

Rev. and Mrs. Svenson left today for their new home in Iowa.

Joseph Hicks and George Bothwell left today for Drummond.

Alfred Prevost and sister, of Cloquet, are visiting friends here today.

Edward Savier is down from French river.

William Parker and Joseph Dishmau arrived this morning from Highland.

Miss Rebecca Coughlan is sick with an attack of bronchitis.

William Coughlan has given up his position at Lester Park and has entered the insurance business at West Duluth.

James Medland is on the sick list.

John Phillips left yesterday for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., where he will be employed for the rest of the season.

Roy Huggins, of New Duluth, was a visitor in West Duluth today.

Word has been received from Gus Le Mars, formerly in charge of the Lesure Lumber company's shingle mill, stating that he is in Washington and expects soon to return to West Duluth.

Adam Brotherton is down from Cloquet.

Joseph Smith has returned from a visit in Wisconsin.

T. Gonyea returned today from the range.

Martin Smithson is back from a trip on the north shore.

Malcolm Brotherton, who has been logging along the Cloquet river, returned to West Duluth today.

Peter Gilley will build a new ice house. He has found it necessary to move from the proposed site of the building all of the logs that he has been hauling from the top of the hill this winter.

Daniel O'Connor came down from Hibbing today.

Riddle & Eller, of the Proctorknott Mercantile company, have begun work on a large warehouse extension to the company's store in that village.

James Curry, who has been visiting in Canada, has returned, called here by the sickness of his daughter.

William Curry has returned from Ely, where he spent the winter.

Charles Brown, proprietor of the West Duluth covered rink, will, during the coming season, make extensive improvements in the way of enlarging the rink and removing the supporting pillars from the center. The past season has been a prosperous one for the rink.

Miss Daphne Kiltin has accepted a position in the office of G. A. Tomlinson, vessel agent.

S. A. Stewart and A. Stewart have disposed of their grocery business here and will leave shortly for the Pacific coast.

The ladies of Pearl hive No. 4, I. O. T. M., will give a dime social at the home of Mrs. J. B. Salter, 6114 Green street, this evening. All are invited.

The Junior league of the Asbury M. E. church will give a poverty social Friday, March 21. One cent will be charged for wearing neckties, collars, white shirts, ribbons, laces, jewelry, fine dresses and belts. Good program, refreshments. Admission 10 cents. All are invited.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

WANTED

Three Furnished Houses in East End by good Tenants—No children.

D. R. McLENNAN,

Insurance and Bonds. Office of Manley-McLennan Agency, Torrey Building, First Floor.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,

310 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.



WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

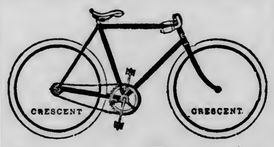
HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.



Crescent Bicycles

For 1902 are the leaders as usual.

Now have a large stock on hand to select from. Prices on Crescents are right.

$25 to $35

All Crescents guaranteed.

WIELAND & WADE,

Hardware and Bicycles.

CLAIMING INSANITY

Defense In the Karvo Case Striving to Prove Insanity.

Queer Actions Previous to Coming to Duluth Are Related.

Witnesses Tell of His Fearing Death From Thirty Men.

In the Karvo case this morning the defense was introducing testimony to prove that Karvo was insane when he killed Jacob Myllymaki, based mostly upon his peculiar actions while he was in a camp near Floodwood, just before he came to Duluth.

Karvo's actions in the court room remain about the same as they have been. His chair has been turned around so that he faces the jury, but he never looks at the jurors. He keeps his head slightly bent and stares mildly at his hat on the table in front of him. He pays no attention to the testimony, though several of the witnesses this morning were old friends of his. His inattention cannot be due to a lack of understanding, for he speaks English, and some of this morning's testimony was given in Finnish and interpreted.

William Anderson, who was working in the same camp with Karvo just before he came to Duluth, said that on the night of Jan. 7 Karvo went to bed with his cap and clothes on, only kicking off his rubbers. He wore several shirts and three or four pairs of socks. Anderson occupied the same bunk, but Karvo did not let him sleep. Karvo had told him that day that there were thirty men out in the woods trying to kill him, and he remained awake all night, his open knife in his hand, watching for his enemies. He would not let Anderson sleep, but insisted that he keep watch also. In the morning, soon after he got up, he took his accordion out in the yard and smashed it with an ax. During the forenoon he told Anderson that he had to go to Duluth to die.

On cross-examination by Mr. McClintock, Anderson said that Karvo complained of a chill, and the witness felt his pulse and found it to be very rapid. He had eaten no supper the night before, and he ate no breakfast on the morning of Jan. 7.

Andrew Louma, who also worked in the same camp, said Karvo told him he was sick, and that he did not know what was the matter with him. He saw him go to bed with his clothes on, but he did not see him have a knife, and he did not wear his cap. Next morning Karvo walked out and tore two boards off one of the buildings and threw them on the ground. Louma was cutting wood, and Karvo borrowed his ax and smashed his accordion with it. When Louma said he should not have spoiled his accordion, Karvo said he should have spoken sooner, as he knew they had spoiled his (Karvo's) head. Louma told Karvo that he had the fever and that he should go to the hospital. When Karvo left he told Louma to be good, as he would not see his again.

Erick Rahja saw Karvo in Floodwood that day, and asked him why he did not go and eat his dinner somewhere. Karvo told him he was afraid he would be poisoned if he did.

C. M. Stevens said Karvo told him that people were trying to kill him. He placed his hand on his stomach and said he "felt very bad." Stevens thought from his actions that he was out of his mind through sickness. Karvo's reputation, he said, was that of a quiet and peaceable man. On cross-examination he said that up to a year or two ago Karvo got drunk very frequently.

Austin J. Meagher said he had known Karvo for six years, and that his reputation was that of a quiet and harmless man.

Tony Fiskett, city jailor, testified that he rode with Karvo in the patrol wagon when he was arrested, and that Karvo was singing.

The testimony for the defense was not all in when the noon recess was taken.

The defense rested after Fiskett's testimony, which was concluded this afternoon.

The state introduced Drs. Graham and Murray in rebuttal. They testified that they examined Karvo after he was arrested and found his pulse a little above normal and some signs of fever, but there was no symptom of insanity.

Jailer Ed Mahoney was also introduced and testified as to Karvo's conduct while confined in jail. He said that he appeared perfectly rational, obeyed all orders to the letter and gave no sign of insanity at any time during his confinement. Mr. Mahoney said he was familiar with insane cases, having taken care of an average of twenty a month since he has been jailer.

The defense called Nic Christopher, who called on Karvo at the jail a week or so after his arrest. He said Karvo told him that a whole crowd was after him in the saloon going at him with chairs, etc.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon County Attorney McClintock began his address to the jury.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

THE BONDS.

Probability That N. J. Upham & Co. Will Get the Issue.

It is probable that N. J. Upham & Co., of this city, will be awarded the issue of $60,000 water and light bonds for which the council received bids last Monday night.

This firm offered to pay $60,610 for the bonds, which was the highest bid submitted for the entire issue. John Pengilly, of Tower, offered a premium of $200 for $10,000 worth of the bonds, but his bid was not in regular form.

The city officers desire to push this bond sale to as speedy a conclusion as possible in order that the water and light department may have money in the extension fund to take up the building of the Woodland system.

This extension calls for 13,325 feet of water main and 13,042 feet of gas mains. The estimated cost of this improvement, including the installation of ten fire hydrants, is $27,000.

Outside of the Woodland extensions other improvements to the system, planned for the coming summer, will require an expenditure of $13,000. The water and light commissioners also contemplate an expenditure of $10,000 on improving the manufacturing machinery at the gas plant and they are required to replace $10,000 spent for construction last year, which was in excess of the balance in the construction fund.

This will take up the entire sum of $60,000, but the improvements are important and urgently petitioned for by taxpayers.

DESTROYED.

A. La Pointe's Home at Lakeside Is a Total Loss.

The home of A. La Pointe, at 4803 Oneida street, was destroyed by fire at 11 o'clock this morning.

The blaze from this house also set fire to the home of Mrs. M. Spagamo, next door, but the work of the Lakeside firemen and neighbors saved it from destruction.

It is supposed that the La Pointe house caught fire from a defective chimney. It burned so rapidly that it was impossible to remove much of the furniture.

Owing to the distance from the fire hydrants it was impossible to get a stream of water on the burning house. The firemen and neighbors formed a bucket brigade and in this way saved the house adjoining.

The damage to the La Pointe house is estimated at $1500 and only half covered by insurance. The loss on the adjoining house was about $200 and covered.

WILL STOP AT WASHINGTON.

Rome, March 20.—Mgr. Sbaretti, the papal delegate to the Philippines, who is on his way to Manilla, will make a brief stop at Washington in order to consult the United States government in connection with Philippine affairs. The story that he is taking with him a papal bull providing for the re-establishment of a hierarchy is authoritatively denied.

DEATH OF NOAH DAVIS.

New York, March 20.—Noah Davis, formerly a justice of the supreme court of this state, died at his home here today of old age. He presided at the trials of William M. Tweed for official malfeasance and of E. S. Stokes, for the Fisk murder. He also served one term in congress, being elected as a Republican. Justice Davis was born at Haverhill, N. H., in 1818.

Your Credit Is Good at BAYHA'S

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in the City of Duluth.

Our stock of Furniture, Carpets, Rugs and Lace Curtains is complete, and our prices at least 20 cents on the dollar less than any other store here. We are going to continue for another week—

⅓ OFF ON DINING ROOM CHAIRS

One-third off for another week. Come in and look at our Wilton Velvet Carpets at ONE DOLLAR per yard, made, laid and lined, and at our Wool Carpets at 40c per yard, made, laid and lined.

CASH OR CREDIT

Terms:
$ 5.00 per month on ____ $ 25.00
$ 6.00 per month on ____ $ 35.00
$ 7.00 per month on ____ $ 50.00
$ 8.00 per month on ____ $ 60.00
$ 9.00 per month on ____ $ 75.00
$10.00 per month on ____ $100.00

BAYHA & CO.

Lowest price, highest grade housefurnishers in the city.

24 and 26 E. Superior St. Look for big wire sign on roof.

IMPROVE ROAD BED

Northern Pacific Preparing For Work on Lake Superior Division.

Fifty-Four Miles of New Steel to Be Laid This Year.

Heavier Rails to Be Put Down on Ashland Division.

The Northern Pacific road is preparing to begin the extensive betterments it will make in the roadbed and tracks on its Lake Superior division during the coming season. Steam shovels are being put in shape, and will be sent out as soon as the frost is out of the ground enough so it can be moved.

The improvements to be made will extend all over the Lake Superior division. That is to say, the work will be done wherever the line has not already been brought up to the moder standard. New ditches will be dug, and the grade widened and strengthened.

About fifty-four miles of new steel will be laid on all parts of the division. Some rails as light as fifty-four pounds will be taken up. Some of this light iron is still in use on the Ashland division, and has been down since the '80s. It is said to be in remarkably good condition for light steel that has been used so long. But it is not up to the new railroad standard, which contemplates the use of the heaviest engines and cars carrying up to fifty tons or over of freight. The Northern Pacific is getting to have many of the big 80,000-pound boxcars, more than any other road. Heavier engines are needed to haul the traffic loaded in this class of equipment, and it makes hard pounding on light rails.

The new rails laid are seventy-two pound. The greater part of it to be laid on the Lake Superior division this season will be put down on the Ashland branch, which is known as District No. 1. Twenty-four miles of old steel will be taken up here and relaid with the new and heavier rails. In District No. 2, which comprises the line to the west, fourteen miles of new rails will be put down. The old St. Paul & Duluth is District No. 3. Sixteen miles of new steel will replace the old rails on that part of the line.

This season's work will place the Northern Pacific's system in this part of the country in pretty advanced condition as far as attaining the modern standard is concerned. This extensive work has been going on for about five years, as much progress being made each season as the continuance of traffic would permit.

It is said to be not at all outside the range of possibility that the passenger time between Duluth and Ashland will be shortened when the permanent betterments in the roadbed and track have been completed. The Duluth-Chicago traffic is said to be controlled with regard to time, as is the case with the Duluth-St. Paul traffic and the St. Paul-Chicago through trains. In both of the latter cases there is a tentative or direct agreement as to running time, between Chicago and St. Paul the long lines insist on fixing the minimum running time for limited train service or going after the business on a reduced rate business. The Milwaukee and Northwestern, which are the short lines, evade this agreement by not running sleepers through between terminals. In this way they are enabled to handle through business on their fast mail trains. There is nothing in this agreement, it is said, that would prevent the Northern Pacific and Wisconsin Central from shortening the time of their Duluth-Chicago service. The Wisconsin Central is doing a great deal of work in the betterment of its roadbed and track, and some railroad men predict that it will not be very long before this route will provide a much faster train service to Chicago.

EVANGELIST.

Campbell Morgan, Successor to Dwight L. Moody Coming Here.

Campbell Morgan, the evangelist who has taken up the work of the late Dwight L. Moody, will be in Duluth from April 15 to 22.

The Duluth Ministerial association held a special meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms yesterday afternoon to make preliminary arrangements for his coming.

Many of the churches of the city will join in a general revival service. Mr. Morgan is said to be an evangelist of great ability, and the Duluth ministers consider themselves fortunate in having him here to help them on with their church work.

HAS MUCH IRON.

Sault's Mayor Makes Big Claim For Canada.

"There is more iron in Canada than there is in the United States," says Mayor J. G. Stradley, of the American Soo, who is stopping at the Spalding. Mr. Stradley predicts that the Canadian deposits will give American mines a good run for their money before many years have gone by. He says that F. H. Clergue, the Soo promoter and capitalist, is bringing Canadian ore to the United States to be manufactured. He gets his ore over the boundary free of duty, while there is a large differential against importations of the manufactured product. Mr. Stradley says that Mr. Clergue gets a bounty of $8 a ton from the Canadian government on manufactured steel and $3 on pig iron made in the Dominion. He has already invested $25,000,000 in or tributary to the Soo towns in ground wood, sulphite fiber and paper mills, water power and iron and steel business and railroads.

STANAHAN FOR COLLECTOR.

Washington, March 20.—The president today nominated Nevada N. Stanahan to be collector of customs of the district of New York.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

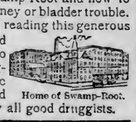
Kidney Trouble Makes You Miserable.



Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century; discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing lame back, kidney, bladder, uric acid troubles and Bright's Disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** is not recommended for everything but if you have kidney, liver or bladder trouble it will be found just the remedy you need. It has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of this paper who have not already tried it, may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular fifty cent and dollar sizes are sold by all good druggists.



Home of Swamp-Root.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Another laughing week.

Tonight at Grace M. E. church, the W. F. S. M. auxiliary will hold its annual thnk offering meeting. A special program will be given, and the pastor will give a review of the recent state convention held in Minneapolis, at which Bishop Thoburn gave his experience of forty-eight years in India and Malaysia.

Elks meet tonight. Nominations. Work.

The meeting of the Commercial club committee that was to have been held yesterday afternoon, was postponed because the committee on location was not ready to report.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Gustave Syvertsen, Syvest Jensen, Martin Johnson and Ole Bargvis, late of Norway and Swedens; John Koulack, late of Russia and Joseph Harris, late of Great Britain.

In the civil branches of district court today the cases that were on trial yesterday were still on. Judge Ensign was trying the case of Mary R. Inman against the Butler-Ryan company, in which Searle & Spencer appear for the plaintiff and S. D. Allen and J. L. Washburn for the defendant. Judge Cant was hearing the case of the Vulcan Iron Works against Harry Roberts.

R. H. Cox & Co. have begun suit in district court against W. B. Henderson to recover $154.8 alleged to be due for plumbing work on a house at Lakeside. Thomas A. Gall is the attorney.

Carl Dahlberg, of St. Louis county, was arrested yesterday and arraigned before United States Commissioner Pressnell, charged with selling liquor to two Indians named Shing-biz and Ah-man-ke-way-he-kiking, of the Fond du Lac reservation. He entered a plea of not guilty and his examination was set for March 29. Bail was fixed at $100 and was furnished by George C. Blackwood of this city.

The local weather forecast for tonight and Friday indicates threatening weather, rain or snow with brisk to high northeasterly winds. During the last twenty-four hours there has been but little variation in temperature for the head of the lakes region, the minimum being 30 degrees and the maximum 32 degrees above zero.

A meeting of the building contractors and material men will be held this afternoon, at which it is hoped to perfect the organization of a builders' exchange.

PERSONALS.

Bert Gidley has returned from Winnipeg, where he has been visiting his brother and incidentally witnessing the Stanley cup hockey games.

Mrs. J. Van Blarcom, of Ely, and Mrs. F. P. James, of Two Harbors, are visiting in the city for a few days. They are stopping at the St. Louis.

G. G. Barnum went to Minneapolis today over the Eastern Minnesota.

H. Jarow, the McKinley iron man, is at the McKay today.

Frank S. Dunbar, representative of the Standard Oil company, at Marinette, and W. S. Peavey, connected with the Chicago office of the same company, are making a trip over the Duluth district in company with Manager Pollock.

A. R. Macfarlane and Mrs. Macfarlane will leave over the South Shore tomorrow for Boston.

F. Y. Holston, of Bayfield, arrived at the McKay this noon.

T. W. Davis will leave on the Fast Mail this afternoon for Chicago.

John Coggswell, the editor of the Iron News, Mrs. Coggswell, Attorney M. O. Ambolee and E. A. Daniels, are Two Harbors people who came down on the noon train and are stopping at the St. Louis.

D. T. McPhee, of Koochiching, arrived in the city this morning. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

Capt. and Mrs. R. W. Sanborn left last evening for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich, their future home. Capt. Sanborn has been in charge of the light station at Superior entry for the past fifteen years, and he and his wife were among the pioneer settlers of Duluth, having come here in 1869.

Mrs. F. M. Kittenring, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. McLean, of 1228 East Third street, returned last night from De Witt, Iowa, where she had been visiting with friends, and will leave Friday morning for her home in Vancouver.

Miss Mae Belle Corkins, who has been teaching school at Mesaba, Minn., for some time past, was recently operated on for appendicitis at St. Mary's hospital. She is recovering very rapidly.

Word was received in the city this morning that Mrs. Frank L. Buell, who has been visiting at her former home in Knoxville, Tenn., for the past six week, is seriously ill. Mr. Buell left this afternoon for Knoxville.

DECLINES.

Rev. W. W. Dawley of Minneapolis Will Not Come Here.

Rev. W. W. Dawley, of the Central Baptis church of Minneapolis, has declined to accept the call of the First Baptist church of this city to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Rev. B. R. Patrick.

The decision of Rev. Dawley is received with regret by the members of the congregation here, but it is generally understood that the climate in Minneapolis agrees with him much better than the Lake Superior climate.

RHODES IS BETTER.

Cape Town, March 20.—Cecil Rhodes passed a better night. He slept more than for some time past. Consequently there is a distinct improvement in his condition today.

1:10 p. m.—Cecil Rhodes had a good sleep this forenoon. His physicians have promised that, if possible, he shall sail for England next week. Dr. Jameson does not consider t.. s to be impossible.

Freimuth's Busy Underprice... Friday

Muslin Wear *Underprice.*

88c for gowns of excellent muslin that are worth $1—have 10-inch cambric flounce with tucking and Torchon insertion and lace.

47c for pretty and serviceable girdles of fine satine, well boned and correctly shaped — in pink, blue and white.

29c for large size house wife Aprons — of excellent gingham that sell usually for 35c — head to foot size—well made.

Slippers *Underprice.*

89c for Women's $1.25 Slippers—made of good vici kid with one strap and bow—opera heel—Friday's price—89c.

Embroideries *Underprice.*

10c—for splendid quality Embroideries—3½ to 5 inches wide, in a large assortment of pretty patterns. Regular value from 15c to 19c per yard —tomorrow 10c.

Pillow Tops *Underprice.*

19c—for Tapestry and fancy colored Pillow Tops in very new and attractive designs—regular value 25c and 35c—choice tomorrow 19c.

Gloves *Underprice.*

65c for regular $1 gloves —in all the new spring colors—hook button and clasp styles—soft pliable shades—mode, tan, brown, red and black—not every size of one style, but all sizes in some style—tomorrow 65c.

Handkerchiefs *Underprice.*

7c for Men's 10c Japonette Handkerchiefs—with 1-inch hem nicely hemstitched—tomorrow's special price: 7c each—3 for 20c.

7c for 20c all linen handkerchiefs—with fancy black and white border—all linen—worth 20c—7c.

Easter Perfumes *Underprice.*

69c for the celebrated Rogers' and Gallet's Perfumes in all the floral odors—sells regularly at $1 per ounce—tomorrow, per ounce 69c.

19c for 25c bottles of Listerine — antiseptic, disenfectant and prophylactic—tomorrow 19c.

Carpets *Underprice.*

48c—for 65c extra quality all wool Ingrain Carpets in choice patterns and colors. Regular 65c qualities tomorrow at 48c per yard.

10c—for 15c Curtain Muslins, 36 inches wide, in new stripe designs.

Washday Housewares—*Underprice.*

69c—for 98c large sized galvanized wash tubs.

69c—for $1.00 Willow Clothes Baskets—extra large size.

10c—for 15c Towel Rollers—made of hard wood, nicely finished

1c—for one dozen good hardwood Clothes Pins.

10c—for 15c braided cotton Clothes Line.

$1.29—for Wringers with 10-inch rollers and solid frame.

18c—for large galvanized Water Palls.

Toilet Paper *Underprice.*

8c—for package of fine "Northwest" and "Velvet" Toilet Papers. You all know them as the best Toilet Papers on the market and that this is a very low price.

Dress Skirts *Underprice.*

$3.00—for Dress Skirts of excellent black cloth—good Percaline lining—cut with stylish flaring flounce, trimmed with two satin folds—a perfect hanging and very serviceable skirt —tomorrow $3.00.

TUG IS SOLD.

Thomas Trevillion Buys the Dudley---Bloomer Girl Reported Sold.

Capt. D. E. Stevens of the Stevens' Tug line has sold the tug Joe D. Dudley to Thomas Trevillion, of this city. The consideration named is $2000. The Dudley is about nineteen tons burden. It is understood that the tug will continue operating in the Stevens' Tug line this season.

A rumor is current in marine circles today that Capt. Thomas Richardson, owner of the excursion steamer Bloomer Girl, has sold the steamer, and that she will be taken out of Lake Superior as soon as navigation opens. Capt. Richardson could not be found to either confirm or deny the report. The Bloomer Girl was brought to the head of the lakes for the excursion business at the opening of last season, and did a big business up to cold weather in the fall. She made a large number of trips around the horn and on a few occasions ran to Fond du Lac, on the St. Louis river. She came here from the Milwaukee harbor. She is 109 feet long, eight feet deep and was built in Ludington, Mich., in 1894.

REMOVED FROM ACTION.

Two Begging Cripples Sent to County Jail.

Hark to the dull, sobbing sound; the melancholy splashing of tears; moans and the groans. See the mournful figures silently leaving police court. Both on crutches. One is Peter Stone and the other Pat Rohan.

Many years ago Stone had one of his toes slightly frozen. Since then he has used crutches and made a living on the Bowery, claiming the prerogatives of a cripple.

Last night two sturdy woodsmen refused to give him the price of a drink. There was nothing for the poor, unfortunate cripple to do but knock the woodsmen out with a series of flashing jabs. If his toe had not been frozen he could not have done better. When Stone appeared in court he was given thirty days in the county jail.

Rohan, the other cripple, is said to have used crutches because some person hurt his feelings when a boy. The court gave him thirty days too and thus the Bowery is rid of two professional beggars for a month at least.

* * *

"Honest" George Garvin, a beautiful Bowery bartender, was arrested today for not living up to his title.

He short changed a woodsman $10 on a $25 deal and the court sentenced him to pay a fine and costs amounting to $57 or go to jail for forty days.

* * *

David Cullen and William Cullen, two brothers, were arrested because it was said they used threats against some other Garfield avenue boys were in court this morning. There was absolutely no evidence against David and that against the other was worse than nothing, so the court dismissed the case.

The complaint stated that the two Cullens "chased the boys four blocks in their shirt sleeves." The crowd in the court room were hoping the shirt sleeves would be introduced in evidence. They did not think it possible to make sleeves that long.

HAVE HEARD NOTHING.

Neither lake and rail men nor shippers here have learned anything definite about the lake and rail rate on flour for this season. Most of the interests affected believe that the rate has not been definitely established, though some consider that Monday's meeting practically fixed the rates as stated in The Herald's telegraph columns yesterday. This was on the basis of 19½ cents on export business from St. Paul to New York, which would mean 14½ cents from Duluth. This seems to be about the only logical basis that rates can be made on, it is said, in order to maintain the usual differential of all-rail rates. The latter has already been fixed at 22¼ cents from St. Paul to New York, on export business and 25 cents on domestic shipments. It is believed that the trunk lines and lake lines are fighting with the through rate lines to force them to accept a smaller division of the through rate than 5 cents per hundred. This is 26 per cent of a 19½-cent rate, instead of the 22 per cent proportion they demanded in the first place.

DILLON IS EXPELLED

London, March 20.—One of the liveliest scenes witnessed in the house of commons since the palmiest days of the Irish Nationalists, ended this afternoon in the suspension of John Dillon. During the discussion of South African affairs, the Liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, criticized the ministers' conduct "in uttering malignant slanders" in referring to the Liberal leadership. "The malignant slanders," he said were made for party purposes. The government was going from blunder to blunder in the management of affairs, and if this continued "the country would see a repetition of the evil days of the American war."

The speaker uttered a bitter, detailed criticism of the government's treatment of the Boers.

The colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the course of an equally incisive reply, said he desired deliberately to accuse Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman of losing no opportunity for slandering his countrymen, the soldiers and the government. "Consequently the malignant slanders" had come from the opposition side.

The speaker, Sir William Court Gully, here intervened and declared that the term "malignant slanger" was unparliamentary.

Both Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Chamberlain thereupon withdrew the words amid cheers.

Mr. Chamberlain, proceeding, referred to the Boers who are fighting on the British side, when John Dillon (Irish Nationalist) interjected:

"They are traitors."

On which Mr. Chamberlain retorted: "The honorable gentleman is a good judge of traitors."

A scene of great confusion ensued. When order was partially restored Mr. Dillon demanded a ruling on Mr. Chamberlain's words.

The speaker said: "An honorable member spoke of soldiers serving under the British flag as traitors. I deprecated the interruption and I deprecated the retort of the other member."

Mr. Dillon then said: "I will tell the right honorable member that he is a damned liar."

A dead silence followed this remark. Such unparliamentary language seemed to stun the house.

The speaker invited Mr. Dillon to withdraw the expression, but the utter said: "I will not withdraw."

"Then I must name you,' said the speaker.

The government leader, A. J. Balfour, then said: "I beg to move that Mr. Dillon be suspended from service in the house."

The motion was carried by 248 to 48 votes.

Mr. Dillon immediately, by direction of the speaker, left the house, amid wild Nationalist cheers, and Mr. Chamberlain resumed his speech.

Mr. Dillon's suspension under the present rules cannot exceed a week. His offence would have been much more severely dealt with had the new rules been in force.

OFFAL FALLS.

Local millers report that there is a good demand for flour, but the bids are on a basis that cannot be accepted.

The latest disappointing feature in the flour trade situation is the sharp slump in the price of offal that has taken place in the past sixty days, particularly of late. This decline is said to be equal to an advance in the price of flour of 25 cents a barrel. Buyers cannot understand why with a decline in wheat flour is higher, and still under the influence of the offal decline this anomalous situation is a matter of necessity.

It is said that the prices of bran and middings were pushed up above a relatively legitimate level. The slump is considered by millers here to be simply a natural readjustment of values. As soon as the natural relation of prices has been reached, it is expected that the trade will accept the situation. It is also considered likely that the market for flour will be stimulated by the opening of lake navigation and the opportunity for delivering the product to buyers at a smaller charge for freight.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, March 20.—Soon after the senate convened today, Mr. Aldrich, chairman of the committee on finance, reported the bill to repeal war revenue taxes. He gave notice that he would call up the measure for consideration tomorrow. Consideration then was resumed of the bill for the protection of the president of the United States. Mr. Rawlins (Utah) said he was not in opposition to the main results to be accomplished by the pending bill, but it fell short in his opinion of affording that complete protection to the president which he ought to have.

Mr. Mallory (Fla.) said the proposed legislation was most important. It was novel and practically without precedent in the history of the country. He said there was no doubt of the power of congress to provide protection for federal officers, but he held that the punishment should not be inflicted except when it was established that the offense was committed against the president or other officials only when he was in the performance of his duty as such officer.

He held that it was within the power of congress to throw the mantle of protection around an official of the United States merely because he was such an official. He believed, however, that congress had the right to enact legislation for the protection of the president and vice president at all times, but he thought that such power did not extend to the protection of anybody else.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 20.—At the opening of the session of the house today Mr. Hull (Iowa) reported the army appropriation bill. The house then resumed consideration of the rivers and harbors bill.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gil Granmason and Del McMullen.

BIRTHS.

DAVIS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. J. C. Davis, of 1508 East Superior street.

DEATHS.

HARTLEY—Mrs. Rebecca B. Hartley, widow of Edward W. Hartley, late of Canterbury, New Brunswick, died at 2 o'clock, Wednesday afternoon, at the residence of her son, G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street. Mrs. Hartley was 73 years old and leaves seven surviving children: Mrs. L. G. Rodgers, of Buffalo, N. Y., Heber L. and Frederick C. Hartley, formerly of Duluth; Roland H. Hartley, of Minneapolis; B. Frank and Wilder W. Hartley, of California, and Guildford G. Hartley, of Duluth.

HAMAKER—Helen Lucile Hamaker, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob G. Hamaker, died March 17.

The funeral service will be Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the home, 1117 East First street.

SUND—Ralph O. Sund, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Sund, of 727 East Fourth street, died yesterday. The funeral service will be tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from the family residence.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largest ever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant. EISCHEN BROS., 120 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A CLEAR SKIN CAN BE CULTIVATED and the plainest faces grow lovely using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

WANTED — STRONG NORWEGIAN or Finnish girl for kitchen. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake avenue Bethel.

GOOD SECOND COOK WANTS WORK in boarding house. Address J 68, Herald.

ANOTHER MINE SOLD

Lease of Bennett & Longyear Property Near Hibbing Bought.

J. B. Adams Holds Leases and Eastern Minnesota Is Buyer.

Railroad Supposed to Represent Others---Bonus of $125,000.

Another mine in the Hibbing district has been sold and the Eastern Minnesota railroad appears as the purchaser, although it is supposed that the railroad appears as the representative of interests not yet ready to make their identity known.

The property is the southwest quarter of section 27-58-20, a short distance northwest of Hibbing. Half of the fee is owned by the John S. Pillsbury estate, of Minneapolis, and the other half by R. M. Bennett, of Minneapolis, and John M. Longyear, of Marquette, Mich.

Two leases, each covering eighty acres, were obtained from the fee-holders, and are in the name of John B. Adams, of this city. Mr. Adams has a large interest in them, but it is understood that others are in the deal with him. The property has been explored and a vein of ore running across the entire quarter section has been shown up. It is understood that the amount of ore in sight now is 3,500,000 tons, with a good prospect of finding considerably more.

The minimum output provided for in each lease is 50,000 tons, making 100,000 tons for the entire property. The royalty to be paid the fee-holders is 25 cents a ton.

The ore is said to run from 60 to 61 per cent in iron and .055 in phosphorus.

The leases were purchased by the Eastern Minnesota railroad and the reported terms are a bonus of $125,000 and a royalty of 30 cents a ton. This means that the leaseholders represented by Mr. Adams will get 5 cents a ton on the output.

The Eastern Minnesota railroad will, of course, get the ore hauling.

ONE FARE GRANTED.

Cripple Creek, Col., March 20.—Arthur F. Francis, president of the trans-Mississippi congress, has been advised by railways west of the Mississippi that there will be a rate of one fare for the round trip to the meeting in St Paul in August.

Blotched, rough, red, tender skin, smoothed to satin softness, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

LADY RODNEY DIVORCED.

London, March 20.—Lady Rodney, a daughter of Baron Wimborne and a cousin of the duke of Marlborough, was granted a divorce today from her husband, the fourth Baron Rodney, on the grounds of cruelty and infidelity. The plaintiff testified to her husband's violence. On one occasion he struck her in the eye with his fist and she thereupon left him.

Reward of Merit.

A New Catarrh Cure Secures National Popularity in Less Than One Year.

Throughout a great nation of eighty million it is a desperate struggle to secure even a recognition for a new article, to say nothing of achieving popular favor, and yet within one year Stuart's Catarrh



Tablets, the new catarrh cure, has met with such success that today it can be found in every drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

To be sure a large amount of advertising was necessary in the first instance to bring the remedy to the attention of the public, but everyone familiar with the subject knows that advertising alone never made any article permanently successful. It must have in addition absolute, undeniable merit, and this the new catarrh cure entirely possesses in a marked degree.

Physicians, who formerly depended upon inhalers, sprays and local washes or ointments, now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because, as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all the really efficient catarrh remedies, such as red gum, blood root and similar antiseptics.

They contain no cocaine nor opiate, and are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. J. Rettiger, of Covington, Ky., says: "I suffered from catarrh in my head and throat every fall, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice and often extending to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach. I bought a fifty-cent package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's, carried them in my pocket and used them faithfully, and in the way in which they cleared my head and throat was certainly remarkable. I had no catarrh last winter and spring and consider myself entirely free from catarrhal trouble."

Mrs. Jerome Ellison, of Wheeling, W. Va., writes: "I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were out of school a large portion of the winter. My brother, who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, urged me to try them so much that I did so and am truly thankful for what they have done for myself and my children. I always kept a box of the tablets in the house and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat we nip it in the bud and catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us."

Full sized package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold for fifty cents at all druggists.

Send for book on cause and cure of catarrh, mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE SCOTTISH CONCERT..

The Lyceum was filled last night with a brilliant assemblage. Duluthians have come to recognize the fact that there is hardly any music that appeals stronger to the feelings than the old Scotch ballads—which have made Robert Burns immortal—and every time a Scotch concert is advertised it means a large attendance. The entertainment given under the auspices of Clan Stewart and the Second Presbyterian church last evening was no exception to the rule. From the moment that Miss Jessie Maclachlan, who has been well named the "Queen of Scottish Song," stepped on the platform until the last number on the program, she completely captivated her audience, and kept them spellbound for two hours. It was a sympathetic audience, too, and demanded many encores which Miss Maclachlan very graciously gave notwithstanding the fact that she was on the program seven times. The Queen of Scottish Song has a wonderful voice, of great range, at one moment breaking out in a flood of melody, and in the next breath, sinking almost to a whisper, yet every word distinct and clear. She sings herself into the hearts of her audience without any apparent effort. But she is not only a singer, she is an actress. In the song, "Angus McDonald," she was both dramatic and tragic, and when she hears the pibroch announcing the coming home of her lover with added laurels on his brow, one would not have been surprised to have seen Angus step on to the stage and embrace his sweetheart. And again, in the song, "Oh! Whistle and I'll Come tae ye My Lad," her facial expressions were excruciatingly funny, and the audience went into convulsions of laughter. At the end of the song she received quite an ovation and a handsome bouquet of flowers.

Before singing "The Banks of Lochlomond," Miss Maclachlan stepped to the front and said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen: Of the theme of my next ballad I desire to



EMILY COLUMBIA SMITH,
Age 8 years,
Violinist at Scottish Concert.

give you a little historical sketch, so that you may be the better able to appreciate the pathos of the song. It occurred in the early '45s. A Highland soldier was imprisoned in Carlisle Castle, condemned to death. As a special privilege he was allowed a parting interview with his sweetheart. He repeated the refrain of the song as his benediction:

"You'll tak' the high road and I'll tak' the low road
But I'll be in Scotland before you;
But me and my true love will never meet again
On the bonny, bonny banks of Loch Lomond—

"Meaning, of course, that his spirit would have taken its flight to the border land of the great unknown before she reached Scotland." She desired, said she, to make this announcement because she was afraid the people in this country, and in Scotland, too, had a very wrong impression of this beautiful ballad.

She then sang the song with such feeling as to bring the tears to the eyes of many of her listeners. Should the "Queen of Scottish Song" ever again visit Duluth she will receive a welcome which few singers could command.

Those assisting Miss Maclachlan were Miss Emily C. Smith, an 8-year-old tot, not much bigger than the violin she played, gave a selection of Scottish airs. She manipulated the bow with an ease that was truly wonderful in so young a girl. She has been studying but little more than a year. She was also the recipient of a handsome bouquet of flowers.

Philip Gordon Brown was also heard to good effect in a number of Scottish songs, the most notable being "Gae Bring to Me a Pint o' Wine."

"KING DODO."

"King Dodo," which will be seen at the Lyceum Friday and Saturday evenings and Saturday afternoon, is one of the most popular musical productions of the present day. The story has to do with the overpowering desire of a decrepit old monarch to drink from the Fountain of Youth, and the scope for humorous situations and witty dialogue is declared to be of the broadest character. Musically the piece is pronounced surpassingly catchy, and there are said to be no less than a score of lyrics which possess the whistle-producing quality to a marked degree. The organization is promoted by the Castle Square Opera company management, and must necessarily from this fact exhibit a painstaking attention to every detail. The production is in three acts, and the scenic pictures are said to be most elaborate and interesting as well as exceedingly beautiful. The costume display, is pronounced rich and of the most gorgeous description.

THE "ALICE ROOSEVELT."

Wilhelmshaven, Prussia, March 20.—Emperor William has directed that a former torpedo boat, now used as a guard ship here, shall be renamed "Alice Roosevelt."

SOLICIT INTERVENTION.

Constantinople, March 20.—The Turkish government has directed the Ottoman ambassadors to solicit the friendly intervention of the powers at Sofia, concerning the differences between Turkey and Bulgaria in relation to Macedonian affairs.

STUDY OF A WOMAN

Florence Burns as She Sits In Court on Trial.

Jealousy One Strong Trait That She Betrays Unconsciously.

Theories Evolved to Fit the Accusation of Murder.

New York, March 20.—The question whether Florence Burns did or did not kill Walter Brooks is susceptible of a variation: Did she kill him because he refused to make her his wife, or because of his attentions to another woman? This variation has several merits. In the first place, it contains a theory which may be false, and which for that reason is all the more interesting.

Second, it has the advantage of lending an air of pseudo-romance to the young person which otherwise she could not properly claim.

Third, it is in better consonance with the inconsequences of feminine logic, and, finally, it fits the prisoner's looks.

These looks are not unprepossessing. Florence Burns has the appearance of a dairymaid, who, stolid today, tomorrow will be stout. For one so young she seems quite mature. She seems also quite composed.

Despite this composure, which, if feigned, is excellent acting, it is pathologically obvious that the nervous system of the patient is defectively nourished. Jealousy is a nervous complaint. Florence Burns is a jealous woman.

A jealous woman does not kill a man because he refuses to marry. So long as he is unmarried she may hope to be his wife. Hope is a force, and a very curious one. Its outposts are thoroughly picketed. Until the last glimmer of its bivouacs has vanished, always beyond is a sentry. That sentry remains as long as the man is single. In cases, known to us, hope has outlasted marriage and patrolled the frontiers until relieved by death or divorce. Yet, though jealous women do not kill men who refuse to be their husbands, they do kill and have killed and will kill men who are faithless to them.

In the hearing last week Mr. Backus, counsel for the prisoner, examined a witness regarding an escapade of Brooks with Newark girls. During the recital of that escapade Florence Burns listened without exhibiting as much emotion as the quiver of an eyelid may betray. Her teeth were set, her features in perfect control, but from beneath her skirt, in and out, there moved a shoe.

In all the world there is nothing so talkative as a woman's foot. Already the girl's appearance had been to us symptomatic of jealousy. The loquacity of the foot confirmed the diagnosis. It did more. It gave her a romantic interest which hitherto she had lacked. You saw in her not the commonplace person who, out of revenge for a promise unfulfilled, yet still fulfillable, had lured a man down to death, but rather a heroine resuscitated from the old dramas of young Greece, the victim of Venus, who prefers a thousand deaths at any cost to see the beloved lifeless without her than living and loving someone else.

There is the romantic interest which the diagnosis produced. Such other interest as the girl has possessed has been due principally to her appearance. It has seemed incongruous that a girl so fair could stain her hands in the fashion alleged. But there is nothing incompatable in comeliness and crime.

In the portrait gallery of history two of the prettiest women are Lucretia Borgia and the marchioness of Brinvilliers. They figure not alone among the prettiest, but among the worst. In comparison with them, Tsi An, the dowager empress of China is a lovable old lady.

There are others, as with women, so with men. Vallant, who nearly blew up the French parliament, was an attractive fellow, modest as a maiden and of a sensitiveness which seemingly did not extend to the chamber of deputies.

Tropmann charmed Tourganieff and delighted Sardou. He was a handsome boy, with an engaging manner and a sweet voice, yet he slaughtered a family of seven with the callousness of a cobra. Then there was Pranzine and there was also Prado. Both committed atrocities which exceed anything the Ratcliffe highway saw; yet one was a Lovelace, the other a Lothario. Each had a string of women in love with their looks.

And though, to balance matters, Mrs. Nacke, who, with her lover killed and butchered, looked like a comfortable cook, yet there must be exceptions, or we could have no rules.

Under just what rule Florence Burns comes the future alone may decide. Meanwhile, assuming her to be guilty of murdering Brooks, even the indifferent have found themselves perplexed at the contradiction which she presents.

It has seemed unnatural that a girl could be at once so devilish and so demure.

The contradiction, however, is common enough. It is due to what novelists call hereditary, what psychologists term dual personality and plain people the Old Adam.

More or less, and generally more than less, it exists in us all. Its home is the brain. In the majority of civilized beings it is, through one factor or another, subordinated and controlled, sometimes forgotten, more often ignored.

But it is there. And when, through the shock of atoms, the play of destiny, excess of excitement, cerebral commotion, or the promptings of jealousy and revenge, the other, the inherited, the secreted self appears, then from the individual ordinarily normal emerges the possible felon.

Such, perhaps, is Florence Burns' case. Such, too, perhaps, is the meaning of the archaic allegory which symbolized the struggle between darkness and light.

STIPULATIONS BY FITZ.

New York, March 20.—Replying to telegrams from the Century Athletic club of Los Angeles, Cal., Robert Fitzsimmons today wired to the club that he would accept their proposition provided they guaranteed the contestants $25,000, and with other stipulations concerning complimentary tickets and prices.

Attracting Attention

The display of tooth brushes in our show window is attracting a great deal of attention.

Something new in window trimming, as you will observe by looking at the display.

When you learn the quality of the goods you will be agreeably surprised, as the price for these

Tooth Brushes Are 10c

Formerly sold at 25c. During our last discount sale we disposed of six gross, which goes to show that the public appreciate good values.

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

MOST CASE.

Arguments Heard on the Appeal of the Agitator.

New York, March 20.—The appelate division of the supreme court has just heard arguments in the appeal taken by John Most, who was convicted in the court of special sessions for publishing in Der Freiheit on Sept. 7, 1901, under the caption of "Murder vs. Murder," an article which it was contended had a tendency to irritate the public mind.

Counsel for Most contended that under section 8 of the state constitution, "every citizen may freely speak, write or publish his sentiments on all subjects, and that the intention of the framers of the constitution was to prevent any censorship of the press."

Counsel also contended that the article published was not libelous, and that it did not tend to commit a breach of the peace, and that it did not come within the inhibition of any express statute.

A representative of the district attorney's office contended that under the penal code Most had published an article which had disturbed the public peace and outraged public decency. The justices reserved decision.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

RUSSIA

Calmly Received the News of Anglo-Japanese Convention.

St. Petersburg, March 20.—The Official Messenger, in publishing today the Franco-Russian declaration relative to the Anglo-Russian convention, accompanies it with an official statement, as follows: The imperial government received with the most perfect calm the announcement of the Anglo-Japanese agreement. The principles which have guided Russian policy since the beginning of the disturbances in China remain, and will remain invariable. Russia insists on the maintenance of the independence and integrity of China, a friendly, neighboring country as well as that of Corea. Russia desires the preservation of the status quo and general peace in the far East, by the construction of the great Siberian railroad, together with its branch line through Manchuria, towards a port always ice free. Russia aids in the extension in these regions of the commerce and industry of the whole world. Would it be to her interest to put forward obstacles at the present time?

The intention expressed by Great Britain and Japan to attain the same objects which have invariably been pursued by the Russian government, can meet with nothing but sympathy in Russia, in spite of the comments in certain political spheres, and in some of the foreign newspapers, which endeavor to present in quite a different light the position of the imperial government towards a diplomatic act, which in its scope does not change in any way the general situation on the political horizon."

ROYAL COMMISSION

Will Investigate the Charge Against Premier Dunsmuir.

Victoria, B. C., March 20.—In the provincial legislature yesterday Smith Curtis moved for the appointment of a committee which he named, consisting of two supporters of the government and three opponents, to inquire into the charges he made against Premier Dunsmuir and the other members of the cabinet in connection with negotiations with the extension of the Canadian Northern road through British Columbia and to Victoria. Premier Dunsmuir asked for a royal commission to investigate the charges, and an amendment providing for that was carried.

Settlers' Rates to the West

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

GIRLS TOO LEARNED?

A Yale Professor of Laws Thinks That They Are.

"No Woman Should Know More Than Her Husband."

Ambitions That Are Not Compatible With Happiest Homes.

New Haven, Conn., March 20.—Can an American man afford to marry an American woman?

According to Judge Simon E. Baldwin, LL. D., of the supreme court of Connecticut, and professor of laws at Yale university, he can't. The times are out of joint and the American woman is the cause. There are other remote causes and contributing factors, but women are the chief culprits, according to the learned professor.

"American women are charming, all women are," said the judge in a gallant attempt to tone down his censure. "But the fact is that the American woman spends too much money. Secondly, she is going to school too much and studying too many things.

"I think that the interests of the state and the family are best served when men and women both marry young.

"Owing to the fact largely that our women today are spending so many years at school—until 18 or 22 years and even older—they are obtaining ideas of life that totally unfit them to be the wives of mechanics or of clerks upon small salaries. No woman should feel that she knows more than her husband.

"Our young men are obliged to leave school earlier than the women under present conditions. They must earn a living and take part in the work of the world, and so I do not see how this can be otherwise.

"Girls, on the contrary, remain in school several years longer. They learn a little chemistry and botany and mathematics and things like that. What is the result?

"The young woman feels that she does not care to marry a man earning a modest salary. She wants lace curtains. She wants to start in housekeeping where her parents leave off.

"It is never well for a woman to be better educated than her husband. Girls would make better wives and mothers and housekeepers if they finished school at from 14 to 16 years of age. As it is, they obtain a smattering of many studies, which, in my opinion, cannot do them much good. They are possessed by a spirit of unrest today, and develop ambitions not compatible with the happiest homes.

"This ambition has to be expended some way, upon something, and it is expended in buying lace curtains, expensive furniture and articles beyond the means of the average workingman.

"Extravagance is the rule among all classes of our society. The merchant's wife wants to live as well as the banker's wife, and the banker's wife as well as some one else, and so it goes. Men are not entirely blameless in the matter.

"Wages may be higher than formerly, but we are not saving as much as we did fifty years ago."

"What is the remedy?"

"For one thing, as I have suggested, let girls quit school earlier. Let them learn fewer books and more of the practical details of housekeeping.

"I would suggest a more thorough grounding in reading, writing and spelling. If girls had to grind along a few years on these things I think that they would be tired of learning before they reached a college course. Botany and chemistry and frills might not appear so attractive after that.

"The fact is, Americans go in too much for schooling. We have piled the German system on top of the English. The college course should be completed at 16 or 17, and the university, which should fit a man for his profession, at 20 or 21. At 20, or the latest 22 a man should be a doctor, lawyer or whatever he intends to make his life work.

"I am in favor of early marriages. We are putting off the period of marriage too late on account of our system of schooling and our extravagant habits. Then, as I have said, American women are becoming too exacting."

Judge Simon E. Baldwin belongs to one of the oldest and most honorable families of New England. He has been professor of constitutional law in the Yale law school for many years, and is also a judge of the supreme court of Connecticut. He is one of the highest authorities on wills in this country. He is said to have drawn up more wills for millionaires than any other lawyer, and not one has ever been broken. He has been president of the International and of the American Bar associations. President Cleveland submitted his name to the cabinet for United States supreme court justice at one time.

New Vocal Instructor.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

JUDGE LONG

Of Michigan Supreme Bench Is Seriously Ill.

Detroit, March 20.—Judge Charles Long of the state supreme court, is very ill at the residence of his son-in-law, John M. Barton, 247 Lincoln avenue. Judge Long has not been in attendance upon the present term of court—in fact has been at Mr. Barton's residence ever since the first of January. Mrs. Long is with him and their residence in Lansing is closed. There is much fear on the part of the judge's relatives that this is his last illness. Judge Long is suffering from stomach and kidney trouble, relics of the civil war.

During the administration of President Cleveland, Judge Long became noted throughout the county by reason of his fight for the restitution of his pension. Judge Lochren, then commissioner of pensions, ruled that a soldier who was able to earn his own living was not entitled to the full amount of pension allowed. Judge Long was then receiving a penison of $72 a month and was also judge of the supreme court. Under the commisioner's ruling the pension was reduced to a very small amount. Judge Long took the matter into the courts, carrying it to the United States supreme court. The result was that his pension was restored to its original amount. It was one of the most celebrated pension cases ever tried.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wallpaper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

$50.00 California Excursion.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account convention of Federation of Women's Clubs, the Northwestern line will sell round trip tickets to Los Angeles and San Francisco, April 20 to April 27, inclusive, good returning until June 25, at the very low rate of $50. Tickets good via variable routes and stop-over privileges granted in both directions.

Circuit tour routes at greatly reduced rates. The chance of a lifetime to see the Western country. For detailed information, tickets and reservations, call on or write

S. A. LOVE,
City Ticket Agent,
405 West Superior Street, Duluth.

Too Many People Daily with Catarrh—It strikes one like a thunderclap, develops with a rapidity that no other disease does. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is the radical, quick, safe and pleasant cure that the disease demands. Use the means, prevent its deep-seating and years of distress. Don't daily with Catarrh. Agnew's gives relief in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—10.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—

Hotel McKay

One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

MAN'S MALADIES
AND THEIR CURE.

Millions of Men Have Been Wrecked on the Rock of Sexual Vice.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN RESCUED BY

Progressive Medical Association,
SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN.



Longest Established, Most Successful and Reliable Specialists in Diseases of Men, as Medical Diplomas, Licenses and Newspaper records show.

"I made up my mind soon after graduating from college that no one man was great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. Many physicians have tried to do this, but they have met with results usually disappointing to themselves and often disastrous to their patients. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of diseases and to originating and perfecting cures for them."

We therefore treat only what we are absolutely certain that we can positively cure to stay cured—

VARICOCELE,
STRICTURE,
NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY,
BLOOD POISON,
RUPTURE, KIDNEY
AND URINARY DISEASES

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men.

To these maladies alone the best years of my life have been earnestly devoted and on them all my faculties are concentrated. Our consultation and operating rooms are thoroughly equipped with every scientific apparatus, instrument and device essential to the most modern methods of practice, and our references, both professional and financial, are among the best citizens of this vicinity, who have been cured by our treatment and made happy. We want every afflicted man to fully and freely investigate our treatment. We treat each case separately, scientifically, closely watching it and carefully following its symptoms with varied remedies through every stage.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Many cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our offices write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises.

REFERENCES—BEST BANKS AND LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF THIS CITY.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

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Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife

ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
121 18th Ave. W. Phone 1471

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Frederickson and Clara M. Frederickson, his wife, J. F. or John F. Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in Book eighty (80) of mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the nonpayment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgage was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows: On April 28th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.70; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.58, and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, at the date of this notice, upon said mortgage debt, the sum of two thousand seventy-nine and 10-100 ($2079.10) dollars, principal, taxes paid, and interest.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the fifth (5th) day of May, A. D. 1902, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated, March 20th, 1902.

FRANK L. MURRAY,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, March-20-27-April-3-10-17-24—1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 18th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Nikolai Olson, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of Nikolai Olson, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Adolph Salveson.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said County, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 22nd day of September, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated Duluth, this 18th day of March, A. D., 1902.

By the Court.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald March 20-27, April 3, 1902.

THE STATE THROUGH

Direct Evidence For Prosecution In Karvo Case Is In.

Attorney Marshall Asks Dismissal For Failure to Show Motive.

Court Denies It and the Defense Is Taken Up.

It took less than two hours to introduce all of the state's evidence against Daniel Karvo yesterday afternoon. The defense is proceeding today to attempt to prove that Karvo was insane when he killed Jacob Myllymaki, and when that evidence is all in the state will have some testimony in rebuttal tending to show that Karvo was sane enough to be responsible for his acts.

The first witness for the state yesterday afternoon was Fred Lillnix, Finlander, who was in the saloon at the time the tragedy occurred. He was sitting at the table around which Karvo, Myllymaki and others were gathered on the morning of the killing. He had a Norwegian song book which he had been reading, and just before the trouble he had handed it to Swan Johnson. The first thing he saw was Myllymaki rising and lifting his left hand as though he were going to place it on Karvo's right shoulder. At the same time he leaned over as though he were going to whisper in Karvo's ear, but the witness did not hear him say anything. Then Karvo jumped up, open knife in hand, and pushing Myllymaki's head down upon the table, cut his throat, saying: "I'll fix you!"

The witness called out that Karvo had a knife, and Wiita ran up and grasped Karvo's hand, but he was unable to hold him. Karvo made a pass at Lillnix across the table with his knife, and Lillnix departed rapidly, looking for help. All this happened in an instant. Lillnix had started to help Wiita when Karvo threatened him. He ran out the front door of the saloon and got a door or two away, thinking Karvo was pursuing him. Then he returned and peeked around the screen in the saloon. Karvo was holding Myllymaki up against the bar with his left hand and was trying to cut him again with the knife in his right hand. Then he pushed Myllymaki across the floor to the wall. Myllymaki appeared to be helpless. Lillnix then left to get an officer.

Joseph Wiita, who was at that time one of the proprietors of the saloon, said that Karvo came in about 8 o'clock that morning, and that Myllymaki arrived shortly before 9 o'clock. The trouble occurred just before noon. The witness was sitting in a chair with the stove between himself and the men gathered around the table in the rear of the saloon. Karvo was singing a Finlander song. The first thing witness heard was a cry from somebody that Karvo had a knife. He jumped up and ran around the stove, and the first thing he saw was Myllymaki's "neck all busted open," with Karvo cutting him with his knife. He heard neither Karvo nor Myllymaki say anything. He ran up and caught hold of Karvo's right hand, and Karvo shifted the knife to his left hand and made a pass at Lillnix, who was trying to get to them around the table. Then Karvo turned on Wiita, and he left hurriedly, looking for a policeman. When he left Karvo was chasing Myllymaki up the saloon.

On cross-examination Wiita said that Karvo treated the crowd early in the morning, and took cider himself. Once a can of beer was purchased and passed around, but Karvo would not drink any. He frequently took some medicine out of a little bottle. During the forenoon he was singing a Finlander song which the witness said was about a woman killing her child and going to prison for it. He sang this over and over again. When Wiita returned with the officer Karvo stood in front of the saloon, on the sidewalk, holding the knife in his hand, and he was singing the same song.

Swan Johnson, a Swede, was sitting a few feet from Karvo and Myllymaki, he said, reading a Norwegian songbook that Lillnix had just handed him, when the trouble occurred. He heard Lillnix call out "Look out, boys; he's got a knife!" He looked up, and saw Karvo cutting Myllymaki's throat while he held his head down on the table. Like the other witnesses, this one said he left hurriedly about this time.

Police Officer Jerry La Flam, who arrested Karvo, testified to that fact. When he came up Karvo was standing in front of the saloon, the knife in his hand, acting as though he were "waiting for somebody to come up to him." The witness did not fear him singing. He asked Karvo for the knife, and after hesitating five or six seconds Karvo handed it over. Then he asked Karvo what he had done, and Karvo answered in the Finnish language, which the witness did not understand. Then the officer and Karvo walked into the saloon and saw Myllymaki lying dead on the floor. Karvo acted surprised, and gave a yell and a jump when he saw the body.

The state rested at this point, and Mr. Marshall moved that the court direct a verdict for the defendant on the ground that the state had failed to show any motive for the deed. Judge Dibell denied the motion.

Mr. Marshall then opened to the jury and said that the defense would be insanity. No expert testimony would be introduced, but the evidence would be that of people from the ordinary walks of life. He would show that Karvo lived at Floodwood for eight or ten years, and that until Jan. 8 he was working in a lumber camp a few miles from that village. For a week or ten days prior to that date he had been acting queerly, saying that he was pursued by about thirty men who were trying to kill him. One or two had tried to poison him, he claimed. He refused to work there any more, and all during the night of Jan. 7, he sat up with his open knife in his hand, and begged his bunkmate to do likewise, so as to be prepared to kill those thirty men if they came. Next morning he walked aimlessly about the camp, took a couple of boards that were leaning against one building and threw them down in another part of the camp. Then he took his accordion and placing it on a block chopped it to pieces with an ax. They were all afraid of him, so his employer hitched up and drove him to Floodwood, telling him he had better go to the hospital. He insisted upon standing up in the back of the wagon all the way to town. In Floodwood he got his check cashed and bought his ticket to Duluth. He refused to go to dinner with a friend because he said they would poison him and he refused to eat anywhere for the same reason.

In Duluth he told a lodging house keeper that he was going to be arrested for killing a lot of horses, and when he was asked why he killed them he said it was because they had lived long enough.

After his arrest, while a friend was visiting him in the county jail, he asked how many of those who had been after him he had killed, and wanted to know if he were to be hanged that day. If he was, he said he wanted the Finnish Temperance society, of which he is a member, to give him a decent burial.

Before any testimony had been introduced for the defense the court adjourned to today.

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

"WE TRUST THE PEOPLE"

It will be to your interest to attend our Spring Discount Sale—**5 per cent** to **40 per cent** off regular prices. **Try our easy payment plan.** It pays to trade with

R. R. Forward & Co.,

Both Phones. 2110-12 W. Superior St.

IS PLENTY.

Labor Not Scarce Article at the Present Time.

There is a scarcity of work and plenty of unemployed labor in the head of the lakes market, a condition that has been suggested as a warning to those men outside of the city that may be looking in this direction for work at the present time.

March and April are usually dull months in labor circles for they mark the period of transition between the close of the winter work in the woods and the beginning of the spring operations in the Northwest. It is not to be taken that the outlook for work the coming season is not good at the head of the lakes, for contractors and builders all say that employment will be given to more men this coming summer than last. Just how heavy the railroad work in the Northwest will be this season is not yet fully determined so far as concerns new work. The construction of the Minnesota & International Boundary line from Bemidji, and of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy Lake road from Virginia, toward the boundary line will be pushed with vigor and will furnish employment for probably the largest number of men all summer than any other work. There will be, of course, the usual amount of sidetrack construction work by the various railroad companies, particularly those reaching the iron ore regions on the range. Some logging road extension work is also contemplated this year.

Locally, there will be some large contracts that will necessitate the employment of many men the greater part of the summer. The building activity on both sides of the bay will be the most noticeable. Street railway improvement, dock extensions both sides of the bay, new docks at West Superior, the Highland Power Canal project, all will contribute toward making an excellent demand for labor.

Wages will necessarily be good the coming season. Work by the day is not expected to fall below the $2 mark set last summer. Every train to the head of the lakes continues to bring in men that have been working in the logging camps the past winter. They are not coming in such large numbers as last week, and seem to be the rear guard. The men are staying about Duluth and Superior for a few days looking for other openings, but when no work can be found they usually start for the Twin Cities or Northern Michigan.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

CLERKS HERE.

Accountants of the Steel Trust Mines Conferring With the Auditor.

About a dozen chief clerks of the mining companies allied with the steel corporation are in the city. They are from all the ranges that the steel company operates on—Vermilion, Mesaba, Gogebic, Marquette and Menominee.

With the acquisition of these mining companies by the Steel corporation, the policy was entered upon of separating more largely the office and operating departments, so as to give the superintendent of the various properties greater freedom from worry by the minor office matters. Consequently, the chief clerks of the mine offices are becoming more of a factor.

It is said that Auditor Jeffrey, of the Steel corporation mines, will install some numerous changes in methods of keeping the mine accounts and records for the coming season's operations.

ARRESTED.

Capt. Savage Is Charged With Selling Impure Whisky.

Capt. Henry Savage, who pilots "schooners" and spirit craft across the bar at 611 West Superior stret, was arrested yesterday afternoon.

The Bowery is agitated. Not beccause of the misfortune of Capt. Savage, but because his arrest implies that Bowery whisky is impure. Otto Gifvest, the state dairy and food commissioner for this district, claims to have purchased a pint of whisky that contained amyl alcohol.

However, the charge against Capt. Savage is simply that the whisky contained a quantity of amyl alcohol as shown by a state chemist's examination. The case will be heard in police court on March 25.

More than a year ago Mayor Hugo had the Bowery whisky analyzed and at that time its impurities were given wide publicity. At that time it was found to consist of one-fourth amyl alcohol, one-half rain water and one-fourth molasses. It sells for 10 cents a glass and is worth about 50 cents a keg.

Curling Scores.

Two games were played at the curling rink last evening and the scores were as follows:

District medal event—

E. E. Johnson,	A. S. Haig,
Carroll Graff,	W. A. Eaton,
R. D. Bradley,	G. H. McCarthy,
G. H. Letteau—14.	F. R. Kennedy—3.

Anderson contest—

G. H. Spencer,	H. S. Newell,
J. H. Upham,	J. T. Hicknan,
W. L. McLennan,	F. A. Currier,
D. W. Stocking—18.	D. Morrison—6.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

REAPING HARVEST

Baker Orphanage Said to Have Thirty Solicitors Out.

Estimated That Returns Average Two Hundred Dollars Daily.

Police Have Little Hope of Closing the Place.

According to a list now in the hands of certain state authorities the Baker "Orphanage" has thirty solicitors touring Minnesota, collecting as high as $200 a day for that little institution out on London road that could be conducted on a little over $200 a year.

What the state authorities will do with the information obtained is problematical, but there is some talk of another investigation. This talk comes from St. Paul and Duluth people that know what a dismal failure the first investigation was, are not inclined to take it seriously.

The police have just about given up hope of closing up the "orphanage" and is confining its efforts strictly to exposing the scheme to the many people that write here asking information regarding the institution.

Last week the solicitors invaded the iron range towns and it is said they were less successful than they have been in the southern part of the state, owing to the publicity given the Bakers in this part of the state.

Mrs. Mueller, the solicitor that fought Chief Troyer a draw over the long distance telephone, recently was at Hibbing and Virginia. In the former place she is said to have been very successful, but in Virginia the chief of police interfered.

Mrs. Mueller also met Humane Officer Withrow in Virginia and the things she said to him about his opposition to the "cause" caused considerable excitement in town.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

AT SUPERIOR.

Dietrich Wins In Republican Primaries---Democrats Choose O'Hare.

The Republican caucuses were held in West Superior last evening to nominate delegates to the city convention, which will be held today. H. W. Dietrich, former mayor of West Superior, is claimed to have won out in the delegations, and will today be nominated on the Republican ticket for mayor. There were three candidates in the field for the nomination, H. W. Dietrich, F. W. Parker and James H. Agen. Mr. Agen failed to secure any delegation. It has been figured out, in the face of the returns of last evening, that Mr. Dietrich will have 50 votes in the convention to 21 for Mayor Parker.

The contest in the primaries between the two leaders was a close one, the total vote in the ten wards being 1359 for Parker, 1343 for Dietrich and 260 for Agen.

Mr. Dietrich secured the advantage in the Fourth and Fifth wards, where the delegations numbered thirteen each. Parker has the delegation of the First, Second and Tenth wards and portions of the delegations from the Third, Seventh and Eighth wards. The total number of delegates is 71. As but 36 are necessary for a choice, Mr. Dietrich has such a large lead that even conceding some errors of count claimed last evening, he would still have a good lead.

The victory of the Dietrich forces is said to mean that H. L. Hunter will be renominated for treasurer and Adolph Reedfors for comptroller. The only contest at the convention today will be over the nomination for assessor, there being five or six candidates for the nomination.

The Democratic city convention was held in West Superior yesterday afternoon. Charles N. O'Hare, former under sheriff of Douglas county and a resident of the First ward, was nominated for mayor. John A. Hobe, former county treasurer, was nominated for city treasurer and James J. Surch will be the Democratic candidate for comptroller.

In its platform the Democratic party announces itself in favor of municipal ownership of public utilities, and believes that franchises for public utilities should not be given away without a vote by the people. The platform favors a just and equitable assessment of all property of the city subject to taxation, however owned or held, and the prompt payment of taxes by all classes of citizens alike. It favors also the encouragement and patronage of home industries and indorses the organized labor movement. The party is pledged to an economical administration of city affairs, if successful at the polls.

GOLDEN BROWN.

The Color Sought In Coffee.

When a person has been shown that a change in food or drink can make and keep one well it is a thing not likely to be forgotten.

Coffee is a "killer" for many people, and, of course, when left off, the user will probably regain a degree of health without any outside help, but when Postum Food Coffee is used the return to health is much more rapid, for Postum is a distinct and well defined health builder with a delicious coffee flavor and a beautiful deep brown color that changes to golden brown when cream is added.

A Chicago man, Peter G. Holst, at 215 Englewood avenue, writes: "Reading in the paper the other day something about Postum Cereal, it awoke in me a reminiscent vein.

"About five years ago, when I was a miserable dyspeptic, I first heard of Postum Cereal Coffee and put it to a careful test.

"I had been afflicted, for years, with chronic dyspepsia and all the medicines I had tried were in vain. One by one I had to leave them off and was in despair as to what I should do for relief.

"My first taste of Postum was about 10 o'clock one morning. I did not dare to take cream with it for I knew what the result would be with my stomach. That is, I thought I did. I have since learned that cream can be taken in Postum even by bad dyspeptics, but I had my first taste with only hot water in it and a little sugar. The second cup followed the first and a third followed the second. I took my departure munching some of the dry grains of Postum as I was determined to investigate its effects thoroughly.

"That day I had no dinner and experienced no distressing sensations, on the contrary felt as though my appetite had been appeased.

"The next day I began to use Postum regularly and before the first package had been entirely used I discovered the most encouraging symptoms. The dyspepsia and headaches which I had been subject to daily, entirely disappeared, also the distressing vomiting spells. The bowels improved steadily and regularly.

"I ate cautiously, but was sustained by the Postum Coffee. After the first package I tried it with milk, then with cream, without experiencing the least inconvenience. Of course I was delighted and the future looked bright. From that first experience up to date my health has been splendid. I have increased in weight from 139 to 187 pounds, and can digest anything I desire. I can say honestly and cheerfully that I would recommend Postum to any one suffering the tortures of dyspepsia."

Promptness In Using

Paine's Celery Compound

Mean's Quick Restoration to Health.

Is the Great Spring Medicine Used In the Homes of Our Best People.

Refuse All Substitutes and Imitations That May Be Offered to You.

If in the spring time people acted with more promptness, decision and wisdom, suffering and misery would be vastly reduced.

To put off the work of regulating and strengthening the nerves, purifying the blood and regulating digestion, at this time of the year is a very serious mistake.

Run-down, weak, nervous and diseased men and women cannot with safety refuse to use Paine's Celery Compound, the greatest of vitalizers and health builders. The onward and triumphant march of the great medicine in this country and other civilized lands should be positive proof that it is the right medicine for all who look for strength, robustness, energy and permanent health.

It is of the greatest importance that every sick person should get just what they ask for from their druggist or dealer. Paine's Celery Compound, so celebrated for its curative virtues, has many vile imitations. If you are offered a substitute or imitation by any dealer, leave his store and go to some honest merchant who will give you what you ask for. Examine wrapper and bottle and see that the name PAINE'S is on each; no other is genuine.

It's Easy to Dye with DIAMOND DYES —Take no other.

ARE IMPROVING.

Railroad Offices Are Being Given New Dress.

The Omaha ticket office has just emerged from a litter of paint pots and disrupted furniture, bright and dainty, in an interior decoration of brown, green and yellow. Considerable new furniture has been added, the arrangement of the office changed somewhat, new lamps put in, and the effect is most pleasing to the eye.

Now, just as General Agent Smith, of the Omaha, is being congratulated on the artistic taste he has displayed in the redecoration of his offices, General Agent Adson, of the South Shore, steps to the front with a scheme for outdoing the road across the street. Mr. Adson's taste this spring runs to quite a vivid green for all the walls, a little darker on the side. The woodwork will be done in oak finish to match the fixtures.

General Agent Thompson, of the Eastern Minnesota, is said to be meditating over plans for outdoing all competitors. He may decide on Flemish oak or the empire type for the interior decoration of the corner office in the Spalding block. General Agent Bryan, of the Wisconsin Central, is said to be delaying his departure from Chicago in order to investigate thoroughly the most artistic in offices in the city. Meanwhile the Northern Pacific and Milwaukee are lying low and not saying a word about their plans.

FORMER RECTOR DEAD.

Dr. Wainwright, Once of Duluth, Dies In South.

Word has been received here of the death of Rev. Dr. Richard Wainright, formerly rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church in this city, at Biltmore, N. C., last Monday. The cause of death is not known here, but as Dr. Wainright was 80 years of age, old age is supposed to have been responsible. Dr. Wainright was an interesting figure, and he is remembered well by old residents of Duluth. He came from England and settled in Montreal at an early day, and was a missionary on the Labrador coast for six years. He settled in Ohio later, and then moved to Le Seuer, Minn., and in 1875 he went to Fargo. He was very successful in his work among the Indians. He came to Duluth in 1877 and remained here two years. Afterwards he was in Nova Scotia and was in Hawaii for four years. He retired from active service six years ago. Mrs. J. J. Skuse, of this city, is a daughter, and he left a widow, two other daughters and a son.

LOST FOR FIFTY YEARS.

Two Brothers Reunited After Half a Century.

Belgrade, Neb., March 20.—Alexander Grant, of this place, has found his brother Lewis, who has been missing for fifty years. The family lived in Glengarry, Ont., and Alexander went to California in search of gold. After a few years had elapsed and no tidings came from him Lewis started in search of him. Then a third brother started in search of the two brothers, and he is still missing.

Lewis J. Grant returned to Kalamazoo Mich., and has just heard from his brother Alexander, whom he has not seen for fifty years, and who was supposed to have been murdered by the Pte Indians and Mormons in the Mountain Meadow massacre.

Alexander, who is now 70 years of age, is living at Belgrade, Neb. It develops that Lewis' children attended school where Alexander's daughter acted as teacher, but the identitieat on never became known. Every effort is now being made to find a trace of the third brother.

Store Opens at 8:30 Until April 1

PALTON WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Store Closes at 5:30 Until April 1.

BARGAIN FRIDAY.

THE store pulsates with the refreshed attractiveness of a new season. Easter is near, and we are right royally ready to furnish every need for that great event. The greatest stock of spring goods ever carried in the history of this house, and the handsomest, are now here awaiting your inspection. Tomorrow is the last Bargain Friday before Easter, and we have planned to make it a special event, offering the choicest of new goods at very low prices.

25 dozen women's new $1.50 Percale Wrappers, Made with deep flounce, and fancy trimming—extra full width skirt—all dainty and desirable patterns — all sizes — selling Bargain Friday at ---------- 98c

Best $5.00 Walking Skirts in Duluth to be placed on sale tomorrow, Bargain Friday, at ---------- $3.98

100 pairs Ruffled Muslin Curtains, in plain and striped effects—well made and durable —worth 85c a pair— (2 pairs to a customer only)—Bargain Friday, a pair --- 40c

Coke's Shampoo Soap, 15c usually —for Bargain Friday only—per box ---- 10c

Mouse traps, sure catch, same as the "Out of Sight"—Bargain Friday, 2 for ---- 5c

Gas Mantles, P. & W. XX brand, regular 15c kind—Bargain Friday at ---- 10c

500 Boys' two-piece Suits, made of cheviot, in Scotch plaids and stripes—also navy blue and black serges—at a reduction of 25 per cent from former prices ---- 25%

Women's Kid Lace Shoes, in the very latest toe and heel shapes — very soft, flexible, comfortable fitting, and exceptionally good wearing—all sizes in the lot — a really exceptionally bargain for Friday only at--- 99c

Java Rice Powder—the imported article made by A. Bourjois & Cie, Paris—in all colors—35c a box usually—Friday at---- 19c

Spectacles — fine gold filled rimless Spectacles, warranted for ten years—the glasses that we sell regularly at $1.95— Bargain Friday at---------- $1.25

Paring Knives, regular 5c kind— Bargain Friday at, each---------- 2c

2-quart Water Pitchers, with fluted bottom and foot—special, each--- 15c

Dress Goods—289 yards 44-inch 50c Granite Cloth—brown, red and black— for Friday only, per yard---------- 29c

Linings — 1000 yards 36-inch Black Beattle Finished Percaline — 12½c quality Friday only---------- 8c

The store is being completely rejuvenated for the Grand Easter Opening next Monday. The most extraordinary gathering of spring goods ever brought to Duluth will be greeted with brilliant window displays, artistic interior decorations, elaborate department displays. We have been working night and day making ready, and the opening this year will rival anything heretofore seen in this city. Greater varieties, better goods than ever.

Music of The Opera "KING DODO."

All of "King Dodo" music, including the full vocal score, is now on sale at our music department. We have anticipated a large demand and have placed heavy orders—but we cannot give any assurance that we have bought enough to meet the demand. Better come in early and make your selections. These are some of the most successful numbers:

	Publishers' price	Our price
Tale of a Bumble-Bee	50c	23c
Look In the Book and See	50c	23c
Pound the Drum	50c	23c
Cats' Quartette	60c	27c
The Eminent Doctor Fizz	50c	23c
I'll Do or Die	50c	23c
For Love I Die Alone	50c	23c
Two Hearts Made One (Duet)	60c	27c
Claim Thou Thine Own	50c	23c
Jolly Old Potentate	50c	23c
I'll Shut My Eyes and Think It's You (Duet)	60c	27c
Old Father Time	60c	27c
True Barbaric Soldier	50c	23c
Selection	$1.00	45c
Waltzes	75c	35c
March	50c	23c
Schottische	50c	23c
The Tale of a Bumble-Bee (two-step)	50c	23c
Score	$2.00	$1.75

THE DAKOTAS

Two Men Reported Lost Fifty Miles From Jamestown.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Two men are reported lost fifty miles northwest of here. Ranchman Stewart and Herder Dan McLaughlin have not been found since the storm. Neighbors found the house vacant, and about 200 sheep have perished. Stewart's father is an Iowa banker, and he has wired anxiously regarding his boy. The stock loss is heavy. Two hundred cattle of Marston Moor ranch, thirty miles from here, drifted before the storm and were drowned in a lake. Loss, $7000.

Bismarck—The jury in the Murphy embezzlement case reported to Judge Amidon that it was unable to agree and was discharged. It is rumored the jury stood nine to three for acquittal. District Attorney Rourke said he would begin upon the next trial of the case at the Fargo term of the United States court in May. The trial has occupied ten days and it has been an expensive one both for the government and the defendant, who was defended by three lawyers. Witnesses were summoned from Portal in the extreme western part of the state, and many from Montana.

Fargo—North Dakotans are proud of the record of the two battalions which served in the Philippines. Some time ago it was noted that of the fifty-five certificates of merit issued to volunteer soldiers in the Philippines, North Dakota secured five, but a still better showing is made on the medals of honor. There were just four of these issued to volunteers in the Philippines and North Dakota secured two, one going to Stetteland, of Company C, Grafton, and the other to Galt, of Company G, Valley City. The two others were captured by members of the Twentieth Kansas, who swam the Rio Grande with Funston.

Cornelius O'Leary was found dead in bed here. He had retired at an early hour in the evening in apparently the best of health and his death was as peaceful as sudden. He was 73 years of age, and a weakened heart is supposed to have been the cause of his death.

One of the biggest tax suits for years was won by Richard Sykes, in Stutsman county, where twenty-five sections of land had been sold for taxes. He brought suit against the county, alleging illegality of assessment, and the coure declared the assessment void.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Custer—W. W. Gibbs, a well-known mining man, was recently severely injured by falling from a mill building on Four Mile creek, a short distance from Custer. He fell a distance of twelve feet, striking on a pile of timbers, breaking two ribs, fracturing the hip bone and tearing the ligaments away from the spine.

Henry—The Fraternal Hall association is the name of a new organization which will build a town hall. The association is capitalized at $5000.

Huron—The encouragement offered to the Epworth league has been so satisfactory that a decision to hold the assembly this year was reached. It will be on the Huron grounds, on July 2 to 10.

Geddes—The authorities seem in a fair way to solve the mystery surround the attempt to burn the new Methodist Episcopal church. Lewis Du Bois, who was arrested on suspicion, has been held to the June term. There is some strong evidence.

Dr. Bull's

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

COUGH SYRUP

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

IN MICHIGAN.

Health Officer Breaks Up a Funeral at Escanaba.

Escanaba—Much indignation has been caused by the action of Health Officer Nelson in the case of a child who had died from mebraneous crop. The funeral was being held from the house and many of the friends of the family had assembled to attend the obsequies. The officer appeared as the services were started and ordered the people to disperse on the ground that the disease was contagious and there was danger of a spread. No trouble was desired at the funeral and the order was reluctantly obeyed. It is now said that the officer exceeded his authority, but he has the endorsement of the city authorities and physicians generally.

It has developed that Mayor Bissell has been in negotiation with Andrew Carnegie to secure $25,000 for a public library, and that the application has been favorably received. A circular in the regular form having been returned from the millionaire iron master with the request that it be filled out preliminary to the formal grant.

Myrtle E. Young has instituted proceedings for a divorce from her husband, Chester Young, on the charge of non-support. Both husband and wife are under age, the former being 18 and the latter 16. They were married a year ago.

Iron Mountain—The upper peninsula is to be invaded by tax title sharks this spring, according to authentic information which has reached here from Lansing. Syndicates have been organized at Grand Rapids to bid in lands at the sales this year, and according to all accounts the business is to be conducted on the wholesale plan in every northern county.

Crystal Falls—Because of smallpox, the authorities have issued a proclamation forbidding public assemblages of whatever nature. The prohibition not only includes social gatherings, but lodge meetings and church services. There are over a dozen cases of the disease in as many households, and many people have been exposed. All the schools have been closed.

Ontonagon—There are two schools in this city which have but two scholars each. The teachers each receive $40 a month, which, it is declared, makes the per capita cost for instruction the highest in the state.

Sault Ste. Marie—The Canadian Soo ship canal will be in readiness for the passage of vessels on Saturday. The cold snap of the past two days has made no appreciable difference with the ice in the river, which can readily be broken up, according to reports received today.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tingling life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.



Will It Cure Me?

That's the personal question a woman asks herself when she reads of the cures of womanly diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Why shouldn't it cure her?

Is it a complicated case? Thousands of such cases have been cured by "Favorite Prescription." Is it a condition which local doctors have declared incurable? Among the hundreds of thousands of sick women cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription there are a great many who were pronounced incurable by local doctors. Wonders have been worked by "Favorite Prescription" in the cure of irregularity, weakening drains, inflammation, ulceration and female weakness. It always helps. It almost always cures.

"Three years ago," writes Mrs. John Graham, of 2018 Plumb Street, (Frankford) Philadelphia, Pa., "I had a very bad attack of dropsy which left me with heart trouble, and also a very weak back. At times I was so bad that I did not know what to do with myself. My children advised me to take your 'Favorite Prescription,' but I had been taking so much medicine from the doctor that I was discouraged with everything. I came to Philadelphia two years ago, and picking up one of your little books one day began to read what your medicine had done for others. I determined to try it myself. I took seven bottles, and to-day I am a strong, well woman, weighing 162 pounds. Have gained 29 pounds since I started to use 'Favorite Prescription.'"

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath.

THE EVENING HERALD

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Bldg., 220 W. Superior St.

Duluth Printing & Publishing Company.

Telephone Calls: Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, one ring.

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Single copy, daily	.02
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Per year	$1.00
Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 20.—The New Mexico "low" has moved to the Texas "Panhandle" region, causing light rain or snow and brisk to high winds throughout the Southwest. The barometer is also low over the New England coast and over British Columbia, and high over the lake region and Ohio valley. Cloudy weather is the rule in districts lying between the 96th and 115th meridians, and temperatures are generally mild except that it is somewhat colder in the extreme Southwest.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	54	Memphis	42
Battleford	—	Miles City	20
Bismarck	24	Milwaukee	34
Boston	28	Minnedosa	24
Buffalo	26	Modena	38
Calgary	16	Montgomery	58
Charleston	49	Moorhead	30
Chicago	34	New Orleans	48
Cincinnati	28	New York	34
Davenport	26	North Platte	24
Denver	24	Oklahoma	52
Detroit	24	Omaha	38
Duluth	20	Pittsburg	30
Edmonton	18	Port Arthur	18
El Paso	40	Portland	42
Escanaba	24	Prince Albert	10
Galveston	58	Qu'Appelle	22
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	28
Havre	20	San Francisco	46
Helena	20	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	30	Shreveport	46
Huron	28	Spokane	36
Jacksonville	60	St. Louis	40
Kamloops	34	St. Paul	34
Kansas City	38	Sault Ste. Marie	30
Knoxville	30	Swift Current	14
La Crosse	26	Washington	30
Lander	20	Williston	24
Los Angeles	44	Winnemucca	20
Marquette	26	Winnipeg	8
Medicine Hat	18		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m (Central time) today: Duluth, Superior and vicinity: Threatening tonight and Friday with possibly rain or snow; fresh and brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 20.—Forecast until 7 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight and Friday with possibly showers south portion; increasing easterly winds. Minnesota and the Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday; easterly winds.

Hanna and the Presidency.

It is said that Senator Hanna immediately becomes very angry when the suggestion is made that he should become a candidate for president in 1904. He further refuses to discuss presidential matters at all at the present time. Senator Hanna is without doubt one of the sturdiest politicians of the country today. He says he does not want to be a candidate. However, he is not one of those who believes in brass band politics. What he does he does quietly, but most effectively. No doubt Senator Hanna is honest in saying today that he is not a candidate; what he may say later is another matter. Much will depend on the course of President Roosevelt. The president has in it his power to make himself the one candidate of his party at the next convention. Senator Hanna realizes this and is willing to give the president a chance to demonstrate to the country and the leading members of his party his availability. Some of the president's actions since he came to the White House are not looked upon with favor, but he has only been chief executive a short time and he has two years before him in which to show what he can do. Should the president by his course not give satisfaction to the great business and commercial interests and to the country at large, and should the demand within the Republican party for another candidate be strong, on this ground then Senator Hanna's name would undoubtedly be presented. For these reasons every move of the president will be closely watched and time alone can solve the question of nomination at the hands of the Republican party.

A Serious Tangle in Hawaii.

And now a serious tangle in divorces has come to light in Hawaii, whose many divorcees have been startled by a recent ruling of Judge Humphreys. According to it every marriage solemnized since the passage of the organic act two years ago is illegal, and transfers of property made by divorced parties are also of no legal effect. The discovery of a clause in the organic act which makes necessary a legal residence in the territory of two years as a condition for divorce will cause much trouble. The divorce laws of Hawaii have always been notoriously lax, made so no doubt by the Hawaiian habit of dispensing altogether with the formality of a marriage or divorce ceremony. hTere is no provision in the local laws of any kind making necessary a legal residence in the island as a condition for divorce, and in consequence many people came here from abroad to take advantages of the law. Altogether since Hawaii became a territory, 116 divorces have been granted in the first circuit alone, and there are four circuits on the islands. Some of these people may have lived here two years, but it is doubtful if that fact was set out in the petition for divorce, as required by law, and this would invalidate all divorces, no matter what the length of residence in the islands. There is a provision in the United States statutes which makes residence in all territories for at least one year a condition for obtaining a divorce, and even this law would invalidate a large number of divorces. In a large number of cases the divorcees have been married again, that having been the object for which a separation was obtained, and all these second marriages are consequently illegal. Even though some of the divorcees had a legal residence in the territory, under the rules of practice in the courts the failure to set out that fact makes the decree void. Not only have there been many marriages of divorced parties, but there have been also transfers of real estate which under the law require signatures of both husband and wife, and which also are of no value by reason of the ruling in the divorce cases. How the interested parties will straighten out the tangle is not known, but the situation again emphasizes the great necessity of uniform laws of marriage and divorce in all states and territories, and demands the attention of congress to the matter.

NEW INDIAN POLICY.

There will be very general agreement by the people of the West, who know something about the condition of the Indians, with the statement of William A. Jones, United States Indian commissioner, that the policy pursued towards the red man is, and always has been, a failure. Up to date the government has expended upwards of $240,000,000 upon an Indian population not exceeding 180,000. There are in operation at the present time for the education of the Indian no less than 113 boarding schools, with an average attendance of 16,000 pupils. "These pupils are gathered from the cabin, the wick-i-up and the tepee," says the commissioner. "Partly by cajolery and partly by threats, partly by bribery and partly by fraud, partly by persuasion and partly by force, they are induced to leave their kindred and take upon themselves the outward semblance of civilized life. They are not chosen on account of any particular merit of their own, but solely because they have Indian blood in their veins. Without any previous training, without any preparation, they are transported to the schools, sometimes thousands of miles away, with no expense to themselves or their people. The Indian youth finds himself at once, as if by magic, translated from a state of poverty to one of affluence. He is well fed and clothed and lodged. Books and all the accessories of learning are given him, and teachers are provided to instruct him. He is educated in both the industrial and liberal arts. Matrons wait upon him when he is well, and physicians and nurses attend him when he is sick. A steam laundry does his washing, and the latest modern appliances do his cooking. A library affords him relaxation for his leisure hours, athletic sports and the gymnasium furnish him with exercise and recreation, while music entertains him in the evening. He has hot and cold baths, steam heat and electric light, and all the modern conveniences. The child of the wigwam becomes a modern Aladdin, who has only to rub the government lamp to gratify his desires."

And, after he has been educated, he does back to his tribe, sheds the gear of civilization, puts on the blanket of his forefathers and relapses into barbarism as fast as he can. The money spent on his education by the government has been absolutely wasted.

It is the government's theory that the educated child will guide the ignorant parent, but this theory does not work out in practice. The reason is that the Indian child has no appreciation of the value and uses of education. It means nothing to him as a life equipment. And, while we are failing with the children, says Commissioner Jones, we are making an even worse mess of it with the parents. After spending millions upon the Indian, the government finds that he is "still on the reservation; he is still being fed; he is still dependent upon public bounty for his living; he is little, if any, nearer the goal of independence than he was thirty years ago; and if the present policy is continued he will get little or any nearer in thirty years to come."

The history of the world shows that a people cannot be civilized against their will. The first step towards lifting a people from barbarism is to arouse in them an ambition to improve themselves, but the policy pursued towards the Indian has tended to extinguish whatever ambition he may ever have had. He has been a public charge, and has had no necessity to work. Consequently he is lazy and shiftless. Consequently, Commissioner Jones argues, the government should change its policy with the red man. "The function of the state," he says, "should be to see that the Indian has the opportunity for self-support, and that he is afforded the same protection of his person and property that is given to others. That being done he should be thrown entirely upon his own resources, to become a useful member of the community in which he lives, or not, according as he exerts himself or fails to make an effort. He should be located where the conditions are such that by the exercise of ordinary industry and prudence he can support himself and family; he must be made to realize that by the sweat of his brow he shall earn his bread; he must be brought to learn the dignity of labor and the importance of building and maintaining a home; he must understand that the more useful he is there, the more useful he will be to society; it is there he must find the incentive to work, and from it must come the uplifting of his race."

But the commissioner would not stop all school education. He would have day schools in the communities in which the Indians live, but he would confine the education to such things as are essential in the transaction of ordinary business and cut out entirely the advanced studies now taught in the Indian colleges. In short, he would make the home the key to the situation, and, having implanted an industrial and domestic life, leave the future to care for itself. This plan would be better in the long run for the Indian himself as well as for the government.

GERMANY'S IDLE HANDS.

If Prince Henry was able during his hurried tour over a portion of the United States to learn something about the condition of the people, he must have been impressed with the great difference between this country and his own. Here there are signs of prosperity on every hand; the large, well-dressed and happy-looking crowds that gathered in every city to see him and his party must have impressed the prince with this fact. On the other hand, the condition of trade and industry in Germany is bad. Idle men are found everywhere.

In order to find out just how many people were without employment in the city of Berlin some 12,000 workingmen recently took it upon themselves to make a house-to-house canvass, and it did not take long to find out. According to the results of this inquiry there are at present in Berlin and its suburbs 76,029 people who are wholly unemployed, and 52,501 who are partially unemployed. In addition to these there are also 19,239 who are permanently or temporarily incapacitated by illness.

In addition to this report, Count Posadowsky, in reply to a socialist's inquiry, reports some 15,000 idle people in his district, and although he does not quite agree with the labor canvassers, there is little doubt that a condition bordering on distress exists in many parts of Germany.

The yoke of tariff discrimination bears harder and harder on the workingmen of Europe. Of course, American skill is bearing heavily on the German artisan. There is a natural cheapness in American goods caused by superior skill, and an unnatural one caused by American tariff exactions. Both sit hard on the German workingman.

IN CENTRAL AMERICA.

The repeated successes of late by the insurgents or Liberals as they are called, in both Colombia and Venezuela raise the question as to what is to be the outcome of this continued strife. These hostilities are a continuance, to a certain extent, of the old contests between liberalism and the heritages of Spain's clerical regime over her colonies, with added circumstances of local conditions which add fuel to the flames. A brief historical retrospect furnished by Edwin Emerson in the Review of Reviews makes the issues fairly clear. At the time when Spain was losing Cuba, the last congress of Colombia sat in Bogota. The Liberal party had but one spokesman in the congress—Rafael Uribe-Uribe. The government majority championed the cause of Spain. Uribe-Uribe was the only man in the congress who spoke for America as against Spain. He was hissed down. Next, the Panama canal question came up. The French concession was to be extended for ten years. Again Uribe-Uribe spoke for America as against France. The project was voted down. The congress was dissolved. Then the revolution broke out, and Uribe-Uribe took the field, in Santander, the richest coffee-growing state of Colombia.

While the affairs were thus disturbed in Santander, Cipriano Castro, a Venezuelan exile living in Cucuta, profited by the occasion to lead a small band of Colombian Liberals into Venezuela. After a crushing defeat at Valencia, President Andrade fled the country, and Castro entered Caracas in triumph. His early Colombian adherents got Venezuelan jobs. All went well for a while, especially after the prompt suppression of a counter-revolution, until Castro's sympathies with the Colombian Liberals in the field began to tell on his foreign policy. Uribe-Uribe had been badly beaten in Colombia. He was made welcome by Castro in Venezuela, and was intrusted with the command of a division on the Colombian frontier. Then the government forces in Santander, to bring relief to the stricken district, tried to open the closed rivers by a sudden armed invasion into that region of Venezuela through which the rivers flow to the sea. For the sake of appearances they were led by Ranjel Garbiras, a Venezuelan revolutionist. They made for the prosperous town of San Cristobal, but Uribe-Uribe had managed to gather his corps of insurgents, and beat off the attack in a three days' battle. Uribe-Uribe promptly prepared a counter-invasion. He was aided in this by Castro, who practically put all Venezuelan forces in the Cordillera at his disposal.

The expenses of Castro's various armed expeditions ate up all his ready finances. When he could no longer maintain Uribe-Uribe's troops, Uribe cut loose and recrossed the border, to join forces with other insurgent leaders in the interior of Colombia. Uribe's cousin proceeded to Panama, and the civil war there broke out with fresh vigor, and it is proceeding today with victory perching on the banners of the so-called rebels. Castro is in a peculiar and uncertain position and the chances are that the triumph of the Liberals in Colombia will prove Castro's undoing in Venezuela.

The story of the last British blue book concerning "remnants" in South Africa is really the greatest equine tragedy in the history of the world. Fot at least two years the British government has been pouring into the field thousands of fresh horses and mules each month, and the wastage has been simply unprecedented in the annals of war. Last November the secretary of war wired to Kitchener, "We cannot continue indefinitely to send from 10,000 to 12,000 mounts a month to be used up by column commanders in a few days." But that is still being done; indeed, the actual figures now reach 13,000 a month. It is undoubtedly very conservative to say that thus far 150,000 British horses and mules have died in the effort to conquer the Boers.

District Attorney Jerome, of New York, has probably gone the rounds more quickly than any man hitherto equally prominent in public life. He has been in office less than three months, and if he has failed to criticise anybody, or if anybody has failed to criticise him, the public is badly informed. The press, without exception, has taken him to task. One leading New York paper has reduced him to the class of cranks. Dr. Lyman Abbott says he is too radical and zealous. But Jerome has not changed a particle. He is just the same honest, intense, uncompromising furioso of reform that he was six months back. He will probably continue to be interesting to the last day of his term of office.

Thomas Carlyle wrote on one occasion: "What is it that thou are fretting and fumbling and lamenting and self-tormenting on account of? Is it not that thou art not happy? Foolish mortal; what act of legislature is there that thou wouldst be happy at? There is a higher thing in man than happiness; he can do without happiness, and instead thereof find blessedness." But Carlyle concealed his idea behind crags and in crannies of expression.

Col. Clowry, the one-time messenger boy, who is now president of the Western Union, says all a lad needs to rise is "industry, perseverance, integrity, and intelligence." To be sure it is as easy as falling off a log provided you are born with these qualities.

A Portland, Ore., dentist has been expelled from the Dental society, because he is so professionally unethical as to advertise his business. It is said, however, that his cash receipts are doubling up, so he will not worry over his expulsion.

The Des Moines News says Senators Allison and Dolliver represented public sentiment in Iowa when they voted against the ship subsidy bill. Senator Nelson did not reflect Minnesota sentiment when he voted in favor of the steal.

Five generations are represented in that house where an Eldora, Iowa, 4-year-old lives with her mother, grandmother, great grandmother and great-great-grandmother. It is safe to predict that the four generations will spoil the fifth.

With a salary double that paid to the three best-paid governors of American states, and three times what the United States paid to him when he was a federal judge, Governor Taft can afford to be a good talker.

The Portland Telegram says: "A good many politicians get down on a boss because they want to be one themselves; or because they are out, not in; or being in, fear being thrown out."

The Pennsylvania girl who recently recovered $100 damages from a young man who broke one of her ribs is an expensive girl to hug.

An Oregon exchange says gambling is a necessity, from which it may be inferred that the editor is ahead of the game.

Perhaps Wolseley may tell Kitchener how to escape being captured by Delarey.

Why call beet sugar an "infant" industry when it is exhibiting such great strength at Washington.

Russia says she has no objection to the English-Japanese alliance. But Russia does not always say what she means.

BREEZY CHAFF.

Philadelphia Record: Blobbs—She's a remarkable woman. She always gains her point.

Slobs—Even when she sharpens a pencil?

:-:

Washington Star: "What do you think of that man's speeches?" said one statesman.

"Well," answered the other, "his conclusions are not very novel. But I must say he gets some marvelously original facts."

:-:

Philadelphia Press: "Of course, when a farmer says his 'cribs are full' it means he's very prosperous."

"Not necessarily. It may mean a plentitude of babies."

:-:

Detroit Free Press: Alyce—What a lovely, cozy corner, Mayme—such a pretty couch!

Mayme—Isn't it? It's made out of five trunks and a hat box, seven pillows, two bolsters and an old piano cover.

:-:

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "No," said Miss Canada, "I don't like the way the home government treats me at all."

"You wouldn't have to complain that way," said Uncle Sam, "if you only had a little sense."

"Indeed? How much sense, for instance?"

"Just enough to come in out of the reign."

KUBELIK.

Across the sea comes Kubelik,
To charm us with his fiddle stick,
Upon the strings to pick and pick,
With plink and plunk and nervy trick,
And slurs and slides and nervy trick,
As o'er the strings his bow doth tick,
And trip and rip and zip and flick,
And all so very neat and slick.
That not a soul doth dare to klick.
—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Can't Throw From a Glass House.

Washington Post: Perhaps it is not quite the proper thing for us to smile at Lord Roberts' position. It will be recalled that our Gen. Otis ended the war in the Philippines in much the same manner.

It Does Seem Incongruous.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: What business has a plain, corn-fed Ohio man like Mark Hanna trying to settle a strike in the town of the exalted bean eaters?

Marconi's Latest Achievement.

Philadelphia Record: Signor Marconi's three dots sent across the Atlantic without wires elicited much technical criticism, but his latest exploit in sending a 6-word message over 1551 miles of intervening space is not open to the same sort of objection. If six words may be thus transmitted, why not 6000? Who is to set bounds to a system of inter-communication so cheap in operation, so elemental in construction and installation? This latest wonder in electrical transmission is, in effect, but a single unfamiliar phase of the vast question of modern electrical development. The earlier telegraph instruments have gone out of date; why should telegraph wires and cables linger superfluous in the twentieth century?

Extravagant.

When to the play I take Rosette
We have a box!
Ah, yes, I know I'm deep in debt,
And sore with creditors beset,
But Love has caught me in his net,
And gaily mocks.

So there we sit, and look as bored
As other swells;
For, small as is my little hoard,
Once in a while I can afford
Two gallery seats, and one box stored
With caramels!
—CLINTON BURGESS in Smart Set.

Braves the Bogie.

Lewiston Journal: There's no doubt Postmaster General Payne is a fearless and daring man. He has introduced a 13-cent stamp.

Not That Anybody Knows of.

Baltimore American: No one has as yet started a monster petition to induce Mr. Long to remain in the cabinet.

AN UNFINISHED STORY

Chicago Record-Herald: Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows, president of Oberlin college, who formerly preached to a Chicago congregation, tells a little story concerning an experience of his own that may be worth passing along. It was at the time that Dr. Barrows was making arrangements for the holding of the great congress of religion here. He had an immense correspondence to take care of, and found it necessary to employ a stenographer. The young lady was pretty. It is not to be inferred that there are any but pretty lady stenographers, but the one employed by Dr. Barrows was especially comely.

The doctor fitted up a workroom on the third floor of his house, where he and the stenographer toiled hard day after day, undisturbed by callers and well away from the noises of the streets.

The work of preparing for the congress was still going forward on Feb. 14, when the doctor's little son became excited over the sending and receiving of valentines. The boy had been running about the neighborhood handing love tokens to the children he knew and many had come to him, when he remembered that he had a father up on the third floor, in addition to the One in heaven. Going to his mother, he proposed that they send up a valentine.

"Well," said Mrs. Barrows, "it is very nice of you to remember father. How would it do for me to write a valentine for him and let you take it up?"

The boy was delighted at the idea and his mother wrote upon a sheet of paper:

"Please kiss the bearer."

This she placed in an envelope, which was properly sealed and addressed to the doctor. The boy started upstairs with his valentine, but he had been running around a good deal during the morning and his legs were weary. When he had reached the second floor he met the pretty stenographer, who had started out after postage stamps or something, and asked if she wouldn't be kind enough to hand the note to his father.

She took the envelope, gave the child a pat on the cheek and ran back upstairs, where—perhaps prompted by feminine curiosity—she waited while Dr. Barrows opened his valentine and read, in his wife's handwriting:

"Please kiss the bearer."

Here is where Dr. Barrows always cuts the story off.

A SECRET.

O Zenith City of the West,
Which guard'st the inland sea,
Guard, too, this secret of my heart
I'll tell alone to thee.

Thou art nestled high above the waves
Secure in thy retreat,
The ships which bring their goods from far
Unburden at thy feet.

And ever as I think of thee
A deep emotion wells,
For here, within thy sacred walls,
The Queen of Beauty dwells.

Her dimpled feet thy walks have pressed,
Her lips have breathed thy air,
The full moon's gleam lurks in her eyes
And midnight in her hair.

The purest minds may not accuse,
(Nor virtue's law condemn.)
The meanest trait displayed in her
Were divinity in them.

My pen is slow, and words are weak,
Her glance is like a dart,
I dream by day and sigh for her by night
While hunger gnaws my heart.

The days like ages intervene,
Their end I cannot see,
My sweetest balm has been my tears
When none but God could see.

And does she ever think of me
When she is all alone,
And is there sweetness in the thought
When toil and day are done?

There's matchless beauty in her eyes,
There's beauty in her hair,
The love which glows within my breast
Make beauty everywhere!

Would that the gift of Poesy
Were lodged with me as I,
With heart aflame I'd sing her praise
In verse 'twould never die!

O precious life! O treasure sweet!
O matchless gem of earth!
Cast not my heart in scorn away
Nor deem my love of little worth.

O "Zenith City" of the West,
Still guard the inland sea
And keep this secret of my heart
I tell alone to thee.
—E. ROSELLE HALL.

Duluth, March 18.

A Defect That Is a Blessing.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: A magazine writer complains that the human senses are grossly inadequate and illustrates the case with the remark that "the ear hears little of what is going on around us. By means of a microphone the tread of a fly sounds like the tramp of cavalry." It would not enhance the enjoyment of a summer morning nap to add a microphone ear to a fly's present numerous advantages.

Adulteration of Food.

Philadelphia Press: The supreme court of the state yesterday made a decision under the pure food law which settles a point that has been for a long time in dispute. A grocer convicted of selling a bottle of raspberry syrup that had been adulterated contended that the statute was not violated unless the quantity of foreign substance is sufficient to make the compound poisonous or injurious to health. The court rejects this claim and substantially affirms that adulterated food is adulterated food, regardless of the quantity of the adulteration. The superior court had previously taken a similar position in the same case.

Claim a Doubtful Force.

Indianapolis Journal: It is not surprising to learn that the Turkish government repudiates responsibility for the capture of Miss Stone. If the demand made by the United States minister for the punishment of the guilty parties was accompanied by a claim for money indemnity it will be hard to prove and still harder to collect. This government has never admitted its legal responsibility for the acts of local mobs or lynchers and Turkey might take the same position in regard to its brigands. Moreover, there is so much doubt regarding the nationality of Miss Stone's captors and the jurisdiction of the Turkish government in the case that it seems a weak one to press.

They Are Married Now.

Along the moonlit street they strolled together,
A manly man and a woman full of grace,
The new spring breeze, as light as downy feather,
Of placed a kiss upon her winsome face.
The great moon scudded through the azure ocean,
Plowed through the fleecy clouds that specked its course,
And showered light, soft as a soothing lotion,
Down on the earth with filmy, dreamy force,
And little stars peeped forth with silvery eyes
From out their nests up in the arching skies.

They did not walk as lovers do together,
His arm about her waist, heart linked to heart;
Seemed not united with love's silken tether
As strolled they onward three full feet apart.
At times the evening silence was unbroken,
He chewed at his cigar in careless way;
Each seemed to feel alone; no word was spoken,
As if they could not think of aught to say—
Unto their faces seldom came a smile,
For they'd been married quite a little while.
—JAMES BARTON ADAMS, in Denver Post.

Released as a Decoy Duck.

New York Press: Probably the Boers expect Lord Methuen to be turned loose again by the British with another pompom.

Duty Mustn't Be Shirked.

New York World: Churchmen say it is no sin to attend horse races in Kentucky. Certainly not; it is a duty there.

The Sailor's Beacon

By Ada Patterson.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

Tom Melton was purser on the Titania, a fashionable trans-Atlantic steamer.

When he made his first trip he tacked Jennie Carson's picture securely over his bunk, and being romantically frank and frankly romantic he scribbled beneath it "My Beacon."

Jennie was scarcely pretty as to feature. Earning her own living since she was 15 had sobered her a bit and made her look older than her 23 years. She was thinking of this, and of the fact that she and Tom must wait three years more, or until her 19-year-old sister had married, and until Tom's brother was "through school" before they could marry, when she sat for the picture.

This added to the soberness of her face. Being a teacher in the public schools, and having her younger sister to support she could not spare much for the little coquetries of dress, so her gown was plain indeed. But her eyes looked just as they did when she said:

"I believe you, Tom. You will win," and he was pleased to write "My Beacon" beneath the picture.

The passengers who came to the cabin to have their money changed, to send letters or cablegrams, and to ask a thousand and one superfluous questions, which must be answered patiently and politely, all noticed "My Beacon." Men smiled slightly, women looked at it in an impassive way, bright eyed girls with scarlet golf capes giggled outright; but, though the purser flushed, he did not remove the picture.

On the third trip out a tall girl, with fair hair and merry eyes said: "Have you seen 'The Beacon,' girls? Well, behold one who is going to dim it or put it out altogether."

"You can't," laughed her companions.

"I will," she declared.

That evening she met him on the deck and asked him to join her in her promenade. "The girls have deserted me," she said, plaintively, looking reproachfully at a trio of promenading couples; "and my mother has gone below."

She was an adept at her art and walked so that her crimson cape and even a strand of her hair should blow tantalizingly near his face, and so that the vague, delicate perfume she always wore should weave its spell about him. She had wonderful eyes, especially in the moonlight, and knew the exact effect of a half roguish half tender glance at such time. Her hand met his by accident several times on the deck rail. She spared not one shot at the locker of her coquetry.

That night as he turned out the light in his cabin he nodded cheerily at the picture. "Good night, Jennie," he said.

It was on the fifth trip that some of the officers proposed what they called "a wild night ashore." Tom went alone to call on a nearly forgotten relative of his mother's. Together they went to the theater and to "a bit of a sup" afterward. It was a quiet evening, but left no red eyes and aching heads next day.

"The boys drank my share, too," Tom remarked, confidentially, to "My Beacon;" "and I'm glad of it, Jennie."

There was that in Tom which always responded to the rattle of the dice box. He found the fumes of the poker-room alluring. He wanted to play. It was tantalizing to listen to the stories of amounts won. When he felt his courage oozing he went back to his cabin and looked at Jennie's picture.

"It's hard, but I'll keep my promise, my girl," he said, and turned in.

The second mate was a cynic. "I have no faith in women," he remarked one day to Tom.

"Sorry for you, my man," was Tom's response.

"A man's got to believe in something or somebody," he said.

"He might as well be dead if he doesn't so don't say anything against women to me, especially in her presence," pointing to "My Beacon."

Once Tom was sorely tempted. He thought he saw a way to get rich quickly. He had to admit when he looked at Jennie's picture and remembered what she had said:

"Good by, Tom, dear, and don't do anything, don't think anything, if you can help it, that you wouldn't tell your chum. I might tell you this—I think I would, but what would you say, I wonder?"

The earnest eyes in the girl's face seemed to probe his soul.

"I couldn't meet that look fair and square if I did it," he said, and the next day, when the man with the "sure scheme" came aboard, he told him he could not look to him for help.

"Why?" said the man with the scheme.

"Because I didn't think at first; it looked just straight; and now that I've thought about it I know it isn't."

"Tush!" said the man; "what if it isn't? You're safe."

"Do you see that picture, Simpson?"

"Oh, your girl? Well, this thing'll bring you nearer to her."

"Listen, Simpson! When I took up with the sea I knew its temptations, and I made up my mind that I'd never do anything that would make me ashamed to look at that picture nor into the eyes of the girl herself."

Nor did he. He has married and left the sea. But he always advises young seamen to carry their sweethearts' pictures and place them where they will always see them. "Watch the light!" he says.

ADA PATTERSON.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Lots of suburbanites know better, but can't help themselves.

There is no great harm in falling down unless you stay down.

The man who doesn't love a dog doesn't know how to love a woman.

When a man gives his wife money to pay her bills she always feels he hasn't given anything to her, but to the shops.

The more a woman loves a man the more she pities other people for lacking the discrimination to appreciate good qualities as she does.

Fruits of Prosperity.

Louisville Courier-Journal: The disbursements of interest and dividends during this month from New York will reach $57,000,000, a very much larger sum than was paid out a year ago. Of this vast aggregate the railroads pay about $12,000,000 in stock dividends, but industrial corporations will distribute profits to the extent of nearly $20,000,000. Such facts as these, taken in connection with the statement that the twelve principal national banks of Chicago show the largest deposits in their history by their statement of Feb. 25, an increase of $28,000,000 since Dec. 10, are conclusive evidence of the continued great prosperity and financial strength of the United States.

Not Exclusive Information.

Indianapolis Sentinel: Senator Spooner says: "In my opinion a subsidy is a gift. And so it is in the opinion of all intelligent people.

His Favorite Dish.

Atlanta Constitution: Fred Funston passed up all the other victuals set before him in Chicago for the wild joy of chewing the rag.

No Hurry to Go Back.

Washington Star: Prince Henry must have been impressed by the fact that a number of fine German citizens have preferred to make their homes here and that there is no especial anxiety on the part of any class of American citizens to take up permanent residence in Germany.

An Honest Confession.

Ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, has refused to wear knee breches in order to be permitted to bow to King Edward. Mr. Hogg says he is afraid he wouldn't look well with his calves exposed, and people who have gazed upon his dimensions are likely to agree that his fear is well grounded.

An Awful Mistake.

Minneapolis Journal: Isn't it awful! At the McKinley memorial exercises the ambassadors of foreign powers were assigned to seats behind the supreme court justices. Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador and dean of the diplomatic corps in Washington, has asked Secretary Hay for an explanation. Nothing less than a war can atone for the awful mistake.

MUNYON'S Rheumatism Cure



No remedy has cured so many of Rheumatism, Gout and Lumbago has as my Rheumatism Cure. Try it and then bid goodbye to crutches, canes and pains. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. Relieves pain in from one to three hours, and cures generally before one vial has been used.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 25c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

This Warm Town.

St. Cloud Times: Minneapolis is calculating upon supplying Duluth with ice the coming summer. The Zenith City is becoming so hot that ice will not grow up there.

AT THE HOTELS

W. F. Brooks, of Minneapolis, arrived at the Spalding this morning. Mr. Brooks is a Minneapolis lumberman with very extensive interests, part of which are in the Duluth district. He is not connected with the Brooks-Scanlon company.

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F. H. Kratka took breakfast at the St. Louis this morning on his way from Washington to Thief River Falls, Mr. Kratka is mayor of Thief River Falls. He has been to the national capital to appear before the interior department in behalf of the sale of timber on the Red Lake Indian reservation.

• • •

J. A. Kritzman, of Rochester, Minn., has just emerged from the snow blockade up in the Northwest. He was caught up in Manitoba, just this side of Winnipeg, when the storm came on. He says he never saw a storm like it in Southern Minnesota.

• • •

State Railroad Commissioner J. G. Miller is at the Spalding. He is on his way back to St. Paul from a trip up on the iron ranges, where he spoke at several St. Patrick day meetings.

• • •

Dr. David Ross, of Two Harbors, came down last evening to attend the Scottish concert at the Lyceum. She is at the McKay.

• • •

J. C. Poole, of Eveleth, and E. D. Parmalee, of Virginia, are among the people from the range who are registered at the St. Louis.

• • •

Dr. James Fleming, of Cloquet is a guest at the McKay.

• • •

R. M. Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, and J. P. Weyerhaeuser, of Nebagabon arrived at the Spalding this morning from a trip to St. Paul.

• • •

Marry C. Donnelly, who is connected with the Commercial hotel at Ashland, is a guest at the St. Louis.

• • •

G. K. McEwen, of Park River, N. D., is one of the Northwestern merchants that are marketing in Duluth this week.

• • •

William Orr, who is connected with the Tower Lumber company, is stopping at the St. Louis.

• • •

C. and E. McKinney, of Cass Lake, arrived at the Spalding last night.

• • •

C. H. O'Rourke, of Ontonagon, arrived in the city last night. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

• • •

W. J. Moore and son came down from Virginia yesterday afternoon. They are at the Spalding.

• • •

Among those registered at the Spalding this morning are: F. H. Floyd, St. Paul; T. H. Larke, Minneapolis; Frank W. Davis, Cleveland; C. H. Cleveland, Greenfield, Ohio; E. H. Wood, Chicago; M. A. Noonan, New York; Rudolph Spath, Chicago; H. G. Dickenson, New York; Robert Elder, St. Paul, and D. C. Rood, Hibbing.

• • •

The guest list at the McKay includes: Thomas Draper, Port Huron; Patrick McLeod, John Tolland, Washburn; Henry Martin, Ashland; C. J. Keenan, Kelsey; J. S. Roblin, Detroit; A. A. Brooks, Eau Claire; A. N. Curric, Grand Forks; H. W. Shillip, Milwaukee; F. E. Hart, New York.

• • •

J. Koerner, Milwaukee; Frank Healy, Minneapolis; H. A. Johnson, Minneapolis; C. Hamilton, St. Paul; A. C. Davis, Minneapolis; J. J. McDonald, St. Paul; E. F. Kelley, Chicago; A. A. Otte, L. F. Kropp, Milwaukee, and C. A. Ruprecht, Ashland, are at the St. Louis.

CHAIN MAKERS

Meet at Pittsburg to Discuss Trade Matters.

Pittsburg, March 20.—Seventeen chain manufacturers, representing the largest concerns in the country are in session at the Hotel Lincoln, this city, discussing trade matters and the advisability of advancing prices.

During the meeting it was stated that it was understood that prices of iron and steel would be advanced $2 a ton on April 1 by the United States Steel corporation. The attitude of the chain makers with respect to increased rates will depend upon the new standard placed by the steel combine, and they are hesitating about making any change until they know that the combine advance is a certainty.

$1.00 Per Berth.

To Chicago via "The Milwaukee," during March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction.

Tourist cars will leave Twin Cities on 8:35 p. m. train every Wednesday and Saturday, arriving Chicago 9:30 following morning.

Rate per double berth, $1.00.

Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.

Friday and Saturday, March 21 and 22.
Saturday Matinee 2:30.

KING DODO

A feast of new music. A notable ensemble of singers and comedians, a complete chorus of trained voices, five straight months in Chicago. Special orchestra carried by the company.

Prices: Night—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.



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We can make to fit a full set of the BEST teeth for $10, and no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Filling, up from.....$1.50
Silver Filling, up from.....75c
Gold Crown, 22-k.....$7.00 | Porcelain crowns.....$5.00

Consultation Free and All Work Warranted. Open Sundays, 10 to 12.

Johnson & Kaake, MESABA BLOCK, 409 West Superior Street. Zenith Phone 168.

Let Us Save You Money!

On Motors, Dynamos, Engines, Wiring, Lamps, Gas, Electric and Combination Fixtures and electric repairing. Estimates furnished.

J. H. McLaughlin & Co.
Electric Contractors.
Room F Palladio Bldg. Bell 636-4.

We have it The size, color, shape and very latest up-to-date ***Stationery***
TO SEE IT IS TO BUY IT!
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

REMOVED To the Providence Bldg. Cor. 4th Ave. W. and Superior St.
PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY, Printers.
OLD PHONE NUMBER CHANGED TO 166-3.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HEARTLESS

Young Woman Ordered From the Courtroom at Cleveland.

Cleveland, March 20.—Charged with vagrancy 15-year-old Lillie Geiger, a homeless runaway, was arraigned before Judge Kennedy in police court. As she sat on the prisoners' bench with downcast head her elder sister, well dressed, swept passed her without a word or glance and seated herself in the witness chair.

"She ran away from her home when her mother died six months ago. Since then she has been on the streets," testified the young woman.

"Have you done anything to save her?" asked Judge Kennedy.

"I care nothing for her," was the reply. Then the child prisoner on the bench burst into tears. She buried her face in her arms and sobbed miserably.

"Do you mean to tell me that you have let this little child go to the bad and done nothing to keep her from this life in the streets?"

"I do. I take care of myself. I have no use for her. She's only my half-sister, anyhow."

"You ought to be flogged," declared Judge Kennedy. "Get out of the chair, young woman. Your conduct has been contemptible."

Judge Kennedy ordered the girl turned over to the Home of the Good Shepherd. With tears streaming down her cheeks she was led kindly from the court room. The sister had already left the court room without a word for the homeless little one.

SAME NAME.

The Man Who Was Not Nominated Was Elected.

Rochester, N. Y., March 20.—At the charter election, held at Clyde last Tuesday, James H. Mack, according to the printing on the official ballot, was voted for and elected to the office of police constable on the Democratic ticket. Local politicians who ran the caucus at which the nominations were made say that James Mack was the candidate of the caucus, and should have been, if he was not, elected.

James Mack, who was put in nomination at the caucus, is an iron worker at Wood & Sons' foundry, but the official notification of the nomination was sent to James H. Mack, who is employed at the Clyde Glass works. He promptly accepted the nomination in writing, required by law, and his name was printed on the official ballots, with the result that he was technically elected to an office for which he was never nominated, while the candidate nominated at the caucus and certified to the village clerk by the officers of the caucus by not declining, as required by the law, was legally a candidate for the office, though his name was not printed on the ballot.

How the matter will be adjusted has not yet been decided, and a court will have to pass upon it.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

GHOST DARTS

From Alleys and Chases People---Is Clad In Black.

Alma, Neb., March 20.—The spirit of a young woman is walking the streets of Alma.

So declare such men as Congressman Shallenberger, now at home on a visit; H. S. Wetheral, editor of the Alma Journal; Frank Griggsby, a carriage dealer; Bruce Griggsby, his son, and Wiley Schwartz, a deacon in the Methodist church.

The Alma ghost is clothed in deep black. It darts from dark alleys, rushes past lone pedestrians and in a whisk disappears. The ghost passed Congressman Shalenberger and he did not stop to investigate it. It passed the elder Griggsby; he chased it and it disappeared. He turned about and it chased him. Then he fled. Wetheral saw it vanish in the moonlight. Schwartz scoffed at the story, and was chased home from prayer meeting by it soon afterward.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

DISTRIBUTED

Will Be the Personal Property In the Fair Estate.

San Francisco, March 20.—By a decision rendered yesterday in the state supreme court the trust clause in the will of the late James C. Fair, so far as it pertains to the personal property of his estate, is declared invalid, and an order of distribution granted by Superior Judge James H. Troutt, and said children, Charles L. Fair, Mrs. Theresa Oelrichs and Mrs. Virginia Fair Vanderbilt, is affirmed.

The effect of the decision is in reality the complete dissolution of the trust which the late millionaire sought to create for the purpose of passing final distribution of his property beyond his children and to their heirs, vouchsafing for them the net monthly income of the estate as a life interest. By a former decision the trust was invalidated as far as it related to the real property, which was ordered distributed.

The trustees contended, however, that this decision did not extend in effect to the personal property, valued at between $8,000,000 and $9,000,000, and upon the order of Judge Troutt for a distribution to the Fair children of that portion of the estate they prosecuted the appeal which is now determined in the court of last resort.

The personal property is now subject to distribution.



Important Factors in the Brewing of **BLATZ BEER**
—MILWAUKEE—
Choicest Materials, Absolute Cleanliness, Maturing and Sterilizing Process, Skilled Brewmasters.

Every brew is uniformly successful. There are different brands — all are reliable.

BLATZ MALT VIVINE
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee.
Duluth Branch—Tel. 62.

CABLE FLASHES.

The trial before a secular court of three officials of the vatican charged with thefts from the vatican treasury aggregating £16,000, commenced at Rome, Wednesday. This is the first time the vatican has had recourse to a secular tribunal. La Patria asserts that altogether £320,000, mostly the pope's personal property, has been embezzled.

The dowager empress, learning that Mrs. Baldridge, wife of W. E. Baldridge, secretary of the United States legation, was starting for home, sent her an immense box of costly confectionery, sharks' fins and other delicacies, with scrolls expressing her majesty's personal regards and wishes for a pleasant journey.

In a dispatch from Cannes, the correspondent of the London Daily Mail says he thinks the French government is greatly relieved that King Edward's visit to France has been cancelled, as Boer agents in that country were busy organizing demonstrations against his majesty.

TERRIBLE HARDSHIP

Was Endured By Major Waller and Men on Samar.

The Navy Department Makes Public the Story In Detail.

Ten of the Men Lost Their Lives By Exhaustion.

Washington, March 20.—The navy department has made public another report from Maj. Waller, recounting in detail the stirring events of his tragic effort to cross the island of Samar. Maj. Waller begins with a statement that Lieut. Williams, Seventh infantry, who had just returned from a twelve days' trip in a fruitless search for a trail, and Capt. Pickering urged him not to make the attempt to cross Samar on account of the difficulties. But he decided to make the attempt, in view of the commanding general's desire to find the trail, and run a wire across, starting with fifty men on Dec. 25 from Lanang. The rivers were swollen and it took a long time to get the boat through the rapids. Trails were picked up only to be lost again and the rain came down in torrential bursts. The river the men were following curved almost to a circle, and the banks held no trails. The route crossed and re-crossed the river every few miles and the men began to develop water sores and chafes. The knowledge that they made four or five miles in one direction for each twelve miles of march was depressing. On the 20th reduced rations were issued. No sign of human habitation had been seen, except a lonely fishing shack. There were not even birds. It took the whole of the 21st to reach the mountain pass. All the elements seemed to be against the men. Descending the trail was again lost. The men were suffering from sores, from cuts made from thorns and from festering bites of leeches. They could get no fire and ate raw bacon. A raft was built, but sank with one man on it. Starting down the river word came to Waller that many men could not keep up, so he decided to forge ahead for relief with thirteen of the strongest men, leaving Capt. Porter in command of the main body. Another effort to build a floating raft failed.

Waller finally came upon a clearing, where he found a shack and some growing vegetables. The lenses of his field glass started a fire, and two days' supply of potatoes were cooked. Word from the rear was that the men could make only three miles a day. There was only enough bacon to fry the potatoes. The negroes were reported to be threatening Porter and altogether the expedition was in a bad way. Two natives were captured and pressed into service as guides. Finally the Spanish trail was found but simultaneously a large boat was discovered and the start was made for Basey. The report says:

"The men, realizing that all was over, and that they were within sight and smell more near home, gave up, some quietly wept, others laughed hysterically. Most of the men had no shoes, cut, torn, bruised and lacerated, they had marched without murmur for twenty-nine days and had achieved what no white troops had done before. They thought not of it, but of each other."

At Basey, Waller was taken sick with fever and suffered also from his injured ankle. He says that the expedition was of no value except to show that the mountains can be penetrated and that there are no insurgents there.

Concluding, Maj. Waller says that he was the only one of his party able to move on Feb. 8. Ten of the men died of exhaustion and one in the hospital. All the others except Capt. Pearse, Lieut. Halford, Lieut. Lyles and Maj. Waller himself either were or had been in the hospital at the date of the report. The length of his march was 250 miles.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

WAGES OF MARINE FIREMEN.

Cleveland, March 20.—The marine firemen and the vessel owners came to an agreement on the wage scale for the season at a convention held yesterday. The firemen will receive $45 per month. No contract was signed, but it is understood that the scale will obtain throughout the season of navigation.

WHERE DOCTORS FAIL

To Cure Woman's Ills, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds. Mrs. Pauline Judson Writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Soon after my marriage two years ago I found myself in constant pain. The doctor said my womb was turned, and this caused the pain with considerable inflammation. He prescribed for me for



MRS. PAULINE JUDSON,
Secretary of Schermerhorn Golf Club, Brooklyn, New York.

four months, when my husband became impatient because I grew worse instead of better, and in speaking to the druggist he advised him to get **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and **Sanative Wash.** How I wish I had taken that at first; it would have saved me weeks of suffering. It took three long months to restore me, but it is a happy relief, and we are both most grateful to you. Your Compound has brought joy to our home and health to me."—MRS. PAULINE JUDSON, 47 Hoyt Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

It would seem by this statement that women would save time and much sickness if they would get Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and also write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and always helps.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Henry Nye shot and killed his wife at their home at Stephentown, Rensselaer county, N. Y., Tuesday night. Jealousy is said to have prompted the deed. The couple had been married but six months. Nye has thus far eluded a posse of citizens who are searching for him.

William Jennings Bryan is no longer a resident of the city of Lincoln. Wednesday was Mr. Bryan's 42nd birthday and he celebrated the event by moving to his farm, four miles from the city. Until a handsome country residence which he is building is completed, Mr. Bryan and his family will live in the barn.

The Collis P. Huntington estate, now being inventoried by the state's transfer tax appraisers, acting with the executors, Charles M. Tweed and Isaac E. Gates, will amount to about $25,000,000 or $27,000,000. The transfer tax will approximate $800,000.

Muncie lost to Racine, 2 to 1, at roller polo, but has won the series, 4 to 3. The Muncie team will play against Lowell, Mass., the Eastern championship next week.

Policeman Thomas Howard was killed at Knoxville, Tenn., Wednesday by J. Jones and two brothers, of Monroe county, Tenn. This is another sequel to the Jones-Howard-McGhee feud of about three years' standing in Monroe country.

Sam Harris, manager for Terry McGovern, announces that he had agreed to match McGovern against Benny Yanger, of Chicago, the fight to take place some time in May. It is expected that the fight will take place in Louisville.

The warehouse of the Ohio Farmers' Fertilizer company, covering about two acres at Columbus, Ohio, burned Wednesday night. Loss, $60,000, fully insured.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

More people are carried between St. Paul-Minneapolis and Chicago by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul than by any other railroad.

New Life For Men

Marvelous Nerve Force Imparted by a New and Startling Discovery—Every Weak, Nervous, or Enfeebled Man Should Give It a Test.

FREE ON TRIAL.

Send Your Name and Address Today and Be Strong and Vigorous all Your Life.

A well known professor has made the fortunate discovery that what has heretofore been known as Lost Manhood, Rheumatism, Backache, Kidney Troubles, Early Decay, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Nervous Debility, and Lost Vitality are all due to paralysis of the nerves, which can be quickly cured by



Inventor and Patentee. Patented Oct. 22, 1901

electricity, its unseen currents puts life and force into whatever it touches. The constant, steady life extended by my new Electric Invigorator gives instant relief and never fails to cure.

The Invigorator has an indicator arrangement showing the patient how much current he is using and giving the amount necessary for each case. The first day's use will convince that you have at last found new life. Every week I am receiving wonderful testimonials from grateful men after failing with electric belts, medicines, etc. I do not ask you to take my word for it or anyone else's but send your name today and I will send my new Electric Invigorator to you for a trial in your own home absolutely free.

Address Professor A. Crystal, 191 Post-office block, Marshall, Mich., as he is anxious to have every man know for himself just what this new and marvelous Invigorator will do. Send your name and address today without fail for a free trial of this most wonderful Invigorator.

DENIES ALL.

Miss Smythe Says She Has Never Been In California.

Sioux City, Iowa, March 20.—Miss Josephine Smythe, the Elk Point young lady joined in the scandal with Father B. J. Kelly, and who has just returned to Elk Point after a month's mysterious absence, denied while on the train coming to Sioux City that she had ever been in California during her life, and said she had been in Chicago for a month. It was in California she was said to have spent a fortnight with Father Kelly.

W. A. Powell, manager for a typewriter house in Sioux City, happened to be seated with Miss Smythe on the Chicago train on which she returned to Elk Point. A conversation was opened, and Miss Smythe remarked she was going back to her home in Elk Point. Powell, never dreaming who his companion was, remarked:

"You have a big scandal up there, haven't you?"

"No! I haven't heard anything about it," she answered.

Then Powell began to tell the story in detail. The young landy listened, but with no great show of concern. Powell did not remember the name of the young woman in the scandal, but mentioned Father Kelly several times. Finally, with flashing eyes and quivering lips, she turned to him with:

"Do you know I believe I am the young woman the papers say went away with Father Kelly."

Powell was stunned.

"If I had known this, I would have come back a long time ago. I have been in Chicago a month."

"But, can you prove this?" Mr. Powell asked.

"I have the receipts for my board bill there," was the reply.

"Just think of people talking about me that way," she went on, her voice breaking. "I wish I had known it before."

Mr. Powell asked her if she had been in California, but she said she never had, although she would like to go there.

At Jefferson, S. D., Miss Louise Broullette, a friend of Miss Smythe, boarded the train. They greeted each other with a kiss.

"Oh, Louise," said Miss Smythe, "you should have heard the awful stories this man has told me that are going around about me," and with that the two entered into a conversation the young man could not hear.

SCARCITY OF METAL

Felt Keenly By Stray Consumers of Foundry Iron.

Prompt Delivery Requires Several Dollars Per Ton Premium.

Home Consumption of Steel Now Overbalances Production.

New York, March 20.—The Iron Age says: Stray consumers of foundry iron are feeling the scarcity of metal quite keenly and are forced to pay several dollars per ton premium for what they must have immediately. But of the whole tonnage which goes into the cupola, the converter and the open hearth furnace this is an almost infinitesimal percentage, the great mass of iron which is being melted being delivered on old contracts at fair rates. The same is true of steel. In times like these prospective distorted and much is made of what are comparatively trivial circumstances. It would, of course, be rash to deny their significance, which is that our home consumption is enormous, and that it slightly outbalances production. The balance would quickly swing in the other direction, however, if consumers got it into their heads that prices are abnormally high. While they are remunerative they are not unreasonable, nor is it likely that the shortage now so keenly felt will last more than sixty or ninety days.

The markets for foundry iron have been fairly quiet during the week, the only movement of consequence having taken place in Chicago, where malleable iron founders have purchased about 75,000 tons of pig iron for delivery during the second half. On the other hand, it has come to the surface that one large melting interest, while professedly eager for more iron, has already purchased considerably more than is necessary to cover contracts for goods sold. In some instances requests to delay deliveries have been received, but in every case this has been the result of the discovery on the part of the foundryman that the furnace company will not grant unreasonable time for payment, but that thirty days from date of shipment means that and nothing else.

So far as foreign material is concerned, purchases of only small lots of Scotch pig iron, steel billets, wire rods, shapes and sheets are reported. The markets abroad have run away and the foreign steel works profess to be unable to deliver promptly. Except possibly in structural material, where large contracts have again been placed, the new tonnage coming are the market is only fair in volume. We are going through a breathing spell, very welcome to the mills in their congested condition.

Prices are strengthening in nearly all branches and for small ots and prompt delivery considerable premiums are being paid. Merchant pipe quotations have been raised during the week.

VALIDITY

Of Title of Panama Canal Company In Dispute.

Washington, March 20.—Senator Morgan, from the committee on isthmian canals, yesterday presented to the senate the majority and minority reports of that committee on the question of the validity of the title of the new Panama Canal company and its rights to transfer the Panama canal property to the United States for $40,000,000. The objections of the majority to the title held by that company are based largely on the relations of the canal company to the governments of France and Colombia, but the committee also discussed at length many other phases of the question. Among these is the relation of the shareholders who subscribed $260,000 to the old Panama company, whose interests, the report holds, cannot be lightly regarded. On this point the report says:

"The spectacle of the United States congress authorizing the president, as the agent of our government, to conduct a trade with such a corporation (the new Panama company) without consulting France as to the claim of independence it (the new Panama company) asserts, will be entirely new in the history of nations, and its consequences cannot be lightly disregarded.

"Among these is the serious danger of the United States being drawn into disagreeable relations with a large and influential body of the worthy people of France, whose friendship for us has been cherished during the entire life of our republic, and had its origin in magnanimous sacrifices for our country when this government was in the travail of its birth. Unfortunately the report of the isthmian Canal commission reveals the fact that men who make this offer are chief among those who defrauded these six or eight those who defrauded these 600,000 or 800,000 Frenchmen of $250,000,000."

Speaking further of the obligations of the new company to the old, the majority said: "If Mr. Eifel and his associates get $40,000,000 from the American people, it is well that they are sheltered from the claims of those defrauded and despoiled bondholders and stockholders by the alleged despotism of French courts. They would never escape justice in American courts and would be compelled to account for every dollar of the money to the bondholders and to the stocks bearing interest, before applying any of it to the profits of their speculation."

The minority report, which was presented by Senator Kittredge, completely upholds the title of the new Panama company, as will be seen from the following extract which constitutes its opening paragraph: "The title of the new Panama company to its concessions and other property appears from the facts and documents which have been laid before the sub-committee and is clear and free from any complications. For a transfer of its concessions to the United States the consent of Colombia is requisite, but this consent has been given by the government of that country as fully as it can now be given. The purchase of the canal by the United States, different concessions and different rights must be obtained by treaty between this country and Colombia and such a treaty would necessarily involve a consent to the sale of the company of its rights and property on the isthmus to the United States. Such a treaty Colombia has shown and declared its readiness to make. On every other point the right of the new Panama canal company to transfer its property to the United States is perfectly clear. Every link in the chain of its title and every step in the course by which it became in a position to sell its property, free and clear, is plain and satisfactory."

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.

INDIAN PINE.

Interior Department Is Opposed to the Brown Amendment.

Washington, March 20.—Neither Indian Commissioner Jones nor the Indian department approves of Representative Brown's amendment to Morris bill and its author has been so notified. The commissioner says that all the department's trouble with timber land has been on account of that portion of the Nelson law which provides for the sale of timber on estimates.

Representative Curtis, who is recognized as the special representative of the Indian office on the committee, says that whatever the department wants in that respect the committee will probably adopt and there is little fear that the Brown amendment will be approved. Friends of the bill say that in view of what Mr. Brown has been told by the commissioner, he will probably make a formal stand for his amendment and then yield to the majority of the committee. The bill will be considered and Judge Morris hopes that it will be disposed of at once. There is little doubt of a favorable report, although members of the delegation do not know what further attempts will be made at amendment.

IN A TANGLE

Over the Ship Subsidy Bill Is Speaker Henderson.

Washington, March 20.—Members of the house are still discussing the quandary in which the speaker has been placed by the action of Senators Allen and Dolliver in voting against the ship subsidy bill.

If Mr. Henderson supports the bill he will place himself in antagonism to the two senators, and it is said that the political conditions in his district will hardly warrant this attitude. If, on the other hand he doesn't support the bill, he will find himself in opposition to Senator Hanna, chairman of the Republican national committee.

The general opinion in the house is that Speaker Henderson's dilemma augurs ill for the consideration of the subsidy measure at this session of congress. The Iowa senators are being deluged with telegrams from the state commending their action in voting against the bill. The echo of those words will undoubtedly reach Mr. Henderson's ears and go far toward influencing him in his action.

New Schools In Cuba.

Since the American occupation of Cuba 3600 new schools have been opened, and many reforms have been brought about in their educational system. Some idea of their work can be obtained from their exhibit at the Pan-American exposition, for which they were awarded five gold and four silver medals. This is certainly a wonderful record and one we should all be proud of. There is also a wonderful record behind Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the famous American remedy for indigestion, dyspepsia, flatulency, biliousness, nervousness and insomnia. If you are troubled with any of these ailments we would urge you to try it. It is also a splendid blood purifier, and should be in every household. Our private stamp is over the neck of the bottle.

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates —Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

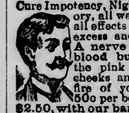
One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



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Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
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If you don't feel just right substitute Figprune Cereal for coffee. It's the perfect food beverage.

Figprune Cereal is an agreeable and healthful substitute. Ask your grocer for the new health coffee—Figprune Cereal, a California product.

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But Mother Soon Stopped the Pain with
Greene's Infallible Liniment.

For all the little aches and pains of childhood and for all sprains, burns, scalds, cuts, wounds and bruises incidental to everyday life in the home or on the farm, Greene's Infallible Liniment stands unrivalled. All cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, lame back or lumbago find instant relief.

Mr. H. J. Kline, Chicago, Ill., writes: "I have used your liniment for my own aches and pains and also for my horses, and it is now a standard remedy in my family. It is an article of merit. Refer any doubter to me."

Mr. J. B. Jackson, Drovers' Journal, Chicago, says: "As a family remedy it is invaluable."

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large **free sample** in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE G. I. L. LINIMENT

Forsale by Schulze Bros., Saddlery; E. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer, D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Helmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jensen, Two Harbors, Minn.; and S. F. Boyce and Kenney & Watt, Duluth.

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PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.



MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Proposals for net beef and flour.—U. S. Indian school service, Vermillion Lake school, Tower, Minnesota, March 1, 1902. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for Beef and Flour," (as the case may be), and addressed to the undersigned at Tower, Minnesota, will be received at this school until two o'clock p. m., of March 29, 1902, for furnishing and delivering at this school as required during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, about fourteen thousand pounds beef, net, and fourteen thousand pounds flour, as per specifications and instructions to bidders to be had upon application to the undersigned. For further information apply to Oliver H. Gates, superintendent.
Duluth Evening Herald March-4-6-8-11-13-15-18-20-22-1902.

Beware of Nerve Killers



Nature never produced a man strong enough to resist the awful effects of opiates.
Thousands of men who ought to be vigorous and full of energy, are failing into decay through the influence of "dope."
But its evil effects can be cured.

PALMO TABLETS

are curing men and women who have been wrecked by deadly drugs.
This remedy cures you all through.
It actually and positively makes prematurely old people young and vigorous.
Palmo Tablets destroy that unnatural craving for sleep-producing drugs.
This is certainly the greatest medicine on earth.

50 cents, 12 boxes for $5.00. Guaranteed. Write for free book.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth



RALLIED SHARPLY

After Dragging All Morning Wheat Has an Upward Turn.

Opening Weak Due Principally to Fine Southwestern Weather.

Trading Very Active In Duluth—Flax Continues Steady.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 20.—The wheat market started out at a slight decline this morning and sold down further. There were light showers in Kansas and predictions of good rains which would afford relief to the winter wheat crop and this news had a bearish effect. The cables were lower, but not noticeably so in view of the decline in the American markets yesterday. The market continued weak until after the noon hour when it suddenly turned stronger and had a good advance, closing slightly better than yesterday's closing price.

The Liverpool market closed ⅝d lower. Berlin was ⅝c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 530,000 bus, last year 638,000 bus. Shipments 150,000 bus, last year 135,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 698,000 bus.

Corn declined ¼c in the Chicago market. Oats fell off ⅛c. Primary receipts of corn were 194,000 bus, last year 406,000 bus. Shipments were 243,000 bus, last year 322,000 bus. Clearances were 20,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 339 cars, and at Chicago, 27, a total of 366 cars, against 422 last week and 489 last year.

There was active trading in wheat today, the liveliest for some time. The market opened ⅛c off at 72⅝c sold up to 72⅞c at 9:45, at 72⅞c at 10, touched 72⅞c again at 10:12, and then fell to 72½c at 11 and 72⅜-½c at 12:25. From there it jumped to 72⅞c at 12:40, and 73⅛c at 1:10 and closed at 73⅛c, an advance of ¼c. Chicago closed a shade higher and Minneapolis was up ⅜c.

Cash wheat continued unchanged selling at 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3⅛c under for No. 2 and 5½c under for No. 3. Sales were 25,000 bus.

Flax trading was more active today and the market was steady at $1.73¼, an advance of ¼c. The close was at $1.73. Cash flax fell ½c. Rye was ½c weaker.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 73⅝c; 1 northern, 72⅜c; 2 northern, 69⅝c; 3 spring, 67⅝c. To arrive—1 hard, 73⅝c; 1 northern, 72⅜c; May, 73⅛c; July, 74c. Manitoba, 1 northern, cash, 70⅜c; May, 71⅜c; 2 northern, 67⅜c. Oats, 41c. Rye, 52½c. Flax, cash, $1.72½; to arrive, $1.73; May, $1.73. Corn, 60½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 91; last year, 43; corn, 1; oats, 5; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 156,920 bus; oats, 3834 bus; barley, 986 bus; flax, 5643 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 685 bus; corn, 6143 bus; flax, 2298 bus.

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Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 6,000 bus	$0.72½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	69⅝
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	69¾
No. 2 northern, 1,500 bus	69⅝
No grade, 2 cars	67⅛
Oats, 1 car	39½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Again Weather Made Speculation In Grains Uncertain.

Chicago, March 20.—The weather may made speculation in grains at the opening today much a matter of guess work. There were light showers reported in Kansas and the state was overcast, indicating possible relief to the winter wheat by good rains. At least most of the local crowd looked at the predictions in a bearish light. Cables were lower though not quite so responsive to our bear market yesterday. May opened ⅛c to ⅜c lower, at 74c to 73¾c, on moderate selling, but met a fair support at the lower figure and reacted to 74@⅛c. This strength held but a short time, but the crowd began selling again. Longs were unloading some stuff and May sagged again to 73⅜c. Local receipts were 27 cars; none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth received 339 cars, or 366 for the three points against 422 last week and 489 a year ago.

Weakness in the wheat markets of St. Louis and Kansas City on rains in Southwest caused a bad break in wheat shortly after the first hour. St. Louis was at one time 2¼c under yesterday's closing price for May. Here, May broke to 73¼c. Exceptionally heavy business was done at the low prices, especially in cash. New York reported 50 loads and this market sold 50 for export. On this business prices rebounded and May closed steady, a shade up at 74⅛@¼c.

Early trade in corn was light and the opening tone easy. May opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower, at 61¼c to 61c in sympathy with the wheat weakness and lower, though not responsive cables. The market was not well supported at the start and May eased to 60⅝c. The sentiment seemed to be as bearish as it was yesterday. A little later reports of light offerings west sent prices to 61¼c, but the market eased again and May steadied around 61c. Receipts were light, 72 cars.

May corn slumped with wheat to 60¼@⅜c. Selling was heavy but the revival of strength in wheat brought May corn back to 61c. May closed only easier, ¼c lower, at 60⅞@61c.

May oats opened unchanged to ⅛c lower, at 43⅝ cto 43½c, in sympathy with other grains. There was no conspicuous buying or selling, but fair offerings and the report that the leading bull in May options had let go much of his holdings brought a decline. May sold down to 43¼@⅜c, and steadied around 43⅜c. Receipts were 79 cars.

Provisions opened steady, but slow. Some selling was done on the lower hog market, but the offerings were well taken especially pork. Changes in prices were small, but with an upward tendency. May pork opened unchanged at $15.42½ and sold to $15.45; May lard, 2½c up, at $9.42½, and May ribs, 2½c higher, at $8.45, and sold to $8.50.

Close: Wheat—March, 72⅜c; May, 74¼@⅜c; July, 75c; September, 74¾c. Corn—March, 59⅞c; July, 60⅜c; May, 60⅞@61c; September, 58⅞c; December, 48⅞c. Oats—March, 42¾c; May, 43½c; July, 35½@⅝c. Pork—March, $15.35; May, $15.52½; July, $15.77½. Lard—March, $9.37½; May, $9.45; July, $9.55; September, $9.67½. Ribs—March, $8.45; May, $8.50; July, $8.62½. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye—March, 55⅝c; May, 55⅝@¾c; July, 56@⅝c. Barley—Cash, 60@

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65c. Timothy—March, $6.80. Clover—March, $8.75. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 81@82c; No. 3 red, 77@80c; No. 2 hard winter, 73½@74½c; No. 3 hard winter, 69½@74½c; No. 1 northern spring, 74@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. Corn—No. 3, 57½@58c. Oats—No. 2, 42¾@43c; No. 3, 42½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market has through the early part of the day been weak and dull with less support than has been evident for some time past. Later, on reports of rain in the Southwest, the price took a sharp break and sold as low as 73¼c. On this break the trading became larger and the commission house buying was of a better character. Liquidation, while not general, has been considerable and the market has been subjected to a good deal of pressure from short selling. This should have cleared the situation to some extent. Export business yesterday was liberal and today was very large, being reported as high as 80 loads. The clearances were also very large. The Price Current, while it says that the crop is still in fairly good condition, that it is possibly moderately less favorable. What rains have appeared in the Southwest have only been slight, while there are prospects for more, still the majority of the crop advices from that section are not favorable. We are inclined to think that the pressure has culminated for the moment and that with a decidedly better situation the market should have at least some reaction. The short interest is considerable.

* * *

N. H. Perrin, Chicago: Cables keep pace with our weakness. Disgusted and tired longs were the sellers yesterday, notwithstanding the news favorable to the bull side. It is claimed there is 27,000,000 bus of wheat in farmers' hands and elevators in Manitoba, 14,000,000 bus of which is for sale under prices of American wheat. The weather is perfect. Some reaction is due after yesterday's slump and it looks as if the big holder of May oats had gotten out and would not be surprised to see them flatten out any day now. Corn is still a sale on bulges. Don't sell it on the breaks.

* * *

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—The weather map shows a trace of rain in Kansas. It looks as though there might be more rain in that section. The uselessness of govednment crop figures is shown by the difference between census figures and those of the agricultural department of 1899. They vary 11,000,000 bus, over 20 per cent. The same feeling regarding wheat, and as heavy selling as we had yesterday, might break the price a little more. I think it is low enough and the market a purchase.

Corn—The leading interests on the long side of corn seem confident of their position. The dull speculation is the worst feature just now. When corn is in the 60s a dull market is against the price. St. Louis bought corn in Peoria yesterday. A demand like this is one that will take some corn. What is needed to help this market is a demand that will take some corn out of here.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 20.—Close, wheat, May, 80c; July, 80⅜c. Corn, May, 66⅝c; July, 65½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72¾B	71⅝	73¾-⅞	80
High	73⅛	72	74⅛	80
Low	72⅜-½	71	73⅛	79¼-⅜
Close	73⅛	72	72⅛-¼A	80
July—				
Open	73¾	72⅞	74¾	80¼
High	74	73⅛-¼	75	80⅜
Low	73¼B	72⅞	74⅛	79⅞
Close	74B	73⅛-¼	75A	80⅜B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	43⅝@½	61¼@61	$15.45
High	43⅝	61¼	15.52
Low	42⅞	60⅞	15.42
Close	43½	60⅞-61B	15.52

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 20.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red Western winter, dull, 6s ½d; No. 1 northern spring, dull, 6s ½d; No. 1 California, firm, 6s 4d; futures, steady; March, 6s 1⅛d; May, 6s ⅛d; July, 5s 11⅞d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed, new, 5s 2½; mixed, old, 5s 3½d; futures, quiet; May, 5s 2⅜d; July, 5s 1⅝d.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—

Puts, May wheat, 71⅝c to 71½-⅝c.

Calls, May wheat, 72½c to 72⅝c.

Curb, May wheat, 72c bid to 71⅞-72c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 20.—There was a very heavy trade in wheat today and the market during the greater part of the session ruled weak and prices declined on further liquidation by longs and reports of rain in Texas, but on the break there was an enormous business in cash wheat transactions, principally for exports and shortly before the end of the session when shorts tried to cover they found little for sale. Prices sharply rallied 1c per bu from the low point and the market closed firm, ⅛c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market as steady, ⅜d lower for the day in sympathy with our weak close of last night. Our friends, however, cabled us that their market would be likely to respond quickly to an improvement on this side. Continental markets were steady. Today's export business was the largest for a very long time and the demand was not only from the United Kingdom, but also from the continent. We believe liquidation is over and the large cash transactions today have relieved the situation a great deal. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 25 cars.

The corn market, after ruling steady, later sharply declined in sympathy with wheat, and on pounding by local bears, but good buying on the break together with much better cash demand and reports of sales made for direct export, caused a sharp rally toward the end of the session and the close was firm ⅛@¼c lower than yesterday. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool closed ⅛d lower for the day. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing. We look for higher markets. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 105 cars.

There was large trade in oats today and market after ruling weak during the greater part of the session, later rallied and closed firm. Country offerings were practically nothing. Cash demand was good. We do not think the recent selling of May has been by the important long interests. In fact we believe the long lines held of this interest is still held in tact. Receipts for tomorrow, 110 cars.

Provisions opened dull and easy on sharp decline in hogs, but we had the usual professional buying and the market advanced sharply and a few shorts covered. Trade is very light and it is fairly well known that it is easy to bull it when offerings are light and holders are encouraged. The same talk goes on magnifying the cash demand which is no more than in ordinary years, while hogs receipts are very large for March. We may see a further bulge and if so, expect to see holders sell, but we still maintain that there is no warrant for such high prices. We will get the hogs and we will have the May liquidation. In the meantime we think the best local talent will do their best to give the market an appearance of strength. Estimated hogs for tomorrow, 33,000.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 20.—Close: Wheat—May, 72c; July, 73⅛@¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74⅝c; No. 1 northern, 72¾@73¼c; No. 2 northern, 71⅛@½c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a strong activity in all branches of the market with an unusual large supply of horses placed for sale. The auction was especially active with a keen bidding by North Dakota and Manitoba buyers. Local trade also showed an improved condition over last week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@$200
Drafters, choice	125@ 145
Drafters, common to good	115@ 125
Farm mares, extra	120@ 140
Farm mares, choice	100@ 120
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 100
Delivery horses	100@ 135

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 20.—Cattle, receipts, 8000, 10c higher. Good to prime steers, $6.75@7.35; poor to medium, $4.00@6.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.25@5.50; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.25@2.30; bulls, $2.50@5.15; calves, $3.00@6.85; Texas steers, $4.75@6.00. Hogs, receipts today, 37,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 4439. 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.47½; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.50; rough and heavy, $6.10@6.30; light, $5.95@6.30; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.30. Sheep, receipts, 14,000. Sheep and lambs strong and higher. Good to choice wethers, $4.75@5.50; fair to choice mixed, $4.25@5.00; Western sheep and yearlings, $4.75@6.00; native lambs, $4.00@6.75; Western lambs, $5.25@6.75. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 19,799; hogs, 30,215; sheep, 12,098. Shipments—Cattle, 3815; hogs, 8903; sheep, 1439.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	28
Creamery, tubs	26 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	21 @ 23
Packing stock	17
EGGS.	
Fresh	17
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	13
Twins, full cream, old	1½@ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50 @ 8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 25 @ 5 00
Apples, per box	1 85 @ 2 00
California figs, per box	1 00 @ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75 @ 3 50
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	3 00 @ 3 25
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50 @ 2 60
VEGETABLES.	
California celery, bunch	70
Mushrooms	60
Leltuce	1 25
Green onions, per dozen	75
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00 @ 3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 75
Beets, per 100	1 10
Carrots, per 100	1 20
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60 @ 1 75
Potatoes, per bus	85
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65 @ 2 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	80
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @ 85
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @ 65
Cal. tomatoes, per baset	95
Parsley, per doz	45
Head lettuce, per doz	90 @ 1 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3¾@ 4
DRESSED POULTRY.	
Hens	13
Spring chickens	14
Geese	12
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	14
MEATS.	
Mutton	8½
Lamb	10
Veal, good	8½ 9
Veal, fancy	9
Dressed beef	6½@ 8
Hogs	7½
Pork loins	9½
Lard	9⅞
Lard, compound	7¾

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 20.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 20@28c; dairies, 19@25c. Cheese, firm. Twins, 11¼@½c; daisies, 12½c; young Americas, 12@12¼c. Eggs, steady. At mark, cases included, 15c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 20.—Butter, receipts, 3353 packages. Steady. State dairy, 22@28c; state creamery, 23@30c; creamery held, 21@26c; renovated, 18@24½c; factory, 18@22c; imitation creamery, 20@24½c. Cheese, receipts, 2458 packages. Firm. colored and white, 12@13¼c; do large, 12@12¼c. Eggs, receipts, 20,360 packages. Easier. State and Pennsylvania, 16½c; Western at mark, 16½c; Southern at mark, 12@16¼c.

FOUR INJURED.

By Explosion In Citico Furnace at Chattanooga.

Chattanooga, Tenn., March 20.—An explosion at the Citico furnace, this city, early this morning, injured four men, none fatally. The injured were: Tom Keener, master mechanic; Lon Hollywood, water tender; Bill Dooley and John Schoolfield, colored laborers. The explosion was the result of the crown sheet of the boiler blowing out. Keener and Schoolfield are the most seriously injured.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Followed By Profit-Taking Which Caused Some Losses.

Colorado Fuel and Northern American Made Sharp Rallies.

Railroads Well Held and Closing Was Quite Active.

New York, March 20.—Opening price changes of stocks today were very uneven and irregular. There were gains running to near a point in St. Paul, Metropolitan Street Railway, St. Louis & San Francisco and International Paper. Evansville & Terre Haute and Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville lost about a point and Reading a large fgraction. The dealings were small.

Price movements were conflicting, but the range in the specialties was not as wide as yesterday. Liberal selling affected General Electric, North American, American Woolens pfd., Sugar, Metropolitan Street Railway, Reading com and second pfd., Delaware & Hudson, Northwestern and Tennessee Coal to the extent of 1 to 3 points.

On the other hand Evansville & Terre Haute and Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville met support and more than wiped out their opening losses. Colorado Fuel, People's Gas, New York Central & St. Louis, St. Paul, St. Louis & San Francisco com. and second pfd. made gains of 1 to 1½ and Rock Island, 2¾. Apprehension over the labor discussion affected prices. Amalgamated Copper advanced a point before 11 o'clock. Business decreased and the market was inclined to ease off although there was bidding up of Amalgamated Copper, Louisville and the Colorado & Southern stocks. Previous gains in the St. Louis & San Francisco stocks were cancelled and Rock Island lost a point. Sugar and the Readings were sold on rallies and Colorado Fuel worked down to near yesterday's close. Net losses of 1 to 2 points occurred in Westinghouse Electric, Brooklyn Union Gas and Consolidated Gas. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie com. advanced 1, while the pfd yielded as much. Bonds were irregular.

Simultaneous bidding up of Colorado Fuel and North American, which put the former 4 points over yesterday's close and the latter 4½ above the lowest, caused a steadier tone to most stocks, but there was fresh selling in spots. General Electric receded 4 points, Lake Erie & Western 1¾ and American Grass Twine 1¼. Metropolitan Street Railway recovered to opening figures and the railroads while dull were well held. Profit taking made general inroads upon prices of stocks that had advanced. The closing was quite active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	64¾	62¾	64
Anaconda M. Co.	31	29¾	30¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	78	77¼	77½
do pfd.	97¾	97⅛	97⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅛	106¼	105¼
do pfd.	94¼	94¼	94¼
Brooklyn Rap. Tran.	68	66½	67¾
Chesapeak & Ohio	46	46	46
Chicago & Alton	36	35¾	35⅞
Col., F. & I.	106½	102	106⅜
Chgo. Great-West com.	24⅜	24	24⅜
Erie com.	37¾	36⅞	37
do 1st pfd.	68⅞	68⅜	68¾
do 2nd pfd.	55	55	55
Great Northern pfd.	185½	185½	185½
Louisville & Nashville	105⅜	104	105⅛
Leather	11⅝	11½	11⅝
do pfd	81¼	81⅛	81⅛
Manhattan Con	135⅛	133⅞	134½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	48¼	47½	48⅛
do pfd	111¼	111	111¼
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	100¼	100½
New York Central	163¼	163¼	163¼
Norfolk & Western	56⅞	56⅝	56⅞
Ontario & Western	33	32¾	33
Pennsylvania Ry	151¼	151	151¼
Pacific Mall	45¼	44½	44½
People's Gas	103½	101¾	103¼
Republic Iron & Steel	18⅜	18¼	18¼
do pfd	74¾	74½	74½
Reading	56⅛	55¼	56
do 1st pfd.	81	80¾	80⅞
do 2nd pfd.	68⅛	66⅞	67⅞
Rock Island	174	172	172½
Southern Railway	32¾	32⅝	32¾
do pfd.	96⅞	96½	96¾
Southern Pacific	65⅝	65	65
Smelter	46½	46¼	46½
do pfd	99	99	99
Sugar Refinery	131¼	128⅝	131
St. Paul	165¾	163¾	165⅛
T. C. & I.	71⅞	70	71⅞
Texas Pacific	40¾	40½	40½
Union Pacific	100	99¾	99¾
do pfd	87½	87	87⅛
U. S. Steel	42½	42¼	42½
d pfd	95	94½	94¾
Wabash	24¼	24	24
do pfd	43¾	43	43
Western Union	90¾	90¼	90¼
Wisconsin Central	22¾	22¼	22¼
do pfd	43¼	43⅞	43⅞
American Ice	21¼	20¾	20¼
Metropolitan	169½	167¾	168½

The total sales were 585,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgely to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The bear clique in Copper have had their brokers quietly covering short stock the past two days, the public having had their fears so worked upon as to be glad to sell at almost any price. It appears from what can be learned that the copper trade is in much better shape now than a few months ago, and is likely to further improve. If you have the patience to follow the slow old railroads, it will pay you in the long run. Atchison is doing very nuicely. It will do better in time. I remain a bull on Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Atchison, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and Union Pacific and advise purchases on recessions today. The market should be higher in the afternoon and on Friday.

* * *

Town Topics: Interest today will center in the meeting of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit to vote upon the proposition to issue $150,000,000 of bonds, and favorable action should result in an advance in the stock. Sugar is being bulled on the expectation of an increase in the percentage of reduction of Cuban duties. Baltimore & Ohio is being bought by strong people and the more favorable crop reports have influenced a better feeling on the granger stock. We advise the purchase of these stocks: Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Manhattan, Baltimore & Ohio and Steel pfd. Leave the specialties alone, as they have simply been run up on manipulation. Take on some Southern Railway pfd. but on any reasonable advance take your profits, as it is purely a professional trading market, and nothing is being done by the usually active operators. The London market for Americans is dull and slightly below parity with our closing, with the copper stocks weak and mining stocks strong.

* * *

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The decline in wheat is regarded as confirmatory of the improvement in crop conditions and the effect in stock circles is to make sentiment stronger. There is a growing confidence in the theory that a rise in prices in April will surely follow the appearance of the government crop report on April 10 if the latter is even moderately favorable. Money, which with the approach of the April settlements seems to be hardening, will then be coming in from the country, unless bank officials miscalculate and the financiers will have returned from their outing. The way Atchison has held around 76 gives observant traders the impression that it has been accumulated by substantial interests willing to take the chance of crop failure. This buying has been traced to the Berwind-Baring pool which operated so successfully in both the Atchison stocks for over two years and which have held large lines of the common for years. It is said that the pool has recouped low in the 70s the holding liquidated in the boom of a year ago. Mr. Berwind's friends quote him as saying that Atchison will sell higher this year than it did in the great boom. As regards the Anthracite stocks, should the wage question be amicably settled at the pending meeting of miners, insiders say the Readings will be moved up sharply.

* * *

Logan & Bryan to Paine, Webber & Co.—The stock market is quiet and the list generally is without material change. Colorado Fuel is up sharply and Tennessee Coal and Iron was advanced. Strong tips are out on both of these stocks. It is rather confidently thought that the Monon will declare a 4 per cent dividend on common. This stock, however, was easier. There was a report that Louisville & Nashville is negotiating for a northern connection. The Amalgamated meeting has been postponed until the last of next month. Pool buying is still the feature of the market and outside interest is slow. Interest rate steady to firm.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 20.—There is very little general public interest in the market. The Lawson specialties were bid up today by his brokers. Central, Arcadian and Trinity showing renewed activity. A few shorts bought Osceola on the strength of Amalgamated Copper. The United States Mining company continues to be well bought.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21	22
Allouez	4	..
Anaconda	30½	31
Arcadian	9¾	10
Amalgamated	64	64¼
Arnold	75c	$1.00
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	29	30
Baltic	46	47
Bingham	24¼	25½
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	590	600
Centennial	23⅞	24¼
Trinity	14⅜	14⅞
Copper Range	69	70
Consolidated Copper	46¼	46½
Dominion Coal	118¾	120½
Elm River	3¾	4¼
Franklin	13	13½
Humboldt	..	50
Isle Royale	17½	18
Mass	18¼	18¾
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	34	34¾
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	20¾	21
Osceola	61	62
Parrot	29½	30
Quincy	130	135
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3⅛	3¼
Tamarack	180	190
Tecumseh	1	1¾
Trimountain	..	100
Utah	22½	23½
United States	18⅝	18¾
Victoria	5¾	6
Winona	1¾	1⅞
Wolverine	52	52½
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	1.25

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The copper market is quiet and 12½c is asked for Lake Superior copper and 12⅜c is asked for electrotype or Montana copper. We hear, however, of a New England manufacturer who bought some lake copper recently at 12c for quite a large amount. Some of the Boston people declare that Osceola and Tamarack will not be the only mines delivering copper at the present time sold at 11c. It is said Wolverine and other Stanton properties are delivering lake copper at this price and while Mr. Stanton says he did not sell much at this price he admits he had to sell some to hold his customers.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The more the report of the Old Dominion Mining company is studied the more favorable it appears to the street. The point is made that a mining property producing copper at a cost of 12¼c per pound including the cast of a new plant is worth $20 per share more than a great many other copper properties selling at much higher figures.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The improvement in coppers today has been largely due to short covering purchases. There seemed to be an especially large short interest in the volume of buying for long account and the heavy export business continues and the market for the metal is steady. For the present we can see nothing to prevent the continuation of the rally and look for higher prices.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 20.—Cotton opened easy and 2 to 3 points lower in keeping with a heavy feeling in Liverpool Sentiment was distinctly bearish and under short selling prices slowly eased off after the opening, May to 880 and July to 883. Weakness in the New Orleans market and unfavorable late cables from Liverpool helped to undermine the market as the session progressed.

Cotton spot closed quiet: middling uplands, 9⅛c; midling gulf, 9⅜c; sales, 1126 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet and steady: March, 8.93; April, 8.90; May, 8.81; June, 8.84; July, 8.85; August, 8.65; September, 8.27; October, 8.09; November, 7.99; December, 7.99.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 20.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $177,879,855; gold, $90,145,943; silver, $19,670,486; United States notes, $9,926,851; treasury notes of 1890, $119,081; national bank notes, $10,086,838; total receipts this day, $1,676,854; total receipts this month, $30,463,516; total receipts this year, $402,604,982; Total expenditures this day, $1,505,000; total expenditures this month, $26,509,000; total expenditures this year, $346,337,464; deposits in national banks, $123,269,544.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 20.—Close: Money on call, firm, at 4@5 per cent; closing bid and asked, 3½@4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand, and at $4.86 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84⅞@4.85¾; bar silver, 53⅞c; Mexican dollars, 45¼c; government bonds, steady; state bonds, steady; railroad bonds, irregular.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

LOSSES

In Live Stock By Blizzard Are Steadily Increasing.

St. Paul, March 20.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Additional reports of losses of live stock are being received in this city and the total loss between Jamestown and the Missouri river will be in the neighborhood of a thousand head of cattle and several thousand sheep. Reports of small losses of cattle and sheep have been received from dozens of small farmers whose sheds were insecure and stock died from falling roofs and suffocation. No loss of life has been yet reported, although there have been several cases of frozen hands and feet. Anton Trollet and his wife spent two days during the storm in a straw stack and both were frozen but not fatally. The Washburn road has been opened up to Wilton and efforts are being made to clear the track from there to Washburn.

WILL BUY SILVER SERVICE.

Montgomery, Ala., March 20.—The Alabama battleship silver service committee has closed the fund and will use the money, $3000, to buy a silver service for the battleship Alabama.

STRANGE

Story Told In Claim Made By a Ship Owner.

Washington, March 20.—Some remarkable assertions are made in an official letter which Secretary Root has sent to congress along with the claim of Maj. J. B. Bellinger, an army quartermaster, to the extent of $143, paid by that officer to James McKay, of Tampa, Fla., the owner of the steamship Fanita. That vessel was chartered by the quartermaster general in April, 1898, and ordered to report to the quartermaster at Mobile.

When the government was through with the vessel it was transferred to McKay, and the sum of $143 was charged by him as the cost of certain repairs and changes necessary to put the boat in the same condition it was in when the government chartered it. The controller disallowed the payment, and held the charge against Maj. Bellinger, who sought to have McKay reimburse him. This led McKay to write a letter which contains some interesting information and implies that the steamer, while in the government service was engaged in a filibustering expedition of secret character. Mr. McKay in his letter says:

"The quartermaster at Mobile loaded the steamer with munitions of war and instructed the captain to follow the directions of a secret service man who was then at Mobile, and by him the captain was ordered to follow the instructions of one Jiminez, who is now president of Santo Domingo.

"When the captain found that his vessel was going upon a filibustering expedition against a country at peace with the United States he refused to go, but after being bribed by this Jiminez he consented to do so. The vessel touched at one of the Bahama islands, there secured a pilot, went to Cape Haitien, and from there entered the port of Monte Christi in the island of Santo Domingo. At Cape Haitien there was a party of men who came on board and broke into the cargo and equipped themselves, and landed and attacked the fort at Monte Christi. In a short time the entire party was killed, with the exception of the now president of Santo Domingo, who made his escape by getting into the steamer's boat and getting on board before anw of the soldiers could secure a boat and board the steamer.

"The vessel returned to Florida, remained at Tampa for a few days, and then was ordered on an expedition with the steamship Forida to the south side of Cuba, where it landed these supplies and a lot of men and was engaged for the balance of the four months in the use of the government in transporting stores, etc.

"In regard to these statements that I have made I can refer you to the Assistant secretary of war at that time, Mr. Meiklejohn, for the correctness of my statement. Now, I do not care to enter suit against the government for this money from the fact that all of this that I have stated would come out in the trial, and I do not think it would look well for this expedition to be made public, which certainly would be the case if there should be a trial.

"I refer this matter to you, asking if you will kindly use your influence to have the decision of the controller reversed. My vessel was a legally chartered vessel, the same as all other vssels were chartered, but the war department did not care to give me a charter party, as it does not want it known that the administration had anything to do with the expedition it was on."

MUST WAKE UP.

Prince of Wales Tells England What to Do.

New York, March 20.—The prince of Wales' address, in declaring the national physicial laboratory at Bushey Park open, was the most interesting he has delivered since his famous speech in the Guild hall on his return from a tour of the empire, says the Tribune's London correspondent. He again told England to wake up; her commercial supremacy was threatened, and the only way to maintain it is, he said, to give greater facilities for furthering the application of science, then commerce and manufacture.

INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.

Struggle Between Cleveland Car Lines Likely to Follow.

Cleveland, March 20.—The circuit today dissolved the injunction against the Cleveland City Railway company, secured recently in the common pleas court by the promoters of the 3 cent fare street railway system, restraining the officials of the old company from purchasing withdrawals of consent of property owners for the construction of the new lines through various streets. The city council has already granted franchises to the new company. As a result of today's decision, however, it is probable that a bitter struggle will follow between the old and the new companies.

NOT TO STUDENTS.

Texas Liquor Dealers Are Forbidden to Sell.

San Antonio, Texas, March 20.—Under a decision of the supreme court of Texas, just handed down, saloonkeepers may not sell liquor to student's of educational institutions without laying themselves open to suit for damages. The word "knowingly" was inserted in the law governing the sale of liquor to miners by the last legislature, but the court holds that this does not apply to students.

EXPERTS ARE CALLED.

New York, March 20.—David N. Carvalho, an expert in handwriting and in inks, was recalled today for cross-examination in the trial of Albert T. Patrick.

Dr. Herbert A. Hare, professor of theraupeutics in the Jefferson Medical college, of Philadelphia, was called by Mr. Osborne. He qualified as an expert in chloroform.

ELBE AT SOUTHAMPTON.

Southampton, March 20.—The royal mail steamer Elbe arrived here today from the Azores, having on board the passengers of the disabled Cunarder Etruria. They say the passage was monotonous and that they have no complaints to make of their treatment.

The Etruria's mails will be delivered today. They were postmarked a month ago.

ELEVEN DROWNED.

Lisbon, March 20.—In a collision today between fish boats, near Nazareth, eleven men were drowned.

HOLDING HIS OWN.

New York, March 20.—"Holding his own," is the announcement of the physician, with reference to the condition of Dr. Thomas Dunn English, the former congressman and author of "Ben Bolt," who is lying ill in Newark, N. J.

BURLINGTON OFFICIALS.

Denver, March 20.—Various questions affecting the mechanical and operating departments of the Burlington railway system were discussed today at the annual convention of the superintendents and master mechanics' associations of the road. There are eighty delegates present, including F. A. Delano, general manager at Chicago, and General Superintendent S. E. Chance, of St. Joe, Mo.; T. E. Calvert, of Lincoln, Neb., and J. D. Bessler, of Chicago.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar...... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul Minneapolis	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.		* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast	* 6:43 p.m.
† 8:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y
City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m. All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †7:25 p. m. Marquette & Copper Country.
Daily. † Except Sunday

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, March 19, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of L. L. Marble, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Clarendon D. Marble, administrator of the estate of L. L. Marble, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on the 14th day of April, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the office of the probate court in the court house in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 19th day of March, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,

W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Mar-20-27-Apr-3-1902.

DEAR ALPHONSE

Is Anxious to "Shake" His Name For Another.

Chicago, Ill., March 20.—Alphonse Buckingham Chandler wants to drop his first name. He made application in the circuit court yesterday for this change. He says that he never uses it and has asked for legal sanction so that there may be no question raised as to his signature to deeds and other official documents issuing from the real estate firm from of Chandler & Co. Mr. Chandler is a son of Frank R. Chandler, of 182 Rush street. Mr. Chandler said he had decided upon the change long before "My Dear Alphonse and My Dear Gaston" came into print.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Large Numbers Arriving In Chicago For Jubilee.

Chicago, March 20.—Nearly every incoming train brought members of the Order of the Knights of Pythias to Chicago today where a grand jubilee will begin tonight. Many knights reported yesterday, but the rush began this morning. Uniformed detachments were to be seen on nearly every street, marching to their headquarters. The hosts are the lodges of Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Wisconsin. Arrangements have been made to entertain 20,000 guests. The jubilee begins at the Coliseum at 7 p. m., the main feature on the program being the exemplification of the ritual by teams proficient in the ceremonies. The only function during the day was a reception at the Great Northern hotel of the officers of the supreme court and grand lodges.

MINERS

Shamokin, Pa., March 20.—The third day's session of the miners' convention began at 9 o'clock the business being transacted behind closed doors. Mr. Mitchell said the scale committee would probably not present their conclusions until tomorrow and that he looked for an early adjournment today. The committee of resolutions cannot submit a report until the scale is arranged.

The published statements that the replies of the operators to President Mitchell's request for a conference might be construed as a virtual recognition of the Mine Workers' union, Mr. Mitchell regards as incorrect. Referring to the letters of the presidents of the operating companies Mr. Mitchell said "We do not regard them as recognition in any degree."

Nothing of importance developed at the morning session. Thomas Barnett and James Mullahy, of Wilkesbarre, state president and secretary respectively, of the Firemen's union, arrived here today to appear before the convention in behalf of the mine firemen. They desire the co-operation of the United Mine Workers in their efforts to secure an 8-hour day.

BABY'S VOICE

Is the joy of the household, for without it no happiness can be complete. How sweet the picture of mother and babe, angels smile at and commend the thoughts and aspirations of the mother bending over the cradle. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that she looks forward to the hour when she shall feel the exquisite thrill of motherhood with indescribable dread and fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of **Mother's Friend,** a scientific liniment for external use only, which toughens and renders pliable all the parts, and assists nature in its sublime work. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Sold at $1.00 per bottle by druggists. Our book of priceless value to all women sent free. Address

MOTHER'S FRIEND

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

FOUND

By His Brother and Forced to Return Thousands.

Petersburg, Ind., March 20.—Last fall James W. Carlisle, a prominent young farmer, left his wife and two children. There also disappeared at the same time a young woman of the name of Snyder. Carlisle left debts amounting to $10,000, and before leaving figured in several transactions, including, it was charged, the signing of his mother's name to notes on which he realized money. Until a few days ago no trace of young Carlisle was to be had, when he was located at Bloomington, Neb. Having applied for admission at the Odd Fellows' lodge at Bloomington, he referred them to the home lodge at this place, and by this means his whereabouts became known.

His brother Charley at once left for Bloomington, where he learned that James had purchased considerable property, among which was a fine residence, a blacksmith shop and an implement store. On arriving at Bloomington, Charley at once went to the officials and had papers made out for the arrest of his brother. With an officer of the law Charley went to the Franklin county bank and then sent a messenger to his brother, telling him that an implement customer desired to see him at the bank. James, it is said, "wilted" when confronted by his brother, and gave him a bill of sale for all the property owned by him, which amounted to several thousand dollars. The relatives agreed to not prosecute him if he would return and live with his family, to which he consented.

The Snyder woman, it is said, is now in St. Louis. For three months previous to Carlisle's departure she had been employed in his family, and since their departure a babe had been born in the home here.

DESPERATE

Battle With Pack of Wolves That Attacked Farmers.

Nashville, Ind., March 20.—Last Saturday morning Enos Sleisler found a pack of wolves killing his sheep. He got his shotgun and fired at the animals. They attacked him and he ran to the hay loft for safety. The animals left after they had killed four sheep. The next day they attacked a farmer on the road, but he fought them off successfully with sticks of wood.

A hunting party was organized, and yesterday the dogs caught trail and followed the wolves. It was but a few moments until they came back howling and with one of the number missing. The hunters advanced, however, and soon came upon twelve wolves. Four cubs were in the lot and the old ones put up a great fight to save them, but six were killed. The cubs were captured. The other two fled and parties are still on the hunt.

Schools in Hamblin township are closed, the people fearing for the lives of their children. It is supposed that the wolves came in from the North.

South of Nashville.

Only a few days ago a wild cat 3½ feet in length, was captured four miles south of Nashville.

Brown county, in the northwestern part, is mostly forest, and it is thought many more animals are there, from the losses to the farmers in the last few weeks.

FORGOT TO SAY

In Will That Son Should Not Remarry.

Elwood, Ind., March 20.—The divorce case of Melvin Corey, just filed, is said to have an interesting story behind it. Corey married a pretty neighbor girl against the positive commands of his father, and was threatened with disinheritance. The father's heart never softened, and last week he died, unforgiving to the last. It is said that his will leaves his property equally to his two sons, providing Melvin gets a divorce from his wife, otherwise to the one child.

By some oversight the old gentleman neglected to include the provision that the husband and wife should not marry again, and it is said to be the arrangement that the couple shall be legally separated, the estate divided according to the will, and a second marriage follow.

VIRGINIA

Republicans Hot Over the Settlement of Post-office Appointment.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Kindly allow me space to deny the statement which appeared in The Herald Thursday evening, March 13, to the effect that the appointment of Miss Eva Dengen as postmistress of this city has ended a bitter fight in Virginia. The report is absolutely untrue. There was apparently no fight until it became known that Dr. Stuart Bates and Editor Cuppernall, both hard-working Republicans, had been turned down. Had either one of these gentlemen received the appointment there would, as a matter of course, been the usual displeased feeling among the defeated candidate's friends, which would soon have blown over, but the appointment of Miss Dengen, whose antecedents are radical Democrats, has created a feeling of disgust that the Republicans will not soon forget. Morris has always been credited with a very fragile backbone by the Republicans of the range and the insult which he now flings in our faces by appointing a Democrat to the only federal office in the city appears to be pretty substantial evidence that he has not any backbone at all. The people here are well satisfied that Morris knows nothing about the transaction that has occurred within the past two weeks, but they feel that he should not be dictated to by his political advisor or boss, Lee Willcuts. Various stories are being circulated as to how it all happened and the cause thereof. One report is that a certain mining man made the statement that he would spend $500 to see that the girl got the office. Perhaps this is what changed Mr. Willcuts' views on the question. Many such stories are in circulation, but the statement made by the mining man can be proven. It was made in the lobby of the Fay hotel and in a very braggadocio manner. The fact that the mining man is said to have received a telegram that Miss Dengen would get the office leads many to believe that the $500 must have cut considerable figure in the appointment. The Republicans have received many hard knocks from the members of the same party in Duluth, but the action of the congressman in appointing a Democrat to succeed Dr. Bates is something that has disgusted the most sturdy G. O. P. warriors and they will seek revenge when the proper time comes.

REPUBLICAN.

Virginia, March 19.

WELL VACCINATED.

Plight of a Woman Nervous About Smallpox.

New York, March 20.—The physicians are saying this year not only that it is necessary for persons who have not been vaccinated for a long time to submit to the preventive measure, but also that even those who were vaccinated a year ago and had the pleasure of having it take should again undergo the operation if they would be altogether on the safe side. The danger of smallpox is so great that no precaution against it should be omitted.

It was a sense of this danger that led a young New York matron to be vaccinated, and, like other New York matrons, she selected her leg as the best place for the operation. The doctor did his duty and the patient waited for several days.

As there were no signs of the virus taking, the young matron grew nervous as she heard the stories of the prevalence of the disease. So she decided that rather than run the risk of the vaccination not succeeding, she would once more be vaccinated and again on the leg, but on the other leg.

The physician protested, but the patient insisted, and she felt a sense of relief after the virus had been applied for the second time. "At all events," she thought, "I will be able to know whether or not I ought to have been vaccinated. For if one application does not take, the other probably will, and thus I will escape the danger of the disease."

It was on the day after the second attempt that it became unmistakably evident to the patient that she had not stood in need of the second vaccination. The first one took with a vengeance, and just as the blistering was at its height the second vaccination on the other leg also began to give evidence of a disposition to take just as thoroughly.

It followed up that indication and took with unusual energy. As a result, this young matron is now in bed for a few days. She is not able to walk yet, but she is relieved as to the danger of smallpox.

WILL BE CONCEALED

Public May Never Know Facts In Postal Fraud Cases.

Prominent Ohio Republicans Would Experience a Severe Shock.

A Senator or Two Would Also Feel the Jar.

New York, March 20.—The Havana correspondent of the Evening Post, under date of March 10, writes his paper as follows:

"In the United States it is coming to be held that an hour in most cases is sufficient for a modern lawyer to sum up his client's side as the trial is closing. But in this remarkable Neely-Rathbone postal fraud case Senor Lanuza, counsel for Rathbone, has been taking a full week, day after day, interrupting himself once only, when he was called to his wife's bedside. On his return there was a hopeless bench, for a new Lanuza had been born, and the judges had apprehensions of a plot to continue the summing up through the next generation. At last, however, the flow of narrative and of argument stopped; counsel for Neely and for Reeves, other principals in the case, had their say, speaking from two to three days each, and then the fiscal, who handles the case for the government, had oportunity to make rejoinder. By the Spanish method no stenographic record of proceedings before a supreme court is kept. The judges may refer only to notes made by the judges in the court of first instance and their own memory. Hence the importance attached by counsel to the 'summario' of the present court.

"When the Neely-Rathbone cases came up the judges did not know what to do. From their experience it was natural to suppose that the American government would want to clear American officers who had done wrong.

"In a word, it would be admitted by judges and by government that the course sought guidance. There were questions of official relations with which the latter were unfamiliar. This is indicated in the summing up of Senor Lanuza, who, in the course of his long argument, tried to show that Rathbone, director general of posts, was not under the authority of the secretary of war. In the United States it would scarcely be disputed that the president, then the secretary of war, then the military governor, have absolute authority during military occupation, under one or two congressional restrictions, like granting commercial concessions, to govern Cuba. The military governor in the postal fraud cases has exercised his authority as the supreme representative of the state toward the prevention of premature action by courts doubtful of themselves. Senor Lanuza declares that the interference was a personal matter; that when Gen. Brooke was removed as military governor there were applicants for the position who thought they saw a dangerous rival in Rathbone, who was being boomed for civil governor, along with the proposition that military rule be ended. 'Hence the determination to get rid of Rathbone.' According to the stenographic report of the testimony, Rathbone's boom was started by Neely and extended to local newspapers and one United States paper.

"Should an investigation of the conduct of this whole case be required as a matter of review, the public would be edified indeed. Politics, as Senor Lanuza says, has played a part in it, and so far as one can learn with ordinary facilities, that 'good old Republican party,' as one of Rathbone's witnesses called it, of the state of Ohio would suffer a shock, and a senator or two of the United States would feel the jar. President McKinley was asked point blank in one of his moments of hesitancy whether he did or did not want this case tried, and he definitely answered yes. It has been tried, after more than two years in various courts, and the verdict ought not to be long in coming, as the judges have no detailed typewritten testimony to go through, although there are about 1,500 documents or 'exhibits' in evidence. The fiscal asks, as the Spanish custom is, that sentence be passed as follows:

"For Rathbone, sixteen years and a fine of $148,817.

"For Neely, eighteen years and a fine of $146,913.

"For Reeves, seventeen years and a fine of $145,531.23."

FIRE AT FORT WAYNE.

Big Blaze Scorches the Business District.

Fort Wayne, Ind., March 20.—Fire in the business district yesterday caused a loss estimated at between $175,000 and $200,000. The blaze started shortly after 1 o'clock in the basement of the James R. Armstrong & Co.'s wholesale millinery store on Calhoun street. The basement was filled with a mass of highly inflammable rubbish and the fire soon ate its way through the floor, thence spreading with tremendous rapidity, involving the Jacobs musical instrument house and the Solidity and Hitt furniture store, which occupied the same block.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

CUBAN BILL.

Chairman Payne Introduces the Measure For Reciprocity.

Washington, March 20.—Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee, yesterday introduced the following bill, entitled "To Provide for Reciprocal Trade Relations With Cuba," as a result of the Republican conference decision:

"That, for the purpose of securing reciprocal trade relations with Cuba, the president is hereby authorized, as soon as may be after the establishment of an independent government in Cuba and the enactment by said government of immigration and exclusion laws as fully restrictive of immigration as the laws of the United States, to enter into negotiations with said government with a view to the arrangement of a commercial agreement in which reciprocal and equivalent concessions may be secured in favor of the products and manufactures of the United States by rates of duty which shall be less by an amount equivalent to at least 20 per cent ad valorem upon such products and manufactures than the rates imposed upon the like articles when imported into Cuba from the most favored of other countries, and shall not be greater than the rates imposed by the United States upon the like articles imported from Cuba; and whenever the government of Cuba shall enact such immigration and exclusion laws, and shall enter into such commercial agreement with the United States, and shall make such concessions in favor of the products and manufactures thereof as aforesaid, and which agreement in the judgment of the president shall be reciprocal and equivalent, he shall be authorized to proclaim such facts, both as to the enactment of such immigration and exclusion laws and the making of such agreement, and thereafter until the first day of December, 1903, the imposition of the duties now imposed by law on all articles imported from Cuba, the products thereof, into the United States shall be suspended, and in lieu thereof shall be levied, collected and paid upon all such articles imported from Cuba 20 per cent of the rate of duty now levied upon like articles imported from foreign countries.

"The president shall have power, and it shall be his duty, whenever he shall be satisfied that either such immigration or exclusion laws or such agreement mentioned in this act are not being fully executed by the government of Cuba, to notify such government thereof, and thereafter there shall be levied, collected and paid upon all articles imported from Cuba the full rate of duty provided by law upon articles imported from foreign countries."

The "steering committee" of the element which has opposed the ways and means committee reciprocity plan met yesterday afternoon, at the call of Representative Tawney, of Minnesota, chairman of the committee, and, with Representative Morris and other leaders in the movement, canvassed the situation carefully. Individually, most of those present expressed a desire to carry the contest to the floor of the house. It was desirable, however, to take no action until all of those who voted in the conference against reciprocity were called into conference. This meeting will be held later in the week. Beyond this decision, no action was taken.

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

TERRIBLY INJURED.

Four Miners Hurt By Explosion of Dynamite.

Winnipeg, Man., March 20.—Four miners were brought into Wagiboon station yesterday suffering from terrible injuries received by a premature explosion of dynamite in the Big Master mine at Gold Rock. The men were working at the bottom of a shaft sixty feet deep, when, it is supposed, one of their picks struck an unexploded charge. The injured were: James Archibald, John Stamard, Malcom Spears, George Robinson.

DONLIN PLEADS GUILTY.

Baltimore, March 20.—Michael Donlin, a former member of the Baltimore Baseball club, yesterday pleaded guilty to two indictments charging him with assaulting and striking Miss Minnie Fields, an actress, and Ernest M. Slayton, in front of a local theater on the night of March 12. He was sentenced to serve six months in jail and to pay a fine of $250.

CAN BE REACHED.

Washington, March 20.—The legal officers who have been examining the question presented by the flight of Gaynor and Greene from Savannah to Canada, practically have reached the conclusion that they can be reached under the extradition treaty. A prolonged struggle in the Canadian courts is expected before the fugitives can be secured.

Cured After 10 Years of Suffering!

MEDERINE

CURES	CURES
All kinds of Blood Diseases, Catarrh Troubles, Rheumatism and Gout.	All forms of Liver Complaint, Chronic Constipation, Malaria, Kidney Diseases.

Eczema of Ten Years Standing.

DUBUQUE, IA.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,

GENTLEMEN:—In September, 1900, I began taking MEDERINE for Eczema of ten years' standing, which had almost disfigured my body. I took six bottles, and now there is not a spot on me. It has now been seven months since I quit, but there is not the slightest evidence of a return of the disease. I have no opportunity to recommend your MEDERINE for Eczema.

(Signed) J. M. DICKINSON.

MEDERINE acts directly on the blood, curing skin and blood diseases, all kinds of catarrh, rheumatism and gout troubles, when other remedies utterly fail to give relief.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

MEDERINE is the only remedy that cures sick Stomachs and Morning Coughing and Vomiting Spells. Catarrh of the Head, Throat and Stomach is the cause. 1 to 3 bottles does the work. Write for Mederine Journal of Health. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., WEST SUPERIOR, WIS.

AND THEY ELOPED

Fogle Enjoying Himself and Employer's Wife Paying Bills.

The Husband Had a Hot Chase Before Locating Them.

They Were Arrested and Each Given a Jail Sentence.

Marion, Ind., March 20.—A romance was rudely disturbed here and the two principals are now languishing in jail. Ira Huss, aged 31, a prosperous business man of Tonica, Ill., was happily married to a beautiful woman, on whom he had lavished his wealth for six years. He employed Renna Fogle, a handsome young man with an attractive mustache, to work on one of his farms. Fogle had not worked long until Mrs. Huss became infatuated with him.

Huss remonstrated with his wife, and finally discharged Fogle. This only made matters worse, and on Dec. 12 Fogle and Mrs. Huss eloped. Huss followed them to Kewanna, Ill. They had departed. He then traced them to Streator, Ill., and finally to Greenville, Ohio, then to this city. He arrived here Saturday evening.

He notified the police and gave a description of his wife and her lover. He then strolled about the streets Saturday night and Sunday and about 6 o'clock Sunday night he was rewarded by seeing the elopers enter a restaurant. He notified a detective and the pair were shadowed until they entered a rooming house, where it was learned they were living as man and wife. The officers waited until late Sunday night, when they entered the ohuse and found Fogle and Mrs. Huss occupying the same room. They were arrested and ordered held in $400 bond. Mrs. Huss had sufficient money, diamonds and jewelry to make her bond good, but Fogle was compelled to go to jail.

When arraigned on the charge of immoral conduct they pleaded guilty. Mrs. Fogle was given a jail sentence of twenty-six days and Fogle was sentenced for thirty-one days. When Fogle was searched at the police station he had only 10 cents, while Mrs. Huss had nearly $100, a gold watch, a number of diamonds and other valuable jewelry.

Huss says his wife left home with quite a sum of money, and has been paying Fogle's expenses since Dec. 12. Mrs. Huss is a beautiful woman, 29 years old, is educated, refined and dresses with good taste. She left a daughter 5 years old when she deserted her husband, and this seems to be the only thing she regrets. She wept when she spoke of her daughter, but refused to return home with her husband or to have anything to do with him. The husband says he cannot account for her queer actions in eloping with an employe when she had a good home and all that luxury could give her. The husband returned home broken-hearted. He said he would gladly take his wife home and forgive her actions, but he realizes she did not love him and would not again attempt a reconciliation.

Ten cents will buy trial size of Ely's Cream Balm; enough to convince you that it is the greatest of remedies for nasal catarrh or cold in the head. Full size, 50 cents. All druggists. We mail it.

ELY BROS.,
56 Warren Street, New York.
153 Second Street, Albany, N. Y.

Messrs. Ely Bros.: I suffered greatly with catarrh and tried different remedies without effect. After using one bottle of your Cream Balm I found relief and I cannot praise too highly such a remedy.

Sept. 27, 1899. MISS CORA WILLARD.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

DARKEST DAYS

Are Days of Suffering—They Are Becoming Brighter for Some Duluth People.

Many "dark days" from kidney ills. Backache, headache, nervous, tired, Urinary troubles—makes you gloomy. Doan's Kidney Pills bring relief. Bring cure to every kidney sufferer; They are endorsed by Duluth.

Mr. Josiah Collins, of 510 Third avenue east, employed at C. Conn's meat market, says: "I suffered severely from rheumatism for a long time, and during a year was so bad I could hardly get around at all and found it impossible to get up and down a hill. I felt like an old man, all worn out, my shoulders were so sore I could scarcely raise my arms, and the least exertion tired me out completely. I tried bottle after bottle of medicine, and spent lots of money treating for the trouble, but nothing did me any good. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store, and used it. I felt some better after the first box and continued their use until I had completed the seventh box, when I had no signs or symptoms whatever of the trouble left."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no other.

Lost Manhood

A Simple Home Treatment Which Never Fails to Restore Full Strength and Vigor of Youth.

SENT FREE TO ALL.



INSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HOME.

There is no longer any need for men to suffer from lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., when it can be cured almost like magic in the privacy of your own home and restore small weak organs to full strength and vigor of youth by a simple remedy which any man can use. Simply send your name and address to the Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 783 Hull Building, Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send you the Doctor's full prescription free and everything necessary for a quick and lasting cure.

The following, taken from their daily mail, shows what men say who have taken advantage of this grand free offer.

"Dear Sirs:—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sirs:—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs:—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men."

Don't stop and wonder how they can afford to do all this, but send today; the offer is genuine, and the prescription will be sent by return mail in a perfectly plain envelope absolutely free just as stated. Write today and soon you'll be happy.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young men from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition, Stop Cocaine or Opium Habit, Nervousness, Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate in every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, 50 CENTS. Imparts Vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Restores small, undeveloped Semen, Varicocele, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.



Moving and Storage

THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 787—Zenith

212 W. Superior St



THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
253 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The Morning's Mourning



As George Ade says, in his new opera, "Ki-Ram:"

"It is no time for mirth and laughter
"The cold gray dawn of the morning after."

A fur overcoat on your tongue; "hair on your teeth;" a taste "as if a cat had littered in your mouth;" nerves a-tremble; aching hair; a "bust-head of splitting agony;" appetite—none; movement of the bowels—not a sign; present (unwelcome visitor), Gen. R. E. Morse. Never do it again, eh? Oh yes, you will. Remember

"The Devil was sick; the Devil a monk would be.
"The Devil got well; the Devil a monk was he."

and a Cascaret three times on the day of misery will make you well. But, for goodness sake, be wise, up to the century, and the next time you go out with the boys, eat too much, drink too much, irritate your stomach, block your bowels, don't forget that you can prevent the "morning's mourning" by takiug a Cascaret Candy Cathartic before you go to bed. They work while you sleep and make you awake bright as a new dollar in the morning. Always carry a box in your pocket, and have another on your dresser and another on your night table. Also one

"In your grip—on a trip,"

lest you forget.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 530

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— OTHERS ADVERTISE And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

4½% "On or Before and "Building Loans." 4½%

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate securily.

5% W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor, Lonsdale Building. 5½%

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.

$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.

$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.

$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

First Street

Central business property is sure to advance. I have some bargains.

George Rupley,
513 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

GLEN AVON
LOTS CHEAP.

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water mains this summer; also a number of desirable **residence locations in East End**

PORTLAND
Division, and some
PARK POINT
Lots that are well situated for summer cottages.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building. Duluth, Minn.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
In all parts of these suburbs
Lots Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:

A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.

These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment.

Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Think About It

Do not lean back in your chair (in a rented house) and build air castles, and dream of a little home all your own. Wake up. Get on earth, earth that belongs to you that nobody can dispute.

Begin at once. Buy one of these houses. It will be your last chance.

$1900 will buy a cozy six-room cottage in the East End. Full basement with concrete floor. Has city water, toilet room and sewer connections. The house throughout is in first class repair. Size of lot, 38x76 feet deep to alley.

$4500 will buy an eight-room house on East Superior street, with bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, etc. Lot, 50x140.

$5250 will buy an eight-room dwelling on Fourth street, stone foundation, full basement with concrete floor. Furnace heat, city water, bath, sewer connections, gas, etc. Corner lot, 50x140, centrally located. This is a bargain and can be sold on easy terms.

$900 will buy a seven-room house, good as new, with stone foundation, in West End. Lot, 25x140. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1800 will buy a good six-room house on East Fifth street. City water. Lot, 25x140. $400 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1250 will buy a four-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water and closet with sewer connections. Lot, 25x70. $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1750 will buy a seven-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water, closet with sewer connections. In first class repair. Lot, 25x70. $750 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1500 will buy an eight-room house on Third street, near Seventh avenue east. City water. Lot, 25x140.

$1100 will buy a seven-room house on Main street, one block from Central avenue, West Duluth. City water. Lot, 35x75. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Money Loaned

on improved city property at

Lowest Rates

with our invaluable

"On or Before"

privilege.

R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

Good 7-room house and barn, Lake Ave. north (can also lease)..$1500
A two-flat building near court house..$2600
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside..$2250
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved..$1500
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door..$500
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock..Cheap
A strictly modern and new 2-flat building, 5 rooms each....$3300

Geo. A. Wieland & Co.,
109 Manhattan Building.

$7500 For a 12-room house —hardwood finish, hot water heat,barn —lot 50x140—best location in East End.

$3000 For a good 9-room house in the East End.

A business property in Range town netting 25 per cent in rents. Price $3200.

Two hundred acres fine level land one mile from Carlton for $8.00 an acre.

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

ENDION BARGAINS

$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.

$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.

$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.

$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.

If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

Market Garden Lots.
Three 5-Acre Tracts
In Sec. 34-50-14.

At the end of Woodland street car line. For sale on easy terms if taken at once. Interest on deferred payments, 5 per cent.

A. W. HEPWORTH,
212 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Modern eight-room house in East End.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$520	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FIRST STREET.

$10,500 A handsome modern residence on East First street. Every convenience, large stable. Southeast corner of First street and Lake avenue. Lot 100x100. First street property is going up. For sale exclusively by

A.W.Taussig & Co.,
305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1800 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, $3 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-11, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO., 428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

$1600

For a 16-room house on Piedmont avenue that brings an annual rental of $275. This is a bargain.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

Several Modern Houses.
For Sale in the East End.
POSSESSION GIVEN MAY 1st.

Houses for sale on easy monthly payments

Building Lots for sale in various parts of the city.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $9000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

BARGAINS!

15 acres finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

A 8-room house in the East End for $1200. Both 'phones.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$5500 Nine-room modern house, first class repair, new open plumbing, new heating plant, stationary wash tubs, bricked in vegetable room, ash bin, beautiful fire place. Lot 50x140, upper side street; walking distance. Easy terms.

T.W.WAHL & CO. 201 Exchange Bld

I have many customers

for property at the West End and central. If your real estate is for sale bring it in.

$275 40 acres of choice land for sale close to good school, good road —not far from Duluth, pine timber enough to pay for the land.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
401 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FAMILY TRAP AND SINgle harness. Cheap if taken now. 25 North Fifth avenue west.

PIANOS STEINWAY UPRIGHT Knabe—$100. Gabler upright, $100. Organs, $10, $15 and $20. Monthly payments. Every piano in stock one-half its value. George W. Tletz, 34 West First street.

PIANO MAHOGANY UPRIGHT used only a few months. Good as new, $148, $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$165 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant case, fine tone, best make; used eight months; cost $395 cash. I must have the cash as I am leaving the city. M. Lewis, room O, 111 West Superior street, Duluth.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—DOMESTIC SEWing machine. Address Flat C, Ashtabula flats.

ORGAN GOOD SECOND HAND INstruments $10, $15, $20 and $25. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 319 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO SECOND HAND SQUARE IN perfect order, best make, $65. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE — 9-ROOM HOUSE, A CORner; fine view; strictly modern; hardwood finish, on one of the best avenues in East End; will be sold at a bargain if taken soon. Address Owner, care of Herald office.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer. 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

Great Horse Auction Sale

At Duluth, Minn.

DON'T MISS IT! DON'T MISS IT!

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp, Barrett & Zimmerman will sell at auction at their Duluth, Minn., stables, 500 head of horses, including Farm Mares, Draft Horses, Delivery Horses, and a number of choice Drivers. Be on hand early, as the sale positively takes place on day and date advertised, rain or shine. This may be an opportunity of a lifetime of buying just what you want and what you need at your own price. Every horse sold must be just as represented or no sale. Private sales daily. Remember day and date of the auction, Saturday, April 5th, 1902.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Stable Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL, 230 WEST SECOND street, March 21.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED — TO EXCHANGE, SMALL refrigerator, nearly new, for large calibre, repeating rifle. 1135½ West Michigan street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR second work at 301 East Fourth street; three in family.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS GIRL; FAMily of three. Good wages. 416 West Second street.

GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. Positions free. Free Employment Bureau, Armory building.

COOKS, $35 AND $40. WAITRESSES, chambermaids and dishwashers, all $16, for out of town. Private cooks in city, $18 and $25. Fifty more places for general girls at $16. Lewis Employment agency.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED. APPLY Richardson & Day, 409 Exchange building.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEwork. 321 First avenue east.

WANTED — AN EXPERIENCED saleswoman for cloak and suit department. Only those of first-class ability need apply. Superintendent Panton & White company.

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT SEWING girls for cloak and suit alteration room. Only those of experience need apply. Superintendent Panton & White Co.

WANTED—YOUNG LADY CASHIER IN store. References. Address J 39, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no small children. Call 127 East First street.

GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages. Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park place.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1102 East First street; no upstairs work; good wages.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS AT THE Children's home. 1722 East Superior street.

GOOD WAGES PAID COMPETENT girl for general housework. Address 1109 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. Corner Mesaba avenue and Second avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1113 East First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid; German preferred. 1619 East First.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPer in real estate and insurance office. State experience and salary desired. P 68, Herald.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers. F. J. Mueller, 5 West Superior street.

WANTED — FOUR COAT MAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS COAT maker and a trousers maker. Janzig, tailor.

WANTED—MEN TO CLEAR LAND BY the acre under contract, no teams needed. Apply to Charles P. Craig & Co., 103 Herald building.

MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, MINneapolis, wants men to learn trade. Last thirty days that you can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Short time required. Positions plentiful during spring. Write today.

SALESMAN WANTED — TO SELL OUR window cleaner brush. Rubber and pail combined. No trouble to make $6 to $10 per day. Address Window Cleaner company, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbuqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 834. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE ANY kind of office work. Address M 99, Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK TO DO at home. Address 419 Lake avenue north.

WANTED — SITUATION, BY MARried man in wholesale grocery or retail store; nine years' experience. Address J 57, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY BOY OF 16, of any kind. Address J 56, Herald.

YOUNG MAN ATTENDING HIGH school would like a place to work mornings, after school and Saturday, for board and room. Can furnish best of references. Address J 54, Herald.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or any kind of work. Address J 65, Herald.

YOUNG MAN 19 YEARS OF AGE ATtending Business University, wants to work after school for his board. Address J 64, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady stenographer; competent and accurate; best of references. J 55, Herald.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE AGED MAN, steady and temperate, work as teamster, janitor or any such employment. Inquire of Dr. McCloran, Torrey building.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean, Mrs. Jackson. 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

TURKISH BATHS.

TURKISH BATHS AND GYMNASIUM. Battle Creek treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 West Michigan street. Ladies bath room, 415 West Michigan street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE, cellar, barn, water and nice garden. Lake avenue north, $15. G. A. Wieland & Co., 109 Manhattan building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM. No. 15 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY APRIL 15, NICE UNFURnished room in desirable neighborhood. Address, stating location, description and price, Z, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue east.

WANTED—TO BUY.

IF YOU HAVE PROPERTY TO SELL on Mesaba range, send description and lowest cash price to J 58, Herald.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS— Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE— Female complaints. Private hospital, 412 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-3.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

B. KRISBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hendecn, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1108.

CHARLES COWFELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 311 West Fifth street.

PAINTING AND DECORATING—BEST work; lowest prices. Charles Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIRdyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 W. Sup. St.

LOST.

LOST—BUNCH OF KEYS YESTERDAY at postoffice or on Superior street. Return to United States land office for reward.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 31, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 14, 1902. Work third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work ——. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1. —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.— Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

TO SAVE STORAGE, HIGH GRADE mahogany set, malachite Roman chair, bedroom sets, mahogany rocking chairs, porch set, quarter sawed oak tables, large, swell front quarter sawed oak sideboard, leather bed lounge, 6x9 yards new ingrain carpet; all cheap and good as new. 821 East Superior street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES— Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior st. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 113 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA— Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. FURniture refinished, Kristensen, 327 E. Sup. St., old Tel. 743-3.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

WANTED—TO CORRESPOND WITH some person who is moving to Colorado. Address J 86, Herald.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of clitoritis suppression, any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, harmless vegetable, safe, sure. How to express. DR. JACKSON & CO., R. 905 165 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN sewing; fit and style guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6 OVER Suffel's. Lawn dresses from $3.50 up.

16 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 16 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MARCH 21, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MYSTERY UNSOLVED

Stewart Fife Acquitted of Richardson Murder.

Doubtful If Guilty Party Is Ever Apprehended.

Savannah, Mo., March 21.—When court opened at 9 o'clock this morning, the jury in the case of Stewart Fife, charged with the murder of Frank Richardson at the home of the victim Christmas eve, 1900, returned a verdict of acquittal. It is said that only one ballot was taken and that from the beginning the jury was unanimous. The case went to the jury last evening. When the verdict was announced there was a dramatic scene in the court room. Mrs. Fife, mother of the accused, sprang forward and embraced her son, shouting for joy all the while. Mrs. Fife is a very nervous temperament and has suffered from hysteria at intervals ever since her son was arrested. Mrs. Richardson, widow of the murdered man was also in the court room and gave vent to her emotion.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 21.—This is the second trial in the Richardson murder case, Mrs. Richardson, the widow, having been acquitted only a few weeks ago, and still the mystery of Frank Richardson's sensational murder is unsolved. No other indictments are pending and the incident is now probably closed so far as the courts are concerned.

Stewart Fife is a member of an aristocratic and wealthy family of St. Joseph, his father having for many years been a millionaire wholesale merchant.

A few months after the murder Stewart Fife went away from this part of the country, and after a long absence he was arrested at North Yakima, Wash., and was returned to Savannah in custody a few months ago, charged with the murder of Richardson. Savannah is the county seat of Andrew county, fifteen miles north of St. Joseph, and is a suburb populated largely by wealthy citizens of this city.



FLORENCE BURNS, THE ALLEGED SLAYER OF WALTER BROOKS.

The long preliminary examination of Florence Burns, the pretty girl accused of shooting her lover, Walter S. Brooks, in a New York hotel, indicates that she will be indicted and tried for the alleged murder. She is only nineteen and is the daughter of Fred Burns, a well known New Yorker. The prosecution claims that Brooks had been intimate with the girl and that his refusal to marry her led to the tragedy.

VOTE AGAINST SCHLEY

Committee on Naval Affairs By Vote of Seven to Four Recommends Indefinite Postponement of All Schley Matters Before Congress.

Washington, March 21.—The house committee on naval affairs, by a vote of 7 to 4, adopted a resolution concurring in the conclusions of President Roosevelt as to terminating the agitation of the Schley controversy and indefinitely postponing all bills and resolutions on the subject. The report of the sub-committee as adopted, gives all the various resolutions which have been introduced and says:

"Your sub-committee to whom the several bills and resolutions introduced in the house in relation to Rear Admiral W. S. Schley were referred, has had the same under consideration and presents the following report thereon:

"The unfortunate controversy in connection with the Santiago campaign has attracted wide public attention and has been the subject of four official inquiries and investigation, viz.: By President McKinley; by the United States court of claims; by the naval court of inquiry asked for by Admiral Schley, and by President Roosevelt, on appeal from the findings of the naval court of inquiry.

"President Roosevelt concluded his findings in the following words: 'In concluding this report the members of the court of inquiry, Admirals Dewey, Benham and Ramsey, united in stating that they recommended that no further action be had in the matter. With this recommendation I most heartily concur. There is no excuse whatever from either side for further agitation of this unhappy controversy. To keep it alive would merely do damage to the navy and to the country.'

"Your sub-committee having in view the interest of the American navy and of all concerned fully concurs in the conclusions expressed in the words of President Roosevelt above quoted.

"We therefore recommend that further consideration of said bills and resolutions be indefinitely postponed and that no further action be taken thereon."

The vote was on party lines, except that Mr. Mudd, of Maryland, voted with the Democrats against adopting the report. In detail the vote was:

Yeas—Foss, Dayton, Loudensiager, Butler, Watson, Cousins and Roberts, (Rep.)

Nays—Mudd (Rep.), and Rixey (Va.), Kitchin and Wheeler (Dem.)

Prior to the disposition of the subject Mr. Mudd moved a favorable report of his resolution, giving the thanks of congress to Admiral Schley and the officers and men who served with him in the battle of Santiago. This was lost by a vote of 4 to 7.

SAFE FOR MISSIONARIES

Church Workers In China Report Everything as Remarkably Quiet, With a Friendly Feeling on Part of People.

Boston, March 21.—In a batch of letters and reports from North China recently received by the American board is one from Dr. Peck, of Pao Ting Fu, in which it is stated that one payment on the indemnity for the native Christians, which, according to the original agreement, was not due until next summer, has been made.

Mr. Wilder, one of the board's missionaries at Pekin, reports the country as being safer than ever before, or at least safer than any time during three or four years.

Mr. Galt, another missionary, after a tour of the country districts, writes: "Everything seems to be remarkably quiet in the field where Dr. Ament took the first steps in reconstructing the work just a year ago. In no place could we discover any but the friendliest feeling toward him. Especially did the officials speak well of him."

A DESPERATE CRIMINAL

Harry Anderson, One of the Most Notorious Safe Crackers In Country, Arrested By Postoffice Inspector and Posse.

Pittsburg, March 21.—Harry J. Anderson, alleged to be one of the most desperate and notorious postoffice robbers and safe crackers in the United States, was brought to the Allegheny county jail this morning, from Johnstown, Pa., where he was arrested last night by Postoffice Inspector Oldfield; and a posse.

Anderson was caught in the house of his cousin. He was prepared for a battle, having a pair of revolvers in bed with him, but was given no opportunity to use them on the officers or himself. Anderson is wanted in Ohio for postoffice robbery at Asheville, Grove City, Westerville, Roseville, Canal Winchester, Junction City, Pherson, Commercial Point, Station A, Columbus, and at Center bridge.

He will be taken to Columbus, O., today for arraignment and trial.

BOUGHT A MILLION STAMPS

Chicago, March 21.—A record-breaking sale of postage stamps is reported by the Chicago postoffice. The sale was 1,000,000 stamps, for which the purchaser gave a check for $25,000. In one package were 500,000 4-cent stamps and in the other the same number of 1-cent stamps. This is the largest individual purchase of stamps in the history of the Chicago postoffice.

WILL SEIZE THE SHIP

Captain of the Steamer Wilhelmina Has Violated the Law By Smuggling Three Chinamen Into the United States.

Washington, March 21.—Information has reached the department of justice to the effect that several members of the crew of the Holland steamship Wilhelmina, arriving at Port Townsend from Manilla by way of Hong Kong and Amoy, make oath that the captain of the ship brought three Chinamen, whom he concealed beneath the engine room during the inspection at Port Townsend by customs and quarantine officials, and later in the night assisted them to land in a launch and escape.

Instructions have been forwarded by Assistant Secretary Taylor of the treasury department to the collector at Port Townsend to confer with the United States attorney here and take immediate steps to seize the ship for violation of section 10 of the act of May 6, 1884.

GEN. MILES MAY BE RETIRED

Washington, March 21.—The statements made yesterday by Gen. Miles, before the senate committee on military affairs, were discussed by the president today with a number of his callers. There is little doubt that these statements will ultimately lead to Gen. Miles' retirement by the president. In discussing the matter today with his callers, among whom were senators and representatives, the president took the position that the lieutenant general of the army should entertain towards his superiors the same respect that he would expect and demand from his subordinates.

ANOTHER ANGLO-MANIAC

London, March 21.—The Times today contains the following advertisement:

"WANTED—To purchase, by a wealthy American desirous of settling in this country, one of the stately English homes. Would give a fancy price for a really suitable place. Must contain not less than thirty bedrooms, stabling for twenty horses, a finely timbered park and land to any extent. Good shooting indispensable. Must not be more than two hours from London. Address, Millionaire, care etc."

The well-known firm of auctioneers, whose address follows, informed a representative of the Associated Press that the would-be purchaser was now in England and was thoroughly known to them. They had strict injunctions, however, not to reveal his name until the purchase was completed.

A DOUBLE MURDER AVENGED

Hull, Quebec, March 21.— Stanislaus La Croix, who murdered his wife and an old man named Thomps, who was endeavoring to protect her, was hanged in the jail yard here this morning. The prisoner, who has since his conviction made all kinds of threats that the hangman would never be permitted to end his life, but that he would commit suicide, was at last subdued and declared during the night that he was perfectly happy.

The prisoner, contrary to expectations, made no statement, but he left instructions as to the disposal of his effects with the attending priest. There were only a limited number present, but outside the walls of the jail there was a large crowd.

Radcliffe, the hangman, who was mobbed yesterday for saying that La Croix would not be the last Frenchman he would hang, occupied a cell adjoining La Croix all night.

THREE TO ONE ON CAMBRIDGE

London, March 21.—Although the betting on the annual Oxford-Cambridge boat race, which take place tomorrow, is 3 to 1 in favor of the Cambridge crew, the Oxford oarsmen latterly improved enough to promise a better struggle than the prophets anticipated. Both crews finished their heavy work this morning and went to the Queens club this afternoon to witness the annual field sports between the two universities. In the opinion of the experts, Oxford's only chance is to press Cambridge for the first couple of miles, in which case the light blues (Cambridge) may possibly weaken and prove unable to make another spurt. There are two Americans, D. Milburn and J. G. Milburn, brothers, in the Oxford boat. They have shown good form throughout their training.

MUST APPEAR MONDAY.

Chicago, March 21.—The injunction proceedings against railroads centering in Chicago were entered on Judge Grosscup's federal court docket for next Monday. Subpoenas will then be issued against the railroads to appear in court May 5 and give their side.

FRANCE AT ST. LOUIS.

Paris, March 21.—The budget committee of the chamber today adopted the proposed credit of 60,000 francs for France's participation in the St. Louis exposition. This sum will be applied solely to the fine arts and state manufactures exhibit.

UNDER THE STOCKADE

Three Inmates of State Reformatory Escape That Way.

Unloading Car of Coal When They Tunneled Out.

The Bloodhounds Have Been Placed Upon Their Trail.

St. Cloud, Minn., March 21.—(Special to The Herald.—Three inmates of the state reformatory escaped late yesterday afternoon. The men were unloading coal from a boxcar in the northwest corner of the stockade.

They dug a hole under the stockade with their shovels and, as they were out of range of the guards on the wall, made their escape unnoticed.

They are supposed to have gone northeast, into Benton county. The bloodhounds kept at the institution to trail escaped inmates were put on their trail, and officers are confident of their capture. This is the first escape this year.

The escaped inmates were Joseph Stevenson, 20 years old, a United States prisoner, who was convicted of robbing a postoffice in Lake county; Harold McKnowl, 19 years old, and Elmer Nelson, both sentenced to the reformatory from Hennepin county for grand larceny. All three of the men have been received by the institution since October.

HO YOW

Says Attack Was Made By His Political Enemies.

San Francisco, March 21.—Referring to the charges said to have been preferred against him by the Six Companies, Consul General Ho Yow, in an interview said:

"The Six Companies have notified Minister Wu that the document sent in their name to Pekin was a forgery. I am ex-officio member of the council of the Six Companies and would have known if any such steps had been taken, and, of course, there is no record of such charges having been filed. I suppose that some of my political enemies are responsible for such a cowardly attack. They say that I have not been active enough in opposing the exclusion bill. It was only a few weeks ago that we were charged with being too active by parties in Washington. The Chinese government will be notified that the document sent to them in the name of the Six Companies was a forgery, and that will end the matter."

The consul general stated that the dragon his jockeys fly has only four toes and therefore is not the royal dragon, which has five; furthermore, he added, his colors are red and blue, not yellow, that color being prohibited to all but those of imperial blood.

ISLE ROYALE

Excursions to Be Continued From St. Paul This Year.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The week end excursions to Isle Royale, lake and rail, which the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha found popular last summer, are to be given this season, beginning as soon as the weather is warm enough to make a Lake Superior trip enjoyable.

Last season several thousand people were carried on the excursions leaving St. Paul Saturdays. Connections were made at Duluth with lake steamers, which made the Duluth-Isle Royale circuit and the excursionists were brought back to St. Paul Tuesday.

Arrangements are in progress through which the Omaha will secure better steamer connections than a year ago.

EDUCATIONAL

Association Will Meet at St. Cloud In April.

St. Cloud, Minn., March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The sixth annual meeting of the Minnesota Educational association will be held in the St. Cloud state normal school, April 4 and 5. Welcome to the visitors will be extended by Hon. Aivah Enstman, resident director, at the commencement of sessions. Dr. Cyrus Northrup, president of the State university, will address the gathering also on that day.

The business meeting of the convention will be held Saturday morning, the second day.

Discussions, papers, addresses and the state high school debate will complete the program.

READY FOR ARGUMENTS.

Evidence In the Patrick Trial Is All In.

New York, March 21.—The prosecution in the trial of A. T. Patrick, accused of the murder of W. M. Rice, closed its presentation of rebuttal evidence today and the court was adjourned until Monday, when the addresses of the defendant's counsel will be made. Tuesday will be given to the prosecution and Recorder Goff will sum up Wednesday.

DR. ENGLISH BETTER.

Newark, N. J., March 21.—Dr. Thomas Dunn English, author of "Ben Bolt," who was ill at his home here was reported to be slightly better today.

LIVED A DUAL LIFE

Charitable Chicago Man Identified as Crook.

May Have Been Connected With Postoffice Job.

Chicago, March 21.—As a result of what seemed a common shooting yesterday the police have become suddenly active, and today are bending their energies to connect Hopkins, the wounded man, with the $76,000 postoffice robbery of last summer.

Joseph Hopkins was shot by "Dan" Kipley, a nephew of former Chief of Police Kipley and a former detective, yesterday, in a flat occupied by Lillie Arlington, otherwise "Diamond Lill." Kipley, who, with two women, is under arrest, claims self-defense. At St. Luke's hospital today Hopkins' condition was said to be critical. Following the shooting it developed that Hopkins had been leading a Jekyll-Hyde existence. He was identified, according to the police, as a bank robber and burglar of national notoriety, but in Palos Park, where he had a cosy little home in a secluded spot sheltered by trees, it was found that he had a reputation as a dispenser of charities, a giver to the church and a man of standing in society. His wife's standing also was of the best, but when she was brought into the police station, policemen claim to have recognized her as a woman they had known as "Blonde Marie."

Kipley, while in his cell, told a friend that Hopkins was a man for whom the police had been searching in connection with the postoffice robbery. What the connection is has not been made plain, but it is pointed out that Hopkins is an electrician, and that the holes drilled in the bottoms of the safes in the postoffice were by tools receiving power from some electrical device. An attempt to search the house yesterday failed because no search warrant had been taken out. The warrant was secured today and Postoffice Inspector Stuart today started for Palos Park to make the search.

HOPE GETS HIS DIVORCE

Court Grants Him Separation From May Yohe on the Ground of Her Misconduct With Captain Strong.

London, March 21.—Lord Francis Hope was granted a divorce today on the ground of misconduct of his wife, Mary Yoke, with Putnam Bradlee Strong, of New York. Counsel for Lord Hope lengthily detailed the marriage of his client to May Yohe, their visit to the United States in 1900, the meeting with Strong and the subsequent intimacy of the respondent and co-respondent, ending with their departure for Japan under the name of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Smith. Lord Hope, who is still suffering from the amputation of his leg, corroborated counsel's statements. He said he had no suspicion whatever of his wife when he left her alone in a flat in New York. He first noticed a change in her behavior at the end of March, 1901, and in April his wife insisted on a separation.

Affidavits in proof of the misconduct of Lady Hope were read, and the decree with costs was pronounced.

STUDENTS BREAK HEADS

Three Hundred Members of Omaha College Engage In a Pitched Battle For Over Three Hours With Disastrous Results.

Omaha, March 21.—About 300 students of the Omaha Medical and Dental college engaged in a pitched battle in one of the lecture rooms of the college. The fight lasted for three hours without a moment's intermission and ceased only when the combatants were completely exhausted.

For years there has been a feud between the medical students and the dental students. While the freshmen of both classes were left to themselves in the lecture room awaiting the arrival of an instructor they began calling names and blows quickly followed. In a few minutes students in other classes began to join in the fray and the fight quickly spread over the whole building. Students even left the patients in the infirmary to participate.

Furniture was broken up to provide clubs and table legs and chair backs were hurled across the room regardless of the consequences. When the smoke of battle cleared away there was hardly a whole desk or piece of furniture in the room. Many heads were broken, and Frank Miller, a medical student, had to have some stitches on the top of his head, where he had been struck by the top of a desk. The floor was spattered with blood.

Members of the faculty were powerless to interfere, although they made repeated efforts to induce the fighters to desist.

NO ONE BUT A LUNATIC

Would Accept the Proposition of the Imperial Tobacco Company Not to Sell American Goods, Is the View In England.

London, March 21.—At a meeting of the Edinburgh Association of Retail Tobacconists today, a resolution was adopted, unanimously declining to sign the Imperial Tobacco company's agreement not to sell American goods for a term of years, but expressing willingness, if the minimum price is raised so as to allow a fair profit to dealers, to do what is possible, bonus or no bonus, for the sake of British goods. The chairman declared that no one outside of a lunatic asylum would sign such an agreement, which would make them the servants of the Imperial Tobacco company. While the Americans offered a large bonus, no restrictions were placed upon the dealers.

The Belfast tobacco dealers, at a meeting today, decided to accept the American proposition.

MAKE FUN OF HENRY'S VISIT

New York, March 21.—Striking indeed is the way in which the gossip of Prince Henry's trip has been allowed to drop on this side of the water, says a dispatch to the Herald from Berlin. While the papers give much space to all kinds of dull subjects, the prince's arrival is little more than casually noted.

Many of the papers have nothing to say at all.

The cartoonist is hard at work, and almost each day some new caricature comes out minimizing the value of Prince Henry's visit or making fun of it.

LIVED NEARLY A CENTURY

New York, March 21.—Mrs. Ella Hawdon, who would have passed the century mark had she lived until spring is dead at her home in Brooklyn.

Mrs. Hawdon served as an army nurse during the civil war, and was personally acquainted with Grant, Sherman, Sheridan and other leaders. She was at the battle of the Wilderness, at Shiloh and before Vicksburg during the siege.

Mrs. Hawdon's husband was a steamboat engineer on the Ohio river. Lafayette after his return to America on a visit was a passenger on his boat and fell overboard. It was Hawdon's good fortune to rescue him and for the service he was presented by Lafayette with a gold medal.

Hanan Shoes for Men and Women.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

New Easter Neckw'r 50c

M. S. BURROWS.



All of the styles shown in this illustration and many others are now displayed in our Great Boys' Clothing Department.

The Spring Opening of Boys' Finest Clothing!

The above illustration represents a few of the many new and elegant styles in Boys' and Children's clothing displayed tomorrow for the first time in our mammoth Boys' Clothing Department—the largest in Duluth. The new line surpasses anything heretofore attempted—both in grandeur of the garments as well as in the liberality of the assortments. Our leadership is more apparent than ever—it's an undisputed fact that here you will find a greater variety of patterns and a choicer line of styles than can be found under any three combined roofs in Duluth, thus making selections easier and much more satisfactory. Come tomorrow. We solicit your closest inspection and verdict of our greatest effort in Boys' Clothes. As usual, YOU WILL FIND OUR PRICES BELOW ALL OTHERS—quality and make considered.

Boys' Double-Breasted Knee Suits—ages 7 to 16 years—the new King Edward style—made with two-button front and long roll lapel—broad shoulders and semi-military back—smart, stylish appearing suits. They come in rick blue serges, cheviots and cassimeres in the latest spring patterns—fine tailored and range in price from $4.95 to $12.00—it's an especially attractive line we are showing at **$6**

Boys' Russian Blouse Suits—Ages 2½ to 6 years—the new styles are beautiful—they are cut with sailor collar—embellished with silk embroidery and escutcheon on shield—with bias cut front and military frogs—patent leather belts—prices in this style range from $4.00 to $8.00—your special attention is called to the charming line we are showing at..... **$7**

Boys' Peter Thompson Suits—the new style that is creating such a furore in the East—every mother should see them. The "Peter Thompson" is an exact reproduction of the United States navy uniform—the blouse is made with overlaid yoke—short sailor collar—braided lanyard and naval trappings on sleeves—they come in high colored serges—new conceits in crashes—English cheviots in Queen's mourning effects and navy blue—ranging in price from $5.00 to $10.00—we call your attention to the excellent line we offer at. **$8**

Boys' Sailor Suits—ages 3 to 10 years — beautiful styles — reds, electric blues, tans and new browns —also navy blue serges—all are handsomely appointed with embroidered shield—not gaudy or overdone—rich yet boyish—the prices range from $3.00 to $10.00. See the splendid line of pure wool blue serges we show at..... **$5**

The Quintin Suit — a new and charming style—a clever idea of one of America's best designers—you can pick it out in the picture above—it's the suit with the sailor collar that has the star in the corner—embroidered shield — single breasted coat, set off with belt to match—any color and fabric—from $4.50 to $8.00 —with emphasis on the great line we offer at..... **$4.95**

Boys' Three-piece Suits — ages 9 to 16 — coat, vest and knee pants—a suit with a vest, that's what the boy wants—they come in clay worsteds, blue serges and nobby Scotch suitings—coats are made with half military front—broad concave shoulder—hand placed collar that sets close to the neck, assuring a smooth and perfect fit—endless varieties to select from —prices $4.00 to $12.00—a very swell line is being shown at **$10**

Boys' Vestee Suits—ages 3 to 12 years — here you will find the newest and cleverest ideas of America's best boys' tailors—more styles and fabrics than we can tell you about—all the richest and choicest spring colorings—the little coats have close fitting short roll collars—single breasted vest and perfectly shaped knee pants, $1.50 to $10.00 is the price range—you should not fail to see the immense assortment in this desirable style at the popular price of..... **$3**

Norfolk Suits — a chic style that bids fair to predominate this season—over 100 pattern designs in this style alone—blue serges, clay worsteds, mixed Scotch effects, checked cassimeres and dark unfinished worsteds with faint light stripes—a great range of colorings—from $1.50 to $10—see the magnificent suits we offer at **$4**

SATURDAY—LAST DAY OF SPRING OVERCOAT SALE

$15.00, $18.00, and $20.00 coats for..... **$10**

The reason for this extraordinary reduction is the fact that these coats were made last year. They are, however, as good in every detail as this year's output and the change in style is scarcely preceptible—light and medium weights—long and short styles—finest imported Coverts—genuine Cravenettes and Vicunas—all made by the very best manufacturers

SATURDAY—LAST DAY OF OUR BLACK SUIT SALE

Men's Black Suits in single and double-breasted sack and cutaway frock styles, clay worsteds, thibets and cheviots—finely lined and trimmed throughout—worth $12.50, at **$10**

Men's Finer Black Suits — Of excellent quality Washington Mills pure clay worsteds; single and double-breasted sack and cutaway frock styles—as well as single-breasted sack style in thibets and cheviots—tailored in a high degree of art—coats lined with fine Italian cloth—satin under-collars—every garment gracefully proportioned—worth regularly $15 and $16.50—in this sale..... **$12**

Elegant Black Suits—Made in the finest manner from the best American clay worsteds, black cheviots and unfinished worsteds; every style including Prince Alberts; productions of one of the highest class wholesale tailors in the country—worth $18 and $20—at **$15**

Men's Finest Black Suits—In the choicest quality of imported English clay worsteds—every desirable style, including Prince Alberts — suits that are cut in the very latest fashions; tailored in the highest degree of excellence, equaling made to measure suits that cost $30 and $35; they would sell regularly at $22.50 and $25—in this sale..... **$18**

MISSIONARY.

Dr. Oldham of Methodist Church Coming Here Next Week.

Rev. William F. Oldham, D.D., field secretary of the Missionary society of the Methodist Episcopal church, will be in Duluth on Thursday, March 27. On that date there will be a council of missionary workers held in the First Methodist Episcopal church, beginning at 2 p. m. Addresses will be made by Rev. Jesse D. Searles, Rev. W. J. Patton, of West Superior; Rev. Robert Forbes, D.D., and Mrs. J. W. Powell, of the Women's Missionary societies; W. G. Moore, superintendent of schools, and Mrs. Hobert Taylor, of the Epworth leagues. This service will begin at 2 o'clock and will continue until 5. At 7:30 there will be a sacramental service, and at 8:30 Dr. W. F. Oldham will make an address.

Friday, the 28th, he will speak at Lester Park. Sunday, at 10:30, Dr. Oldham will preach in the First Methodist church. At 2:30 he will make an address at the Sunday school rally, in the same place. At 7:30 he will make an address at the mass meeting of Methodists in the Cummings Avenue church, West Superior.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

A Pupils' Recital.

A recital will be given by the pupils of Miss Myrtle Taber, at the home of E. B. Rigdon, Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. The following is the program:

"I'm Not Afraid" ..... Ritter
William Evens.
"Echo" ..... Ritter
Agnes Anderson.
"Carnation" ..... Lichner
Esther Egburt
"Sonata" ..... Diabelli
Lulu Peters.
Melody—"Op 68, No. 1" ..... Schumann
Florence Smith.
"Polka" ..... Zimmermann
Henry Evens.
"Op. 62, No. 1" ..... Kullak
Lillie Larson.
"Rose" ..... Lichner
Ruth Martz.
"A Study in Phrasing" ..... Leoschorn
Irma Gujer.
"Op. 65, No. 5" ..... Leoschorn
Edna Dice.
"Theme and Bar" ..... Beethoven
Earl Ward.
"Spinning Wheel" ..... Schmoll
Madle Peters.
"Mayurka-Impromptu" ..... Bohm
Ethel Getty.
"Alpine Hut" ..... Lange
Alta Merritt.
"Iris" ..... Pfefferkorn
Sarah Monice.
"Polish Dance" ..... Sharwenka
Florence Secor.
"Rondo Brilliante" ..... Weber
Gusta Rigdon.
"Spring Song" ..... Mendelssohn
Belle Secor.
"Polka de La Reine" ..... Raff
Esther Rigdon.
Allegro from "Sonatta No. 7" ..Beethoven
Ed Sauve.
a. "Invention" ..... Bach
b. "Presto," from "Sonata Op. 31, No. 3" ..... Beethoven
Miss Taber.

Cold Damp Feet Won't Give You a Cold If you will take in time Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. E. W. Grove's signature on box.

Suits For Tall and Slim.

If you are hard to fit in clothing, try us. We carry a large assortment of spring suits to fit tall and slim, also short and stout.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SUCKERS IN DULUTH

Tontine Savings Association Said to Have Caught Many Here.

Company Dissolved Yesterday at Minneapolis By Judge McGhee.

The Method of Operation ---Lapses Gave the Profits.

It seems that there are still people in Duluth that do not know that there is a string to the other end of any proposition where promises of something for nothing are held out.

A lot of Duluth people have been bitten by a scheme that was squelched in Minneapolis yesterday by the district court. An Associated Press dispatch, in this issue of The Herald, tells how Judge McGhee, in an order filed yesterday, dissolved the Tontine Savings' association, declaring its charter and articles of incorporation forefited.

This concern's "diamond contract" is well known over the Northwest, and many Duluth people know it to their sorrow. Its glittering and tempting prospectus, full of honeyed phrases and promises of wealth in short order, drew many Duluth people into its net, and most of them have been keeping up their payments in the hope of getting a $200 diamond for $80, which was the way the association promised to fix them out.

The way it was done was to have the applicant for a chance at this free wealth sign a contract and pay $5 down. Then they were members, and in line for a diamond. All they had to do after that was to pay $1.25 per week for sixty weeks, making $80 in all, and when the sixtieth payment was made they were to begin to look out for the result.

Just as soon as the victim's contract was reached, he was to get a fine diamond, worth $200 at retail. This meant that when his contract was the oldest outstanding contract, he was to get his diamond.

It might puzzle the suspicious to imagine how this could be done unless there was a company of philanthropists at the other end of the deal, putting up the $120 necessary to buy the diamond. This the company's prospectus got around by saying that the lapses of those who failed to complete their payments enabled them to make this donation. Figures were presetned showing that an average of 80 per cent of those who go into contracts of this sort fail to complete their payments.

The diamond was not at the end of the scheme, however. The company offered an alternative if the victim did not want the diamond. In that case, the association offered $160 for it, and most of those who became due for a diamond took the money instead.

Thus, all anybody had to do was to pay in $80 and get $160. This process is calculated to make almost anybody wealthy, so victims were numerous. Some contracts matured among Duluth victims, and they got their money. This was such a good thing that they all dipped in again and were caught in the squeeze at the company's finish.

So glistening were the prospects of getting rich quick that the association offered that, it is said, its dividends were marvelous and that the promotors were getting rich very rapidly.

MORE COMING.

Signs of Fine Revival In the Cut Stone Industry.

It is understood that within the last few days there have been parties in the city negotiating for the establishment here of another cut stone plant. It is said that arrangements are already under way for the location of the plant on Lower Lake avenue, in the vicinity of the Marshall-Wells wholesale hardware building.

The cut stone industry is among those beginning to show a great deal of activity at the head of the lakes. This condition of affairs is claimed to be due to the higher prices now asked and received for the product.

One of the local contractors says that the present price of building stone is $15 per cord, a higher figure than was ever asked for it at the head of the lakes, and that prices of cut stone have advanced in proportion.

The William Penn company, of West Superior, has already located its temporary plant in the Northern Pacific yards near the foot of Seventh avenue west, and expects to get a permanent location a little later.

MRS. FRANK L. BUELL DEAD.

End Comes Rather Suddenly at Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. Frank L. Buell, of this city, died yesterday afternoon at Knoxville, Tenn.

Her death was unexpected, though it was known that she was seriously ill. The sad news of her death caused profound sorrow to many friends here.

Mr. Buell left last evening for Knoxville and it was but a short time after his departure that the telegram was received announcing his wife's death.

He was at Aitkin on business and did not return to Duluth until yesterday morning. A telegram was received saying that Mrs. Buell was not expected to live. In response to his inquiry another message was received saying it was possible for her to live till he reached Knoxville.

Besides her husband Mrs. Buell is survived by two sons, one 6 years old and the other about a year and a half. With the children she has been spending the winter with her sister, Mrs. C. A. Broughton, of Knoxville.

Before her marriage, Mrs. Buell was Miss Alice Bice, of Marquette. She was a sister of Mrs. E. B. Sutton, of this city, and a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Sellwood.

The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

The Brockton Shoe Co.

$2.50 No Cheaper. —and— **$3.50** No Steeper.

Another fresh lot of our popular Men's Shoes in and ready for your inspection. Our stock is fresh from the factory. No old stock on hand and we handle no job lots. The cream of style and quality you can always find here for the sum of

$2.50 and $3.50.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded is our motto

The Brockton Shoe Co.

$2.50 No Cheaper. **311 West Superior St.** The Only Exclusive Men's Shoe Store in the City. **$3.50** No Steeper.

IS REVISED.

Tug Men's Scale For Union Company Is Change Somewhat.

Arrangements between the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association and the Union Towing and Wrecking company are not yet completed, and it is yet difficult to say on just what basis the summer contracts will be made.

The L. T. P. A., at a meeting held last Sunday, revised its schedule of requests but putting the wage scale back where it was last summer. The first schedule included an advance in wages, but the association concluded at Sunday's meeting to withdraw that request and to be content with last year's figures.

Several of the specifications as to privileges, etc., however, that were in the original schedule, are left in the revised schedule, and these are of such a nature that it is unlikely that the matter will be settled without considerable negotiation. It is not considered likely, however, that there will be anything in the negotiations tending toward a strike. The revised schedule was sent in to the head offices of the tug trust Monday and a reply is looked for early next week.

EGGS DOWN.

Getting Cheaper In Price But Butter Continues High.

Butter and eggs have dissolved partnership down on Michigan street. While butter is keeping up its high prices steadily, eggs are sliding down the scale, and today they are quoted at 14 cents per dozen, about half of what they were a few weeks ago.

Apples are attracting some attention just now. The end of the season is drawing near, good apples are scarce, and the result is high prices. Ordinary grades are worth from $4.75 to $5.50 and special New York varieties are quoted at $5.50 to $6.50 per barrel.

Brick cheese is showing some strength, aside from its customary strength or odor. It has been selling at 12½ cents to 13 cents, and now it is quoted at 13½ cents per pound.

Strawberries are coming in still, but the quantity is not large, and prices are inclined to be stiff. The strawberries come from Florida, and are of fine quality. They are selling for 40 cents to 45 cents per quart box.

DELAYS THE LOADING.

Colder Weather Puts Off Moving Northern Boats.

The temporary relapse into winter weather has put off the work of starting out the four Northern boats that are in port. They were to have been removed from their winter moorings and taken to the docks to load flour this week, but the cold weather made more ice, and no attempt will be made to move them until about the middle of next week. It is said that there are twenty-eight inches of ice in the Eastern Minnesota slip at Superior, where the boats are located. The tugs could break them out, but it would be rather expensive now that the weather is more conducive to ice-making than ice-breaking.

AMUSEMENTS.

"KING DODO."

"King Dodo," the famous operatic success, will open its engagement of two nights and a matinee at the Lyceum this evening. The music of "King Dodo" has that subtle charm and fascination which Mr. Luders instilled into "The Burgomaster," but it is more perfectly distilled. It has undisputed power and popularity. It is of the kind that is absorbed by the hearer, and if not played or sung by him, then it will be whistled. "The Tale of the Bumble Bee" will be heard on the street of any city in which the Jolly King has reigned a night. Other songs which catch the popular fancy are "They Gave Me a Medal for That," "For Love I Live Long" and "The Lad Who Leads." In its spectacular effects the production is lavish. The organization comprises four score people and the presentation will be given here with all the attention to detail, including an augmented orchestra, which characterized the remarkable Chicago run of five consecutive months at the Studebaker theater.

RICHARD GOLDEN.

Richard Golden will present his beautiful play, "Old Jed Prouty," at the Lyceum Tuesday evening with the flavor of green fields, the aroma of new-mown hay, the geniality and simple habits of the rustics, that always has a fascination for the residents of the city. That is perhaps the reason why this pastoral idyl, which deals with country life and charms of rugged naturalness, has proven such a success. There is no depicter of the energetic, warm-hearted countryman who can surpass Richard Golden's great character delineation, Jed Prouty, typified in the stern, yet kindly old man, with a heart and face open as the air, whose life is spent in living for others, tender, loving and always helpful; raised in a hearty soil, ripened and mellowed with a beauty that comes from days of self-denial and warm sunlight.

Women love a clear, healthy complexion. Pure blood makes it. Burdock's Blood Bitters makes pure blood.

CANDIDATES.

Possible Legislative Aspirants Are Rapidly Brought Out.

The action of Representative Pugh in formally declaring his intention to run for the Republican nomination for senator in the Fiftieth district has precipitated quite a flood of indefinite political gossip about the aspirations of various Republicans for the legislature.

It has been conceded that Representative Laybourn's seat in the house will go to a range man. There is already said to be a candidate for the nomination in the person of former Representative P. R. Vail, of Ely. There may be some little objection among Duluth Republicans who are afflicted with the ambitious habit of letting the nomination go on the ranges, and the primary elections law may prevent the little arrangement from being carried out as planned.

There is already said to be a range candidate for the Republican nomination for representative in the Fiftieth district. J. D. Murphy, of Tower, is the man.

There is some talk to the effect that William E. McEwen will run for senator in the Fiftieth district on the Democratic ticket. Mr. McEwen, however, says positively that he has had all the experience he cares for in that direction. He made a good run in that capacity two years ago. The Fiftieth district is considered the closest and easiest to swing of any of the three.

THE VICE OF NAGGING

Clouds the happiness of the home, but a nagging woman often needs help. She may be so nervous and run down in health that trifles annoy her. If she is melancholy, excitable, troubled with loss of appetite, headache, sleeplessness, constipation or fainting and dizzy spells, she needs Electric Bitters, the most wonderful remedy for ailing women. Thousands of sufferers from female troubles, nervous troubles, backache and weak kidneys have used it, and become healthy and happy. Try it. Only 50c. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

Heavy Export Business Is Being Done Daily.

Winnipeg, Man., March 21.—The largest export business in grain ever known here has been done within the past ten days and millions of bushels have been sold to go to Europe.

G. R. Crowe, president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange, and the most prominent grain man in Manitoba, said today: "The business done for ten days past in Manitoba wheat for export has been the largest in my experience. Sales have been made at a steadily rising premium and today orders were received for 500,000 bushels Manitoba No. 1 hard wheat, at relatively the highest price paid this season. This means much for Manitoba as the accumulated wheat will be cleaned up to a great extent, and this at fair prices."

American grain men are greatly interested in this Manitoba wheat matter and several from Minneapolis have been up here lately looking the ground over. The selling of large quantities of Manitoba wheat should relieve the pressure on American markets to some extent, as this wheat has been competing with American wheat in foreign markets for months, and has been pressing for sale at 4 cents to 6 cents under American wheat. Of late the difference has narrowed until Manitoba wheat is today only about 1 cent under American wheat at the export points.



The Erect Form, by placing all pressure of lacing upon the hips and back muscles, does away with the ills of tight lacing and develops a beautiful incurve at the base of the spine. It is the only proper model to wear with the new Erect Form and Princess gowns. Fit your new dress over an Erect Form and it will be a masterpiece of grace and elegance. Prices from $1 up. If your dealer cannot supply you send direct to

WEINGARTEN BROS., 377-379 Broadway, New York

No other corset can take the place of the W. B. Erect Form. Accept no substitute.



Ladies' Suits $15

Our Special Leader—All wool Venetian Cloth, in all shades, also in storm serge, black and navy blue. Jackets lined with excellent satin, lapels and cuffs faced with Peau de Soie and stitched. The newest in shape; perfect in fit; sold for

CASH OR EASY WEEKLY PAYMENTS—

Only $15.00, $15.00, $15.00

Better Suits at $18, $20, $22, $25 and $28

We carry a most complete assortment of the newest ideas in **Silk Skirts, Dress Skirts and Walking Skirts.** We have a special order department, where we can fit you with a skirt. We take your measure and make it for you.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,

Open Saturday till 10:30 **8 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.** **Open Saturday till 10:30**

HIGHWAY ROBBERY

Three Negroes Rob Edward Foglesong, Temporary Resident.

Hold Up Occurred On Paradise Alley---The Thieves Got $58.

Two Men Arrested at West Superior---One Not Identified.

At the point of a revolver three colored highwaymen held up a man on Paradise alley last evening.

They secured $58. The man robbed was Edward Fogelsong. He was simply in Duluth for a few hours, waiting to take a night train for the Pacific coast.

He was stopping at the Saratoga hotel and concluded to walk about town till the train left. Going down Lake avenue he turned over at the Bethel toward the lake. He made another turn at the corner of Paradise alley and had scarcely gone fifty feet when three men stepped around the corner of a building.

Mr. Fogelsong thought nothing of that and walked right up to the men. They spread around him and one of the trio pushed a gun up in his face with the injunction to hold up his hands.

Fogelsong was not armed and completely taken by surprise his hands shot up in the air as high as possible. The other two went through his pockets, taking even the small change he had. He easily recognized them as negroes and later gave a fairly good description of two of the highwaymen.

One of the men even took out his watch, but as it was not running concluded it was worthless and gave it back to the victim.

The hold-up over, the man with the gun told Mr. Fogelsong to go straight ahead and not make any fuss. He went back to the Saratoga hotel and from there the robbery was reported to the police.

From the description given by Fogelsong, Chief Troyer telephoned the West Superior police to arrest George Williams and Henry Holloway.

The former is one of the two colored men that were first arrested for the murder of Charles Yim, but were subsequently released.

The Superior officers got the men at an early hour this morning and Detective Irvine was sent over to bring them to Duluth. Holloway came with him, but Williams refused to come without a requisition.

At police headquarters Fogelsong was unable to identify Holloway and he said that he would go over to West Superior this afternoon to look at the other man.

Late this afternoon, after Fogelsong had failed to identify either Holloway or Williams, they were released from custody.

Ladies' and Misses' Rubbers.

The better kinds and at lower prices than at regular shoe stores. Buy them of M. S. BURROWS.

WANTS ANOTHER WEEK.

John Owens Needs More Cold To Haul Logs.

John Owens came down this morning from his logging camps on the Duluth & Iron Range road. He says that with a week more of fairly cool weather, after the snow of last night, he will be able to get about all of the logs he has in the woods to the railroad track.

Some other jobbers are in about the same position, but it is said that a large number of the little fellows will go broke as a result of the warm weather this spring. The owners of the timber or the mill to which the logs are sold and which have advanced funds to carry on the work, will take the logging outfits and finish up the work, probably in many cases going into the woods after the logs after the ground has dried out in the spring.

Mr. Owens says that one exceptionally fortunate feature of the warm spell has been that the ground has kept well frozen and has presented a hard surface to haul over at all times. The roads have become pretty dry just lately, but the snow of today will put the roads in fair condition for rushing the last of the hauling.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater. Another laughing week.

The ladies of the First Baptist church will hold their usual Easter side Saturday, March 22, at the Grand Union Tea store, 7 East Superior street.

The Duluth Central Gun club will hold its regular shoot for the Big Duluth championship diamond badge tomorrow afternoon.

The next meeting of the Duluth Reading circle will be held Saturday of next week at 10 o'clock in Kalamazoo hall. There will be a paper on "Attention" by C. S. Palmer, followed by a round table discussion. The lesson will be from Hinsdale, chapters 15 and 16.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

The Saturday club tomorrow will discuss "The Present Conditions in Cuba." The program will be on the life and writings of Sir Isaac Newton. Papers by Miss White, Mrs. Ely, Mrs. Hubbard, and Mrs. Culbertson. Mrs. Bevier, leader.

Charles Johnson was adjudged insane in probate court yesterday afternoon, and was committed to the insane asylum at Fergus Falls. He is 27 years of age, and the examination developed the fact that he is very crazy indeed. He talked in a rambling manner, and seemed to be insane on all subjects. He was brought down from Virginia.

George and Clarence McDougall, aged 7 and 12 years, have been sent to the state public school at Owatonna by the probate court. Their mother is dead and their father has neglected them.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Isaac Mettuh, of Russia.

A team comprised of twenty players from We-ke-mah-wup tribe of Redmen, will go to the West End this evening to begin the first of a series of three games of seven-up with a team from Pawnee tribe, of that portion of the city.

The Silberstein & Bondy company store which has closed at 9:30 Saturday evenings will hereafter remain open until 10, and commencing Monday will be open every evening until 6.

Flaaten's concert orchestra will play at the Easter opening of Kenny, Anker & Denny tomorrow afternoon and evening.

Lillie Soderdrick, employed as maid at 1511 East Third street, endeavored to light the fire yesterday morning with gasoline. She was reported resting as comfortably as possible under the circumstances, at St. Luke's hospital. The burns which are mostly on the hands and arms will not prove very serious.

PERSONALS.

Edward Ehle, of Phillips & Co., leaves this afternoon for Chicago and the East.

B. A. Martin, of R. R. Forward & Co., has returned.

Sheriff Sargent, who has been ill at St. Luke's hospital for several weeks, is very much improved, and he is reported to be gaining daily.

George F. Stewert was called to Arlington, Wis., this morning by a message announcing the death of his mother.

James Robertson went to Minneapolis today.

C. J. Flatt, of Ely, is a guest at the Spalding.

L. W. Powell returned this morning from a trip to Kentucky, where Mrs. Powell has been visiting.

H. C. Fott, of Ashland arrived in the city this morning and is stopping at the St. Louis.

John A. Greaves will leave this afternoon on the East Mail for Chicago.

H. V. Peterson, Jr., traveling passenger agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, is in town today. He is stopping at the McKay.

Senator and Mrs. D. M. Sabin have returned from the coast where they have been spending the winter.

J. B. Coton will go to Chicago this afternoon, via the Omaha.

F. L. Colvin, of Biwabik, came down this morning and is at the St. Louis.

FILLING UP.

Flour Coming In to Warehouses---Through Rate Not Fixed.

The flour warehouses of the Duluth-St. Paul lines are beginning to fill up. Receipts are not very heavy as a daily summary as yet, but fifteen or twenty cars are received each day by each of the three roads. The Eastern Minnesota has already received this spring 90,000 or 100,000 barrels of flour. The stuff has begun coming in rapidly so early that there was under contemplation the plan of storing the receipts in the four freight steamers of the Northern Steamship company that are lying in winter quarters at West Superior. On investigation it was learned that it would be impossible to insure the cargoes for over $10,000 each until after April 1, when the marine insurance begins, and the plan for unloading the cars direct into the vessels as soon as they arrive was deferred until after the first of the month. As soon as the warehouse is filled, the flour will be kept on track in the cars in which it arrives.

The Northern Pacific and Omaha are both receiving lots of flour, the former on this side of the bay and the latter both here and at Allouez bay.

A peculiar feature of the situation is that though receipts of flour from interior mills to go into store pending the beginning of navigation, the lake and rail rate on either domestic or export flour has not been established. All of the flour that is now coming here destined for the seaboard is probably billed at the regular local rate, St. Paul to Duluth, of 7½ cents. As soon as the through rate is established the matter will be adjusted.

It appears that the reason the through rate has not been fixed is because the trunk lines, lake line and Duluth-St. Paul lines have been unable to agree as to divisions. This disagreement has been referred to frequently in the past few days. The Duluth-St. Paul lines still hold out for their 22 per cent share of the through rate. Heretofore the trunk lines have insisted on the arbitrary ratios—that is on the all rail basis—from Buffalo to the seaboard. If they got this much this year and the Duluth-St. Paul lines got their demands, the lake lines would get a very small end of the rate. The Western lines feel that the trunk lines are in poorer shape this season to stand for arbitraries, and they are going to stick out for their 22 per cent proportion.

As a result of the failure to adjust the matter informally, Chairman Mahoney of the lake lines has issued a call for a meeting of all the three factions, as well as of the St. Paul-Chicago lines, to be held in Buffalo next Thursday. The last two meetings broke up in a row.

SUDDEN.

Charles M. Eaton Dies In Florida---Death Was Unexpected.

Charles W. Eaton is dead at Daytona, Fla. His brother, Henry S. Eaton, received a telegram this noon from Percy M. Shaw, Jr., bringing the sudden news. Mr. Eaton will leave this afternoon for Grand Rapids, Mich., to make arrangements for the interment, which will take place there. It is expected the remains will arrive there tomorrow or Sunday.

Charles W. Eaton was well known throughout Michigan and in Duluth. For years he was in the book and stationery business in Grand Rapids, Mich., and the store conducted by Eaton & Lyon was the largest in the state in this line. He retired from active business a number of years ago, in order to look after his personal interests, which had become very large. From that time on he spent much time in Duluth, and for the past eight years has lived much of the time with his brother, Henry S. Eaton. He had large interests here. About five years ago he began to suffer with what was at first thought to be stomach trouble. Only a short time ago it was diagnosed as dyspepsia or indigestion.

In the middle of the winter Mr. Eaton went to Florida with his niece, Mrs. P. M. Shaw, jr., who was a great favorite of his. He thought that the semi-tropic climate might prove beneficial to him. Only this morning his brother received a letter from him, saying he was feeling well. The death, therefore, must have occurred with great suddenness.

Mr. Eaton was 62 years old. Surviving him are his two brothers, Henry S. Eaton, of Duluth, and T. C. Eaton, of Des Moines, Iowa. He had no immediate family. He had always been active in Masonic work, and by his request the Knights Templar of Grand Rapids will probably take charge of the obsequies.

FIREMEN.

Matter of Their Wages Comes Before the Vessel Owners.

The question of wages for firemen during the coming year is before the vessel owners of the lakes. According to the Cleveland Leader the vessel owners held a meeting all Wednesday afternoon in the office of the Pittsburg Steamship company at Cleveland, wrangling about the question of wages for the firemen duging the coming year. The Pittsburg company had received a communication from its firemen, asking that their pay be fixed at $50 per month throughout the year. They wanted to make no provision for the possibility of a change hereafter. The company was disposed to accept the terms, but did not wish to bind others by the action which it might take. With this end in view its officers called in some of the vesselmen of the Perry-Payne building to talk over the situation. The Pittsburg people were in a hurry to get the matter adjusted.

Capt. Gilchrist was the president of the meting. He advised his colleagues to move slowly in the matter, and that a committee of the Lake Carriers' association be called together to discuss the question before any action should be taken. The Pittsburg Steamship people were impatient and asked that action be taken at once.

After a discussion of the various phases of the question it was at length decided that those who were present should consent to the arrangement, but that formal ratification of the action must come from the Lake Carriers' association.

WAR TAX REPEAL

The Senate Passes the New Bill Without Amendment.

Continues the Discussion on Measure Protecting President.

House Again Busy With Rivers and Harbor Bill.

Washington, March 21.—Soon after the senate convened today Mr. Teller (Col.) presented resolutions of the Colorado legislature praying for the intervention by an offer of its good offices of the United States government to terminate the contest between the British and the Boers. The resolutions were referred to the committee on foreign relations.

At the conclusion of routine business consideration of the bill to repeal the war revenue taxes and for other purposes was taken up on motion of Mr. Aldrich, chairman of the committee on finance. The measure was read at length. All of the amendments proposed by the senate committee to the house bill were agreed to during the meeting. At the conclusion of the reading of the bill Mr. Hoar, while doubting whether an amendment was proper, said he had one in mind, but would not offer it unless it met the approval of the finance committee. He said his amendment was a proposition to refund to charitable and educational institutions the taxes they had paid on legacies left to them while the old law was in operation.

Mr. Aldrich said the amendment manifestdly would be out of place as this bill was one simply to repeal certain specific war taxes.

Mr. Hoar, therefore, did not offer his amendment.

The bill was read a third time, reported to the senate and then laid aside until after the measure for the protection of the president was called up. The bill for the protection of the president then was taken up and Mr. Patterson addressed the senate. He was in accord with the purposes of the bill, so far as the president and vice president were concerned. The feature of the measure to which he was opposed, was the provision that the counseling and advising the murder of the president was a crime.

In response to an inquiry by Mr. Patterson, Mr. Hoar declared his belief that one who advised or counselled the killing of the president was as guilty as the man who actually committed the crime. He did not believe that if the pending law should be placed on the statute books it would suppress anarchy or anarchists. He declared that such a law as that proposed would open a Pandoras box of evils and force congress to repeal it before long. Under no possible contingency, therefore, could he could give his support to sections 3 and 5 of the bill.

Mr. Patterson said that under the pending bill a man who had declared in his own house that the president ought to be killed would be guilty and could be sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. In reply to an inquiry by Mr Vest he said he would have no special objection to a provision which would make punishable such declarations of counsel made in a public speech or in public print.

Mr. Fairbanks cordially supported the pending bill. It contained no party issue; and he hoped no party lines would be drawn upon it. Referring to the argument that the bill creates class legislation, Mr. Fairbanks said the bill was not intended for the personal benefit of the president merely, but for the protection of the people and to bring about the orderly administration of the government. The bill had not been conceived in the heat of passion, but was the fruit of wisdom and deliberation.

"It is inspired by the obvious necessity," said he, "of throwing about the definite executive additional safeguards as to render impossible, so far as human wisdom can go—to the president and thereby injury to the government."

The senate later passed the war revenue aepeal bill.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 21.—When the house met today Mr. Mahon (Pa.) chairman of the committee on claims, asked unanimous consent that the senate amendments to the omnibus claims bill be concurred in and the bill be sent to conference. Mr. Payne, the majority leader, objected, stating that if this action was taken the conferees could bring in a privileged report accepting the senate amendments carrying large appropriations. He thought the bill should take its regular course. Retaliating for this action Mr. Mahon objected to a request that the senate amendments to the executive, legislative and judicial appropriation bill be non-concurred in and that it be sent to conference.

The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the river and harbor bill.

Several minor committee amendments were adopted. One of them authorized the Michigan Power company, with certain restrictions, to take water from the St. Mary's river for use in its power canal. Mr. Jones and Mr. Cushman (Wash.), made ineffectual pleas for the adoption of amendments increasing the appropriations for their states.

Burrows Regent Shoe

For men and women costs but $3.50, but is the equal of many $5 shoes. Try a pair this spring.

M. S. BURROWS.

SEVERE STORMS

Are Reported From All Parts of the Provinces.

Halifax, N. S., March 21.—From all parts of the provinces comes news of storms of unparalleled severity and washouts on the railways have to a great extent demoralized the systems. Belated mails are the rule. Lumber and pulp mills have had a hard time with rain for more than forty-eight hours and rapidly melting snow.

SOLD "HOP TEA."

Wealthy Merchant Sent to Jail and Fined.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 21.—In the federal court here today Judge Phillips sentenced Thomas A. Brady, a wealthy merchant, to thirty days in jail and fined him $100 for selling "hop tea" through the postoffice to a party at Camden, N. J. Brady fought the case hard, saying that he sold the bitters for medical purposes, but the jury convicted him.

HAS ENOUGH.

Capt. Wolvin Says Steel Trust Needs No More Tonnage.

According to statements credited to A. B. Wolvin, at Cleveland, the Pittsburg Steamship company has plenty of outside tonnage, together with its own vessels, to handle what ore it will carry this season. He says that what little additional tonnage the future may prove the company will need can be easily chartered in the wild market and at 75 cents. It is even claimed that some of the tonnage that has been chartered for ore at 80 cents carries a clause providing that if the going rate should be less than 80 cents, then the price named in these charters shall be reduced to that basis.

Last season the Pittsburg company shipped 13,500,000 tons of ore. It has boats to carry 9,000,000 tons. It now finds that there will be more ore on the docks at the opening of the season of navigation than there was last year. This will permit the mto cut the movement this year to 13,000,000 tons of ore. Then the prospective early opening of the season of navigation—presuming that it will come at least before April 10—will give them two trips, permitting the transportation of an additional 1,000,000 tons of ore by the boats already owned. This will make the carrying capacity of the boats of the big fleet about 10,000,000 tons. Adding to this the 1,200,000 tons which the company claims to have under charter, and there is left for the wild boats of the season but 1,800,000 tons. This is out of proportion to the contract material, as most shippers figure to handle about 20 per cent of their material by wild tonnage solely. Concerning the boats which the Steel corporation has under charter, nothing whatever is said. On this account some of the vessel interests are skeptical. They say that no boats have been chartered, and call this a bluff of the Pittsburg people. The only solution suggested is that the boats owned by the Peaveys and managed by Mr. Wolvin have been placed in the service of the Pittsburg people, and that with them are the boats owned by Capt. James Davidson, with the probable assistance of a few boats owned by Capt. Richardson. This is how some of the vesselmen figure it out.

WILL NOT ADVERTISE.

Jenswold Street Improvement to Be Delayed.

The board of public works will not advertise for bids on the Jenswold street cut, which is to furnish rapid transit to West Duluth, for several months to come. The board has the plans and specifications, but discovered today that there is not sufficient money on hand to go ahead with the improvement and consequently decided not to advertise.

The department will shortly receive bids for about 1,000,000 feet of sidewalk timber, to be used during the coming year, and 450,000 feet of timber, to be used for maintenance purposes.

THE SCALE

Is Only Thing Left For the Miners to Consider.

Shamokin, Pa., March 21.—Unless all indications fail today's proceedings of the conventions of the Districts 1, 7 and 9, United Mine Workers of America, will decide the question of peace or war between the operators and miners. The report of the scale committee has been completed and will be submitted to the convention this afternoon. Upon this report hinges the final decision of the delegates. The resolutions adopted yesterday are believed to indicate the determination of the mine workers to insist upon further concessions than the posted notice of the operators provide for, and the operators seem noticeably eager to hear the report of the scale committee.

The convention went into executive session shortly after 9 o'clock and began the consideration of resolutions left over from yesterday.

The morning session adjourned at 11 o'clock, no business of importance having been done. Several resolutions were adopted, but they were similar to those presented at yesterday's session and not of general interest.

P. J. Hay and T. J. Edwards, of Scranton, president and vice president, respectively, of division 16, Amalgamated Association of Street Railway employes, appeared before the convention and appealed for the mine workers' support in the Scranton street railway strike. The local lodges of the miners' union were instructed to aid the strikers financially and the moral support of the organization was accorded.

The only remaining business for the consideration of the convention is the report of the scale committee.

Hanan Shoes For Women.

Spring styles now ready. The best and most fashionable shoe made. Sold in Duluth only by

M. S. BURROWS.

NO FIGHT.

Jeffries' Manager Says Fitz Will Not Come To Time.

Oakland, Cal., March 21.—William Delaney, manager for James J. Jeffries, the pugilist, said today: "From the action taken by the board of supervisors in San Francisco yesterday, awarding the April permit to the Yosemite club, I judge that the 'Frisco people have given up all hope of getting the fight. Fitzsimmons is simply looking for an advertisement. He is up to some dodge to keep his name before the public and I told Jeffries so in New York when we met the first hitch. Mark my words, he will barter with this thing and toy with it as long as the press will stand for it, and in the end there will be no fight."

LIBRARY FOR DENVER.

Denver, March 21.—Andrew Carnegie has offered to furnish $200,000 for the erection of a free public library building in Denver, providing the city will pledge itself to provide not less than $30,000 annually for the support of the library.

FOR LITTLE FALLS.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Buckman is trying to have the new company of the Third regiment, which is to take the place of Company I at Morris, located at Little Falls, his home town.

FOR FORESTRY PURPOSES.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gen. Andrews, state fire warden, has received notice from Auditor Murphy of Cook county, that eight tracts of land in that county forfeited for non-payment of taxes, have been certified to the state for forestry purposes.

GREAT FLOOD

Likely When Ice Gorge Above Chamberlain Lets Go.

Chamberlain, S. D., March 21.—An ice gorge which has been forming in the Missouri river at this place for some time has reached a point which has caused the river to overflow the lowlands for forty miles up the river. The ice is packed so tight that the bed of the river below the gorge for several miles is almost dry. The snow in the upper valley is beginning to melt and fears are entertained of a serious flood if the gorge is not broken. Dynamite is being used but without effect up to the present.

AMNESTY

To Imprisoned Strikers Voted In French House of Deputies.

Paris, March 21.—The government sustained a slight check in the chamber of deputies today. M. Viviani, Socialist, proposed that amnesty be granted to the workmen sentenced to imprisonment for disturbances in connection with strikes and that amnesty also be granted to writers imprisoned for breaches of law dealing with anarchist writings.

The minister of public instruction, M. Leygues, opposed a discussion to the proposition on the grounds that its wording might lead to regrettable consequences.

The chamber nevertheless by 253 to 204 votes decided to discuss the proposition of which the first portion, the granting of amnesty to imprisoned strikers was adopted by a big majority.

SHOT HIS WIFE.

But Husband Neglects to Kill Himself.

Milwaukee, March 21.—Mrs. Josephine Bielowski, 28 years old, was shot and killed by her husband, Julius Bielowski, aged 36, this afternoon at their home, 732 Twenty-first avenue. Four shots were fired. Domestic trouble is said to be the cause. Bielowski has been employed at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad shops on night duty. After the shooting Bielowski locked himself in a bedroom. The police were notified and his arrest followed.

DARKEST AMERICA.

Brigadier Damon's Interesting Lecture on That Topic.

The Swedish M. E. church was filled to overflowing last evening, when Brigadier Alexander M. Damon, of Chicago, general secretary of the slum work carried on by the Salvation Army in that ity, gave his lecture entitled "In Darkest America." It was given under the auspices of the Swedish corps at the eWst End. The lecture was illustrated by stereopticon views and beautiful solos were rendered at intervals by Ensign Sandgren.

The lecture brought to light some very startling conditions existing in cities, as revealed by the slum work in which Mr. Damon has for years been engaged. He dwelt on the misery strong drink causes among the poor classes; the habit brings them to shame and despair. "The people in general do not realize the dark condition that prevails in the United States," he said. "We talk of darkest Africa, but seeing the heart-rending scenes of poverty, sin and despair in Chicago, New York, Boston, and other great cities, gives a dark picture of our own America. The army has, however, for years carried on its work among those classes and and many have been rescued through our work."

Mr. Damons' lecture was very interesting and instructive.

RHODES IMPROVES.

Cape Town, March 21.—The slight improvement in the condition of Cecil Rhodes continued today.

Wall Paper.

Fifty thousand rolls of new and choice patterns at one-half what you can buy the same goods for elsewhere.

ENGELS & CO.,

17-19 Third Avenue West.

Women's Shoes, $1.50, $2.00.

We can save you 50 cents to $1.50 on a pair of shoes. Come in and examine our spring lines.

M. S. BURROWS.

BIRTHS.

STEPHENSON—A son was born this morning to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stephenson, of Adams flats.

KING—A son and daughter have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick King, of 1107 West Superior street.

HILL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Hill, 31 Tenth avenue west.

BLAMGREEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Blamgreen, 2020 West Second street.

DEATHS.

HARTLEY—The funeral of the late Rebecca B. Hartley will take place tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of her son, G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street. Interment at Forest Hill cemetery.

CLEMENS—Mrs. R. J. Clemens died yesterday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George S. Parker, in Janesville, Wis. She is the mother of Charles S. Parsons of this city and the news of her death pained many friends that did not know she was ill.

BLOOMER—Andrew Bloomer died last night at St. Mary's hospital. He was 27 years of age and unmarried. The funeral services will probably be at 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon in Tibbett's undertaking rooms.

BUELL—Alice Bice Buell, wife of Frank L. Buell, of 1426 East First street, died suddenly yesterday afternoon in Knoxville, Tenn. Notice of the funeral hereafter.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1388.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers,
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largest ever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant. EISCHEN BROS.,
230 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY OR disagreeable, but perfuming, exquisitely dainty, describes Satin-Skin Cream, 25c.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Formal Opening of Easter Millinery Next Monday and Tuesday

"What Will You Get?"

What kind of a spring Tailored Suit or costume do you intend to buy? What kind of wrap? Long coat of cloth or silk, three-quarter silk coat, "Monte Carlo," Palatot or Tokio — or, a cloth or silk jacket—in the Eton—Blouse—or plain tailored effect!



"You don't know!" Of course you don't, you haven't seen what's to be had!

Come to the "S. & B. Co.'s"!

Glance through our splendid stock, and then if you don't know what to buy it will be because you are embarrassed by the wealth of choice offered you!

Try on some of our Beautiful Tailored Suits, Costumes or Wraps! You'll be surprised and delighted with the fit, fine workmanship and general appearance!

Everything that good taste in selection of fabrics, and best skill in designing and tailoring garments can accomplish is exemplified in these incomparable spring suits and wraps of every sort!

And yet, we sell cheaply!

As you will plainly see by comparison!

Try us tomorrow!

Silberstein & Bondy Company

The Top Coat

A Necessary Tog..



Now is the season of the chilly evenings, when your winter overcoat is a burden and yet you dare not be without a top garment. This is where the top coat comes in to fill the gap between seasons. We are showing some handsome coats, both long and short, with silk sleeve linings; in gray, tan and olive colors—at **$15**

WHEN YOU CONSIDER THE SERVICE derived from these coats the price is small. It is impossible to tell you all about these coats in this ad. Couldn't if we tried. Call and see them. We feel the coats will please you.

Floan, Leverou & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

AMONG BOYS.

Mr. Brown Continues His Campaign Against the Cigaret.

Yesterday afternoon Willis Brown, who is conducting the anti-cigaret campaign, spoke to the pupils of the Catholic schools. He also gave a very interesting talk to the West Duluth W. C. T. U. at the residence of Mrs. Jewel. The prayer meeting at the First Methodist church was well attended last night and Mr. Brown told of his methods of work in the public schools and gave statistics of the number of boys and girls who have acknowledged to smoking cigarets.

This morning he talked to the children of the West Duluth schools. The boy and girl superintendents will be announced later in The Herald. Tonight Mr. Brown will give a talk to the Boys' club of the First Methodist church. Boys and men are invited to attend.

Saturday evening, at 7:30 o'clock, the boys of Lester Park and Lakeside will have a mass meeting at the Methodist church. Rev. Mr. Powell, the pastor, Rev. Mr. Sutherland and Rev. Mr. Johnson are working to make the meeting a success.

Sunday morning Mr. Brown will preach in the Methodist church at West Duluth and remain to talk to the Sunday school and then go to the Sunday school at the Congregational church. At 2 p. m. he will give a talk to the children in the Catholic Sunday school. A large mass meeting of both the boys and the girls will be held at 3 p. m. in the Norwegian Lutheran church.

The Baptist, Congregational and Episcopal churches will hold a union meeting at the Presbyterian church in the evening. Mr. Brown will preach. Monday he will work in the schools in the West End and in the evening will speak at the fathers' meeting in the Adams school. Tuesday afternoon he will talk to the mothers at the regular monthly mothers' meeting held in the Emerson school.

Those who are laboring in the movement have received much encouragement. Bishop McGolrick, when informed that the movement was to be started, wrote this:

Cathedral, Duluth.

An excellent movement is about to be made in Duluth by the establishment of the Anti-Cigaret league, and I bespeak for it an earnest welcome on behalf of all our citizens. All our schools will surely be interested in a work so beneficial to our growing youth. I wish it all success.

JAMES McGOLRICK,
Bishop of Duluth.

M. S. Burrows, one of the city's leading business men and an employer of many young men, has this to say of cigaret smoking:

Duluth, Minn.

The Anti-Cigaret Committee:

In my short business career I have handled a great many boys. In every case where a boy was a cigaret smoker, I have found that I could make nothing of him, as he was stupid, forgetful and lacked the vital force necessary to make a good sound business man. Yours respectfully,

M. S. BURROWS.

TO STOP THE SALE.

Dairy Commissioner After Colored Food Products.

State Dairy Commissioner McConnell will try to stop the sale of colored food products. Yesterday he held a consultation with Assistant Attorney General Danahower with reference to the matter.

The law says that no food product shall be colored to make it appear better than it is.

Under this provision Mr. McConnell will try to prohibit the sale of jellies, jams, catsups, canned fruits and vegetables, and all food articles of this kind which contain coloring matter. He says that a great many of these articles are made from inferior or partially decayed products and colored with chemicals to make them appear fresh and inviting. In many cases the coloring matter is injurious to health.

Curling Scores.

Two games were played in the Anderson medal contest at the Duluth Curling club rink last evening. The ice was very poor. The scores were as follows:

G. H. Letteau,	R. R. Wells,
S. L. Reichert,	E. D. Field,
H. Hurdon,	G. W. Melntrum,
A. H. Smith, 12.	C. F. West, 9.
T. F. McGilvray,	A. S. Haig,
C. E. Tvedt,	G. P. Sullman,
M. A. McLennan,	W. J. K. Osborne,
Alex McRae, 16.	R. Bradley, 4.

New Vocal Director.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

COST OF BUILDING

Local Architect Investigates Duluth, Chicago and Twin Cities.

Office Buildings and Warehouses Cost Less Here.

Dwellings More Expensive Because They Are Built Better.

Duluth building contractors claim that the stories printed in the papers to the effect that they had combined to put up bids is unfounded. They also insist that the cost of building in Duluth as compared with the cost in other cities bears them out in this statement. Their assertion as to the latter matter is based upon an investigation made last winter by the member of one of the most prominent firms of architects in this city.

Naturally he is familiar with the cost per cubic foot of building various classes of structures here. He set out to make an investigation of the conditions existing in this connection in each of the Twin Cities and Chicago. His own statement of the results tells the story best:

"I investigated," said he, "office buildings and warehouses and residence property. These were the cases in which we in Duluth were likely to be most interested this season. I found as a result of this investigation that the cost per cubic foot of office buildings and warehouses or jobbing houses of the same type, as nearly as comparisons can be made, is less here than it was in Chicago, St. Paul or Minneapolis. On the other hand, the cost per cubic foot for building moderate-price residences is higher here than it is in either of the other cities referred to.

"This seems like an anomaly, and so it seemed to me. The fact that moderate-price residences are largely built of lumber, and that Duluth should be the cheapest market in this country for lumber naturally appealed to me when I made the discovery referred to. Here were buildings constructed of the materials that we had to import costing less than buildings made of the materials we make right here at home, cheaper than anywhere else in the world—or it would be supposed so.

"My investigation proved that first of all the builder of a home in Duluth wants a better building for his money than are built in the same class in the other cities. Perhaps one reason for this is that everybody thinks this is a cold climate and he wants to build warmer than anywhere else. Then, when it comes to plumbing and heating, the Duluth home-builder wants something better than he would put into a house in Chicago or the Twin Cities, considering that he was the average home-builder in those places. I found, first, that house construction here is much more durable and much warmer than in either of the two cities referred to. Twenty-below-zero weather in Chicago finds the people living in $3000 or $4000 houses actually suffering from the cold. The houses are not built warmly enough, and their heating plants are inadequate. It is so to a certain extent in the Twin Cities. Strangers have always told me that we keep the temperature in our office buildings and homes much higher here than they are accustomed to.

"As far as a relative cost is concerned the cost of labor is 225 per cent higher than it was two years ago. It is this increase that causes most of the increase in cost of building here this season. It is said that lumber can be bought by contractors cheaper in Minneapolis than it can here. As for the rest of materials, I think Duluth is on a fair footing with other towns. Portland cement costs only about 60 per cent as much as it did two years ago. Plate and window glass can be bought more cheaply here than in the Twin Cities. We get stone cheaper here than most other cities. I believe that on the whole building labor is fully as cheap here as in either of the three towns referred to.

"Something has been said about a combination among the plumbers and steamfitters. As a matter of fact that class of work, the season through, is cheaper here than in the Twin Cities. The plumbign contractors sometimes may make an effort to keep prices up, but the effort fails very early in the season, if the attempt is made at all.

"Whatever the causes are for the relative cost of building here and in other cities, I feel sure to a certainty that my investigations developed the truth of the matter, and that it does cost less in Duluth to build exactly the same type of buildings, in all classes, than it does in either of the three other cities I visited."

One of the contractors spoken to regarding the matter said: "There is this much to say about it. We contractors know this—that when we come in competition with the Twin City contractors for a local job we find that our figures invariably lower than theirs. Now the Twin City contractors are not going to the expense of coming here to figure on work merely for the excitement of figuring. They are out for the business. If our bids are lower, it must be that the cost of building here is lower than it is in the cities from which we get competition. The St. Louis hotel job was let in St. Paul. All the contractors there had a chance to figure on the work, and a number did. Yet George Lounsberry's bid was about $1000 less than the next lowest proposal for the contract

TO BUILD IT.

L. D. Campbell & Co. Will Erect the Patrick Building.

At a meeting held last night between the members of F. A. Patrick & Co., and L. D. Campbell & Co., an agreement as to price was reached whereby the latter firm of contractors was awarded the job of erecting the new wholesale dry goods building at Fifth avenue west south and Commerce street. The lowest bid on the plans as at first prepared was about $90,000. This figure was higher than had been expected, and it was decided to postpone until they were needed several features that it had been intended to incorporate from the first. It is understood that the price agreed upon last night was about $70,000.

The building, which will be situated at the northeast corner of Commerce street and Fifth avenue, where the old hotel was formerly located, will be seven stories and a basement high. Its general aspect will be that of massiveness, and this effect will be gained in by large corner spaces, unbroken by windows or openings of any kind. The building will be built of heavy mill construction, largely brick and wood, and will be equipped with standard sprink ing system and all modern accessories as a jobbing house. The piling has been largely driven and excavations made for the foundation, and it is expected now that the superstructure will go up rapidly as soon as the contractors can get to work.

THAT NOTE

Between France and Russia Continues to Excite Great Interest.

New York, March 21.—The Franco-Russian notes continues to excite a good deal of optimistic discussion in the English press, says the London correspondent of the Tribune. The belated conversion of Russia into an advocate of the open door principle with France to countersign her diplomacy is regarded as the first practical evidence of the creation of a new order in the far East. One or two suspicious commentators take a less favorable view of the note and assert that while the phrasing is harmless the fact that it has been issued from the foreign offices at Paris and St. Petersburg is proof that the powers against which the agreement was aimed, accept full responsibility and stand together. English writers are certain of the diplomatic support of the United States, but are not assured that Germany can be depended upon to sanction the new principle of the collective commercial interests of the maritime powers, which the Anglo-Japanese agreement embodies. They are not fully convinced that Prince Henry's mission as it is now generally described in Germany has been widened out by the force of circumstances and that England is not excluded from their circle of good feeling.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—The Russian press agrees that the Franco-Russian declaration on the subject of the Anglo-Japanese agreement will dispose of misunderstandings and have a reassuring effect the world over.

The Novoe Vremya says: "The Franco-Russian alliance was compelled to restore the balance of power in the Pacific, when was disturbed by the Anglo-Japanese agreement. The policy of a free hand expressed in the declaration is in accordance with Russian interests."

In connection with the eastward movement of Russian troops, it is announced that the first section of Cossacks is already in the far East and that the second has been mobilized.

VIOLENCE

Among Newport Brewers Strikers Is Being Investigated.

Cincinnati, March 21.—The police of Newport, Ky., are investigating the violence of alleged brewery strikers. Among the brewery workmen who recently resumed work was John Klink. While returning last night from a meeting of those opposed to the strike, Klink was assaulted by a large crowd and his condition today is serious. As there are reports of several of the employes of Widemann's brewery in Newport being assaulted, the case has been given to the police. There is no change in the brewery strike in Cincinnati, Covington and Newport.

TERRIBLY SCALDED.

Kettle of Boiling Water Falls In Saloon.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., March 21.—Joseph Moroset and William Felix were scuffling in a saloon yesterday when a kettle of boiling water was knocked off a stove. Moroset received the full contents on the head and arms and was frightfully scalded. He was taken to the hospital. He will be badly disfigured and it is feared the sight of both eyes are lost.

ROYAL ARCANUM.

Grand Council Will Be Held March 25.

Minneapolis, March 21.—The grand council of Minnesota Royal Arcanum will hold its twelfth annual meeting in Minneapolis March 25. George W. Dunlap, of this city, grand regent of the council, will preside during the session.

The royal ladies of the Twin Cities will serve luncheon for the delegates at noon in Masonic Temple. The session will continue but one day.

UNKNOWN BODY FOUND.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The body of an unknown person was found in the river at the foot of Sibley street at 11 o'clock this morning. Coroner Miller is investigating the case.

MINISTER THREATENED.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—Since the rioting on Sunday the minister of the interior, M. Sipiagune, has received letters threatening him with death.

OBJECT TO FINES

Woodsmen Want Their Drunks Free of Police Court Cost.

Say This Is Only Complaint They Have Against Duluth.

Claim Other Cities Let Them Off With Suspended Sentences.

Woodsmen are not as plentiful in Duluth as formerly.

The men themselves say that they do not get what they consider fair treatment in this city, and prefer to spend their money elsewhere.

It is claimed that in Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis, when woodsmen get drunk, they are arrested out of charity, but in Duluth they are arrested for purposes of revenue only.

In the three cities mentioned the woodsmen say they are arrested and allowed to go under suspended sentences, but in Duluth they invariably have to pay a fine.

This they consider something of an outrage, in view of the fact that they claim to get drunk for the benefit of a certain class of merchants and do not disturb the peace of the city to any great extent.

To offset this argument of the woodsmen, one of the city officers says that they come here for the purpose of spending their money, and might as well spend it in the interests of the city as in the interests of the saloon men.

A woodsman apparently above the average in intelligence was questioned yesterday as to the sentiment against Duluth. He said that in the camps the men frequently talk over the places to spend their money, and about the only thing against Duluth is the fact that the fines are imposed here for ordinary drunkenness and not in other cities.

He said as a rule the woodsmen like Duluth. There is less robbing here than in other cities, and the thieves do not appear to have the protection of the police as in other places. The police always treat the woodsmen fairly and do what they can to help them when in trouble.

In one point, however, Duluth seems to be a little behind the other cities. It is in recovering money from employment agents and barbers. A certain class of second-rate employment agents have a habit of hiring men when there is no position open for them. They keep the $1 fee, and the city officials are not always successful in recovering it.

There are comparatively few barber shops in Duluth that make a practice of robbing woodsmen, and some of the worst of these are not on the Bowery. It is claimed that the city has no criminal law to reach this class of men, and the woodsmen seldom have the time, money or inclination to start a civil suit for the recovery of money taken from them on exorbitant charges.

SALE OF GIRLS.

The Annual Distribution of Squaws to Highest Bidders.

The annual distribution of Comanche Indian brides has just occurred at the Saddle Mountain mission, in Southern Oklahoma, writes the Wichita correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. Fifty of the prettiest women of the tribe were sold at public auction as the wives of tribesmen who bid them in. This barbaric custom was to have been discontinued by the Comanches last year, but it went on even bolder than ever this season, being conducted under the very eyes of the white settlers.

The festival of the Comanche "pony smoke," as this ceremony is called, is of more than passing interest. Seldom are so many young squaws auctioned off as was done this year, but the surplus was great and needed thinning out, according to the head men of the tribe. Their parents, refusing to keep them any longer, the girls naturally needed homes somewhere, and it was deemed best by the medicine men to auction them off as wives, the highest bidders to take their choice. Big Bow, a monstrous fat and ugly redskin, acted as the auctioneer. He was assisted by a number of medicine men, who performed the marriage ceremonies after the sales had been made.

Five hundred Indians gathered at the Saddle Mountain mission last week. This mission is located thirty miles directly south of Mountain View, and on the range of the Wichita mountains. The girls who were sold had been confined in a lodge for three weeks prior to this meeting, and were well fed and extremely well groomed. They were all clad in gay colors, and their hair arranged in perfect Indian fashion. It was plain to see that their parents had prepared them to bring fancy prices. The girls were in various moods; some hysterical, others calm, and not a few delighted with the experience.

Among others was a daughter of the famous Quahnah Parker, the noted Comanche Indian chief. This daughter, whose name is Amy, had displeased him by attempting to run away and marry a white man, and a cowboy at that, so Parker decided that the best thing would be to sell her at auction. This is the first time Parker, who is counted by his white neighbors a highly cultivated red man, has ever allowed any of his relatives to be sacrificed at the auction block. But the wrath of an Indian parent knows no bounds.

Sad and silent, Amy Parker was led to the block for sale. The first bid was eleven ponies. Jack Wild Horse, a well-known scout of the tribe, was the bidder. He was immediately raised by a rival, likewise a scout. This latter claimant bid fifteen. Others then cut in and Miss Parker was run up to fifty ponies. Her face grew pale when she saw that Wild Horse was determined to get her, as he is known as the most desperate savage on the reservation when drunk and angered. It is said that he has killed three wives when drunk. Wild Horse, however, won the young squaw for sixty-three ponies. The stock was turned over to Parker, and a medicine man married Wild Horse and the squaw according to the Comanche rites. The couple then went to El Reno, where a regular marriage license was issued to them and the ceremony repeated by a pale-face minister. Although the marriage took place only three days ago, a dispatch from Lawton says that she attempted to commit suicide after failing in an attempt to kill her new husband.

Other young women objected quite as strongly as did Miss Parker to being auctioned off, but it did them no good whatever. Big Bow went ahead with the sale until everyone of them was sold. The lowest bid made for any of them was twenty ponies. This was the price paid for a half-breed woman who had been married to a white man, but the latter having died, she reverted back to her parents again.

In all over 1500 ponies changed hands in the three days of the big bridal auction. Not for many years have the squaws commanded such spirited bidding and big prices as in this latest event of its kind among the Comanches.

A Wheelman's tool bag isn't complete without a bottle of Dr. Thomas, Eclectric Oil. Heals cuts, bruises, stings, sprains. Monarch over pain.

NEW THEORY ON Cause of Hay Fever.

Hay fever is not so much a result of climatic conditions as it is a showing of the "weak spot" in the general condition of the body. If a hay fever sufferer can be fed up to a prime condition of health by the use of a well-selected food the chances are the hay fever will not present itself.

As an illustration, a lady in Cave Spring, Ga., explains how a change of food affected her. "This past summer I found myself in a very low state of health and much emaciated. I got down to 95 pounds and was worried, especially as I had to look forward to my annual tussle with hay fever in September and felt it would push me even further down.

"One day a friend told me she had been using Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and that she felt like a new person, with greatly increased strength and vigor. I grasped at the straw and began the use of Grape-Nuts. The effect was really magical. In a week I felt toned up and in a month began in earnest to gain flesh and strength. By September my weight had increased to 110 pounds, and, much to my amazement, I discovered that when the hay fever sufferers began to complain, I had not one symptom and escaped it altogether. Inasmuch as I had suffered for years from this miserable disease and had made no change except in my food, I naturally concluded that my improved condition was caused by the daily use of Grape-Nuts and by observing the usual laws of health." Name can be given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Freimuth's

Our formal Easter Millinery Opening and spring style show of Costumes, Wraps, Jackets, Waists and Skirts, rich Silks and dress fabrics will take place next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 24, 25 and 26. It will be the one complete and authoritative display of the correct fashions for the coming season. Remember the dates. Don't fail to attend. See papers for further particulars.

New Cravenette Raglans in silk and cloth—thoroughly waterproof and very stylish. Just in. See them in cloak department.



Four Special Values in

Walking Skirts

for swift Saturday selling!

The offering is timely and will be welcome news to all whom necessity compels to be out-of-doors such unpleasant weather as today—and with its timeliness is the added attraction of extremely low prices.

$2.75 *for regular $3.75 Walking* Skirts; of excellent melton cloth with graduated set-on flounce—heavily stitched at the bottom—raised tailor seams—colors, blue, black and grey—a $3.75 walking skirt tomorrow at $2.75.

$3.75 *for Walking Skirts of splendid* canvass cloth—in blue, brown and grey—deep stylish flounce heavily stitched.

$4.98 *for Walking Skirts of splendid all-wool Thibet* skirting—made with the stylish flaring flounce, stitched all round at bottom—in blue, brown and grey—also skirts of venetian cloth with flaring flounce and ruffle—heavily stitched and corded—splendid values—all sizes at $4.98.

$6.75 *for Walking Skirts of fine melton—in light and* dark grey and black, with fancy corded flounce and plain heavily stitched flounce—skirts that are perfect in make and hang, and very low in price.

ANOTHER RUBBER SALE!

and some special prices on Storm Shoes.

38c *for Women's 50c Rubbers—light summer weight* goods—all shapes, first quality—extra value Saturday at 38c a pair.

40c *for Women's first quality Storm Rubbers—Wales* Goodyear, American and Candee brands—all sizes and styles, 40c.

35c *for Misses' Storm Rubbers, regular price 45c—first* quality—all sizes and shapes—Saturday special at 35 cents a pair.

$3.50—*Women's Volga Street Shoes—just the thing* for damp, stormy weather—made of fine vici kid with wide extension soles—rope stitched, natural leather color, finish on edge of sole and heel—patent leather tip—an ideal storm and street shoe—all sizes and styles at $3.50—best $3.50 shoe in the world.

$1.00 *for Misses' $1.50 and $2 heavy sole Shoes; of* fine kid or box calf—button or lace styles—wide extension sole—regular value $1.50 and $2 00—Saturday per pair $1.00.

98c *for Boys' $1.50 School Shoes, of heavy strong satin* calf, with extension sole—a very mannish and serviceable shoe—Saturday 98c.



A STRONG PULL

On public favor our exquisitely flavored, rich and invigorating "BOCK BEER" has taken, as well as the regular brew of "BOCK BEER." It is a delightful beverage, as well as an appetizer and tonic, and will benefit anyone who is weak or run down. If you are a physical wreck "BOCK BEER" drank freely will make a new man of you.

Duluth Brewing & Malting Co.
Either Phone 241.

HOME GROWN **Plants for Easter**

Our display this year will be very large. Easter only nine days off, so it is getting time to look forward to your flower supply. As we have said before, we are large growers of roses, carnations and plants. Any order placed with our house will receive the best possible attention. It will pay you to trade with us and a trial order will convince you. Remember, we exercise the same care on a small order as we do on a large one. Our motto is to please and satisfy. Do not wait until the last minute in ordering your Easter flowers, but place your order now. We will protect you on both quality of goods and prices. Early ordering is advantageous to both buyer and seller.

CUT FLOWERS.

Our stock consists of the best that can be produced, and is all fresh cut the day we sell it. American Beauties, Roses, Meteor, New Rose, Liberty, Golden Gates, Bridesmaid; Bride Carnations, all the fancy varieties; Lily of the Valley, Sweet Violets, Daffodils, double and single Tulips, pink, yellow, red, white and variegated; Smilax, Asparagus, Maiden Hair Ferns, Dagger Ferns, etc.

BLOOMING PLANTS.

Twenty-five hundred Easter Lilies, very strong, clean and healthy, in perfect condition; Azaleas, elegant plants, white, pink, salmon pink, red and variegated shades of color; Primroses, Potted Violets in full bloom, Spireas, Roses, choice plants; also Snapdragons, Carnation Plants in full bloom, Forget-Me-Nots, Mignonette, Calla Lilies, Hydrangeas, Fressias, Lantana, Crimson Rambler Roses, extra strong plants; fine Dentzia Lemond pot grown Lilacs in white and purple; Heliotrope; Bulb stock, such as Daffodils, Tulips, Hyacinths, Lily of the Valley, etc.; Ornamental Plants, Palms, Boston Ferns, Asparagus, Plumasus Ferns, Asparagus Sprengeri, etc.

ALL THIS STOCK WILL BE SOLD AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

EISCHEN BROS., *Florists.*

Wholesale and Retail Growers of Cut Flowers and Plants.

Green Houses, Arlington. Store, 129 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.** Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

YOUR CHILD should have warm drink-- "Figprune Cereal"

SPLIT IN THE PARTY

Parker Delegates Bolt the Republican Convention at Superior.

Claimed Delegates Not Elected By Majority Could Not Sit.

This Provision of the Law Regarded as an Error.

The bitter fight in the Republican mayoralty campaign in West Superior resulted, yesterday, in a split in the party. The Parker delegates bolted the Republican city convention in the afternoon and held a convention of their own, which it declares was the legal Republican city convention. As matters now stand, there were two Republican conventions held, two Republicans nominated for mayor and two Republican tickets placed in the field.

The Republican caucuses held on Wednesday evening resulted in the election of fifty Dietrich delegates and twenty-one Parker delegates to the city convention. T. L. McIntosh was chosen chairman of the convention by the Dietrich delegates.

The fight was started by the report of the committee on credentials, there being two Parker men on the committee who made a minority report that the delegations from the Fourth, Fifth, Seventh and Ninth wards should not be seated for the reason that they had not received a majority of all the votes cast in those wards. They only received a plurality.

This technicality is based upon chapter 341, section 9, of the general laws of 1899. A literal interpretation of the law would have deprived four of the largest wards in the city of representation in the city convention and would have given Mayor Parker a majority of delegates, without the votes of his three delegates from the Ninth ward.

The convention adopted the majority report, seating the entire delegations from the different wards and the Parker faction, led by W. E. Pickering, bolted the convention and held a convention in another room of the city hall.

In the regular convention, H. W. Dietrich was nominated for mayor, R. L. Hunter for treasurer, Adolph Reedfors for city comptroller, and A. R. Mills for assessor.

In the Parker convention, F. S. Parker was nominated for mayor, M. P. Schmitt for treasurer, Charles A. Andreen for comptroller, and A. R. Mills for assessor.

In the Dietrich convention, ex-Mayor Dietrich made a speech in which he expressed regret for the action of the minority and said that two years ago he faced a similar crisis, but rather than have a split in the party he withdrew from the convention and gave Mr. Parker full control. The point of law, he said, was not raised at the convention a year ago, and the Parker faction seemed satisfied at that time to go ahead with a convention which, according to their action yesterday, was an illegal one.

In the Parker convention, Mayor Parker gave a short talk in which he said that the time has come to rid the city of West Superior of the worst gang of tricksters and boodlers that ever afflicted a Western city. Mayor Parker said that the election of Mr. Dietrich meant the dropping of the cases against the land company, and the bringing of the public school system into politics.

James H. Agen, who was a candidate in the primaries for the Republican nomination for mayor, was present at the Dietrich convention and intimated that unless the Republicans patched up their differences he would be in the field as an independent candidate for mayor.

The courts must pass on this matter before the official ticket can be printed, and the ticket must be made up at least seven days before the election. There remains but twelve days until election, and immediate action is expected by Mr. Dietrich's representatives. Mandamus proceedings will probably be started today in superior court or circuit court.

Mayor Parker, unless the courts decide that Mr. Dietrich is regularly nominated, has the advantage, as the law requires that the ballots shall be prepared by the mayor and the city clerk, and Mayor Parker's name is likely to head the ticket unless judicial action is taken to prevent it.

It is said that the move was made by the Parker men to defeat Mr. Dietrich, the idea being that by the time the supreme court has acted in the matter C. H. O'Hara, the Democratic nominee for mayor, will have been elected and in office six months.

The Dietrich supporters say they are not discouraged, that the Parker delegations acted unmanly and dishonorably and that Mr. Dietrich will be elected n spite of the split in the party.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stopover privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

AT THE HOTELS

"John Smith, New York," is not a distinctive appellation as distinctive appellations go, but it serves pretty well the purposes of a well known commercial traveler for a wholesale dry goods house who is stopping at the Spalding. Mr. Smith always registers in the same way, and all his mail and telegrams come addressed in the same prosaic manner. Yet, in spite of the suspicion that it might be a very easy matter to confuse his mail with that of others of a similar name, it is said to be seldom that anything of the kind happens. Every hotel clerk in his territory knows "John Smith" and is convinced of the fact that there is only one John Smith, and that he looks a little like Senator "Billy" Mason of Illinois.

* * *

C. W. Hastings, of Minneapolis, who is at the St. Louis, used to be in the hotel business. He was the host of the Windsor hotel in St. Paul. Now he is a lumberman largely interested in timber holdings west of Duluth.

* * *

A. N. Currie, of Grand Forks, has a plan for establishing here a branch Murphy cure institute. This cure is designed to relieve inveterate users of alcoholic stimulants of their appetite for the seductive articles that appeal to them. There are branches in both of the Dakotas and at Butte. It is something along the same line as the Keeley cure.

* * *

Robert R. Dunn, who is prominent in the Duluth General Electric company affairs, came up from St. Paul this morning. He is at the Spalding.

* * *

Mr. Smith, of St. Paul, a member of the old furniture firm of Smith, Farwell & Swede, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

Charles Kangos, of Hibbing, and M. C. Pulmer, of Virginia, are among the Mesaba range people that are stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

Capt. W. W. Lea, the Iron River lumberman, is at the Spalding.

* * *

Dr. M. K. Knauff, who is one of the proprietors of the Two Harbors hospital, is at the McKay. He is accompanied by Mrs. Knauff.

* * *

Representative Thomas A. Bury came down from Two Harbors last night. He is at the St. Louis.

* * *

R. M. Bowler, a Minneapolis life insurance man, is at the Spalding.

* * *

M. J. Cunningham, a Burnett merchant, came to town yesterday. He is stopping at the McKay.

* * *

I. R. Burton, New York; A. G. Anchu, Chicago; M. A. Torinus, Stillwater; R. J. Powell, Minneapolis; R. W. Leach, Minneapolis; Archie Philip, Tower; J. C. White, St. Paul; George L. Rice, Rutland, Vt.; R. N. Adams, Minneapolis, and J. J. Freeman, Chicago, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

This morning's arrivals at the Spalding include Walter W. Conklin, St. Paul; J. E. Woodworth, Minneapolis; C. R. Davis, Chicago; William Nesbitt, Minneapolis; A. M. Mowry, Chicago; W. J. Gould, Chicago; R. C. Lawrence, Boston; W. F. Smith, Minneapolis; J. S. Williams, Chicago, and W. T. Collins, Minneapolis.

* * *

At the McKay are: A. W. Sergeant, Minneapolis; Mrs. M. Adams, St. Paul; Thomas Draper, Port Huron; Frank Rochette, Minneapolis; Edwin Mead, Minneapolis; T. J. Carney, Chicago; H. K. Relf, St. Paul, and H. V. Peterson, Minneapolis.

IN MICHIGAN.

Menominee Fishermen Skate One Hundred Miles to Safety.

Menominee—Two Menominee fishermen who were marooned on Chambers islands have arrived home, making the trip, nearly 100 miles, on skates around the southern point of the bay on the ice, which still clings along the shore. They say there are still fifteen more men on the island who took refuge there when the ice went out, and the tug Gagnon went to their rescue today.

Iron Mountain—Station Agent Louis Lanthier, of Wauceedah, is under arrest, charged with assault and battery, the victim being Napoleon Baudin, of this city. The trouble occurred at Wauceedah. Baudin was at the depot, and was making a noise. Mr. Lanthier told him to stop, but Baudin paid no attention to the agent. Lanthier then got mad, and grabbing a poker, went for Baudin. When he got through with him, it was found that a small bone in the throat was broken and a bad wound on the head. It is feared his skull is fractured.

Houghton—Much dissatisfaction is expressed by vesselmen because efforts for the new drawbridge over Portake lake between Houghton and Hancock have failed. The secretary of war, in whose hands the matter rested, has finally agreed with the representatives of Houghton county, and the Mineral Range and Copper Range roads, which use the draw in common, that the proposed new structure is not needed. The vesselmen are firmly convinced that a new bridge is a necessity.

An early opening of navigation in Portage lake is looked for even though the weather turned cold. A large part of the ice is out of the lake, the rest is unsafe, and the canal and entry are free from ice. Local tugmen are putting their crafts in shape.

A new life saving station will be built at the south of the Portage lake ship canal this spring. The station has heretofore been a quarter of a mile up the canal from the lake, and it has been very inconvenient for the crew at times. The new location is decidedly better in every way. The station will be up-to-date and supplied with all modern life saving equipment. Capt. McCormick received word that his crew of assistants had been appointed and he expects the men to arrive about April 1.

THE DAKOTAS

Koehler of Mankato Is Elected President of Aberdeen Normal.

Vermillion—The state regents of education have elected Charles F. Koehler, of Mankato, president of the Aberdeen normal school, and S. C. Hartranft, of Aberdeen, Caroline R. Squire and Elizabeth Clary as part of the faculty.

Huron—S. F. Corley, county superintendent of schools, has called a meeting of township boards of education for this county to be held in this city March 28, for the discussion of topics of direct interest to the country schools. A program has been arranged and topics assigned to several school directors. It is expected that many teachers will attend.

Deadwood—The county auditor has just leased 2500 acres of school land. All the leases paid for one year in advance, and the auditor received $2363.35, the minimum rental for one year being 9 cents an acre, for three years 10 cents, and for five years 12 cents. H. T. Robinson, of Spearfish, leased 1040 acres for one year; William Phillips, Spearfish, 120 acres, one year; William McLaughlin, Spearfish, 400 acres, one year; C. Cardinal, St. Osage, 120 acres, five years; Charles West, Whitewood, forty acres, five years; T. E. Beard, Whitewood, 600 acres, five years; Clarence Wells, Whitewood, 600 acres, five years.

The death of Mrs. Thomas Manion occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Joseph Morin, three miles from Deadwood, following a paralytic stroke. Her home was near Spearfish, where she has resided for twenty years. Besides a daughter, she left a husband and two sons.

Rapid City—J. Weston Nowlin, a son of the late J. W. Nowlin, of Rapid City, whose death occurred here a short time ago, was crushed by cars at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, receiving injuries from which he died a few hours afterwards. He was attending school at Cedar Rapids. He was 20 years old and a brother of Mrs. C. A. Wiegand, of Rapid City.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A great deal of complaint is made of the failure of the cottonwood groves that from ten to fifteen years old. The trees are apparently going into decline just when they should furnish the most oilage. The trouble seem to have been in selecting the cottonwoods at first. At best they have been only a temporary makeshift, and farmers are endeavoring to replace them with elm and box elder.

The Elks have made arrangements for leasing the old Masonic Temple. The rooms will be remodeled and the place changed to conform with the demands of the new organization. The lodgerooms will be sublet to other secret orders, and will be in use several nights each week.

Napoleon—Henry Collette, a Northern Pacific linemann, and a resident of St. Paul, was killed by falling from a telegraph pole near Mapleton. He landed on his feet, but was so badly shaken up that his lower spine was fractured and he died a few hours afterwards in great agony.

Steele—The 14-year-old daughter of Jacob Rickoyung, three miles south of Linton, Emmons county, was fatally burned by the explosion of a can of kerosene, with which she was building the kitchen fire. The kerosene had been mixed with gasolene.

Take Good Care of Your Boy

During these raw, damp days, that he does not catch cold. As a preventative, we would suggest one of those neat, lightweight covert overcoats—at 20 per cent discount.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

SHANNON LASS

Won Grand National Steeplechase at Liverpool.

Liverpool, March 21.—The grand national steeplechase was won by Shannon Lass. Matthew was second and Manifesto was third. Twenty-one horses ran. The conditions of the race were as follows: The grand national steeple chase of 2925 sovereigns; a handicap for 5-year-olds and upwards; distance about four miles and 856 yards.

STUDENTS VISIT FARM.

Fox Lake, Wis., March 21.—Superintendent Carlisle, with seventy students from the agricultural college at Madison, arrived here in a special car to visit Laurel Hill house farm and look over F. C. Warren's horses and Jerseys. Baptist ladies served a dinner in Woodmen's hall.

TRIPLETS BORN.

Spring Valley, Minn., March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Frank Beach, wife of a Germah farmer, living seven miles west of here, last night gave birth to triplets, all boys. Mother and children are doing nicely.

MENOMINEE CANDIDATES.

Menominee, Wis., March 21.—The Republican city convention last night nominated the following ticket; Mayor, A. H. Johnson; clerk, O. N. Tweet; treasurer, H. H. Peck; assessor, John Hilt; justices of the peace, W. J. Cowen, N. F. Carpenter and George Seeley.

Bargain Counter 2.
Kid Gloves
100 dozen Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves in all the new shades for spring—with embroidered backs; in evening shades also, such as pearls, white and light beavers.
69c

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Bargain Counter 2.
Kid Gloves
Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves—gusseted and all colors—dark and light shades for street and evening wear, a beautiful glove, magnificent assortment—per pair—
89c

Bargain Counter 1.
Ribbons.
No. 80 corded taffeta ribbons — pure silk—worth 50c a yard, 35c
Nos. 9, 12 and 40—three specials in plaid ribbons at 10c, 12½c and 15c
10c

Easter Newness Everywhere!
The Big Store is practically overflowing with novelties for Easter. Wherever the eye wanders it meets a dazzling array of sparkling beauty that tells you of what is newest and best among the world's Fashion centers. Paris, London, Berlin and Vienna never sent such handsome representatives, and the keynote is a perfect selection that will harmonize with Easter festivities. * * * We are not forgetting our trade for the every-day necessities of life in the hustle and bustle of Easter preparation, and today publish a great many economy hints that are proof positive of our mercantile supremacy.
GRAND SPRING AND EASTER OPENING NEXT MONDAY, TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY. EVERYONE INVITED.

Bargain Counter 4.
Umbr'llas
1000 ladies' and men's 26-inch umbrellas—steel rods — paragon frames—a choice assortment of handles—all new—best values ever offered at only—
98c

Bargain Counter 3.
Wash Goods.
Unprecedented bargains at the beginning of the wash goods season—
5c for Lawns worth 10 cents.
7c for Ginghams—worth 10c.
10c for 15c and 12½c Madras and 36 inch Percales at 10 cents.



Easter Millinery
The Grand Formal Opening of Millinery will occur next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, which will assuredly be a rare treat. We will exhibit the most fascinating Millinery styles ever seen in this store, showing not only cleverest copies, but original designs from some of the world's renowned artists. There's a touch of elegance about out productions that appeals to every woman of refined tastes. We invite you to the Opening. The department welcomes all visitors tomorrow. We will exhibit many bewitching creations in the new Shirt Waist Hats, one of our leaders being a very modish hat, daintily trimmed, at the low price of
95c



Candy.
Delicious chocolate creams in bulk—hand made—from the famous McIntosh Candy Co. of Minneapolis — assorted flavors, fresh goods; worth 50c lb, at
35c

Dress Goods.
Goods never sold at less than 25c per yard, and cheap at that—we have twenty pieces in neat, small checked designs that we will offer Saturday at only 15 cents a yard.
15c

Ladies' Fine Suits Like Cut at $19.50
THIS suit is beautifully tailored—it has all the smartness that high class modern tailoring can impart to a carefully made suit—there is in it the very best tailors early in the season before they are rushed. every Duluth woman and makes her inconspicously, belt and jaunty vest, trimmed with several straps of trimmed, lined with good quality taffeta silk—skirt is hang is perfect—lined with fine percaline. The price to be found at this price. Our suit department is the greater variety of tailor-made suits than are to be seen but true nevertheless. We are determined to double power of low prices in a manner that is bound to



Ladies' Gibson Blouse Suits at $13.50—in blacks and colors; jacket trimmed with six rows of satin straps down front and back—also four rows of fancy braid—sleeve also trimmed—jacket silk lined and very nobby effect—skirt made with a nice deep flounce trimmed to match jacket—lined with good lining; positively worth $18; sale price $13.50.
$13.50

Ladies' Jackets at $4.98—For Saturday only we will offer the best black cloth jacket made this season at $4.98—you can not match it at the price—silk lined, collar has silk facing—coat back, new sleeves; a $7.50 value at only $4.98.
$4.98

Remember the Easter Opening
Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday

workmanship that is to be expected from the best There is that refinement of style which appeals to yet perfectly dressed. Blouse effect jacket with pretty taffeta silk; sleeves have dainty turn-back cuffs, neatly made with deep flounce with pannel effect front—the is but $19.50, and we are positive its equal is nowhere strongest ever in our history. We are now showing a in the combined stores in Duluth—a bold statement, our last year's suit business, and are applying the accomplish the purpose. We are also offering:

Ladies' $5.00 Mackintoshes at $1.95—Another great Mackintosh sale—We offer 25 ladies' nobby $5.00 Mackintoshes—in grey, brown, blue and red mixtures, with the double-breasted Boston cape—can be worn with or without mackintosh—cape alone is worth $3.50—this is positively the greatest mackintosh value ever offered in this city. $5 Mackintoshes to be offered tomorrow at $1.95.
$1.95

Dress Skirts—of fine taffeta silk and black net; our new spring models exquisitely trimmed and draped—
$7.50
$7.50, $9.98, $12.50, $14.98.

Walking Skirts at $3.98—elegant styles—Panton & White's new shapes; made of popular materials; good $6 values
$3.98

Dental Powder.
Colgate's Dental Powder, 25c bottles—buy them Saturday in the drug department for
14c

Petrol'um Jelly.
Petroleum Jelly—buy 5c bottles Saturday in the drug department at the low price of only—per bottle
3c

Drug Department.
Belladonna Plasters—selling Saturday only in the underselling drug department at—
2 for 25c

Blood Tonic.
Madam M. Yale's Effective Blood Tonic—one of the most reliable of patent medicines—$1.00 bottles Saturday—only
72c

Wilton Rugs.
Seamless Saxon Wilton Rugs—9x12—will outwear any Wilton rug on the market—retailed regularly at $45.00—we are introducing them tomorrow at only $31 each.
$31

Misses' Shoes at 75c, worth $1.25

75c Misses' Kid Shoes—specials—sizes to 2—spring heels, extension soles, round toes—regular price $1.25—Saturday for 75c

$1.25 Women's spring heel and low School Shoes—kid lace—heels—in several swell styles—cloth or kid tops—on sale at $1.25

$1.85 Women's swell lace and button Shoes in glace and patent leather, with hand-turn, McKay flexible or extension soles—cloth or kid tops—every size and width—Saturday only at $1.85

$1.00 Women's Oxford Ties or Low Shoes—a good variety of neat designs in either cloth or kid tops—all sizes—on sale Saturday at $1.00

75c Children's spring heel fine Kid Shoes, extension soles, lace—sizes to 11—regular price $1.25—on sale Saturday at 75c

50c Infants' hand turns, kid lace and button Shoes, sizes to 6, in red, blue, brown and black, and combination colors, in either cloth or kid tops; values 75c and 85c. 50c

Boys' and Youths' and Little Men's Lace Shoes, sizes to 6—300 pairs several styles in seal grain and satin calf; a shoe positively guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction; regular price $1.50 and $1.75—at
$1.00

New Portieres.
New Portieres and Couch Covers, a large shipment just received direct from the manufacturers—everything fresh, novel and up to date—prices range from $2.35 to $27.50 tomorrow.
$2.35

F'rnish'gs
Men's Fancy Cotton and Lisle Thread Half Hose—also plain fast black cotton hose, with and without split feet—new goods, bargains—25c
25c
Very latest new spring styles of men's 4-ply Linen Collars, just received—high band turnovers and the new deep wing-15c, 2 for 25c.
Easter Neckwear—as good quality is hard to get for our prices—all the modish new patterns and shapes at about half price tomorrow only 25c.
25c
Stiff bosom shirts of madras, chevlot and percale, with cuffs to match—a very handsome assortment at 50c.
50c

KING DODO



"It's a byrd." You will want the music, if not the whole score. Buy the selections that please you most.
The full vocal score, $1.75—Vocal pieces at 23c and 27c.

We have all the selections now on sale, but they are going rapidly. Better buy early if you don't want to wait for a reorder.

Underw'r
Women's fast black Hermsdorf dye cotton hose with and without split feet, high double spliced heels, velvet finish, heretofore 35c, choice for
25c
Women's vests and pants, made of fine Egyptian yarn, gusseted sleeves—French bands, silk finished—just right for present wear—only
25c
Women's fancy cotton hose in plain colors and fancy stripes—in latest spring fashions—per pair
25c
Women's fast black and high colors in lace hose, newest designs, an extraordinary bargain—15c, 2 pair for
25c

Cond'ns'd Milk.
"Eagle" brand condensed milk, pure, full strength, universally used, special Saturday, drug dept.—per can only
15c

New Laces
New laces in every style and variety of pattern being placed on sale daily—everything newest and most desirable in the lace line—tomorrow we offer 300 pieces new Torchon laces at 4c, 5c and 6c per yard—good values.
4c

Flowers.
The choicest cut flowers that grow are received daily from our growers at Chicago and Forest Glen, Ill. We have placed large orders for tomorrow and Easter week, and the flowers will be exceptionally choice. Remember that we give especial attention to the making of all floral designs.

Wrappers
50 dozen new good Percale Wrappers, bought to sell at $1.50 but will be on sale at 98c.
98c

Underw'r
Children's light, medium and heavy weight underwear, vests, pants and drawers, knee or long lengths—all shapes—worth 50c—for
25c

Neckwear.
Boys' Fancy Neckwear, in the new shapes of Tecks—beautiful assortment of patterns and new colors—worth 50c—for
25c

Ribbons.
200 pieces No. 2 satin and gros grain Ribbons, by the bolt only, all colors—Saturday at the remarkably low price of—per bolt
17c

Mme. Yale's



Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PATTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

AN INHUMAN FATHER.

Daughter Gives Damaging Testimony Against Hunter.

Phillipsburg, Mont., March 21.—The state rested its case against L. F. Hunter, charged with the murder of his son-in-law, W. O. Walbridge, with the testimony of Mrs. George Melville, daughter, and the wife of the murdered man.

It is extremely doubtful if more sensational evidence was ever adduced before a Montana court. Mrs. Melville had to be carried into the court room on a stretcher, adding impressiveness to the occasion. Mrs. Melville related that when but 14 years old her father assaulted her and continued improper relations up to the date of her marriage with Walbridge, under threats of death if she revealed the secret. Hunter objected to her marriage, but finally consented on condition that his conduct be not exposed.

After the marriage all three went on a camping expedition and one afternoon her father and husband started on a hunting expedition. Several hours later her father returned with his hands and clothes blood-stained. She inquired for her husband and was knocked down by her father with his fist.

Recovering consciousness, she discovered her father burning her husband's and his own bloody clothes. He assumed the name of Mayer, bundled her and her two children into a wagon and started overland to Eastern Montana, where he was captured a year later. Cross-examination failed to shake her testimony in the slightest degree.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Frank M. Hill, for the last ten years traffic manager of the Chicago Junction railway has been missing for nearly a month. Telegrams have been sent broadcast through the United States, but no trace of Hill can be found. It is feared Hill is temporarily unbalanced as a result of brooding over a reduction in salary.

The Passaic, N. J., police announced that fully half the mill employes of that city are planning a strike for higher wages, to start pril 1. The police officials say labor leaders from the coal regions of Pennsylvania are forming the plans. About seven thousand persons are interested.

The vessel owners at Cleveland signed an agreement with the marine firemen, fixing the wage scale at $45 per month as agreed upon. An additional concession was granted by a majority of the owners, which will give the firemen a bonus of $5 per month if they remain with the same vessel to the end of the season.

Henry Wright, a negro who attempted to assault a white girl at San Marcos, Texas, Monday evening, and escaped lynching only through the promise of the district judge to give him a speedy trial, was Thursday convicted on a plea of guilty and was given 99 years in the penitentiary. Less than seventy hours intervened between the commission of the crime and the conviction.

Bid Broad, of Cleveland, Ohio, and "Abe" Attell, of San Francisco, fought fifteen fast rounds to a draw before the West End Athletic club at St. Louis Thursday night. Broad was the aggressor throughout, but his bulldog style availed him nothing as against the extreme cleverness of the California boy.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Derby.

You take no chances when buying the "Hawkes" hats.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
535 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

ADOPTED DAUGHTER

Of Frank Conger Is the Heiress to Six Millions.

Was Taken From Her Mother's Arms In Railroad Wreck.

The Young Lady's Income Will Be $350,000 a Year.

New York, March 21.—Frank Conger, of Brooklyn, who died suddenly a few days ago in a Detroit hotel, bequeathed to his adopted daughter, Oressa Stewart Conger, whom he took from the arms of her dead mother a dozen years ago in a railroad wreck at Hamburg, N. Y., an estate of $6,000,000.

The girl is now 14 years old, and for twelve years has been thought by many to be the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conger.

The will has been filed with the surrogate of Ithaca, N. Y.

Mr. Conger left no natural heirs, and the document states that the girl, whose income will be $350,000 a year, was the daughter of the Rev. E. E. Stewart and wife, of Rochester, N. Y., both of whom were killed on March 6, 1890, in the wreck on the Lake Shore road at Hamburg, N. Y. Ten persons were killed and a score injured that night. During a blizzard a passenger train broke in two on a heavy grade, and the runaway portion, consisting of a drawing room coach and four heavy sleepers, overtook the day coach and smashed it into kindling wood.

George E. Allen, at that time general northern passenger agent of the Erie railroad; Harry T. Jaeger, of the same road, and Frank Conger, hurried from the drawing room coach to aid the victims.

Over the wreckage they clambered until they were halted by the cries of an infant. It was some time before the child could be located, but finally Mr. Conger found her. On a pile of wreckage, half covered by drifting snow, lay a dead woman, and in her arms lay a beautiful babe. The baby was taken back into the warm drawing room car none too soon, for she was nearly unconscious.

Mrs. Conger, an invalid, was in the car, and to her care the baby was given.

Mr. Conger saw in the child's dress a Masonic pin. As he was a prominent member in the Masonic order, he made immediate arrangements for the care of the bodies of the father and mother of the child, took up a subscription among the Masons on the train, and when Buffalo was reached supplemented it by another appeal to the members of the order in that city. He kept the child at the hotel in Buffalo where he and Mrs. Conger remained until the coroner's inquest had been held.

Releases were obtained from the grandparents of the babe, and Oressa was legally made the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Conger.

Mr. Conger bequeathed a life interest in his estate to the widow and an annuity of $5500 to the widow of a friend, for whom he had provided since her husband's death.

MORRIS BILL.

Coming Changes In This and Nelson's Duplicate Measure.

Washington, March 21.—Chairman Sherman of the house committee on Indian affairs yesterday appointed Messrs. Curtis, Lacey, Brown and Fitzgerald a sub-committee to consider the Morris bill with instructions to submit it or a substitute to the full committee next Thursday. A conference will be held with Commissioner Jones to get his views on the bill, after which the sub-committee will agree on such amendments as they think wise. Before the sub-committee was appointed there was discussion of the Brown amendment. Its author announced that he had consulted interior department officials and had been informed that his plan to sell timber standing could not be carried out, because the estimates of the amount of timber on file in the department could not be relied upon. The department officials favor sealed bids and sale on bank seals and the sub-committee will undoubtedly agree on these provisions.

Senator Nelson's bill, which is a duplicate of the Moris bill, was considered in the senate committee on Indian affairs yesterday and referred to a subcommittee composed of Senators Quarles, Gamble and Dubois, with instructions to report it to the senate when they had agreed on amendments. A letter to the committee from Acting Commissioner Towner suggests that the section providing that the expense of the administration of the law be charged to the Indian fund be changed to except the expense of reforestation. This will probably be adopted. A provision for sale by sealed bids instead of public auction will also be inserted at the suggestion of the Indian office.

EXECUTOR ACCUSED

By Widow of Senator Stockbridge of Michigan.

Kalamazoo, Mich., March 21.—Charges have been preferred in a petition filed in the probate court of this county by Betsey A. Stockbridge, widow of Senator Francis B. Stockbridge, against James L. Houghteling, of Chicago, asking for his removal as executor of the senator's estate. It is alleged that at the time of his death Senator Stockbridge was on Mr. Houghteling's paper for $65,000, but in scheduling the assets of the estate Executor Houghteling is said to have left off this amount. He is charged also with neglecting to place on the inventory of the estate for appraisal a number of claims and assets bearing on the estate. Mr. Houghteling is charged with manipulating the affairs of the estate for the benefit of himself and to injure the petitioner and her rights and interests in the estate.

As an example of these charges, the case of the Union Lumber company, in which Senator Stockbridge owned a large block of stock, is cited. It is charged that Mr. Houghteling, with O. W. Johnson, secured control of a large amount of stock in the lumber company owned by Gen. Russell A. Alger, and thus secured control of the company. Mr. Houghteling, it is asserted, manipulated its affairs so as to make the stock of the Stockbridge estate worthless to anyone but himself.

"It is a sensational story, wholly without foundation," declares Mr. Houghteling in Chicago.

SENATORS FOR LIFE.

Charles Francis Adams Endorses Presidential Scheme.

New York, March 21.—In a letter addressed to John Bigelow, published in the Tribune today, Charles Francis Adams, of Boston, endorses at length the recently discussed proposition for a constitutional amendment to utilize the services of ex-presidents of the United States by making them senators-at-large for life.

Every family should have its household medicine chest, and the first bottle in it should be Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's remedy for coughs and colds.

NEGRO CONVICTED.

Des Moines, March 21.—Albert Smith, a negro, aged 20 years, was convicted of murder in the second degree for killing Bruce Martin in a saloon riot Feb. 2. The weapon used was an end gate. Mrs. Martin had entered the saloon a few moments before and begged her husband to accompany her home.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

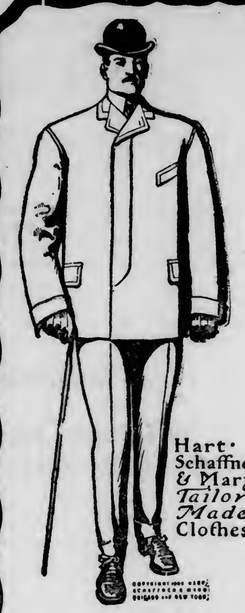
Cures a Cough or Cold at once.
Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Take a Look in our Show Windows and Get Posted on the Correct Things for Spring Wear

Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY,
409-411 West Superior Street.

Duluth's New Clothing Store.



Hart·Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes

Easter Opening

Tomorrow, Saturday, 8 a. m. to 10:30 p. m.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra—Afternoon and Evening
Everyone should hear it—Souvenirs Free to All Ladies and Children.



Hart·Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes

Our Clothing Department

We feel justly proud of this grand array of Men's and Youths' Clothing. All the latest novelties as well as most staple lines.



Hart·Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes

See Our Men's Suits at—
$10, $12, $15, $18

See Our Men's Suits at—
$20, $25, $30

Spring Overcoats We show an exceptionally handsome line in the popular effects in the box and long styles—tomorrow at..... **$7.50 to $35**



Hart·Schaffner & Marx Tailor Made Clothes

OUR BOY'S DEPARTMENT



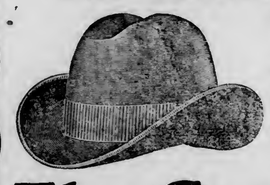
Invites the attention of all parents and guardians who want their boys dressed in the latest fashion and at a moderate price. We display all the latest creations—Vestee, Junior, Sailor, Double-Breasted and Norfolk styles—for little folks.

FOR THE LARGER BOYS.
12 to 18 Years.

We are showing some really handsome patterns in Scotch Mixtures, as well as plain black, blue and grey Worsteds, for confirmation and first communion suits.



HAT DEPARTMENT.



The latest 1902 Spring styles are here including—

The Gordon, Lanphere

and other well known makes, marked at prices that defy all competition.

FURNISHING GOODS DEPT.



You'll find everything here that is strictly up-to-date—and our assortment of

Shirts, Underwear, Hosiery, Neckwear and Gloves

Will be second to none

AT RIGHT PRICES.

Shoe Departm'nt

ALL AMERICA SHOE



$3.50

CUSTOM SHAPES

This department opens with an entire new stock, all goods being specially made for us. The very latest styles in walking and dress shoes for men and boys will be found here.

Also a full line of heavy working shoes.

Our prices will be always the lowest—quality considered.

BERNHARDT

Has to Lay Bare Her Soul to Insurance Company.

Chicago, March 21.—The $100,000 insurance risk taken out by Sara Bernhardt was divided among several large English companies, and each received a copy of the original examination by a physician of the company that accepted the great actress.

A copy of the papers in the possession of an English visitor here shows that if Mme. Bernhardt dies, M. Maurice Jean Ambrose Bernhardt, her son, married and about 35, will inherit the insurance money, together with $100,000 worth of real estate in Paris, an estate elsewhere in France and much money, bonds and other valuables.

In answer to various questions the actress said she had been ill only once in her life, when a serious surgical operation was necessary. She never wore stays. Her full name is Sarah Bernhardt Damala. She owned $100,000 worth of Paris real estate and earns $10,000 a week in the theatrical season.

Her home is on the island of Belle Isle, on the west coast of France, a place immortalized by Alexander Dumas, the elder, in "The Three Guardsmen." Her height was 5 feet 6½ inches and her weight 130 pounds.

In the matter of wines and other liquors she confines herself to one glass of champagne at dinner each day. Her principal food is the juice pressed from fresh beef.

Her art takes up all her time, and to prevent the small but worrying things of everyday life from interfering with it, she carries with her a woman companion and a masseuse, two maids and two men servants. Her daily routine she gives as follows: She arises between 11 a. m. and noon. She takes a cold bath. She gives herself over to the hands of her masseuse. She has a light breakfast. If the weather is nice and dry she takes a drive; if not, she studies, reads or talks.

HAD RIBS BROKEN.

Patient Who Recently Died In St. Peter Hospital.

St. Paul, March 21.—There is to be an investigation of the management at the St. Peter hospital for the insane.

The inquiry will be into the cause or causes which brought about the death of Anton Kachel, who died at the hospital Sunday, Feb. 9.

Kachel was the juror who became insane while trying the case of Frank Tanke, under indictment at St. Peter for the murder of John Wellner. Kachel's was a violent case. He was committed to the hospital Feb. 9, and died on the 12th.

It is said that at the inquest it was found that three of his ribs were broken.

Kachel's brother and some of his friends, it is said, will insist upon an inquiry which will bring out all the facts in connection with the injuries he suffered while in the hospital, and determine whether they were directly responsible for his death.

The conduct of the hospital has been investigated a number of times, as to the causes from which violently insane patients died. At the last investigation, two years ago, the investigating committee recommended that some mechanical device for the restraint of patients be employed. Devices of this kind have been in use at Rochester and Fergus Falls hospitals with very satisfactory results. With them it is possible to control a patient in a much milder manner than is possible where he has to be held in check by the nurses and attendants as is the case at St. Peter.

It is said that at the hospital it sometimes requires the combined efforts of two or three attendants to restrain a patient, and in the struggle it is not strange that patients are injured.

The Cleansing and Healing Cure For **Catarrh** is **Ely's Cream Balm**

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once.

It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Allays Inflammation. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size, 50 cents; Trial size, 10 cents, at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

MRS. OKIE LOSES.

An Adverse Decision In Suit Against Son.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 21.—The suit of Mrs. Susan B. Okie, of Washington, D. C., against her son, John B. Okie, the wealthy sheep owner of Lost Cabin, Wyo., to recover $100,000, claimed by her to be due as her share of the son's sheep business since 1898, when she contracted to sell out to him, has been decided adversely by Judge Riner of the federal court. She sought to have the contract set aside, alleging among other things that it was brought about through misrepresentation of the status of the business.

IN INTEREST OF MERGER.

Des Moines, March 21.—The house has passed the Moisberry bill, removing the limit of bonded indebtedness which Iowa railroad companies may incur. The vote was 65 to 13. The bill has passed the senate and waits the signature of the governor. It is reported to be in the interests of the merger.

HARDWARE MEN'S OFFICERS.

Chicago, March 21.—The meeting of the National Retail Hardware association, which has been in session in Chicago for the past two days has adjourned. A recommendation was made to introduce the mutual insurance feature into the association. Officers were elected as follows: President, H. G. Cormick; vice president, C. N. Barnes; treasurer, W. P. Bogardus; secretary, M. L. Corey (re-elected). Executive committee, Sharon E. Jones, Charles F. Ladner, W. P. Bogardus, W. H. McIntyre.

California.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

The first and third Tuesdays during March, April and May the Northwestern line will sell round trip homeseekers' tickets to points in California at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

Tickets good for twenty-one days from date of sale with stop-over privileges at pleasure in homeseekers' territory.

Remember the dates and route and secure tickets at 405 West Superior street, or Omaha depot.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Help Nature.

What people with stomach trouble need is not so much soda, pepsin and dyspepsia tablets, but something that will remove the cause of the trouble and help to get their digestive machinery working properly.

This is exactly what Herba Cura does. It gets at the root of the trouble and cures the cause.

We guarantee Herba Cura to be free from all injurious drugs or chemicals.

One dollar at druggists.



DON'T WAIT

COME TOMORROW

And see the best line of Spring Suits and Overcoats in the city that are rapidly selling at prices much lower than elsewhere. A dollar spent with us means a profitable investment.

Compare our prices with others

$7.75 for all wool Spring Suits worth at any store $10.00.

$9.75 for all wool Spring Suits worth at any store $14.00.

$14.75 for all wool Spring Suits worth at any store $20.

DRIVE ON SHIRTS—We place on sale for tomorrow twenty dozen Men's New Spring Shirts—with two collars to match—good values at 75c—special for tomorrow ---------- **35c**

Gordon Hats, Stetson Hats, E. & W. Collars, Monarch Shirts.

Our furnishing department contains everything desirable for fine trade.

Eagle Clothing Co

321 West Superior St.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

CLOSED UP.

Tontine Savings Association Put Out of Business.

Minneapolis, March 21.—Judge McGhee, in an order filed yesterday, has dissolved the Tontine Savings association, whose "diamond contract game for getting rich quick," is known all over the country. The association charter and articles of incorporation is declared forfeited.

George P. Flannery, attorney, has been appointed receiver, and directed to take charge of the company's effects and to convert them into cash.

Thus ends the career of a concern which has been doing a flourishing business in Minneapolis since 1894, under various guises. It occupies a whole half floor in the New York Life building for its offices and gives every evidence of unexampled prosperity. The dividends declared were said to be unhear dof in any legitimate enterprise and were the envy of all other corporations.

Judge McGhee has given the case the most careful attention since Attorney General Douglas applied for the forfeiture of the franchise.

The most interesting part of the order is to be found in the memorandum in which the court waxes very sarcastic. He shows that when the present company was reorganized on May 4, 1898, there was practically a deficit of $23,520 from its predecessor. It has done a tremendous business since then, but upwards of 90 per cent has been outside of the state. Owing to the "endless chain" features of the company's plan the liability grew each year. The court shows how this increased and how there was a continual deficit. Up to Dec. 7, 1901, the memorandum says, the deficit had increased in three years and seven months and three days from $23,520 to $1,262,290.25. Should the growth of the association continue at the same ratio as during the past three years the results would be simply immense. At a steady increase of 50 per cent a year in eighteen years there would be $90,000,000 contracts in force and the amount necessary to redeem would be only $18,000,000. In fifty years the whole wealth of the world since the creation of Adam would be wholly insufficient to redeem the contracts which would be in force.

From Judge McGhee's memorandum it appears that the five directors of the association, on a paid-up capital of only $750, received in 1901 the sum of $80,000 in dividends and $25,000 in the same way in the first thirty-two days in 1902.

TO ASSIST NEBRASKA

In Controlling the Recent Outbreak of Smallpox.

Washington, March 21.—The marine hospital service has decided to co-operate with the Nebraska state authorities in fighting the spread of smallpox in that state. In response to a telegram from the secretary of the state board of health at Lincoln, announcing that a large number of cases of smallpox existed in Nebraska and asking that an expert be sent to advise with the state officials in the work of eradicating the epidemic, Passed Assistant Surgeon Wertenbaker, who has made a record for such service in Virginia, Georgia and elsewhere, has been ordered to Nebraska. Dr. Wertenbaker is already enroute.

REFUSED TO SHOOT.

Russian Troops Would Not Fire on Strikers.

St. Petersburg, March 21.—Details of the mutiny of Russian troops at Tula, when the soldiers refused to fire on the strikers, have been received. It appears the troops fired blank cartridges, but when they were ordered to fire ball cartridges, the sergeant refused to obey. The officer commanding the soldiers then threatened to kill the sergeant, whereupon the troops attacked the officer. The latter has since succumbed to the bayonet wounds they inflicted upon him.

You Will Be Pleasantly Surprised

When you come to inspect our new spring styles in hats. Latest blocks in derbies at $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

ORE TRADE.

Feature of Week Is Chartering at Seventy-Five Cents.

Cleveland, March 1.—The Iron Trade Review says: The feature of the week in iron ore has been the chartering of 1,200,000 tons of vessel capacity by the United States Steel corporation's lake interests at 75 cents from the head of the lake. This is 5 cents less than the minimum the majority of vesselmen have been willing to accept, and these latest deals have been made after 4,000,000 tons had been taken on the basis of 80 cents from the head of the lake, 70 cents from Marquette and 60 cents from Escanaba. An official statement is made that under certain conditions the steel corporation may not require more than 1,000,000 tons additional. With an early opening of navigation its own vessels will carry 10,000,000 tons and the prospect is, in view of the restrictions on one consumption in the past four months that less ore will need to be brought down the coming season than was figured on when navigation closed in 1901.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets the remedy that **cures a cold in one day.**

HIBBING TRAGEDY

John Bianchi, an Italian, Shoots His Wife and Himself.

Had Left Him and Was Living With Another Man.

Two Children Are Made Orphans By the Awful Deed.

Hibbing, Minn., March 21.—Great excitment was caused here yesterday by a double tragedy, John Bianchi killing his wife and committing suicide.

The deed was directly due to jealousy, the immediate cause being Mrs. Bianchi's desertion of her husband for another man, with whom she has been living here for the last two weeks. Rugierro Giumbetti, the "man in the case," was not present when the killing took place. All the parties are Italians. It is rumored that there has been trouble in the Bianchi household for some time past, although little is known of the people, who came here from Michigan some time ago.

After living in Hibbing a few months, Bianchi and his wife moved to Eveleth and opened a boarding house for the Italian miners working there. No open rupture took place until about two months ago, when suddenly Mrs. Bianchi disappeared, taking with her an 8-year-old daughter, but leaving a son 6 years old with her husband. From later developments it appears that Mrs. Bianchi came directly back to Hibbing when she deserted her husband, and here she joined Giumbetti, with whom she took up her abode.

Bianchi eventually learned where his wayward spouse had gone, and apparently decided to allow the strong arm of the law to avenge his outraged honor. He went before Judge McGilvery, at Eveleth, and swore out warrants for the arrest of both Ruggierro and Mrs. Bianchi on charges of adultery. A Virginia detective, named Bestow, was in Hibbing and located the pair, but did not make the arrests. Yesterday morning Bianchi arrived in town, and proceeded to the cabin of his wife and Giumbetti, near the dust location, where the man was working. The girl was not at home when her father came, shortly before 10 o'clock, and Giumbetti was in the mine at work, so that details of the tragedy are difficult to obtain.

Soon after Bianchi arrived at the cabin shots were heard, and when the first people who arrived on the scene entered the place, they found the man and woman weltering in their own blood, each with two pistol shot wounds. Apparently Bianchi had shot his wife from in front, the bullet striking her in the right breast; then, as she whirled he shot her again, the latter shot entering the head just below the left ear. The first shot was fatal, although it is believed that either would have caused death. The desperate man then tried to shoot himself in the head, and although the shot shattered the lower jaw it was not fatal. He then placed the muzzle of the revolver against his breast and fired again and sank to the floor without moving from his tracks. The weapon used was a 38-caliber revolver.

The coroner, Dr. Werrick, was notified of the affair at once and empanelled a jury, which heard the evidence and returned a verdict of murder and suicide. Humane Officer H. C. Withrow, of Duluth, was telegraphed to come here and take charge of the children of the dead couple, as they have no relatives here. Bianchi was about 36 years of age, and his wife about 32. Giumbetti is about 32 years old, and is practically a stranger here, and nothing is known of him more than above stated.

MARCONI

Will Rush Work on Wireless Station at Sidney.

New York, March 21.—Signor Marconi has arrived at Sydney from Ottawa says a Halifax special to the Tribune. With his assistants he will today select a site for his wireless station, which is likely to be Table Head, Glass bay. The work of erecting the station will be pushed ahead night and day. The station will be ready for operation before the coronation. The Cape Breton station will be completed before work is resumed at Cape Glod.

Marconi was met at the Sydney station by a great crowd, including about 500 Italians who are employed at the steel works. They organized a torch light procession and drew the inventor to his hotel. Marconi made a speech from his carriage.

UNPRECEDENTED

Was the Dillon Scene In the Commons.

New York, March 21.—The scene in the house of commons which ended in the suspension of John Dillon was in one way unprecedented, says the Tribune's London correspondent. The expression of feeling never has been more unrestrained, and even on the historic occasion when Plimsoll shook his fist at Disraeli, parliamentary propriety was not so severely outraged. Colonial Secretary Chamberlain is a master of polished sarcasm, and his remark that Mr. Dillon was "A good judge of traitors" referred to the fact that a few nights ago, at an Irish meeting in Glasgow, the Nationalist member called for cheers for Delarey.

OBJECTS TO ST. PAUL.

Remains In Chicago and Loses Husband.

St. Paul, March 21.—John F. Baker, Jr., was yesterday granted a divorce from Caroline Miller Baker, desertion being the grounds.

The Bakers were married at Chicago July 7, 1898. In March, 1900, Mrs. Baker deserted her husband for a time, but subsequently returned to him and remained until September, when Baker returned to St. Paul, his wife refusing to accompany him.

She is now employed in a restaurant of Chicago, and an affidavit on file in this case credits her with the statement that if her husband will come to Chicago she will live with him again, but under no circumstances will she return to St. Paul. There are no children. Plaintiff is 25 years of age and defendant is 20.

BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Our Removal Sale of Shoes

is a revelation to buyers. Never were such prices made in reliable footwear. Now is the time to buy for future needs.

Sizes Complete---Be Here Tomorrow.

Ladies' Rubbers.
9 cents
Ladies' small-sized Rubbers—removal price 9c.

Ladies' House Slippers.
19 cents
Ladies' small-sized Slippers—removal price 19c.

Ladies' Shoes.
49 cents
50 pairs Ladies' $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes, odd kinds and small sizes—removal price 49c.

59 cents
70 pairs Ladies' $1.50 goat button Shoes—removal price 59c.

$1.39
200 pairs Ladies' fine kid Shoes, worth $2.50, button or lace, kid or patent tip—removal price $1.39.

$1.48
Ladies' $2.00 Lace Shoes, kid or box calf, heavy soles—removal price $1.48.

$1.69
100 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Kid Shoes, patent tips, new extension soles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.98
400 pairs Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 Shoes, kid, velour or box calf, new styles and goods, all sizes—removal price $1.98.

$2.48
Ladies' $3.00 and $3.50 fine Kid Shoes, nearly all sizes—removal price $2.48.

Bring your tickets on the Crystal Cut Glass. They are good on this sale.

Misses' and Child's Shoes.
13 cents
Infants' Button Shoes, sizes 2 to 5—removal price 13c.

49 cents
Child's 75c Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 2 to 6—Removal price 49c.

69 cents
Child's $1.00 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip—removal price 69c.

79 cents
Child's $1.00 Dongola button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11—removal sale 79c.

98 cents
Child's $1.35 Box Calf or Kangaroo Calf Shoes, button or lace—removal price 98c.

59 cents
Misses' $1.00 Goat Button Shoes, sizes 9 to 2—removal price 59c.

98 cents
Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip, all sizes—removal price 98c.

Men's Shoes.



$2.48
Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Box Calf, Vici or Enamel Shoes, new styles—removal price $2.48.

$1.69
Men's $2.50 Satin Calf or Vici Kid Shoes, good styles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.48
Men's $2.00 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes, two different styles—removal price $1.48.

$1.98
Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Box, Chrome or Satin Calf Shoes, heavy or light soles—removal price $1.98.

Men's Shoes.
$2.98
Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes, new styles, all the latest leathers—removal price $2.98.

98 cents
Men's $1.50 Satin Calf and Grain Working Shoes, large sizes—removal price 98c.

$2.98
Men's $5.00 Russia and Leather-Lined Blucher Shoes, also English enamel double sole, good styles—removal price $2.98.

Big reduction on Men's Working Shoes.

Bring your tickets on the Crystal Cut Glass. They are good on this sale.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes
89 cents
100 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 Box Calf Shoes, sizes 8 to 13—removal price 89c.

98 cents
Little Gents' $1.25 Steel Shod Shoes, 10 to 13—removal price 98c.

$1.19
Boys' and Youth's $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes—removal price $1.19.

$1.39
Boys' and Youth's Calf Shoes, worth $1.75 and $2.00—removal price $1.39.

$1.48
Boys' Keith Calf Shoes, broken sizes. Removal price $1.48.

$1.69
Boys' best Calf Shoes, worth $2.50—removal price $1.69.

$1.48
Boys' $2.00 seamless cut, waterproof Shoes, sizes 13 to 5—removal price $1.48.

89 cents
Boys' and Youths' $1.25 and $1.50 Satin Calf, broken lots—removal price 89c.

39 cents
Child's Goat Shoes, in button only, sizes 5 to 8—removal price 39c.

A chance to buy shoes cheaper than ever before. Come early, get first choice.

LAKE OUTLET

For the Canadian Northern Railway Is Arranged For.

Fort William, Ont., March 21.—It has been definitely announced that vessels of the Northwest Transportation company and the Canadian Northern railway will run in close connection this year, and that all package freight over these lines will be handled at Port Arthur.

This will give a line of five steamers of that company plying between Sarnia, Windsor, Collingwood, Duluth and Port Arthur and Fort William. These steamers and trains will also run in connection with the vessels of the Rainy River Navigation company, plying between Mine Center, Fort Frances and Port Arthur.

It is expected that the tourist business through these parts this year will be greater than ever before.

The Northern Navigation company, of Collingwood, some time ago acquired an interest in the stock of the Northwest Transportation company, of Sarnia, sufficiently large to make them the virtual owners of the line. It has now been decided to amalgamate the two companies under one management. The Northwest Transportation company will be merged in the Northern Navigation company, the latter name being retained for the company. A general manager will be appointed for the amalgamated lines, with headquarters most probably at Toronto, and assistant managers will be appointed at Collingwood and Sarnia to take charge of the separate lines. The assistant management at Sarnia has been tendered to William Askin, well known through his long connection with the Northwest Transportation company as traveling agent. John D. Beatty has disposed of his interest in the Northwest Transportation company, but will retain his present position as general manager and treasurer for a short time, probably until the end of next month. The question of remaining connected with the new company in some other capacity is one which Mr. Beatty has now under consideration, but upon which he has not yet decided. The company's new boat, the Huronic, will be ready for business with the opening of navigation.

TREACHERY

Of the South Sea Islanders Caused Several Deaths.

Victoria, B. C., March 21.—During the month of February the natives of the islands of the South seas gather on the coast in large numbers and the vessels which go to recruit laborers bring home many stories of treachery. This year is no exception to the rule, several of these stories being brought here by the steamer Aorangi, which arrived yesterday from Australia, Suavin and Honolulu.

The Ketchventure while in Cadill straits, was attacked by natives, who attempted to climb over the vessel's sides. In a fight which followed, two members of the crew were killed by spears in the hands of the natives. George McCabe, the recruiting officer of the labor vessel Rhoderick Dhu, was one of the victims. The officer had landed on the island of Malayta and proceeded some distance up the beach when he was suddenly fired upon from the rear by some of the islanders in some thick undergrowth. McCabe was instantly killed.

The captain of one of the recrutling vessels adopted a novel method of getting natives to enter into contracts with him. He secured a phonograph and before leaving Queensland had a native, already engaged on a plantation, talking to it, telling of the good time he was having. This was taken to the native village and turned loose. Natives flocked to the recruiting ship. The Danish barkentine Puck, with 170 recruits on board, ran ashore and was wrecked. The crew was rescued by the German schooner Meteor.

The steamer Prosperity, bound from Newcastle to North Queensland, went ashore on Point Lookout, Stradrocke island. The crew, with the exception of the mate, who locked himself in the cabin, spent the night in the rigging, and swam ashore in the morning. The mate and cook were drowned.

A tribal war was in progress in Noumea. A band of villagers attacked a rival village and according to reports received at Sydney, a number of men were killed and the wounded were decapitated. It was also said that cannibalism was practiced by the successful party.

The captain of the British warship Pylades has annexed Ocean island, South sea, which is rich in phosphates. It has been under British protection.

DIED ALONE.

Mrs. French, Famous In Lawsuits, Met With Fatal Accident.

Boston, March 21.—Mrs. Julia B. French, wealthy, eccentric and famous throughout he country because of her many and varied lawsuits, was found dead in her Back Bay residence yesterday afternoon. Her body badly disfigured, lay on the top of the elevator, which was on the basement floor, and had evidently been there three or four days. Medical Examiner Draper reported the death as due to an accident.

Mrs. French, who was 70 years of age and lived alone, apparently fell from the third floor in the well to the elevator canopy.

Mrs. French is said to have had more lawsuits brought against her, and had appeared as plaintiff more times than any other person appearing in public. The litigation territory extended from the Atlantic coast to the Rocky Mountains. She had such a tendency to going to law that in November, 1900, Dr. Bloomer, superintendent of the Butler Insane asylum, at Providence, R. I., testified as an expert that Mrs. French was afflicted with "litigious paranoia."

DANGEROUS SURGERY

Should Be the Last Resort.

Many people suffer from piles, because after trying various lotions, salves and ointments without relief or cure, they come to the conclusion that a surgical operation is the last resort, and rather than submit to the shock and risk to life of an operation, prefer to suffer on; very often, however, the afflicted one is over persuaded to resort to the knife, and even though the operation is apparently successful, and there is complete recovery from the shock incident thereto, the result is invariably the same; the piles sooner or later return because their cause has not been removed. This result is a logical one, inasmuch as the knife removes the effects of the disease only, while the cause remains as before. There is claimed to be a remedy which does remove the cause, hence eradicating the disease, and that is the Pyramid Pile Cure; it is in the form of a suppository, is applied directly to the parts affected, and brings about a complete cure, quietly and painlessly. In this connection the testimony of Mr. John Cullen Bryant, the well known bookseller of Haverhill, Mass., is of unusual interest.

"I desire to contribute an unsolicited, but purely voluntary testimonial in favor of Pyramid Pile Cure. I have suffered for more than twenty years with hemorrhoids, and have consulted numerous physicians and expended a great deal of money for medicines that did me no good. I had often seen Pyramid Pile Cure advertised, but hesitated for months before buying same, thinking it a patent or quack remedy that had no merit; but having tried every other remedy prescribed I was finally persuaded one year ago, to try Pyramid Pile Cure. I bought a fifty-cent package at the drug store, and while I may not be permanently cured, the past year has been the only year of my life worth living during the past twenty years, and nothing but the Pyramid remedies have wrought this change. I offer this testimony for the benefit of suffering humanity."

Her most important lawsuit related to the will of her second husband, Benjamin French, and involved not only her right to the estate, but the question of her sanity. The case was full of sensational features, but was decided in her favor.

Mrs. French always had a number of contests on her hands. Usually she retained a new attorney for each case, and admitted that she had a fondness for lawyers. She used to say that they were the brainiest and cleverest class of people to be found, and that the enjoyed talking with them.

HAZER GETS BULLET.

Ames Student Shot Another In the Shoulder.

Webster City, Iowa, March 21.—J. R. Campbell, the young student at the state agricultural college at Ames, who shot a fellow student, J. A. Lawrence, through the shoulder, resides three miles northeast of this city. He bears a good reputation among the younger society set.

Lawrence has hazed Campbell and otherwise aroused his hatred to a point where Campbell, his physical inferior, shot him upon coming face to face on the campus.

The shot struck Lawrence full in the breast, glanced on a pocket comb and thus diverted, passed through the shoulder. Campbell's friends here are much surprised at his rash act.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunette tints). 25c.

SUBSIDY BILL

So Amended as to Affect the Anti-Trust Law.

Washington, March 21.—Ship subsidy legislation looks to be dead for the session. Seldom has the passage of a bill in the senate by a majority of eleven been so generally looked upon as a practical defeat. While the six Republican votes cast against the Frye bill do not represent all of the senators who have privately expressed their misgivings, this number is large enough to take away any taint of mugwumpery from such house Republicans as see fit to vote the same way. Any bill is in effect deprived of standing as a strict party measure when it meets the open opposition of senate leaders of the caliber of Allison, Spooner and Proctor, to say nothing of the three younger men who, although new to senatorial service, have made an excellent record. House Republicans will feel free to divide on the measure according to their individual preferences, and on this basis the Republican majority would speedily vanish. The Northwestern members who, in the last congress, maintained an effective opposition, are said to be much encouraged by this vote, and more determined than ever to accomplish the bill's defeat.

Allison and Dolliver, while not necessarily opposed to all subsidies, regard this bill as too sweeping in its character, and not sufficiently securing an opening on new routes to South America and Asia, which it is most desirable to have established, rather than to increase the profits on lines on which transportation facilities are already abundant.

One curious feature of the bill as it passed the senate, apparently not discovered at the time, is the virtual repeal, through an amendment offered by Mr. Hanna, of so much of the Sherman anti-trust law as applies to ocean shipping. The clause reads:

"Provided, however, that nothing contained in this act, or in any other act of congress, shall be construed to prevent any citizen or corporation of the United States or of any state from contracting for, acquiring, holding or operating any interest in one or more steamship lines engaged in foreign commerce."

Of course, this will be materially modified in the house committee.

BANQUET

To Journalists One of First Coronation Functions.

New York, March 21.—One of the first functions in connection with the coronation festivities will be a banquet tendered to colonial and American journalists by London editors, according to the London correspondent of the Herald.

Ambassador Choate has been asked to fix the date. In a letter to a committee of London editors just received, Mr. Choate suggests April 26 as the most suitable day.

SUPERIORITY

Between Ruhlin and Maher Will Be Settled This Time.

New York, March 21.—Gus Ruhlin and Peter Maher will box six rounds tonight at Industrial hall, Philadelphia. It will be the third time the men have met and it is said the question of superiority between them will be settled. Sharkey has announced that the winner of this bout will meet him before the National Sporting club, London. Should either of the big fellows knock the other out the winner will get the match with Sharkey. As official decisions are not given in Philadelphia fights, Sharkey expects to be on hand to make the decision himself in case there is no knockout.

It is said that the manager of Industrial hall has assurances that the authorities will not insist on another Sharkey-Maher love tapping match in tonight's bout. If that is the case the fight should be a good one, as neither Ruhlin nor Maher is satisfied with the result of their previous bouts.

Itchiness of the skin, horrible plague. Most everybody afflicted in one way or another. Only one safe, never failing cure—Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

MONEY LASTED QUICK

But Young Mills Did Not Stop Checking.

Anderson, Ind., March 21.—W. Gilbert Mills, age 21, a student of Hiram Ohio military school, was arrested here Wednesday night on a telegram from Chief of Police Conner at Cleveland, for obtaining money under false pretenses. Mills is the son of a wealthy ranchman in Montana and when he started to school at Hiram his father put $1000 to his credit in the bank htere.

Mills spent but little of his time in school, but traveled over the country. Two weeks ago he presented a check at the Hotel Hollenden for $200 which was cashed. On Feb. 22 he presented a similar check at the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, and had it cashed. Both checks were protested at the Hiram bank for lack of funds.

Mills came here last Friday and when arrested was in the company of two Indianapolis women of ill-repute at the Hotel Doxey.

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Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

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THE WEATHER.

United Sttaes Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 21.—Barometric pressures are low off the north Atlantic coast, over Rocky mountain districts and Western Gulf states, and high over the lake region and California. Temperatures are generally moderate, averaging close to the freezing point throughout Rocky mountain districts, the Northwest and the lake region and between 50 and 60 in gulf states. Light to heavy rains have fallen over the Lower Mississippi valley and Western gulf states, and rain or snow over the Western lake region, Upper Mississippi valley, North Pacific states and scattered portions of the Northwest.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	46	Memphis	46
Battleford	20	Miles City	24
Bismarck	28	Milwaukee	36
Boston	40	Minnedosa	30
Buffalo	32	Montgomery	46
Calgary	22	Moorhead	32
Charleston	48	New Orleans	60
Chicago	36	New York	38
Cincinnati	36	North Platte	38
Davenport	36	Oklahoma	46
Denver	36	Omaha	36
Detroit	32	Pittsburg	34
Duluth	26	Port Arthur	26
Edmonton	20	Portland	38
El Paso	58	Qu' Appelle	22
Escanaba	28	Rapid City	36
Galveston	62	San Francisco	44
Green Bay	32	Santa Fe	58
Havre	20	Shreveport	52
Helena	24	Spokane	34
Houghton	30	St. Louis	46
Huron	34	St. Paul	34
Jacksonville	50	Sault Ste. Marie	26
Kamloops	28	Swift Current	18
Kansas City	38	Washington	40
Knoxville	40	Williston	28
La Crosse	34	Winnemucca	24
Los Angeles	42	Winnipeg	16
Marquette	32		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Threatening tonight and Saturday with possibly rain or snow; fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 21.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Probably threatening tonight and Saturday; brisk northeast winds. Wisconsin—Probably threatening tonight and Saturday with possibly snow flurries northeast portion; brisk easterly winds. The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday.

Publicity of Corporation Business.

The bill which has been prepared by Representative Littlefield, of Maine, regarding publicity in the doings of corporations and trusts bids fair to be well received at the hands of congress. Its object is to prevent overcapitalization, the watering of stock and inflated values, and cannot be regarded as a hostile measure, excepting by those corporations guilty of such acts. There is nothing in the bill to injure the interests of sound business organizations, which will undoubtedly endorse the measure. This bill is aimed at the corporations that are working on overcapitalized stock and which are a menace to the general prosperity of the country. The bill requires all corporations engaged in interstate commerce to file returns with the secretary of the treasury, disclosing their true financial condition and of their capital stock and imposes a certain tax on such as have outstanding capital stock unpaid in whole or in part. There is not a single state in the Union that has a law covering this point, or which keeps an official record of the facts called for in the bill. The interstate commerce act requires the railroads to make certain returns to the interstate commerce commission at Washington, but they are not so complete as those proposed in the pending measure. Such a measure can work no injury to legitimate corporations and will, if passed and enforced, result in weeding out illigitimate concerns that intend to prey upon the public. The bill is one worthy of adoption.

Gunner Morgan Will Try Again.

Gunner Morgan is to try once more to enter the so-called sacred commissioned rank of the line in the navy.

It was his correspondence with Admiral Sampson regarding the promotion of warrant officers to the line that caused such criticism to be made on the admiral on account of his reply to the gunner who had served faithfully with him. Morgan has been ordered to Washington from San Francisco for examination for promotion to the rank of chief gunner. This position is commissioned and carries with it the rank of ensign, but no further advancement beyond that grade. Mr. Morgan was entitled to promotion by length of service some months ago, but it is understood that the board of officers appointed at that time to examine him, found him deficient. He has strong friends in congress, and it is the general opinion that he will have better luck in the coming examination than in the last. As is generally known Morgan comes from the ranks, having first enlisted as an apprentice boy. He worked his way up to a warrant officer soveral years ago and is considered a very capable man. He is required by law to be morally, mentally and physically qualified for promotion, and rumor has it that some slight indisposition in former years has prevented his advancement up to the present time. As he is over legal age he is barred from promotion beyond the grade of chief gunner. Although six is the number of warrant officers allowed annually to be so transferred, the fact remains that since the passage of the law of 1900 but two have obtained commissions. This is the only way an enlisted man in the navy can secure a commission, and the only person eligible to a permanent place in the navy outside of a graduate of Annapolis is a paymaster or a doctor. This is one of the features of the navy which is radically wrong. No matter how meritorious is the man behind the gun, he has but one opportunity to wear the shoulder straps and that in the method outlined above. It is not right, and in justice to the men who have served faithfully and are by experience better qualified than many of the graduates, additional opportunities should be offered for advancement. It would bring a better class of men into the navy as apprentices.

SYMPATHY FOR THE BOERS.

The Democratic members of congress have placed themselves on record in caucus as in profound sympathy with the Boer cause and will endeavor to have a resolution to that end introduced in congress that their views may at least be recorded there, even if such a resolution should fail of passage. Their object is to induce the British government to conduct the war in South Africa according to civilized methods and the rules laid down in the Geneva convention and The Hague peace congress. That is all the Boers ask, and if the civilized powers will compel England to fight fair the war will soon be over and the Boers will retain their freedom and independence. The principal violations of the rules of warfare, as prescribed by the two conventions referred to are as follows: First, the refusal of Great Britain to permit the Red Cross people to succor the Boers in the concentration camps and those wounded in the field. Second, England's failure to exchange prisoners of war. Third, her execution of prisoners of war. Fourth, her inhuman and barbarous camps which are worse than any ever established by Weyler in the worst days of the Cuban insurrection.

It is desired, if possible, to have the president use his good offices to bring about a cessation of hostilities, or at least to insist on war under civilized methods. It is fully realized that the United States cannot consistently take any active step in the interest of the Boers at present, but their friends would like to have resolutions of sympathy adopted.

There is another question which might well have been considered by the Democrats while in caucus. Reference is made to the charge that the United States is violating the treaty of Washington and thus giving uncalled for aid to Great Britain. By this treaty a neutral government is bound not to allow either belligerent to make use of its ports or waters as a base of operations against the other for the purpose of renewal or augmentation of military supplies or arms. It is held, and justly so, that the exportation of horses and mules from the harbors of the United States for use against the Boers in South Africa is clearly in violation of this treaty and that it should be stopped. Petitions are being circulated all over the country for signatures, asking the president to enforce the provisions of the treaty and they are being numerously signed. Great Britain enforced this treaty against the United States during the war with Spain and there is no reason why this country should not do its duty in the present case. Sentiment is growing stronger daily among the people of the United States who love fair play and there is hope of good results. A little more activity and a stronger expression of sentiment and the government will be obliged to defer to the wishes of the people.

THE PHILIPPINE PROBLEM.

A Texas congressman has introduced in the house a resolution requesting the president to send to congress all papers and correspondence in regard to the request of Lieut. Gen. Miles to be sent to the Philippines to carry out a plan of campaign proposed by him which he believed would bring the warfare to a close without further loss of life. What that plan is has never been disclosed, and it is not likely it will be made public unless this resolution shall be adopted. The president referred Gen. Miles' request and plan to the secretary of war. The latter made an adverse report, and the president approved the secretary's action. It is said the plan was rejected because the administration takes the position that the war is now practically ended.

But is the trouble in the islands over? All the evidence on this point does not confirm the optimistic views expressed by Governor General Taft or support the position now assumed by the administration. The description which Stephen Bonsal gives of the present state of affairs in the Philippines, in his article in the March number of the North American Review, entitled "The Philippines—After an Earthquake," is not a comforting one. It seems that, after an earthquake which occurred in the middle of December had shaken up Manila with terrible violence, certain officials had unbosomed themselves in conversation with Mr. Bonsal with a frankness which they had not practiced before; and in the same spirit, Mr. Bonsal endeavors to tell a plain, unvarnished tale, which, he confesses, is necessarily superficial and far from comprehensive, but is at the same time worthy of the most careful and conscientious study.

To begin with, Mr. Bonsal avers that our system of fighting has not yet been adjusted to guerrilla warfare; it remains the same as it was three years ago. We send into the field but two combinations—fresh troops and green officers, or experienced officers and worn-out men. Then, the establishment of the civil administration has created a situation in which, too often, the wily and treacherous native who fights our soldiers one day enjoys our protection the next. Even in many portions of the islands which have been declared pacified, the most savage warfare rages, and if the Mohammedan peoples are not unfriendly to us, it is, says Mr. Bonsal, because of their impression, based on observation and report, that we are not Christians. Our educational efforts, which are paid for by the Filipinos, are largely unsuccessful, partly because of the unwillingness of the native youth to learn, and partly because of the inexperience and incapacity of the teachers whom we sent to them. Mr. Bonsal observes:

"Of the teachers I saw, all seemed discouraged, and not a few frankly admitted it. This was not due entirely to the uncouth and wholly undesirable surroundings in which they were called upon to live, but also in a measure to the rapidity with which the Filipino's thirst for knowledge is assuaged. Two weeks after the schools were opened, many of the teachers told me, the attendance dropped off as much as 30 and 40 per cent. Of the truants, some admitted frankly that they were disappointed. They had expected to learn English in ten days or two weeks. The girls averred they had to wash camisetas and sarongs for their mammas, the boys that they had been sent out to gather cocos for their papas, which stories and many others amounted simply to the fact that they were tired of school; and they never came back to it. Many of the teachers did not hesitate to say that they came out to the islands under a misapprehension of the circumstances; and some were living, and with good reason, in daily fear of being killed. In many I noticed strong commercial proclivities; and the expression, 'There ought to be money in this, or that,' with reference to nearly all the products of the islands, was on many tongues."

Mr. Bonsal went to the Philippines with the express purpose of learning the truth. He is a trained observer of men and events, and he had no prejudices to overcome, consequently his views must be accepted as fair and in accord with the actual state of affairs. He perceives a defect in our style of fighting in relation to guerrilla warfare, and it may have been this defect that Gen. Miles' plan proposed to correct. It certainly seems reasonable that the commanding general of the army, a soldier of years of experience, an officer trained in the art of coping with guerrilla warfare, is capable of better judging what style of campaign should be pursued than are a civilian president (even if he has a short war record) and a civilian secretary of war. It is the fashion of some newspapers that are closely allied to the bureaucratic clique headed by Gen. Corbin and a few other paper fighters to sneer at Gen. Miles, but there is no officer connected with the United States army in whom the people generally have more confidence. The people are getting very tired of the whole miserable Philippine business, and if Gen. Miles thinks he can solve the problem, the administration would do well to give him a chance.

A CURIOUS CASE.

There has recently appeared in the probate court of the District of Columbia a curious and complicated case that will interest both lawyers and laymen throughout the country, in view of the knotty problem that it presents for solution.

The case is quite fully reported in the Washington papers. Briefly, it is as follows: A rich woman, twice married, dies, leaving behind her three children by her first husband and a pair of twins which came into the world last summer. By her will, which was made a month or two before her death, the mother of the twins left her estate, consisting of probably $1,000,000 or more, to her children by her first husband. This, on the score of equity, the fortune having been left her by the father of her first born. The mother, however, made provision that in the event of another child being born it should be entitled to an interest in her personal estate, worth about $250,000. After this will was made the twins appeared and the mother died.

The question that has arisen is, which of the two youngsters is entitled to the $250,000 bequest. Some say that it should be equally divided between the twins, which seems a common sense idea. But the law is specific, and so is the wording of the will. It is for one child, so that the probate court is much troubled to know just what to do. If it is determined that only one of the twins is entitled to inherit the money, which one will it be? A guardian has been appointed for the children by the first husband, and for the two late comers also. Physicians have testified as to the difference in the time of birth of the twins, and the case is one, it would seem, requiring the services of a modern Solomon.

There is no precedent in the books to establish the rights of these children, and this unexpected heir is causing more commotion among the lawyers of Washington and the courts of that city than any social event in recent years. The probabilities are that the matter will be fought out in a long and expensive manner, and that the unfortunate twins will be relieved of much of their expected wealth by enriching the coffers of many lawyers.

Alluding to the report that Pension Commissioner Evans is to be "promoted," the Springfield Republican says: "It would be a misfortune for the country to lose the ground gained under Commissioner Evans in pension administration. And worst of all would be the moral effect of his retirement under fire. For the departure of Mr. Evans from the head of that bureau will be hailed by every one of his enemies as a triumph for prodigality in pensions, while all who have regarded his conduct with approval will see in his transfer not only a backward step in pension reform, but a weak surrender by the president to political expediency, and possibly personal ambition. The president could perform a public service by announcing that Mr. Evans will stay."

Special attention will be given the exhibition of automobiles at the St. Louis world's fair. An international exhibition of automobiles at Brussels in March, 1902, it is said, will demonstrate the particularly rapid improvement in such macines during recent months. Motor cars of that type are now in use on both steam and electric railways for the transportation of mails and for urban and suburban passenger traffic in France, Belgium, Italy and Russia.

A Des Moines judge has decided that a wife who keeps a boarding house is not bound to board her husband when he is physically able to work and help keep up the family, but refuses to do so. If this decision holds good throughout the country, the Omaha Bee thinks, a considerable addition to the available labor supply of the country may be expected.

England and her colonies are talking a good deal about the defense of the empire. Canada wants to help, and Premier Barton says that the difficulties of the empire are the difficulties of Australia. But what will "imperial defense" mean in the future? England is merely "defending" herself in South Africa.

It is worthy of note that ever since Boston people were so frightened at the imaginary approach of the Spanish fleet, Massachusetts has managed to maintain a cinch on the office of secretary of the navy.

John W. Gates said in court the other day that his profits in one year from syndicating operations in the steel and wire industry were $4,000,000. Did he really earn this sum?

Bellamy Storer's denial that the young king of Spain is a physical and mental weakling and unfitted for the throne has put some of the rumor-mongers out of business.

A St. Paul man has just received a divorce because his wife refused to move from Chicago to the Saintly City. She could stand anything except St. Paul.

Joe Sibley wanted to run for governor of Pennsylvania, but he failed to get the approval of Senator Quay and he will stay out of the race this year.

It is said that a little whisky poured into a tight shoe will make it more comfortable. It has the same effect on tight men.

If Hitchcock resigns, Secretary Wilson will be the only member of President McKinley's original cabinet left.

The next time Prince Henry visits the United States he will probably come incog. and enjoy himself.

Almost One Of the Family

From "When Love Is Young." By Roy Rolfe Gibson.

The twilight fades. The dim starlight half discloses two shadowy forms in a hammock under the maples. Space between, none to speak of. Conversation, subjective style, desultory, planissimo, with the indistinct obligato traditional on such occasions. It is not safe for Mrs. Gray to listen, but she can't, anyway, because there isn't any window handy and because of the aforesaid planissimo. No objection to anybody looking if they can see anything. No other objection either. Just too blissful. Time no object. Saturday night—sleep late in the morning.

When Rob and Winifred have arranged the pillows so that lying back is comfortable without taking up too much room, they take some things for granted, leave some things to the imagination, use simple words of one and two syllables, delight in long, blissful silences. Romeo and Juliet talked very beautifully over that Veronese balcony, but Rob and Winifred in their hammock scene say much the same thing in fewer words.

"O that I were a glove upon that hand,
That I might touch that cheek!"

sighed Romeo, son of Montague, in the garden of Capulet.

"Your cheek is awfully soft," sighs Robert, son of Dale, in the hammock of Mrs. Gray. Had he been Winifred's glove he could not have spoken with more authority:

"I would not for the world they saw thee here,"

said Juliet to Romeo.

"Look out, here's mother," says Winifred to Robert Dale.

"Winifred."

"Yes, mamma."

"Won't you take cold out here?"

"Oh, no, mamma."

"The night air is chilly, Winifred."

"Oh, it's awfully warm, Mamma."

"I think you ought to have a shawl around you."

"Oh, mamma, I'd smother. It's simply roasting."

"Very well, Winifred."

"Has she gone?"

"Um-hm."

"You're sure you're warm enough, Winifred?"

"Oh, plenty, Rob."

"You can have my coat, you know."

"I've got most of it already—haven't I?" She had.

Silence.

Then a murmur.

Then a word.

"Dearest."

"What?"

Indistinguishable reply.

Voice from within: "Winifred?"

"Yes, mamma."

"I think you ought to have a shawl."

Winifred (sotto voce): "Oh, bother." (Aloud.) "Mamma, I'm not cold a bit."

Silence.

Then a murmur.

Then a word.

* * *

"Winifred!"

"Yes, mamma."

"It's eleven o'clock."

"Yes, mamma. Just a little while longer. It's so lovely out tonight. I'm not a bit sleepy."

"You've got to play in church tomorrow."

"I know, mamma. I won't be long."

The screen door shuts sharply between mamma and two long, long, happy sighs.

* * *

11:30 p. m.—"I must go, Winifred. It's getting late. Good night. . . . good night."

11:35 p. m.—"Well good night, Winifred."

11:45 p. m.—"Just once more . . . good night."

Midnight—Winifred, haven't you gone to bed yet?"

"Yes, mamma."

"Good night, Winifred."

"Good night, Rob."

A door closes. A shadow moves swiftly down the lawn and is gone.

Antiquated Navigation Laws.

Portland Oregonian: All ships look alike to this rising nation when they ask permission to carry the name and fame of Germany around the world and a right royal welcome they give Mr. Hill's big steamships when they ask for German registry. The marine policy of the United States is too exclusive to permit the growth of our merchant marine by these methods, which have made Germany and England the powers which they now are on the high seas. The United States is the only country on earth which limits the growth of its merchant marine by excluding all competitors from the business. The antiquated navigation laws of this country are seriously in need of revision, and until they are changed all of the subsidies that are plied up cannot place us on an even basis with the unsubsidized fleets of Europe and Germany.

The Wonder of the Southwest.

Brooklyn Eagle: Before Arizona becomes a state, let the nation reserve to the whole people that magnificent scenic region traversed by the grand canyon, for a national park. Nobody wants it now, except the people and congress can take it for them by merely saying so. Delay will be expensive.

NOT "LIEUTENANT."

New York Herald: "Good morning, lieutenant," said Representative McClellan to former Judge Page Morris the other day.

"What do you mean by that?" sharply replied Mr. Morris. "I am nobody's lieutenant."

"Beg pardon," laughingly replied Mr. McClellan, "I had seen in the public prints that you were one of the assistants of Messrs. Oxnard and Tawney in the beet sugar camp."

"No, sir, not I," replied the former judge. "I am on my own hook." And thereupon Representative McCall, who was sitting near, severely rebuked Mr. McClellan for stirring up strife within the lines of the "insurgents."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Small men have big opinions of themselves.

When you dig into a man's vanity you touch the spot where his hatred for you lies.

No woman likes to think that the man she cares about would rather see her happy and plain than pretty and discontented.

It seems ever so much more so to say that a woman is older than her husband than to say a man is younger than his wife.

There are men in this world who think degeneracy is brilliancy and viciousness is smartness, but, thank God, they never got those ideas from their mothers.

The Pride of Hogg.

"What!"
Says Governor Hogg,
"Well, now, I reckon not—
Not in this London fog;
Not here,
Nor there,
Nor anywhere,
Today, tomorrow, this or any year,
In weather dark or clear,
Will I put on such breeches
As schoolboys wear in our United States,
Just to be introduced—with other skates—
To Ed the Seven—not if I were rich as Old Croesus was, or poor as Job's old turkey!
I may be easy, but you cannot work a True Texan that-a-way.
Good day!"

"Say!"
Says Governor Hogg,
"Do I look like a jay?
Has this here London fog
Befoggled me till I am on the hog?
Do I appear like one
Who'd find it bloomin' fun
To hop along with other apes,
Showing their slim, shrunk shanks, their bony shapes,
In breeches just knee high,
With silver buckles?
Am I the sort of royalty that truckles?
Nay, nay, Pauline, not I!
You go and be a monkey,
A freaky flunkey,
With all the other skates.
Wie gehts!"

—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Easter Readiness Tomorrow.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, Except Saturday at 10:30.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

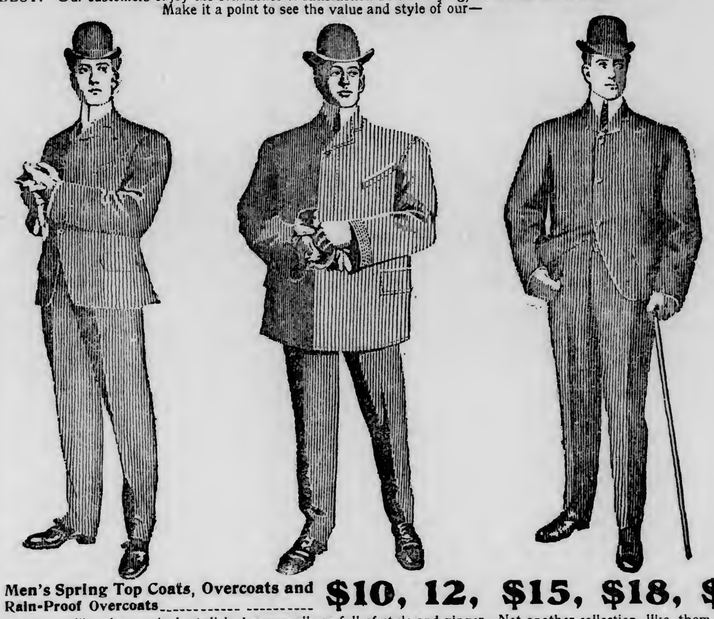
125 and 127 West Superior St.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

Easter seems to be the limit beyond which Dame Fashion says winter apparel must not go. Naturally everybody likes to don NEW Spring Clothing on Easter morning. We put emphasis on the NEW because this store leads in newness. See that you step into the store tomorrow. The whole store is abloom with newness. Another great satisfaction here: Quality rules supreme—varied grades of value, of course, but in each grade The Big Duluth labels BEST. Our customers enjoy the confidence of satisfaction before buying, for we never deceive.

Make it a point to see the value and style of our—



Men's Spring Top Coats, Overcoats and Rain-Proof Overcoats $10, 12, $15, $18, $20

Any one will make you look stylish, because all are full of style and ginger—Not another collection like them in town—No other coats anywhere priced so fairly.



WE CLOTHE THE BOYS AND CHILDREN

As carefully as we clothe the men and in more correct styles than one store in a hundred gives—and for less money. This season introduces new fashions, new fabrics and new colorings—we show them all—special attention is directed to our immense line of Confirmation Suits and to the great variety of handsome novelties in children's outfits—all tastes and prices were considered in our selection.

2-piece Short Pant Confirmation Suits in blue and black cheviots, unfinished worsteds, serges and clay worsteds $1.95, $2.45, $2.95, $3.45, $3.95, $4.95

3-piece Short Pant Confirmation Suits in black clay worsteds, blue serges and black and blue worsteds—single and double-breasted coats and vests $4.95, $5.95, $6.50 to $10.00

Long Pants Confirmation Suits $4.95, $6.50, $8.50, $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00

Boys' and Children's Hats and Caps.



Boys' Golf Caps, 25c and 50c.



Children's Tams, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1

BOYS' SHOES.



Have your Boys' Shoes been giving poor satisfaction—wearing out in a few days? Then come here for your shoes. If our shoes don't wear well, bring them back and get a new pair, or get your money back. For Saturday

200 pairs of Boys' Buff Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½ — shoe store price $1.25—our price 98c

48 pairs of Boys' Fine Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½— shoe store price $1.75—our price $1.25

500 pairs of Children's Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 4 to 12—shoe store price $1.00—our price 75c

Base Balls and Bats, Catchers' Mitts, Catchers' Masks, Pocket Knives and Express Wagons given away in our Boys' and Children's Clothing Dept.

Tomorrow will be a great day in the Furnishing Goods Dept. Extra great values For Easter.

EASTER NECKWEAR.

Including the newest creations of the foremost Eastern and foreign makers. New shapes, exquisite designs and beautiful fabrics—50c.

EASTER SHIRTS.

New and exclusive patterns in perfect fitting Shirts; cuffs attached or detached. Prices less than half what custom makers ask—$1.00, $1.25 and $1.50.

EASTER GLOVES.

A full line of Gloves of the best known makes. Gloves that wear right. All the new shades—98c, $1.50 and $2.00.



The Florodora Soft Hats—$2.00, $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50

Men's Easter Hats

You can always come to the Big Duluth with the assurances of finding just the Hat you want—correct and up-to-date in style and the price just what you want to pay. Here's—

The Zenith Hat at $2.50
The W. & M. Hat at $3.00
The Gordon Hat at $3.00
The Guyer Hat at $4.00
The Stetson Hat at $4.00
The W. & M. Special at $5.00



Spring Derbys, $2.00 to $5.00

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Manager.
Friday and Saturday, March 21 and 22. Saturday Matinee 2:30.
KING DODO
A feast of new music. A notable ensemble of singers and comedians, a complete chorus of trained voices, five straight months in Chicago. Special orchestra carried by the company.
Prices: Night—Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquet, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Manager.
TUESDAY, MARCH 25.
The Great Lenten Attraction. Return Engagement.
RICHARD GOLDEN
In his famous New England play
"OLD JED PROUTY"
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquet 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Jap Rose Soap

[TRADE MARK]

one sixth pure glycerin, is exquisite and delightful.

These qualities are the result of simple purity and extreme care in manufacture. It has the delicate odor of spring-time flowers.

Soothing to an irritated skin; it makes bathing a pleasure.

GG JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

RAIN WATER MAKER—SOFTENS THE HARDEST WATEF
SEND TEN CENTS FOR SAMPLE

DROP IN EXPORTS

For Past Eight Months Not Regarded as Discouraging.

In All Important Articles But Three There Was Increase.

Claim That In These Cases Conditions Were Abnormal.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The reduction of $41,000,000 in the exports of the United States for the eight months ending with February is not considered at all discouraging by those interested in the growth of our export trade, nor is it an indication of a decline in the general growth of that trade. On the contrary, in all important articles except three, in which conditions are abnormal, there has been an increase. The decrease is solely or practically so in corn, due to the great crop shortage caused by the drouth of last summer, in copper, in which prices have greatly fallen, and in iron and steel manufactures, due to the unusual demand of the home market upon our manufacturers and the reduced demand in foreign markets. In corn and corn meal alone the exports fall more than $47,000,000 below those of the corresponding period of last year, while the total decrease in all exports is but $41,012,584; showing that if corn exports were normal the total figures would show an increase of more than $6,000,000 over last year, and over the coresponding period of any preceding year.

In iron and steel manufactures, the figures of the seven months ending with January (February figures being not yet available) show a reduction of about $16,000,000 in exports, this, as has already been explained being due to the excessive demand of the home market upon our manufacturers and the lower prices and reduced demand abroad. In wheat the exports for the eight months show an increase of nearly $20,000,000 compared with those of the same months of $5,000,000. In cotton the month of February shows an increase of over $2,000,000, compared with February, 1901, though the six months of the cotton year, ending with February, shows a decrease of about $10,000,000, due to lower prices and not to any reduction in quantity, the number of pounds exported during the period being 2,633,347,813 pounds, against 2,308,244,226 pounds last year, an increase of over 330,000,000 pounds.

In mineral oils the preliminary figures of the treasury bureau of statistics for the eight months ending with February show an increase of nearly $2,000,000 over those of the corresponding moaths of the previous year, measured by values, while in quantity the increase is in much greater proportion. The total number of gallons shown by the preliminary statement of the bureau of statistics for the eight months is 720,156,201, against 678,931,765 last year, an increase of 7.2 per cent; while the value, as shown by the same statement, is for the eight months ending with February, 1902, $48,155,475, against $46,495,854, an increase of 3.5 per cent. Thus this feature of our export trade, mineral oils, which a few months ago was showing a decline, has fully recovered, and its exports now exceed those of any preceding year, both in quantity and value. In copper, the only other important article which showed a decline, the figures for January show an increase of nearly 50 per cent in quantity, and a slight decrease in value, compared with those of January, 1901. (February figures being not yet available) though for the seven months ending with January, the export figures still fall considerably below those of the preceding year.

Thus, corn, in the eight months ending with February, has fallen $47,000,000 in the value of its exports, solely due to the shortage caused by the drouth of last summer; copper, in the seven months ending with January, showed a falling off of $9,556,864, by reason of the enormous fall in prices and in foreign demand; and manufactures of iron and steel showed in the seven months a decline of $16,306,339, due to increased markets at home and reduced prices and demand abroad. In these three items, in each of which the falling off in exports is due to exceptional causes and may be considered as temporary, the reduction is over $70,00,000, while the total reduction in exports for the eight months ending with February is but $41,000,000, showing that in other articles than those in which conditions are abnormal, there has been an increase in exports of more than $30,000,000.

Even with this decrease of $41,000,000, the United States still stands at the head of the world's exporting nations, the total exports of domestic merchandise being: United States, $957,986,427; and the United Kingdom, which most nearly approaches the figures of the United States, $911,346,250.

BIDS WANTED

For Day Scavenger Contract.
For information apply at the health office between 8 and 9 a. m.

OFFICERS ELECTED

By Stockholders of the Northern Lumber Company.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., March 21.—The Northern Lumber company, with mills at Cloquet, Minn., and general offices in this city, held its annual meeting here and elected the following officers: President, Frederick Weyerhaeuser; vice president, F. C. A. Denckmann; secretary, William Irvine; manager, F. M. Weyerhaeuser; directors, Frederick Weyerhaeuser, F. C. A. Denckmeinn, W. H. Laird, A. B. McDonell, William Irvine.

SUICIDE NEAR KASSON.

Kasson, Minn., March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. Quick, a young man living eight miles northeast of this place, committed suicide by drowning. He was found with his head in the water. No cause is known.

EVANS

Will Not Succeed Hitchcock as Secretary of Interior.

Washington, March 21.—Reports from Chattanooga that H. Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, will be appointed secretary of the interior, to succeed Ethan Allen Hitchcock, of Missouri, are not true.

Mr. Evans intends to retire from the pension bureau because the continued war against him by veteran military organizations is annoying to him and embarrassing to the administration. His management of the bureau has the warmest approval of the president, however, who indorses Evans as strongly as his predecessor, President McKinley, did. To put him at the head of the interior department would not improve the situation, but rather make it worse, as he would then have the power to pass on all decisions from the pension bureau, which is an adjunct to the interior department, and his decisions would be final. Commissioner Evans dislikes to retire under fire, but as the fire will continue so long as he is commissioner he has decided to hand in his resignation, and the president will accept it as soon as he has found a place for Mr. Evans. That the president will insist upon. Mr. Evans will be given an important diplomatic position and perhaps that of ambassador to Mexico to ceed Powell Clayton, of Arkansus.

There is believed to be considerable truth in the charges brought to the attention of the state department by Senator Nelson that Mr. Clayton is interested in Mexican mining schemes. If the president becomes convinced that the charges against Clayton are true he will remove him and appoint Commissioner Evans as his successor. This would be a fitting selection, as Mr. Evans is a Southern man.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

SECRETS LEAK OUT

Of Executive Sessions of Congress Through the Members.

Come Out and Tell Correspondents What Is Going On.

The Amusing Tale of an All Aged Race Fiasco.

Washington, March 21.—One feature of politics at the national capital which relieves and brightens the gloom and dreariness of ordinary legislative proceedings is the secrecy of secret meetings. Caucuses, executive sessions and every other gathering of statesmen in which those present are supposed to be pledged to secrecy are reported as faithfully by the members of congress as if the members of congress were the newspaper correspondents instead of the men who wait outside the closed doors until the members come out and tell them what is going on inside.

The only difficulty about the congressman as a news reporter is that he only reports his own side of every controversy, and at times, when the public has had to depend upon the accuracy of his report, some very garbled accounts have been given yet these are the same men who, whenever the occasion offers, rise in their places to denounce the newspapers, if they have themselves been represented in a light which they consider unfavorable. The executive sessions of the senate approach nearer secrecy than any other except the deliberations of the supreme court when considering a decision.

Yet even members of that solemn tribunal sometimes allow the public to know which way they are tending. When a secret discussion by the supreme court appears in print before the court wants it to there is generally much indignant protest and an inquiry, which results in nothing, because every one knows at the outset that no one can give away supreme court secrets except members of the supreme court. The same is true of the senate. But the practice by sensors of discussing executive session proceedings with the outside world is so general that no comment is made in the body when reports as long, though not as accurate, appear in the newspapers as would have been published had newspaper representatives been present.

A United States senator would rather take a man up a dark alley or somewhere removed from the public gaze before telling him what the senate has decided to keep as an executive secret; but if there is no alley available then he takes chances and talks in the open.

Everything is reported, from the stories told behind closed doors by the Hon. William E. Mason, of Illinois, one of which threw Senator Hoar into a fainting spell and caused thereby unwonted commotion, to the speeches made upon some proposed treaty with a foreign power.

Party caucuses are even more freely reported than executive sessions of the senate. The members rush out to seek the newspaper men, in order to make sure that the names of the informers find their way into print in connection with the proceedings.

At one of the Republican caucuses held last week Representative Mahon had been explaining to a crowd of newspaper representatives just what he had said. Later another Pennsylvania member came out, and was told about Mahon's speech.

"Why, Mahon never said anything of the kind," said this man.

He hurried back into the caucus, but came out again a few moments later. "It is all right," he said; "Mahon is making that speech now."

* * *

Representative Sims, of Tennessee, who has been making such violent protest against the manner in which he says the house and senate were deceived regarding the cotton tax bill, was ousted off a race track for trying to take an unfair advantage of the men who had entered horses there. It happened in Tennessee a good many years ago.

Some genius, since forgotten, had suggested to the United States government that camels could be used with great advantage to carry the mails across the arid plains of the Southwest. The government, which from early days had been looking for bargains of this character, and is quick to receive an idea if it is utterly impracticable, adopted the suggestion and imported a lot of camels from some point in the Orient. There was only one way to transport them to the arid deserts, and that was to walk them, so a force of men were engaged and the herd was headed southward.

Its route lay through Tennessee, near where Sims was laying the foundation for future greatness as a lad upon his father's farm.

Near the Sims farm one of the camels inadvertently stepped into a hole and broke his leg.

The spectacle presented by the herd of camels had gathered all the boys of the neighborhood around them, and when the accident happened young Sims, to save the animal from execution, begged that it be given to him. His request was compiled with, and Sims succeeded in slinging the camel to a framework erected about him, and swinging him from the ground, in which position he was allowed to hang until the bones of his leg grew together again.

The leg mended all right, but when the animal was taken out of the swing it was found, from a front view, that one leg looked like that of a prize bulldog, while the other was as straight as could have been desired.

This gave him an ungainly walk, but Sims did not care. The camel is not a graceful animal, and this one, which looked a trifle shopworn or moth eaten, was, in Sims' estimation, as good a camel as any man in the state of Tennessee could wish to own.

Under Sims' tutelage he developed into quite a roadster, and in his own way, with one leg swinging outward, and the other going straight ahead, he showed a degree of speed which astonished the neighborhood.

The only trouble was that the bad leg gave the camel an inclination to run around in circles.

* * *

In connection with the state fair held that summer there had been arranged a program of races, and the managers, with that delightful disregard for the exact meaning of words which sometimes characterize country fair managers, had announced one race for animals of all ages.

"Here," thought Sims, "is a chance for Mahomet."

He promptly entered the camel, paid the entrance fee and began to get the brute in racing form.

His entry was accepted because the fair managers never dreamed of what was coming. The night before the race Sims reached the fair grounds with his racer, and stabled him secretly. The next day he waited until it was time for the horses to go to the post before appearing on the track. The judges were in the stand, the horses, mostly saddle horses, owned by neighboring farmers, were prancing about in front when Sims and Mahomet appeared.

The horses were slow to discover the camel, but when they did there was a stampede. Some of them went over the fences. The marshal, on horseback, called to Sims to get off the track, and the next moment the marshal's horse had caught sight of Sim's mount, and had gone clear through the judge's stand, leaving the marshal clinging with both hands to the roof. When Sims finally brought Mahomet to a standstill there was not a horse left on the track.

"What are you doing with that circus animal in here?" yelled the judges.

"I am going to race him," said Sims. "He is entered, and I can beat anything on four legs in Tennessee."

There was an angry colloquy, but Sims called attention to the conditions of the race, and insisted that he had a right to run.

Finding, however, that no one was willing to race a horse against him, Sims finally consented to withdraw on condition that his entrance fee be returned.

The race was then declared off, and Sims and Mahomet were ruled off the track.

That was Sims' only appearance in connection with a race track, for he retired from the turf and went in for statesmanship.

He says now that the manner in which the senate and house conferees treated him in the matter of the census bill reminds him very forcibly of the conduct of those state fair judges, who, he still thinks, treated him and his camel with cruel injustice.

SENATE

Means to Make the Cuban Tariff Rebate Still Greater.

Washington, March 21.—The sentiment in the senate regarding the Cuban reciprocity bill is that the amount of the reduction will surely have to be raised. Several senators insist upon a reduction of 50 per cent of the Dingley rates. This is the figure specifically pleaded for by Estrada Palma, the president-elect of the Cuban republic, and it is the figure originally suggested by Secretary Root and Governor General Wood. The senate will make a heavy reduction in the first place, so that there will be an abundance of room on which to compromise when the matter gets into conference. No pledges whatever were made by the house leaders in regard to the basis of reduction, and the belief is general that the final basis of the reciprocity between the United States and Cuba will be 33 1-3 per cent of the Dingley tariff rates on sugar and tobacco coming from Cuba and a similar reduction on all goods, including both manufactures and agricultural products, going from the United States to Cuba, with a guarantee that these concessions on the part of Cuba to the United States shall be entirely exclusive to this country.

The operation of this reciprocity measure will be limited to Dec. 1, 1903, as the bill passes the house, but it is well understood in the senate that this limit of time will be extended in the conference to 1904.

To accomplish this the senate will probably wipe out the Sibley proviso altogether, and then as a compromise restore it in conference with the date of 1904 instead of 1903, thus carrying the whole subject over the next presidential election.

CURIOUS ACCIDENT.

A Kicked Dog Breaks a Man's Leg.

Middletown, N. Y., March 21.—David L. Black was standing on the sidewalk in Fulton street watching a horse that was being led to a shop to be shod. A small dog began snapping at its heels, when the horse kicked with both heels and sent the dog flying through the air. Before Black could get out of the way the dog struck him on the right leg below the knee, breaking both bones.

NEW OPERA HOUSE

Will Undoubtedly Be Built at Chippewa Falls.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., March 21.—The business men held a meeting yesterday for the purpose of levising upon plans for a new opera house, to be built here by subscription. The project was started two years ago, but was dropped. Now the amounts that were subscribed are doubled, and the necessary funds have been secured. The new opera house will cost $25,000.

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face compare,
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

Dining car service on American railroads was first inaugurated in 1875. From the rudest beginning the facilities for cooking and serving on dining cars have so improved until today a meal equal to that served by any first class metropolitan hotel or cafe can be obtained in "diners" of first class American roads. A "globe trotter" recently remarked to a Pioneer Press man that one of the most comofrtable and delicious meals he had ever enjoyed was in a dining car between Milwaukee and Chicago on the Pioneer limited train of the Milwaukee road.

Need Furniture?

Furniture
Carpets
Drapery

Easy Payments
Credit To All

Crockery
Stoves
Tinware

—THE—
G. C. Steele Co.
House Furnishers

Duluth, Minn.

Fashionable SHOES



Our NEW SPRING STYLES are in and we are showing the swellest line of shoes at the Head of the Lakes.

The New Colonials and Oxfords for Street Wear.

Laird, Schober & Co.'s High-Art Shoes for Ladies.....
$5, $5.50, $6

Harry Gray's Son Model Form and Fine Fitters
$4 and $5

"Princess"
Twenty New Styles, Sweller than ever, all the same price---



$3.50

Special for Saturday

Sixty pairs Ladies' box enamel heavy sole, welt, swell last, worth $4.00— for $2.75

A lot of Ladies' Harry Gray's, Wichert & Gardiner and Pingree & Smith fine Calf Skins and Velour Calf Shoes, worth $4.00 and $5.00 a pair— only $2.98

Men's Patent Leather Double-deck sole shoes, worth $5.00, special $3.50

PHILLIPS & CO.

JUJUTSU EXPERT

President Studies the Japanese Art of Self-Defense.

It Is the Method of "Killing Without a Mark."

Strength Counts For Little---Experts Can Perform Wonders.

Boston, Mass., March 21.—While congress is wrestling with the proposition to pass a bill to protect the president, Theodore Roosevelt is learning the art of "jujutsu" as an additional means of self-protection.

When it is remembered that the president is physically a powerful man —that he can box with the best of amateurs, that he is highly skilled in all kinds of wrestling, that he knows "savate," the French art of boxing with the feet—it will be seen that, when he has mastered the art of self-defense only taught to the nobles of Japan, he will be an unsafe man for any one to tackle, unless the attack comes through treachery.

The news that Professor John J. O'Brien is teaching the method of "killing without a mark" (the English of "embokkwai") was a surprise here, where Professor O'Brien has long been known as the only teacher of that art in America.

O'Brien was for ten years chief of police of Nagasaki, the port where more desperate characters abound than any other in the East. He was so popular there that he was initiated into the order of "Embokkwai," the sole purpose of which was to teach, perpetuate and protect the secrets of jujutsu."

In it strength counts for little. Skill, quickness of hand and eye, a strong hand grip, with the knowledge of the holds, makes a comparatively weak man a match for a man vastly superior in brawn and weight.

The art is redolent of Eastern cruelty, except for the fact that it is intended primarily for defense. It is, however, speaking militarily, defensive and offensive.

Experts can do fearful things; by it arms can be broken, bones wrenched from sockets, backs shattered, the heavy bones of the leg fractured like pipe stems, and even the neck broken. Weapons are useless, no defense is possible.

Its work is so quick and sudden that it lacks all the elements of the spectacular, and when exemplified upon the stage it is always "a frost." The spectators see a big, powerful man walking or rushing toward a man, slender, erect, steady and watchful. A quick movement and the big man is writhing in pain on the floor, or is so badly hurt that nature mercifully sends him relief.

Except that a score can be handled as quickly as they come there is nothing to be seen. It is weird, and seems half Eastern magic, or what skeptical Americans call "a fake." But no man who ever met a master of the art ever concluded that there was anything of the fake about it.

So when President Roosevelt, horseman, deadshot, boxer, wrestler, "savattem," and member of the "embokkwai," will need little aid from congress or any but his own splendid body, heart and brain to care for himself at close quarters.

OLD STRATFORD HALL.

A Most Interesting and Historic Colonial Home.

Maj. Robert Washington, of Lower Westmoreland county, Va., a great-great-nephew of Gen. George Washington, and who won his military title while in the service of the Confederate government, was in Washington a few days since, says the Philadelphia Ledger. In the course of a more or less interesting conversation on matters connected with the historic section in which he lives, he remarked that to the present generation it was really a question of doubt as to the exact spot where the remains of Richard Henry Lee, one of the celebrated orators of the revolutionary period, and a singer of the Declaration of Independence, were located. Maj. Washington said that it was generally believed, until recently, that Lee died and was buried on his estate, a few miles south of Stratford Hall, the ancient home of the Lees, in Lower Westmoreland, but a recent search had demonstrated that if the remains had been really interred on the estate there was no evidence of that fact. There was a tradition among old families of Westmoreland, he said, that Lee died at the home of his daughter, near Wyocimo, on the Potomac, while on a visit to the latter. Whether this was true or not, Maj. Washington said, would be developed later on, as an effort was to be made to settle the matter and make such restsoration of the grave as might be deemed necessary if the remains were found to be at the point indicated.

"Stratford Hall," said Maj. Washington, "is still easily the most interesting pile of brick in the United States. It is upward of 175 years old, and all of the brick used in its construction was brought over as ballast. The house stands on a slight elevation of land, about a mile from the Potomac, as it empties into the Chesapeake bay, and in a spot so isolated from any traveled road that a stranger would be puzzled to find it. The color of the brick used in the construction of the historic mansion is of gray or ashen hue, which, on a dark night, as it looms up in the distance, makes a weird impression on those who witness the scene for the first time. The mansion was erected by the then colonial governor, Richard Lee, at a cost of nearly $200,000, the English government contributing about $150,000 of the amount named. It is constructed in the form of a letter H, contains about sixty living rooms, and is two stories, with an English basement. In the center is a rotunda, which was formerly used by the colonial governor as a reception room, and the house and outbuildings cover about four acres of ground. In the fireplace of the kitchen an ox can be roasted whole. The vault in which repose the bones of all of the early Lees was, when I saw it a short time since, in a sadly dilapidated condition. The brick masonry had fallen in, and there was upward of two feet of water in the vault. The estate comprises at present about 3500 acres, and is the property of Dr. Charles Stuart, who inherited it from his aunt, a Miss McCarty, who was a daughter of the McCarty who fought the famous duel with Mason, of Virginia, early in the last century. The mansion is so vast that only a portion of it is furnished and habited. In this house, and in rooms still pointed out, were born the 'Lees of the Revolution,' with the exception of 'Light Horse Harry,' who was born at Dumfries, Stafford county, and Gen. Robert E. Lee.

"I reside on a part of the original Washington estate, and about two miles from the spot on Pope's Creek where Gen. George Washington first saw the light. The house in which Washington was born was destroyed by fire about the close of the revolutionary war. Much of the debris has been carried away by relic hunters. My brother-in-law, Dr. Wilson, owns this portion of the original estate, and resides a few rods from where Washington was born. It was on Brydge's Creek, about half a mile distant, which stream is an affluent of the Potomac, as is Pope's Creek, that the first Washingtons settled when they came to Virginia. Near the house in which they lived are buried the first two and a part of the third generations of Washingtons, including the father of Gen. Washington. The burial vault has been destroyed on account of the vandalism of visitors, mostly from the Northern states. It is worthy of remark in this connection that within a radius of eight miles of the spot in which I live three presidents were born, viz., Washington, Monroe and Madison. The latter was born at Port Conway, while his mother was on a visit to her parents at that point."

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

$50.00 California Excursion.

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account convention of Federation of Women's Clubs, the Northwestern line will sell round trip tickets to Los Angeles and San Francisco, April 20 to April 27, inclusive, good returning until June 25, at the very low rate of $50. Tickets good via variable routes and stop-over privileges granted in both directions.

Circuit tour routes at greatly reduced rates. The chance of a lifetime to see the Western country. For detailed information, tickets and reservations, call on or write S. A. LOVE, City Ticket Agent. 405 West Cuperior Street, Duluth.

Don't Become an Object of aversion and pity. Cure your Catarrh, purify your breath, and stop the offensive discharges. —Rev. Dr. Bochror, of Buffalo, says: "My wife and I were both troubled with distressing Catarrh, but we have enjoyed freedom from this aggravating malady since the day we first used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. Its action was instantaneous, giving relief within ten minutes." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—11.

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
210 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

Duluth Brass Works,
Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

FOR DRUNKARDS
WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

CHILDREN ARE NICELY GOWNED

Better Taste Now In Modes For the Little Ones--- Follow Lines of Fashions For Grown Up People.

New York, March 19.—Children's clothes for summer are blossoming out in the shops with varied additions each week, and while there is nothing strikingly new there are slight variations in trimming which follow along the line of the grown-up gowns without being a hideous travesty of them as they were in days gone by when children's gowwns were so conspicuously unbecoming. We have certainly grown in grace on the question of appropriate dress for children.

Whether vanity or the ethical side of the subject has dominated our motives remains to be settled, but the latter is surely an important factor in the case; for if a child is always conscious of being ill-dressed she cannot develop to the best of her real ability, and the intelligent mother appreciates the effect of clothes in moulding her character.

The child who is always prettily and tastefully dressed will give the matter no especial thought, unless the subject is suggested by others, so her vanity is not stimulated, but unconsciously she will acquire a manner in keeping with her general appearance. Therefore the little difference of clothes can change the whole trend of her life.

Overdressing is the danger now, perhaps, because there are so many temptations among the pretty things for children, but there are all sorts of elegant simplicity for the rich, and everything which is dainty and inexpensive as well.

Black silk coats both in moire and taffeta are conspicuously in evidence for spring wear. They are long and short in sacque form fitting partially in the back, and usually loose and double breasted in front and fastened with handsome buttons. The collars are wide and round or square and variously made of blue, pink or white silk with lace applique on embroidery or of lace and tucked and embroidered batiste.

In taffeta some of the coats are tucked, others laid in plaits at either side of the front, and back which in the center has a box plait, or the plaits, turned the other way may meet there.

Black is a distinct feature in children's dress just at present as it has been all winter, and the black hats and black hair ribbons are particularly modish. Age makes no difference here, as black is the thing for the little tots as well as the older girls.

The black taffeta silk gown is especially swell with the white guimpe, lace collar, threaded through with blue ribbon, knotted at one side, and a blue ribbon in the hair.

All the light weight wool materials, such as challie, veiling albatross and cashmere are used for children's gowns, but just now it is the batistes, dimities and thin silk which are most attractive because the little models are fresh and new.

A pretty idea for a white batiste gown is an embroidered ruffle at the hem headed by an insertion crossed at intervals with bands of narrow blue velvet ribbon. The round yoke is of embroidered batiste, and the bertha collar and cuffs are of tabs of embroidery finished by bands of the velvet.

This is for a child 6 years of age and is often made without any belt, falling straight and full from the yoke to the hem. Or it may have a waist with a belt of the velvet finished with a rosette and loop ends at the back.

The belt effect in some of the new dimity dresses is made with tabs and embroidery edged around with a frill of narrow valenciennes lace, and sewn on up and down at intervals over the ribbon sash underneath.

Cross strappings with velvet or tiny bands are very effectively applied to children's gowns, sometimes forming a little vest in the blouse waist over some thin fabric. Fancy buttons in small sizes is another feature of trimming, and then there is the open hemstitching and tiny ruching for the dancing gowns.

The embroideries are so beautiful this season that the white gowns are prettier than ever.

Children's hats are broad and flat like those for the older ones, and they show some modified editions of the same ideas in triming, for example, the profusion of flowers, and the ends at the back.

Some of the dainty transparent straws are bound on the edge with silk in blue, white or any color you like, to make them strong. This shows nearly an inch wide on either side, and a scarf of the same color is tied around the crown with bow and hemstitched ends at the back.

Stockings for the summer season of 1902 are works of art. Dazzling is the hosiery which all the stores are displaying.

Not that it is loud, for the circular stripes and gorgeous hues have gone away back to the farthermost shelves, not to be seen any more. But it is bewilderingly beautiful in delicate designs and flmy lace effects. And, of course, the result which is bound to appear is a direct influence on footwear. Such lovely stockings were not woven to waste their beauty in oblivion. Naturally enough, low shoes follow in their wake. It is hardly too sweeping a statement to say that almost all shoes will be low this summer.

The stockings which are selling are all of them decorated, whether you pay 25 cents or $25. And you can pay the latter figure. You can pay more, as high as $50, if you like. An exquisite pair of the latter is of white silk, with an inserting of old English lace in serpentine design which starts over the ankle and coils upward around the leg. Another stocking shown, if you take the trouble to ask particularly for it, is one of peculiar interest because, while it is simply of cotton, its price is the fabulous one, for that material, of $6 a pair. But the cotton is the prettiest, softest fabric you ever touched. It is all hand wrought and finer than silk.

This particular stocking comes from Nottingham, England, where it was made specially for Queen Victoria. Women who are familiar with it buy it because of its wonderful wearing qualities. It outlasts many pairs of low-priced stockings.

Among the novelties exhibited is a stocking which simulates a boot. It is altogether new and a unique idea. The lower part for about three-quarters of the way to the knee is black, with a row of small pearl buttons up the side, and terminating in a tassel. Above this, in the same manner in which an under sleeve escapes from an upper sleeve, is an under stocking, with silk stripes and red embroidery. This upper part, of course, looks like the genuine stocking, while the lower part looks like a boot encasing it.

These are the rare and curious specimens in hosiery. The kind that the majority of women will care to buy is different. The vertical stripes prevail and open-work lace designs are very popular. All-over lace stockings in Harvard red and Yale blue are shown, but black, ornamented with white or colored embroidery, has the first place. And for the white yachting costumes there is a white silk stocking ornamented with all-over black embroidered dots or tiny black spiders.

A stocking which is to be much the vogue is black, with open-work panels alternating with five parallel white silk stripes. It is worn with a laced calfskin walking boot in medium weight. With a low russet walking shoe is worn a brown lisle throat stocking.

The open-work panel extends directly down the front of the leg and over the ankle, and the panel is bordered on either side by a row of white embroidered dots. Patent leather walking shoes call for a black stocking which is in the same design. A heavier walking shoe is the "Blucher" style, with extension sole.

A little French house slipper of russet leather is becomingly set off by russet stockings, with blue silk stripes. A stylish stocking in black lisle thread has worked parallel stripes in white silk. It is worn with the patent leather shoe in the "egg-toe" shape.

THE NEW MONTE CARLO COAT.



Gorshel model of the new short coat with flowing sleeves. It is made of black taffeta and has a triple collar one of the collars and the two front panels are net over white silk and a cut out design of taffeta. The pompadour sleeve has also this net trimming.

AN EASTER MODEL.



Turban of brown straw with soft folds of ecru lace draped around the brim. Straw ornaments having the effect of little rosettes are set at intervals all around the brim. Roses and ribbon velvet form the back trimming. From Hill Bros.

MANLEY

Takes Time to Consider Postmaster General Payne's Order.

Washington, March 21.—Joe Manley, of Maine, returned to his home in Augusta to think over the offer made to him of the position of first assistant postmaster general. He declined the position of commissioner of internal revenue, which is a much better place both financially and politically, and is nearly as independent a position as that of a cabinet officer. Mr. Manley and Mr. Payne, the new postmaster general, have been, however, close personal friends for many years. They understand each other thoroughly, and so far as the politics of the matter goes would, in their conduct of the postoffice department, be at tower of strength in the direction of the renomination of President Roosevelt.

Mr. Manley wants some day to be governor of Maine, but the plum trees up there don't seem to be quite ready for shaking yet, and so Mr. Manley is now tempted to accept the position offered to him here in Washington. There is another difficulty in the way, however, which arises from the fact that Mr. Manley came to Washington as the attorney of a number of firms in Augusta, Me., which have been recently barred out of the mails by the postoffice department. These firms are seeking reinstatement to classification under the second-class mail rate. If they should get in it would break down the entire effect of the reform instituted by Postmaster General Smith.

Mr. Manley's efforts in their behalf as an attorney have been entirely proper, but if he should be appointed first assistant postmaster general and subsequently they should be admitted to the mills again at the pound rates it would put Mr. Manley in an awkward position. His appointment would practically necessitate an adverse decision in the case of his former clients and thus his acceptance of this place might work to the detriment of the interests of his fellow-townsmen whose regular attorney he has been beore the department.

HUNTINGTON

Loaned Three Millions to Friends Who Cannot Pay.

New York, March 21.—The Collis P. Huntington estate, now being inventoried by the state's transfer tax appraisers, acting with the executors, Charles M. Tweed and Isaac E. Gates, will amount to about $28,000,000. The transfer tax will approximate $800,000. Nearly $3,000,000 was loaned to personal friends of Mr. Huntington, of which a large part can never be paid.

"The scheduling of the estate," said a friend of Mr. Huntington, "shows that C. P. Huntington's heart promptly responded to appeals for assistance. He loaned money to men and women whom he knew almost without stint. Probably the 'cats and dogs' list will foot up $3,000,000, and of this sum the executors cannot hope to realize a large amount."

The executors of the estate paid to the state last fall $700,000 in part satisfaction of the transfer tax to be levied by the state, thus securing a rebate of $85,000, which was a clear gain to the estate. Charles M. Tweed, one of the executors, when asked about the Huntington estate by a reporter, said:

"The amount of the estate, or the amount of the claims the estate holds against persons or companies are things which Mr. Huntington would not have made public were he alive, and the executors do not for that reason care to say anything about them at this time."

Neither the officials in the state controller's office nor the executors will give out any statement of the amount of the fortune. The report of the state appraisers will not be filed for several months. It is understood that the delay is due in large part to the overhauling of claims and notes against friends of Mr. Huntington. These amount to an astonishingly large sum, and are in such shape that it is difficult for the executors to tell how much they are really worth. The major items in the schedule of assets have been known for a long time.

GOLF TOURNAMENT.

New York, March 21.—The annual open golf tournament over the eighteen-hole course at Pinehurst, N. C., will be held on April 11, 12, 14. There are eight silver trophies to be played for including the United North and South champion cup. A large number of entries is expected.

Settlers' Rates to the West

Daily during March and April the Northern Pacific railway will sell one way tickets to all points in Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon as follows: Helena and Butte, $20; Spokane, $22.50; Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and all points on the Southern Pacific south of Portland to and including Ashland, Oregon, $25. On certain days in March and April low rates will also be made to Minnesota and Dakota points. For tickets and full information sall at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

Bleached Muslin 36 inches wide, worth 7½c—at---------- **5c**

Spool Silk 100-yd spools in Black only, worth 8c—at------ **3c**

"Famous for Low Prices."

STACK & CO.

Look the town over or any town or city in America and such values as we offer **for tomorrow** are not to be found. Extraordinary bargains, values without a precedent—happenings that occur only in extreme cases, don't exaggerate this sale of bargain sales. Come prepared to see merchandise marked so low that you cannot believe without seeing.

Five Rug Items.

The difference between our prices and what you pay elsewhere in a purchase of one of each of the five rugs, would approximately be $2.60. Just think, economic women and men, what this means—Unnecessary for us to make further comment.

$1.50, 30x60 Smyrna Rugs..$1.00.

50c Rugs at---------- **25c**
65c Rugs at---------- **30c**
$1.00 Rugs at---------- **50c**
$2.75 Rugs at---------- **$1.75**

Ruffled Pillows.
200 fancy Ruffled Pillows—a genuine snap—pillows that would be cheap at 50c—Saturday at---------- **25c**

Fancy Pillow Tops.
In looking the markets over the other day, our buyer ran across a lot of Fancy Pillow Tops at a bargain. Come and see them and you'll be surprised at what you get for---------- **10c**

Two 25c Values
That can't be matched—
One lot Ladies' White Aprons at **25c**
10 dozen Corset Covers, worth 35c—at---------- **25c**

Table Oil Cloth--12½c
In fancy colors, 45 inches wide, manufacturers' seconds—some goods worth 20c and 25c a yard—take your choice at—per yard---------- **12½c**

Velour Remnants.
Velour Remnants for couch covers, chair covers, pillow tops, etc., 1½, 2, 3 and 5-yd lengths, worth $1.50 a yard—at---------- **49c**

A Toilet Soap Bargain.
2880 cakes, fine milled perfumed Toilet Soap, regular 5c value—on sale at—per cake---------- **2½c**
1000 Ink Tablets, the 10c kind at------ **5c**

Ladies' Stockings.
10c a pair for ladies' black seamless stockings, heavy weight, worth 19c—an opportunity that only happens here once in a while. 60 dozen Ladies' fast Black, perfectly seamless Hose, in all sizes, marked for Saturday—per pair--- **10c**

Ribbons.
Ribbons are selling fast here all the time. Special for tomorrow—100 pieces No. 40 all silk Fancy Ribbons, worth 19c a yard—a yard---------- **10c**

Chatelaine Bags.
The biggest assortment of medium and high-priced goods at smallest prices ever shown. All prices one-third less for the same article than can be produced elsewhere—prices range from—
25c to $1.98

Table Covers.
A lot of 350 Covers bought by us at 50c on the dollar.
50c Knotted Fringe Covers at---------- **25c**
75c Knotted Fringe Covers at---------- **38c**
$1 and $1.25 Knotted Fringe Covers at **50c**

Fine Wash Fabrics.
At 6½c Fine Corded Lawns in pretty Persian shaped figures, pink, blue and linen colors, worth 9c a yard.
At 12½c yard. Fine Cochecs Swisses and Irish Dimities, in plain colors, stripes and figures, worth regularly 25c a yard.
At 15c Soile de Soie perfect imitation of silk, in very handsome patterns, 30 inches wide, sells everywhere at 25c.

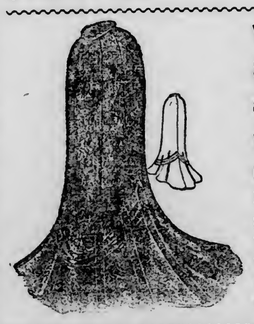
Calico and Ginghams.
At 4c yard. Good standard apron ginghams, in blue and brown checks, good value and worth 6c.
At 3¾c 24 inch Percales, good cloth in fancy stripes and figures good assortment worth 7c.
At 6½c 25,000 yards Percale for Dress and Skirting styles the best cloth in the market and worth regularly 12½c.

Lace Curtains.
At 37c we show a full size Nottingham in fine rich patterns worth 65c.
At 98c Large size Nottingham and dainty ruffled Curtains, 4 and 3½ yards long worth $1.50.
At $1.50 Fine Net Curtains and handsome floral swiss ruffled curtains, an elegant assortment and worth from $2.00 to $2.50.

Art Denims and Scrim.
12½c Double faced art Denim, very handsome designs, all colors, 32 inches wide, worth regularly 20c.
8½c Art Denim, 36 inches wide for dressers and stand covers, with pretty pink, blue and yellow borders, worth 25c a yard.
10c Fancy Swiss for Curtains, heavy corded, bars and stripes, sheer quality, full width, worth 15c.

Crash and Towels.
4½c Full bleached heavy twilled crash, full width, splendid value at per yard 6c.
7½c Heavy Brown Crash, 20 inches wide, very durable linen, worth regularly 10c.
9c Fancy Huck Towels, full size and extra heavy, two-thread Turkish Towels, large size worth 12½c.

Linen Specials.
4½c Dress Cambric, black and colors, best quality, worth 6c.
9c Silesia in grey and black, heavy twilled, satin finish, usually sells at 12½c per yard.
10c yard. Good quality Dress facing—very heavy and durable, black and grey, worth regularly 15c.



You pay from one-third to one-half more than is necessary if you buy a cotton Shirt Waist, a Silk Shirt Waist, a Walking or Dress Skirt, an Underskirt, and above all a Silk Dress Skirt, in any store in Duluth except here. See the notable value in a Taffeta Silk Dress Skirt at $10.00. It is a guaranteed beauty for the money.

Ladies' Black Walking Skirts, graduated flounce bottom, inverted pleated back, finished with rows of stitching, worth $4.00—at---------- **$2.48**

Black Dress Skirt of fine black cheviot, flare flounce, trimmed with band of satin, best percaline lining, worth $5.00, at---------- **$3.98**

Black Dress Skirt, fine black Venetian cloth, graduated flounce tucked and elaborately finished with scroll cording, worth $8.50, for--- **$5.98**

House Furnishing Flyers, Special for Tomorrow, Saturday, Only!

$6.69
$10.00 Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets, Porcelain Body and Five Different Colorings,
$6.69

1000 Hardwood Toothpicks, double pointed---- **2½c**
10c pint bottle Blueing---------- **5c**
6-prong folding Kitchen Clothes Racks, with 12 feet of drying space---------- **12½c**
50-foot sisel Clothes Line, the 10c kind---------- **5c**
Closet Clothes Hooks, per dozen---------- **10c**
60 Hardwood Clothes Pins, best made, for---------- **5c**
12½c Buckeye Saw-edge Cake Knife for---------- **7½c**
Carpet Tacks, 10 and 12-oz only, per dozen pkgs--- **10c**
10 bars of "Happy Day" Laundry Soap for---------- **25c**
19c 14-inch heavy Hammer, like cut---- **10c**
12½c heavy Towel Rollers, only---------- **8c**
15c nickel-finished oak Towel Rollers--- **10c**
95c Ironing Boards, patent folding, large size------- **75c**
$1.25 Clothes Hampers, wllow, only---------- **85c**
89c Willow Clothes Baskets---------- **65c**
$2.25 Carpet Sweepers, like cut, Bissell's Grand Rapids "Puritan"------- **$1.59**
$1.69 "Challenge" Clothes Wringers—only ---------- **$1.19**
69c Wash Tubs, cable hoop, only---- **45c**

10c Brass Bird Cage Hooks for---------- **3c**
15c Folding Wire Photo Frames---------- **10c**
8½ x 12½ polished oak frame Mirrors, 20c kind-- **12½c**
13 x 19 polished oak frame Mirrors, 50c kind--------- **35c**
14 x 22 polished oak frame Mirrors, 75c kind--------- **53c**
Wooden Chopping Bowls, like cut, only---------- **4c**
Children's Lunch Boxes like cut--- **5c**
Mrs. Vrooman's zinc Stralners, only---------- **15c**
68c copper rim Tea Kettles--- **47c**
95c Nickel-plated Tea Kettles---------- **55c**
$1.25 Granite Tea Kettles, like cut, special Saturday------ **75c**
China Ware Specials.
Cups and Saucers, per set, 60c—Saturday---------- **39c**
Decorated covered Chambers—special- ------ **39c**
95c Bowls and Pitchers---- **69c**
50c Decorated Jardinieres **25c**
95c Decorated Vase Lamps, complete ---------- **65c**
Glass Hand Lamps, complete, only---------- **15c**

$1.98
$3.95 Decorated Chamber Sets, Complete With Large Jar, Saturday Special at
$1.98

WE TRUST THE PEOPLE

It will be to your interest to visit our store. Spring Discount Sale now on—five to forty per cent discount.

Our monthly payment plan as follows:

$25.00 worth of goods.....$5.00 a month.
$30.00 worth of goods.....$6.00 a month.
$50.00 worth of goods.....$7.00 a month.
$60.00 worth of goods.....$8.00 a month.
$75.00 worth of goods.....$9.00 a month.
$100.00 worth of goods....$10.00 a month.

It pays to trade with

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

2110-12 West Superior St.

IROQUOIS ACQUIRED

By Capt. W. H. Singer For the White Line Service.

Limited Through Service By Daylight On Lake Superior.

One of Fastest and Handsomest Boats On the Lakes.

Capt. W. H. Singer returned this morning from the East and made formal announcement that the steamer Iroquois had been acquired by the White line for Lake Superior service. The deal for the boat was closed Wednesday, so that earlier announcements were premature.

Capt. Singer has striven earnestly to give Duluth a quick service to the north shoreand copper country with one of the best steamers on the lakes, and he seems to have succeeded. The steamer Iroquois is acquired through arrangement with F. W. Wheeler, the veteran shipbuilder at Bay City, who sold his yards to the trust. Mr. Wheeler has bought the craft from the Arnold Transportation company, which used her in Soo river service last season.

The Iroquois is one of the handsomest boats on fresh water. She has two stacks, one ahead of the other, and in a general way will be a miniature of the appearance the Northern line boats will present when they come out this season. She was sold by the Arnold people to Mr. Wheeler for $160,000. This is a larger sum by far than has ever been represented by one vessel in the exclusively Lake Superior trade before. It means that the White line will put on a 10-hour daylight service twice a week Duluth to Isle Royale, with no stops except at Grand Marais. Semi-weekly service to Isle Royale, thirteen hours from Duluth, will also be afforded. The Iroquois will also make two trips weekly between Duluth and the copper country on a schedule each way of twelve hours. The old steamers of the line—the Bradshaw and Bon Ami—will be kept in local service. The addition of the new steamer means simply that a limited through service by daylight is added to the present semi-weekly local service of the Singer line on both the north and south shores. An excursion will be given weekly to Isle Royale from Duluth. The difference in time may be imagined when it is recalled that the time from Duluth to Isle Royale has been eighteen or twenty hours, and the schedule to other points in proportion. The time will be so arranged as to make connections with the morning trains from St. Paul for through service and with the evening trains for the local service.

"I am feeling overjoyed," said Capt. Singer this morning, "over my success in enlisting the interest of Capt. Wheeler in the White line. Capt. Wheeler at the Bay City shipyards built many of the best and staunchest vessels that have been turned out on the lakes. He is one of the finest men in the vessel business, and a good man to enlist in the interest of Duluth."

"The Bradshaw is being overhauled, and as soon as ready will be put in the north shore local trade. The Bon Ami will be assigned to the local run on the south shore.

"There is nothing new to announce about the Lake Michigan & Lake Superior line, except that the old boats have been more thoroughly overhauled than they have been for years, and that they will go into commission this spring in the best possible condition that vessels of this class can be put in. They will go in commission April 15."

The Iroquois is one of the fastest steamers on the great lakes. In fact, it has been claimed by her partisans that she can carry the broom away from any of the so-called fast ones. She is a sister ship of the Chippewa, also in the Soo river service, but considerably larger and faster. She is built of steel up to her promenade deck. She is 218 feet over all in length, has 32 feet beam and is 21 feet deep. She has triple expansion engines, 21 and 34 and 58 by 30 inches. She has four boilers,and has made a sustained running record of eighteen miles an hour with three boilers fired and of twenty miles an hour under steam from the full battery of boilers. The indicated horsepower is about 1800, and she is allowed to carry 200 pounds of steam. She was built in 1891 at the Craig shipyards in Toledo. She was built under the supervision of the Bureau Veritas international Register of Shipbuilding, and by that institution is given the highest rating it confers.

The stateroom capacity is now being doubled, and when the vessel goes in commission here she will be able to furnish sleeping accommodations for 150 or 160 people. She has excursion capacity of 1000. The interior is finished in mahogany. There are stationary washstands with open plumbing, toilet rooms, etc. The large dining room will seat seventy-five people at one time, and the kitchen facilities are so commodious that 180 people have been served at one meal on short notice.

Restores vim, vigor, mental and physical power, fills your body with warm, tingling life. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

HAS STATE LEASE.

Elizabeth Iron Company Has Valuable Property.

The Elizabeth Iron company has acquired a state lease covering very valuable iron property owned by the state, and included in the land that the Duluth & Iron Range railroad recently relinquished through a settlement with the state. The property was left in a court decree by mistake, and the Iron Range had the title. The state threatened to sue, and the road made a settlement giving up the land.

When the settlement was made State Auditor Dunn gave out a statement to the effect that there were very valuable iron mines on the land, and this property is one of the most valuable locations. Development work had shown up a large body of ore. The property is the n½ of the ne¼ and the sw¼ of the ne¼ of section 12, 57-21.

The state lease was issued July 28, 1900, to A. M. Chisholm and D. C. Rood. Chisholm and Rood assigned the lease Feb. 3, 1902, to James T. Hale and E. S. Palmer, and by an assignment filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds these men transfer the lease to the Elizabeth Iron company, a recently organized concern of which John P. Morrow is president and John G. Williams is secretary.

IN POSITION.

Some Buildings Already In Place For the Great Exposition.

The interior of the Armory is beginning to look like a world's fair ground.

The administration building, the fine arts building, the Moorish palace and the German buildings are now in position and the effect is wonderful.

A large force of carpenters and painters are at work every day in getting the big show ready for the public on March 31. Exhibits are arriving each day and will soon be put in position.

Senator Moses Clapp has sent the national guardsmen some very fine pictures of battle scenes to be exhibited during the exposition. Public men from all parts of the state are accepting invitations to attend.

A permanent gallery has been built at the south end of the Armory over the first gallery. It not only improves the appearance of the interior, but adds about 100 to the seating capacity.

The District Court.

The case of Mary R. Inman against the Butler-Ryan company was still on trial in district court today. This morning the plaintiff concluded the introduction of testimony, and the defense was putting in evidence at noon.

In Judge Cant's court the case of the Vulcan Iron Works company against Capt. Harry Roberts was dragging along. There are volumes of depositions to be read, and this work was begun this morning. The piles of depositions are several inches thick, and the case will probably last several days more.

ENGLISH COMPANY

Buys Big Ranch at Ventura, California.

Ventura, Cal., March 21.—The ranch Santa Clara Del Norte, owned by Leopoldo Schiappa Pietra, has been transferred to the California Farm and Fruit company, limited, of Manchester, Eng. The consideration is $1,113,880.

Over $50,000 will be expended at once on a water system to irrigate 2000 acres on the Mesa. This water system is the largest in the country and one of the best in Southern California. Between 1000 and 2000 acres will be devoted to lemons and 3000 to 4000 acres to walnuts.

BARGE ADRIFT.

Feared That the Crew May Be Lost.

Boston, March 21.—Capt. Keene of the tug Edward Luckenbach, which arrived here today from Newport News, Va., reports the loss of the barge Hamilton, which his tug had in tow, off Highland light on Wednesday. It is feared that the barge has foundered and that Capt. John A. Shoemaker and his crew of our men were drowned.

SET THE FIRES.

Elevator Attendant Confessed To Astor House Crimes.

New York, March 21.—Edward Farley, who was an elevator attendant at Astor house, was arrested today charged with causing the two mysterious fires in the Astor house last Wednesday night. He made a statement to the police saying that he started the fires and that he did not know why he had done it. He was under the influence of liquor at the time, he said.

IN RESPECT TO HORN.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The judges of the district court adjourned court today out of respect to the memory of Henry J. Horn, deceased. There will be no special term tomorow. The St. Paul Bar association will hold a memorial meeting soon and draft suitable resolutions on the death of Mr. Horn.

A DARING BURGLARY

R. C. Kruschke's Store Is Robbed of Large Amount of Goods.

Thieves Entered Through a Ventilating Opening on Roof.

They Reached the Roof By Climbing a Telegraph Pole.

The most daring, desperate burglary in years was committed last night.

Four hundred dollars' worth of merchandise was stolen from the general sporting goods store of R. C. Kruschke, 402 West Superior street.

The burglars gained entrance by climbing a telegraph pole to the roof and then dropping through a ventilation trap.

Although the local police have had much experience in various methods of burglary the Kruschke store robbery is without precedent.

The burglars were finally frightened away by an electrical burglar alarm attached to a show case containing valuable knives. They left the building hastily but took much stolen property with them.

The burglary is supposed to have taken place between the hour of midnight and 1 o'clock in the morning.

Shortly after 1 o'clock officer Herman Fritz noticed that the front door of the Kruschke store was open. He made an examination and found that the door was unlocked and concluded that it was carelessness on the part of the man that closed the establishment.

He called a messenger boy and sent him to the rooms of Louis Kruschke, at 123 West Superior street. Mr. Kruschke remembered that a large box had been taken through the door late at night, and thought he had neglected to lock the door after putting it inside. He locked it and retired again.

When the store was opened this morning the burglary was discovered. The store is but two stories high on Michigan street. The thieves had climbed up a telegraph pole and, with the aid of a board, got over to the roof.

Tracks in the snow on the roof show that there were two men. They went up to the little ventilation opening over the bicycle repair shop and dropped through it. A canoe was suspended in the room just under the hole they dropped in and that saved them what would have been a fall of twenty-five feet.

Besides sporting goods, Mr. Kruschke carried a line of jewelry and cutlery. The thieves seemed determined to take this rather than the sporting goods, for they went right into a front window where an electric light was burning to secure a tray of rings.

They also took a fancy to a show case full of revolvers and carried away forty-one of them—mostly high-priced weapons. The supposition is that after collecting a quantity of jewelry and revolvers the thieves next tried the show case containing valuable knives just inside the Superior street entrance.

Each knife in this show case is connected with an electric alarm, and when a knife is picked up the bell rings. It is thought that this alarm frightened the burglars, and they departed with what booty they had, going out the front door and on Superior street, making their escape unseen.

Mr. Kruschke was unable to say just how much property had been stolen at noon today, but claims to have checked up a loss of $400 worth and was constantly discovering the loss of more.

The burglary seems to have been cleverly planned by professionals and cleverly executed. They left nothing that could be used in locating or identifying them.

For a time this afternoon the police thought the burglars had stolen a team of horses from two barns on First street and made their escape. Further investigation, however, shows that only one horse was missing and the other horse and rig was satisfactorily accounted for.

The missing horse is from the barn of Dan Horgan, and the double rig and other horse was said to have been taken from a stable in the alley opposite the Palmer house.

FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN Wise Women Use the Great Spring Medicine PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

t Is the Only Remedy That Can Provide for the Increase of Red Corpuscles in the Blood.

From every section of the land, from Maine to California, strong and well attested reports of women, bloodless, nervous, dyspeptic, neuralgic, rheumatic, and run down, and in many cases so weak as to be bedridden, who have been enabled to resume their places in the family and in social life, enjoying health, vigor, and true happiness, all through the aid of that great blood purifier, blood maker and health giver, Paine's Celery Compound.

When Paine's Celery Compound is used, the rapid change in color, flesh, and expression of the face is so marked and observable, that repair of the wasted tissues might well be called a renewal of life.

Paine's Celery Compound is the only medicine that can effectively increase the proportion of red corpuscles in the blood: this is a source of power over all blood diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney and liver troubles, dyspepsia, indigestion, and general run down condition.

Mrs. Martha P. Lunceford, a well known and popular lady of Crawfordsville, Ga., grateful for her cure by Paine's Celery Compound, sends the following letter for the benefit of all suffering women:—

"I think it is my duty to let you know about the wonderful work Paine's Celery Compound has done for me. I have been sick for the past fifteen or twenty years with dyspepsia, heart and stomach trouble, and rheumatism, and so many diseases that I can't mention them all.

"As for sleep, I didn't know what it was to have a good night's sleep, and would roll and tumble and sit up in bed half the night. The second night I took Paine's Celery Compound I went to bed and slept all night. You don't know how much betted I felt in the morning. I have not lost a night's sleep since I have been taking Paine's Celery Compound. I don't know in what words to thank you for Paine's Celery Compound. It is worth its weight in gold."

BEWARE of imitations of Diamond Dyes Ask for and take only Diamond

MUST BE CENSORIZED.

New York, March 21.—The Western Union company's central cables office is in receipt of foreign advices, dated Panama, Colombia, March 21: "The Colombian government notify us that all consular and diplomatic messages must be subjected to censorship."

SEVEN PER CENT

Is Interest Referred to In Refundment Loan.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Interest, as referred to in the law relating to tax refundments, means 7 per cent, according to the decision of Judge Otis rendered in the mandamus proceedings instituted against County Auditor W. R. Johnson by the National Security and Bond company to test the question.

The Security company maintained that 10 per cent interest should be paid. This casew ill be appealed to the supreme court, a number of claims similar to the one in dispute awaiting the final result.

TO THE JURY.

The Fate of Wilcox Will Soon Be Known.

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 21.—The Wilcox case will go to the jury this afternoon. Judge Jones, this forenoon, delivered his charge to the jury, in which he said: "If you should let any impression which you may have or any public opinion or anything else influence your verdict, you do violence to your oaths. I have no opinion in the case. You must act according to the evidence. It will be read to you." At 1:30 the reading of the evidence began. It makes 200 typewritten pages.

$1.00 Per Berth.

To Chicago via "The Milwaukee," during March and April "The Milwaukee" line will operate tourist sleeping cars between the Twin Cities and Chicago twice each week in each direction.

Tourist cars will leave Twin Cities on 8:35 p. m. train every Wednesday and Saturday, arriving Chicago 9:30 following morning.

Rate per double berth, $1.00.

Westbound tourist cars will leave Chicago Tuesdays and Fridays.

The New Store — HENDREN & TALLANT CO — The New Store

Men's Furnishings.

A Complete Line.

Many men have learned of our money-saving furnishing department to their benefit.

Men's Colored Shirts—the new spring line is now in and ready for your inspection—they are made of fine madras and cheviot shirtings—are cut to fit, and the patterns are quite handsome—the best shirt in the city for..... **50c**

Easter Gloves.

Not another glove department in the city that will show you as stylish a glove at as low a price as will be found at The New Store.

Our $1.00 Gloves are more than can be asked for the price—all the new spring shades with plain and fancy corded backs—it gives universal satisfaction—per pair..... **$1.00**

For $1.50 we show a glove that is exceptionaliy well finished, while the quality is of .that kind that sends the wearer back for a second pair—all colors—per pair..... **$1.50**

It is the $2.00 glove that is the acme of perfection in glove making—the general appearance of the glove is very pleasing, but the greater pleasure is in wearing—shades to match any costume..... **$2.00**

Easter Eggs,

Easter Cards and novelties of many kinds are shown in profusion. They will delight the heart of any child and the cost is trifling.

SUIT ROOM BARGAINS

It is seldom we use the much-abused word "bargain" in referring to our offerings, no matter how big the values may be; but in this instance it seems to be the only word that will adequately describe the Skirts and Suits offered Saturday. They are "BARGAINS" in every sense of the word.



$5.00 Skirts $3.89

These Skirts are from our regular line and are real $5.00 Skirts. On sale at that price Saturday only. No alterations. Street skirts in greys. Six rows cording and two satin bands is the manner in which one popular number is trimmed.

Dress Skirts in Greys and Blacks—Walking Skirts, all wool, greys, browns and blues, corded and stitched—all our $5 Skirts Saturday.. **$3.89**

$20 Suits $15

Jackets silk lined, cut in Blouse, Eton and Peplum styles; tight fitting—satin or silk trimmings. Are made of serges, chevlots, etamines, wool crashes, venetians and broadcloths. Colors—greys, browns, black, blues, in fact every color you would expect to find in a stylish suit. Skirts well lined with Percaline and some made with drop skirt..... **$15**

Boys' and Girls' Shoes.

Bring them here for their Easter Footwear. A large line of reliable Children's Shoes at the low prices characteristic of The New Store.

For the Boys—same style as father wears, no better wearing shoes made—prices a pair—**from $1.98 to**..... **98c**

For the Baby—a dainty line of soft soled shoes for the little ones—all colors—sizes 1 to 4—per pair..... **25c**

For the Girls—fine vici kid Uppers, patent leather or kid tips, extension, welted or turned soles, school or spring heels—prices from..... **$2.50 to 98c**

For the Ladies—spring time shoes —new designs, best leathers, nobblest line shown in the city. You would willingly pay $2.50 for them—we ask..... **$1.98**

Drug Department.

Liebig's Beef, Iron and Wine—75c size..... 45c
Satin Skin Powder—25c size..... 21c
Petroleum Jelly—15c size..... 8c
Good Tooth Brush,15c value..... 10c
Double distilled Witch Hazel—15c size..... 10c
Fine Rubber Tooth Comb—Saturday's price..... 5c
Bay Rum Toilet Soap—three cakes in box..... 15c
Epsom Salts—15c size..... 8c
Colgate's Tooth Powder,25c size 15c
Good Dressing Comb,worth 25c 21c

Cut Flowers and Potted Plants.

For Saturday's selling we offer a fine lot of blooming potted plants which will be in full bloom at Easter time. You will secure them much cheaper this week than next week. Prices on cut flowers are for "choice fresh cut."

Carnations, a doz..... 45c
Daffodils, a doz..... 59c
Narcissus, a doz..... 59c
Roses, a doz,..... $1.95 to 69c
Lilies, a doz..... $2.48
American Beauties, a doz,..... $5.95 to $1.98

Plants.

Primroses..... 23c
Amerarias..... 39c
Spireas..... 48c
Daffodils..... 69c to 23c
Tulips..... 69c to 23c
Easter Lilies..... $1.95 to 48c
Azaleas..... $2.48 to $1.48

Neckwear.

The search for beautiful Easter Neckwear Ends at the New Store. The express has brought many new styles this week. Some have well said "that it is the most beautiful line they have ever seen." The styles are so varied and the colorings so desirable. We have marked it at popular prices. A beautiful piece for 75c, 59c, 49c, 39c, 25c and..... **15c**

Shirt Waists.

Our spring and summer line of white and colored cotton Shirt Waists are ready for your inspection. They are beautiful and lowly priced.

Child's Spring Coats—Just Received.

They came too late to give descriptions, but it is sufficient to say there is a full line of spring garments in both silk and wool suitings.

AT WEST DULUTH

Tonight the West Duluth Commercial club will meet in Stewart's hall and it is thought probable that definite action regarding the permanent organization of the club, whether as a business men's club, or for business, social and athletic purposes combined, will be taken. A great deal hinges on the success of the special committee that has been canvassing this part of the city for the past two weeks. The committee has met with hearty support from some West Duluthians, but whether that support has been all that was expected remains to be seen.

The special order of business this evening, outside of the report of the special committee on membership, will be the consideration of the feasibility of a ferry between West Duluth and the Steel Plant, West Superior. The transportation committee of the club was instructed at the last meeting to look into the matter and the committee will probably have a report to make this evening. If such a ferry could be established without a cost to West Duluthians, it is conceded that it would be a good thing to have, but people living out here for many years, who have heard talk of ferries and bridges before, are not yet convinced that this end of the city is going to get something for nothing.

CASES DISMISSED.

The trespass and assault cases against Philip Bourasa and Bernard Benson, were up in municipal court this morning, but were dismissed on payment of the costs, which amounted to something like $5. This closes the matter, so far as the complaining witnesses are concerned, satisfactory understanding having been arrived at with the parents of the two boys accused and the disposition of the match company being not to press the suit further.

The cases are scheduled for examination tomorrow evening in Justice Stone's court at West Duluth, where the action was begun. If the cases are called, it is not likely that anything more will be done than to dismiss them as in municipal court, but the question yet remains to be settled who will pay the costs. The costs in the justice court, owing to the number of witnesses called, are said to be in the neighborhood of $10 or $12. Justice Stone refused to dismiss the cases against the boys a few days ago unless the costs were paid, which the complaining witnesses refused to do and started suit in municipal court.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. John McKinnon has returned from Saginaw, Mich., where she has been visiting her parents and friends. She was accompanied home by her sister, Miss B. Davis.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Lybeck, of 5111 Wadena street.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Norman, of 211 Fifty-first avenue west.

William Spencer received a telegram from Billings, Mont., this morning, announcing the death of his father. Mr. Spencer was called to Montana a few weeks ago by the sickness of his parent, but left him very much improved and apparently on the road to recovery. Mr. Spencer will probably leave this afternoon for Montana.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pearson, of Central avenue and Grand, was taken seriously ill last evening.

Benjamin Merino is in New Duluth on a business trip today.

Bellemur & Rossiter have established a small gymnasium in connection with their place of business. M. C. Phillips has been giving the boys a few lessons with the punching bag.

Peter Jock is back from the banking grounds and is making arrangements to leave the first of the week for Minneapolis to remain for the season.

Miss Anna Brotherton is on the sick list.

Albert Mars left yesterday for Deer River.

Work on the excavation for the Wieland & Wade building was stopped today by the snow, which melted as it reached the ground and made the conditions unfavorable for loading and hauling.

T. Santair and Joseph Smith are back from the range.

Henry Lemoir has returned from a visit in Wisconsin.

Charles Drake has resumed his position with Martin Tims.

Michael Doran has returned from an extended visit on the range.

Alec Levis has returned from the north shore, where he has been most of the past winter.

Mrs. Paul Foucault is packing her household effects preparatory to joining Mr. Foucault at Bemidji, their future home.

About thirty young people of Oneota will go to Proctorknott this evening to present the clever "Deestrick Skule" entertainment given recently with success for the Oneota church. The party will take the 6:30 car at the foot of the Bay View Heights incline.

Mrs. G. L. Robbins entertained the Aid society of the Oneota M. E. church Tuesday afternoon.

J. E. Beams, of Iron River, who is erecting a store building at Scanlon, was here yesterday.

The ladies of Pearl hive, L. O. T. M., held a very successful social party last evening at the home of Mrs. J. B. Salter, of Green street.

Carl Weaver, who has been on the postal run between Duluth and St. Paul, has been transferred to the St. Paul-Omaha run. This is his third promotion within a year.

Mrs. William Brotherton is entertaining Miss Eliza Marrs, of St. Paul.

Lost—Fur collarette between St. Charles and Gilley's hall. Receive reward at Gilley's hall.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

The Junior league of the Asbury M. E. church will give a poverty social tonight.

TRUST CONSOLIDATION.

St. Louis, March 21.—Three of the largest trust companies in this city have consolidated under one management with a working capital of $7,000,000. The companies that have merged their interests are the Colonial, Missouri and Germania, which were all doing profitable business. Hereafter the consolidated company will be known as the Colonial Trust company. Clark H. Sampson is president of the new company.

SHORTAGE GROWS SMALLER.

Indianapolis, March 21.—Arthur Simpson's supposed shortage of $70,000 as bookkeeper of a Union Stock Yards company, is considerably less than $30,000, according to charges made against him. Simpson maintains that he did not receive one cent from the forged drafts on which he was arrested. He is out on $2000 bonds.

SPECIAL SALE AT THE Pioneer Meat Market

108 55th Ave., West Duluth.

FOR SATURDAY, MARCH 22.

Pork Chops, per lb.....11c
Pork Steak, per lb.....10c
Round Steak, per lb.....12½c
Sirloin, per lb.....15c
Porterhouse, per lb.....15c
Rib Roast, per lb.....12½c
Pot Roast, per lb.....8c
Veal Chops, per lb.....10c
Veal Steak, per lb.....12½c
Shoulder Steak, 3 lbs for..25c
All kinds Home-made Sausage, 3 lbs for 25c.
Hamburger Sausage, 3 lbs 25c

Skating! TONIGHT

Is the big night at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Excellent ice and music

Great Northern Railway

Popular Homeseekers' and Settlers' Excursions—Three series of cheap rates—Round-trip tickets to all points in Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, British Columbia, will be sold first and third Tuesdays in March, April and May, at one fare plus $2.00 for the round trip.

One-way settlers' tickets to points in Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and British Columbia on sale every day during March and April at rates $15.00 to $25.00 each.

One-way settlers' tickets on sale March 4th, 11th, 18th, 25th and April 1st and 8th, to Minnesota and North Dakota points for only $6.00 each.

These tickets are good on all trains, including the famous Great Northern "Flyer."

This is the best opportunity that has ever been offered to parties who wish to investigate the many advantages offered them in the Great Northwest. Information about the Great Northern country is given by agents of the Great Northern Railway, or those desirous of ascertaining just what opportunities are offered there, can secure full illustrated information in reference to land, climate, crops, rates, etc., by writing to Max Bass, G. I. A., 220 S. Clark St.,

Resumption of Sale of Homeseekers' Tickets.

The Northern Pacific will, on Feb. 18th, resume the sale of round trip Homeseekers' tickets to all points on its line, and will continue the sale of same on first and third Tuesdays during months March, April and May. For tickets and full information, call at City office, 332 W. Superior street, or Union depot.

PRICES FOR SATURDAY

- - - AT - - -

O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY

17 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

The Right-Price Store.

Sweet Dairy Butter, in jars, per lb 25c
Fresh Creamery Butter, in bulk, per lb 27c
Fresh Creamery Butter, in print, per lb 28c
7 doz Fresh Eggs $1.00
Good Japan Tea, per lb 33c
Choice E. B. Tea, per lb 40c
8 lbs. Coffee $1.00
Crackers, by the box, per lb 6c
4 lbs. Good Rice 25c
6 lbs. Broken Rice 25c
10 Bars Soap 25c
Cooking Apples, per peck, 35c
Lemons, per doz 15c
Salmon, flat cans, regular price 18c, Saturday's price, per can 14c
Salmon, tall cans, regular price 15c, Saturday, per can 10c

Fresh Strawberries, delicious and sweet, per box, 45c
Sweet Naval Oranges, doz 25c
New Rhubarb, per lb 10c
Fresh Tomatoes, Cucumbers, Celery, Lettuce, Radishes, Onions, Sweet Potatoes, etc., at Lowest Prices in the city.
4 Celery 10c
Catsup, per gallon 50c
California Hams, per lb 9c
Sugar Cured Hams, lb 12½c
Cooking Figs, per lb 7c
They are nice.
Evaporated Grapes, per lb 7c
3 lbs. Evaporated Apples 25c
Large Fancy Evaporated Peaches, per lb 10c
Pure Lard, per lb 11c
10c Packages Soda, each 5c

GASSER'S MARKET

Our Cut Prices on Meats Continue to Be the Principal Topic of Conversation of the Meat Combine.

PORK LOINS, whole, per lb 10½c
PORK SHOULDERS— per lb 9c
PORK BUTTS— per lb 10c
FRESH SIDE PORK— per lb 11c
PORK STEAK— per lb 10c
SPARE RIBS— 2 lbs for 25c
POT ROAST, any cut— per lb 8c
ROUND STEAK— per lb 12½c
BOILING BEEF— 25 lbs for $1.00
HAMBURGER STEAK— 3 lbs for 25c
LAMB LEG— per lb 15c
LAMB STEW— per lb 5c

SHOULDER MUTTON— per lb 8c
MUTTON CHOPS— per lb 10c
VEAL STEAK, SHOULDER— per lb 10c
FRESH BEEF TONGUES— per lb 12½c
PICKLED PIGS FEET— 4 lbs for 25c
HAMS— per lb 12c
PICNIC HAMS— per lb 9c
BOLOGNA, 3 lbs for 25c
LIVER SAUSAGE— 3 lbs for 25c
CHICKENS—FRESH KILLED— per lb 15c
TURKEYS—FRESH KILLED— per lb 18c
GEESE— per lb 12½c

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

100-lb sack GRAN. SUGAR— for $5.25
3-lb can BLACKBERRIES 15c
3-lb can GRATED PINEAPPLE 12c
3-lb can PEARS— 12c
3-lb can CALIFORNIA PRUNES 12c
3-lb can APRICOTS— 15c
1-lb can PURE FRUIT JAM 12½c
10 bars LAUNDRY SOAP— for 25c
3 packages ROLLED OATS for 25c

Do you use pulverized coffee? If so we will pulverize it while you wait and have it fresh

209-211 West Superior Street.



VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box 25c
Assorted Nongates per pound 25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound 25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb 25c
Assorted Cream Patties any color or flavor made to order, a specialty— per lb 25c
We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz 25c
Lady Locks—per doz 25c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen 10c
WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

J. G. OSTBY,

32 East Fourth Street.

A Few of Our Cash Prices.

GOOD RIO COFFEE— per lb 10c
BEST GINGER SNAPS— per lb 6c
CHERRIES—3-lb cans— two for 25c
GOOD PEACHES— per can 11c
FANCY JAP RICE— 4 lbs for 25c
SANTA CLARA PRUNES— 25 lbs for $1.00
AUNT JAMIMAH'S PANCAKE FLOUR—per package 7c
STRICTLY FRESH EGGS— per doz 14c
SALERATUS— per package 5c
FANCY PATENT FLOUR— 49-lb sack 95c
Fancy Home-Grown Potatoes—Early Rose and White.

Low Settlers' Rates West.

Via Northwestern line. During March and April the Northwestern line will sell one way settlers' tickets daily at greatly reduced rates to Western and Northwestern points. If contemplating a Western trip this rare opportunity should not be overlooked by any one. Information cheerfully given. For full particulars call or write.

S. A. LOVE, C. T. A.,
405 West Superior Street or Omaha depot, Duluth, Minn.

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.

Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

Best Quality Sugar Cured Bacon—per lb—
12 cents

Strictly New Laid Eggs, direct from farmers—3½ dozen—
50 cents

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee is unrivalled in quality and flavor—3-lb cans—
85 cents

Sweet Juicy Navel Oranges. Quality cannot be beat—per dozen—
20c, 25c and 35c

Extra Large Pineapples—each—
35 cents.

CORN, PEAS AND TOMATOES—
Best grade, 2 for 25c
Second grade, 3 for 25c

In Fresh Fruits and Vegetables our layout is complete and prices the lowest in the city.

Yerxa Bros.' Hoffman House Coffee—1-lb packets—
30 cents

Laundry Soap is advancing in price. 10-oz bars Kirks' Soap—10 bars—
25c

We will make you special and very low prices on all brands of soap by the box.

SALT WATER FISH.

Flounders, per lb 10c
Fresh Haddock, per lb 10c
Shrimps, per quart 30c
Oysters, per quart 40c
Richelieu Herrings, per keg 70c
Cromarty Bloaters, 4 for 10c

Full Cream New York Cheese, rich and tasty—per lb—
15 cents

Bulk Cocoanut, new process, extra fine—2 lbs—
25 cents

SUNDRIES.

3 lbs Sago or Tapioca 10c
3 lbs Barley 10c
3 lbs Split Peas 10c
Baking Chocolate, best quality per lb 25c
New made Creamery Butter, per lb 27c
Fancy Ceylon Tea, per lb 50c
49-lb Sack Flour 90c
2 oz best Lemon or Vanilla Extract 10c
Pure Fruit Jelly, 3 glasses, a special snap 25c
Campbell's Soups, 3 cans 25c
Pure Leaf Lard, per lb 11c
New Cabbage, per lb 3c

Call in and select some nice Spring Vegetables for Sunday dinner.

RATHBUN'S,
29 East Superior St.

SURVEYS.

Rivers and Harbors Bill Calls For Several In Duluth District.

The rivers and harbors bill reported March 10, but not yet passed by congress, provides for the following examinations or survey in the Lake Superior district:

A survey at Grand Marais, with a view of ascertaining the necessity of making any change in or addition to the east pier; a survey in the bay at the mouth of the Split Rock river, on the north shore, with a view of constructing a harbor therein; a survey of the St. Louis river from the foot of the rapids to New Duluth, with a view of increasing the depth to eight feet; a survey of the Ontonagon river harbor, in Northern Michigan, with a view of ascertaining whether further improvements are necessary and to what extent; a survey of the Marquette harbor and vicinity with a view of ascertaining whether further facilities are needed.

The appropriations recommended at the various points on Lake Superior are as follows: Grand Marais, $2000; Agate bay, $2000; Duluth-Superior, $275,000; Port Wing, $25,000; Ashland, $40,000; Ontonagon, $5000; Marquette, $106,000; Grand Marais, $70,000. The total appropriation recommended was $525,000.

GEN. MILES

Was Under Discussion At Meeting of the Cabinet.

Washington, March 21.—At the cabinet meeting today, the publications relating to the statements made by Gen. Miles before the senate committee yesterday were brought up, but consideration of them was postponed until all the facts in the matter became known. Whatever intentions the president had with respect to the treatment to be accorded Gen. Miles, his future action will be somewhat influenced by the fact that Gen. Miles' statement before the senate committee has been represented to him as being privileged. The president proposes to read the testimony given at the hearing and to consult with different members of the committee on military affairs before finally announcing what he proposes to do. It is significant that long after the cabinet meeting adjourned, Secretary Root and the attorney general was closeted with the president. The president is known to have stated that he was tired of the friction in the army, and in the event, that it is decided that Gen. Miles' statement was a privileged one, he will at no distant date take action looking to his retirement.

Flaaten's Concert Orchestra

Will render a choice program of popular music tomorrow afternoon and evening at the spring and Easter opening at Keney, Anker & Denny's new clothing store, and the public are cordially invited to attend. Not necessary to buy, but every one will be made welcome and it will be a treat as the store has been handsomely decorated and with the music an enjoyable time is assured.

Wall Paper.

Fifty thousand rolls of new and choice patterns at one-half what you can buy the same goods for elsewhere.

ENGELS & CO.,
17-19 Third Avenue West.

MAJ. WALLER

On Trial Before Court-martial, Which Has Jurisdiction.

Manila, March 21.—The court-martial appointed to try Maj. Littleton W. T. Waller and Lieut. John Day, of the marine corps, on the charge of executing natives of the island of Samar without trial, after receiving a communication from Gen. Chaffee, today decided that it had jurisdiction in the case and proceeded to try the accused officers.

Maj. Waller pleaded "not guilty" to the charge of murder, but admitted that eleven men had been killed.

Capt. Robert H. Dunlap of the marine corps testified that he received information from Lieut. Greely and Sergt. Quick regarding the arrival at Cargadores of prisoners, while on the march across the island, ate roots and parts of plants and refused to assist the marines by giving them similar food. He reported the facts to Maj. Waller, who was lying in a cot and who ordered Lieut. Day to take the prisoners and have them shot. Witness said Maj. Waller was not excited and had personally expressed that the men should be shot.

Capt. Arthur T. Maris, marine corps, representing Maj. Waller, objected to the testimony of Dr. Love regarding the sanity of Maj. Waller at the time, claiming that his fitness for duty was a matter for the defense alone. He conceded that Maj. Waller gave the orders while in his right senses.

IN HANDS OF JURY

Jury Took the Karvo Murder Case at 10 O'Clock.

Judge Dibell Gives a Simple, Clear and Direct Charge.

Murder In First or Second Degree or Acquittal Possible.

The Karvo murder case was given into the hands of the jury at 10 o'clock this morning by Judge Dibell.

At a late hour this afternoon the jury was still out, and there was no sign of a verdict.

Practically, though the court gave the jury the choice of four verdicts, there were but three ways open before the jury.

It might convict Karvo of murder in the first degree. It might convict him of murder in the second degree. It might acquit him on the ground of insanity, in which case the court may send him to the insane asylum.

Of course there was a fourth verdict, that of not guilty, which the jury could find if it determined that Karvo committed no crime whatever, but that was not likely to be considered. The question in the case was whether Karvo's mental condition when he killed Jacob Myllymaki was such that he knew what he was doing or knew that it was wrong. If it was, he was guilty of whichever degree of murder the jury might determine.

If his mind was in such shape at the moment of the killing that he did not know what he was doing or that it was wrong, the jury might acquit him on the ground of insanity, stating the ground in its ardict.

The evidence was all in at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. County Attorney McClintock then made his closing address to the jury, and he was followed by Alexander Marshall. Between them they took up nearly two hours. This morning Judge Dibell took half an hour to charge the jury, and at 10 o'clock Deputies George E. Randall and Frank L. Magle took the jury out.

Judge Dibell's charge was simple, direct and clear. He gave the jury the definitions of murder in the first and second degrees, showing that the premeditation constitutes the difference between the two degrees. He said that the state did not need to show a motive for the crime or the existence of feeling between the two men, but the absence of such motive and feeling might be considered in determining the existence of premeditation.

As to the defense of insanity, he said that mental unsoundness does not necessarily relieve a defendant from responsibility for crime. It is necessary for the defendant to prove that at the time of the killing his mind was in such a condition that he did not know the nature of his act or that the act was wrong. The burden of proof is upon the defendant to show this, for everybody is presumed to be sane and responsible for his acts until the contrary is shown. The question for the jury to determine is whether Karvo, when he killed Myllymaki, knew the nature of his act and knew that he was wrong. If he did, he is responsible for his act, no matter how many delusions he had. The fact that Karvo was under the hallucination that men were trying to kill him did not justify his act, but it is proper for the jury to consider it as touching his responsibility when he killed Myllymaki.

If he is acquitted because of insanity, the jury should so state in its verdict. In that event, the law provides that the court may commit the defendant to an insane asylum or to the care of his friends under bonds if it is deemed that he is an unsafe man to have at large.

Both attorneys having gone into this matter in their own addresses to the jury, Judge Dibell charged the jury that it had no business to consider the effect of its verdict in this respect. That lay with the court, and the court would decide it without regard to the opinion of the jury or public opinion.

Boys' and Girls' Wash Suits.

Tomorrow will be the last chance you will have to select from our sample line. Come in the morning, if possible.

M. S. BURROWS.

TO STOP HIM.

W. J. Bettingen Would Prevent E. A. James From Trading.

The Minneapolis Times reported yesterday that William J. Bettingen had petitioned the district court in that city for a temporary injunction restraining Edwin A. James from trading upon the floor of the chamber of commerce of that city.

Both men are well known in Duluth and were members of the board of trade here a few years ago. Mr. James was for several years in the employ of the firm of which Mr. Bettingen was a member. Nothing is known here of the merits or circumstances of the controversy.

According to the Times, the petitioner alleges that in 1898 James was elected to membership, holding certificate No. 1458, and that he subsequently sold it to H. H. Kenkel, who at that time also owned a membership.

Kenkel failed to have the certificate transferred from James to himself on the books of the corporation, and later he sold the membership to the plaintiff, who alleges it to be worth $4000.

The petitioner did not have the certificate transferred from James or Kenkel to himself, and now claims that James is trading upon the floor of the chamber, and asks that he be restrained from so doing until March 28, when, under the rules of the chamber, the secretary of the chamber of commerce will have been empowered to record the certificate in Bettingen's favor.

CUSTER'S GRAYHOUND.

Talking about Indians reminds me of a paragraph recently published concerning some greyhounds which were said to be the descendants of an animal owned by Gen George A. Custer, says a writer in the Philadelphia Ledger. I had it from an old postoffice inspector who knew Custer well, and was in the Northwest on postal business, that at the time of the massacre of Custer and his command in the Big Horn fight by Sitting Bull and his Sioux warriors, Custer had with him the very greyhound which was probably the progenitor of these latter-day beasts. The inspector told me that he was in Bismarck, Dakota, at the time, and that over a week after the battle the hound found its way into the town, having traversed all the distance, some 400 or 500 miles, and found the startling place by some remarkable dog instinct. It was one of the few survivors of the terrible fight in which its heroic master had perished.

GARBAGE DISPOSAL

Health Department Takes Up the Matter In Earnest.

Talk of Giving Franchise For Exclusive Handling of It.

Dr. Robinson Suggests Plan For Gathering Paper From Street.

The health department has taken up the problem of garbage disposal in earnest.

Proposals are now advertised for, and any person caring to take a contract for handling the garbage is asked to state the terms to the health authorities.

It is claimed that a great deal of money could be made out of the garbage business to any person securing a long-term franchise for exclusive handling.

The proposed plan of Health Commissioner Robinson is to make it necessary for every house in Duluth to have a garbage can which shall be emptied at least once a day by the person having the garbage removal franchise.

In this way there would be no filthy alleys and backyards and no vacant lots piled up with tin cans, ashes and other refuse. The authorities consider this the only proper way of solving the garbage nuisance.

There is some dispute as to whether or not the property owners could be compelled to furnish their own receptacles, and it is thought by some that the person getting the garbage contract, if for a long term of years, could afford to put in the cans. However, nothing definite has been decided, and the health department is open to propositions.

Health Commissioner Robinson is also out with a plan, which is meeting with great favor, for paper receptacles to be placed on certain street corners. He thinks that in this way the business and residence streets could be kept free from papers and the like.

Dr. Robinson says that twenty-five of these receptacles could be purchased for about $200. They would be much larger and more valuable than the ordinary garbage can.

He figures that after the original expenditure for the purchase the city could have the receptacles emptied once a day and generally cared for without expense by simply giving the privilege of neat advertising to some enterprising person.

This is very similar to a scheme that has met with success in several of the larger cities of the country, and there are quite a few prominent people that are endorsing Dr. Robinson's views in regard to it.

Order Wash Suits Tomorrow

As it is the last day you can choose from the sample lines.

M. S. BURROWS.

SPRING HERE.

This Is the First Day---Farther Advanced Than Last Year.

Today, March 21, is the first day of spring in the season of 1902. Today, were it not cloudy, Duluth and vicinity would have had twelve hours and fourteen minutes of sunhsine. The sun rose at 6 o'clock this morning and will set at nearly fourteen minutes after 6 o'clock this afternoon.

If a line is drawn through the sun at right angles to the solsticial line, it will intersect the earth's orbit at two points, and while the earth is occupying either of these points the twilight circle passes through the poles, and the days and nights are of equal length. These points are called the vernal and autumnal equinoxes and are passed March 21 and Sept. 22. Common custom, then, has termed March 21 the first day of spring and Sept. 22 the first day of fall or autumn.

The length of days will increase steadily from now on until June 21, which will be the longest day of the year, the earth being at a place in its orbit termed the summer solstice. The longest day possible in this latitude is of about fifteen hours' duration.

Comparing the opening day of spring this season with March 21, 1901, the local weather conditions show that the season is much farther advanced this year. On the opening day of spring last year there was about four inches of snow on the ground. There was then no open water in sight on the lake, the lake ice averaging four inches in thickness and the harbor ice averaging twenty-four inches thick. There were snow flurries all day, March 21, 1901. The maximum temperature was 34 and the minimum was 13 degrees.

DEATH LIST.

San Jose, Cal., March 20.—Mrs. Mary L. Pulsifer Ames, a botanist of world-wide fame, and whose name is an honored one in the royal botanical directory of America, is dead at her home in this city, aged 57 years. Several North American plants of her discovery commemorate her name. She was an alumnus of the college of Notre Dame and bequeathed to it exquisite and extensive collections of valuable plants.

New York, March 21.—William E. Gelschen, president of the Garfield National bank, died today. He was vice president of the American Ice company and a director of the City Trust company.

St. Paul, Minn., March 21.—Henry J. Horn, one of the best-known lawyers of the state, died at St. Luke's hospital last night from the effects of an operation performed a week ago. He was 50 years old. Mr. Horn was born in Philadelphia and located in St. Paul in 1855. He has won some of the most famous legal battles in the state, amongst them being the Pearsall case, which prevented the consolidation of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads several years ago.

Quincy, Ill., March 21.—Gen. Elish B. Hamilton, a prominent attorney and politician and a leader in Grand Army circles, died suddenly yesterday, aged 64.

WIELAND SHOE CO.

SPRING OPENING

New Shoes for Easter

You want them. We have them for Men, Women and Children. Price and style will get you interested.



New Styles Men's $3.50 Shoes.
Vici Kid Velour and Box Calf new finish and best ever offered. $3.50

HU-MAN-IC SHOES.
The $4.00 Shoe for men. A new lot just received. Famous for comfort, fit and wear.

LITTLE FOLKS' SHOES.
A large quantity right styles and prices.

LADIES' $3.00 SHOES
New styles, extension sole or plano edges, extra quality and finish $3

Quo Vadis $2.50 Shoe
for ladies. A full stock just received new styles, heavy or light sole, at $2.50

Ladies' Shoes, light or heavy soles $2

The Easy Shoe — **The Stylish Shoe**

The ease and comfort found in Sorosis Shoes is the result of years of practical study by America's foremost designers. Imitators may copy Sorosis lasts and styles after a season, but there they stop. These qualities possessed by Sorosis have made them famous. A full stock at our store. Price always $3.50

BARGAINS---A Few Lots From Our Big Sale.

Boys' and Little Gents $1.25 and $1.50 satin calf, box calf and kid, to close 98c

Boys' $1.75 and $2.00 Calf and Box Calf Shoes. Sale Price $1.25

Rubbers.

Children's Rubber Boots 98c
Boy's Rubbers 39c
Men's Rubbers 50c

COSTLY WOODS.

Logs of Mahogany That Are Worth Thousands.

In the lumber yards fronting on the East river, between Fifth and Tenth streets, there lie piled up in rough, unsymmetrical heaps large numbers of coarsely-hewn dirty logs, says the New York Sun. An ignorant observer might take these to be supplies for a handling wood factory, and certainly would be surprised to learn that the dirty sticks of timber are the most valuable woods in the world in their rough form, for that is what they are.

There is mahogany there, any quantity of it; ebony, Black sea walnut and costly snakewood, but it all lies there seemingly unguarded and beaten with the weather as though it were the cheapest sort of white pine.

"It doesn't look very valuable, does it?" said the manager of one of the companies which sell much of the costly timber; "but that is the wood that some day will be worked over, polished and made into the most beautiful woodwork that money can buy.

"That one big log that those workmen are carrying is worth $2000, and I have seen a log of mahogany only a little larger than that which was sold for $9000. It was 28 feet long and 5 feet thick, and was the finest piece of the wood that I have ever seen.

"Pretty good price for a single stick, isn't it? It was a perfectly sound log, though, and the coloring and marking were remarkable. That is why it brought such a high price.

"Mahogany is like diamonds," he continued. "The value of each stick is determined by its marking and freedom from flaws. When the logs are sold in the rough, as you see them here, there is a big element of chance in their purchase.

"The expert can judge them only by outward appearances and must be able to tell by the general look of the logs whether they are sound and whether the marking which shows on the outside is apt to continue through the piece. After a good deal of experience one is able to size up a piece of timber pretty accurately, but we are all fooled once in a while, and that is one of the uncertainties of the business.

"Someone once said that mahogany was the king of woods, and he was not far wrong. It is certainly the most durable, on account of its hardness, and the polish that it takes gives it a right to the title. It isn't what it used to be, though.

"Thirty years ago all the best of the wood was designated as San Domingo, from the place in which it grew. It was the best that was ever cut and attained a great reputation, but it is almost impossible to get now. The choice wood is all gone, and there is not enough to be had now to supply one-hundredth part of the demand for it.

"Its texture was the very finest and the coloring superior to any other. We still get the wood from San Domingo, but it is all second growth, smaller than the old mahogany and much inferior to it.

"Mahogany from Central America was sold in large quantities here years ago also, but it was found to be soft and straight grained, and now it has practically stoped coming to this market. Nowadays we get the wood from Cuba and Mexico.

"The Cuban product comes in small sizes but is of good texture and hard. It is from Mexico, though, that the great markets of the world are now supplied, not only with the best mahogany but also with much that is soft though much better than the old South American product.

"Many people have the idea that there is no more good mahogany and that all that is cut now is soft. This assertion is the outcome of individual experience in procuring good or poor wood; those who have received the best grades pronounce the Mexican wood hard and beautiful in mixture.

"An impression also exists that mahogany is expensive and only to be indulged in by a few. That is untrue. The facilities for procuring the wood and the devices for reducing it into lumber have so improved that its cost today compares favorably with some of our domestic hardwoods, such as cherry.

"The cost of working it is certainly not greater than any of the domestic woods. It lasts better than the domestic article, though.

"The process of veneering is what makes all the hardwoods expensive, as this work costs as much as the timber in the rough. The wood is cut very thin, about one-thirtieth of an inch, say.

"A layer of glue is placed over the wood to which the strip is to be applied, after which the strip is laid on, smoothed down by hand and then clamped between two hot presses, or cauls, as we call them. It takes some time for the glue to dry.

"Then the clamps are removed, the wood sandpapered and scraped and the real work of polishing begins with the application of fillers to fill the pores of the wood and make it smooth. Then almost endless rubbing has to be done to develop the polish.

"It is a long process and expensive for that reason, but no more costly in the case of mahogany than any other wood. The average cost of mahogany in the rough is from $150 to $250 a thousand feet.

"If you think mahogany is very expensive, what do you think about Circassian walnut, which we import from Russia and costs almost double? Rosewood, which comes from South America, costs from three to four times as much as mahogany and is fully as rich in coloring. It is used but little, however, on account of its cost.

"Satin wood, a product of the West Indies, costs almost as much as rosewood, too. This is a beautiful light yellow wood, which also takes a high polish.

"English brown oak is also fully as expensive mahogany. At present it is scarce, as the supply is limited by laws restricting the cutting of it. It is also very defective, and this fact makes its cost mount up.

"It costs 30 cents a foot in the log and the waste makes the real price amount to a great deal more. A builder told me recently that he put a large quantity of English oak in the new home of a millionaire, and that by the time perfect pieces had been procured the cost of the wood had amounted to $1 a foot.

"It is one of the most beautiful woods we have when polished. At its best it has a rich deep brown color and contains many very dark, almost black blotches.

"Ebony is all going out because it is so hard to get good specimens of it nowadays. Good ebony is almost jet black, but that which is imported now is full of gray streaks which spoil it.

"Very little curly maple is used these days and bird's-eye maple is comparatively cheap for a handsome wood. It sells in the rough for 10 cents a foot and veneers cheaper than most of the others. Walnut has gone out of style, too, and has given way to maple, white and quartered oak, ash, cherry and birch.

"Chinese teak wood is another that is expensive and also very defective. Still it is used very extensively. The keels of the battleships Indiana and Massachusetts are made of it, and I happen to know that it cost the government a pretty penny.

"The British admiralty uses a great quantity of this wood for the decks of the British warships and it is used commonly on swell yachts for railings and hatch combings, as it stands the weather excellently.

"What is the most expensive wood that I know of? Snakewood, I guess. It is imported from the northern part of South America in logs weighing from 50 to 200 pounds, and costs from 10 to 25 cents a pound.

"It is very hard and when polished shows a grain much like the marking of a snake skin. It is used mostly for walking canes and for fancy turnings.

"Black sea walnut costs a lot, too, from 35 to 50 cents a foot, so you see that mahogany is not so expensive after all, and, as I said before, it is truly the king of all woods."

WOULD BE CITIZEN

Geronimo, the Apache Terror, to Become a Good Indian.

He Has Been a Prisoner Since Taken By Lawton.

His Band Caused Death of More Than 1000 Whites.

Fort Sill, O. T., March 20.—Geronimo, Apache Indian chief, and the man whom Gen. Miles has named "The Human Tiger," is to be released from captivity at last and may be given citizenship. Geronimo is the most terrible name in the history of two hundred years of bloody Indian fighting.

For the last fourteen years Geronimo has been a military prosiner at Fort Sill.

Now, at the age of 50, he has signified his wish to become a docile subject of the Great Father at Wasnington.

"Geronimo is old and weak; Great Father is young and strong. His arm is like a withe and his teeth are long and sharp," said the broken old warrior a few days ago as he affixed his mark to the legal papers that go with his application for release.

Gen. Frank Armstrong, of the regular army has been looking into the question and has recommended that Geronimo be paroled and made a citizen.

Geronimo has been free practically for several years now, or ever since his removal from captivity in the Florida everglades to barracks at Fort Sill. Although under a constant surveillence, he has a small farm and receives $25 a month as "government scout."

This sum is in the nature of a bonus, and Geronimo has been known to chuckle shrewdly at the queer tactics of a Great Father who hires scouts to watch scouts.

With Geronimo 298 Apaches, the remnant of the Chiiarchuncs, will be released

Geronimo is said by Indian fighters like Gen. Miles, Leonard Wood and others to be the worst Indian that ever lived. It cost the United States government $1,000,000 and hundreds of lives to capture him and put him in irons. Three times he surrendered and escaped before his final capture by the late Gen. Lawton, then under command of Gen. Nelson A. Miles.

Geronimo's "death hunts," the annual excursions for plunder and murder, which the Apache chief carried on for many years, are still remembered with horrible distinctness by settlers of the Southwest.

Geronimo was born on his father's ranch away upon the table land at the head of the Gila river, in Arizona.

"As a boy," he said, "I worked with the rest planting corn, pulling grass for the cattle, and such things. We had to pull up the grass by the roots or else twist it off, for we had no way of cutting it. We did not know what scythes and sickles were, and the big knives cost much money, or, wheat was the same as money to us our corn and wheat and stock and skins."

Geronimo was 10 years old before he ever saw a white man.

His grandfather had been a chief, and "Giatly," as the Apaches called Geronimo, early became a trusted man at the campfire councils.

From the first he hated white men. He despised civilized customs and the dress of the paleface.

This is his picturesque account of his first entry on the warpath:

"I got married," he says, "and supported my wife and my family by hunting. I bought horses. The valleys and the table land of the Gila are good places for horses. I always liked horses for hunting, and was getting rich.

"One day some Mexicans came to our village to steal while I was on a hunt. Durlag the fight they killed my wife and my two papooses about 3 and 5 years old.

"When I came back and found my wife dead and my children dead it made my heart sorry for myself and hard for the Mexicans."

Geronimo became the merciless enemy of the Mexicans and the paleface, and for twenty-five years he was dreaded as a scourge.

The Mexicans believed he was a god and used to sacrifice their cattle in the hopes of appeasing his wrath.

From the rocky fastnesses of the Gila river he sallied out at intervals with his band of Chiracahuas, the fiercest of the Apaches, to murder and to torture victims who were not so fortunate as to be killed at once.

His endurance was wonderful. Once he rode horseback 500 miles without rest.

On another occasion he ran forty miles on foot in a day to escape from his pursuers.

He made an excursion of 200 miles with his band in a month murdered fifty settlers and reached his mountain lair in safety before the United States troops were on his trail.

Sergt. James G. Warren, who saw Geronimo at the height of his power as an outlaw, declares that his face was then of demoniac ferocity. His fury knew no bounds. His temper was so terrible that he frothed at the mouth when enraged.

If a horse did not do as he wished he killed it. If squaws displeased him he ordered them put to death.

In six years 125 settlers, half the population of Arizona at that time, were murdered by Geronimo and his band.

The last death trail in which Geronimo engaged was in 1885. He and his band killed a rancher named Becker in Arizona, torturing his wife and children to death. Before the party of Indians left the war path they killed seventy-six settlers.

For years Gen. Crook, the king of Indian fighters, had camped on the wily Indian's trail, and in 1883 he persuaded Geronimo and his people to settle peaceably for two years on the Mexican border.

Then came the terrible outbreak of 1885 and Crook asked to be relieved of command.

Gen. Miles, now commander-in-chief of the army, succeeded him and began the most tireless campaign ever waged against the redskins.

Aided by the late Gen. Lawton, then captain, he succeeded in snaring Geronimo in 1886.

Geronimo and the remnant of his fighters were run to earth on the Yaqui river, in a section of the country almost impassable for man or beast.

Their camp was located on a small table land bordered by the river on one side and surrounded for the rest by high cliffs that no human being could scale. The only points of entrance were from the river up and down.

Officers under Gen. Lawton crept up, and from a bluff 2000 feet above looked down upon the enemy. All the fires were burning, the horses grazing and the Indians enjoyin a swim in the river.

Word was dispatched immediately to the troops and they hurried to close up the exits by water.

Unfortunately an Indian outlook caught sight of the red band on the hat of one of the scouts.

Geronimo's party fled precipitately up the river.

Negotiations were opened between the Indians and the troops. One morning at daybreak Geronimo, Natches and a dozen other Indians came into camp.

Geronimo, haughty as a conqueror, gazed about him. Then he rushed up to Gen. Lawton and hugged him vigorously.

"You are the man I want to walk with," he said.

After parleys lasting several days, during which Lawton's men believed themselves in danger of suffering the fate that finally befell to Crook's band, Geronimo agreed to surrender formally to Gen. Miles.

Then it was discovered that Geronimo's immediate company consisted of eighteen bucks and squaws, and that they were hard pressed by wounds and hunger.

Since then Geronimo has been nominally a prisoner.

He has lost in a measure his ferocious appearance, and his face has taken on something of the dignity of a red Napoleon. Lion-like courage, determination, steadfast purpose still light up the strong face, and to a degree conceal its wonderful cunning.

A few years ago he was reported insane, but this proved a mistake. He is an inveterage gambler, and a good one. He is never bluffed, and is game to the last dollar.

A favorite trick of his is to explain that his eyesight is extremely bad. Then he pins a bit of white paper up as a target and offers a white man $10 for every time the white man hits it with a pistol shot. "But you must give me $10 every time I hit it," added Geronimo.

And Geronimo, in spite of his failing eyesight, never misses the mark.

Horse racing is the delight of the old man's heart.

He charges every artist who makes his picture $25 for the privilege.

When asked what he believed would become of the North American Indian, Geronimo said recently:

"The sun rises and shines for a time, and then it goes down, sinking out of sight, and is lost. So it will be with the Indian. When I was a boy my old father told me the Indians were as many as the leaves on the trees. I know that if they were there they have gone now. It will be only a few years more when the Indian will be heard of no more except in the books that the white man writes about him."

In his "Personal Reminiscences" Gen. Miles thus describes Geronimo at the time of the chief's surrender:

"Geronimo rode into our camp and dismounted. He was one of the brightest, most resolute, determined looking men that I have ever encountered. He had the clearest, darkest sharp eye I think I have ever seen, unless it was that of Gen. Sherman when he was at the prime of life.

"Every movement indicated power, energy and determinatton. In everything he did he had a purpose.

"The Chiricahua Apaches are the lowest, most brutal and cruel of all Indian savages on this continent. They kill for the pleasure of killing and take fiendish delight in the most cruel tortures. Hanging little girls by the under jaw on a great meat hook to suffer slow death, and men by their feet, with their faces over a slow fire, is a congenial pastime to them.

"The Indians that surrendered with Geronimo have probably never been matched since the days of Robin Hood. They were clad in such a way as to disguise themselves as much as possible. Masses of grass, bunches of weeds, twigs of small boughs were fastened under their hat bands very profusely, and also upon their shoulders and backs.

"When lying upon the ground in a bunch of grass or at the head of a ravine, if they remained perfectly silent, it was as impossible to discover them as if they had been a bird or a serpent.

"An unsuspecting ranchman or miner going along a road or trail would pass within a few feet of these concealed Apaches, and the first intimation he would have of their presence would be a bullet through his heart or brain.

"During our pursuit of the Apaches, which lasted from April to August, we were sometimes very near them without seeing them. One day Horn and myself were out after deer, in the hope of being able to obtain something to eat, and while we were climbing the side of a canyon we were both shot at and our faces filled with dust.

"The little Mexican towns that we passed were usually walled; every ranch was fortified and the houses were loop-holed for musketry. Nearly every family had lost some relative or friend through the Apaches.

"The Indians would purposely lead us into places where there was no water, and sometimes all that liquid we had to drink would be as thick as jelly—stuff that had stood in rock tanks for months.

"At other times the Indians would set fire to the grass and bushes. The rocks and earth were so torrid from the heat of the sun that the feet were blistered and rifle barrels and everything metallic was so hot that the hand could not touch them without being burnt. It was a country rough beyond description, covered everywhere with cactus and full of rattlesnakes.

"We had no tents. Suits of underclothing formed our uniform and moccasins covered our feet.

"Although the men of this expedition were picked with the greatest care, only about one-third of them endured the long fatigue, and we had practically three sets of officers. Only Lawton and I of the whole command, went through the entire campaign from beginning to end."

TWO FINE SPECIMENS

Of Physical Manhood.

No form of athletic exercise demands such perfect physical condition as prize fighting. Every muscle in the body must be fully developed and supple, and the heart, lungs and stomach must act to perfection.

Whether we endorse prize-fighting or not, it is nevertheless interesting to know the manner by which men arrive at such physical perfection.



James Jeffries, the present champion heavyweight of the world, and his gallant opponent, Tom Sharkey, in the greatest pugilistic encounter that has ever taken place, both pursued much the same course of training, and the first and most important part of this training was to get the stomach in condition, and to keep the digestion absolutely perfect, so that every muscle and nerve would be at its highest capabilities.

This was not done by a secret patent medicine, but both of these great pugilists used a well known natural digestive tablet sold by druggists under name of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and composed of the digestive ferments which every stomach requires for healthy digestion.

Champion Jeffries says: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets prevent acidity, strengthen the stomach and insure perfect digestion. They keep a man in fine physical condition." Signed, James J. Jeffries, champion of the world.

The gallant fighter, Sharkey, says: "Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets remove all discomfort after eating. They rest the stomach and restore it to a healthful condition. I heartily recommend them." Signed, Thomas J. Sharkey.

The advantage of the daily use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is that they keep people well and ward off sickness and are equally valuable to well persons as to the dyspeptics. Another advantage is that these tablets contain no cathartics, or poisons of any character, but merely digestive ferments which are found in every healthy stomach, and when indigestion is imperfect it is because the stomach lacks some of these elements and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets supply it.

They are no cheap cathartic, but a perfectly safe and efficient digestive and the demand for them is greater than the sale of all other so-called dyspepsia cures combined. No remedy could possibly reach such a place in public esteem except as a result of positive merit.

Full sized packages are sold by all druggists at 50 cents, and the best habit you can possibly form is to take a Stuart Tablet after each meal. They make weak stomachs strong and keep strong stomachs vigorous.

POWER CASE.

Perkins of J. P. Morgan & Co. Is Before Examiner.

New York, March 20.—George W. Perkins, of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., was the first witness today in the hearing of the suit of Peter Power against the Northern Pacific railroad. The object of the suit is to prevent the operation of the Northern Pacific and Northern Securities company. His firm, he said, was a purchaser of Northern Pacific between May 1 and May 9 last, but how much was bought he did not know. Neither did he know how much of the stock J. P. Morgan & Co. held on May 1, 1901.

Mr. Perkins said J. P. Morgan & Co. bought about $78,000,000 of Northern Pacific stock from Union Pacific interests after the Northern Securities company was formed in November. About $40,000,000 was paid in cash and the rest was to be paid for in stock of the Northern Securities company.

CHARGED WITH HERESY.

Methodist Minister In Kansas to Be Tried.

Kansas City, March 20.—A special to the Star from McPherson, Kas., says: Rev. Granville Louther, D.D., pastor of a local church, was served with papers at a Methodist Episcopal conference here today, charging him with heresy, and setting forth that he would be tried at Arkansas City on March 26. Mr. Louther, who is a member of the Southwest Methodist conference is charged with being guilty "of disseminating doctrines contrary to and subversive of the doctrines of the Methodist Episcopal church," and it is alleged that he is "atheistic and evolutionistic."

"ATTORNEY" GLEASON

Accused of Swindling Many Persons In Ohio.

Sidney, Ohio, March 21.—M. R. Gleason, wanted by the police here on a charge of obtaining money under false pretenses, has been arrested at Acton, Canada. Gleason came here two years ago, claiming to be an attorney, and that he was looking up the Bady and Day estates, each valued at thousands of dollars. On these claims, it is alleged, he secured large sums of money from various persons in this vicinity who were heirs. He lived here with Mrs. Dorothy Marrs and family, also heirs. Last December he disappeared, as did Mrs. Marrs, her son and her daughter, whom he claims to have married, but which fact is denied by some of the girl's relatives.

The charge on which he is arrested was of obtaining $41.17 from Peter Jenkins, of Pemberton. Others who claim they were victimized by him are Dr. Wise, Albert Woodruff and William Dalriffle, of Maplewood, and William Waumbaugh, of De Graff. He is said to have secured over $700 from Mr. Wambaugh. The police say that prior to coming here he was indicted by the grand jury at Rochester, N. Y., on a charge of swindling a party to the amount of $200 on an estate scheme. He is also reported to have a wife and four children who lived near Rochester, N. Y., but who had strangely disappeared.

HUNDREDTH YEAR

Saw Her a Bride But Was Soon Deserted.

Joplin, Mo., March 21.—In the little burying ground at the county poor farm at Galena, just across the border in Kansas, lies the unclaimed body of Mary Jane Morgan, who died at the age of 104 years. "Grandma" Morgan was once the wife of a wealthy man in Wooster, Ohio, who moved to Kansas during the early boom and died over a quarter of a century ago, leaving his aged wife in destitute circumstances.

She had made her home in Galena for a number of years till three weeks ago, when she suddenly became ill and was removed to the almshouse. She had been married three times and is the mother of several children, who became scattered and their whereabouts are unknown.

The old lady spent the early days of her life in Ohio. On the day she was 100 years old she became the bride of John Morgan, who was in his 80th year. Morgan at first seemed to care a great deal for her, but afterward deserted her. Up to within a short time ago the old woman was active and able to take care of herself. She was a familiar figure on the streets, and made her living by peddling.

CESSION OPPOSED.

Paris, March 20.—On application of the Panama Canal company, the civil tribunal today approved the eventual cession of the canal property to the United States subject to a reserve regarding modifications to be obtained from the Colombian government concerning articles 20 and 21 of the agreement.

NO CASE AGAINST KLUMP.

Grand Rapids, Mich., March 20.—William Klump, arrested and held in custody on suspicion of complicity in the murder of his wife, who died from poison taken in a headache powder at Lowell two weeks ago, was released today, no case having been made against him.

CHARGED WITH EMBEZZLING.

New York, March 20.—Frank U. Suling, a clerk, was arrested today, charged with embezzling $500 from the Gorham Manufacturing company, of this city. It is alleged that he secured the money by making false entries on the company's payrolls.

AN OPEN LETTER.

To the Mayor of this City:

Dear Sir:

In addressing this open letter to you, we thereby recognize in you the people's special representative, and through you to them we desire to make certain representations, the truth and authenticity of which, in consequence of our medium of communication must be accepted without question, as we are fully alive to the indignity we would cast upon you were we to utter false statements through you.

From time to time we have caused to be published in the papers of this city certain statements and claims for our new tonic and reconstructor, Vinol, Wine of Cod Liver Oil. We have asked the people to investigate these claims under the guarantee that we would make good to them all the money expended in prosecuting their investigations, provided the results were not exactly what we claimed.

Through you we wish to state to the people that this investigation has brought to light positive proof that Vinol amply justifies the strong statements we have made concerning it; proof monumental and indisputable is coming to us from all parts of the city which confirms beyond contradiction the fact that Vinol is a scientific and wonderfully successful remedy for the ills for which it is recommended. While, of course, you accept our assurances of this fact, we offer, and shall continue to do so, the indisputable and unparalleled testimony of prominent citizens of this city, whose experiences we shall be glad to recount to all who are interested enough to call at our store and ask about them.

Kindly understand that Vinol is not a patent medicine. It contains nothing but the curative properties of cod liver oil and a little organic iron dissolved in a delicious table wine, and while it contains all the medicinal elements and curative properties contained in the cod's liver, it contains no oil or grease and is as deliciously palatable as the most delicate glass of wine, and we cordially invite everyone to call at our store and investigate it thoroughly.

No one medicine will cure everything, but we do know that Vinol will certainly help all those who are afflicted with ailments for which Vinol is recommended. To verify this statement, we would say that although we have always sold Vinol on a positive guarantee that we would refund the entire amount of purchase money to all persons who bought it from us and after a fair trial were not satisfied, ninety-eight per cent. of the bottles of Vinol sold from our store have been paid for and retained, which shows that Vinol must have been successful in almost every identical case.

You can readily understand that a bold guarantee of this kind would bankrupt us if we were not absolutely sure that the remedy we are recommending and guaranteeing will support our claims, which are set forth in circular which we append herewith.

As a Spring Tonic

after the debilitating effects of the winter season, caused mainly by too much indoor life,—too little exercise and neglected colds,—most every one needs a "bracing up" tonic. VINOL will re-establish strength, energy and vim, quicker than anything we know. Try it on our guarantee.

Pale Women — Pale Children

need a tonic-reconstructer that will create flesh, and make pure, red blood. Pale, haggard faces show that the blood is poor and thin and also indicate imperfect digestion. VINOL will correct such troubles as sure as the sun shines. Children love VINOL, it is so delicious. Try it on our guarantee.

Debilitated — All Tired Out.

Why drag ont an existence without life or ambition? It is not natural to feel continually tired. We guarantee VINOL will bring life, strength and vigor to the debilitated. If you do not feel well try VINOL. If it does not help you your money will be refunded.

Gain Flesh — Get Strength.

You can get fat without taking disagreeable Cod Liver Oil. Fat taken into the system does not create fat. We believe VINOL will create flesh quicker than any preparation containing grease. We have proved in many cases that VINOL quickly creates strength. Try it on our guarantee.

Indigestion — Dyspepsia.

Only those who actually suffer know its terrors, for them life is robbed of all joy. It produces many serious complications and enfeebles the entire system. Relief only comes when a scientific remedy enables the stomach to properly assimilate food. There is no medicine that will do this so successfully as VINOL. Try it on our guarantee.

Old People — Weak People

need a strengthening and invigorating rebuilder. VINOL is of exceptional value in such cases. We guarantee to give strength and health to those who are weak and debilitated from disease or old age. Try it on our guarantee.

Nursing Mothers — Weak Mothers.

If women with nursing babies who have difficulty in keeping up their health and strength would take VINOL, we know positively that the best results would be obtained. You know the life and future development of the child depends upon proper nourishment. Try it on our guarantee.

Bronchitis — Sore Lungs.

These diseases often end fatally unless especially cared for in their early stages. There is no medicine more valuable for restoring health to the throat and lungs than VINOL, Wine of Cod Liver Oil. Try it on our guarantee.

Nervousness — Irritability.

Diseased nerves are due to overwork, insufficient nourishment or slow breaking down of general health. We guarantee VINOL, Wine of Cod Liver Oil, to permanently and effectually cure nerve affections; it actually rebuilds the entire body. Try it on our guarantee.

Chronic Colds — Hacking Cough.

Sure signs of danger ahead. One might as well commit suicide as to let them go unchecked. VINOL is the very medicine needed. Unlike other Cod Liver Oil Preparations, it does not upset the stomach, and it is delicious to the taste.

All persons who buy Vinol are under no obligations to us if after giving it a fair trial they have received no benefit; upon calling at our store they will receive their money back.

You see our faith in Vinol, and you must admit that we know something about medicine; therefore, when we state to the people through you that Vinol is the most valuable preparation of cod liver oil we have ever sold, and a wonderful tonic reconstructor and rebuilder of strength, appetite and health, we are not unreasonable to expect them to believe us. We shall continue to recommend Vinol for the above ailments on our positive guarantee. Yours, with much respect,

S. F. BOYCE,

DRUGGIST.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Medium Weight Overcoats

At a heavy discount. Now is your opportunity to secure bargains in overcoats for next fall.

C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier.

MARKET WEAKER

Wheat Is Erratic, Moving Up and Down and Closes Lower.

Export Business Reported Largest For Many Months.

Flax Trading Was Quiet and Prices Slightly Higher.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 21.—The wheat market started out at lower prices this morning and fluctuated considerably throughout the morning. Rains were reported in Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma and Missouri, and it was reported that much of the wheat said to have been taken at New York yesterday for export was still for sale, and both these factors had a bearish effect. On the other hand the Northwest receipts showed a falling off, and a continuance of the export business was promised, one Chicago house reporting 106 loads taken early, while the total of yesterday's sales for the continent was said to be 1,112,000 bus. The Argentine shipments were large, being 1,288,000 bus, against 1,912,000 bus last year.

The Liverpool market was ⅛-¼d higher. Antwerp closed without change.

Primary receipts of wheat were 473,000 bus, last year 711,000 bus. Shipments, 192,000 bus, last year 301,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 128,000 bus. Bradstreet exports for the week of 4,326,304 bus, against 3,256,644 bus, last year. The total since July 1 is 191,494,531 bus.

Corn and oats were both weaker in the Chicago market the former much more so than the latter for it showed a decline of ⅝-¾c while oats fell ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 216,000 bus, last year 469,000 bus. Shipments 196,000 bus, last year 325,000 bus. Clearances were 6000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 233 cars, and at Chicago, 21, a total of 254 cars, against 295 last week and 492 last year.

The Duluth wheat market was active. It opened off at 72⅝c, sold back and forth from 72⅝c to 73c in the first five minutes and then fell to 72⅝-¾c at 9:55. It rallied to 73⅛-¼c at 10:16 and fell to 72⅝-¾c at 11:20. From that point it rallied to 73⅛c at noon, dropped to 72¾c at 1 and 72½c at 1:10, closing at 72½c, a decline of ⅝c. Chicago closed ¼c off and Minneapolis ¾c off.

Cash wheat sold at 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3½c under for No. 2, and 5½c under for No. 3. Sales were 40,000 bus.

Flax was quiet and sold ½c up to $1.75½. The close was at $1.75¼, an advance of ¼c. Cash flax advanced ¾c, and to arrive ¼c.

Corn and oats fell off ½c and rye advanced ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 71½c; No. 2 northern, 69c; No. 3 spring, 67c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 74½c; No. 1 northern, 71½c; May, 72½c; July, 73½-⅝c; Manitoba No. 1 northern, cash, 70¼c; May, 71¼c; No. 2 northern, 67¼c. Oats, 40½c. Rye, 53c. Flax, cash, $1.73¼; to arrive, $1.73¼; May, $1.75¼; September, $1.36. Corn, 60c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 54; last year, 69; oats, 1; barley, 1; flax, 2.

Receipts—Wheat, 138,030; oats, 890; flax, 5077.

Shipments—Flax, 22,549.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 4 cars	$0.71⅞
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	72
No. 1 northern, 2532 bus	72
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	73
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	73⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69¾
No. 3 spring, 6 cars	67¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	68
No grade, 1 car	67¾
No grade, 1 car	66¾

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Speculators at a Loss How to Deal.

Chicago, March 21.—There was much misgiving among spectators at the opening of the grain pits today as to what course to pursue. Rains were reported in Kansas, Texas, Oklahoma and Missouri; the weather was warmer and reports had it that much of the wheat reported taken for export at New York yesterday was still for sale. Cables were slightly higher, but May wheat started a shade to ¼@⅜c lower at 74⅛- to 73⅞c on heavy early selling. The selling eased May still further to 73⅜c, but the Northwestern receipts were smaller and there were good prospects of another good day in export business. Yesterday's sales for the continent were reported as high as 1,112,000 bu and a local house reported 106 loads taken early today. This stopped an early break and steadied prices at 73⅞c. Local receipts were 21 cars, 1 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 233 cars, making a total for the three points of 254 cars, against 295 last week and 492 a year ago. Argentine shipments were large at 1,288,000 bus, compared to 1,912,000 bus a year ago.

On the fair export purchases May wheat advanced to 74⅛@¼c. General stocks and news from the wheat states, however, favored selling. The southwest continued bearish and sent in reports of crops in favorable position. May wheat turned very bearish and slumped, closing weak, ¾c lower at 73⅜@½c.

May corn opened a shade to ¼@¼c lower at 60⅞c to 60⅝c in sympathy with wheat. Cables were slightly up and there was fair buying on the light receipts. Some strength was also induced by the rains in the Southwest, which were expected to curtail the interior movement. Trade was not very heavy, but buying was fair. The crowd was inclined to watch wheat and to take the cue from that pit. May advanced to 61c, but as the locals found fair offerings the market turned weak and May declined to 60½@⅝c. Receipts, 89 cars.

Corn rallied with wheat after its early dip and May sold at 61c, but conditions were bearish and on the wheat break May sold down to 60⅛c, closing weak ⅛@¾c lower at 60¼c.

May oats opened ¼c off at 43¼c with other grains, but there was a fair early support and the price reacted to 43⅝c. The early May trade was large and there seemed to be a desire on the part of holders to get out of that option. As a result, on the slight recovery offerings were abundant and May sold down again to 43¼c. Other options were somewhat steady. Receipts, 110 cars.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer In .... **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager, 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
1, Manhattan Building, St. Paul,
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis,
Duluth, Minn., Room A Torrey Building

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

LOCAL STOCKS, ETC., QUOTED BY
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
BANKERS AND BROKERS.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn

	—Per Share— Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National bank	$100	....	$175
American Exchange bank	100	$135	....
First Nat'l bank, Superior	100	....	96
Calumet-Arizona Copper	10	31½	....
Northwestern National bank, Superior	100	90	....
Leithhead Drug Co.	100	....	85
Export O. & P. L. Co.	1	77½c	....
Blue Grass Oil Co.	1	16c	....
Zenith Oil Co.	1	14c	....
Brotherton Iron Co.	25	5	4
Cons. Elev. Co. 1st pfd	100	....	103
Cons. Elev. Co 2nd pfd	100	....	90
Cons. Elev. Co. com	100	....	30
County orders			Par.

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in real estate, commercial paper and mortgage loans, and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

There was some disposition to buy provisions on the light run of hogs at the yards and the list opened firm. Offerings were fair and lard was for sale freely, but was well taken. May pork started 2½c up at $15.55 and advanced to $15.57½, May lard unchanged at $9.45 and sold to $9.47½, and May ribs 2½c higher at $8.52½ and sold at $8.55.

Close: Wheat—March 72c; May, 73⅜@½c; July, 74¼@⅜c; September, 74¼c. Corn—March, 59c; May, 60¼c; July, 60¼@⅜c; September, 58½c; December, 48½c. Oats—March, 42½c; May, 43¼c; July, 35@¼c; September, 29¼c. Pork—March, $15.47½; May, $15.62½; July, $15.77½. Lard—March, $9.37½; May, $9.45@$9.47½; September, $9.67½@$9.70. Ribs—March, $8.50; May, $8.55; July, $8.67½; September, $8.77½. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye—March, 55¾c; May, 55¾c; July, 55¾c. Barley—Cash, 61@67c. Timothy—March, $6.75. Clover—March, $8.75. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 80@82c; No. 3 red, 77@79c; No. 2 hard winter, 74@¼c; No. 3 hard winter, 73½@74c; No. 1 northern spring, 74½@76½c; No. 2 northern, 73½@75c; No. 3 spring, 70@74c. Corn—No. 3, 57¾@58c. Oats—No. 2, 43¼@½c; No. 3, 43c

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The Modern Miller is bearish, summing itself up in the statement that the wheat is a good average for the season and that farmers are selling winter wheat more freely. Here, after a fairly strong opening the tone turned weaker again toward the close. Much of the pressure we think comes from local short selling and the Modern Miller report. The export business yesterday was very large and there is a good business doing today. The situation of supply and demand seems to us fairly strong. Clearances are large and we are flatly on an export basis. For many weeks past markets tributary to the Atlantic seaboard have been out of line with European prices. During this time, however, Europe has been a free buyer of wheat in other countries of the world. The California surplus has from this cause been about exhausted, Australian shipments are decreasing, no great amount can be expected from Argentine, and we think it is a fair inference from this that European buying in this and neighboring markets is likely to be better from this time on. Much of the wheat afloat to Europe has been shipped in the past two months from the Pacific coast. It is a long voyage and some additions will be necessary for immediate use. Even if the present crop prospects are not bad as said it is a long way to a new crop. These conditions do not make a bull market or stop the decline but they seem to us worth some consideration.

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A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—Oklahoma and Kansas have had a good rain. Our market is apt to open easier. It is sure to be lower than it would have been if it had not rained. Sentiment underwent some change here yesterday and was not as bearish as it has been. I believe wheat has had break enough and is a purchase this morning. The export business of yesterday is confirmed. It was the largest since last summer.

Corn—The cash situation has seemed strong all through the week. The speculative demand has been poor. A dull market costs the price more in the sixties than it would with corn at ordinary prices.

Oats—Without trying to make up their minds what the price of oats will be next summer, for a while taking advantage of weak markets like yesterday's, people should buy some oats for a moderate profit. The position in May oats is becoming to be an old story and looked on complacently by shorts. I think they will sell higher than they have yet.

• • •

Wiegand, of Chicago—Foreigners have been taking more interest in our wheat market the past few days than for a long time. The continent as well as the United Kingdom have recently been liberal buyers and will continue to pick it up on all breaks. European stocks are small.

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New York: We do not know of any reselling by foreigners to back up the export yesterday. There were 60 loads ocean taken in New York at one time and Fowler took 17,000 quarters. Exporters do not take ocean freights for fund as they must ship the wheat, so this makes yesterday's report no fake.

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Chicago: The cash wheat sales here so far aggregate 415,000 bus and more is working. New York reports 48 loads taken for export. Kansas City wires Carrington: "One hundred and fifty thousand bu wheat worked for export here, and more likely."

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Grier, of New York: Lyle, the New York crop expert, who is now in St. Louis, wires that he went through Illinois, Indiana and Ohio and that they will not raise over three-fourths of a crop from the present outlook.

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Tacoma, Wash.: About 300,000 acres of wheat have been killed north of Snake river. Another equal area is frozen out in northwest region and southeast Washington and a large area about Spokane. Beyond all doubt 1,000,000 acres will need to be reseeded and it will take 500,000 bus spring wheat for seed.

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Modern Miller: A lack of sufficient moisture in sections of the Southwest, notably in Oklahoma and central Kansas and northern Kansas, developed complaints regarding the condition of the wheat crop in that part of the country, but good rains have given full relief. There is little to indicate that the crop is not progressing satisfactorily, as a whole and that the condition is not a good average for the season of the year. The fact that farmers are selling winter wheat more freely indicates there is no alarm over crop prospects.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72¾B	71⅞	73⅞-74⅛	79⅞
High	73⅛-¼	72	74¼	80⅛
Low	72½	71⅛-¼	73⅜-½	79½
Close	72½B	71¼	73⅜-½	79½
July—				
Open	73¾B	73	74⅝-⅞	80¼B
High	74⅛	73-⅛	75-⅜	80½
Low	73½-⅝B	72⅝	74¼	80
Close	73½-⅝B	72⅞-½	74¼-⅜	79⅞B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	43¼	60⅞@60¾	$15.65
High	43⅜	61	$15.67
Low	43⅛	60⅛	$25.55
Close	43¼	60¼	$15.62

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 21.—Closing wheat, spot, quiet, No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, 6s 4d; futures, quiet; March, 6s 1⅞d; May, 6s ¼d; July, 5s 11¾d. Corn, spot, firm, American mixed new, 5s 2¾d; American mixed old, 5s 3½d; futures, steady; May, 5s 2⅝d; July, 5s 1¾d.

Receipts of wheat during the last three days, 105,000 centals, including 64,000 American. No receipts of American corn.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 21.—Close: Wheat—May, 79½c; July, 79⅞c. Corn—May, 65¾c; July, 65⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 21.—Close: Wheat—May, 71¼c; July, 72⅞@¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 74c; No. 1 northern, 72@¼c; No. 2 northern, 70¼c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 70⅞c bid to 70¾c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 71½c to 71⅜c.
Curb, May wheat, 71⅛ to 71c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 21.—There was a very trade in wheat today and the market during the greater part of the session was inclined to rule firm, but heavy selling by local bears as well as for Southwest account on the favorable crop report issued by the Modern Miller, was too much for the market, which closed weak, ⅝c lowed. We think the decline has been overdone, as there was a very good cash demand and a large export business put through today. Foreign markets were steady. Liverpool closed ⅛d higher for the day. Continental markets were also steady. Exports for the week reported by Bradstreets, 4,250,000 bus. There were good general rains throughout the Southwest, which have relieved the situation. We think there is a large short interest in the market now and look upon present prices as low enough. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 20 cars.

The corn market during the greater part of the day ruled firm on larger buying, said to be for Eastern account, but later in the day prices broke in sympathy with the weakness in wheat and the market closed, May ⅝c, and July ½c lower than last night. Country offerings light. Cash demand good. We see nothing in the situation to justify today's weakness and look for higher prices later on. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 140 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats and the market generally followed the course of wheat and corn and closed, May ¼c and July ½c lower than last night. Country offerings were very light. Cash demand good. There was no special feature to the market. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 160 cars.

Provisions opened firm on higher hogs and the market was bulled aggressively as usual and advanced followed later by a reaction on selling to realize profits by some local bulls. Outsiders took hold very freely at the advance and we had much heavier trade. Shorts have been badly scared and the weak ones were shaken out. There was the usual exaggerated talk of cash trade which is not realized by shipments. Weak grain has little effect. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 25,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 21.—Cattle receipts, 2500, weak; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.10; poor to medium, $4.25@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.00; cows, $1.25@5.50; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.85; Texas fed steers, $5.00@6.00. Hogs receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 3566; strong; mixed and butchers, $6.10@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.40@6.57½; rough heavy, $6.10@6.35; light, $5.90@6.30; bulk of sales, $6.15@6.35. Sheep receipts, 8000; sheep, steady to 10c higher, lambs steady to 10c higher. Good to choice wethers, $5.00@5.60; fair to choice mixed, $4.40@5.00; Western sheep and yearlings, $4.75@6.00; native lambs, $4.00@6.90; Western lambs, $5.25@6.90. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 9705; hogs, 35,359; sheep, 15,346. Shipments—Cattle, 4380; hogs, 9127; sheep, 4832.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, March 21.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a continual activity of the market. Farm horses were the leading stock in demand and moved freely. There was also a good demand for delivery horses and heavy team horses, but had no outlet like that of horses weighing from 1200 to 1400 pounds. Prices held around the lower base of quotations of the season. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@200
Drafters, choice	125@145
Drafters, common to good	115@125
Farm mares, extra	125@140
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	65@100

SUBPOENA FOR MORGAN.

Magnate Will Be Called In Power Case.

New York, March 21.—There was no hearing today in the suit of Peter Power to prevent the operation of the Northern Pacific railroad by the Northern Securities company. Jacob Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and Charles S. Steele, of J. P. Morgan & Co., were to have testified today, but they were unable to attend, and an adjournment until Monday was agreed to. George Alfred Lamb, of counsel for Power, said a subpoena would be issued calling on J. P. Morgan to appear and give testimony.

WHITE DECLINES.

New Haven, March 21.—Henry C. White, of this city, who was yesterday named as temporary receiver of the Driggs, Seabury Gun and Ammunition company, of Derby, whose plant was recently attached for amounts aggregating $900,000, today declined the position.

The "Hawes" $3.00 Hats.
The price is the same today, tomorrow and every other day in the year.
C. W. ERICSON,
The Clothier,
Sole Agent.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Urgent Demand For Sugar Carried It Up Several Points.

Rock Island Made Sensational Rise, Gaining Seven Points.

Some Light Recessions Near Close, Which Was Steady.

New York, March 21.—Colorado Fuel sold at 107 and 107¾ in quick succession at the opening compared with 106⅜ last night. Stocks of minor steel companies hardened in sympathy but United States Steel declined. People's Gas and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo rose about a point. The Readings, Pacific Mail and General Electric, selling ex-dividend declined sharp fractions. Traders bought the railroad list moderately when Louisville & Nashville and Colorado & Southern and the second preferred were advanced a point or more. Little change was effected in the trans-continental group but the Readings rallied strongly. Some minor stocks received good support and advances of 1 to 1½ were made by Chicago Union Traction, General Electric, International Power, Westinghouse Electric and the United States Rubber Stocks. Colorado Fuel advanced a fraction. Northwestern, International Paper, St. Louis & San Francisco declined 1 to 1¾. Amalgamated declined steadily and when it had lost 1¼ the general list began to sag. Colorado Fuel reacted an ½ and the market generally a fraction. Shorts covered in Amalgamated and rallied it again. St. Louis & San Francisco recovered fully and Minneapolis & Soo was lifted 2¾ and the preferred 2¾. Profit taking lowered Brooklyn Transit 1½ and put the other tractions under yesterday's close. St. Paul made a net gain of a point, Northwestern rallied 1½ and other standard Western stocks made good fractional gains. In general the railroad list sold at the best prices of the morning. General Electric gained 3 and International Pump preferred 3.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo touched 52 and Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic preferred rose 1¼. Illinois Central was active and a point better. Toward noon Colorado Fuel was driven down to 105, Tennessee Coal reacted 1½ and there was renewed selling of Amalgamated. Bonds were irregular.

The general market was slightly reactionary, but trading was small. Colorado Fuel rallied about 2½ and Brooklyn Transit a point. United States Rubber rose 2¾ in all, the pfd, American Telephone & Telegraph and Metropolitan pfd, 1½. Texas Land Trust lost a point and Minneapolis & St. Louis pfd. 3.

The general list made little response to a rise in sugar to above 132. There was an advance of 2¾ in rubber goods, 4½ in the pfd, St. Louis & San Francisco rallied from 2 points under to a point over yesterday's close. Manhattan fell a point under yesterday's close.

The demand for Sugar became urgent, advancing it 3¼ points over last night. St. Paul and Illinois Central were lifted about 2 and Rock Island shot up 7¾ points. Detroit & Southern pfd. gained 2 and Union Pacific, Northwestern and Des Moines & Fort Dodge about 1 point. Meantime there were reactions of 1 to 2 in the Rubber stocks, Chicago Union Traction and Soo, and losses in Pullman of 1½, and Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis, 1¼. The market generally hardened, but very slightly. There were some light recessions, but the closing was steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amal. Copper	64⅛	62½	63⅝
Anaconda M. Co.	30¼	30	30¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	78	77⅛	77⅞
do pfd	97⅝	97¼	97½
Baltimore & Ohio	107	106¼	107
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅛	66¼	67
Chicago & Alton	36	35¾	36
Col. F. & I.	108¼	105	105¾
Chi. Great Western com.	24½	24	24¼
Erie com	37⅜	36¾	36⅞
do 1st pfd	68⅞	68⅝	68⅞
Great Northern, pfd	185½	185	185
Louisville & Nashville	106¼	105⅛	106
Leather	12⅜	11⅝	12¼
do pfd	81½	81⅜	81½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	52	48½	50¾
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	100½	101¼
do pfd	114	112	114
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	100*	101¼
New York Central	163⅜	162⅝	163¼
Norfolk & Western	56⅞	56½	56½
do pfd	91	91	91
Ontario & Western	32¾	32⅝	32¾
Pennsylvania	151¼	150¾	151⅛
Pacific Mail	45	44	45
People's Gas	103⅜	102½	102¾
Republic Iron and Steel	18½	18¼	18¼
do pfd	74⅞	74⅜	74⅞
Reading	56	55½	55¾
do 1st pfd	81	80¾	81
do 2d pfd	68½	67⅝	67⅞
Rock Island	180	172½	180
Southern Ry	32⅞	32⅝	32⅞
do pfd	97	95¾	96⅞
Southern Pacific	65⅜	64⅜	65⅜
Smelter	47½	46½	46½
do pfd	97¼	97⅛	97⅛
Sugar Refinery	134⅜	130⅝	133⅝
St. Paul	167¼	165	167¼
T. C. & I.	72⅞	71⅛	71¾
Texas Pacific	40¾	40¾	40¾
Union Pacific	100⅝	99¾	100½
do pfd.	87⅞	87¼	87⅞
U. S. Steel	42⅝	42⅛	42⅜
do pfd.	94⅝	94¼	94⅜
Wabash	24	23⅞	23⅞
do pfd	43¼	43	43⅛
Western Union	90⅝	90⅛	90⅝
Wisconsin Central	22⅞	22½	22¾
do pfd	44	43¾	43¾
American Ice —	20½	19½	19¾
Metropolitan	168¾	168	168½

The total sales were 641,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The rally yesterday in Amalgamated Copper appeared to be due mainly to covering short copper. However, I was informed last night by an employe of a house which does considerable business for the Standard Oil clique that, the said house had for some days been quietly buying all the Amalgamated they could get and for long account, not for short covering. There is a quiet tip in the air that Great Western common and Leather common are to be taken in hand at once and will double in price within six weeks. Though I believe the market's trend is upward, it might be as well to take profits on a portion of your stock on sharp rallies, in order to be in a position to buy on reactions. The Standard issues will in my judgment prove more profitable in the long run than the wild cats and specialties.

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F. K. Pulsifer—Tomorrow's bank statement should be favorable but its character will depend largely upon the charges in the loan account. It is clearly recognized in the street that the floating supply of securities is concentrated in hands too strong to be shaken out by a traders' raid and the men who hold these stocks are unqualifiedly bullish and confident that higher prices will be attained within the next sixty days. The increase in wheat exports is a bullish card and the war tax repeal measures now before congress should have a favorable effect up on the money market.

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Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Although special stocks continue unduly active, sentiment on the general market is bullish and the feeling among brokers last night is that, while prices may move irregularly for a time, speculation will become broader as the spring advances.

Its strength now, in the absence of many leading financiers, is believed to foreshadow such an outcome.

Sugar gossip is mixed. Watchful brokers say that the purchase of 10,000 shares by John W. Gates started the stock up today and that this buying was based on the 20 per cent reduction proposed on Cuban sugars. It is hinted that St. Paul is booked for a smart advance and that it will be the next standard stock to receive attention from the operators who have of late been busy in the so-called specialties.

It is argued that with Northwestern common at 230 and Rock Island above 170, St. Paul is comparatively low, and that important interests including the Rockefellers, have of late been adding to their holdings of it.

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Town Topics.—We look for a professional and irregular marke today, with the activity in the specialties, but there will be a disposition on the part of traders to get a line on the bank statement before taking the buying side. The traction stocks will have greater prominence as a result of the new financial policy of both Metropolitan and Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and these stocks should have some further advance. C. F. I. will go higher, but the standard railroad stocks are not likely to move until the return of the larger operators. The steel stocks will do better, but will be slow for a time. Buy on any recessions, but only for moderate profits and a quick turn. Until winter wheat prospects are better defined the market will not burden, and the crop reports should be watched closely. Don't work on the short side, but pick up good stocks on all weak spots. The London market for Americans is dull.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 21.—Cotton opened steady with prices unchanged to 3 points higher. After the call May advanced to 885 and July to 888. The near months, March and April retained their former firm relation to the rest of the list. Wall street, the South and Europe bought July contracts, but strong bull support was almost totally lacking. Late in the morning business picked up a little, shorts buying more freely.

Cotton spot closed 1 1-16 lower; middling uplands, 9 1-16; middling gulf, 9 5-16; sales, 383 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; March, 8.92; April, 8.89; May, 8.79; June, 8.82; July, 8.83; August, 8.62; September, 8.25; October, 8.09; November, 7.99; December, 7.99.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 21.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $172,148,693; gold, $90,675,876; silver, $19,315,260; United States notes, $10,292,890; treasury notes of 1890, $108,135; national bank notes, $10,240,885; total receipts this day, $1,734,051; total receipts this month, $32,197,567; total receipts this year, $404,699,033; total expenditures this day, $1,515,000; total expenditures this month, $28,110,000; total expenditures this year, $347,852,464; deposits in national banks, $117,773,369.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21	21½
Allouez	4	4½
Anaconda	30	30½
Arcadian	10⅝	10⅝
Amalgamated	63⅝	63⅞
Arnold	75c	1.00
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	29	30
Baltic	46¼	47
Bingham	24½	25¼
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	585	600
Centennial	24⅝	24½
Trinity	14⅝	14⅞
Copper Range	69	70
Copper Consolidated	46¼	46½
Dominion Coal	118	119
Elm River	3½	4
Franklin	12¾	13½
Humboldt	...	50
Isle Royale	17½	18
Mass	17¾	18
Michigan	11¼	12
Mohawk	34	35
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	19¾	20¼
Osceola	60	61
Parrot	29	30
Quincy	132	135
Rhode Island	2¼	3
Santa Fe	2⅞	3⅛
Tamarack	183	185
Tecumseh	1	2
Tri-Mountain	..	100
Utah	22½	23½
United States	18½	18¾
Victoria	5⅝	6
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	52	53
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Amalgamated declined this morning. On the decline traders were free sellers of other coppers. The buying demand in Centennial and Arcadian and the recovery in Amalgamated held the market and in the afternoon the tone of trading was better. The heavy copper exports are causing a good deal of comment and attracting public attention to copper stocks.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 21.—Money on call firm at 4½@5 per cent; closing bid and asked, 4@4½; prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and $4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84⅞@4.85⅞. Bar silver, 54c; Mexican dollars, 43¼c. Government bonds steady, state bonds easy, railroad bonds irregular.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	28	
Creamery, tubs	26	@ 28
Dairies, fancy	21	@ 23
Packing stock	19	
EGGS.		
Fresh	17	
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream	13	
Twins, full cream, old	10	@ 11
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	
Brick cheese, No. 1	13½	
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	7	
HONEY.		
New fancy white clover	15	@ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Golden rod	13	@ 14
Dark honey	13	@ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus.	1 90	@ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus.	1 90	@ 2 10
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13	@ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	@ 60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@ 8
FRUITS.		
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@ 8 00
Aples, per bbl	4 75	@ 5 50
Apples, per box	1 85	@ 2 00
Apples, N. Y. varieties	5 50	@ 6 50
California figs, per box	90	@ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@ 3 50
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50	@ 2 60
Strawberries	40	@ 50
VEGETABLES.		
California celery, bunch	70	
Mushrooms	60	
Lettuce	1 25	
Green onions, per dozen	75	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00	@ 3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz.	1 75	
Beets, per 100	1 25	
Carrots, per 100	1 25	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60	@ 1 75
Potatoes, per bus	85	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65	@ 2 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	80	
Turnips, per 100	70	@ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@ 85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@ 65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	85	@ 90
Parsley, per doz	45	
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@ 1 00
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50	
Fruit juices	4 00	
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@ 4
Choice, per lb	3¾	@ 4
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	12	
Spring chickens	13	
Geese	10	
Turkeys	14	@ 15
Ducks	10	
MEATS.		
Mutton	7	
Lamb	11	
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Dressed beef	7½	@ 8½
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9½	
Lard	10	
Lard, compound	7¾	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 21.—Butter, steady; creamery, 20@28c; dairy, 19@25c. Cheese, steady; twins, 11¼@½c; young Americas, 12@12½c; daisies, 12½c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 14½@15c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 21.—Butter, receipts, 3491 packages. Steady. State dairy, 22@28c; state creamery, 23@30c; creamery held, 21@26c; renovated, 18@24½c; factory, 18@22c. Cheese, receipts, 4206 packages. Firm. State full cream small early made colored and fancy white, 13@13½c; do large, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts 7975 packages. Barely steady. State and Pennsylvania, 16½c; Western at mark, 16½c; Southern at mark, 16¼c.

A FIDDLE FAD

Ranchman Whose Life Passion Was Manufacture of Violins.

His Earnest Desires Were at Last Gratified.

Professor Ellwood Mead, the irrigation expert of the department of agriculture, has a young son, Tom, who is taking lessons on the violin. The boy was sawing away at his exercise the other evening when one of Professor Mead's scientific friends called at his home, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Sun.

One of his visitor's side lines happened to be a profound interest in violins and violin making. He cocked his ears when he heard the music from the floor above.

"The boy practising his lessons," explained Professor Mead.

"Well, he's practicing on a pretty mellow fiddle," said the visitor.

"Like the tone, eh?" said Professor Mead. "Yes, it's considered a pretty fine violin. It was made in Wyoming."

Now, as Wyoming is about the last place in the country in which one familiar with violin making would expect a fine fiddle to be produced, it was only natural that Professor Mead's visitor should stare at him hard.

"Yes, it was made in Wyoming," repeated Professor Mead, smiling at his visitor's astonishment. "On a ranch, by a ranchman. He makes violins for the love of the work. He produces one a year. He's an old friend of mine and he gave me the instrument the boy's playing on now. Violin experts have pronounced it about as fine in workmanship, finish and tone as violins are made anywhere in the world today."

Then the professor's visitor looked at the violin, played on it and humorously announced his intention of eloping with it. He commented enthusiastically on the superb old-world contralto tone of the instrument and its splendid workmanship, and when he looked inside of it and saw the inscription "John H. Gordon, Cheyenne, Wyo.," scrawled on a slip of paper pasted on the inside of the back, he shook his head wonderingly, and Professor Mead told him the story of the maker of the violin.

John H. Gordon, the Wyoming ranchman who makes violins approved by experts because he loves the work and has loved it since his boyhood, is a Scotch-Irishman, 60 years old. His life has been one of vicissitudes, but for many years he has lived on his own Wyoming ranch, and he is in more than comfortable circumstances.

He was born in Belfast in 1843. When he was a small youngster he used to take a common board and fashion from it an outline something like a fiddle, tying common twine strings on it, and making a bow out of a piece of bent willow. From that time on he followed up violin making with a tenacity of purpose that in some of its details has been little less than romantic.

When he was 14 he was apprenticed to a Belfast cabinetmaker, where for five years he worked about fifteen hours a day for his board and two suits of clothes. The fiddle-making idea was strong upon him when he had learned to handle tools.

He made two violins that were dismal failures from every point of view. He had no real idea how to go about the manufacture of a violin.

Finally, he became acquainted with an elderly Belfast woman who kept a music store. Her husband had been a maker of violins and she knew a good deal about the art herself. She gave young Gordon pointers that convinced him that he'd been only groping in his previous attempts.

He got hold of some seasoned sycamore wood, and with his only tools at that time, consisting of two chisels, a few gouges and a jack plane, he started in to make a Cremona. He worked sixteen hours a day.

When the instrument was finished "in the white"—that is, in its unvarnished state—he strung it up and sawed a few reels and a hornpipe on it. It sounded pretty good to him. He thought it was pretty nearly the real thing.

He was still delightedly playing away on his bit of handiwork when an old Scotch schoolmaster, a good violin performer, dropped in on him. The schoolmaster played on the instrument for a moment, and then held it up and laughed at it.

He said that it wouldn't do at all, from any point of view. The young enthusiast gloomily inquired what ailed the fiddle. The schoolmaster told him that it wasn't made of the right kind of wood, that the best material for violins was curly maple, that curly maple grew in America, that there was none of it in the British Isles, and that young Gordon's only chance of getting hold of a piece of American curly maple was to write to some acquaintance in the new world to send him a piece of the wood.

The young handicraftsman didn't have any acquaintance in America to whom he could write for curly maple.

"Therefore," he said to his people, "the only thing for me to do is to go to America myself for that piece of curly maple."

Which he did.

He went to Liverpool and for three weeks walked the Liverpool docks looking for a chance to ship to America as a sailor.

At this time the civil war was raging in the United States and blockade runners were leaving Liverpool almost every day. Great inducements were being offered sailors to ship for confederate ports. But Gordon had been assured that curly maple could be procured only in New York, and so he passed up these inducements and waited for a chance to ship to New York.

He at length got a coal passer's berth on the steamer Etna, and for sixteen days labored in the bunkers, in a temperature that took the flesh off his bones almost by the pound every four-hour watch.

When the Etna reached New York young Gordon found that as New York was in a very feverish and unsettled state, owing to the war, none of the crew would be allowed to go ashore. The bounty at that time for soldiers was $900, and most of the men of the crew were anxious to go after the bounty money. Watch was put on them and they did not even have a chance to leap overboard and try to make a swim for it.

In despair young Gordon tackled the skipper of the vessel and told him why he wanted to go ashore.

"I only want to get a piece of curly maple to make a fiddle," he said.

The skipper at first laughed at him, but the young fellow's manner was so simple and honest that he at length permitted him to go. When Gordon set foot on American soil he accosted the first man he met and asked him where he could find a "timber" yard.

He found the lumber yard, and the first wood he saw was a great stack of curly maple. He asked the proprietor of the yard if he had any curly maple for sale.

"Lots of it," replied the lumberman. "How much do you want?"

"Only enough to make a fiddle," replied Gordon.

"We don't keep any fiddle wood for sale here," said the lumberman, turning his back on the grimy youth.

Gordon turned dejectedly away, and as he went out of the gate he saw a slab of the longed-for curly maple lying in a pool of water as a stepping block. He went back and asked the lumberman what he'd charge for a piece of the stepping block, and the lumberman was grasping enough to reply that he could have half of it for $1.75.

He sawed the block in two, getting enough curly maple for six fiddles, paid out the $1.75—$2 was his entire pile—and went back to his ship. He shoveled and trundled coal for fourteen days on the passage back to Liverpool, and when he arrived back in Belfast with his piece of curly maple he was at once the hero and the freak of the town.

For several months he labored on a curly maple violin, confident that when he had finished it it would be as good as a Strad. When it was finished he got a professional violinist to try the instrument for him. The violinist performed on it without any great amount of enthusiasm showing itself in his manner, and then he laid the instrument down on the bed and shook his head sadly.

"What graduations did you put on this fiddle?" the violinist inquired, still shaking his head mournfully.

Young Gordon had never heard of any such things as graduations, and he told the violinist so. The violinist gloomily recommended him to find out something about graduations before trying to make another violin, and left. Young Gordon walked out into the country and wrought with his bitterness of spirit for three days before he could get back to himself.

Shortly afterward he packed up his few belongings and started for the United States to stay. He got a job as a pattern maker in Hartford, and for a couple of years he put in all his spare time tinkering with violins fashioned out of all kinds of woods.

They were uniformly bad. He was still unacquainted with most of the detail of the real art of making violins. He was so disappointed over his lack of success that he felt a desire to rough it, and so he gave up his job and went to Wyoming.

For a quarter of a century he performed the roughest kind of frontier work before his efforts finally began to make him easy, and at length landed him on his own ranch. During all of this time he never ceased trying to make the right kind of a violin.

While he was still punching cattle and herding sheep, and trying to fashion fiddles out of Rocky mountain spruce—all of which instruments were sorrowful failures—he caught sight of an advertisement in an old newspaper of a book on the construction of violins, written by a violin expert named Edward Allen. It was the first knowledge he had that such a book had ever been written, and he sent for it at once. He endeavored the contents of the book with a rapacious appetite during his hours off, and he read and re-read it until he had acquired all of the cardinal points of violin construction.

It was all new to him, and he saw he'd never been within a thousand leagues of making the right kind of violin. He want to work on another violin, and when he had finished it he shipped it, unvarnished to a celebrated Boston maker of violins.

The maker sent Gordon a letter saying that his effort was superb for an amateur, and advised him to come on to Boston to perfect himself if he could afford it.

Gordon couldn't afford it. He was working hard and long and with many hardships for small wages. But he was bent on accepting the invitation of the Boston violin maker, and saved up his wages for a year by sore deprivations, and started for Boston.

The violin maker received the uncouth frontiersman kindly. Gordon rented a 6 by 8 room in an obscure corner of Boston, and every morning and evening he walked several miles to and from the violin maker's establishment.

He lived on 15 cents a day. But he learned how to make violins, and before he left Boston to return to his rough Wyoming life he had made one all by himself that the Boston maker said could scarcely be beaten for workmanship and tone by makers who had spent their lives on the technique of the business.

Things came Gordon's way a few years after his return to Wyoming, and when he found himself set up in the ranchman's business he went to work with renewed vim on the one passion of his life. He started in to make violins for friends who had been kind to him during his hard years, and he is still making them.

He now has plenty of leisure, most of which he devotes to violin making. He produces one instrument a year, giving it to some friend who has a youngster that has shown aptness in the study of the instrument.

Violinists of note in the Western country and orchestra leaders in Pacific coast cities who have run across Gordon's violins and been amazed at their beauty of tone have vainly besought him to make instruments for them and have offered him all sorts of prices to undertake the work. But he steadily declines to entertain such offers.

He tells them that he has all the money he wants that he does not expect to live much longer, and that he is having all the fun that's good for him making fiddles for his friends to play on while he's listening and for his friend's children to play on when he won't be around to listen.

A somewhat pathetic feature in connection with the old gentleman is that, enthusiastic as he has been all his life over violins and violin making, and deeply as he loves the music of the instrument when it is well played by others, he himself is no violinist, and "Money Musk" and "The Soldier's Joy" are about his limit.

GROWTH OF TELEPHONE.

There are some extremely interesting figures in the report recently issued by the American Telephone and Telegraph company, showing as they do the wonderful growth of the telephone service in the United States, says Harper's Weekly. In a quarter of a century this service has grown from small and not too cordially encouraged beginnings to 1,952,412 instruments in actual use and controlled by but one company today. Outside of this company, data concerning the business if independent concerns indicate that there are slightly over 700,000 telephones in use by their subscribers, so that the total number of instruments by means of which we Americans talk to one another reaches the extraordinary proportions approximating nearly 2,675,000. The wire mileage required for the operation of these instruments at the beginning of 1901 was 2,000,000 miles. It has been a marvelous growth in many ways, and not the least wonderful feature of the situation is that while the companies have prospered beyond measure, there has been no corresponding reduction in the cost of their service to their patrons. Day by day the mileage in wires piles up, and the number of instruments installed ever increases, but there is no indication anywhere that talk is any cheaper than it was in the days when there was less of it because of a lesser opportunity to indulge in the exercise. This would seem to be a condition opposed to all the laws of supply and demand.

"My friend," said the missionary who was trying to convert the wealthy mandarin, "do you not know that it is easier for the camel to get through the eye of a needle than—" "Than it is for me," the mandarin interrupted, "to get through the need of an idol, eh? Very true."

An ingenious method of obtaining a reputation for patriotism cheaply has been invented by certain Berlin publicans. On their shop fronts they hang legends to this effect: "So long as the war in South Africa lasts I forbid any Englishman to enter my premises." The use of this placard is, it is said, entirely confined to houses of a class that never entertained an Englishman in the course of their existence.



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Every pain of any name quickly yields to its soothing influence. Famous for 40 years.

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Sold everywhere in 25c, 50c and $1.00 bottles.
HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

JAR OF GOLD

Said to Be Worth $50,000 Left By a Stranger.

Anderson, Ind., March 21.—A stranger strolled into the town of Summitville a few evenings ago and told Henry Cosey, merchant, that he had just returned from Alaska, and carried with him a fruit jar full of what he represented were nuggets of gold. He wanted to leave the alleged precious jar in Cosey's safe, and succeeded. He said it was worth $50,000.

The stranger departed, saying he would return for the jar. Cosey became alarmed, and persuaded Maurice Warner, banker, to place the jar of alleged nuggets in the bank vault. He did so, and the town marshal put an extra guard on the bank. The stranger will have to identify himself and explain considerably to obtain the jar.

The banker is skeptical about it.

SECRET MARRIAGE

Of Iowa Banker to Indiana Society Woman.

Chicago, March 21.—During the progress of a dinner at the Palmer house, the host, S. M. Highlands, a wealthy resident of Clinton, Iowa, surprised his guests by announcing that he had been secretly married in February to Mrs. Sue H. Neely, a society leader and club woman of Muncie, Ind.

Mrs. Highlands was introduced and the details of the wedding made public. It had been decided that the wedding should take place in Chicago, but a square-jawed clerk in the county building refused to withhold the license from the newspapers. A hurried trip was then made to Joliet, where Rev. Dr. Duncan C. Milner, of the Central Presbyterian church, performed the ceremony.

Mr. Highlands returned to Clinton and his bride to Indiana, Tuesday they met at the Palmer house, and after several weeks' visit in Chicago will go to New York and sail on the Lucania April 12 for Europe. Mr. Highlands is a banker in Clinton and is also president of the Clinton Gas and Coke company and the Clinton Electric company.

WOULD SMASH THE CLUB.

If members of the "Hay Fever association" would use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the club would go to pieces, for it always cures this malady, and Asthma, the kind that baffles the doctors—it wholly drives from the system. Thousands of once-hopeless sufferers from Consumption, Pneumonia, Bronchitis owe their lives and health to it. It conquers Grip, saves little ones from Croup and Whooping Cough and is positively guaranteed for all Throat and Lung troubles. 50c. $1.00. Trial bottles free by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

PARENTS SAW

Young Folks Meant Business and Quit Fight.

Owensboro, Ky., March 21.—Miss Katherine Argust, aged 18, and Henry Sherwood, aged 19, eloped for Rockport, Ind., to get married, but their buggy mired down and they had to come back. When their parents met them and were assured by the pair that they would certainly marry they secured a license and a minister for the young couple and had the ceremony performed.

CARNEGIE LIBRARIES

Will Be Furnished to Three Wisconsin Cities.

Milwaukee, March 21.—Three Wisconsin cities yesterday received letters from Andrew Carnegie stating that he would furnish money for public library buildings provided that the common schools of each city appropriated 10 per cent of the amount of the gift for the maintenance of the buildings and that suitable sites be furnished.

Waukesha will have a $15,000 structure; Baraboo, $12,000, and Monroe, $20,000. The requirements attending the gifts will be met.

STREET DUEL

Between Man and Woman at Albion, Neb.

Albion, Neb., March 21.—Mrs. Amelia Patterson and George Thompson participated in a street duel yesterday, in which Thompson was shot twice and James Fory, a bystander, received a bullet in the leg. Thompson also fired five shots at Mrs. Patterson, none of which took effect. Thompson's wounds are dangerous, but that of Fory is not serious. The shooting was the result of a divorce and damage suit which has been occupying the court for some time and in which Thompson and Mrs. Patterson are the principals.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

IRISH JIG DANCING.

Challenge Issued By the Mayor of Hinckley.

Hinckley, Minn., March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Dennis Brenna, mayor of Hinckley, one of the best Irish jig dancers in the West, has issued a challenge in the Hinckley Enterprise to any Irish jig dancer for a contest to be held in the village hall in Hinckley. Contest to include the Liverpool hornpipe and all other Irish and Scotch jigs and hornpipes. Proceeds to go to the church. Each contestant to choose a judge and they a third. Mr. Brennan selects John D. Murphy, ex-mayor of Tower, as his representative on the board of judges.

Contagious Blood Poison

Is the name sometimes given to what is generally known as the BAD DISEASE. It is not confined to dens of vice or the lower classes. The purest and best people are sometimes infected with this awful malady through handling the clothing, drinking from the same vessels, using the same toilet articles, or otherwise coming in contact with persons who have contracted it.

It begins usually with a little blister or sore, then swelling in the groins, a red eruption breaks out on the body, sores and ulcers appear in the mouth, the throat becomes ulcerated, the hair, eye brows and lashes fall out; the blood becoming more contaminated, copper colored splotches and pustular eruptions and sores appear upon different parts of the body, and the poison even destroys the bones.

Ten years ago I contracted a bad case of Blood Poison. I was under treatment of a physician until I found that he could do me no good. Then began taking S. S. S. I commenced to improve at once and in a very short time all evidence of the disease disappeared. I took six bottles and today am sound and well.
R. M. Wall, Morristown, Tenn.

S. S. S. is a Specific for this loathsome disease, and cures it even in the worst forms. It is a perfect antidote for the powerful virus that pollutes the blood and penetrates to all parts of the system. Unless you get this poison out of your blood it will ruin you, and bring disgrace and disease upon your children, for it can be transmitted from parent to child. S. S. S. contains no mercury or potash, but is guaranteed a strictly vegetable compound.

SSS

Write for our free home treatment book and learn all about Contagious Blood Poison. If you want medical advice give us a history of your case, and our physicians will furnish all the information you wish without any charge whatever.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

REDEEMING THE TIME

International Sunday School Lesson For March 23rd, 1902.

Ephesians 5:11-21. "Have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, but rather even reprove them; for the things which are done by them in secret it is a shame even to speak of. But all things when they are reproved are made manifest by the light, for everything that is made manifest is light. Wherefore he saith, Awake, thou that sleepest, and arise from the dead, and Christ shall shine upon thee.

Look, therefore, carefully how ye walk, not as unwise, but as wise; redeeming the time, because the days are evil. Wherefore be ye not foolish but understanding what the will of the Lord is. And be not drunken with wine, wherein is riot, but be filled with the Spirit; speaking one to another in psalms and hymns and spiritual songs, singing and making melody with your heart to the Lord; giving thanks always for all things in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ to God, even the Father; subjecting your selves one to another in the fear of Christ."

Golden text: "Be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess." Ephesians 5-18.

IN THE LIGHT OF GOD.

"Be ye therefore imitators of God, as beloved children; and walk in love, even as Christ also loved you," is language that exhorts to high living. It is the call that Paul made to the Ephesian Christians to walk in the light of God as that light was shed through Jesus Christ.

If we walk in the light as He is in the light, the blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth us from all sin, and we have fellowship with the followers of God. But fellowship with the doers of evil is forbidden by the injunction of the apostle as well as by every canon of moral judgment. "Be not ye therefore partakers with them" does not necessarily mean that there must be no contact with evil doers, nor does it forbid all intercourse with those who do not obey our rules of righteousness, but it does forbid all participation in the unfruitful works of their evil lives. Furthermore, there can be little intimate fellowship between two persons, one of whom finds joy in evil doing and the other of whom gets the chief solace of his life out of the consciousness of a sense of right to which earnest obedience is yielded. How can two people walk together except they be agreed? is a question that was asked by Amos several centuries before Christ, and it finds its Christian counterpart in the demand of our faith that those who profess it give the most diligent heed to make their daily conduct comport with the high spiritual character of our religious principles.

The children of God are called upon to prove by their practice in daily life the possibility and desirability of those things that the Scriptures account to be well pleasing unto God. This must be done by refusing to do the evil, by reproving the evil, and by doing the good. This sort of proof of the right is well illustrated in that abstinence pledge that was signed by Frances Ridley Havergal, in 1879, and that reads, "In view of the great dishonor done to our most gracious God and Savior, and in consideration of the damage temporal and eternal, to our fellow creatures through the use of strong drink; I agree to abstain from all intoxicating liquors as beverages, and to discountenance their use by others." With both words and deeds each believer ought to make manifest the light of divine truth that is in him.

Evil is accounted to be darkness in the language of Scripture. It is hence said to be unfruitful, for without light there can be no fruit bearing. In a negative way evil does bear fruit, however, "For, he that soweth unto his own flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption." The wages of sin is death, and death is a reaper that never tires of using the sickle no difference how heavy the harvest may be. But sin never yields man beneficial fruit; you may as well expect the devil to do your menial service out of love unrequited.

The deeds of darkness are so morally repulsive that it is shameful even to mention them in the light. They hide their heads and go slinking away into the hollow recesses of some slimy cavern. No, evil does not always do that at first. It presents a bold front and assumes in the garb of respectability, and parades in the company of the upright seeking to learn their manners and language, that it may the better delude the unwary into yielding to its subtlety. But, like the cup that glistens out its allurements at first and later bites like a serpent and stings like an adder, the eventful end of iniquity is to bedraggle one's soul and body in the cesspool of vice, whose enormities cannot be mentioned in society without an apology or a blush of shame.

This is the judgment of God, said Christ. Light is come into the world, and men loved darkness rather than light. And the sorrow of it all is that the more men need the light of revelation the more are they apt to withdraw themselves to the inner recesses of darkness. The business of the church and of all Christians is to flood the dark places with the precious beams of the sunshine of heaven. If the sunshine of let in there can be no darkness, except the curtains be drawn to shut out the light. But how many there are who hear the call, "Awake thou that sleepest," and respond with a yawn of rebellion and a cry to blind the sunbeams! Then they draw the coverlid tight over their eyes, and there is no more spiritual vision!

RIOTOUS LIVING.

The admonition of Paul, not to be drunken with wine, as given in the eighteenth verse, has an essentially religious motive; at least it had for the people to whom the words were first addressed. The experience of the disciples on the day of Pentecost indicates that there was danger of confusion between the exhilaration of intoxicating liquors and that produced by the infusion of the Holy Spirit. Hence Paul advised the Ephesians against overindulgence in wine, lest people have difficulty in knowing whether they were filled with wine or with the Spirit of God. There was the additional religious motive, that the heathen festivals induced a riotous indulgence in wine that was very shameful, and the Christians who had come out of heathenism were under obligation to present an example of godly living.

Perhaps this was the primary reason for total abstinence among the prophets culminating with John the Baptist. At any rate the obligation was and is laid on each believer to present genuine religious worship before the throne of God. To do this he must keep himself pure from the defilements that accompany the use of intoxicants. Lewd and boisterous songs often accompany the drinking of liquors, but the believer ought to sing the songs of praise and worship to God. How can he do this sincerely if he defiles his tongue and his heart with the songs of Belial!

Riotous indulgence unfits one for the service of both God and man. In the great Indian mutiny among the Sepoys, Sir Henry Havelock was accustomed to lead the soldiers under his command in religious exercises, and to impose upon them total abstinence obligations. They came to be known as Havelock's Saints, and were often sneezed at by other soldiers and officers; but in the Burmese war there was a sudden attack by the enemy, and the British general was in despair because so many soldiers were drunk. He did not know what to do, until some one suggested that he send for Havelock, who was always ready for action, and whose men were never drunk. The suggestion saved the command and averted a terrible disaster.

The way of human life is strewn with wreckage that is enough to sadden the hardest heart, brought down by drink. The railroads have a custom of weeding out incapacitated rolling stock and pushing it off to some out of the way place to be destroyed as worthless. So, great business and industrial concerns pick out the men who have made themselves untilt for usefulness by liquor drinking and shunt them off the track of position and pay to be utterly consumed by their lusts unless they awake from their sleep of sin and show the power of risen manhood. These men discharged "to guard against accidents," and "because of responsibility of position," and "because of the unreliability of drinking men." So says the government report on the liquor problem. Ruined by strong drink is the verdict pronounced over many a blighted life.

REDEEMING THE TIME.

It was once said by Mr. Jacob A. Rlis: "Doubtless drunkenness ruins many homes, but friends, I have seen many homes which caused drunkenness." Christian people have a large obligation on their shoulders in dealing with the liquor problem. They must seek to remove everything that induces drinking to excess and must cultivate habits of thought and practice that will tend away from drunkenness. The most prominent thing today in the temperance world is the the movement in Great Britain to secure a million signers to the total abstinence pledge. This movement is being led by an eloquent American, Rev. J. G. A. Henry, who is an officer of the New York Anti-Saloon league. The campaign was begun several months ago, and has since grown to such proportions that new plans have lately been adopted for the continuance and enlargement of the effort.

The church needs to redeem the time in its efforts to crush this vice, and many who are victims of the vice need to redeem the time that remains to them in serving the God who has been so merciful to them in all their riotousness. By this expression, redeeming the time, the apostle means the careful use of time in the interest of the best ends of life. Sometimes time makes slaves of us, but the wise man so controls his time that it follows him as his slave. Care in what one does lends one into the moral strength of good habits that are the sure criterion of wisdom. The will of the Lord is the part of human wisdom, which, if a man seeks, he turns his face out toward the light of salvation.

In the matter of liquor drinking each person ought to subject his own pleasure to the good of others. It is the part of the Christian to deny himself even things that may be harmless to him, if their use by him will tend toward the detriment of others. Paul's doctrine about our duty to the weaker brother should be engraved upon the tablet of each believer's memory. Fear of contravening the will of Christ and love for God and for man are social motives that ought often to react on character to refine and ennoble it. This is the import of the closing words of the Scripture lesson of the day, "Subjecting yourselves one to another in the fear of Christ."

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

HIS NIECE

Married By an Aged Man In Missouri.

St. Louis, March 21.—As a sequel to the marriage of Henry Domire, 60 years old, of Enfield, Ill., to Miss Nettie Wiemann, 25 years old, of Cincinnati, Ohio, at Clayton, Mo., a telephone message was received from Sheriff Eugene Ackman, of Carmi, White county, Ill., saying that the young woman whom Domire married is hte old man's niece. Sheriff Ackman said that Domire and his bride are at their home, and the neighbors are considering plans for laying the matter of the marriage before the grand jury of White county, which is now in session. Domire owns a large farm near Enfield. When he was in Clayton he was well supplied with money. He has only one eye. The young woman is said to be prepossessing in appearance.

SAVED

By Papers In His Pocket Which Deflected a Bullet.

Indianapolis, March 21.—Shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday morning, as Capt. Martin Hyland, of the metropolitan police force, was passing the Fulton market on Maryland street, near Virginia avenue, he noticed a freshly broken plate glass window. He concealed himself in a dark alley and waited. Soon he noticed a man skulking toward the window.

Waiting until he stepped inside Hyland slipped up and found the fellow working at the cash drawer. Covering him with his cocked revolver, Hyland remarked, "Your game is up; come out." Like a flash the fellow whirled, revolver in each hand, and blazed away at Hyland. Hyland returned the shots. Then the fellow ran to the rear of the store, smashed another plate glass window and jumped to the pavement, Hyland running around the building to head him off. Both men fired again at short range, Hyland exhausting his weapon, the burglar hitting Hyland once in the side, the bullet being deflected outward. Hyland attempted to close with him, but the burglar ran up the avenue, with Hyland, short winded, shouting: "Head him off!" The shots were heard by Benjamin A. Bell, merchant policeman, who attempted to intercept the fugitive and fired three shots.

The fellow did not slacken his speed, but when within thirty feet of Bell let fly two shots, one bullet striking Bell in the forehead, a glancing shot which felled him to the ground and stunned him. After this it was easy sailing for the burglar and he escaped. He was trailed for some distance by spots of blood, indicating that one or more of Hyland's bullet's took effect.

So confident are the police that Hyland wounded his antagonist that at roll call the police force offered $100 for any tip showing where the injured burglar might be hiding or for information that might establish his identity. The bullet which struck Hyland passed through his overcoat, undercoat and vest, and also perforated eight warrants and two subpoenas in an inner pocket, together with a double thickness of underclothing, before entering his side. This alone prevented the wound from being serious.

STINGING BLOWS

On Face Administered By Mrs. Knorr to Miss Kots.

She Broke Her Whip and Then Used Her Fists.

A Startling Encounter Between Two Women at Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, March 21.—A violent and startling encounter between two women, one armed with a short blacksnake whip, occurred on Euclid avenue, in front of the Garlock hotel. The participants were Mrs. Mary Knorr, wife of J. A. Knorr, a New York traveling salesman, and Edith Kots, a young milliner, employed by a West Side dry goods house. The latter was the one attacked and received a severe beating.

Miss Kots alighted from a Euclid-avenue car in front of the hotel and made her way to the sidewalk. Hardly had she set foot on the flagging when the older woman, who had been noticed walking up and down before the hotel, drew from beneath her coat an ugly looking, short whip, and struck the other a stinging blow squarely across the face. Miss Kots uttered a piercing scream and attempted to run, but was grasped by Mrs. Knorr, who was her assailant. The latter then rained blows upon her shrieking captive.

"I'll teach you to let my husband alone," cried Mrs. Knorr, and continued to lash her victim with such violence that the whip broke in her hand. Throwing down the now useless weapon she seized the young woman by the hair and swung her clear off the ground. "Don't let her kill me, don't let her murder me," screamed the girl, as she was thrown to the sidewalk. Several men were standing on the hotel steps at the time, but so sudden was the attack that no one lifted his hand to interfere. When Miss Kots had been thrown from her feet it is said Mrs. Knorr struck her several blows in the face with her fist, and then, seemingly satisfied, hurried off down the street.

HAD FITS

Of Anger When He Struck Her, Said Pastor's Wife.

Pittsburg, March 21.—The congregation of the German Protestant church, of Allegheny, has instructed its pastor, Rev. Paul Relkow, to sever his relations. Two weeks ago Charles Gassner, janitor of the church, preferred charges that the minister had beaten his wife on several occasions. Gassner testified at a secret meeting of the church council that he had seen the minister knock his wife down.

A committee examined Mrs. Relkow. She at first refused to testify, but when pressed with the story of the janitor, confessed that her husband had hit her several times and had blacked her eye. She gave as an excuse that he was in "fits of temper" when he assaulted her.

Mr. Relkow denied the charges at a meeting Sunday night, but the congregation voted his expulsion. The rules of the church permit him to remain three months. He departed today for the East, and his decision cannot be learned. He came here from Girard, Pa.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. F. Ford and her sons left for their new home in Washington state yesterday.

J. Adam Bede was in town yesterday putting up political fences.

Mrs. A. Cox and her little daughter, Lydia, will return home on Saturday.

The Cloquet board of trade has closed for want of business.

Steps are being taken to carve out a new school district for the village of Scanlon.

John S. Costigan has departed for the city of St. Louis.

H. G. Stevens is spoken of for president of the village the ensuing year.

So far only four candidates for village recorder are mentioned, George Cookson, John F. Ryan, Albert Bilxt and Fritz Gustafson. The job pays $150 a year.

W. H. Skemp is just recovering from a fit of sickness.

The general quarantine on account of scarlet fever will be removed Saturday. That means that all the churches will be open on Sunday for services, and the schools will be in session on Monday morning.

Louis Blomberg is to erect a new store building on Cloquet avenue east.

Only one death from scarlet fever this week, the litte child of W. S. Peterson in Eastern division.

Charles Edmondson is confined to his bed by lung fever.

Joe Yell has just completed his new barber shop and moved from his old shop on Thursday's point. Mr. Yell has one of the finest tonsorial parlors in Cloquet and there is nothing finer west of Duluth. It is fitted out with plate glass mirrors and the latest invented Koch chairs. The parlor is on Cloquet avenue, just west of Ninth street.

DEATH-DEALING DEVICE

Rigged Up By Bronner to Kill Employer.

Hamilton, Ohio, March 21.—Charles Bronner, a tenant of Henry F. Schuler, a farmer, was put under bond in a magistrate's court on the charge of assault with intent to kill. Broner is charged with having rigged up a unique death-dealing machine for the purpose, it is said, of killing his employer. It is charged that he loaded a double-barreled shotgun and fastened it to a frame in Schuler's barn, with the muzzle of the weapon pointed toward the door. A soft wire was attached to the triggers of the gun and to the door in such a way that when any one opened the door the firearm would discharge both loads.

Mrs. Schuler had occasion to send her 12-year-old son to the barn on an errand, and as he opened the door both loads were fired off. The salvation of the boy's life is due to the fact that he is small of stature. The shot went over his head, and he fled to his home, more frightened than hurt. Bronner's arrest followed.

BANK BOOKS

Jumbled By a Bill of Peculiar Character.

New York, March 21.—C. A. Pomeroy, of No. 127 Duane street, has a bank note of United States currency, the denomination of which has been in doubt for thirty-eight years, and yet figures telling its value are printed plainly upon both its sides. On one side is the face of a 10-dollar bill, while on the reverse is printed the back of a 20-dollar bill.

Three other bills like the one Mr. Pomeroy owns were issued by the United States treasury in 1864, and each was bought back by the government for $300. Mr. Pomeroy, who received the strange bill from his uncle, the late C. S. Upton, formerly of Rochester, N. Y., has been offered $300 by the treasury, but has refused it. Recently the bill was deposited with the cashier of a well-known bank, with the understanding that it was to be returned after it had passed through the hands of several clerks. That day the bank's cash failed to balance.

The bill was issued to the Second National bank of Springfield, Mass. It bears the signatures of L. Warren, Cashier, and H. Alexander, Jr., President.

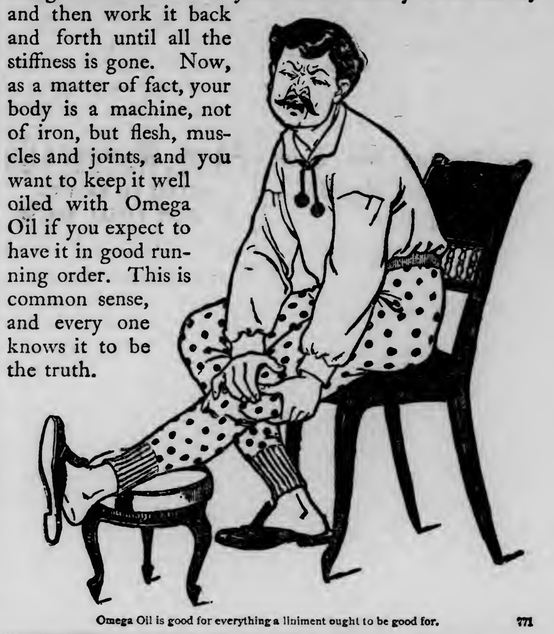
MYSTERY DEEPENS.

Disappearance of College Freshman Cannot Be Solved.

Grinnell, Iowa, March 21.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Roy McNamara, the Iowa college freshman, is deepening. The college faculty has invoked the aid of the entire police force of the state in the search for the missing student. The search so far has been unsuccessful. His father, Rev. J. E. McNamara, of Onawa, arrived yesterday morning and believes his son has become deranged and that he is now wandering about the country. The college is greatly stirred up over the affair. The police all over the state have been notified and the surrounding country thoroughly searched. Rev. McNamara scouts the suicide theory.

Stiff Joints
Omega Oil

What a stiff joint needs more than anything else is Omega Oil. The next need is plenty of massage, or rubbing. The rubbing makes the blood flow faster, and the Oil loosens up and softens the hard, stiff places. The first thing to do with a stiff joint in machinery is to oil it, and then work it back and forth until all the stiffness is gone. Now, as a matter of fact, your body is a machine, not of iron, but flesh, muscles and joints, and you want to keep it well oiled with Omega Oil if you expect to have it in good running order. This is common sense, and every one knows it to be the truth.



Omega Oil is good for everything a liniment ought to be good for. 771

FREE TO WEAK MEN
"CALTHOS"

Lends a Helping Hand To All Sufferers From

Lost Manhood and Nervous Debility.



Sent Absolutely FREE To All Sufferers, by Sealed Mail.

No C. O. D. or PRESCRIPTION SCHEME

Until further notice the well-known importers, Von Mohl Co., of Cincinnati, Ohio, will send free to all who apply enough of their famous specific, "Calthos," for Nervous and Sexual diseases to last five days. In many instances where the ailment has not advanced to an extreme stage, this is sufficient for a cure. This is no C.O.D., Fraud or Prescription Scheme. Send your name and address to-day and "Calthos" will reach you in a plain sealed package by return mail.

The American rights for "CALTHOS" are controlled solely by The Von Mohl Company, who introduced it into the United States.

There is absolutely no publicity in receiving or taking it. Full directions and a treatise accompany it. When you have read these you will fully understand your own case and be able to be your own doctor. The Von Mohl Company is known as the richest and largest importing firm of its kind in the world, and its standing in the commercial world is ample proof of its straightforward business methods.

"CALTHOS" is the discovery of Prof. Jules Leborde, the most famous chemist in France. Before the introduction of this wonderful vitalizer, Medical Science agreed that there was no specific for lost manhood and the various forms of sexual weakness.

"CALTHOS" CHANGED THIS OPINION.

"CALTHOS" reaches the seat of disease as no other remedy can do, acting directly on Nerves, Circulatory System and Mucous Membranes. If you are weakened by indulgences in youthful errors, excesses in later life, overwork and worry, remember that "CALTHOS" is a guaranteed cure in all stages of sexual weakness before epilepsy, consumption or insanity has set in.

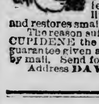
"CALTHOS" brings new life and new vigor, puts healthy glowing blood in the veins and brings back the springy, elastic step, sparkling eye and pleasurable sensation of younger days. It will restore that superb manhood that is the admiration of men and women.

If you would have freedom from forgetting weakness; if you would know health and happiness that comes from sturdy manhood, accept this offer to-day, bearing in mind that the "CALTHOS" department of the business is strictly confidential. Address,

The Von Mohl Co., 261 B, Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States. Cincinnati, O.

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

Thousands of sufferers are not cured by Doctors because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2276, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

PIANO PLANT BURNED.

Hardman, Peck & Co. Are Heavy Losers.

New York, March 21.—Hardman, Peck & Co., piano manufacturers, suffered a loss of $300,000, or possibly more, by the destruction last night by fire of their plant located at West Forty-eighth street and the North river. The fire started from some unknown cause in the packing room, which is in the three-story part of the big factory. There it spread quickly throughout the entire building. The roof of the building fell in soon afterwards and gave rise to the report that there had been an explosion. Just west of the three-story building, which was about 100 feet in length and right on the river front stood a frame stable. On the roof of this were a number of firemen. When the walls fell a lot of embers fell on the roof of the stable, injuring one fireman and one spectator.

From the first mentioned building the fire got into the firm's five-story structure and wrecked the upper portion of it. The loss was large because of the valuable machinery and woods in the burned building.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

SOME MEN REGRET THE PAST— **OTHERS ADVERTISE** And Overcome Present Difficulties

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

GLEN AVON LOTS CHEAP.

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water mains this summer; also a number of desirable **residence locations in East End**

PORTLAND

Division, and some

PARK POINT

Lots that are well situated for summer cottages.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

A GIFT TO OLD FIRST

J. J. Hill Generously Remembers Minnesota's Pioneer Regiment.

Sends Them Thousand Dollars to Spend on Reunion.

The Veterans Will Have Greatest Time In Their Existence.

St. Paul, March 21.—(Special to The Herald.)—The old First Minnesota is to have such a reunion this year as it never had before.

It will be held about June 21, in St. Paul, the anniversary of the day that the regiment left Fort Snelling, forty-one years ago for the South.

The St. Paul members of the regiment have been planning a great day of celebration, but these plans were enlarged beyond all speculation yesterday by the generous gift of James J. Hill.

The gift is the substantial sum of $1000, to be used to settle all bills to be incurred in giving Minnesota's pioneer soldiers and their families a real good time.

W. H. Hoyt, vice president of the association, who was active in securing the reunion for St. Paul at the last annual meeting at Waterville, Minn., is chairman of the committee on arrangements, and it was the recital by him to Mr. Hill of the details of the proposed program that inspired the handsome gift.

At least 100 members of the original regiment, with their wives and families, are expected to come to the reunion, and it is the intention of the St. Paul members to secure free entertainment for them during their stay of at least two days in the city.

In the evening the visitors will be guests at one of the opera houses, where they will be provided with free reserved seats.

Following are the present officers of the association: President, R. L. Gorman, St. Paul; first vice president, W. H. Hoyt, St. Paul; second vice president, Frank J. Mead, Minneapolis; secretary, R. A. Plummer, Minneapolis; treasurer, Mathew Marvin, Winona.

PRIVATE COLLECTIONS

Of Diamonds Owned By Wealthy American Women.

The complete splendor of such jewels as those stolen from the Burdens is revealed only on the rare occasions of fancy dress balls. These occur once in a decade or so; indeed, there have been but two that will hold for all time a place in New York's social history—that given in 1883, at her residence at Fifty-second street and Fifth avenue, by Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, now Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, and the one given by Mrs. Bradley-Martin fourteen years later at the Waldorf. The latter gorgeous and spectacular function was so denounced from the pulpit for its display of riches and extravagance—several clerical gentlemen even terming it an incentive to anarchy—that probably it will be many a day before we shall again have the four hundred arrayed in such purple and fine linen, says Ainslee's Magazine.

Fine linen, did I say? Why, the Field of the Cloth of Gold, arranged by that pauper, Francis the First, should be stricken in shame from the annals of France. On such occasions as these many women, viewed from the front, appear to be solidly armored in diamonds or pearls; others, as Joan of Arc, are clothed with cuirass, helmet and gauntlets of solid silver; still others, at a loss for novelty, jingle with coverings of gold coins; heavy bands of gold wind around waists and wrists and twine about bare arms from wrist to shoulder; jeweled lyre birds, pheasants and peacocks gleam gorgeously in many coiffures; gowns are embroidered almost to the hips with a dazzling glitter of all known precious stones; giant girdles and great ropes of diamonds and priceless pearls are tossed about in the movement of the dance; diamonds and pearls glittering everywhere, at throat, on the buckles of dainty shoes, covering sleeves in a perfect network, tipping the thousand-stringed fringe of a scarf; while a hundred women wear, not unbecomingly, crowds of diamonds that only one European empress might not envy—$20,000,000 in precious stones brought together on a single evening to make blinding the beauty of these queens of American society.

You think the amount exaggerated? Mrs. John Jacob Astor, third, frequently wore $150,000 worth of jewels at an ordinary reception and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt full $50,000 at a mere garden party. Pearl necklaces alone worth from $70,000 to $100,000 are not uncommon, one that cost $320,000 being occasionally seen, and more than one woman has $1,000,000 in gems from which to choose. Let me tabulate the value of the jewelry owned by comparatively a small number of New York's society women.

Mrs. William Astor	$1,500,000
Mrs. John Jacob Astor	1,000,000
Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.	1,000,000
Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont	1,000,000
Mrs. John W. Mackay	1,000,000
Mrs. Bradley-Martin	850,000
Mrs. Perry Belmont	80,000
Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs	800,000
Mrs. Orme Wilson	800,000
Mrs. Ogden Goelet	800,000
Mrs. Clarence H. Mackay	750,000
Mrs. Levi P. Morton	750,000
Mrs. Alfred Gynne Vanderbilt	750,000
Mrs. James A. Burden	750,000
Mrs. William Starr Miller	700,000
Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt	650,000
Mrs. W. Seward Webb	500,000
Mrs. William D. Sloane	550,000
Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard	500,000
Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney	500,000
Mrs. George Jay Gould	500,000
Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs	500,000
Mrs. Philip Rhinelader	500,000
Mrs. Charles T. Yerkes	500,000
Mrs. H. McKay Twombly	50,000
Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish	500,000
Mrs. Ernesto Fabbri	300,000
Mrs. David Hennen Morris	300,000
Mrs. Edwin Gould	300,000
Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Jr.	300,000
Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr.	250,000
Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr.	200,000
Total	$22,250,000

Here are the names of only thirty-four women, chosen almost at random, whose precious stones and jewelry are valued at $22,250,000. It can easily be shown that the figures are not unreasonable. The average annual importation of precious stones into the United States has for a long time been about $15,000,000. Thus, during only the past ten years we have received $150,000,000 in gems. Leopold Stern, the diamond importer, informed me that of this amount one-half is held by dealers throughout the country, and that of the remainder fully two-thirds have been sold to families and individuals in New York. This means that in the past ten years New Yorkers have bought $50,000,000 worth of precious stones, this sum not including the cost of their setting. George F. Kunz, the gem expert of the Tiffany company, says that in the entire country the diamonds alone are valued at $500,000,000, and that of this amount $170,000,000 worth are owned in New York.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway

Resumes dining car service. Beginning Friday, March 8, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway will resume their dining car service on trains 7 and 8 in and out of Duluth, serving dinner on No. 8, leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. daily, and breakfast on No. 7, arriving Duluth 9:55 a. m.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Good 7-room house and barn, Lake Ave. north (can also lease) **$1500**
A two-flat building near court house **$2600**
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn, inside **$2250**
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved **$1500**
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door **$500**
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock **Cheap**
A strictly modern and new 2-flat building, 5 rooms each **$3300**

Geo. A. Wieland & Co.,
109 Manhattan Building.

Your Rent is Going To Be Higher!

Why? Because the present rents paid does not cause any one to build to supply you with equal accommodations for the rent you are paying. The rent that caused the house to be built that you live in was considerably higher than you are paying now. More people are coming to the city who will be willing to pay more than you are and the first thing you know you will be moving further from the center of the city than you are at present living.

Houses and lots are still being offered at less than it cost to build the house. It is not too late to buy at low figures.

We have about thirty houses and lots for sale which have been practically rebuilt in the last four years, taxes and assessments all paid, which we offer to sell for $100 to $150 down and the balance to be paid on terms that are as easy to pay as rent and you are in the way of getting a home. We refer you to those who have bought of us and are getting homes of their own. We have a list of over fifty at the office, at

No. 100 Torrey Buileing,
First Floor, Near Elevator,
Chan Smith, Secretary.

WHY Pay Rent or Interest ?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

Membership Fee	Amount Subscribed for	Monthly Payment Before Maturity	Monthly Payment After Maturity
$3.00	$1,000	$1.35	$5.35
6.00	2,000	2.70	10.70
9.00	3,000	4.05	16.05

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 410 Palladio Bldg. Open till 8 p.m.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 309 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPTION book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1300 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, $3 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-14, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.
GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $ 5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.

These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment. Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings. 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $6000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

ENDION BARGAINS

$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.

$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.

$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.

$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.

If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless veg., safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., R. 089 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's. Lawn dresses from $3.50 up.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

BARGAINS!

15 acres finest shaded property on the lake shore near the pumping station.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

A 8-room house in the East End for $1200. Both 'phones.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

$5500 Nine-room modern house, first class repair, new open plumbing, new heating plant, stationary wash tubs, bricked in vegetable room, ash bin, beautiful fire place. Lot 50x140, upper side street; walking distance. Easy terms.

T. W. WAHL & CO. 201 Exchange Bld

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—LADIES' BICYCLE AND guitar, both in good condition. 729½ East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—DULUTH ATLAS—IN GOOD condition. Little & Nolte, No. 2 Exchange building.

FOR SALE—TEAM, WAGON, ETC., cheap; no use for them. Inquire of Schon, the blacksmith, Third avenue east.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE to be sold Saturday and Monday in the afternoon. 24 East Second street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—CONFECTIONERY AND stationery store. Address 2431 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD LIGHT DRIVERS and delivery horses; $75 and up. Dibbell-Gujer Livery company, 1925 West First street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BEDROOM FURniture, 710½ East First street.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, including three fine counter suits upholstered in silk. Address 107 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—TO SAVE STORAGE, HIGH grade mahogany parlor set, malachite Roman chair, bedroom sets, mahogany rocking chairs, porch set, quarter-sawed oak tables, large, swell front quarter-sawed oak sideboard, leather bed lounge, 63 yards new ingrain carpet; all cheap and good as new. 821 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—FAMILY TRAP AND SINgle harness. Cheap if taken now. 25 North Fifth avenue west.

PIANOS STEINWAY UPRIGHT Knabe—$100. Gabler upright, $100. Organs, $10, $15 and $20. Monthly payments. Every piano in stock one-half its value. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

PIANO MAHOGANY UPRIGHT used only a few months. Good as new, $148, $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$165 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant case, fine tone, best make; used eight months; cost $395 cash. I must have the cash as I am leaving the city. M. Lewis, room O, 111 West Superior street, Duluth.

ORGAN GOOD SECOND HAND INstruments $10, $15, $20 and $25. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 319 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO SECOND HAND SQUARE IN perfect order, best make, $65. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

Great Horse Auction Sale

At Duluth, Minn.

DON'T MISS IT! DON'T MISS IT!

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp, Barrett & Zimmerman will sell at auction at their Duluth, Minn., stables, 500 head of horses, including Farm Mares, Draft Horses, Delivery Horses, and a number of choice Drivers. Be on hand early, as the sale positively takes place on day and date advertised, rain or shine. This may be an opportunity of a lifetime of buying just what you want and what you need at your own price. Every horse sold must be just as represented or no sale. Private sales daily. Remember day and date of the auction, Saturday, April 5th, 1902.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Stable Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL, 230 WEST SECOND street, March 21.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—STRONG NORWEGIAN OR Finnish girl for kitchen. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake avenue Bethel.

WANTED—WASHER WOMAN, STEADY work, two days a week. 523 West Second street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 314 East Second St.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS, EXPERIenced in hand work. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid. 1619 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. 1105 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at once. 1405 East Superior street.

WANTED — A COOK AT COLUMBIA restaurant. 607 West Superior street.

WANTED — MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN for general housework. 504 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR second work at 301 East Fourth street; three in family.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS GIRL; FAMily of three. Good wages. 416 West Second street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no small children. Call 127 East First street.

WANTED — LAUNDRESS AT THE Children's home. 1722 East Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. Corner Mesaba avenue and Second avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO WORK on vegetable garden. Address J 81, Herald.

WANTED — A NO. 1 ROTARY SAW filer and general millwright would like engagement, or stock of small mill by the thousand. Address Box 15, Herald.

WANTED — BRIDGE CARPENTERS. $2.50 per day. Free fare. Apply 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED — BELL BOY. ST. LOUIS hotel.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO WORK on dairy and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BOOKKEEPer in real estate and insurance office. State experience and salary desired. P 68, Herald.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers. F. J. Mueller, 5 West Superior street.

WANTED — FOUR COAT MAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS COAT maker and a trousers maker. Janzig, tailor.

SALESMAN WANTED — TO SELL OUR window cleaner brush. Rubber and pail combined. No trouble to make $6 to $10 per day. Address Window Cleaner company, Dayton, Ohio.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — AS FIREMAN BY AN experienced hand. Call or address 113 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — TO GO OUT AND DO EMbroidery work and fancy sewing. Apply 2003 Twenty-fourth street, West Superior.

A BOY OF 14 YEARS OLD WOULD like a job in office or store, or any other place. Address Allck Pearson, 731 Garfield avenue.

GOOD SECOND COOK WANTS WORK in boarding house. Address J 68, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE ANY kind of office work. Address M 99, Herald.

DRESSMAKER WANTS WORK TO DO at home. Address 419 Lake avenue north.

WANTED — SITUATION, BY MARried man in wholesale grocery or retail store; nine years' experience. Address J 57, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY BOY OF 16, of any kind. Address J 56, Herald.

YOUNG MAN ATTENDING HIGH school would like a place to work mornings, after school and Saturday, for board and room. Can furnish best of references. Address J 54, Herald.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or any kind of work. Address J 65, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 605 West First street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE at East End for two months from April 1. No children. J. 63, Herald.

FOR RENT—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE, cellar, barn, water and nice garden. Lake avenue north, $15. G. A. Wieland & Co., 109 Manhattan building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 113 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM. No. 18 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat for six months or longer; central or East End. Address J 62, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue east.

WANTED—TO BUY.

IF YOU HAVE PROPERTY TO SELL on Mesaba range, send description and lowest cash price to J 58, Herald.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE— Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING. All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED, KRIStensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-5.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

BEST WORK, LOWEST PRICES. CHAS. Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1108.

CHARLES COWFELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 311 West Fifth street.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR-dyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 31, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 24, 1902. Work, third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work ——. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1. —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., in Kalamazoo block. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Schroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street. Eagles will meet Sunday at 1 p. m. in Kalamazoo hall preparatory to attending funeral of our late brother, Andrew Bloomer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DULUTH tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth.. Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ... Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:35	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P. M.	P. M.	Daily except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	....St Paul....	† 1:55 p.m.
‡ 11:10 p.m.	.Minneapolis.	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks, Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.		† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 330 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

20 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1902. TWO CENTS.

KILLED HIS BARKEEPER

St. Paul Hotelkeeper Held For Manslaughter.

Fred Bryan Struck Harry Morgan, an Employe.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fred Bryan, proprietor of the City hotel, was arrested last night on the charge of assaulting his bartender, Harry Morgan, and as the latter died at 2:20 this morning, the charge was changed to that of manslaughter.

Bryan, it is said, has been drinking for some time, and last night at 7:30, in the course of an altercation with Morgan, he is said to have dealt him a severe blow on the head with his fist.

Morgan was a comparatively feeble man, and he fell to the floor bleeding and unconscious. The city hospital ambulance was summoned and the injured man taken there. He died at 2:30 this morning without regaining consciousness.

Bryan has lived in St. Paul about two years, coming from Winnipeg. He conducted the Xtus saloon on Seventh street for a time, and last summer bought out the City hotel, 444 St. Peter street. He is a lacrosse player of note and is known as a man of violent temper and frequently got into trouble on the Canadian side owing to his pugnacious disposition. He says he simply pushed Morgan out of the saloon and that he fell to the pavement, stunning himself thereby.

Morgan was 40 years old and had been a barkeeper for years in the different local saloons.

INTO ENEMY'S COUNTRY

Imperial Tobacco Company Will Spend Millions In the United States In War With the American Tobacco Company.

New York, March 22.—In retaliation for the American Tobacco company's attempt to seize the English markets, the Imperial Tobacco company, of England, will, according to the Herald, carry the war into the enemy's country. Plans are now being perfected, and are nearly consummated, as a result of which millions may be spent in this country in a war against the American company that will be stupendous.

It will be through the Universal Tobacco company and its allied corporations that the war will be waged here. This alliance, it is learned, is now almost ready to begin an aggressive campaign, one of the main objects of which will be to keep the American company so busy at home that it will have neither opportunity nor desire to further continue its foreign aggressions, so far, at any rate, as Great Britain is concerned.

The Imperial Tobacco company is associated in a close offensive and defensive alliance with the Universal Tobacco company, the Havana Commercial company, the Havana Companies, limited, the Henery Clay-Bock company, the Weissinger company, of Louisville, Ky., and the Anderson Tobacco company, of this city.

"MENTIONED" TO SARGENT

St. Louis, March 22.—Frank P. Sargent, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, who has been mentioned as the successor of T. V. Powderly as commissioner of immigration, is in St. Louis. He denies the position has been offered him "officially," but admits he has talked with the president on the general subject of immigration and that a man "not in any way conected with the administration," has asked him if he would take the position.

ONE MYSTERY IS CLEARED

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Jacob Eignemann, 740 Third street north, Minneapolis, last night identified the body of the man found in the river yesterday as that of his brother, Philip J. Eignemann. The deceased had a difficulty with his wife and son about a year ago and left them. He formerly lived at North St. Paul, employed by the Luger Furniture company as a cabinet maker. He worked for them and lived with his brother in Minneapolis. He disappeared from his brother's home Jan. 8, and is thought to have thrown himself off the stone arch bridge into the river. The remains were taken to Minneapolis for burial.



SANTOS-DUMONT, THE AIRSHIP INVENTOR, WHO WILL SOON VISIT ST. LOUIS.

Santos-Dumont, the world famous Brazilian aeronaut, has accepted the invitation of the Louisiana Purchase exposition's officials to visit St. Louis and will sail for America April 4. He will build a balloon shed at St. Louis for his airship and will assist the exposition officials in preparing for their great airship competition.

Thomas Dunn English.



DON'T you remember sweet Alice, Ben Bolt,
Sweet Alice whose hair was so brown;
Who wept with delight if you gave her a smile
And trembled with fear at your frown?
In the old churchyard in the valley, Ben Bolt,
In a corner obscure and alone,
They have fitted a slab of the granite so gray,
And Alice lies under the stone.

No more fitting epitaph could be placed on Thomas Dunn English's tomb than this: "He wrote 'Ben Bolt.'" The song appeared in the New York Mirror, N. P. Willis' paper, in 1843 and is known the world over. Du Maurier's "Trilby" revived interest in it a few years ago. The veteran poet, physician, lawyer and ex-congressman celebrated his eighty-second birthday in Newark, N. J., last June.

Thomas Dunn English is now said to be dying at Newark, N. J.

A NOVEL TURN TABLE

To Please Paderewski His Car Is Run on to Government Drawbridge at Davenport, Iowa, and Turned Around.

Davenport, Iowa, March 22.—Paderewski caused a lot of commotion among the yardmen of the Rock Island road here when he came from Chicago to Davenport to give a concert, traveling in his private car. Here he insisted that the car be turned around for the return trip, as he could not or would not sleep except with his head toward the engine. It was soon found that there was no turn table in this vicinity big enough for his 70-foot Pullman. After every scheme available in the railway yards had been tried, the railroad men had about determined to run the car to Colon, Ill., and around the "Y" formed with the Burlington tracks there, when someone suggested that the car be turned on the draw of the government bridge that crosses the Mississippi there. The draw was swung around a half circle and the car was ready for the pianist.

GERMANY'S BIG GAME

Large Squads of Laboring Men Are Being Sent to China to Complete Main Portion of Shan Tung Railway.

New York, March 22.—Germany is once more playing a strong game in China, cables the Berlin correspondent of the Herald. According to private dispatches recieved by the owners of mining and railway concessions here, large squads of laboring men have been ordered to the Shan Tung valley, whither special freighters of the North German Lloyd and Hamburg-American lines are en route with railroad material to complete the main portion of the Shan Tung railway which connects the port of Tsing Tau with a rich coal and mining district in Wei Sien and which must be completed by June 1 of this year, according to the conditions imposed by the Chinese government.

No secret is made of the fact that special syndicates are being formed to obtain possession of the Wei Sien mines while railroad lines are projected, not alone to all the corners of the rich Shan Tung province, but likewise to Kng Su and Chi Li, lying beyond the borders of the German sphere of influence.

KILLED AT SPELLING BEE

Jealous Loser On Being Turned Down By His Girl Shoots His Rival and the School Teacher.

Vienna, Ill., March 22.—At a spelling match given at the school house at Double Bridges, Simpson township, this county, a desperate shooting affray occured. Frank Rushing and John Adams, two young men of the neighborhood, had been paying their respects to the same young woman, and she had told Adams that she would have no more to do with him.

This so enraged him that, it is said, he swore vengeance on his rival. At the close of the exercises, as Rushing came out of the school house door, young Adams walked up behind him and, without a word of warning, shot Rushing in the back. Rushing fell off the porch and Adams shot him twice after he had fallen, inflicting fatal wounds.

Adams then shot Greely Jones, the teacher of the school, inflicting a slight wound in the shoulder, after which he escaped.

THOUSANDS ARE DYING DAILY

London, March 22.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Lahore says the plague mortality has reached 2000 daily. The outbreak, which is the worst on record, is attributed to the policy of non-interference in caste customs.

WILL BE A SCORCHER

G. A. R. Pension Committee to Roast Evans Hard.

Will Report Investigation Without Recommendation to President.

Commander Torrance to Maintain Silence on Subject.

Minneapolis, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—According to the judgment of a prominent Grand Army man of Minneapolis, who is in a position to know whereof he speaks on the subject, the report of the pension committee of the national G. A. R. on Pension Commissioner H. Clay Evans and his administration will be a scorcher. Commander-in-Chief Torrance, who as a member of the pension committee is thoroughly posted on the result of the investigations made by the committee and the deductions made by the committee, has maintained absolute silence on this subject.

Judge Torrance represents the conservative element of the soldiers' organization. John A. Rawlins' post, of Minneapolis, which post started the judge's commander-in-chief boom, is made up almost entirely of well-known and conservative men, and the commander-in-chief is unquestionably very greatly influenced in his more important official acts by his immediate surroundings.

It was stated by a thoroughly well-informed Grand Army man yesterday that notwithstanding the conservatism of Judge Torrance and the other members of the pension committee, the forthcoming report of President Roosevelt will be very unfavorable to Commissioner Evans. It is said that when the committee began its official inquiry into the management of the national pension bureau, each member of that committee resolved, as a matter of simple fairness, to set aside any and all prejudices against the pension commissioner, and judge of his merits on the facts as they would be developed. It is said that the commissioner showed very poor management and unfair treatment of the honest old soldier.

The committee, it is reported, decided not to make any recommendations to the president, but to simply give the plain facts.

TELEPHONE

Company Must Furnish Full Service to All Subscribers.

Detroit, March 22.—The Wayne county court, sitting en banc today, granted a mandamus requiring the Michigan Telephone company to extend to the remaining subscribers of the late Detroit Telephone company, which was absorbed by the Michigan company, its full service and connections. For a time after the absorption the Michigan company extended its ufill service to the subscribers of the Detroit company. Michigan rates were cut to the same figure as charged by the Detroit company, and most of the subscribers to the latter company then put in Michigan telephones, which were superior. Several months ago, when the Michigan company installed a new switchboard and raised its rates, the few demaining Detroit company subscribers' were cut off from the service and given connections only with each other. They petitioned for the mandamus. The case will be appealed to either the state supreme court or the United States courts.

The court holds that in buying out the Detroit Telephone company the Michigan company bound itself to the terms and conditions of the ordinance under which the Detroit ompany operated, and that in onneting the two systems the Michigan company entered into a new contract, relations with the Detroit company's subscribers which cannot be set aside and disregarded now.

SLOAN WILL BE GOOD

And Hopes To Have His License Renewed.

New York, March 22.—Tod Sloan hopes to get his license from the Jockey club renewed next season by pursuing a blameless course as a trainer and rider in trials, says a dispatch to the World from London.

The king, the duke of Devonshire and Earl Cadogan are said to have backed Sloan's petition for a renewal of the license, but Lord Durham, a steward for this year, threatened to resign if the license was granted.

VESSEL ON FIRE.

Seen About Fifteen Miles From Kitty Hank.

Washington, March 22.—Chief of the life-saving service, Kimball this morning received a telegram from Kitty Hawk, N. C., stating that keeper of the Oregon Inlet life-saving station reports a vessel on fire about fifteen miles southeast of their station. The keeper of the station further reported that he saw a steamer pass the station at daylight this morning and this is believed to be the vessel that is on fire.

SMITH SENTENCED.

Des Moines, March 22.—Albert Smith was today sentenced to twenty-five years in prison for the murder of Bruce Martin, committed six weeks ago.

FLORENCE BURNS' CASE.

New York, March 22.—The hearing in the case of Florence Burns, who is accused of the murder of W. A. Brooks in the Glen Island hotel, this city on Feb. 14, was continued today before Justice Mayer in the court of special session.

CAMBRIDGE WON EASILY

Fifty-Ninth 'Varsity Race a Very Tame Affair.

Oxford Was About Eight Lengths In the Rear.

Putney, England, March 22.—The Cambridge crew today fulfilled the expectations of the prophets and won the fifty-ninth boat race with Oxford as they liked. The time was 19 minutes, 9 seconds. At no time throughout the race did Oxford in the slightest degree flatter the hopes of the supporters of the dark blue. Any possible chance which the Oxonians might have had was shattered by the result of the toss, giving the light blues (Cambridge) all the advantage of station. Immense crowds as usual turned out to view the contest, and the weather, though showery, was not so inclement as it had been most of the previous week. Cambridge was the first to take the water, Oxford following after a slight delay, and both crews paddled to the moored skiffs at the starting line. The start was delayed owing to the force of the tide, making it difficult to keep the boats noses straight.

Lieut. Col. Frank William, the umpire, finally got them away in a capital start. As was anticipated, the liveller stroke of the light blues gave them the earliest advantage, and their lead was increased at every stroke. By the time Craven steps were reached Cambridge had a clear length to the good, and it was patent to everyone that they had the race in hand, barring accidents.

Huntley's somewhat sluggish stroke appeared to be too slow to suit some of the powerful Oxford men behind him. Their weight would have told, at least in the earlier part of the race, had they been given more chance. As it was, each land mark on the river banks found them further in the rear, and at Harrod's stores their troubles were incerased by the wash of their works the dark blue stroke made his effort, and the Oxford crew struggled gallantly, but only for a short distance. Nelson (Cambridge) did not quicken his stroke and the gap was reduced to about a length as the boats shot under Hamersmith bridge. The effort took all the steam out of the Oxonians, their stroke dropped from 37 to 32 and the race was practically over. Cambridge came right away, piling comfortably at an average of 36 strokes to the minute and increased her lead without the slightest effort. Before reaching Barnes' bridge, the dark blues were in the greatest trouble, while the light blues, amid hearty cheers, paddled past the ship at Mort lake, the easiest winners of the tamest university boat race in many years.

The official time of finish was 19:09 and the distance separating the boats was officially given out as being five lengths, but it was nearly eight lengths.

The spectators, especially the Oxonians, were not slow to show their resentment at the somewhat rare spectacle of a university "eight" absolutely rowed out.

The defeated crew included the brothers Milburn. This was the first time on record that two Americans had participated in an Oxford-Cambridge boat race.

The experts agree that the two Buffalo boys showed fine style. Shortly after the race the Milburns informed a reporter of the Associated Press that they had been so well trained and coached that they had recovered from the strain and felt in fine condition. Many old blues congratulated the Americans on the fine showing they made, and hopes were freely expressed that they would both row next year. Large crowds of Americans were present to see the Buffalonians row.

opponents' boat. Off the Saccharine

REDUCTION OF NO AVAIL

Governor General Wood Insists That Twenty Per Cent From Tariff Is of No Benefit to the Cubans.

Chicago, March 22.—Governor General Wood holds that the contemplated reduction of 20 per cent in the Cuban tariff is not sufficient.

"The island is ready now to be turned over to the Cubans," said Gen. Wood to the Tribune's correspondent at Savannah, Ga., where he stopped on his way to Washington from Havana.

"I probably will remain in Cuba a few weeks after the change in governments, and we will probably keep a few troops on the island for a time after the change. It seems to be the wish of the Cubans that we do that."

Gen. Wood says that, unless a greater reduction in the Cuban tariff on sugar than 20 per cent is made, a crisis may soon be reported in the island.

"It is absolutely necessary to the welfare of the island that the tariff on sugar be reduced not less than 33 1-3 per cent. We may as well make up our minds to that, if the island is to prosper and we are responsible for the future of the island and its prosperity.

"I do not believe a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent on Cuban sugar and tobacco would be detrimental to any one in the United States.'

REIGN OF LAWLESSNESS

Epidemic of Crime at Lython Springs, Tex., Results In Movement of Citizens Posse Likely to Exterminate Outlaws.

Austin, Texas, Marh 22.—For the past two weeks there has been an epidemic of burglaries and lawlessness at Lytton Springs, this county, and last night it developed that the lawbreakers have organized into a sort of vendetta. Reports from Lytton Springs at midnight were that there had been trouble between the lawless element and the citizens. The outlaws are said to have assembled shortly after midnight last night and began their maneuvers by shooting into the Palmer house, which seems to be their central point of attack. The citizens turned out in pursuit with bloodhounds. The dogs were killed by the outlaws and at 1 o'clock this morning it is reported the outlaws are surrounded at Hollers Tank. They are said to be entrenched behind a dam, bidding defiance to the citizens' posse. Two of the posse have been injured and it is thought that the outlaws have suffered, as quite a number of shots have been exchanged. At 2 o'clock this morning, a posse of citizens left the city for the scene of the attack, and it thought that with the coming of daylight the outlaws will be captured.

CARNEGIE LIBRARIES

A List of Forty-Four Towns Receiving Gifts Ranging From Ten Thousand to Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

New York, March 22.—Andrew Carnegie recently announced at a dinner he had just given away thirty-eight libraries. A list of the towns where the libraries are to be placed, with the amount alloted to each, has been completed. In the list forty-four towns are mentioned. Among them are:

Reno, Nev., $5,000; Baraboo, Wis., $12,000; London, Ohio, $10,000; Blue Island, Ill., $15,000; Paris, Ill., $18,000; Maquoketa, Iowa, $10,000; Redfield, S. D., $10,000; Denver, Col., $200,000; Los Vegas, N. M., $10,000; Goderich, Ont., $10,000; Bozeman, Mont., $15,000; San Bernardino, Cal., $15,000; Danville, Ind., $10,000; Kokomo, Ind., $20,000; Santa Rosa, Cal., $220,000; Charlotte, Mich., $10,000; Brazil, Ind., $20,000; Oskaloosa, Iowa, $20,000; Yankton, S. D., $10,000; Berlin, Ont., $15,000; Benton Harbor, Mich., $15,000; Victoria, B. C., $50,000; Little Falls, Minn., $10,000; Newton, Kas., $10,000; Atlantic, Iowa, $12,500; St. Thomas, Ont., $15,000; Iowa City, Iowa, $25,000; Beatrice, Neb., $20,000; Cedar Falls, $10,000; Dennison, Iowa, $10,000; Hampton, Iowa $10,000; New Albany, Ind., $35,000; Tipton, Ind., $10,0000; Mt. Clemens, Mich., $15,000; Chicago Heights, Ill., $10,000; Waukesha, Wis., $15,000.

COMES UP THURSDAY

Mayoralty Contest to Be Heard In District Court Then.

Truelsen Files Affidavit of Prejudice Against Judge Dibell.

Judge Ensign and Cant Will Hear the Matter.

The mayoralty contest will be taken up in district court next Thursday morning, before Judges Ensign and Cant.

Judge Dibell was to have sat with the other judges, but Henry Truelsen, the contestant, has filed an affidavit of prejudice in which he asks that the other judges handle the case. He states no grounds, but the accepted theory is that Judge Dibell decided the contest two years ago, and that Mr. Truelsen lost at that time.

In his affidavit Mr. Truelsen states that he has "good reason to believe and does believe that he cannot have a fair trial of said action on account of the bias of Judge Dibell, and he makes this affidavit for the purpose of securing the trial of the same before the other members of the district court."

This document was filed this morning in the office of the clerk of district court, and as the custom is to always heed such requests whenever they are made, Judge Dibell will not sit on the contest.

The understanding has been that the mayoralty case would be taken up as soon as the jury cases were finished. They are not yet completed, but they will probably all be out of the way by Thursday, and as the case has been set for that day it will be taken up, in all probability, whether the jury cases are all finished or not.

Help build up the city by using a Duluth mach.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wall-paper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

TOUCHED.

Bowery Maiden's Chatter and Deftness Reaches Thomas King.

This is the flurry romance of a Bowery soubrette.

Thomas King raised his eyes to meet the demure orbs of Mary Johnson.

"If you are out for a time, sir, I know all the points for at high school I studied osteopathy," she said. "It will only cost you 50 cents an hour for my time as guide."

"I do not care for a time," he said. "Tell me the story of your life."

"My rates are $1 an hour for telling the story of my life," said little Mary archly. "But after all it is a simple tale of conscious but independent poverty. My father was an industrious manufacturer and vender of gold bricks. At a very early age I was born beside the sade sea waves—"

There was a tear in her eye, and as Tom brushed it away, he felt the pliant hands of the girl flush him for his change. Mr. King was touched.

A policeman caught her later and among other things placed a charge of drunkenness against her. She was sent to jail for sixty days.

* * *

M. J. Tantos, a man of the ancient Grecian style of architecture, was bound over to the grand jury today for abusing a horse. His bail was $500.

* * *

The case against Eli H. Scholette, charged with stealing a watch, was dismissed in police court this morning on motion of the prosecuting attorney.

Mr. Scholette is proprietor of the Model lodging house and he was charged with having taken the watch from one of his guests.

Still With the State.

The statement was made a day or two ago in The Herald that Charles C. Heale, of Minneapolis, state scale expert, had left the employ of the state and was handling an invention of his own in the scale line. The statement was incorrect. Mr. Heale still retains his position and is here on his semi-annual inspection of the scales of the state weighing department. His invention is being handled by one of the large firms of the country.

She Makes a Fight.

Vita Marie Lagnestra has filed an answer to the divorce suit brought against her by her husband, Dominico, in district court, in which Dominico alleged desertion. In answer to that the defendant says her husband left her in Italy and would not send her money to come over, and when she did come over he would not let her live with him. By way of rebuttal she accuses him of adultery with Marie Michaella Campagnia, and alleges that he was fined $100 in the municipal court for having improper relations with her. She does not ask for a divorce, however. Her only request is that her husband be denied his prayer for a separation.

A Lakeside Party.

Miss Mabel Hollister entertained a party of friends at her home at Lakeside last evening. Progressive dominoes was the prominent feature of the entertainment. Dancing was indulged in to some extent, and altogether the young people apparently enjoyed themselves to the limit. There were present: Misses Sarah Wesenberg, Mildred Dempster, Bessie Harsh, Janet Stewart, Fannie Baldwin, Ethel Bartlett, Alberta Mallman and Ida McDonald, Messrs. Garfield Wood, Ross McDonald, Fred Bartlett, Robert Burbank, Rolly Brooks, Don Dempster, Walter Buchart. Robert Burbank and Fannie Baldwin won the prize for highest number of games. There was a sharp competition for the booby prize, but Bessie Harsh won it by a narrow margin.

AT THE HOTELS

An enormous palm apparently denuded of all of its ambitious sprouting leaves, except their mere stubs, stood in the vestibule of the Spalding hotel last night. This morning it had moved into the center of the lobby, and the stubs had sprouted out during the night into glorious leaves rising six feet above the stem and that far on each side. It is said that at exactly midnight, Mr. Raidt approached the invader from the tropics, made a few mysterious passes at it, mumbled something that some disrespectful bystanders called jargon, and the leaves sprung out as if by magic. The suspicion has gotten abroad in the hotel that Mr. Raidt is an East Indian, and that his fluency with the German tongue is part of his method of disguising his relations to the Oriental black art.

The significance of this display is that tomorrow is Palm sunday.

* * *

Among the people from the iron range that came down to attend "King Dodo" last night were: Editor D. E. Cuppernull, of Virginia, and Mrs. Cuppernull, and Miss Spencer, of Tower, who are guests at the McKay.

* * *

William Sauntry came up from Stillwater last evening and is at the Spalding.

* * *

E. J. Boyle, a Rush City merchant, arrived in the city this morning. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. B. F. Smith and Miss A. S. Kibbey, of Virginia, are guests at the Spalding. They came down to see "King Dodo."

* * *

All the principal hotels were crowded last night, and turning people away. All the employes that usually lodge in the hotels went outside, and even then there wasn't enough room for guests. There is no question but that accommodations for the people that will come here during the early part of the summer season will not be available, and the situation seems to be growing so serious as to call for early consideration by the city's commercial interests. The St. Louis' addition may relieve the situation considerably before the middle of the summer, but if the general and commercial business continues on its present basis, the addition of the tourist travel will find accommodations here altogether inadequate, it is said, to meet in any sense the demand that will be made this summer.

* * *

John S. Snapp, who is connected with the Great Northern railway, came up from St. Paul this morning.

* * *

Dr. C. D. Harrington, of Minneapolis, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

Charles McKinney, of Cass Lake, arrived at the Spalding last evening.

* * *

G. H. Dorney, of Eveleth, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

P. R. Vail, of Ely, arrived in the city last evening. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

M. J. Carroll, Houghton; S. B. Sanderson, Chicago; W. S. Wertz, Sidney, Ohio; De Lancey Stone, New York; E. J. Sander, Albany; Carl J. Salon, Chicago; James H Fitzsimmons, New York; E. L. McMillan, M. E. Wallace, George H. Mars, Chicago; J. P. Cassel, Milwaukee, are at the Spalding.

* * *

Among this morning's arrivals at the St. Louis are: F. O. O'Brien, Chicago; M. J. Waulle, St. Paul; Robert R. Briggs, Eau Claire; J. N. Ady, M. Evans, St. Paul; Z. H. Hutchinson, Muscatine, Iowa; J. M. Smith, St. Paul; William Park, Fargo; H. A. Staples, Chicago, and J. J. McDonald, St. Paul.

* * *

The McKay's register includes the following: A. V. Jones, S. Sparta; F. W. Laird, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. G. Miller and boy, Two Harbors; F. H. Spence, Niagara Falls; A. A. Holliday, Milton, N. D.; W. J. Brown, Minneapolis; J. Owens, Tower; F. A. Hart, Sanborn, Wis., and W. Foshay, Appleton.

HE RETURNS.

M. S. Burrows Back From the East---Met C. M. Schwab.

After a busy month in the Eastern markets at New York city, Boston and Providence, R. I., M. S. Burrows, of the Great Eastern store, arrived in Duluth this morning. Mr. Burrows says that he is glad to get back to a spring climate once more after enduring the rigors of the winter he experienced in the East. He says that while he was in New York the weather there was worse than he ever saw at the head of the lakes.

The outlook in the business world for the coming season impressed him as being exceptionally good. While in the Eastern markets he had the opportunity of meeting and discussing trade with the merchants and buyers from other portions of the country and he found no exception to those who firmly believe the coming season will be the most prosperous one ever experienced by the wage earners and the merchant. The Eastern manufacturers are now weeks behind their orders for spring and summer goods and many of them have cancelled orders and began manufacturing fall goods believing that the present enormous demand will hold good for fall delivery as well.

Mr. Burrows went East for the special purpose of superintending the shipment of his spring and summer stock of clothing and other habiliments in the way of the furnishing line, and to select and have tested the fabrics that he will have made up for the fall wear of the Burrows' form-fitting clothing. This style of clothing Mr. Burrows introduced last year and so popular has the form-fitting clothing become among his patrons that he has ventured to largely increase his orders for the coming season. Owing to the difficulty that the retail merchants are meeting with in the Eastern markets to secure their goods, because of the overcrowding of the market, Mr. Burrows has been conducting a quiet investigation as to the feasibility of establishing a clothing manufactory of his own in this city. The outlook for Duluth as a manufacturing city was never brighter and Mr. Burrows may, possibly, be among those who will establish an industry that will add to commercial advantages afforded by Duluth.

While in New York city, through the courtesy of a friend Mr. Burrows had the pleasure of attending one of the large clubs and there met President Schwab of the United States Steel company. Mr. Schwab was interested to learn that Mr. Burrows was from Duluth and during a conversation referred to the importance in which the city is held by the officials of the big steel company. He predicted for Duluth a great future and said that the people of the Northwest would find that the steel company would not be one of the least of the factors in making Duluth the greatest city of the Northwest. He told Mr. Burrows that the immense operations planned by the steel company in the iron ore traffic for the coming season is but one instance of the benefit the company will be to Duluth and the range towns. Mr. Schwab predicted a great manufacturing growth of the city within the next five or six years.

Mr. Burrows believes the monetary agitation has been greatly exaggerated in the East. He says that the agitation was started by Wall street brokers for stock jobbing purposes. The business interests of the East all unite in saying that money was never more plentiful and easier than it is at the present time.

One of Mr. Burrows' first questions, on his return, was regarding the progress of the Duluth Commercial club. He is enthusiastic over the possibilities of such an organization and hopes to see one established here.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

As soon as Stone-Ordean-Wells Co. started to handle the Duluth matches, they were ordered to deliver all trust matches on hand to a rival concern.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

PETITION OF WOMEN

To Be Allowed to Vote at Parliamentary Elections.

The Dillon Episode Sends Them Running to Commons.

General Opinion In Ireland That Chamberlain Is Liar.

London, March 22.—The sensational exit of John Dillon, the Irish Nationalist, from the house of commons Thursday last as a result of his calling Mr. Chamberlain, the colonial secretary "a damned liar" continues to be the topic of the hour. The Irish Nationalist papers back up Mr. Dillon's declaration regarding Mr. Chamberlain's lack of veracity, with cheerful frankness though the Dublin Evening Telegraph remarks that Mr. Dillon was guilty of a slight anticipation regarding Mr. Chamberlain's damnation, which it says, is only coming through an insight a...ng "As to his being a liar that goes without saying."

One of the most amusing sequels of Mr. Dillon's forcible retort occurred in the grand committee room of the house of commons, where a deputation of women graduates was presenting a petition asking to be given the power to vote for the election of members of parliament. Miss Beatrice Harranden, the novelist, who was one of the delegates, warmly supported the petition, claiming it was unfair that women should have to pay the income tax and yet not be allowed to vote at parliamentary elections. The members of parliament who were listening were hurriedly called to take part in the dicision on Mr. Dillon's suspension.

William E. Lecky, the historian and Unionist member of parliament for Dublin university, who were among the members who had heard the statements of the supporters of the petition returned and addressed the graduates, saying he wondered if they would like a seat in parliament in view of the fact that they would run the risk at any moment of being called a "damned liar."

Mr. Lecky concluded with saying he believed the emotianal element in politics was quite unduly developed as it was without women entering the field.

The Duluth match is made by a company composed altogether of Duluth men.

Easter Millinery
Opening at Brandt's, Monday, Mar. 24.

DEATH COMES.

James T. Collins, Associated Press Operator, Dies at St. Mary's.

James T. Collins died at St. Mary's hospital early this morning from tubular pneumonia. While death was considered inevitubly shortly, it was thought that a brother, Harry Collins, might arrive here from Sacramento, Cal., before the end came. The latter is now on his way, and will arrive Monday. Pending his arrival, no arrangements will be made as to funeral or interment.

Mr. Collins for the past six or seven years had been an operator for the Associated Press, most of the time on the night "trick." He was one of the most expert receivers that ever took a press report in this city. The night report here is exceptionally heavy for one operator to handle, and is a hard test of the skill of the man at the listening end of the line. He was widely known among newspaper men and telegraphers all over the country because of his long service here, and every night since his condition became serious the men along the Associated Press system made connections with Duluth in order to learn some news about him. This was carried so far that the brother, receiving the night report in a newspaper office in Sacramento, was advised nightly of "Jim's" condition.

Those who are familiar with the laconic wit that passes between operators, particularly over press wires, when the line is idle a moment, know that some very brilliant things originate in these dialogues. Mr. Collins was accounted one of the cleverest at repartee on the Associated Press circuit. The bright things that originated in his dry humor have passed along over the whole system.

There was another and more serious side to his character, however, that was known only to those very close to him, and that fact is what causes his memory to be very dear to his friends and will live in their recollection for all time.

Mr. Collins was about 36 years old. He has no relatives living in Duluth. He was taken ill, supposedly with typhoid fever, about seven weeks ago. When the fever abated, it was found that a cold he had had from the beginning had developed into tubercular pneumonia, which is commonly known as quick consumption, and there seemed to be no way of affording permanent relief or recovery.

GIVES A RECEPTION.

Presbyterian Church Class Entertains Congregation.

The reception tendered by the members of Class 10 to the congregation of the First Presbyterian church last evening was a pleasant social event. The large church parlors were tastefully decorated with the national colors, while festoons of red, white and blue ribbons—the class colors—were used to add to the effect.

The guests were received by a reception committee headed by Judge Edson and sharply at 9 o'clock President R. D. Fox gave them the class greeting in a few well chosen words and, after the invocation by Dr. Cleland, Cowen's "Bridal Chorus," followed by Pinsuti's "Good-Night, Good-Night Beloved," was rendered by a quartet composed of Miss Susanne McKay, Mrs. Mark Baldwin, Mr. Gilbert and P. G. Brown, with Mrs. McLean as accompanist.

F. G. Callan then gave the class history, describing the religious, financial and social features of the organization, and inviting all young men with no other church connections to investigate the class.

More's "Without Thee" was then sung by Charles Applehagen, who was compelled to respond to a hearty encore. W. S. McConnish told a few stories in his usual happy style. The work of the class was exemplified by William Callan and R. G. Mace in two papers on the "Jewish Tabernacle" and "Herod's Temple," illusrated by plans, drawings and a model, while "My Dreams" and a German dialect sketch by Mr. Applehagen closed an enjoyable program.

IN DEFENSE OF WALLER

The Major's Counsel Will Show the Courtmartial That the Shooting of Natives Was Necessary and Justifiable.

Manila, March 22.—The prosecution in the trial by court-martial of Maj. Littleton W. T. Waller of the marine corps on the charge of executing natives of the island of Samar without trial closed today.

Capt. Arthur T. Marix of the marine corps, representingg Maj. Waller, then opened the defense by promising to show five things—the work of the firing party, the nature of Maj. Waller's services in Samar, the treacherous character of the natives, the conditions at the base and Maj. Waller's status there, and that the executions were necessary, lawful and justifiable.

Capt. David Porter of the marine corps testified that he was present when Gen. Smith gave Maj. Waller his orders, which Maj. Waller never exceeded. At the outset Maj. Waller warned his command that they were opposed by a treacherous, brave and savage foe, and that all treachery should be punished with death, and closed with an appeal to the command to remember the fate of their old China comrades of the Ninth infantry and avenge them.

"Heap Medicine Man"

And a Sure Loser.



There Are Many.

It's no use, old man, you can keep on trying them, one after the other, but the same old haunted look in your eyes, the same lantern, jaw and clothes that need a bicycle pump, will continue until you quit coffee.

There are hundreds of thousands of your type, sick and miserable half their lives, taking cathartic pills, stomach remedies, blood purifiers, tonics, and an endless string of remedies, some of which might be beneficial if you were not constantly pouring in a poison that keeps up your trouble, and that poison is coffee.

You say, "I ought to be able to drink coffee because I see others that use it and thrive," but, my dear man, your make-up may be so highly organized, or of such a character, that coffee, even one small cup a day, is an absolute poison to you.

You can prove whether or not it is, by leaving off coffee totally for a period of say ten days or a month. During this time eat plain food and drink Postum Food Coffee.

If your stomach gradually begins to recover, pulse beats right, and you lose the uneasy feeling of ill-health, you can safely conclude that coffee has been a poison to you, and if you want to do things in this world—make money, be a success, round out your body, and win friends by your good nature and helpfulness—you want to throw over your coffee and take in return all these good things. It's just sense, plain, good, common sense.

Underneath all this are reasons of the most scientific character known to the physicians and chemists. In a nutshell, coffee is a poison to many people. Take it away and introduce Postum Food Coffee, which is a liquid food of high character that at once begins rebuilding the destroyed nerve centers.

These are facts, facts, facts, and they mean health conferred and continued, if one will only wake up and take advantage of them. Remember Postum is a delicious beverage if made strictly according to directions, and that is easily done. Don't take any cook's excuse or statement that she followed directions. If your Postum comes to the table weak and unpalatable, you can depend upon it, the cook has slighted the job. It is the easiest sort of a proposition to make good Postum. It only needs attention. Put a piece of butter twice the size of a pea in the pot to prevent boiling over. All first-class grocers sell Postum.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Commercial club held a very important session last evening. The special order of the meeting was the proposition to bond the county to secure funds for a new court house. The matter was discussed to some extent and resolutions were adopted expressing it as the sense of the Commercial club that a new court house for St. Louis county is very desirable, and that the site of such building should be in the city of Duluth, at some point west of Second avenue west and in the central portion of the city. The club further resolved that the present time is propitious to he securing of a suitable site, and that if in the opinion of the county commissioners of St. Louis county the proper location can be secured, the bond proposition should be submitted to the voters.

J. Allyn Scott, secretary of the club, was instructed to interview all the subscribers to the original list of membership and obtain their consent to authorize the board of directors to proceed to active work with the money available. This activity is to include the renting of suitable quarters for the club and other minor details.

The West Duluth Steel plant ferry project was not discussed last evening, the transportation committee of the club asking for an extension of time in which to investigate the merits of the scheme.

The next meeting of the club will be held two weeks from last night.

FATHERS ADMIT IT.

Statement By Parents of Bourassa and Bentson.

The assault and trespass cases against Philip Bourasa and Bernard Bentson were dismissed in both municipal court and the West Duluth justice court yesterday, the defendants paying the costs. The following authorized statement has, however, been given out by the boys' fathers for publication:

"The undersigned have investigated the charges against Philip Bourasa and Bernard Bentson for their conduct at the match works in West Duluth on the fourteenth day of March, 1902, and are fully satisfied that our boys were guilty of misconduct at said works, and that we do not uphold them therein, but, on the contrary, deplore the same and express our deep regret at the occurrence.

"HANS BENTSON."
"PHILIP BOURASA."

Dated West Duluth, March 21, 1902.

TO START THE MILL.

Newton Saw Mill Will Be First to Run.

Another West Duluth industry is making preparations to start in on its season's work. This is the A. L. Newton sawmill on the bay front at the foot of Forty-fifth avenue west. The Newton mill, while not so large as the big lumber manufacturing plants along the bay on either side of it, is a newer industry, and during the summer season is said to be a very profitable one. It will be the first of the West Duluth mills to start up.

A crew of men were working this morning clearing the ice from the little body of water inclosed between the mill and the terminal tracks along the bay front. The men are cutting out a runway for the logs from the track to the mill. Several thousand feet of logs have already been unloaded on the ice for the Newton mill. The logs on the outside of the track belong to W. H. Gilbert and are to be cut at the Jones' mill this summer. Mr. Newton buys his logs on the range, and is having them hauled by rail to his mill. His cut for the season will be in the neighborhood of several hundred thousand feet. A large part of his cut is to order.

OLD RESIDENT DEAD.

H. C. Yaegar Succumbs After a Long Struggle.

H. C. Yeager, one of the pioneer residents of West Duluth, died at his home last evening, after a lingering illness with consumption. He was 41 years of age and leaves a wife and a little son. About a year ago he went back to his old home in Lebanon, Ohio, hoping that a change of climate would be beneficial, but it was of no avail and he came back to West Duluth.

Mr. Yeager came to Duluth in 1887 and was for some years connected with a real estate firm uptown. During the boom days of West Duluth he established an office here with his brother and for some years was regarded as one of the most active real estate men in this portion of the city. Mr. Yeager was a charter member of the West Duluth lodge A. O. U. W., and a special meeting will be held this evening to make arrangements for attending the funeral in a body. The funeral services will take place at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the Asbury M. E. church, the sermon being preached by Rev. Mr. Loomis, the pastor. Interment will be made at Oneota cemetery.

STREET RAILWAY EXTENSION.

City Attorney Oscar Mitchell has filed in district court the judgment of the city against the street railway company regarding the West Third street extension. The filing of judgment is a mere formality, it being stated some days ago that the company would not take an appeal. A mandamus will soon be issued directing the company to construct the line from Fortieth avenue west to Sixtieth avenue west. When President C. G. Goodrich, of the company, was here from Minneapolis a few days ago, he stated specifically that the company expected to go ahead and build the extension this year. As was stated in The Herald some days ago, there is a strong sentiment in favor of having the line extended beyond Sixtieth avenue west out to Seventy-first avenue west, that being the point available to the new Fairmont park.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Thomas Doyle, aged 36 years, of 28 Sixty-sixth avenue west, died yesterday morning of inflammatory rheumatism. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon.

Harry Huntoon returned last evening from his school in the county several miles back of this city and will remain until Monday. Mr. Huntoon says that the snow has pretty well disappeared from the roads, but that there is considerable ice in the county roads yet.

The regular services of the West Duluth Baptist church will be held tomorrow morning and evening. At 10:30 o'clock the pastor will speak on "Blessings For the Persecuted." The evening topic will be "Something Jesus Christ Could Not Do." Sunday school at noon and B. Y. P. U. meeting at 7 o'clock. Arthur J. Hoag, pastor.

At the Holy Apostles' Episcopal church, of West Duluth, Sunday, at 4 o'clock, Bishop Morrison will preach and administer the rite of confirmation.

Mrs. John McKinnon has returned from a visit in Michigan.

Cards are out announcing the marriage Wednesday, April 2, of Miss Finis Loomis, daughter of Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Loomis, of this city, and John McElroy, of Jamestown, N. D.

Richard Schell is at his home in West Duluth seriously sick with gastric fever.

The excavation work for the Wieland & Wade building, which was stopped on account of the snow yesterday, was recommenced this morning.

Steel ranges only $20 at Wieland & Wade's.

Cook stoves, $7 to $20 at Wieland & Wade's.

Bargains in first class second hand cook stoves at Wieland & Wade's.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

To clean Silver with speed
ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON
is all that you need.
Half the work, no worry or wear.—Grocers.

Tell Me His Name

The Name of Someone Not Well. Let Me Send My Book.

I want to know a man or woman who needs help.

Just a postal will do, for no money is wanted. Tell me which book I shall send.

Let me explain a treatment which I spent a lifetime in learning; a treatment so effective that I let any sick one take it at my risk.

I accept not a penny if it fails.

With the book I will mail an order on your druggist for six bottles of Dr. hoop's Restorative. I will authorize him let you take it for a month. The cost is only $5.50, if it succeeds and I will pay the druggist myself if it fails.

I will leave the decision to you.

That is a remarkable offer and the fact that I make it ought to convince you that I know how to cure.

No matter how difficut your case, mine is the entire risk. I pay the bill if I fail.

And sometimes I must fail, for there are causes, like cancer, which no man can cure.

But my records, covering over 600,000 cases, show that 39 out of each 40 who get those six bottles pay. That means that 39 in each 40 get well.

This is the secret of my success:—

I have found the one treatment that strengthens the inside nerves. When an organ is weak, I don't doctor the symptoms; I don't treat the organ at all.

But I bring back the nerve power which alone makes that organ act. When an engine is weak, you don't doctor the engine; you give it more steam. I do just the same with a weak vital organ; I give it more nerve power.

Any organ will do its duty when it has sufficient nerve power, but never without it.

Most chronic diseases must be cured in my way.

Don't be incredulous when I take the entire risk.

You have nothing to lose and everything to gain. I am sorry for a sick one who will let any prejudice keep him from writing for my book.

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed.)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

PHOTOS

Of Society Women In the Nude Create Sensation.

Monongahela, Pa., March 22.—This city has a social sensation, the result of a fire and a high wind. For many years William Aitken has kept a photograph gallery on Main street. He is an old man, an artist, and has been highly respected. Last Monday evening his gallery was destroyed by fire and great sympathy was felt for Aitken and his aged wife. A subscription was started to enable the photographer to renew his business. The subscription paper began well, but did not circulate long.

During the fire a high wind blew, and photographs from the gallery were carried into distant places. Next morning boys found some of these pictures, which opened their eyes. They were portraits of well-known persons taken nude. A band of boys at once explored the ruins of the gallery and found a strong box containing several dozen nude photographs. These are pictures of well-known society belles, some married and others unmarried.

The boys began to sell these pictures quietly around town, but it did not require long for the whole population to become aware of what was going on. The price started by the boys was 25 cents, but they soon found that they had set the figure too low. Parties of young men to whom pictures were offered bid the price up, and some of the photographs were sold as high as $5 each.

Friends and relatives of some of the photographer's subjects, as soon as they learned of the situation, set out to buy and destroy the scandalous objects, and thus put a premium on the pictures. Nearly all have been sold by the finders, but are still the object of keen bidding. The project of raising a fund for the old artist died suddenly. There are hints of two suits for divorce as the result of the revelations.

Aitken said: "The use which has been made of my pictures is an outrage. They are works of art, and have been accumulated by me during many years. I paint a great deal for Eastern patrons and must have living models, as other artists have. Respectable women have posed for me, and some of their pictures appear for that reason. In other cases the faces shown in the pictures do not belong to the original figure. There has been a combining of two persons to produce the result. There is nothing improper in any of these works."

Nevertheless there are many persons who refuse to be comforted.

HAD STEAM.

Torpedo Boat Started Away as Soon as Launched.

Philadelphia, March 22.—The Barry, the third of the series of torpedo boat destroyers which have been built for the United States government by Neafie & Levy, was launched at noon today. Miss Charlotte Barnes, a descendant of Commodore Barry, after whom the craft is named, christened the boat. The little fighter had steam up when the launching took place and proceeded down the Delaware river. The Barry is 240 feet long with a 23-foot beam. She is about 450 tons displacement, forty-five tons more than the original contract called for. The speed originally contracted for was 29 knots but on account of the increased displacement it will be 28 knots. She will carry five 6-pounders and two 12-pounders rapid firing rifles.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.
Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

Patronize home industry, and use Duluth matches.

AMUSEMENTS.

"KING DODO."

A very large audience was at the Lyceum last evening—one of the finest of the theatrical season and the Lyceum has had some excellent ones recently. "King Dodo" was the attraction and it came heralded as one of the greatest successes of the past year or more. The opera was presented by the Castle Square Opera company.

"King Dodo" is by Frank Pixley and Gustave Luders and is a very clever and tuneful piece of work. Dodo is a silly old monarch who is seeking for a fountain of youth to knock a number of years off his past. He finally finds it and becomes a youth not yet out of his teens, a condition which he finds even more unpleasant than his former decrepit state. A ducking in the fountain restores him to his former condition, proves most welcome to the old monarch. Intervwoven with this, there are, of course, several love affairs and the old monarch finally gets a mate for himself. There are a number of secondary characters, all clever, and the opera offers unusually good opportunities for a strong comedian.

The presentation given last evening was neither very strong nor can it be called weak. It was just an ordinarily good operatic production, certainly was not such a performance as made "King Dodo" famous throughout the country. The chorus work was very good, the scenic equipment and accessories were beyond complaint, but when the principles were reached the disappointment began if one looked for stars. The cast does not contain a fine vocalist. Miss Ruth Peebles is a pleasing little woman, graceful and easy in her carriage, and sings rather daintily and Miss Villa Knox also sings rather prettily but neither approaches the prima donna class. The male portion of the cast, too, has no singer who ranks above the ordinary.

William Corliss plays the part of the king and furnishes a considerable amount of fun, but cannot be said to rise to the full measure of the opportunities offered by the part. John Henderson, an old Duluth favorite, was very good, as the court historian, an eccentric comedy part. He also appeared as Bonilla, prime minister to Queen Lili, a more conventional comedy character.

The opera is being repeated this afternoon and tonight the engagement will close.

The only Northwesterner



who does not appreciate The Lanpher Hat
It is just right in style and quality
ASK YOUR DEALER.

MASONIC BANQUET

Annual Maundy Thursday Event Next Thursday at Spalding.

New Feature Inaugurated By Scottish Rite This Year.

Class of Twenty Coming From Outside Towns to Take Degrees.

The annual Maundy Thursday banquet of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of the Masonic fraternity, or as it is known technically, the feast obligatory and tenebrae, will be held at the Spalding hotel, in this city, next Thursday evening. The work of the Scottish Rite is always arranged here, so that this banquet marks the closing of the work of initiating the class which annually takes the degrees administered by this branch of the Masonic order.

This year's banquet will be of more than ordinary interest, for a class of men from outside the city will finish their work that day and participate in the feast. This is a new feature and one that the members of the Scottish Rite hope to see become permanent.

There are three Scottish Rite consistories in the state, at St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. Their jurisdiction is concurrent and any one can take members from any part of the state. In Duluth the classes have been started about Nov. 1 of each year, and the work of conferring the degrees is concluded some time in April or the latter part of March, according to the time when Maunday Thursday fals. For an outsider to come here and take this work would necessitate a great amount of time and expense. To obviate this the Twin Cities consistories have had what are known as "reunions." At stated periods they work all the degrees in three or four days. It necessitates giving over practically the entire time to the work, but in this way a great number receive the degrees who could not otherwise do so. The Scottish Rite administers all degrees from the fourth to the thirty-second, inclusive. To put a class through all of them in four days' time and less means a great deal of work.

The Duluth Scottish Rite will hold one of these reunions this year for the first time. A class of twenty is already secured, embracing men from the range towns, Two Harbors, Grand Rapids and other points. It may be even larger before the work is begun.

The conferring of the degrees will begin next Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. That evening the fourteenth degree will be conferred. Wednesday morning the eighteenth degree will have been reached, and in the evening the thirtieth will be conferred.

Thursday afternoon the thirty-second degree, the highest that can be conferred by anybody except the supreme council, will be worked. This is always given with much ceremony; in fact, on a very grand and impressive scale. A chorus of probably 100 voices will take part, and Flaaten's full orchestra will play. The Duluth Scottish Rite is known throughout the Northwest for the excellence of its work and the very fine scale upon which it is given.

Thursday evening at 8:30 o'clock the banquet will be given. This event is emblematical of the passover. The lights are extinguished and remain so until Easter day. On that day in the afternoon at the Masonic Temple they will be relighted.

A number of prominent Masons from outside the city are expected to be at the banquet. Maj. Fleming, of Fargo, who died this week, was to have been one of the speakers.

The Duluth class which has been taking the degrees this winter numbers between forty and fifty.

This idea of having these reunions and bringing men from outside of the city here for several days to take them will appeal to others than the Masonic fraternity as an excellent thing. St. Paul and Minneapolis annually get quite a number of business men of the state there for the degree work. They combine this with business. Many of them are merchants and make that their time for visiting jobbing houses.

Now is the time to show your loyalty to your own city. Use the Duluth match.

ADJOURNED.

Builders Delay Organization of Exchange Another Week.

A large meeting of the building contractors and dealers in builders' supplies of the city was held yesterday afternoon on the seventh floor of the Palladio building. The object was the formation of a builders' exchange similar to those now in existence in the Twin Cities. It was found to be impossible to perfect the organization at that meeting and an adjournment was taken until next Thursday.

The organization is said to bid fair to start out with fifty members. One successful organization of this kind was started here some years ago, and particular pains are being taken now to avoid all obstacles that might appear later. The bylaws proposed, which are modeled after those of the St. Paul exchange, were referred back to the committee previously appointed, with instructions to amend along the line of sentiment developed at the meeting, and report back at the next session.

Ladies, Ladies, Ladies!

You will make a mistake by ordering your millinery without seeing what I have to offer you. The most fascinating display of pattern hats in the city.

MADAME BEUGLET.
Kitchi Gammi Building.

Easter Millinery

Opening at Brandt's, Monday, Mar. 24.

CORRECTS.

City Engineer Amends Statements Credited to Him.

In the dispute over paving for East Superior street, City Engineer Patton seems to be on record as thoroughly in favor of asphalt and against cedar block and vitrified brick, even out to Ninth avenue.

This general impression is erroneous. The city engineer says he never gave out an interview that was unqualifiedly in favor of asphalt. He says that while this paving undoubtedly has many things that strongly recommend it, there is considerable doubt in his mind as to the feasibility of laying much of it in Duluth.

Mr. Patton says the sub-soil of the Duluth streets is naturally very wet and extremely cold weather is liable to heave and crack the best of paving.

When asked what he thought of the proposition to pave with cedar blocks out to the junction of London road, Mr. Patton said that cedar blocks contained many of the essential elements of an ideal paving if properly laid on a sound foundation.

"At most, however," continued the city engineer, "the cedar block is but a temporary paving. It will not last more than eight or nine years and be serviceable. Some of the present cedar block paving on East Superior street has been down for fourteen years, but the past five or six years it has been in such condition as to make traveling over it very unpleasant.

"I have been placed on record as condemning vitrified brick paving which was put down on Superior stret last summer. While it is true that this paving has heaved a little in front of the Spalding hotel, it seems to be a model vitrified brick paving and looks as if it would last for a great many years."

The Duluth match is made by a company composed altogether of Duluth men.

BOOMING.

Anti-Cigaret Movement In Full Swing In Duluth.

The Anti-Cigaret League movement is now in full swing among the boys and girls of Duluth.

Willis Brown, of Chicago, the founder of the American Anti-Cigaret league, which numbers now 1,600,000 members, began the work in Duluth last Tuesday in the High School. By Friday 2500 boys and girls had been enlisted.

Pledge cards are distributed in the schools, the boys' pledge reading as follows:

"I do hereby pledge myself upon honor to abstain from smoking cigarets or using tobacco in any form, at least until I reach the age of 21 years, and to use my influence to induce others to do the same."

The girls' pledges reads:

"Abstaining myself from the use of cigarets or tobacco in any form, I agree to use my influence to induce others to do the same. I will never admit a liking for the odor of tobacco or give presents suggesting its use."

On the reverse side is a place for the father, mother or guardian to sign, showing that the pledge has been signed with their knowledge and consent. These cards are returned to the school and handed to a boy and girl officer, elected by the boys and girls.

The schools visited this week, and the boy and girl superintendent in each school, are as follows:

Washington—Christian Tvedt, Martha Swan.

Adams—Bert Everet, Della La Fave.

Emerson—T. Vern Claypool, Mary McDonald.

Lakeside—Clifton Howard, Nellie Coteman.

Lester Park—Charles McFadden, Marion Wiggins.

Longfellow—Will Buckley, Alice Grettum.

Irving—Clifton Ahr.

Fairmount—Margaret Murray, Oscar Amundsen.

St. Thomas Parochial—Leo Ryan, Mary Donovan.

Last night Mr. Brown addressed the Boys' club of the First Methodist church. About 150 boys were there. Tonight there will be a meeting for boys only in the Lester Park Methodist church.

Tomorrow Mr. Brown will speak in the morning at Asbury Methodist church, at 12 o'clock to the Congregational Sunday school, of West Duluth. At a o'clock, to the Catholic Sunday school of West Duluth, and at 3 o'clock a mass meeting will be held in the Norwegian Lutheran church. In the evening the West Duluth Baptist, Methodist, Episcopal and Presbyterian churches unite in a union service to be held in the Presbyterian church.

Two mass meetings for boys will be held next week, Wednesday evening, in the Swedish Baptist church for the West End boys, and Friday evening in the First Methodist church.

Mr. Brown is known as one of the most successful workers among boys in the country. For three years he has devoted his time to the anti-cigaret agitation, and he has personally received over 250,000 signers to the anti-cigaret pledge, having conducted campaigns in Buffalo, Pittsburg, Columbus, Toronto and many of the large cities. His methods and work are endorsed by the educators and school officers of the cities he has visited. The campaign in Duluth is being conducted under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. assisted by the Protestant and Catholic churches. The headquarters are at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

DR. SUTHERLAND IN DULUTH

Student of the Venerable Dr. Still, Founder of Osteopathy.

Although the new science of drugless healing, osteopathy, has been ably represented in Duluth in the past, there is room for one or two more physicians of this school in our city. Dr. W. G. Sutherland, one of the leading exponents of the science, has taken advantage of this opportunity by locating here permanently, having at this date secured a pleasant suite of rooms in the Phoenix block. Dr. Sutherland is a graduate of the original school of osteopathy at Kirksville, Mo., having learned the theory and practice of the science from and under the direction of its founder, Dr. A. T. Still.

W. C. T. U. Meeting.

The Central W. C. T. U. will hold a meeting Monday, at 3 p. m., at the parlors of the First M. E. church. It is open to friends. The program is as follows:

Devotional exercises .. ..
Business .. ..
Solo .. ..
Mrs. J. B. Wanless.
Paper, "What is Worth While in Club Life" .. ..
Mrs. H. C. Marshall.
Discussion .. ..
Mandolin solo .. ..
Mrs. W. W. Wiswell.
Miscellaneous .. ..

The Duluth match is made by a local institution.

Bargains In Art Goods.

Decker's the popular picture frame store, are about to remodel their building, and in order to make the necessary room are offering special bargains in all lines of stock, commencing Monday, March 24.

SEVEN ARE PUNISHED

Judge Dibell Sentences Seven Prisoners In District Court.

Charles Morgan, Forger, Gets Four Years at Hard Labor.

A Colored Girl Gets a Penitentiary Sentence For Assault.

Judge Dibell sentenced seven criminals this morning, but only one prisoner received a very severe dose.

Charles Morgan, one of a pair of forgers that was in business on a wholesale scale around the head of the lakes, was setnenced to four years at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater. He was arrested in Milwaukee, and a large quantity of blank checks and other materials for pursuing the business of forgery were found in his possession. When he was indicted he pleaded guilty, and he was sentenced this morning.

He did not appear to worried very much about the matter. When he was being taken back to the jail he was congratulating himself that he would be placed in a position to learn a trade, and he talked very lightly about the prospect of spending four years in the penitentiary. He is a young man, and claimed that he had never been in trouble before this time. He said that he had been employed as a cook most of the time.

Grace Williams, the young colored woman who was indicted for assault in the first degree upon a colored female inmate of a St. Croix avenue resort with a knife, and who pleaded guilty to assault in the second degree, was sentenced to one year and three months at hard labor in the penitentiary at Stillwater. She claimed that she had made the cuts in her opponent with a turquoise ring, when she was questioned by the court, and she denied having used a knife. She said she attacked the woman because she was interfering with her husband, a piano operator in a tough resort.

Charles Smith, who pleaded guilty to forgery in the second degree, was sentenced to one year at hard labor in the state prison at Stillwater. He claimed that he had never been in any trouble before, and his appearance bore witness for him to a considerable extent.

John Beattie and F. Heinze, who were indicted for grand larceny in the first degree for stealing $4.30 from a lumberjack at Virginia, and who pleaded guilty to grand larceny in the second degree, were sentenced to the reformatory at Sheboygan. Tony Hall, who was indicted for grand larceny in the first degree and convicted of grand larceny in the second degree for robbing a man at Hibbing, was also sentenced to the reformatory, and so was Daniel McMillan, a mere boy, who pleaded guilty to burglary in the third degree.

OPENING.

Kenney, Anker & Denny Have a Brilliant Opening Day.

Crowds coming in and out of Kenney, Anker & Denny's handsome clothing store, in the Mesaba block, together with strains of beautiful music proceeding from the same place, betokened that something unusual was going on there this afternoon. The inquisitive passerby, stopping in, found the store filled with people as far as it could be with a complete, extensive and choice stock of all of the goods usually to be found in such an establishment taking up a lot of room in the spacious store room.

The occasion was the firm's Easter opening, which took place today. Flaaten's concert orchestra supplied the music, and it was very choice music, too. Aside from this attraction, however, there was ample drawing power in the handsome displays of clothing and furnishings that were to be seen, and the surprising modesty of the prices affixed to them were such a temptation that many that came there simply to enjoy the music and look over the store went away with their arms full of purchases.

A prominent figure was Archie Kenney, the managing partner of the firm, who was all over the store all of the time, making the visitors feel at home and keeping a watchful eye on the arrangements to see that nothing went wrong. Mr. Kenney, through his long experience in the clothing business, and his large acquaintance in Duluth, is exceptionally well qualified to fill his position, and his hosts of friends and patrons speak well for the manner in which he has conducted his business.

The firm, which is one of the youngest of the large retail establishments of the city, has had a remarkably successful career in the short time it has been established. Beginning about a year ago, in a store room only a fraction of the size of the present one, its business has grown constantly, and it is still growing. Today's Easter opening was one of the most successful affairs of the kind ever held in Duluth, and it shows something of the extent of the growth which the firm has earned.

The opening, orchestra and all, continues this evening.

Osteopathy.

The Branch Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy, 512-513-514 Torrey building, is performing some surprising cures in this city. The doctors like to talk osteopathy and they invite you to call. They make no charge for consultation, and if you are in need of treatment for any curable disease it is your duty to investigate this new science before parting with your money.

Their treatment is natural and convincing. We know whereof we speak.

Easter Millinery

Opening at Brandt's, Monday, Mar. 24.

The Duluth match is made by a local institution.

ONE WOMAN'S WAY

Of Ridding Herself of Trouble and Securing Happiness.

For Years She Was In Misery Till Finally She Determined to be Happy Again—How She Succeeded.

A story of suffering that rings true in the heart of many a woman is that of Mrs. Joseph Adams, the wife of a retired farmer who lives at No. 303 Third street, Webster City, Iowa. Her trouble and how she secured happiness at last is best told in her own words:

"For three or four years," she says, "I was miserable. I suffered awful pain from cramps in my stomach. I could eat hardly anything, for nothing seemed to agree with me. I would grow faint and suffer very much with cramps every little while, and after these attacks I would be very weak. I had a doctor twice a week for about two years, but he couldn't cure me. I would be in bed for a day or so, then up for a day and then down, and so it would go.

"But now I am well and, for a woman of 72 years, am pretty strong. I had been suffering, as I say, for three or four years when I saw an advertisement in the paper teling about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I decided to try this medicine and felt relief with the taking of the first box. I took three boxes in all and now I don't need to take any medicine for I am perfectly well. It is all due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

"These pills will not only cure cases similar to that of Mrs. Adams but, containing as they do, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves, they have proved efficacious in a wide range of diseases. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

There are many imitations of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, but none of them possess the wonderful power of the genuine—the power that cures when ordinary medicines fail. Do not let your dealer sell you an inferior preparation. If you have difficulty in getting the genuine near home you can get six fifty-cent boxes by mail, postage paid, by sending two dollars and a half to the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y. The genuine are never sold in bulk, always in the trade-marked packages.

New Publication.

"The Zenith," Vol. 1, No. 1, is a very interesting local publication that is just out. It is published "where rails and water meet," by the Marshall-Wells Hardware company, and it is in the interests of hardware merchants. It is neatly done typographically, and it is printed by the company's own plant. It is well illustrated, and the reading matter is bright and brisk. Its objects, as stated in the first issue, are the promotion of Duluth, the establishment of closer relations with the firm's customers and the stimulating of business. C. E. Losey is the editor.

COMPANY C'S FAME.

The Strand Magazine Writes Up Duluth Company.

The April number of the Strand Magazine contains an article on Company C of this city, entitled "The Most Extraordinary Military Organization in the World." After such a startling title as this it might be expected that the company would come in for some strong praise and it does. The article is a description of the fancy drills that the company has mastered, together with the costumes that go with them. The article is illustrated by eleven pictures of the company in its various costumes. The Strand Magazine is published both in America and England, so Company C of the Third Minnesota is well on the way toward acquiring international reputation.

Going to Kansas City.

Warren Mendenhall, who won the recent live bird contest held in this city and who as a result, will represent the head of the lake shooters at the American handicap shoot at Kansas City, beginning March 31, will leave for that place about March 25. He will be accompanied by T. H. Storey of this city, who finished but a few points behind Mr. Mendenhall at the live bird shoot and who will also enter the contests at Kansas City.

ALARMING

Increase In Disease Among Philippine Soldiers.

Washington, March 22.—War department officials, alarmed by the rapid increase in disease among the troops in the Philippines and other tropical stations, has issued an order to commanding officers enjoining upon them the strictest scrutiny over the habits and morals of the troops, and requesting them to endeavour by personal example to influence the men to preserve their health both by abstaining from drink and the liability of contracting preventable diseases.

FIRE LOSS.

Canadian Pacific Freight Offices at Winnipeg Were Burned.

St. Paul, March 22.—A Winnipeg special to the Dispatch says: Fire broke out in the Canadian Pacific freight office last evening and the flames burned steadily until after midnight when the entire building, occupied by offices, was demolished. Fortunately the firemen succeeded in preventing the fire from extending to the long freight sheds extending to the westward and the damage will only result in an actual cash loss of about $15,000 to the building, contents and some freight.

All freight records of the last twenty-two years, or since the Canadian Pacific railroad first entered business in Winnipeg, were destroyed and the loss of these documents cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. The loss is insured fully, the entire structure including the office and sheds, being covered by blanket policies. The building was entirely devoted to the clerical department of the freight business and at night there were employed there about a dozen men. The fire started in the records of the office room on the second floor. How it originated is a mystery.

The Duluth match is a "match" for any match.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.
Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.
Parlor theater. Another lauching week.
Miss Phelan entertained sixteen young ladies at the Spalding this noon at luncheon in honor of Miss Bickel, of St. Paul, who is a guest of Mrs. P. H. Seymour.

John McClark, charged with stealing a watch, was bound over to the grand jury this morning.

Allan Richardson, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Richardson, of flat F, No. 8, East Fifth stret, entertained about ten of his young friends this afternoon in honor of his ninth birthday anniversary. The rooms and the table were very prettily decorated with smilax and flowers.

Charles LeLonde, said to have left town for good during the recent municipal campaign, was arrested this afternoon, charged with assaulting Seth L. Cole in a West End saloon on Jan. 17. The case will be heard on next Wednesday. Cole, the man that was assaulted, is said to be 80 years old.

The damage suit started by the United States government against James H. Davidson for damage done the new pier at Two Harbors last summer through collision by the steamer Shenandoah, has been dismissed in United States circuit court and a similar complaint has been filed against James Davidson, of Bay City, Mich.

Mrs. Humes will have her display of Easter millinery, commencing Tuesday, the 25th and continuing the week.

Place your order of Eastern millinery the first of the week with Mrs. Humes.

Judge Dibell has filed an order in district court changing the name of William T. Larson to William T. Lawson. This was done at Mr. Lawson's petition.

Duncan, Brewer & Co. have begun suit in district court against Hugh Steele to recover $900 alleged to be due on a note. Eckman & Stevenson are the attorneys.

Last Saturday there was the longest special term of district court in some time, and this Saturday's term is the shortest in years. There were but two cases on the calendar, and one of these was continued. The other was an ex parte matter that took about two minutes.

F. J. Pulford, assignee for the Imperial Coffee and Spice company, has wound up the affairs of the company and asked the district court to fix a date for hearing his final account. His report shows that he has converted all of the company's assets into cash, realizing $2408.73. The expenses have been $1151.11, leaving $1257.62 on hand to be distributed among the creditors. The court has made an order appointing April 12 as the day for hearing the account.

Parlor theater. Dandy program tonight.

C. Volland, ...e practical hatter, 14 First avenue east, has received his 1902 spring style blocks and shapes.

PERSONALS.

Dr. James McAuliffe returned this morning on the Omaha from the East, having been called there some days ago on business.

Frank L. Buell will arrive in the city Monday morning on the Omaha train with the remains of his wife who died at Knoxville, Tenn.

Mrs. M. Matter left this afternoon on the Iron Range for Eveleth to be gone a week.

Miss Ethel Clement went to St. Paul this afternoon over the Eastern Minnesota.

C. W. Barto, of St. Paul, was a noonday arrival at the Spalding.

W. H. Marcus, of the Duluth & Iron Range road, will leave tomorrow night over the Northern Pacific for Portland.

J. B. Cotton, who went to Chicago Thursday, left there yesterday for California to joint Mrs. Cotton and Mr. and Mrs. Hubbell, who have been there some weeks.

Miss Boyce left today over the Northern Pacific for a visit at St. Paul.

George C. Howe goes to Chicago this afternoon over the Omaha.

M. Stewart will leave tonight via the Northern Pacific for California. Mrs. Stewart will accompany him.

A. M. Marshall expects to leave for the East this afternoon.

Rev. C. H. Hjodtholm, of Zion's church, left this afternoon for Washburn where he will conduct service tomorrow morning and tomorrow evening he will speak at Ashland.

Rev. A. Ellison, missionary among the Swedish Baptist churches in the state of Wisconsin, was in the city yesterday and visited with Rev. and Mrs. K. A. Lundin.

Superintendent G. W. Vandersilce of the Northern Pacific, has returned from a trip over the third district of his division.

Frederick Hartley arrived here yesterday to attend the funeral of his mother. He is now connected with the Columbus Theater Stock company at Chicago.

John D. Connor, of Barnum, is a guest at the Spalding.

Miss Annie Nesbitt left over the Eastern today for Kansas City.

L. R. Swift came up from St. Cloud this morning. He is in the McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Walsh leave today over the Northern Pacific for Tonawanda, N. Y.

F. E. Rice, division superintendent of the Pullman company, with headquarters at St. Paul, is in town today.

C. W. Ingalston will leave this afternoon on the Fast Mail for Chicago.

Mrs. C. S. Pollock will arrive from Marquette tomorrow morning to join Mr. Pollock at the Spalding.

DESPERATE.

Condition of the Venezuelan Government Is Most Serious.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, March 22.—During the past five days the revolution in Venezuela has broken out almost everywhere. The government cannot control the country east of Cumara. Barcelona is still besieged by the revolutionists and Carupano is partially in their power.

The mission of Minister Velutini to Barcelona has not been successful.

Gen. Estralante, the governor of Caracas with 1200 men will replace him at Barcelona.

President Castro has sent for Vice President Gomez with 500 men against the rebels under Gen. Riera who is in the vicinity of Capadare, in the state of Falcon. Second Vice President Alaya, who had previously been sent against Riera returned to Caracas without vanquishing the revolutionary general.

It is believed that if the revolutionists win one important battle all Venezuela will rise against the government of President Castro. The latter is recruiting day and night and every man that is procurable is being pressed into the service. Villages are deserted and the Negroes and Indians have sought refuge in the woods in the hope of escaping recruiting officers.

Palace of Fashion.

The Paris hats, the London hats, the New York hats, and our own creations.

MADAME BEUGLET,
French Milliner.
Kitchi Gammi Building.

DEATH LIST.

Washington, March 22.—A dispatch from Atlantic City, N. J., announces the death there last night of Dr. W. W. Johnson, of this city. The deceased was one of the best known physicians of Washington, an expert in the treatment of diseases of the heart, and was one of the physicians called during the last hours of President McKinley's illness, but reached his bedside too late to be of service. He was of advanced age. The cause of death was pericarditis.

Baraboo, Wis., March 22.B. L. Durward, the well known poet and painter, and one of the most unique characters in Wisconsin, died yesterday afternoon of general debility, aged 85 years.

Chicago, March 22.—Edward A. Warfield, real estate agent of all the lines of the Pennsylvania system west of Pittsburg, died yesterday at the Grand Pacific hotel. Mr. Warfield had been brought here about a week ago from Eureka Springs, Ark., where he spent the winter in hopes of recovery from Bright's disease.

New York, March 22.—William Henry Frost, who has been dramatic editor of the New York Tribune for thirteen years, died yesterday at his home in this city. He was born at Providence, R. I., in 1863, and was graduated from Brown university. Mr. Frost's death was sudden, although he had been in poor health for some time.

TRANSFER

Of Cuban Government to Republic Will Be Quickly Arranged.

Washington, March 22.—Gen. Wood, military governor of Cuba, arrived here today and is the guest of President Roosevelt. The main object of his visit to Washington at this time is to arrange with the president and the secretary of war for the transfer of the active control of affairs in Cuba to the Cuban republic Soon after his arrival Gen. Wood went to the war department and had a long talk with Secretary Root regarding the condition of affairs in Cuba.

Subsequently the two officials went to the White House and held a conference with the president. The principal arrangement for the evacuation of the island will be made quickly. Gen. Wood's plans requires that he shall leave here not later than next Tuesday night on his way back to Havana to carry into execution the program lixed by the administration for the formal transfer of government affairs. He will return to Cuba, by the way of New York, in order that he may meet and consult fully with President-elect Palma upon the joint program of action.

President Palma will be inaugurated May 1 and American control in the island will terminate on that date. Owing to the short time intervening and the extent and importance of the work involved, it will be necessary to act promptly.

The quality of Duluth matches is fine—better than anything on the market. Use them.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

WAGE SCALE

Still Prevents Miners From Taking Final Adjournment.

Shamokin, March 22.—Difference of opinion on matters pertaining to the wage scale prevented a final adjournment today of the convention of districts Nos. 1, 7 and 9, United Mine Workers. After being in session for three hours this morning, the convention adjourned to meet Monday and many of the delegates assert that a conclusion will not be reached that day.

The convention is meeting in the opera house and the delegates were unable to secure a hall for an afternoon session. President Mitchell announced that the report of the scale committee had been adopted but declined to state the nature of the matters now under discussion. It is understood that a committee was appointed to draft resolutions covering the scale committee's report. These resolutions, it is said will be presented Monday.

The conservative element, comprising a majority of the delegates from districts 7 and 9 is known to favor referring final decision to a committee composed of President Mitchell and District Superintendents Pahey and Duffy. This proposition is opposed by what are known as the radicals who represent principally district No. 1, comprising the Wyoming and Lackawanna regions and a few of the delegates from the two lower districts.

These delegates insists on the adoption of a resolution allowing the operators until April 1 in which to grant the concessions in wage scale and, if this time limit is fixed, they say they have no objection to placing the matter in the hands of the committee named.

Wall Paper

The finest assortment of the most artistic and exclusive patterns shown in the city, at the most reasonable prices.

ENGELS & CO.
17-19 Third Avenue West.

Going Out of Business!

$15,000 worth of all kinds of Jewelry, Diamonds, Watches, Clocks and Silverware of all descriptions. We must close this out by the 1st of May and in order to do this we will auction everything. Prices cut no figure. With every dollar purchase we give you a coupon, and have a drawing every evening. Nothing but the best articles given away at these drawings. Sale commences Monday at 2 p. m. and 7 p. m. Don't miss this wonderful opportunity.

Zenith Jewelry Co.,
124 W. Superior St. Next Door to Glass Block.

LINCOLN MEMORIAL

Discussed By Senators, Sculptor and Others.

Washington, March 22.—Secretary Hay today presided over a conference at the state department at which were present Secretary Root, Senators Cullom, McMillan and Wetmore, St. Gaudens and Architect McKim. The object of the conference was to perfect some details of the pending Cullom bull, looking to the erection of a memorial to Lincoln and also to the acquisition of the Lincoln relics now on exhibition in this city in the house where Lincoln died. This house belongs to the government, but the relics are the property of Mr. Oldroyd, the custodian of the building.

A Vassar girl, writing home after a holiday vacation, says: "Our compartment in the Pioneer Limited on the Milwaukee road was as cosy and comfortable as my own room at home. The train employes were courteous and gentlemanly and our trip from St. Paul to Chicago was the pleasantest part of the Journey."

The quality of Duluth matches is fine—better than anything on the market. Use them.

Exclusive Millinery.

A profusion of Easter fashion hints. The largest selection of pattern hats in the city.

MADAME BEUGLET,
French Milliner.
Kitchi Gammi Building.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Henry Rickell and Mary McLaughlin.

BIRTHS.

STARKEY—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Starkey, this morning.

DEATHS.

COLLINS—James T. Collins died at 8:30 this morning at St. Mary's hospital after an illness of seven weeks. He was 36 years of age and unmarried. The notice of funeral arrangements will be announced later.

McDONALD—Lawrie C. McDonald, the 3-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John McDonald, of 218 Seventh avenue west, died yesterday. The funeral will be from the family residence at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

BLOOMER—The funeral of the late Andrew Bloomer will be held at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from Tibbett's undertaking rooms. The Fraternal Order of Eagles will have charge of the services.

GILOMEN—Mrs. Rosina Giloman, aged 87, died March 20 at St. Mary's hospital, of old age and cancer.

She was the mother of Mrs. Bartholdi, who died last Tuesday and was buried yesterday.

There will be a short funeral service in Stewart's undertaking rooms at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon and the public service will be held in Hope church, corner of Sixth avenue east and Fifth street, at 2:30.

YEAGER—Clay H. C. Yeager, died last night at his home, 113 South Sixteenth avenue west, of consumption. He was 46 years of age and an old resident of West Duluth. He is survived by a wife and son. The funeral service will be held from his late residence at 2:30 tomorrow afternoon.

Open day and night. New 'Phone 1358.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
730 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Our Easter display will be the largest ever seen in Duluth. Ever flower home grown, fresh and fragrant.
EISCHEN BROS.,
129 West Superior St. Both 'Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, BESIDES TAN isn't pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The program for the Matinee Musicale March 24 has been arranged by Miss Simonds, Mrs. Currie and Mrs. Spencer, and is as follows, the afternoon being devoted to Schumann:

Paper ....
Mrs. Currie.
Piano quartet .....Soaring
Miss Smith, Miss Crowley, Miss Simonds, Mrs. Pearson.
(a) "When at Early Dawn of Day"
(b) "Thy Face" .....
(c) "If Even the Flow'rets Were Knowing" .....
(d) "The Hidalgo" .....
Mrs. Mark Baldwin.
"Grillen" .....
Miss Simonds.
(a) "Murmur Not" .....
(b) "The Lotos Flower" .....
(c) "Devotion" .....
Miss Bradshaw.
"Be Mine" .....
Raymond Stephens.
Quartet .....Amol
Andante Expressivo-Allegro .....
Scherzo .....
Adagio .....
Presto .....
Schubert String Quartet.

• • •

Mrs. A. D. Thomson entertained at luncheon on Thursday in honor of Mrs. Franklin R. Webber, of Boston.

• • •

Mrs. A. M. Miller and Mrs. G. A. Tomlinson, who are taking the Mediterranean trip, were in Constantinople the past week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lee Gilbert are still touring through Spain.

• • •

The Misses Martha and Alice Peyton are in Washington, where they will spend Easter, afterward visiting in Philadelphia.

• • •

The Twentieth Century club program for the week is as follows:

Monday, at 10 a. m., meeting of executive board.

Tuesday, at 8 p. m., physical culture class, at Sixth Avenue theater.

Thursday, at 10 a. m., Shakespeare class.

Thursday, at 8 p. m., literature class, at 322 East Third street.

The last meeting for the year of the morning Shakespeare class will be held Thursday, when the last two acts of "Midsummer Night's Dream" will be studied.

Tuesday afternoon the travel class had an interesting time in India. Papers were given by Mrs. J. G. Harris and Mrs. James McCahill, Dr. W. G. Goffe closing the program with an entertaining description of the country, its people, customs, etc., as seen by him when on a tour through Asia. The next meeting of this class will be on April 1, when India will again be the subject.

Wednesday the literature class was given a treat in the readings by Mr. Smith, of the high school. Wordsworth and Scott were the authors studied, and the readings were from their works.

• • •

The Art club is very enthusiastic over the work that is now being done. The meetings on Tuesday evenings at the president's studio in the Temple building are largely attended. A paid model, which means longer poses than when some friend offers his services, an excellent instructor, and pleasant companionship in interesting work makes this evening an inspiration for the week. Next year the club will open rooms in which classes will be held daily; open at all times to the club members, and to outsiders at a moderate fee.

This is what a little group of persistent, earnest people have been working toward for the four winters past. They believe the need of an art school in Duluth is self-evident. The high school turns out year after year boys and girls with an ardent desire to carry on their studies in art who are met with the necessity of leaving home. Chicago, Minneapolis and the Eastern schools become the center of their desires. A school affording opportunity for life work and portraiture for cast and still life, and later on opportunities for industrial arts, will mean a chance for study that will be hailed with delight by all the artistic set and art lovers.

In May the Art club will give its annual exhibition. This, the members hope, will be well supported by its friends, as it has been in the past, but with this added reason, that without the interest of the public it will be an impossibility to organize the school. Everyone is welcome to the Art club, the desire of the members being to help every student to a firmer footing on this ladder.

• • •

The Women's Alliance of the First Unitarian church will meet with Mrs. S. R. Wentworth, 211 West Second street, Wednesday afternoon, March 26.

• • •

Mrs. William C. Sherwood, of Hunter's Park, gave a violet luncheon yesterday in honor of Mrs. Frank De Forest Adams. The violet scheme was carried throughout the very handsome affair. The place cards were painted violets and the table was decorated with violets and asparagus fern. Sixteen were at the table, those besides the hostess and guest of honor being:

Mesdames:	W. R. Bagley,
J. L. Washburn,	H. W. Coffin,
Henry Nolte,	A. J. Frantz,
R. E. Denfeld,	C. C. Salter,
F. O. Sherwin,	D. E. Holston,
A. R. Macfarlane,	J. D. Stryker,
G. H. Thompson,	R. M. Hunter.
J. M. Duncan,	

• • •

Monday afternoon Mrs. Rufus H. Draper entertained the card club at 205 Eighteenth avenue east. The head prize was won by Mrs. C. F. Macdonald and the consolation prize by Mrs. W. R. Spencer. The following were present:

Mesdames—	
H. P. Williamson, Jr.,	W. R. Spencer, Mark Baldwin,
W. F. Quayle,	F. R. Leslie.
C. F. Macdonald,	
Misses—	
Smith,	Macdougall,
Davidson,	Hirsch,
Belle Simonds,	Ames,
Frazer.	

• • •

The annual sacred concert of the High School Musical society will be held tomorrow afternoon at the High School Assembly hall. The society will be assisted in the chorus numbers by the choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church. The accompaniments will be played by Flaaten's Concert orchestra. A large number of soloists will appear. The concert will be under the direction of Professor A. F. M. Custance. The program is as follows:

PART I.
"March of the Priests" ("Athalie")..
..... Mendelssohn
Chorus—"O God, Our Help In Ages Past" .....
Flaaten's Concert Orchestra.
Roy Fritz and Chorus. ..... Grieg
Soprano solo—"Nearer, My God to Thee" .....
Miss Rena Smith.
Bass solo and chorus (by request)—"The Palms" ..... Faure
H. G. Gearhart and Chorus.
Grand selection from "Tieder Ohne Worte" ..... Mendelssohn
Flaaten's Concert Orchestra.
Vocal duet—"Come Unto Me, Ye Weary" ..... Schubert
Mrs. A. F. M. Custance, Mrs. Burt Holcomb.
Baritone solo—"To Thee, O Lord"..Verdi
Roy Pritz.
Anthem—"Whoso Dwelleth Under the Defence of Thee Most High" ..Martin
C. D. Shepard and Choir of St. Paul's church.
PART II.
Readings from Longfellow's "Golden Legend" .....
With incidental Music.
Reader .....
R. E. Denfeld.
Incidental Music.
Introduction—"No Shadows Yonder" .....
..... Gaul
Cyril Tyler and Chorus.
Chorus—"Hark, a Thrilling Voice Is Sounding" ..... Custance
Miss Rena Smith, H. G. Gearhart and Chorus.
Elsie's Prayer of Self-oblation—"My Redeemer and My Lord" .....
..... Dudley-Buck
Mrs. A. F. M. Custance.
Elsie's evening devotion—"Dear Lord, Remember Me" ..... Boott
Mrs. A. F. M. Custance.
In the cathedral—"Pilgrim's Song of Hope" ..... Batiste
Orchestra.
Nativity anthem—"God From On High Hath Heard" ..... Custance
Mrs. A. F. M. Custance, Cyril Tyler and Chorus.
Hymn of the Pilgrims—"Hail the Sign" ..... Anon
Chorus.
Tenor solo—"The Pilgrim" ..... Adams
Raymond Stephens.
Finale—"Hallelujah Chorus" .....
..... Handel
Chorus.

• • •

Albert Gidley has returned from a visit with his brother at Winnipeg.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Macfarlane left Friday afternoon for Boston and other Eastern points.

• • •

Mrs. F. M. Kittenring, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. McLean, of 1228 East Third street, who returned from a visit at De Witt, Iowa, Thursday, left Friday afternoon for her home in Vancouver.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sabin have returned from a trip to the Pacific coast.

• • •

L. W. Powell returned Friday from Kentucky, where Mrs. Powell is visiting.

• • •

Mrs. C. E. Thompson has returned from a visit at her home in Ishpeming.

• • •

Mrs. H. C. Hanson was pleasantly surprised by a number of her friends Saturday evening, the event being in honor of her birthday anniversary. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—	
P. Sorenson,	Peterson,
Christianson,	L. Hanson,
P. Hanson,	
Misses—	
R. Christianson,	Cora Hanson,
Jennie Hanson,	Ida Hanson,
Messrs.—	
Mary Hanson,	H. Hanson,
Matt Hanson,	C. Christianson.

• • •

George F. Siewert has been called to Arlington, Wis., by the death of his mother.

• • •

J. B. Cotton left the city Friday afternoon en route for the Pacific coast, to join Mrs. Cotton and accompany her home.

• • •

Miss Anna B. Nesbitt is visiting in Kansas City.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. H. G. Inman. The program for the day will be:

Lesson review—"Latin Literature"
Piano solo..... .....
Miss Emma Mueller.
Talk—"The Mythology of Italy"..
Mrs. E. W. Burbank.
Mrs. David H. Williams will be the leader.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Sargent have gone to Portland, Oregon.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. McDonald left Tuesday for Spokane.

• • •

Capt. J. H. Pearce, James W. Falk, G. F. Smith and family left Monday for Old Mexico.

• • •

The regular thimble bee of the Aid society of the First Methodist church was held at the parsonage, 503 West Third street, Wednesday afternoon.

• • •

Capt. and Mrs. R. W. Sanborn left Wednesday evening for Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

• • •

Carl Meade left Wednesday evening for his home in Pittsburg, Pa.

• • •

Mrs. C. D. Thompson visited in St. Paul this week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Mendenhall returned this week from an extended visit to New Orleans and other Southern points.

• • •

C. A. Duncan left Monday evening for Boston. Mrs. Duncan left later in the week and joined him on the way. They will visit Miss Duncan, who is attending school in Boston.

• • •

Senator Hawkins left for the East the first of the week. He expected to visit Philadelphia and go to Ozark Beach, Fla., where he will join O. D. Kinney and E. Z. Griggs.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Burg returned Saturday from Mount Clemens, Mich.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Stone have removed from their apartments at the Spalding to their new home in the East End.

• • •

Duluth commandery No. 18, Knights Templar, gave a very enjoyable social affair Tuesday evening. The first part of the evening was devoted to the installation of officers of the commandery. A luncheon and dancing followed, Flaatens' orchestra playing.

• • •

Mrs. Stillman H. Bingham is visiting relatives in Ashland.

• • •

Mrs. Thomas Kenny left Wednesday afternoon for Olympia, Wash.

• • •

Mrs. Thompson, of Minneapolis, has returned to her home after a visit with Mrs. G. A. Eaton.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Robinson left Monday for Portland, Oregon.

• • •

Mrs. W. A. Muir left this week for a visit in Kansas.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Agnew, who have been visiting in the East, have returned to the Spalding.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Redfern, of Hibbing, were in the city this week on their return from a visit at West Baden.

• • •

Miss Jennie Lewis, of Minneapolis, is visiting Miss Emily B. Gallagher, of 414 East Third street.

• • •

Edward Bloedel, of 309 East First street, gave a supper Saturday evening in honor of the Neverslip club.

• • •

"Uncle Rube," the beautiful comedy drama, bubbling with life and merriment from start to finish, was presented St. Patrick's day evening by the St. Clem't's Dramatic club at St. Clement's hall, to a house packed from top to bottom, every inch of standing room being occupied.

The club was assisted by Flaaten's orchestra, which furnished some delightful music between the acts, which was highly appreciated. The play was most enthusiastically received by the audience. The young players were given hearty applause, being called before the curtain many times. All the players did very well. In the heavier parts Ed. Halverson, as Uncle Rube, did fine work, depicting the down East Yankee farmer at home and abroad, very cleverly. Ed Lyons, as the hired man, made a hit in every act. T. Tambirno, as Gordon Gray; A. Lyons, as Deacon Smalley, Joe Krimer as Bill Tappman and J. Callahan as Bub Green, acquitted themselves well for amateurs and deserve credit for the ability displayed and for the hard work and study given the parents.

Miss Elia Philip, as Mrs. Bunn, was especially fine. F. As Taggs, Miss T. Shesgren was all that could be desired, handling the part with ease and grace. Maud Dardis, as Millcit, was also very good.

• • •

Miss Mathilde Nelson and N. G. Vedin, both of West Duluth, were united in marriage Tuesday evening by Rev. Mr. Svenson, of the Swedish Lutheran church. Mr. and Mrs. Vedin left yesterday on their wedding trip and will visit for about two weeks with relatives in Morrison county, Minn.

• • •

The next meeting of the West Duluth Ladies' Reading circle will be held at the residence of Mrs. W. F. Bailey, 5310 Main street, on Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

• • •

The local lodge of Modern Samaritans held a very enjoyable social entertainment Monday evening in Odd Fellows' hall.

• • •

Miss Boyd returned Monday from Independence, where she has been visiting her husband the past few weeks.

• • •

The Misses Emily Jensen and Jennie Roberts, of Brimson, are the guests of Mrs. M. Holland.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Sweet have returned after a two weeks' visit with Milwaukee friends.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Schreck are visiting friends at the Twin Cities and in Milwaukee this week.

• • •

Miss Eliza Marrs, of St. Paul, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. William Brotherton.

• • •

The F. L. C. C. club, a sceret organization recently formed, met Thursday evening at the home of Miss Edythe Carlson. The evening was spent in dancing, music and games. Those present were:

Misses—	
Chrissie Gram,	Johanna Behrens,
Hulda Sagerstedt,	Fannie Anderson,
Julia Eden,	Pearl Flood,
Edythe Carlson,	

The next meeting of the club will be held at the home of Miss Myrtle Perry.

• • •

A delightful party was given at the home of Mrs. Henry Hanson, 211 Twenty-ninth avenue west, Wednesday evening. Those present were:

Mesdames—	
George Treoraner,	W. Peters,
H. Covert,	James Kelley,
Hanson,	H. Heimerman.

"CHARLEY'S AUNT"

To Be Given By Marshall-Wells Employes.

One of the most unique forms of practical charity will be worked out at the Lyceum theater early in April when the roaring farce comedy "Charley's Aunt" will be performed under the direction of Miss Laura Frankenfield. The play is put on by the employes of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company to raise sufficient funds for a fellow employe, who is at present receiving treatment from a specialist in Chicago for a spinal affection, and to provide for the widow and orphans of a deceased employe who was in the service of the company for fifteen years.

All of the partsare in competent hands, who under Miss Frankenfield's careful coaching, enter the spirit of same as professionals.

The part of Babbs or "Charley's Aunt" is taken by Leslie T. Hubbell, who has had a wide amateur experience in farce comedies and has demonstrated during the past winter his adaptability to the work, having appeared several times to great advantage. He, with the assistance of the balance of the cast, will afford his audience an evening of rare enjoyment and real fun.

There will be musical selections from all of the musical comedies—but more especially a tenor solo and male chorus "We're All good Fellows" from "The Chaperons," now being performed by Perley's comedians, the successors of the Alice Nellson Opera company, and a contralto solo "Pretty Molly Shannon," now being sung by Anna Held in "The Little Duchess" in New York city.

It is the purpose of the management to introduce several specialties so that from the beginning of the second act until the drop of the curtain on the last act there will be a continuous performance. Between acts 2 and 3 Rollin H. Wells, formerly of Cleveland and Haverly's minstrels, will give a song and dancing sketch, and Oscar Lonegren will introduce his "Greenhorn Swedish English dialogues."

Christian Endeavor Union.

The Duluth Christian Endeavor union will hold its regular quarterly rally at the Pilgrim Congregational church, Monday evening. The program is as follows:

Talk on "Quiet Hour" .....
Miss Towncite Dash.
Address—"Junior Work" .....
Miss Julia Shannon.
Review—Amos R. Wells' book "On the Lookout" .....
Miss Jessie E. McKay.
Debate—"Resolved, That the Number of Our Committees Should be Diminished" .....
Affirmative, John Brown; negative, Swan M. Erickson.
Open Parliament, conducted by.....
T. S. Sullivan.
Business .....

The Unity Club.

The Unity club will hold its regular meeting on Monday evening at the Unitarian church. At this meeting W. W. Billson will read a paper on "The Evolution of the Individual and His Property." Mr. Billson has given this subject a great deal of thought and research and his paper will no doubt be very interesting and instructive. A cordial invitation is extended to the public. Members of the bench and bar are especially invited.

"COFFEE HEARTS."

More Frequent Than Tobacco Hearts.

Coffee drinking frequently affects the heart, and many cases of heart trouble are relieved or entirely cured by leaving off Coffee and taking on Postum Food Coffee.

A good illustration is that of a lady who says: "I was troubled, for many years, with my heart, and at times would become unconscious. The children have many times run for the neighbors to come in and restore me by putting my feet in hot water and rubbing me.

"Dr. Short frequently told me that coffee was a poison to me and was really the cause of my weak heart. I could not do without the coffee, though, but finally the doctor told me it was certain death if I did not give it up. This was about five years ago, and I changed from coffee to Postum Food Coffee. My heart trouble gradually disappeared and now I am entirely well, have never used a particle of coffee since my first cup of Postum.

"I gave a little Postum to a lady friend one day to take home and try. She reported that she did not like it at all. I found she boiled it only five minutes, so I gave her some more and told her to boil it twenty minutes. That was different. She has been using Postum now a long time.

"It cured her daughter of liver trouble, restored her fresh, pretty complexion, and cured the mother from headaches from which she suffered severely." Mrs. M. Douglass, 607 Plum street, Elkhart, Ind.

Upright Pianos!

Sent anywhere at our risk. Return at our expense for freight both ways, if not suited.

$225
on payments of $10 monthly.

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WRITE TODAY for Bargain Bulletin of used and sample Pianos —and Easy Pay plan.

DULUTH MUSIC CO
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.
Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.
Open Saturday Evenings.

DEAL BY SCHWAB

He and Others Secure Control of Copper Companies.

Include Concerns In Canada and Also In Paris.

Canadian Leases Are Subject to the Dominion Government.

New York, March 22.—It is reported, says a Toronto dispatch to the Herald, that C. M. Schwab, of New York, and several financial associates organized a company with $9,000,000 of capital and had obtained control of the Canadian Copper company, of Cleveland, the Orford Copper company, of New Jersey, and the Nickel company, of Paris, France.

The department of mines will not be necessarily informed officially of this deal until the company applies for the bonus on nickel plate or desires any change in the conditions of the leases of the two first named companies, each of which possesses every rich nickel mine in the Sudbury district of Ontario.

The report of the combination has been received with great equanimity, because the leases are held under the Ontario government, which has power to declare the leases under which the ore can be exported.

The tendency for the last few years has been to force the manufacture of ore into nickel, gradually reducing the export of ore until it is entirely stopped. The Dominion government has undertaken to frame its tariff on the same lines.

The Paris company has no mines in Canada, but controls the New Caledonia mines, so that the new combination, if completed, will control the world's output of nickel.

Mrs. Lambert, the dressmaker at 129 East First street, has engaged a ladies' tailor who has worked many years for Marshall Field, of Chicago.

HOLY WEEK

Services at the Cathedral During the Coming Week.

Next week is holy week and the services at the cathedral will be in keeping with the solemnity of this very important time in the ecclesiastical year.

The office of tenebrae will be chanted in the presence of the bishop by a number of the diocesan clergy Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, at 7:30 p. m. Confessions will be heard on Wednesday afternoon and evening, and holy communion will be distributed on Thursday at 8 a. m.

Thursday at 10 a. m., solemn pontifical mass will be celebrated by Right Rev. Bishop McGolrick, assisted by Rev. C. V. Gamache, as assistant priest, Rev. John Sroka and Rev. F. S. Kosmerl, deacons of honor, Rev. L. Leuret and Rev. J. W. Smiers, deacon and sub-deacon of the mass, Rev. T. Corbett as first, and Rev. James Hogan, as second master of ceremonies. During the mass the right reverend bishop will consecrate the oils to be used in the administration of the sacraments of baptism, confirmation, holy orders and extreme unction. Rev. John Feehely, Rev. H. Hufnagel, Rev. E. Ginther, O. S. B., will be bearers of the oils. After mass there will be a solemn procession of the most holy sacrament to the repository, followed by the stripping of the altars. During the day the faithful will visit the holy sacrament. Thursday evening, after tenebrae, Rev. John O'Dwyer will deliver the sermon.

Friday, at 9 a. m., the right reverend bishop will celebrate the "mass presanctified," assisted by Rev. C. V. Gamache, as assistant priest, Rev. John Sroka and Rev. F. S. Komerl, deacons of honor, Rev. A. Leuret and Rev. John Feehely, as deacon and subdeacon of the mass, Rev. T. Corbett as first and Rev. James Hogan as second master of ceremonies. During the mass there will be veneration of the cross and a solmen procession of hold sacrament from the repository to the main altar. Rev. C. V. Gamache, Rev. J. W. Smiers and Rev. F. Hufnagel will sing the passion. After the mass the faithful will venerate the cross. Friday evening, after tenebrae, Rev. James Hogan will deliver the sermon.

Saturday morning services will begin at 7 o'clock, consisting of the blessing of the new fire, paschal candle, reading of the prophecies, blessing of the Easter water and baptismal font and high mass.

Easter Sunday morning there will be the usual solemn services. The choir will be assisted by Flaaten's orchestra.

MUSIC TEACHERS'

State Convention at St. Paul May 19 and 20.

The state music teachers' convention will be held in St. Paul May 19 and 20. About twenty Duluth teachers are members and take a deep interest in its success. It is expected that about twenty-five will go down to the meeting.

The program was decided upon at a meeting in St. Paul last Monday. The convention will cover two days. There will be five concerts, four by state talent, representative of different parts of the state, and the final one by the Kneisle quartet of Boston. There will be business meetings in the mornings, at which are expected to be representative gatherings of teachers of music in the public schools. There will be papers by six or seven teachers well known all over the state, on subjects pertaining to music in the schools.

Can Vote on It.

The people of West Superior are to be terday in the mayoralty muddle in West of voting whether they desire the matter of granting or extending franchise to come before the citizens for final consideration, or the poor remain as at present with the city council.

Millinery Opening.

The Easter opening of Miss Flaaten's millinery parlors will take place Monday and will be on a fine scale. Flaaten's orchestra will play afternoon and evening giving the following programs:

AFTERNOON 2:30 TO 5.
March—"The Strollers" ..... Englander
Overture—"Martha" ..... Flotow
Remembrance from "King Dodo"..Luders
"Sextet" from "Florodora" ..... Stuart
Entre-Acte—"Chloe, I'm Waiting" .....
..... De Koven
Intermezzo, "Isis" ..... Morse
Polka de Concert—"Terpsichorian" .....
..... Claudet
"A Japanese Serenade" ..... Lorame
Scene de Ballet, "Scarf Dance" .....
..... Chamlmade
Galop—"In a Minute" ..... Tracy
EVENING 7:45 TO 10.
March—"The Wedding of the Reuben and the Maid" ..... Levi
Selection from "The Burgomaster" .....
..... Luders
Caprice—"A Lesson in Flirtation" .....
..... Englander
Medley—"Loop the Loop" ..... Smith
"Habanera Escamilla" ..... Redla
Waltze de Concert—"Love Thoughts" .....
..... Waldtenfel
A Tone Poem—"Sunbeams and Shadows" ..... Keiser
Overture—"Libella" ..... Rassiger
Scene Arabe—"Under the Palm Trees" .....
..... Haack
Two-step—"Maid Marian" ..... De Koven

White Birch Paving.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Regarding your many editorials on paving for Superior street, it has long been my opinion that white birch blocks, treated with boiling tar and clean gravel, would be the best and outlast any other kind of wooden pavement. I have known for years that white birch, placed on end would stand more pounding than almost any other kind of timber. As to cost, it can be laid as cheaply as cedar, as there are great quantities of it in this district. Very respectfully yours, CITIZEN.
Duluth, March 22.

IN MICHIGAN.

Former Treasurer Beauchamp Taken to Menominee and Jailed.

Menominee—Former Treasurer Louis Beauchamp of Spalding township was brought from his home in Wilson by Sheriff Stiles and placed in the Menominee jail, charged with the embezzlement of $9314.22. Beauchamp was elected in April, 1894, and served two consecutive terms. He was arraigned and placed under a $2500 bond to appear on April 4.

The first step toward the elimination of politics from municipal government was taken Friday when twenty-five representative citizens, Democrats and Republicans, held a meeting and adopted resolutions calling a mass meeting.

John G. Editz, a brother of Mayor Editz, and an ex-state senator of Indiana, died here Friday of consumption. He is survived by a wife and 6-year-old daughter.

Houghton—In revenge for his arrest on the charge of violating the liquor laws, Frank Heikkolo, a saloonkeeper at Atlantic, has turned reformer. He has sworn out warrants against five proprietors of saloons at Atlantic and Baltic. The complaints charge that the liquor dealers transacted business last Sunday, Heikkolo having visited all the saloons in the two mining locations—barring his own, which was closed—and found that the law was being openly violated. The complainant announces his intention of compelling the rigid enforcement of the law hereafter.

Ironwood—Surprise has been caused here by the fact that Col. Robert Bates of the Third regiment has mustered in as the regimental organization the Sault Ste. band, the regimental headquarters having been transferred to the Soo because of the removal to that city from Ironwood of the commanding officer. The action of the colonel means that there are now two regimental bands where only one is authorized, the Ironwood band having all along been the official organization of the regiment. The local musicians were mustered in for three years and have still another year to serve.

According to the military regulations the only manner in which the local band can be removed from the service is upon the order or request of the adjutant general, and this has not been done, nor has any intimation reached here that it is intended the Ironwood musicians shall resign.

PRESIDENT ATHLETIC CLUB

Says: "I Owe My Health to Peruna"



HERBERT LUNDBERG, PRESIDENT HARLEM ATHLETIC CLUB.

Herbert Lundberg, 225 East 123rd street, New York City, president Harlem Athletic club, writes:

The Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, Ohio:

Gentlemen—"It will probably interest you to know that I thank Peruna for the magnificent health I enjoy. If I am ever under the weather, get over-worked or suffer from a cold, the use of Peruna for a day or two quickly restores me. Several members of our athletic club have had the most gratifying results through its use, especially so during the last epidemic of la grippe. Several of them were completely cured and restored to perfect health."—HERBERT LUNDBERG.

Hon. Chas. A. Turner, 501 G street, Washington, D. C., is ex-member of congress from New York City, two terms; was doorkeeper of the national house of representatives for four years. Is a member of Tammany hall and is very influential in New York City. He writes:

"I have used your remedy, Peruna, as a general tonic with satisfactory results. I have many friends who have testified to its virtues, and I fully believe you have a valuable remedy."—C. H. TURNER.

Mr. Patrick Devlin, conductor of Macabee and Unique lodge No. 99, writes from 42 Delaware Place, Chicago, Ill., as follows:

"Last fall, when I was outside daily in the rain and cold, I caught a heavy cold, to which I paid no attention until it spread over my entire body and every bone and muscle ached. A most disagreeable catarrh of the mucous membranes was the result.

"Several of the members of my lodge, who had been cured through Peruna, insisted that I try it, and rather reluctantly I bought a bottle. I noticed, with great joy, that it afforded me almost instant relief, and during the following week I kept getting better. Within three weeks I was not only cured, but felt stronger and more vigorous than I had done for months.

"I believe that the cold took such a hold on me because I was run down in health, but Peruna restored me to perfect health."—Patrick Devlin.

Catarrh is an old cold. Even the strongest, most athletic men are liable to colds during the winter months. A cold, if neglected, is almost certain to cause catarrh of the head, which rapidly spreads through the system, setting up catarrh of the throat, lungs, stomach or pelvic organs. What a host of winter ailments would be prevented by a preventative, as well as a cure for colds.

Peruna is such a remedy. If taken at the first symptoms of catching cold it heals the catarrhal condition before it becomes established and makes impossible a spread of the disease. Should the cold be neglected and result in catarrh, Peruna will cure, but it will take much longer and result in much unnecessary suffering.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

Bargains In Wall Paper.

We are still selling our 1901 wall-paper regardless of cost. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

"77"

Dr. Humphreys' "Seventy-seven cures Colds, Grip, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and soreness in the head and chest, Cough, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

COLDS

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
121 19th Ave. W. Phone 1471

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—
Hotel McKay
One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Flaaten's
29 West Superior Street.

Spring Millinery Opening..

Monday March 24.

The exquisite taste and beauty of the new modes for this season has never been known to the art of millinery before. There is really no limit to the beautiful effects to be obtained, and the saying of there being an individual style for every woman is quite true, and among the Flaaten's modes will be found the most correct interpretations of the season's smartest conceptions.

The ladies are cordially invited to attend.

Flaaten's Orchestra Monday Afternoon and Evening

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.




PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA




Grand Easter Opening

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

March 24th, 25th and 26th.



Millinery	*Wraps*	*Petticoats*	*Lingerie*	*Shoes*	*Laces*
Costumes	*Silk Waists*	*Parasols*	*Hosiery*	*Slippers*	*Handkerchiefs*
Suits	*Shirt Waists*	*Neckwear*	*Gloves*	*Children's Dresses*	*Easter Novelties*
Coats	*Skirts*	*Corsets*	*Fans*	*Ribbons*	*Dress Goods*



We are prepared on next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday to present to the ladies of Duluth, Superior, and surrounding country, the most elaborate style exposition ever known in this city. After months of busy preparation, of ceaseless effort, travel, studious selections, everything is in readiness. We have brought the smartest styles from every style center here for you to see and choose from. Few words are necessary to invite you to the Opening, but pages could be devoted to describing the many bewitching things. We say COME. Nowhere else can you get as good an idea of the season's new modes, of the trend of fashion, of the best values that are to be had. Again we say, come.



The Millinery Department

Never presented such a wealth of fascinating creations. Miss Isabelle Dougherty, our chief designer, has had long experience in America's greatest and most exacting millinery houses, and her tastes are truly artistic as revealed in her handiwork. We expect an ovation for our own exclusive styles, as well as for the beautiful Parisian models, which are numerous. We are prepared to demonstrate that for exclusive elegance, tasteful hats, and moderate prices, the Glass Block is pre-eminently first. The opening will attract the usual army of visitors, and we have a large number of competent salesladies in attendance. Do not miss this opportunity to see the new styles.



The Cloak and Suit Department

gives you a smiling welcome. Originality, newness, and stylishness are the distinguishing features, to which is added the attraction of lowest prices. The best showing of practical fashions in Duluth is here. The invitation is given you to come and see—you're welcome at any time. We know what your verdict will be. It will be unanimous in our favor. Three times the assortment to be found at any other store at the head of the lakes is here, and the opportunities for satisfactory choice are likewise three-fold in our favor. The best time of the whole season for selecting a beautiful costume for Easter will be during the first two days of the opening.



All Over the Store the spirit of Easter opening times prevails. Exclusiveness, originality, practicability are everywhere thoroughly in evidence. The interior of the store has been elaborately decorated by an experienced decorator who devotes his whole time to this particular work. Our show windows are the handsomest ever seen in this city, but they can reflect but a mere smattering of the vast wealth of merchandise shown in this store. The windows will be illuminated every evening during the opening.

You are invited to attend our Grand Easter Opening, next Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.



SECOND DEGREE

Daniel Karvo Will Go to the Penitentiary For Life.

Jury Finds That He Murdered Without Premeditation.

Prisoner Preserves Stolid Expression He Has Constantly Worn.

Daniel Karvo will not be hanged for the murder of Jacob Myllymaki.

Neither will he go free on the ground of insanity.

He will be sentenced to the penitentiary for life. If he is insane, he will be dealt with by the prison officers in the proper manner.

The jury reached an agreement at 10 o'clock last night, after having been out just twelve hours. Judge Dibell was sent for, and he came immediately to the court house to receive the verdict. Karvo was awakened out of a sound sleep and brought over to the court room in which he has been tried. He sat in much the same position as before, in the same chair facing the jury box, with his head inclined and his gaze fixed just ahead of him. As the jury filed in he looked at the jurors once out of the corner of his eye, but after that he appeared to pay no attention whatever to the reading of the verdict.

When Foreman N. B. Morrison handed the verdict over to Clerk Liedel, the prisoner seemed nervous to one man of strong imagination, but most observers failed to distinguish the slightest change in his expression.

When the verdict had been read the deputies took Karvo back to the county jail. He followed meekly, and when he was returned to his cell he immediately began preparations for going to bed again. He was seen in his cell a few minutes later, after he had turned in, and efforts were made to talk with him. He seemed to understand questions clearly, but his answers were all in monosyllables. He was asked if he understood the verdict.

"Yes," was the answer.

"Are you satisfied with it?"

"Yes."

"Do you want to go to prison for life?"

"No, dont' want that."

"Have you any relatives in this country?"

"What?"

"Do your people live in the old country?"

"Yes."

"Have you any people in this country?"

"No."

"Good night, Dan."

"Good night," was the amiable reply, and Karvo pulled the blanket over his shoulders and closed his eyes.

The verdict was entirely satisfactory to all who heard the trial. There was a feeling that the man that could perpetrate such a fiendish deed as the killing of Myllymaki was an unsafe man to have at large, sane or insane. There was a strong probability that he was insane when he did the killing, though he is probably sane now. If he is sane now the insane hospital would not keep him long, and it is said the victims of a homicidal mania are likely to have recurrences of the trouble. If he is sent to the state prison, and turns out to be insane, the prison authorities will know what to do with him.

There was no sentiment to amount to anything about the court house in favor of hanging him, in view of the doubt about his mental condition. Six members of the jury voted for murder in the first degree on the first ballots, however. There was one or two in favor of acquittal on the ground of insanity, but soon the jury divided itself between murder in the first and murder in the second degree. At one time the jury stood nine for first degree and three for second degree. A little later it was ten to two, and about 8 o'clock last evening the second degree gained ground and the jury stood eight to four.

There Are 2400

Disorders incident to the human frame, of which a majority are caused or promoted by impure blood.

The remedy is simple.

Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

That this medicine radically and effectively purifies the blood is known to every druggist, known to hundreds of thousands of people who themselves or by their friends have experienced its curative powers.

The worst cases of scrofula, the most agonizing sufferings from salt rheum and other virulent blood diseases, are conquered by it, while those cured of boils, pimples, dyspeptic and bilious symptoms and that tired feeling are numbered by millions.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will do you good. Begin to take it today.

ORPHAN BROUGHT DOWN.

Bianchi Child Taken to Children's Home.

Mary Bianchi, the 8-year-old daughter of John Bianchi, who killed his wife at Hibbing Thursday and then committed suicide, was brought to Duluth and placed in the Children's home by Humane Agent Withrow yesterday. She will be kept there until a permanent home is found for her. Frank, the second child, 6 years old, is stopping with an Eveleth family, and will be brought down later. The girl says an uncle lives in Iron Mountain, Mich., and the authorities are looking him up. The children will be sent to him if he is a proper person to have them; otherwise they will be sent to the state school at Owatonna. The people owned no property at Hibbing, but the little girl says her father owned a big farm in Italy.

REFUSED.

Lake Masters Are Denied Papers For Salt Water Navigation.

Lake steamboat masters who have been refused salt water papers claim the refusal comes from salt water prejudices, and they are proposing to carry the matter up to the highest authorities. They claim that there is no reason why they should be turned down when they pass excellent examinations.

Gen. James A. Dumont, supervising inspector general of the steamboat inspection service, has sustained the decisions against the lake men, and now it is proposed to take the matter directly to Secretary of the Treasury Shaw. As the secretary is a Western man, it is hoped that he will be favorably disposed toward the lake masters.

The lake mariners are particularly angry because in years gone by lake men have gone to Boston and New York, and on passing the necessary examinations have had licenses granted to them without question. It is charged that the ocean shippers have become alarmed at the increasing number of applications and have taken means to check them. The tendency of lake men to take up the study of ocean navigation has grown since the new canals of the St. Lawrence opened a route between the lakes and the ocean for mediumsized ships.

Gen. Dumont has decided that the lakes are not high seas and the ships on them are not in the coastwise service.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

To Assimilate Food

see that your stomach and liver are in proper condition. To do it easily and pleasantly take

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

MAJ. RUFUS E. FLEMING.

Sketch of Career of This Prominent Mason.

The announcement of the death of Maj. R. E. Fleming of Fargo yesterday brought a feeling of sorrow to many Duluthians, for Maj. Fleming was a frequent visitor in this city and had many friends here, especially among the Masonic fraternity, the major being high in the order.

Maj. Rufus Eberle Fleming was born July 11, 1839, at New Madison, Ohio. In 1841 his parents removed to New Paris, where he was educated in the village schools. In 1855 he was employed as a civil engineer on what is now the Wabash system. Again, entering school, in 1857, he continued his studies until he engaged in business as a merchant at New Paris, Ohio. He enlisted in the army in August, 1861, in the Third Indiana battery of light artillery, and served for three years. After the war he again became a merchant, and continued in business until 1873, when he was appointed secretary of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, Ohio, which he filled until he resigned in 1881, and removed in 1882 to North Dakota and engaged in farming.

He was made a Mason Nov. 3, 1877; exalted to the Royal Arch degree Feb. 9, 1878; received the degrees in the Council of Royal and Select Masters April 5, 1878, and was created a Knight Templar April 2, 1878. He received degrees of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite up to and including the thirty-second degree Feb. 18, 19 and 20, North Dakota in 1882. He was coro-Deputy of the Supreme Council for North Dakota in 1882. eH was coronoted as an Honorary Inspector General Dec. 11, 1884, and crowned an Active Member of the Supreme Council in 1886. At the time of his death Maj. Fleming was Grand Constable of the Supreme Council, Sovereign Grand Inspector in North Dakota and resided at Fargo.

PROHIBITIONISTS

Ask Court to Decide Rights of Candidates.

St. Paul, March 22.—The Prohibitionists yesterday secured the issuance of a writ from the district court to decide the right of the party to have its candidates for city offices placed on the city ballot without petition. The writ is issued against the city clerk, and the question to be determined is whether the Prohibitionists, under the primary law, have the right to have their candidates placed upon the ballot with or without petition. The city clerk insists upon a petition. The issue raised does not bring into question the constitutionality of the primary law, but simply the proper interpretations of its provisions. Attorney Doty represents the Prohibition party, and the writ was issued by Judge Otis.

The writ was made returnable for next Tuesday, before Judge Otis, in Chambers.

CABLE FLASHES.

The trial of the three officials of the vatican, who were charged with thefts from the vatican treasury aggregating £16,000, was concluded at Rome Friday. The official named Scotto was convicted and sentenced to eight years' imprisonment, while the two others were acquitted of the charges against them.

At a meeting of the tobacco trade held at Dublin it was unanimously resolved that the Dublin Tobacconists' association would have nothing to do with the Imperial Tobacco company and that the association would permit freedom of action with regard to the circular issued by Ogdens (limited.)

Letters received at Kingston, from Port au Prince, Hayti, say that the whole country is disturbed owing to the bad political situation. The government, it is added, is making numerous arrests in several quarters, principally Jacmel, where it is feared a revolutionary outbreak is imminent.

According to the Rome correspondent of the Daily Mail, the Italian consul at Janina, Southern Albania, has sent in news of a serious revolution in Albana. The governor's palace at Janina has been attacked and several gendarmes were killed. The revolutionists are masters of the town.

The United States Steel corporation is buying iron in Germany, some of which is for structural purposes. It is reported in the trade that the corporation has instructed its agents to be ready to buy extensively. Two thousand tons of pig iron have just been bought in Silesia on Pittsburg account. Sales of iron are also announced from Westphalia.

IN CONGRESS.

Senate Passes Presidential Bill; House Rivers and Harbors.

Washington, March 22.—After long consideration of the bill for the protection of the president, it was passed by the senate without amendment by a vote of 52 to 15.

The bill provides that any person within the United States who shall wilfully and maliciously kill the president or any officer on whom the duties of president may devolve, or any sovereign of a foreign country, or shall attempt to kill any of the persons named, shall suffer death; that any person who shall aid, abet, advise or counsel the killing of any of the persons named, or shall conspire to accomplish their death, shall be imprisoned not exceeding twenty years; that any person who shall threaten to kill or advise or counsel another to kill the president or any official on whom the duties of president shall be imprisoned not exceeding ten years; that any person who shall wilfully aid in the escape of any person guilty of any of the offenses mentioned shall be deemed an accomplice and shall be punished as a principal. The secretary of war is directed to detail from the regular army a guard of officers and men to protect the president, "without any unnecessary display," and the secretary is authorized to make regulations as to the dress, arms and equipment of such guard.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, March 22.—The house yesterday passed the rivers and harbors bill, which has been under consideration throughout the week. Although several minor amendments were adopted, not a single dollar was added to the measure and as passed, it carried exactly what it did when it came from the committee—$69,688,267, including authorizations. Mr. Sulzer, New York, attempted to force a record vote on the final passage of the bill, but only three members, Messrs. Smith, Iowa; Fitzgerald, New York, and Cochran supported him.

THE FACE TELLS.

Pimples and Blotches a Secondary Effect.

How many women do we meet daily on the street whose faces tell the tale of disease and suffering! What is the reason? In ninety per cent of the cases it is due to some form of female trouble. What causes the female trouble? PINCHED NERVES, the result of some displacement of the spine.

How much suffering falls to the lot of mankind through constipation. Why is one constipated? Because the stomach and bowels do not get the material from the liver and pancreates to do their work with. The spleen, which is the positive force of the human battery, is out of order. Again, why are these organs deranged? PINCHED NERVES.

Chiropratic relieves all pinched nerves in the human system, lets nature right these organs—good-bye to the effects. Dr. D. W. Reesland, 206 East First street, is the exponent of this new and wonderful science in this city. He charges nothing for consultation.

RESCUE HOME.

Bethel Decides to Establish One Here on May 1.

For a number of years the Bethel has in a quiet way been caring for unfortunate women and girls. Many have been helped both temporally and spiritually. It has long been apparent to the management that this branch of the work should be cared for in a separate building.

About one year ago the board of directors authorized the opening of a rescue home, providing a suitable location and building could be secured. A house has already been decided upon, providing a more suitable one cannot be secured by May 1.

Miss Mary E. Shannon, of this city, will have the general supervision over this department. Arrangements to this end have already been made with her.

The management believes that the great need of such a home becomes more and more apparent every day, and that the generous citizens of Duluth will respond liberally to the appeal for funds to furnish and sustain the home. It is planned that eventually industrial features be introduced from which some income might be derived.

Miss Shannon will be glad to call on or correspond with all persons who are interested in this movement and give further information concerning it.

CLEARED THE HOME.

Friends Come to Rescue of Mrs. A. W. Peterson.

E. E. Cavalin, of Two Harbors, brother of the widow of the late A. W. Peterson, who was killed some time ago by a Missabe road logging train, was in the city this week arranging matters connected with the estate of the deceased. The widow was appointed administratrix for her three children at the probate court. The deceased owned a house and lot at Helm street and Twenty-eighth avenue west, on which there was a mortgage for several hundred dollars. The friends of the unfortunate widow came to her assistance and on Wednesday she was able to pay off the mortgage on her house.

The fellow-workmen of Peterson on the Boston coal dock, where Peterson had worked for years, raised about $100. A. Thoren had a list with about $30. The charity meeting at Mission church netted $270. She received from the Missabe & Northern Railroad company $100. She will now be able to get on very well.

AMERICAN TOUR CLOSED.

New York, March 22.—Sir Henry Irving and Ellen Terry have closed their American tour with a performance at the Harlem Opera house. The entire company will sail for home today on the Minneapolis.

GAGE HAS RETURNED.

New York, March 22.—Former Secretary of the Treasury Gage has returned from a brief vacation in Florida, and will shortly take up his duties as president of the United States Trust company.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter.

There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. Whenever in the opinion of our staff of specialists the wonderful curative and revitalizing forces of electricity will cure you we send you, free of all cost, one of these Supreme Electric Belts. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to the Physicians' Institute at 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), March 22.—The barometer continues high in the Lake region and low throughout Rocky mountain districts, with moderate temperatures prevailing generally. Light falls of rain or snow occurred during the past twenty-four hours in Oregon, Washington, Montana, Alberta, the Dakotas, Manitoba and Minnesota, and light to copious rains in Iowa, Missouri, Ohio valley states, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Georgia and Florida.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	46	Medicine Hat	26
Boston	48	Memphis	41
Buffalo	38	Miles City	34
Charleston	56	Milwaukee	36
Chicago	36	Minnedosa	32
Cincinnati	40	Modena	24
Davenport	36	Montgomery	50
Denver	28	Moorhead	28
Detroit	34	New York	40
Dodge City	40	New Orleans	58
Duluth	30	North Platte	32
El Paso	38	Oklahoma	42
Escanaba	34	Omaha	38
Galveston	62	Pittsburg	40
Green Bay	32	Portland	40
Havre	28	Qu'Appelle	26
Helena	26	San Francisco	44
Houghton	28	Santa Fe	36
Huron	36	Shreveport	48
Jacksonville	60	Spokane	32
Kamloops	32	St. Louis	42
Kansas City	36	St. Paul	36
Knoxville	44	Sault Ste. Marie	34
La Crosse	34	Swift Current	26
Lander	20	Washington	42
Los Angeles	46	Winnemucca	18
Marquette	32	Winnipeg	34

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Threatening weather tonight and Sunday, with possibly rain or snow. Fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, March 22.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday. Northeast winds.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy and possibly unsettled tonight and Sunday. Easterly winds.

The Dakotas—Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with possibly showers tonight.

Politics Now Being Considered.

Politics is rapidly invading the domain of the president and his advisers. Fitness has been the slogan of the president from the beginning, but there are now unmistakable evidences that in the consideration of patronage matters an eye is being cast futureward from a political standpoint. This view seems the more correct from the fact that the resident has referred the appointment of the United States marshal at St. Louis to be postmaster general. There has been considerable factional friction in Missouri and many candidates for the position and President Rosevelt is very desirous of securing harmony there. The case has been under consideration in the department of justice to which it belongs, and the qualities of the candidates for marshal have been carefully considered. Now Mr. Payne, the postmaster general, will canvass the situation from a political standpoint. It is explained that he is entirely familiar with all condtions in the state and will exert himself to bring about a political adjustment which will make the appointment, when made, satisfactory to all concerned and prevent further factional strife in the state. The appointment of Mr. Payne was undoubtedly a political move. It was followed by the appointment of Mr. Shaw, another political move which disposed of a presidential candidate. Each of the gentlemen have qualifications for the place to which he has been appointed. This is not denied Mr. Payne entered the cabinet after a political career which marked him as one of the ablest and most successful organizers of the party. His fame came from that association. Now political matters are being referred to him on many occasions. When it was desired to have a man succeed the present commissioner of immigration, Mr. Powderly, the advice of Mr. Payne was sought and followed. The St. Louis marshalship is but one of the many matters of politics which has been taken from other departments to be referred to the postmaster general. Every move of the president now shows shrewd generalship. He is preparing for the future and intends if possible to be elected president of the United States in 1904.

The Attack In the Pension Bureau.

The ill-judged attacks by the opponents of Pension Commissioner Evans will only result in his longer continuance in office. They are going about the matter in precisely the wrong way. Commissioner Evans while desirous of retiring from his present position on account of the unpleasantness connected therewith, will not leave while under fire and President Roosevelt seems just as determined that he shall not, as was President McKinley. Evans himself, a good while before Mr. McKinley's death expressed his preference for another assignment, feeling that he had accomplished all he had set out to do in the way of adjusting the machinery of the pension office to do careful work and prevent fraud. Each time that affairs were in train for a change, the Grand Army itself broke up the arrangement by one of its attacks, and then every preparation which had been made went for naught. The mission to Japan and the mission to Mexico have both been suggested as agreeing with Evan's well-known tastes; and his executive ability, square dealing and firmness of character as manifested in the pension office are qualities well fitting him for diplomatic work, particularly in one of the capitals to which we have not always sent representatives of our best element in public life, and where a change in our policy ought to be not only made but emphasized. The pressure that is being brought upon President Roosevelt by the pension attorneys, their friends and the Grand Army is something tremendous and in all probability a change of some kind will soon be made, but it is certain that Commissioner Evans will not suffer from it and will retire from his present position with the confidence and approval of the whole people, except the professional pension hunters.

MINNESOTA POLITICS.

The signs of the times indicate in no uncertain manner that the state of Minnesota is on the verge of another of the biennial upheavals known as political campaigns. Though the election itself is eight months away, candidates are grooming themselves for the struggle, and many have somewhat hurriedly thrown themselves into the arena and embarked their ambitious enterprises upon a troubled sea, to mix metaphors somewhat. This early start indicates either a hope that they will have their prizes gained at an early date, or a tremendous confidence in their staying qualities, for to anybody who begins now and remains in to the end, there is a long, bitter struggle ahead, with no end of grief of various sorts.

It is practically assured that the campaign will be an exceptionally hot one. It may not be out of place to suggest, at this time, the danger there is in a hot campaign or creating disturbances of the amenities of civilization. In the excitement of such a struggle men are apt to lose sight of some of the courtesies and get to speaking harshly of each other. The result is a rude shattering of the peace and harmony that ought to prevail in all enlightened communities, even during political campaigns. There is danger that the spirit of brotherly love and charity may get lost in the shuffle, and that men otherwise sober and peaceable and kind to their fellows may permit the raw edges of their nature to show, with the result that things may happen that they will be much ashamed of later.

The Herald sincerely hopes that everybody who may have entered this free-for-all race, or who may have thoughts of entering it later at some convenient opportunity, will remember the weakness of humanity, never so evident as during the heat of political struggles, and anchor their angry passions in advance so that the feeling of good-fellowship may not become disenthroned. There may not be so much fun in the campaign for the interested spectator with nothing at stake, but the combatants will feel much better when they wake up and find it is all over.

It is going to be an interesting campaign. There will be a lively scramble for nominations in advance of the election, particularly among the members of the dominant party in the state. Their nominations they must acquire through the operations of the primary election law, and there will be no conventions, except on the state ticket. This is going to make the campaign more interesting still, for there is one great problem to be worked out. That is whether party organizations are to be more or less shattered by the system, and if so, whether the result will be a better expression of the will of the people and better selections for public office. Under the old system party managers used to get together and parcel out the offices with a view to harmony. One faction was pacified with an office here, some sacrifice to party progress was made up by a place on the ticket there, and this constituted a large part of the game of politics. Now each office must stand alone at the primaries. There will be numerous candidates, and the people will make their choice directly instead of through irresponsible and uncertain delegates in a county convention.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

Those who wish to get a clear idea of the actual state at the present moment of the relations between Russia and China with respect to Manchuria, and the events and negotiations which led up to it, would do well to read an article which appears in the March number of the North American Review, entitled "Muscovite Designs on Manchuria." It is from the pen of L. Miner, a teacher in the North China college, Pekin, who furnished news from Chinese sources to an American paper, and was consequently obliged to keep in close touch with affairs. The writer tells a story of tireless intrigue, and of Russia's resolute pursuit of her own ends, by very questionable diplomatic methods, without the slightest regard to the wishes or the interests of the Chinese empire on the one hand, or of the other powers with which she was allied on the other. The event which afforded a pretext to the government of the czar for its first move against Manchuria is thus referred to:

"The mad war with the world began. Far up in the North, where the great Amur flows, deluded Chinese bombarded the town of Blagovestchensk, killing three Russians. A tragedy followed. A picture will ever haunt the memory of those who read the story, a picture of the great river half choked with the bodies of thousands of men, women and children, of desolated homes, of barbarities to put a savage to the blush. Sir E. Ashmead Bartlett, speaking in the house of commons, described the crimes committed by the Russians against the Chinese in Manchuria as far more atrocious than the revolting butcheries of Armenians by the Turks. They were stirred to this swift, terrible vengeance, you say, by Chinese treachery? Can the attack be called treachery, when for a month war had been raging in North China? Would the treachery of the Chinese soldiers give a Christian nation the right to dye a river with the blood of the wives and children of her foe? The Russian government cannot wash its hands of this crime, for the war office was in direct telegraphic communication with the Amur region, and there is evidence that Gen. Gribsky was acting under explicit orders. Gen. Orloff received similar orders, but telegraphed to St. Petersburg, 'I entreat to be allowed to spare the peaceful inhabitants.' It is a significant fact that Gen. Orloff was subsequently degraded by the war office, but the czar commuted the punishment to that of an 'imperial reprimand.'"

Now that the Anglo-Japanese alliance has been formed with the avowed purpose of preserving the integrity of China, another specimen of Russian diplomacy has been furnished by the publication of a Russo-French agreement and the rather surprising announcement that Russia accepts the "open door" policy.

THE CUBANS HAVE QUIT.

For some reason or other the representatives of the Cuban planters in the fight for a reduction of the tariff have dropped entirely out of sight. There is not an agent of the planters left in Washington to urge congress in the passage of the bill for tariff reduction. When the session opened a delegation of Cubans came to Washington and presented a memorial to the president and to the two houses of congress. At the same time a literary bureau was established, and for a while the correspondents were regularly supplied with material in support of the plea of the Cubans. First the Cuban delegates returned to Havana and in a week or two the bureau was closed, leaving no champion of Cuba in the field except the president and the secretary of war. Since that time the warfare for the reduction in the tariff has been carried on entirely by the administration men. They are working for a principle and have no personal motive behind them, such as inspires the opposition of the beet sugar representatives. The latter are fighting for their political lives and say that if they allow a tariff reduction bill to go through it will kill them in their respective beet growing districts. The same motives cannot be ascribed to others in whose districts there is no sugar beet industry.

The friends of Cuba have only the broad grounds of moral obligation to stand upon in defending the position, and for this reason some political wiseacres have ventured to predict that the fight will end in a draw, with nothing done. They say that there is not a single senator or representative who will gain anything by winning out, and that eventually the fellows who are struggling for their political existence will carry the day. It has been suggested that one reason the Cubans and their attorneys have vacated the field is that they became disgusted over the paltry reduction that was talked about. Contrasted with what the Cuban delegates asked for when they arrived in Washington in December, the proposition of 20 per cent reduction does look rather small. The Cubans demanded absolute free trade for their sugars and molasses and big reductions in their other agricultural products. It was declared that if less than this were granted it would mean absolute bankruptcy for the island and its industries.

USING THE EARTH'S ENERGY.

While great water power schemes are at present in process of development with a view of furnishing cheap electric power, a really startling series of experiments is being conducted by the British association—that of obtaining steam power from the heated depths of the earth. This may seem to many people to be a chimerical undertaking, but Professor William Hallock, of Columbia college, says that the idea is entirely feasible. It has been positively demonstrated that there is a regular rise of temperature for every foot of penetration into the earth's surface, and it is only a matter of going deep enough to find heat enough to make steam power. The heat of the 2500-foot level in the Comstock mine is 145 degrees, and in a deep well near Pittsburg it is 129 degrees. Professor Hallock estimates that at a depth of 12,000 feet there will be found a temperature of at least 240 degrees, or much more than is requisite in boiling water.

"It is not," says Professor Hallock, "a question of getting steam, that being simple, but a question of getting steam in sufficient quantities. Hot water is even now drawn from a deep well and used to heat a dwelling house near Boise City, Idaho, and when we pumped out water which had leaked into the deep well near Pittsburg, it was so hot I could not hold my hand in it. But while the Pittsburg well is capable of heating water left in it over night, even if its depth were sufficient to turn that water to steam, it would require many hours of waiting, which would rob it of all commercial value. In other words, there would not be the slightest difficulty in obtaining steam from the earth's interior, because that involves merely a little extra labor in boring down into a very hot area, and it is as easy comparatively to bore 12,000 feet as to bore 6000; but in order to give the steam commercial value a method must be provided for dropping the water to the heat area, allowing it time to heat, and yet having it return to the surface as steam without for a moment interrupting the flow."

Professor Hallock thinks he has discovered a method that is entirely practicable. He would bore two holes into the ground 12,000 feet deep and fifty feet apart. Then he would lower heavy charges of dynamite into both holes and explode them. He is sure that after this process has been repeated many times, a connection between the two holes would be established, while the shattering of the rock around the base of the holes would turn the surrounding area into an immense water heater. "The water," says the professor, 'poured down one hole would circulate through all the cracks and crevices, the temperature of which would be over 240 degrees, and in its passage would be heated and turned to steam, which would pass through the second hole to the earth's surface. The pressure of such a column of steam would be enormous; for, aside from the initial velocity of the steam, the descending column of water would exert a pressure of at least 5000 pounds to the square inch, which would drive up through the second hole everything movable. The problem is, therefore, a mechanical one and the chief difficulty would be in connecting the holes at the bottom. This accomplished, the water heater would operate itself and a source of power be established that would surpass anything now in use."

Professor Hallock says that a practical test of the undertaking can be had at a cost not to exceed $50,000. The wonder is that in this age of scientific research and mechanical progress some one has not attempted to accomplish the thing which men have dreamed of ever since the heated condition of the earth's interior came to human knowledge. It need not be suggested that if unlimited power can be obtained by the simple process of boring two holes to a depth of 12,000 feet, it will form the most stupendous achievement in the inventive career of man. Professor Hallock says that the Pittsburg well is to be lowered until the existence of sufficient heat has been demonstrated in a practical manner, and it is to be hoped that its undertakers will carry out the two-hole idea and show once more that some of the greatest of human inventions are the simplest in their character.

Perhaps in the extraction of steam or hot water from the bowels of the earth may be obtained not only cheap power for industrial enterprises but a solution of the problem of heating dwellings and business buildings in our great cities.

YANKEE ENTERPRISE.

The British tobacconists have just had a sample of Yankee enterprise that has caused a widespread sensation. Some months since the American Tobacco company, known as the American "trust," made an effort to introduce its goods into England on a more extensive scale than had previously been done. The British jobbers became alarmed at what they called the "American invasion," and appealed to the retailers to "stand by British goods," giving them the assurance that if they did so the jobbers would in turn stand by them. The American company began spending money for advertising, occupying entire pages in leading papers, and spending thousands of dollars a day. The British jobbers soon realized that they must effect a more perfect opposition to the "invaders" if they hoped to succeed, and finally organized the Imperial Company, composed of thirteen of the biggest British jobbers and manufacturers, including the firm of Salmon & Gluckstein, the largest in all Europe.

The Imperial company announced to the trade a few days since that it would distribute bonuses to such trade as would agree not to handle American goods. Then the American company threw a bombshell into the British camp by offering to give the entire net profits of its British branch and $500,000 yearly as a bonus to its customers for the next four years. Already one firm, owning many stores in London, has posted notices of its refusal to exclude American goods, and of its intention to continue selling American brands, and the cable dispatches yesterday stated that the Belfast and Edinburgh tobacco dealers have also decided to accept the American proposition.

All of which goes to show that American enterprise will always win and that the British tobacco combination has struck a losing game.

NATIONAL INCORPORATION.

A very suggestive contribution to the discussion of the difficult question of the supervision and regulation of the combinations engaged in interstate commerce has been made by James B. Dill, the well-known corporation lawyer. In an address before Harvard university, Mr. Dill, who has acquired an intimate knowledge of the subject by reason of having drawn the incorporation papers of several of the largest combinations formed under the laws of New Jersey, favored the enactment of a national incorporation law as distinguished from a national control of state-created corporations. He urged that the business of the country demands uniform corporate legislation, formulated upon the good of the country as a whole and not sectional legislation, state against state. A national law should be along the lines of the national banking act, not abridging the powers of the state to create local corporations, but affording an opportunity to organize corporations, national in extent, whose business relates to trade with foreign countries or between states, under national law and with the protection of the national government against conflicting state legislation and local political enactments.

Mr. Dill expressed the opinion that we can look for no effective publicity—no effective restrictions or regulations of corporate power—under a diverse and systematically opposed state legislation, therefore public opinion formulated into statutes, to be of the highest efficiency and to be freed from evils of subordination, even of prostitution, must be uniform among all the states and national in extent as to whether corporations would voluntarily avail themselves of a national law he has no doubt that they would. They would do this for self-preservation, as a protection against the varied, diverse and today inconsistent laws of various states, and for the reason that no corporation engaged in interstate commerce or desiring to do business throughout the length and breadth of the country could afford to be other than a national organization, since it would not be long before the investing public would draw the lines sharply between state-created organizations assuming to do a business national in extent and true national corporations. It has already become necessary for the sound corporations to differentiate their position from those otherwise situated, and it therefore seems reasonable to assume that all such would avail themselves of a national incorporation law.

Under such a law as suggested the national corporation should be subject to national supervision and examination and there should be required at least "private publicity," which Mr. Dill believes would result in "public publicity." The former contemplates full information concerning the affairs of the corporation accessible to every stockholder, and as the stockholders increase in number this would ultimately become public publicity. Mr. Dill rightly says that the tendency to conceal vital facts from stockholders is indefensible; that they should receive definite and informing statements at least yearly to enable them to act with a common understanding. This information would be made accessible under a national law.

This suggestion of one who has had much experience in the organization of great corporations and is regarded as an expert in the matter, certainly merits consideration. If a national incorporation law be practicable and constitutional, it might remedy many of the difficulties in dealing with the great combinations. It would have the effect of protecting the general public from investing in the stocks of unsafe combinations, and at the same time restrain the combines from injuriously affecting the interests of consumers.

On another page will be found an article by Edward Atkinson, entitled "The Boon of Free Sugar; the Sugar Tax Discussed." This whole business of "protection" to sugar is getting into a glorious muddle, and it is hard to discern any way out except by giving the American people free sugar. The tariff tax now imposed on this staple article of food costs the people $80,000,000 a year. A tax on consumption, its burden falls chiefly on the toiling masses, while its "protection' has enriched enormously the great sugar trust; and a few beet sugar men are now besieging congress for like special favors, so that they, too, may heap up "wealth beyond the dreams of avarice." Yet the cane sugar of Porto Rico and Hawaii is admitted free; and the few planters of the latter dependency, enjoying the benefit of our markets, make haste to ally themselves with the beet sugar protectionists in howling down all concessions to Cuba and the remission of the outrageous sugar duties.

The jobbing houses of Duluth are interested in the organization of a Commercial club, and upon their hearty co-operation must depend to a great extent the success of the club. Their views as to the plan of organization must therefore have weight. An article in another column states their views at length, the principal point being that in the selection of a secretary and other officers the commercial point of view must be kept to the front, the social side being a secondary, although important, feature.

Two of Chicago's hair trigger professors are discussing the probable location of the Garden of Eden. Many will accept, without further debate, the ruling of the late John Boyle O'Reilly. "I cannot understand," said the genial poet, "how any man who has read Genesis can question that the Garden of Eden was in Ireland. I base my conclusion on the fig leaf incident. Adam and Eve, you know, were evicted for the wearing of the green!"

Senator Simon, of Oregon, has discovered a constituent who lives an idyllic life, free from worldly cares, a millionaire one hour, but poor when sober. "When I take a drink," says the philosopher in a letter to the senator, "I am at peace with all mankind. When I have had two drinks I am a millionaire. With my third drink I own the world." Jolly old soul. It would be a real pleasure to soak him once.

The Superior Telegram today reproduced an article on paving by Charles M. Loring, of Minneapolis, which recently appeared in The Herald. It is in advocacy of cedar blocks. Several persons requested the Telegram to reproduce it. The opinion is steadily growing that cedar block paving, properly laid, makes the best pavement for this northern climate.

A Connecticut school ma'am boasts of having spanked forty-nine pupils in thirty-seven minutes. This, says the Omaha Bee, affords strong confirmation of the assertion that the Yankee spirit is dying out among the rising generation of New England. In the good old days an effort of that kind would land the teacher in a hospital.

Baltimore is endeavoring to rid itself of the last vestige of village life by abolishing cow pastures within the city limits. Should the rule become effective the fascinating milkmaid will go away back and the Monument city will lose its picturesque charms. Some day Duluth may follow this good example.

Moody, the new secretary of the navy, is also said to be of the "strenuous" kind. If a fight starts in the cabinet there will certainly be a hot time.

Gen. Methuen, who was captured by the Boers in South Africa, has a rent roll of $50,000 a year. That is enough to keep his tarnished halo on straight.

The poor, benighted Hindu,
He does the best he kindu,
He sticks to his caste from first to last,
And for pants—he makes his skindu.

A reader of The Herald suggests the word "ethergam" to be applied to the "wireless message." It sounds well and seems to fill the bill.

The New York woman who says she has a live mouse in her stomach is advised by the Denver Post to swallow a cat.

A Bachelor's Reflections.

New York Press: Small men have big opinions of themselves.

When you dig into a man's vanity you touch the spot where his hatred for you lies.

No woman likes to think that the man she cares about would rather see her happy and plain than pretty and discontented.

It seems ever so much more so to say that a woman is older than her husband than to say a man is younger than his wife.

There are men in this world who think degeneracy is brilliancy and viciousness is smartness, but, thank God, they never got those ideas from their mother.

Vulgar Display of Wealth By the "400."

By Rev. Minot J. Savage of New York.

There is in New York—and the like is true of all great cities—that which calls itself par excellence "society." It is made up of the "400," or, I think, some recent authority has been reducing it to 150. Whatever the number may be, I don't mean to say anything against the persons who constitute this interior organization in society. Many of them are noble, intellectually cultivated, charitable and generous.

But a society that is organized around the idea of wealth alone must of necessity be ignoble and vulgar. There is nothing human in the possession of wealth; and, if these people who meet together and constitute a certain section of society merely because they are rich will excuse me for not wanting to be with them, I will freely pardon them for not asking me.

There is nothing there that is any way attractive to a person who is for what is essentially high and fine in humanity ;and it degenerates sometimes into that which is exceedingly vulgar.

I was at the opera the other night, and I saw one who illustrates what the sort of thing comes to us when it degenerates and gets itself perfect expression. I have never seen anything outside a show case at Tiffany's that in any way suggested this "lady." It was barbaric in the extreme. She had the air of telling everybody that she had not come there to hear the music, but merely to be looked at, and she was loaded and hung all over, in every possible place, with diamonds and gems of every kind.

I know women—I have known of them—who have given themselves up so unreservedly, so indulgently, to the pleasure side of society that they have little time for the home, for their children, for the husband, for cultivating the highest and finest things in themselves.

There are, too, people who go through religious forms and ceremonies, having their emotions touched and played upon, who really think they are engaged in religious exercise, who never do a religious thing.

We must touch the world in these three ways: Enter into relations with our fellowmen for the sake of the pleasure, the satisfaction, the restfulness that they may bring to us; enter into relations with our fellowmen for the sake of learning the world's need, and doing what we can to make the world better.

Newspapers Are What Readers Make Them

By Ex-Speaker Thomas B. Reed.

That I know very little about newspapers I am ready to confess. Probably a good man could not know much unless, indeed, he was a publisher or an editor. That the editors and publishers are good men, actuated by the highest motives, I notice incidentally by the newspaers themselves. I do not quarrel with them because they admit it, but I wish they would admit it every day. Which reminds me to say to you that absolute goodness and disinterestedness can be predicated of no profession outside of the law.

Nobody can fail to notice the tremndous gowth of newspapers, not only in numbers, but in size. Today the journals of the cities are no longer resumes of the day, all of which are to be read and pondered, but they have become encyclopedias of what has hapened all over the world. They are getting to be read only in headlines, except those items which concern each particular reader. What the end will be no man can tell.

Newspapers are what they are by virtue of a power greater than themselves. They are much more the product of the readers than of the editors and publishers.

A great man once gave me a discourse at least an hour long about the follies and shortcomings of newspepers, all of which I recognized, but when he had finished I said to him:

"Don't you see that newspapers are what their readers make them, and hence all you have said is an indictment against the human race, to which you and I belang?" He was silent a moment and then said, "I am afraid you are right."

Of course it is every man's duty to aspire to the loftiest models before his eye, but he as truly does the Lord's work who lifts a mortal from the pit to the surface of the earth as he who raises bim from the earth to the skies. Newspapers, in season and out of season, do both.

Germany's Stand During the Spanish War.

By Andrew D. White, American Ambassador to Germany.

Sunday European writers have been especially eloquent in denouncing the general hatred of Germany and the Germans which they insist obtains in the United States. Much has been said of "Deutschen Hetze" (German baiting), and this has been placed in such a lurid light that one would almost believe that on the appearance of one of our German-American fellow citizens upon the streets of an American city the citizens of American birth were ready to cry havoc and let loose on him the dogs of war.

I can most truthfully say that I have failed to find the slightest trace of such "Deutschen Hetze." I have not discovered anything like hatred or a persecuting spirit toward the German-Americans on the American continent. Even if there were no other reasons, the Americans are too busy and too good natured for an amusement of that kind.

It has been insisted by more or less well meaning people in the United States that a dark cloud between the two countries really exists and that during our Spanish war the Germans government was somewhat hostile to the United States, or did something which it ought not to have done and left undone something which it ought to have done.

The conduct of the German government toward us during the Spanish war was excellent. The German government observed a strict neutrality and showed no unfriendly spirit. From first to last it never made any suggestions or proposals that embarrassed us in the slightest degree.

Some self constituted guardians of the welfare of the United States have insisted that it was the honored and revered sovereign of the German empire who spread this cloud over the relations of the two nations by promoting, or, if not promoting, by joining in a league to intervene to stop the war. Of late, however, all this has been cleared away, and it has been shown beyond a doubt that the revered and beloved sovereign of Germany refused to take part in anything which could be construed as interference in the contest, and refused in such a manner as to show that he respected the motives and appreciated the feelings of the American government.

American Invasion Will Not Result In Filipino's Elevation.

By United States Senator Henry M. Teller, of Colorado.

Observers, students of history, will bear me out in the statement that there is no example whatever in the history of mankind where a great body of people numerous or half as numerous as the Filipinos have ever been elevated beyond their condition by the invasion of a superior force.

If we could send over there 1,000,000 American citizens or 2,000,000 of them with our American ideas, we could expedite and hasten this movement toward their elevation. That we cannot do. There will not be in all those islands 10,000 Europeans and Americans, and if there are more than that number they will not be the men who go there to uplift and elevate those people. They will be the men who go there to exploit them. Men will go there to make wealth. They will not be the missionaries of good government. If there is to be an elevation, our standard is entirely too high for the Asiatic mind. It must be an Asiatic evolution and not an American one.

I agree that this problem is a difficult one, and I think we should take into consideration what we are trying to do. We are trying to do what the president declares never has been done and what I declare never can be done. The president said it never was done with an Asiatic race. I declare that it never has been done—although the effort has been frequently tried—with any race whatever. The most promising race of the world has made its progress by its own ambition and ideals and not from those of others, and so it will be with those people.

PASSING PLEASANTRIES.

Chicago Tribune: Tourist—That was a fearful tornado you had here a short time ago.

Omaha Citizen—Oh, it didn't seem so awfully windy. We had a Populist national convention here once.

Brooklyn Life: "What scared you so? You are all out of breath."

"I just crossed the street in front of a cross-eyed bicyclist who was in a hurry."

Philadelphia Bulletin: "Pa, why does a woman have Wednesday or Thursday or some other day in the week printed on her cards?"

"Well, my boy, that's so her women friends can call some other day."

Detroit Free Press: Dolly—Are you doing penance during Lent?

Polly—I think so; I go down street and look at all the lovely things in the shop windows without buying any.

Chicago Post: "Which do you prefer," asked the friend, "classical music or classical plays?"

"Classical music, every time," answered Mr. Cumrox. "There's always noise enough in that to keep you awake."

Chicago Post: "I wonder what he meant," said the man who had been trying to make a speech.

"What he said, very likely," some one suggested.

"Yes, I know, but he said my flow of words was continuous without continunity."

Philadelphia Press: Mr. Hauskeep—And what are you going to call your verses?

Rimer—"A Broken Vase."

Mr. Hauskop—Ah, that reminds me of a little thing our cook dashed off the other day.

New York Sun: Jasper—I always sympathize with the upper dog in a fight.

Jumpuppe—You mean the under dog, don't you?

Jasper—No, I don't. Some fool philanthropist is sure to come along and kick in the ribs of the upper dog.

WE TRUST THE PEOPLE

It will be to your interest to visit our store. Spring Discount Sale now on—five to forty per cent discount.

Our monthly payment plan as follows:

$25.00 worth of goods.....$5.00 a month.
$30.00 worth of goods.....$6.00 a month.
$50.00 worth of goods.....$7.00 a month.
$60.00 worth of goods.....$8.00 a month.
$75.00 worth of goods.....$9.00 a month.
$100.00 worth of goods...$10.00 a month.

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We have it The size, color, shape and very latest up-to-date **Stationery**

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THE DAKOTAS

Albert Saunders Sent to Jail For Five Years.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Albert Saunders, who has been in jail here some months on a charge of forging a $60 check at Casselton, pleaded guilty Friday morning and was sentenced to five years in the pen. Saunders purchased horses over the country, and after making a deal would request the owner to identify him at the bank so checks for large sums could be cashed. It is said that Saunders operated similarly in Kentucky, and one of the witnesses here testified that the defendant has been under arrest there as J. H. Burton.

Judge Pollock of the district court has discovered a memory restorer. Landlord Hill, of Leonard, has been on trial here on the charge of selling liquor. One of the witnesses was A. D. Fisher, a blacksmith. Fisher could not remember whether the stuff he purchased was beer, whisky or malt. His replies to the questions of the state's attorney were so vague that the court took him in hand, but was unable to elicit additional information. Judge Pollock then instructed the sheriff to take the witness to the county jail for contempt. An hour in the cell effected a complete restoration of Fisher's memory and when he returned to the witness stand he was positive he had purchased both beer and whisky from Hill. Some of the attorneys regard the action of the court as coercing the witness, but all are laughing over its effect.

A new law point has been decided by Justice Hanson. Some time ago Landlords Pratt and Rintoul of rival establishments at Grandin engaged in a scrap in which Rintoul was worsted. Pratt pleaded guilty and was fined $15. Rintoul came to Fargo, secured a warrant and had Pratt arrested. The defense set up the action before the Grandin justice, but Judge Hanson decided that as the complaint in the original case had not been indorsed by the state's attorney, the plea of guilty would not go and the last action was the real thing. He imposed a fine of $25.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Chamberlain—A gorge has formed between Chamberlain and American island, the ice being packed solidly to the bottom of the river for a distance of four miles. This has diverted the channel to the west side of the island, where the water and a heavy run of ice is passing freely. It is believed that the critical stage has been passed and no further trouble is anticipated.

Aberdeen—Roy Hassze and Eddie Smith, the 14-year-old boys who ran away Tuesday night, were overhauled at Milbank and brought back to the city last night. Both belonged to prominent families and their escapade developed the fact that several other boys have been planning similar leave taking.

Lead—John H. McLaughlin, who has been foreman for the Titanis Mining company, is under arrest for forgery. He was given checks aggregating $1000 Saturday to pay off the men at the mine. He cashed four of the checks, amounting to $385.25, by forging the names of the men to whom they were payable, and spent the money gambling. The rest of the checks have been recovered. The banks had refused to accept them from McLaughlin.

Deadwood—W. H. Moore, a member of the Deadwood city council, is in a serious condition as the result of freezing one of his feet in February, while attending a fire on one of the coldest nights of the winter. Blood poison set in and it is thought heroic measures may have to be taken to save his life.

The collection of ores and minerals that has occupied the mineral palace since the quarto-centennial carnival last July, has been stored in the basement of the Masonic temple, where it will be kept on exhibition. The mineral palace is being removed to make way for the new hotel.

The people of Deadwood were shut off from their regular water supply by the deep snow. The snow piled up in the upper ditches, absorbing the water so that none could run. It was necessary to pump water from bedrock in the town to fill the mains.

DUNSMUIR DOOMED.

British Columbia Premier Is Evidently Nearing Defeat.

Vancouver, B. C., March 22.—It may now almost be taken for granted that the British Columbia government will be defeated in a week or two over a railroad policy, proposing to give away millions of money and millions of acres of land to a company to connect Vancouver island with a new transcontinental line through Northern British Columbia.

The province finance minister, Mr. Prentice, has been compelled, as though to show the impossibility of such subsidizing, to state that the British Columbia revenue of the last six months falled by $54,000 to meet expenses. The deficit for the twelve months is thus brought to over $1,200,000.

The ministry is denounced on all hands as extravagant and incompetent, and at least five of its supporters will leave it on its railroad policy. As it has only a majority of three, this secession makes defeat certain. What will then happen nobody knows, as parties are chaotically mixed. It is, however, certain that James Dunsmuir will never again head a British Columbia ministry.

HAS A DAUGHTER.

New York, March 22.—A daughter has been born to the new marchioness of Dugerin (nee Flora Davis, of New York) at their town house in Cadogan Square, says a London dispatch to the American and Journal.

MORGAN MUST ATTEND.

New York, March 22.—A subpoena has been served on J. P. Morgan requiring his attendance as a witness before Examiner Mabey in the Peter Power suit against the Northern Securities company.

Reward of Merit.

A New Catarrh Cure Secures National Popularity in Less Than One Year.

Throughout a great nation of eighty million it is a desperate struggle to secure even a recognition for a new article, to say nothing of achieving popular favor, and yet within one year Stuart's Catarrh



Tablets, the new catarrh cure, has met with such success that today it can be found in every drug store throughout the United States and Canada.

To be sure a large amount of advertising was necessary in the first instance to bring the remedy to the attention of the public, but everyone familiar with the subject knows that advertising alone never made any article permanently successful. It must have in addition absolute, undeniable merit, and this the new catarrh cure entirely possesses in a marked degree.

Physicians, who formerly depended upon inhalers, sprays and local washes or ointments, now use Stuart's Catarrh Tablets because, as one of the most prominent stated, these tablets contain in pleasant, convenient form all the really efficient catarrh remedies, such as red gum, blood root and similar antiseptics.

They contain no cocaine nor opiate, and are given to little children with entire safety and benefit.

Dr. J. J. Reitiger, of Covington, Ky., says: "I suffered from catarrh in my head and throat every fall, with stoppage of the nose and irritation in the throat affecting my voice and often extending to the stomach, causing catarrh of the stomach. I bought a fifty-cent package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at my druggist's, carried them in my pocket and used them faithfully, and in the way in which they cleared my head and throat was certainly remarkable. I had no catarrh last winter and spring and consider myself entirely free from catarrhal trouble."

Mrs. Jerome Ellison, of Wheeling, W. Va., writes: "I suffered from catarrh nearly my whole life and last winter my two children also suffered from catarrhal colds and sore throat so much they were out of school a large portion of the winter. My brother, who was cured of catarrhal deafness by using Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, urged me to try them so much that I did so and am truly thankful for what they have done for myself and my children. I always kept a box of the tablets in the house and at the first appearance of a cold or sore throat we nip it in the bud and catarrh is no longer a household affliction with us."

Full sized package of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are sold for fifty cents at all druggists.

Send for book on cause and cure of catarrh, mailed free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

THE WHIRL OF POLITICS

They are off!

It is an early start, and it will be a long, hard race, but the political race track has been cleared once more, and some of the candidates for place are already springting down the track.

It is a pretty safe bet that, whatever the finish, some of these early sprinters will be pretty well winded before they come under the tape, if they ever reach that stage. Some might imagine that they were foolish for starting so early, but in many cases the candidates were forced into the field reluctantly, and they have as strong a prejudice against a long campaign as anybody.

Anyway, it is going to be a warm campaign, one of the hottest in the history of the state. The trouble began almost as soon as the special session of the legislature did. The special session adjourned Tuesday, March 11, and the state campaign formally opened Wednesday, March 12, which would indicate a strong connection between the special session and the state campaign. How strong that connection is events will show a little later in the game.

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The warmth is not going to be confined to the state campaign. St. Louis county is going to have a warm one, too. It is a sure thing that it will be warm in advance of the primary elections, and it may not be so very slow afterwards. St. Louis county elects more officers this year than she ever did before. The primary election law will govern the nominations, and that means that a lot of people are going to take advantage of the simple means of getting in the game that this law provides. All that is necessary is that the would-be candidate for a nomination swear that he wants an office, get $10, and leave his written certificate that he needs a job, together with the $10, with the proper officer. All he has to do then is to rest on his popularity or whatever popularity he can scare up. The people do the rest.

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Just now those who may be thinking of indulging in a little politics within St. Louis county are backward, and whenever anybody mentions the campaign they shudder, for a long campaign means the expenditure of much money and energy. The principal matter of discussion is state politics, with a little legislative politics on the side. The latter comes in because of the late special session, which aroused interest of various sorts in things legislative. Duluth, always as much interested in politics as any part of the state, has a special interest in the state campaign this time, but she has a candidate for state office in Odin Haulden, county auditor, who is being strongly urged as a candidate for state auditor.

• • •

It is a settled proposition that the race for the Republican nomination for governor will be one of the warmest things in the campaign. Ordinarily, Governor Van Sant would be honored by his party without question by a renomination. Now, however, opposition has developed to him, for various reasons, and while on the whole it seems most probable that he will land the nomination, the opposition is undeniably strong. Just what the opposition is for him it is difficult to find out. The latest thing is because he called the special session of the legislature, and because the special session was a failure. Practically the only basis for opposition to him on this ground is that he called the special session, but it is well known throughout the state that he did not like to do this, but did it because he had to, because the legislature itself, when it adjourned last winter, practically commanded the governor to call it together again this winter. The surest thing about the whole matter is that if he had refused to call the special session the opposition to him would have been still stronger. As to his responsibility for the farcical nature and valueless result of the special session, that is even harder to trace. Those who are alleging most strongly that the session was a failure base it upon the fact that the tax code was not passed. Yet Governor Van Sant did his best to get that code passed, urging its passage very strongly in his message.

Many good judges of politics, regardless of party, hold that it would be political suicide for the Republican party to turn down Governor Van Sant. If there is anything conspicuous in his administration it is his anti-merger actions. Leaving aside the question of whether this move was a mistake on business, political or other grounds, there remains the fact that Governor Van Sant has acted on these things, and has therefore gained the ill-will of certain strong interests. If he was defeated and another man nominated in his stead, the most obvious deduction to be drawn by the people would be that he was defeated by those interests and that the other man, no matter who he might be, was nominated by them. What candidate could drag along such a load and reach his goal? This is the point that is appealing to many people, and that will work strongly toward getting Governor Van Sant the Republican nomination.

• • •

State Auditor Dunn, Congressman Heatwole and Judge Collins are the principal men that are being mentioned as likely to throw down the offices they now hold and seek the Republican nomination for state auditor. The first one will not admit that he is a candidate or deny that he may be one later. The second one has been hammering Van Sant in his paper and it is reported will not run for congress this fall. He has not admitted gubernatorial ambitions, but is credited with them. The third man is a strong figure in the state, who has many firm friends that have believed for some time that he is the proper sort of timber for governor. The reports that he may be a candidate seem to be based principally on the alleged fact that he has consulted with political friends in various parts of the state, including Duluth, within a few weeks. A report was current in Duluth a few weeks ago that he made a special trip here to talk with three prominent Republican politicians, and it was assumed that he talked about his candidacy for governor. It turned out that he was here on other business, and that during his visit he talked with some Duluth Republican politicians who are friends of his. It has been telegraphed from other parts of the state that he has talked with Republican politicians there. These facts may be taken for what they are worth, with the warning that if it implies candidacy for office to be seen talking with Republican politicians, Republican politicians will be socially ostracised immediately.

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Aside from the governorship, the next hottest fight will be for the Republican nomination for state auditor. When Bob Dunn drew out of this field his chief deputy, S. G. Iverson, stepped in. County Auditor Halden, of Duluth, was already in, though he has never definitely announced his candidacy, and J. F. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, the storm center of the house of representatives, has been looked upon as a candidate, and some of his actions this winter at the special session gave color to this view. He will probably be found waiting when the time comes. The Northern part of the state will send down a large delegation for Mr. Halden, and he has many friends in other portions of the commonwealth.

• • •

The local legislative contest promises some interest, and it started in January, when George R. Laybourn filed a paper with the secretary of state showing that he was a candidate for the Republican nomination for senator from the Fifty-first district, which he has represented in the lower house ever since it was created. As soon as the special session was over T. M. Pugh filed his certificate as a candidate for the Republican nomination for senator from the Fiftieth district. He has served in the house two terms from that district with good effect. E. R. Jefferson has been mentioned as a candidate for the senate from that district, but has not announced himself. He is very strong with the Stevens faction of the party and may be brought out. Mr. Laybourn is after the district now represented in the senate by Senator C. O. Baldwin, and Mr. Pugh is after the district now represented by F. B. Daugherty. The latter has since moved into the Fifty-first district, however, and if he is a candidate, he will probably go against Mr. Laybourn for the nomination. Mr. Baldwin has not yet stated whether he would be a candidate for re-eletion or not. So far as heard from all the other legislative delegates from Duluth are candidates, though most of them have not officially declared themselves one way or another.

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C. B. Cheney, in the Minneapolis Journal, recently had this to say of T. M. Pugh's candidacy:

T. M. Pugh has filed his affidavit as candidate for the state senate in the Fiftieth district. Mr. Pugh never says anything on the floor, but is a good "mixer," and is credited with some pretty effective work along the line pursued by the St. Louis county delegation, which performs the function of a brake on legislation. Senator Daugherty has moved into the Fifty-first district, and if he is a candidate at all, will be pitted against George R. Laybourn.

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The primary election law has been tried on municipal elections, with general satisfactory results in the three large cities, but it has yet to be tried on county, legislative, judicial and congressional nominations, and its first trial this summer will be awaited with great interest, particularly in this county. Whether it will abolish ring rule, as it is designed to do, or whether it will permit strong rings of candidates to get together and succeed by dividing the expenses of a canvass and thus get off much cheaper individually than a single candidate can, are what the trial will show this year.

• • •

One thing that party managers will find hard to do is to pacify factions, nationalities, etc., by doling them out places on the ticket. This is something that has been valuable, especially to the ruling party, in the past. They have been able to strengthen a ticket by dividing up the offices with the view of building for the success of the whole ticket. The primary elections will hardly yield such symmetrical results, from the party manager's standpoint, as the old system did, and this difference may lead to interesting complications. Another point is that in the past party managers have been able to separate congressional and county conventions so as to prevent the different contests becoming entangled, and now they will all be held together. There will be wide difference, and as in a measure it is all experimental, this one point will make the campaign prior to the election the most interesting the state has ever held.

AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Governor Denies Authorship of Jacobson Tax Bill.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Your correspondent is requested by Governor S. R. Van Sant and Hon Robert Jamieson, his private secretary, to make a general denial to the people of Duluth and vicinity of the story that the Jacobson tax bill originated in the office of the state's chief executive. Neither of these gentlemen was even consulted about the measure before, or after, it was introduced, they say. Rumor has it in St. Paul Republican circles that certain parties in Duluth are circulating the story that Van Sant was behind the Jacobson bill and urgently desired the measure to become a law. It is only justice to the governor and his secretary that their denial of any connection with the Jacobson bill be known.

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Attorney General W. B. Douglas has taken no steps as yet to bring the contemplated suit against the alleged illegal combine of the Northern Minnesota ore carrying roads. "Come to say yet; am still looking into the matter," is all the answer Mr. Douglas gives to questions on the subject. The general opinion is that any complaint in such an action is a long distance from being ready for filing.

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Tim Byrnes left here the other day with State Auditor Bob Dunn on a trip South. Tim expects to ultimately touch at Washington, D. C. Just before starting he was met in the state house by J. Adam Bede. "You tell Page Morris for me," said Adam, "that if he'll agree not to be a candidate for congress, I'll promise not to run against him."

• • •

State officials generally favor the candidacy of Bede for the congressional prize in the Duluth district. It is assured, however, that none of them will openly endorse Bede because of not desiring to make enemies of Morris and his friends. The result will probably be that state officials, from the governor down, will keep their fingers out of Duluth congressional troubles, remain perfectly neutral and appear satisfied with whatever the result may be.

• • •

The Halvorsen bill, to reduce the freight rates on iron ore 20 cents per ton, is going to bob up again at the regular session of the legislature next year. Senator Halvorsen has confided to at least one of his St. Paul friends that he is going to re-introduce the measure, then make what fight he can for it. He says he believes Senator Baldwin, of Duluth, will stand by him in the statement that ore rates are preposterous in their height and are freezing out the independent mine owners. He also expects Senators Daugherty and Hawkins, of Duluth, to again take up the other side of the question and fight the measure if they return to the senate.

• • •

Judge Collins of the state supreme bench, has returned from a trip to Little Falls. While there he and Senator Buckman enjoyed a long evening's talk on state politics. Judge Collins thins that Senator Buckman is going to win out in his fight for congress, and he says that while there is some sputtering opposition to Buckman, it is not organized and he believes it will amount to nothing. The judge is much annoyed at the continued talk in some of the papers of the state about his candidacy for the governorship. "It is such a chestnut by this time for me to deny I am a candidate for governor," said he to your correspondent, "that I hate to do it. Nor have I any intention of resigning from the bench." There certainly can be no mistaking the judge's language—at this writing.

• • •

As a whole, the workings of the primary election law tried this week in the city of St. Paul for the first time, are satisfactory with one exception. The claim is made that in the business precincts, where lodging houses, cheap hotels and tenements are numerous, men were shoved in to cast votes, claiming to hail from such transient residences, and whose registrations cannot be now verified. Nor can these votes be thrown out as no one knows which they are. The suggestion of an amendment to the law is made, whereby registration be required previous to the primary election, when each voter could be checked off and the honesty of his vote verified when his ballot is cast.

• • •

The state board of control has found something which Director Phelps, of Duluth, ought to have known but did not seem to. There is a deficiency of about $6000 in the Duluth normal fund. That is to say, bills with the O. K. of the normal board sent to the board of control, exceed the amount left of the Duluth normal fund by between $5000 and $6000. Secretary J. W. Olsen of the normal board has been notified of this fact and the matter will come up at the next meeting of the normal board. "One of the conundrums we have now to solve," said President S. W. Leavitt of the board of control, "is what accounts of the Duluth school we shall approve for payment, and which unfortunates we must force to wait. We certainly shall not ask the state to make payments in excess of the balance of the Duluth fund on hand. Such action on our part would be a direct violation of the law. The deficiency, I imagine, will have to be made up by action of the next legislature—if at all."

• • •

Governor S. R. Van Sant expects to name the three commissioners for the St. Louis exposition at an early date so they may accomplish something this summer. The law creating the commission provides for the employment of the three commissioners without salary, a superintendent and as many others as deemed necessary on salaries which are not in all to exceed $10,000. The general impression here is that during the fair clerks and assistants of the chief superintendent will be appointed to each serve a month, as was the case at the Buffalo exposition. Thus a larger number can be accommodated and see a month of "the big show" under salary. H. P. Hall, of St. Paul, one of the Buffalo exposition commissioners, is talked of as a very likely appointment for the St. Louis exhibition.

• • •

"Is the new primary law constitutional?" Such is the question that is going to be forced into the St. Paul courts. The Prohibition party has directed Daniel W. Doty, as its attorney, to bring action against City Clerk Jensen of St. Paul to compel him to place on the ticket the names of those nominated at the recent Prohibition city convention. Preliminary to the suit, Judge Otis has issued a writ of mandamus requiring City Clerk Jensen to show cause why he refuses to place the name of J. H. Fitz, Prohibition candidate for mayor, on the ticket. This will bring the matter up for argument, when the claim will be made that the law is unconstitutional because it prohibits all but certain favored party members to cast their ballots at the primary election, whereas the right of ballot is a constitutional right of every citizen of any or no party.

• • •

Capt. C. C. Whitney, state expert printer, says he believes the title of primary election law is faulty. He says the next legislature should make the title read "An Act to Perpetuate Terms of Office Holders and to Deprive Weak Subdivisions of Districts of Representation." Cap. now has reason to feel extra good and crack jokes, for he has just received the appointment of department inspector of the G. A. R.

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In no district is there a warmer congressional fight waging than in the Seventh. Mike Dowling is demonstrating that a man with both feet and one hand in the grave, may still be a very live corpse.

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Mayor Bob Smith of St. Paul, preparatory to running for re-election, is having the streets cleaned like those of the famous Spotless Town (with apologies to a popular ad.) He is demonstrating that politics is a sweeping proposition.

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The Pan-American commissioners have turned over to the state all the balance they had on hand after winding up their Buffalo business—just 30 cents. It must have been humiliating for them to have stated to State Treasurer J. H. Block they were worth just 30 cents.

• • •

In the past few weeks J. S. Vandiver in his St. Peter Journal has changed his desires for nominee for governor three times. He first wanted Van Sant nominated; then he stated Bob Dunn was the only man; last week his war cry was Heatwole. Who will "see" him for next week's issue?

• • •

The state board of control—singly or as a whole—has not as yet, shown any inclination to enter into a marriage contract with a certain fair damsel for the benefit of Jim Younger. It is rumored they fear if they did, Professor Phelps would urge the normal board to bring suit to determine which of the four men should be legally recognized as the husband.

• • •

Food Commissioner W. W. P. McConnell says red dyes are being used by the big packing houses to freshen the appearance of hamburger steak. His scriptural advice to the public is "look not on the hamburger when it is red."

NORTH STAR.

VERY BITTER.

Fight In Republican Party In Superior Is For Blood.

There were on new developments yesgiven the urivilege at the next election Superior, both sides seeming to be waiting for word before striking the first blow afresh. It is expected that the first move today will be made by Mr. Dietrich's representatives, who will begin two actions, one instituting mandamus proceedings requiring the city clerk to place the names of the nominees of the Dietrich convention on the Republican ticket and another to prevent the name of the nominees of the Barker convention being placed on the ticket.

It is understood that the Dietrich men rely on two things to secure their contention; the absurdity of a law which would require an elected delegate to receive more than half of all the votes cast at the caucus, and they will seek to establish that the word "majority" means plurality.

It is claimed that there is so much bitterness in the factional fight that it is doubtful if any judicial decision would have the full effect sought, for the partisans of the two leading candidates are determined to fight through to the end and it seems to be a matter of which will go before the people as the Republican candidate and which will be the independent candidate.

The Democrats of West Superior are jubilant over the prospect of a prolonged fight between the Republican factions for they believe it insures the election of the entire Democratic city ticket. Yesterday a strong effort was made by Democratic leaders to induce Silver Joe Konkel to keep out of the field as an independent candidate, but they were unsuccessful.

Not a Joke.

Grand Rapids Magnate: J. Adam Bede says that we must not take his congressional canddnacy as a joke. We won't.

Will Make Things Hum.

Sherburne County Star-News: J. Adam Bede has announced his candidacy before the Republican primaries for congressman in the Eighth district. Bede is an excellent campaigner and will make things hum in the old Eighth.

What Next?

Norman County Herald: Now that the special session has been brought to a close, the merger "fight" fallen flat and Prince Henry departed—what will Van Sant do to amuse himself and his constituents at the expense of the latter?

New Vocal Director.

The Bradbury school of music takes pleasure in announcing that Mr. Raymond Stephens will assume the directorship of their vocal department and can be engaged for concerts, recitals and lessons. For particulars inquire at the office of the school, No. 8 Columbus building.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

IS SURE

Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 25 & 50 cts.

HOW A HYPNOTIST MADE A FORTUNE

The Secret Methods by Which Dr. X. La Motte Sage, the Greatest Hypnotic Scientist of the Age, Created a Tremendous Sensation.

He Firmly Believes Hypnotism a Public Benefit—Has Donated $10,000 Toward the Free Distribution of a Handsomely Illustrated Book Containing His Views and Suggestions on How to Acquire This Mysterious Power and Use It in Business, in Society and in the Home.

While the Special Edition Lasts a Copy of This Remarkable Book Will Be Sent Free to Any Interested Person.

Dr. X. La Motte Sage made a fortune out of hypnotism. He probably knows more about the subject than any living man. His methods are radically different from any ever before presented. By his new system he hypnotizes people instantaneously. He tells you how to exert tremendous silent influence without making a gesture or saying a single word. He gives the only real, practical methods for the development of the power of personal magnetism that have ever been published. During all the time that Dr. Sage was before the public he made it his business to note carefully the effect of hypnotism upon the human mind. He became convinced that his mighty mysterious power could be utilized to the advantage of ambitions men and women who wished to better their condition in life. To demonstrate the correctness of his ideas when he retired from public life he founded a college where hypnotism, personal magnetism, magnetic healing, etc., might be taught along the definite lines he had laid down. The result is that the college has grown to be the largest of its kind in the world. Thousands of successful students in all parts of the globe are living witnesses to the wonderful power and the great benefits to be derived from Dr. Sage's methods. The doctor has recently written a book entitled "The Philosophy of Personal Influence," in which he tells in plain, simple language just how to acquire hypnotic power and the various uses to which it may be put. Among the many interesting things upon which the book treats are: How to develop magnetic power and influence people without their knowledge; how to cure bad habits and obstinate chronic diseases, when medicine and everything else in this line fails; how to implant a command in a subject's mind that he will carry out in every detail a month or a year hence, whether the hypnotist is present or not; how to hypnotize people at a distance; its value in business; marvelous scientific tests how to prevent people from influencing you; hypnotic power more fascinating than beauty; the use of hypnotism in the development of the mental faculties; controlling children; removing domestic troubles, etc.

The college which Dr. Sage has founded proposes to give away $10,000 worth of the above books absolutely free so long as the special edition lasts. Any person who is in earnest can get a copy merely by writing for it. This book is handsomely illustrated by the finest half-tone engravings. It tells you how the marvellous power of hypnotism has been used to cast a secret mystic spell over people without their knowledge and how they have been for months, and in some cases even years, obeying the royal will of another. It gives you the secret of the development of what Senator Chauncey M. Depew calls the money-making microbe. Don't think because you lack a fine education and the working for a small salary that you cannot better your condition; do not think because you are now successful in life that you cannot be more successful. Dr. Sage's book has been read and his methods are today being used by many of the richest men in the world. They know the value of personal influence, of hypnotic power. If you are interested write today to the New York Institute of Science, Dept. 2064, Rochester, New York, and a copy of Dr. Sage's book will be sent you by return mail absolutely free. This is a rare opportunity to learn the uses and possibilities of the most wonderful, marvellous and mysterious power known to man. The book is enthusiastically indorsed by the most prominent business men, ministers of the gospel, lawyers and doctors. It should be in every home; it should be read by every man and woman in this country who wants to better his condition in life, who wants to achieve greater financial success, win friends, gratify his ambitions and get out of life the pleasure and happiness which the Creator intended he should enjoy.

SHELDEN

Has a Strong Opponent In Young, of Marquette.

Iron Mountain, Mich., March 22.—The entry of H. O. Young, of Marquette county into the field for the Republican nomination for congress means a bitter political battle this fall rivaling the memorable campaign of six years ago when Carl Sheldeh, of Houghton county, defeated Congressman Sam Stephenson, of Menominee. Although two other candidates have been mentioned, the fight is between Young and Sheldeh, with the outlook an even thing despite the fact that Congressman Sheiden is a man with a barrel and has a powerful machine behind him.

The battleground will be in Menominee, Delta, Iron and the eastern tier of counties, Sheldeh apparently being sure of the delegations from Houghton, Baraga, Keweenaw and Ontonagon, with a voting strength of twenty-nine, and Young starting out with Marquette, Gogebic, Dickinson and Alger counties, with a total vote of thirty. The doubtful counties, with a total vote of thirty-eight, comprise Chippewa, Delta, Iron, Luce, Menominee, Mackinac and Schoolcraft. There are ninety-seven votes in the convention, and conceding the counties mentioned to the rival candidates Young needs nineteen more votes and Sheiden twenty.

The main fight will be in Menominee and Delta. In the former Young will have the hearty support of the strong Stephenson element, whose candidate he really is, and in Delta he will be helped by the dissatisfaction the appointments of Sheiden have caused. In Chippewa county, Young will be supported by the faction headed by Railroad Commissioner Osborn and will also obtain some advantage because of the candidacy of William Chandler, of the Soo, for lieutenant governor. But in all these doubtful counties, the machine of the congressman is a strong one, and at the present time the result of the battle for the delegations is somthing that is exceedingly problematical.

Sheiden has opposition in his own county, Houghton, where C. A. Wright is in the field, and while the candidacy of Young has done much to solidify the opposition there to Sheiden there is still a chance that the delegation will be against him, in which event Young's nomination would be assured.

HER SHOTS WENT TRUE.

Street Dual In Which a Woman Participated.

Albion, Neb., March 22.—Mrs. Amelia Patterson and George Thompson participated in a street duel, in which Thompson was shot twice and James Fory, a bystander, received a bullet in the leg. Thompson also fired five shots at Mrs. Patterson, none of which took effect, but that of Fory is not serious.

Thompson is a cousin of Mrs. Patterson and has been a frequent visitor at her residence. Mrs. Patterson says a year ago he made a criminal assault upon her and the suit followed. She states that Thompson took advantage of her hospitality and kinship to ruin her home, mortify her and disgrace her in the eyes of her husband and friends. She is sorry she did not succeed in killing him. The jury returned a verdict against Thompson for a nominal amount, vindicating Mrs. Patterson's charges.

Modern Pawnee Thunder.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: There will be a good deal of sympathy felt for Chief White Eagle of the Ponco tribe, who is going to Washington to plead with the president to remit the order requiring the reservation Indians to bathe. White Eagle says it might kill his braves if the order is enforced and he intimates that some of them would rather die than take a bath. Of course a deep-rooted prejudice should be combatted with great discretion. In this case the contact with water must be extremely gradual. Perhaps the very best way to begin would be to coax these Poncas to take a drink of the hated fluid.

THE BREVITY OF LIFE.

Behold!
How short a span
Was long enough of old,
To measure out the life of man
In these well-tempered days:
His time was then
Surveyed, cast up and found but three-score years and ten.

Alas!
And what is that?
They come, and slide, and pass,
Before my pen can tell thee what.
The posts of time are swift, which, having run
Their seven short stages o'er, their short-lived task is done.

Our days
Begun, we lend
To sleep, to antic plays
And toys until the first stage ends:
Twelve waning moons, twice five times told, we give
To uncover'd loss; we rather breathe than live.

We spend
A ten years' breath
Before we apprehend
What 'tis to live, or fear a death:
Our childish dreams are fill'd with painted joys,
Which please our sense a while, and, waking, prove but toys.

How soon
Our new-born light
Attains to a full-aged noon!
And this how soon to gray-haired night!
We spring, we bud, we blossom and we blast,
Ere we can count our days, our days they flee so fast.

They end
When scarce begun,
And ere we apprehend
That we begin to live, our life is done.
Man, count thy days, and if they fly too fast
For thy dull thoughts to count, count every day the last.

Washington Star: "I am glad to see that there are no rumors of your resignation," said the friend.

"Yes," answered the public official, on a tone of slight discontent, "I am afraid I am not attracting the attention that I ought to."

Federal Control of Railroads.

Philadelphia Ledger: Public control of railroads is imperative, else these creatures of the state should become greater than the state itself. But their lines are too long and too widely spread to be wholly under the control of any individual commonwealth. What follows logically, then, is that they must be controlled either by concurrent action on the part of several states through which their lines run, or by the general government, acting for the entire community. Present indications point to the latter as the more feasible of the two methods.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,

Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

HE WORKS WONDERS

An Hour In the Busy Office of Healer Mitchell.

An Interesting Statement.

Knowing the interest that all mankind takes in the advancement of science, and feeling assured that our readers would appreciate an investigation by a reporter, who has put in much valuable time this week investigating Dr. Mitchell's work and the method which he employs to accomplish results of so marvelous a nature. The reporter found the two large office sitting rooms crowded with ladies and gentlemen, waiting to see Healer Mitchell. Upon their faces you could read as from a book expectancy and hope intermingled with fear lest the doctor might say after examination, "No, I can do nothing for you," and betimes trusting that he might say "I can cure you." Some were talking and telling how they had been sick and suffering for a long and weary time, and how Dr. Mitchell, with his magnetic healing influence, was curing them, and of the wonderful things they had seen him do. The reporter sat down beside an elderly lady, who remarked to him, "There are as many people here today as when I was here a week ago." "He seems to be busy all the time," replied the reporter. "Yes," continued the lady. "I came here today to thank the doctor for what he has done for me. My neck measured twenty-one inches two months ago, and now I can wear a No. 12 collar. I must say I am happy. I am going to tell everyone I see what Dr. Mitchell has done for me."

"A friend of mine was treated for cancer and cured," said the reporter. A gentleman from West Superior fell from a stage a distance of thirty-five feet, injuring his spine. He was cured in one month's treatment. A lady living in Duluth was cured of a tumor of left breast in twelve treatments. She had ben examined by a number of specialists in this disease, every one of whom told her it was a cancer.

As soon as Dr. Mitchell had been informed of the desire of the reporter, he personally invited him into his private office. The reporter took a seat at one side. The next person ushered in was a lady from the range, who had been suffering from neuralgia for years, and who then had one of her most exhausting attacks. Taking hold of her right hand and placing the left at the base of the brain, the healer stood quietly for a moment, and the patient closed her eyes. Before he had finished the treatment the lady said the pain had entirely disappeared. She went her way expressing her joy at the suden relief. While the reporter sat there a railroad man suffering with rheumatism was treated. He said a week ago he was using two crutches. He pointed to a corner in the room and said, I believe those are the ones I left here two days ago." A lady from New Paynesville, Minn., who had been deaf for twelve years, called. This was her fourth visit, and she could now hear a little. A man who said he was blind a month ago was also treated. This was his fourteenth treatment. He could now see to read the headlines of the daily papers. The reporter was astonished at what he had seen and could hardly believe his eyes. In following up this line of investigation he talked to more than a half hundred people who have been treated and cured by Dr. Mitchell, and writes it down here today as his candid opinion that Dr. Mitchell possesses real magnetic healing power, and that he can and does perform most wonderful and marvelous cures is a fact.

"I take my hat off to Dr. Mitchell, a magnetic healer worthy the name, and I believe him to be honest, conscientious and straightforward, and if he says he can cure you he will do so. His parlors are at 17 East Superior street."

STILL OUT.

No Verdict Yet Rendered In the Wilcox Case.

Elizabeth City, March 22.—At 1:15 p. m. the jury in the case of James Wilcox, charged with the murder of Miss Nellie Cropsey, came into court and asked for further instructions. The judge reiterated his former charge, telling the jury the finding of the facts was with them. He could give the law only. The jury then retired for further consultation. It is believed now that a verdict will be reached this afternoon. The people are eager and anxious that it should come. There is no excitement here, but a verdict of acquittal might precipitate trouble.

PUBLIC LANDS

Of Porto Rico Belong to the United States.

Washington, March 22.—A decision by Attorney General Knox, announced today, holds that the public lands in Porto Rico, formerly belonging to Spain by virtue of the treaty of Paris, now belong to the United States. The opinion was rendered on the request of the secretary of the interior for a ruling as to whether the so-called public lands of Porto Rico were ceded as crown lands to the United States by the Paris treaty, or remain the property of Porto Rico as state lands.

CORBETT BUTTS IN.

Wants to Fight Jeffries If Fitz Squeals.

Richmond, Va., March 22.—James J. Corbett, who is appearing here as a member of a theatrical company, today telegraphed Harry Corbett to challenge James J. Jeffries to a fight should Fitzsimmons refuse to fight under the offer of the Los Angeles club. Corbett put up $1000 for forfeit and a side bet of $5000.

COMPANY NOT LIABLE.

New York, March 22.—Judge Townsend in the United States district court today decided that the French line steamship company is not liable for prepaid freight or for claims for death arising from the loss of the steamship La Bourgoyne July 4, 1898. The decision was on a petition by the company for a limitation of liability.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

NO MORE IS KNOWN

In Regard to Lake and Rail Rate Situation.

Expected Rate on Foreign Business Will Be 14½ Cents.

Trouble Due to Disagreement Over Division of Through Freight.

There is nothing of importance new in the lake and rail flour rate situation. It is expected that the rate on foreign business will open at 14½ cents, as indicated in The Herald the first of the week. This as yet, however, is merely a matter of supposition, as the Chicago-St. Paul lines have been making trouble in the situation. They insist on getting a share of the Minneapolis-seaboard business in flour, and have been influential enough, together with the lake lines that run to Chicago and not to Duluth, to shape the policy of the combined interests. The outlook for a low lake and rail tariff is due to the action of these roads in getting the all-rail rate from St. Paul to the seaboard fixed at 22½ cents on export flour. There is always a differential on lake and rail business, or else the all-rail lines would get a good share of the business during the season of navigation. This differential enjoyed by the lake and rail lines is usually 3 cents a hundred. With the export rate from St. Paul to New York fixed at 22½ cents, the lake and rail lines have seemingly no other alternative but to establish their through rate on the same traffic at 19½ cents, or else see the all-rail lines gobble a good part of their summer's traffic.

Now the trouble grows out of a disagreement over the division of the through rate between the trunk lines, the lake lines and the Duluth-St. Paul lines as to the route via Duluth and the St. Paul-Chicago lines as to traffic routed via Chicago. the 19½ cent rate from St. Paul means 12 cents from Chicago. The Duluth-St. Paul lines want 25 per cent of the through rate, but the other lines are willing to give them but 22 per cent. The Duluth lines have been taking the small end of the rate, according to their side of the case, as long as they purpose to do so. They intend now to break up the trunk lines' determination to get their arbitrary all-rail tariff rate as their proportion of the through tariff and force them to accept a proportion of the whole. The trunk and lake lines are said to want to force the Duluth lines to accept 22 instead of 25 per cent as their share. The St. Paul-Chicago lines demand 3 1-3 per cent of the through rate for their haul to Chicago, and the lake and trunk lines are willing to concede them only 30 per cent. When the various factions get together on this division question, the tariff will be announced.

Logically, it is considered quite generally, the all-rail lines having fixed the basing rate, the lake and rail lines will naturally establish their rate at 14½ cents for domestic flour and 17½ cents on the export shipments, but it may be that such a controversy will be worked up that all combinations may be disrupted.

BIDS WANTED

For Day Scavenger Contract.

For information apply at the health office between 8 and 9 a. m.

GOLD BRICKS SOON.

United States Gold Mining Company to Have Them.

The Industrial Review, published at Fort William, Ont., in its latest issue, has this to say of the operations of the United States Gold Mining company in Ontario:

"At the Shores' lower camp, the United States Gold Mining company are now in shape to make some impression. Two hoists are already set up at the two shafts which are both seventy feet deep, and lie a quarter of a mile apart on the same vein. In one shaft the vein is four feet wide at the bottom, and in the other between six and seven feet in width, and a certain amount of drifting has been done at the seventy-foot level.

"The ore is rich, not, perhaps, so plentifully sprinkled with visible gold as that found in some of the Sturgeon Lake prospects, but it is dark and well mineralized, pans freely, and, in most places where visible gold is found, the metal is in very fine state, not in nuggets.

"Dr. Gibson, an eminent Chicago authority, stated that in twenty-five years' experience he had never come across more promising ore. The values average about one ounce per ton.

"Steam drills will be used for development, and the Tremaine stamp mill is now being set up, so that there will soon be some gold bricks turned out from the United States property, as there is a lot of pay ore on the dump, and the miners will be able to keep the little mill busy."

BOYS IN TROUBLE.

Charged With Injuring the Government's Canal Piers.

Alexander Gallagher, Edmund Brullette and Arthur De Grace, three boys ranging in ages from 14 to 16 years of age, were arrested by Deputy United States Marshal G. J. Mallory, this morning, and are being arraigned this afternoon before Court Commissioner Pressnell on a charge of trespassing on and maliciously injuring property of the United States government. The complaint was sworn out by James Pryor, keeper of the lighthouse at the ship canal. It alleges that March 9, the three boys entered the tunnel in the south pier of the ship canal, took two cars that had been stored there for the winter and jammed them in such a position as to damage both the cars and tunnel. It is further alleged that the boys built a fire in the tunnel that also damaged it and the cars. The Gallagher boy's father was the only one of the parents that appeared before the commissioner with the boys and pending a plea he started out to get a lawyer. An effort was being made this afternoon to reach the parents of the other boys and acquaint them with the proceedings against their boys.

Now is the time to show your loyalty to your own city. Use the Duluth match.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP MAKES THE SKIN SOFT AS VELVET

I want every woman who wishes to improve her complexion—who wishes to have her skin soft as velvet—who would like to have her face free from all skin eruptions and facial blemishes—to use my Witch Hazel Soap. I want every mother to try this soap on baby and see how quickly it will relieve the little one of all hives, baby rash and chafing. Makes baby sweet as roses.—MUNYON.

COMPLICATED.

New Party Appears In Match Company Litigations.

Another action has grown out of the suit started by the Duluth Match company against L. E. Ewing, of Grand Rapids, Minn., to prevent the turning over to him of a large amount of the company's stock, because of alleged fraudulent dealings on his part when he was manager of the company.

Yesterday afternoon, Anna Bissell, of Grand Rapids, Minn., through her attorneys, Billson, Congdon & Dickinson, started suit in United States circuit court to recover from the match company the stock that was to have been issued Mr. Ewing, and which she alleges was assigned to her.

The complaint filed alleges that June 4, 1901, L. E. Ewing subscribed for certain of the match company's stock; that July 8, 1901, the plaintiff loaned Mr. Ewing $10,000 and as collateral security took his certificates of stock of the match company; that Nov. 13, 1901, a settlement was had between the plaintiff and Mr. Ewing as a part of which the latter sued and delivered to the plaintiff all of his certificates of stock, and that the plaintiff is now absolute owner of the same.

The complaint further alleges that March 13, 1902, William W. Billson, the plaintiff's agent, appeared at the match company's offices in this city and demanded that the stock subscribed to my Ewing be transferred on the books to the plaintiff and that she be issued new certificates of stock. It is alleged that the secretary of the company refused to make the transfer or issue the new certificates, but has wrongfully converted the stock to the company's use, damaging the plaintiff in the amount of $11,000, which amount she asks judgment with interest at 6 per cent from March 13, 1902.

C. W. WEEKS,
Teacher of Shakesperin Method
VOICE CULTURE.
Studio, Masonic Temple.
Every Afternoon, Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

EMBRYO TEACHERS HERE.

Wisconsin Normal School Pupils Visit the City.

Duluth was invaded this afternoon by about fifty or sixty of the representatives of several of the state normal schools of Wisconsin, who were in West Superior last evening to attend the inter-normal oratorical contest. The young people were here today on a sightseeing tour and fully enjoyed themselves. The schools represented were those at Oshkosh, Milwaukee, Platteville, River Falls, Stevens Point and Whitewater.

The honors at the contest held at the Grand Opera house in West Superior last evening, were won by Miss Charlotte Ray, of the Oshkosh school, whose subject was "A Plea For Shylock." Milwaukee, represented by Ambrose Grace, took second place, her topic being "Alexander Hamilton." Frank L. Fawcett, of Plattville, ranked third, his subject being "William McKinley."

Mrs. Hartley's Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. Rebecca B. Hartley took place this afternoon from the residence of her son, G. G. Hartley, 1301 East Superior street. It was postponed from this morning because of the fact that some of the relatives could not arrive here by that time. Her sons, Roland H. Hartley, of Minneapolis, Heber L. Hartley, of Cass Lake, and Frederick C. Hartley, of Chicago, came here for the funeral.

HOPKINS DIED.

Nothing Was Learned During His Delirious Moments.

Chicago, March 22.—Joseph Hopkins, the alleged bank robber shot by "Dan" Kipley Thursday, died today. He was delirious during the last hours and a shorthand reporter was kept at his bedside to catch his ravings in the hope that he might say something that would furnish a clew to the postoffice robbery of last summer when $74,000 in stamps was taken.

Kipley and "Diamond Lil" the latter being the woman in whose flat Hopkins received his death wound, were arraigned before a police magistrate today. Kipley's bonds were fixed at $10,000 which was furnished and the woman's at $5000. When Hopkins died new warrants were taken out and Kipley will be rearrested.

ASSIGNED.

W. B. Harrison Grain Company In Trouble.

St. Louis, March 22.—The W. B. Harrison Grain company failed today, making an assignment to A. P. Richardson of the Richardson Grain company. Mr. Harrison is one of the oldest members of the merchants' exchange. He was a heavy dealer in corn and oats and he had a large Southern trade. Mr. Richardson says that Mr. Harrison's creditors will not lose more than $4000 altogether.

Mr. Harrison states that his failure was due to a sudden decline in corn and oats futures.

REBEL SUCCESS.

Have Captured Prefectural Town of Kam Chou.

Hong Kong, March 22.—The rebels have captured the prefectural town of Kam Chou, in the province of Kwang Tung, and have seized the arsenal and granaries. The mandarins of the garrison fled and appealed to Canton for reinforcements. The viceroy of Cantoon replied that it was impossible to further deplete the Canton garrison, and urged Gen. Ma to make the utmost efforts to put down the rebellion.

THE DEAL IS MADE

Contract For Sale of Arcturus Property Has Been Closed.

George C. Howe Appears as Purchaser---Others In It With Him.

Charles Purdon and Eaton Bros. Brought About the Deal.

The preliminaries in the sale of the Arcturus mine, on the Western Mesaba range, were closed this morning. The fee owners, heirs of Josiah E. Hayward, of St. Cloud, four in number, today received the sum of $50,000 as part payment on the purchase price of the property, which is $750,000. The deal is to be finally closed and the property taken over by July 12. There is little or no doubt that the property will be taken at that time.

The deal is made by George C. Howe and others are associated with him in the deal, among them P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa. Mr. Howe does not appear merely as the representative of others, as intimated in the morning paper today, but is equally interested with others in the deal.

John Coates and D. H. Freeman, of St. Cloud, were in the city last evening and today and the deal was arranged this morning and they delivered the contract to sell signed by their wives, who are daughters of Mr. Hayward, and Mrs. C. P. McClure, of St. Cloud, and Mrs. E. H. Holden, of St. Paul, also daughters.

The deal is not for the lease of the property but for a sale of the fee.

Charles Purdon and Guy A. and W. A. Eaton negotiated the deal, and they werked in the face of much discouragement. The Arcturus property has been optioned a number of times and has been turned down by a large number of iron men. Corrigan, McKinney & Co. were the last to refuse it. The property is an immense one, the ore shown up being something like 30,000,000 tons. It runs from 62 to 63 per cent in iron and low in phosphorus. Ordinarily this would make a most desirable mine, but the ore is sandy and it was this that led to its rejection.

Early in January Mr. Purdon and the Messrs. Eaton sent a carload of the are to Cedarstown, Georgia, for the purpose of subjecting it to the washing process commonly used in the South. They had investigated this and made up their minds that the Arcturus could be successfully treated in the same manner. Mining men threw cold water on the idea and told them they were going to a large expense for nothing, but they determined to do so. The result was as completely satisfactory as they could have wished.

The result is that today, within little more than two months after sending the ore down there, a deal for the property has been closed at a fine figure. They will, of course, come in for a handsome thing.

The surface over the ore body is only about thirty feet in depth. The ore is of fine structure and but for the sand in it the property would have long ago been picked up at a very high figure.

The lands transferred include 1600 acres in township 56-24.

EAGLES.
Members of Duluth Aerie, F. O. E., and visiting brothers are requested to meet in Kalamazoo hall tomorrow at 1 p. m., to attend the funeral of our late brother, Andrew Bloomer. COMMITTEE.

AMERICAN

Element In English Sports Calls Forth Considerable Discussion.

London, March 22.—The fact that Oxford's victory in the annual field sports contest with Cambridge Friday was due to the double win of Coe, an American, and that two Americans rowed in the Oxford boat, in the race with Cambridge today, has given rise to no little discussion in athletic circles. It was humorously remarked that if the Americans continued to patronize the English universities and athletic meetings the Oxford-Cambridge competitions will soon develop into inter-American contests. Coe's exploits and appearance created great enthusiasm. The Daily Telegraph's account describes his weight putting as being "The cast of a giant from a shoulder like the root of an oak tree."

Both the Milburns, the Americans, who pulled in the Oxford boat, are also subjects of curiosity, not unmixed with admiration. With this American element injected into the two events of such public interest, it is scarcely surprising to find today's Field earnestly advocating the creation of an English arbor day on the American lines and a writer in Outlook urging London women to form a bird protection society on similar lines to those of the Audubon society of Chicago.

MANLEY

Declines the Position of First Assistant Postmaster General.

Augusta, March 22.—Joseph H. Manley announced today that for business and personal reasons, he had declined to accept the position as first assistant postmaster general, tendered him by Postmaster General Payne.

MOB UNSUCCESSFUL.

Owenton, Ky., March 22.—Just before daylight this morning, an armed mob made an unsuccessful attempt to take from jail William Field, a negro, accused of assaulting an aged white man at Cleveland in this county. The mob forced the jailer to unlock the outside door of the jail, but before they could get the prisoner, Night Watheman Lee Roberts had aroused a number of citizens who drove the intruders from the city without firing a shot. No one was wounded.

SEATS IN CONTEST

Committee Report In Favor of Burnett Was Adopted.

An Eight-Hour Debate on Morse-Rhea Case.

New Lighthouses Authorized For Broad Sound, Boston.

Washington, March 22.—When the house met today a senate bill was passed which appropriates $211,000 for lighthouses at the entrance of Broad Sound channel, Boston harbor.

A joint resolution was adopted to allow a monument to be erected on the public ground at Charlotte, N. C., to the memory of Lieut. William E. Shipp of the Tenth cavalry, who was killed in the charge up San Juan hill.

Other bills were passed as follows: To authorize the secretary of war to loan tents for the use of the Knights of Pythias' encampment to be held at San Francisco; to authorize the construction of a life-saving station at Ocracoke Island, N. C., and to authorize the Kingston and Carolina railroad to construct a bridge across the Neuse river at Kingston, N. C.

Mr. Powers (Me.) then called up the contested election case of N. B. Spears vs. John L. Burnett from the Seventh district of Alabama. The report was unanimous in favor of Mr. Burnett, the sitting member, who is a Democrat, and it was adopted.

Mr. Mann (Ill.) from the committee on elections No. 1 then called up the contested election case of J. McKenzie Moss vs. John L. Rhea from the Third Kentucky district.

In this case the majority of the committee reported in favor of the contestant, Mr. Moss, a Republican, and the minority in favor of the sitting member, Mr. Rhea. The majority and minority resolutions were read and it was agreed that the debate upon the case should be limited to eight hours, four on a side, the vote to be taken on Tuesday next. It was also agreed that Mr. Mann (Ill.) should control the time for the majority and Mr. Cox (Miss.) for the minority. Mr. Mann then took the floor and made the opening argument in favor of the contentions of the majority. He denied at the outset that political bias had influenced the majority of the committee in their decision against the sitting member.

Mr. Burgess (Tex.) defended the contention of the minority that Mr. Rhea was entitled to retain his seat.

MERGER SUIT

May Be Brought By the State of Washington.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney General W. B. Stratton, of Seattle, Wash., has been for several days in consultation with Attorney General Douglas of this state regarding a proposed suit against the Northern Securities company on behalf of the state of Washington.

The bar which kept Minnesota out of the federal supreme court will not operate against Washington, Montana or North Dakota. The supreme court refused to take jurisdiction in the Minnesota case because one of the parties defendant is a citizen of this state. None of the corporations interested in the merger are citizens of either of the states to the west.

Both Montana and Washington may bring suit, but it is stated that the former will act first. The Minnesota authorities will soon begin an action in the state courts with a view to dissolving the merger.

DELIRIOUS PATIENT

Kills Himself By Jumping Through a Window.

Detroit, March 22.—While in a delirious condition today, Charles Ehlert, aged 44, threw himself headlong through a small window on the third floor of the institution and was killed on the stone walk beneath. Ehlert's wrists had been strapped together, but while his attendant was getting a glass of water he slipped the bonds and jumped through the window.

CHURCH WAR.

London, March 22.—Eighty police constables from the vicinity of Inverness, Scotland, landed on the island of Lewis today and proceeded onrthwest to Ness Church. There they forced a barricade erected by the parishioners and held by them for months against all the police and other forces sent by the authorities of the United Free church to take possession. The local feeling was wholly opposed to the recent union of the Scottish churches. Parties of police previously sent to the island had been mobbed and compelled to retreat to Stonaway, but the force sent today was so strong that the parishioners were obliged to capitulate.

PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

Port au Prince, March 22.—Leon Gabriel, a man charged with treason, fired a revolver today at Gen. Camieu, the chief of police, who intended to arrest him. The general, who was wounded, drew his revolver and wounded Gabriel. Gabriel was arrested and afterwards executed. Quiet prevails here.

PROPOSALS REJECTED.

Berne, Switzerland, March 22.—The bundesrath today rejected the proposals of the federal assembly inviting the government to join with other states in approaching Great Britain on the subject of the concentration camps in South Africa on the ground that Great Britain had already taken measures to relieve the suffering and that the results should be awaited.

WORKMAN HURT.

Chicago, March 22.—William James, a foreman employed in the West Side machine shops of the Allis-Chambers company was shot and terribly beaten last night and was reported in a critical condition today. Several striking machinists are under arrest. James says he was assaulted by strikers, while the strikers claim that James started the trouble by flourishing a revolver and firing it.

WE OFFER, RECOMMEND AND GUARANTEE

A CURE THAT REALLY CURES

SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR ISN'T AN EXPERIMENT OR A THEORY, BUT A TIME TRIED CURE THAT CAN BE DEPENDED ON. WE ARE THE SOLE AGENTS HERE,

AND WE WANT YOU TO TRY IT

At some time or other you need SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR. No matter how healthy you are, this is true, and it is probably true that you need it a great deal oftener and a great deal more than you have any idea of. Of course you can go around feeling half sick and not give up, but there is not only no sense in it, but it is dangerous.

The moment you begin to trifle with disorders of the stomach, liver or kidneys, the moment you permit blood troubles to go uncorrected, you are running the risk of serious complications and leaving an open door to the most insidious and deadly diseases.

You ought to be well—perfectly well all the time.

The moment you perceive that your internal machinery is getting clogged up you ought to get hold of a bottle of SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR and commence to take it at once.

It isn't compounded of harmful drugs to temporarily soothe pain or to rack and gripe the delicate organs. It contains nothing but roots and herbs of the Green Mountain State, and its healing, curative, strengthening merits are well known to the many thousands it has cured.

It has always prospered without advertising, which shows how good it is. It's present owners have determined that everybody shall have a chance to try it, and have given us the sole agency here.

It is a body-builder in the best sense of the word. It is a blood purifier of the highest possible value. It restores the rich blood of youth in the veins, and makes strong muscles, healthy flesh, calm nerves and clear complexion.

If you want to get the closest thing to an elixir of life that has yet been discovered, SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR is what you are looking for.

We don't make any wild, unfounded claims for it, but simply describe just what it is and just what it can do. We know what it can do because it has been doing it for more than a quarter of a century.

This is the only medicine which we guarantee, and we agree to refund the money if this famous medicine fails to benefit the sufferer. This gives a chance to the skeptical to try it at our risk.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

UNSOLVED

Is the Mystery Surrounding Death of Tommy Hannon.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The mystery surrounding the death of Tommy Hannon remains unsolved. A week ago today the boy was found dying in the yard, 1013 Minnehaha street, a few minutes after he had been seen playing with a dog and in good health. He was the fourth child in the Hannon family to die under somewhat similar circumstances. No apparent cause for his death could be found by either physicians or coroner.

Dr. Renz, city bacteriologist, to whom was referred the analysis of the contents of the stomach, today made the following report:

"There is absolutely no trace of any inorganic poison in the stomach of Tommy Hannon. We will now begin to investigate for organic poisons.

"This means that death could not have resulted from an administration of arsenic, mercury salts, lead or antimonium."

It will take several days to determine if there are any traces of any organic poisons.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

INFORMATION

Concerning Corporations Are Asked By Public Examiner.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—Public Examiner Johnson today sent letters to State Treasurer Block, State Auditor Dunn and the railroad and warehouse commission asking for information as to corporations required to pay a gross earnings tax in this state. This is the first step toward an examination by this department of all companies operating in Minnesota under the gross earnings law. The corporations involved are the railroad, sleeping car and express companies.

Public Examiner Johnson is corresponding with the bank superintendents and commissioners of other states, proposing a convention for the organizing of a national association such as the insurance commissioners have.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Philadelphia, Southampton. La Touraine from Havre.

RHODES WEAKER.

Cape Town, March 22.—Cecil Rhodes was weaker today.

BOAT FROM UPPER LAKE.

Detroit, March 22.—The first boat of the season from upper lake ports was reported this morning, when the steamer Alaska with 400,000 feet of lumber passed Detroit from Alpena bound for Toledo.

SHERIFF FINDS MURRELL.

St. Louis, March 22.—Sheriff Dickman announces today that he had found J. K. Murrell, member of the city council indicted for bribery ,who jumped his bond last week. He would not say where the fugitive is, but declares that he will have Murrell back in St. Louis shortly.

MINT BUILDING SOLD.

Washington, March 22.—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor today sold to Felix Isman, a real estate dealer in Philadelphia, the old mint building and grounds. The price was $2,400,000, part of the purchase money to be paid immediately and the balance within six months.

Help build up the city by using a Duluth mach.

DASTARDLY.

Murder Of Oklahoma Man By Two Unknown Scoundrels.

Oklahoma City, Okla., March 22.—Five miles east of Noble last evening, one of two unknown men shot and killed Frank Hartman at his home, shot Hartman's wife, causing a slight wound and seriously wounded his daughter.

No motive is known and there is no clew to the murderers. The men rode up to the Hartman home and asked to remain all night. Without waiting for an answer, one of the men shot Hartman dead. Mrs. Hartman who soon came upon the scene was shot in the head, while one of the men attacked and struck the daughter with an ax.

Then they rode away, taking an easterly direction. When the alarm was given today no trace of the men could be found.

NEW LUMBER COMPANY.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Stephens Lumber company of Fosston, incorporated today with a capital stock of $10,000. The incorporators are A. D. Stephens and W. E. McKenzie, of Crookston, and Senator C. B. Buckman, of Little Falls. The company will have a branch office at Crookston.

The Duluth match is a "match" for any match.

There's no beauty in all the land,
That can with her face compare.
Her lips are red, her eyes are bright,
She takes Rocky Mountain Tea at night.
Ask your druggist.

Foul, Loathsome, Disgusting Catarrh—Does your head ache? Have you pains over your eyes? Is there a constant dropping in the throat? is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will cure most stubborn cases in a marvelously short time. If you've had catarrh a week it's a sure cure. If it's of fifty years standing it's just as effective. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—12.

REMODELED!

In order to have gymnasium in connection with our Turkish baths, we have entirely remodeled our bathrooms. Season tickets, $5.00 per month, $25.00 for six months, including baths and use of gymnasium.

TURKISH BATH PARLORS,
310 W. Superior St. 311 W. Michigan St.

Hardwood Flooring ¾x2¼ and ¾x2
Maple, Oak, Birch, Red Birch.
Plain and Quarter Sawed.
If you want the best manufactured, buy from
C. B. WOODRUFF
LUMBER YARD 819 Garfield Avenue.

COPYRIGHTS. CAVEATS. TRADE-MARKS.
PATENTS!
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence,
James T. Watson.
Washington, D. C. Established 1865.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC



CANDY CATHARTIC	..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.
BOON FOR MOTHERS	..... CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.
PURELY VEGETABLE	..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are made of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.
PLEASE THE CHILDREN	..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive off worms and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.
ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE	..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.
CURE GUARANTEED	..... CASCARETS taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.
LIVER STIMULANT	..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the lazy liver, making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.
HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS	..... CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

Don't judge **CASCARETS** by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior. Try a ten-cent box today, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address 537

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO; MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK.

HEALTHY IN HAVANA

Great Improvement In Conditions Since American Occupation.

Number of Infectious and Contagious Diseases Very Small.

Not a Case of Yellow Fever In Three Months.

Washington, March 22.—An interesting statement concerning the improvement in health conditions in Havana since the American occupation of Cuba with special reference to the vital statistics of the calendar year 1901, has been made public by the insular division of the war department. Particular attention is paid to the purging of the city from yellow fever during the past year by the destruction of infected mosquitoes. It is of vast importance, the statement says that these facts should be made known to the world extensively and as rapidly as possible. During the past forty-five years with scarcely any exception, some deaths have occurred from yellow fever in every month of the year, the maximum 268 deaths taking place in 1857; the minimum, 51 deaths in 1866, with the average 151. The number of other infectious and contagious diseases has been small during the calendar year 1901. There has been very little diphtheria and typhoid fever, and the tuberculosis rate is about that of most cities of civilized countries. A rapid decrease has taken place since American occupation. A marked decrease in malaria has also occurred since the mosquito work began. The statement concludes as follows:

"The army took charge of the health department of Havana when deaths were occurring at the rate of 21,352 per year. It gives up with deaths occurring at the rate of 5720 per year. It took charge when smallpox had been epidemic for years. It gives it up with not a single case having occurred in the city for over eighteen months. It took charge with yellow fever epidemic for two centuries. It found Havana feared as a thing unclean by all the neighbors of the United States and quarantined against as too dangerous to touch or even to come near anything that she had touched to the untold financial loss of both Havana and the United States. It has established the fact that yellow fever is only transmitted by a certain species of mosquito, a discovery that in its power for saving human life, is only excelled by Jenners' great discovery, and as time goes on it will succeed in the same class as that great boon to mankind.

"The army has stamped out this disease in its greatest stronghold—there having been only five deaths in the last nine months of the past year, and no deaths nor cases in the last three months of the same year; it has demonstrated a system by which yellow fever can be certainly controlled without the interference to commerce."

ELKS' REUNION.

One Proposed To Be Held at Ashland.

Ashland, Wis., March 22.—The Elks of this city have taken the first steps in a movement which will, in all probability, result in the organization of the B. P. O. E. of Wisconsin for reunion purposes. The question has been under discussion at the recent meetings of the local lodge and opinion seems to favor it unanimously.

At a meeting held a few weeks since it was decided to learn the will of the other lodges of the state regarding this matter and circular letters were addressed to each, asking that action be taken at a regular meeting to determine what could be done.

It is planned to hold a meeting in Ashland on April 22, 23 and 24 for the purpose of organizing the association. Each lodge will send two delegates. Milwaukee has already chosen its representatives, and Waukesha, Fond du Lac and other lodges have taken favorable action.

See her. Whom? "Charley's Aunt."

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

SHIP SUBSIDY BILL.

Hostile Action By the House Is Foreshadowed.

Washington, March 22.—As an indication that the ship subsidy people do not expect the house to pass the Frye bill, it may be noted that the day following the passage by the senate, Pacific Mail Steamship stock went down 5 points on the New York stock exchange. Everybody here had been figuring on a rise, but the stock exchange people knew better than Washington what the effect would be in the house of the senate vote. If, in the house, those members vote against the bill whose senators voted against it on Monday, it will surely be defeated, and that is what is worrying the subsidy crowd. Many of the senators who voted for it represent the states which have one and two representatives each; while the men who voted against it come from states which have a heavy representation.

MISSED THE CAT

But Henry Bush Fell, Breaking His Neck.

Quincy, Ill., March 22.—Henry Bush attempted to kick a cat off the porch at his home. He missed the cat, lost his balance and fell off the porch to the ground, three feet below, breaking his neck and dying instantly.

INFORMATION

Regarding admission to the Tuesday Evening Class of the

DULUTH ART CLUB

May be had from the Secretary. This class draws from a custom model with instruction.

C. B. Stewart, Sec'y, 108 W. Sup. St.

RECEIVER

Appointed For Another "Get Rich Quick" Scheme.

Chicago, March 22.—The Chronicle's, Lexington, Ky., correspondent telegraphs that paper that the Mutual and Industrial Mutual Investment companies have been put into the hands of a receiver. The first of these bond investment schemes was started in Lexington twelve years ago, and after a severe battle with the postoffice authorities, who refused it the mails, won the suit, and from that time they have spread to nearly every state in the country where the laws would permit their existence. They promise returns of three for one, making monthly redemptions, and finally they offered weekly redemptions. It is estimated that the poor people of the vicinity of Lexington alone have invested in the fourteen companies $2,000,000. The grand jury has commenced an investigation of the conduct of the companies. It is said no assets can be found.

DENOUNCED BY WIFE.

Revenge Will Cause Death of Col. Grimm.

St. Petersburg, March 22.—The semi-official Russky Invalid today announces that Col. Grimm, the Russian officer, who was recently condemned to death by a court-martial at Warsaw, after having been convicted of systematic revelation of military secrets to a foreign power, has confessed to having been guilty of high treason.

About sixty arrests have been made at Warsaw in connection with the trial of Col. Grimm who, it has been asserted, had during ten years revealed many state secrets. The discovery of the colonel's treason was due to his wife, who denounced her husband in revenge for his having paid attentions to another woman.

SUES GREAT NORTHERN.

St. Cloud, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—James O'Hara has brought suit against the Great Northern for $3,000 on account of injuries alleged to have been received at Long Prairie last July. O'Hara was a brakeman and was caught between the cars.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

THROAT GRABBED

By Husband Who Then Threw Her From His Home.

Mrs. Duryea Recites Her Tale of Woe to Court.

She Charges the Starch King's Son With Extreme Cruelty.

New York, March 22.—Allegations of cruelty, drunkenness and misconduct in sensational and detailed variety were fairly heaped upon the defendant by Mrs. Chester H. Duryea in her complaint and affidavits submitted to Judge Gildersleeve asking for separation and alimony in the supreme court when the issue was the application for a commission to take the testimony of a witness now in Cairo, Egypt. Mr. Duryea has entered a denial of the most startling charges, and through his counsel will claim that he has been cruelly wronged.

Mrs. Duryea was Miss Nina Larre Smith, daughter of Franklin W. Smith, of great wealth and social prominence in Boston. Winter visitors to St. Augustine have for many years considered the "Villa Zarayda," built by Mr. Smith, one of the show places of the old town. The mansion is notable as an exact reproduction of a Pompeiian villa, and Mr. Smith afterward built a similar palace in Newport.

Mr. Duryea is the son of Gen. Hiram Duryea, of the National Starch company, and, according to his wife's testimony, has an income of between $15,000 and $20,000 a year. Their marriage three years ago was a brilliant society event. The match proved an unhappy one almost from the beginning. Mrs. Duryea charges that her husband not only abused and ill-treated her with physical violence, but that he neglected her for other women of their social set, and showed marked indifference toward their own infant son, for whose support Mrs. Duryea is now bringing an action.

The application for a commission was the sequel of the petition by Mrs. Duryea for $3000 counsel fees and $350 a month alimony. Justice Dugro allowed her $250 counsel fees and $125 a month for the support of her child, Chester B. Duryea, Jr., and the application for personal alimony was denied pending the trial of her action for separation.

Mrs. Duryea alleges that during the same summer in which she was married in 1898, "after several violent outbursts of temper," he shook "his clenched fist in her face and called her names, telling her to go to h—l."

On Aug. 30 of that year he refused to speak a word to her at luncheon, and after he returned home later in the day, "when she met him and quietly remonstrated with him for such conduct, the defendant flew into a rage and seized the plaintiff by the throat and violently forced her back against the oak paneling of the wall, thereby causing the back of her head to strike violently against the wall and caunsing her great physical pain and anguish of mind."

Such cruel and inhuman treatment is alleged to have continued until she was compelled to, and did about the middle of September of 1901, refuse to go to Sioux City to live with the defendant there, especially as he then refused to give any assurance that there would not be a repetition of the former ill treatment.

At a dinner in Sioux City in October, 1898, she said that her husband told the guests that he supposed she "had been telling some more lies about him." When she remonstrated he told her that she had the "face of a criminal," and that later, after retiring to their rooms, his rage was so great that he hit the pillow with his fist, and her fear was so great that she fled in terror from their own room and took refuge in the room of her mother.

She set forth that one night in April, 1899, at a hotel in Sioux City, her husband pushed her into a public hallway and told her to clear out. She was compelled to hire another room and to borrow night clothes. At the Hanover hotel, in this city, Mr. Duryea is said to have flown into a "terrific" rage, and told the plaintiff to get out, although it was then 3 o'clock in the morning, and violently seized her and attempted to drag her from her bed and tore her nightgown into shreds in his attempt to eject her from their apartments into the public hallway of the hotel.

Some of the names Mr. Duryea is said to have called his wife during those alleged "outbursts of rage" were: "D— liar," "slob," "criminal face," "skunk" and a "watering cart" when she wept over the ill-treatment.

In addition to similar scenes in other hotels, Mrs. Duryea asserted that in September, 1900, at Colorado Springs, when they were on their way to a band concert at a casino four miles from town, she entered a street car, and, after reaching the grounds, found that her husband had left the car, and she had to borrow car fare from the conductor to get back to the hotel. She found her husband calmly reading, and upon asking him in amazement where he had been, he laughed at her and said that he had been in the hotel all the time, and that he thought he would teach her a lesson not to eat her supper without her husband. He said he would not have a man servant in the house, because she was "the kind of woman who would elope with her own butler."

On other occasions Mrs. Duryea charged that he made such remarks as "I am sick of you," "You are a millstone around my neck," "You ought to know from two years' experience that you are not wanted," and "You are a cat, a master of selfishness."

Mrs. Duryea told of a fancy dress ball she attended on Feb. 14, 1899, when her husband, in a loud voice, upbraided her and accused her of having no dignity, no manners; that she didn't know how to behave herself, and falsely accused her of trying to show off her feet and ankles like a fool. She said that she was so humiliated that she had to leave the ballroom. She said that her husband had told Mrs. Clark Duncan that "his wife was a devil to live with." Regarding the relations of her husband and that of his home life, Mrs. Duryea included in her complaint the following: "At the camp of Gen. Duryea in July, 1901, the defendant began a desperate flirtation with Mrs. Harry H. Duryea, his sister-in-law, in the absence of her husband; that they were often alone together in the dark, and that this flirtation was openly carried on, regardless of the feelings of the plaintiff."

He is also charged with having entered upon a course of conduct with Mrs. Barber that was a scandal to the plaintiff and to all the guests in the camp.

"This defendant well knew that she was aware of this scandalous conduct, but was totally unable to prevent it and unable to leave the camp and go elsewhere because her husband furnished her no money, although she asked him for it in order that she might escape to some farm house or other place."

This chapter of life in the Adirondacks was covered more fully by an affidavit from Mrs. Lellia Wetherspoon Asser, wife of Col. J. J. Asser, of the English army, now stationed in Cairo, for whose further examination the appointment of a commission is asked. Mrs. Asser said that she had known Mrs. Duryea for more than fifteen years, and continued:

"Chester Duryea drank steadily while I was there (at the camp in the Adirondacks). Not so much at meals as between meals. I have seen him drinking even before breakfast, as the table on which the liquor was kept was in plain view from our chamber window.

"I can swear that during my entire visit there of over three weeks Chester Duryea did not talk to his wife three consecutive minutes, certainly did not say a kind or civil thing to her. I can also swear that I have repeatedly seen her speak pleasantly and conventionally to him at table and elsewhere, only to be answered with curt rudeness or not at all."

Mrs. Asser said regarding Mr. Duryea's departure from camp that his brother's wife sat close to him on the piazza, embracing him frequently and calling him "My darling, Teddy, dear" and "Teddy, darling."

When he arose to go she would again embrace him and exclaim: "My darling, do you love me as fondly as ever?" and he replied: "Yes, dear, I love you as fondly as ever." All this was with impudent glances at the plaintiff.

REALTY DEMAND CONTINUES GOOD

(Continued from Page 11.)

West Michigan street abutting the Lake avenue viaduct. The Michigan street floor will be designed for wholesale or commission business, the Lake avenue floor for retail stores, and the two upper floors will be divided up into European hotel apartments.

Palmer, Hall & Hunt are preparing plans for a handsome new stable and carriage house for George C. Stone at Twenty-third avenue east and Superior street, and for an addition to C. H. Lutes' laundry building on East Second street extending back to the alley.

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George H. Crosby & Co.: The feature of the situation just now, as it seems to us, is that property is being held higher. We have submitted a number of cash propositions this week based on the prices at which property has been held the last two or three years, and they have been turned down without exception. Holders want a raise in price, and they seem determined to stick out for it.

A. C. Volk & Co.: We have received many inquiries from the East asking us to submit lists of property for consideration. There seems to be no class of property that plays favorite. What people want is something for investment. Acreage and lots are in demand. To our mind there never was a better outlook than at present. We believe there is going to be a steady up-grade for years to come.

Frank Salter, of Newport & Co.: I have been so busy this week that I have not had time to go out looking for new business. So much has come to me that I have been well occupied. We have sold six lots this week, pretty well distributed as to location, all of it residence property. One of my sales was the A. M. Kilgore house in Hunter's Park for $3200.

G. G. Dickerman: Business is good with me, and the outlook is promising. Residence property is in active inquiry. Among my sales the past week were five lots in London division, Lakeside. The novelty of this purchase is that the buyer has taken the property on speculation. He believes there is going to be a good increase in values out in that part of town.

J. D. Stryker, of Stryker, Manley & Buck: While we have no trades that are in a position to be made public, the week has been eminently satisfactory with us. The situation is improving right along. Duluth real estate is daily becoming a more staple article for investment and even speculation. The inquiry is remarkably satisfactory and extends to all classes of property.

J. A. Stephenson: The great difficulty I find with the situation is that property is held higher. When people who contemplate building homes have had bids submitted on plans and find that prices are higher than they had expected, and then figure on the price a lot, it takes time for them to accustom themselves to the rise that has taken place in the cost of both.

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A. C. Volk & Co. reports the following trades:

Lot 528 West Second street to John A. Carlson, with frame dwelling, $6500.

Underhill flats to M. J. Baker, Grand Rapids, $6000.

Lot 218 Tenth avenue east to John A. Todd, $5000, including frame dwelling.

Lot on Seventh street and First avenue east, to Frank Hakinson, unimproved, $500.

• • •

John A. Stphenson reports the sale of lot 13, block 66, Endion, being 50 feet on the upper side of First street, between Nineteenth avenues west, to James McKindley and J. A. Todd, for $1650. The property lies between the homes of each of the purchasers and is bought to add to the grounds.

• • •

George H. Crosby & Co. report these deals:

Two thousand acres of property, about seventeen miles south of Superior, to Alfred Hallam, of South Dakota. Consideration withheld.

Unimproved lot at Tenth avenue west and Third street to Joseph Di Marco, $775.

Dwelling on Cook street, Lakeside, to W. A. Hicken.

Frame residence and lot on London road, in Lester Park, to William Stevenson, $2500.

Residence on Otsego street, Lester Park, to F. L. Williams.

• • •

Transfers for the week were as follows:

Florence A. Coffin to J. E. Oren, e½ se¼, sw¼ se¼ section 15-55-12..... 669

J. L. Washburn et ux to George C. ow, blocks 138, 166, Rice's Point.. 1

Florence A. Coffin to J. E. Oren, w½ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ section 17; ne¼ se¼ section 21-54-13; ne¼ section 5, lots 1, 5, se¼ nw¼ section 7; n½ ne¼ section 15; w½ sw¼ section 23; nw¼ ne¼, nw¼ se¼ section 31-54-21..... ..

William Allen et ux to Tower Lumber company, timber e½ sw¼, and w½ se¼, section 7; w½ nw¼, sw¼ of sw¼ se¼, section 8, w½ ne¼ ne¼ nw¼, lots 1, 2, section 17-61-14; e½ nw¼, s½ ne¼ section 8-61-14.. 15,000

Brar E. Wellberg et ux to Oskar Sundquist; w½ lot 396, block 148, Duluth Proper, Second division.. 1,600

Joshua B. Pierce et ux to Jed L. Washburn, blocks 138, 166, Rice's Point 5,000

Anna M. Covl to Jennie E. Little, lot 1, block 7, London, addition..... 250

W. Taber et ux to Robert A. Conkhp, lots 9 and 10, blocks 18, West Park division 1,000

John M. Longyear et al to Sarah R. Cobb, lot 18, block 2, Hibbing..... 150

Oscar F. Kalb to Tower Lumber Co., lot 5, section 29-62-16, and nw¼ ne¼ section 30-63-16..... 625

W. Allen et ux to Tower Lumber Co, sw¼ nw¼ section 29; lot 1 and ne¼ nw¼ section 19-61-13; nw¼ ne¼ section 9; ne¼ se¼ section 15; nw se¼ section 26-61-14; w½ se¼ section 35-61-15; nw¼ section 14-61-15; ne¼ section 8-61-14. 10,000

C. P. Webber et ux to J. E. Oren, w½ sw¼ section 26-52-19..... 75

N. W. Improvement company to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, e½ of sw¼ section 26, ne¼ of nw¼ section 35-51-17; sw¼ of sw¼ section 7-52-17 277

John H. Van Winkle et ux to Glenn R. Matchan, all timber on sw¼ section 10-60-13..... 100

John R. Carey, administrator, to Grace D. Frey, lots 9, 11, 12 and 13, East Foud du Lac..... 63

Jacob C. Clark et ux to Otis Staples, ne¼ of ne¼ section 1-55-20. Same to same, all timber on nw¼ of ne¼ section 1-55-20 500

Benjamin E. Wells et ux to Frank H. Barnett, lots 154, 156, 158, 160, St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth 550

Elbert L. Miller to I. E. Youngblood, lots 2 to 8, block 3, Duluth Heights, Duluth division 1,000

Julius Wellberg et al to B. E. Wellberg, w½ lot 396, block 148, Duluth proper, Second division 500

Archibald Phillips et ux to Meri H. Peck, lot 14 and w½ of lot 15, block 29, Tower 500

William Smith et ux to William Simms, lots 15 and 16, block 8, Cramer's addition 100

May E. Sheridan et mar to Katherine VanLooo, lots 11 and 12, block 13, Portland 12,000

M. C. Freeman et al to Fred Macfarlane, lot 23, block 2, Hibbing 275

Farmer's Trust company to A. M. Miller, lot 11, block 30, Harrison's division 600

Frank Conlon et ux to Boston and Duluth Farm Land company, sw¼ of ne¼, w½ of se¼ section 14-50-16 475

F. J. Pulford et ux to Duluth Real Estate company, lot 4, East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division 1

John M. Longycar et al to M. C. Freeman, lot 23, block 2, Hibbing 110

Fred Neff et al to M. J. Dolph et al, lands in sections 1 and 2-57-17, 35-62-17, 19, 20, 30-62-16, 25-62-17 1

Glen R. Matchan et ux to Andrew Gowan et al, all timber on sw¼ section 10-60-13 400

Mary Bunnell to The Shogmoc'campany, und 1-3 lots 13, 14, 15, 16, block 37, Harrison's division..... 283

Grace Harris et mar to same, same James Rickenbaugh to Cora A. Underhill, lots 11, 12, block 16, Highland Park addition 80

Jemima Nelson et mar to Jane C. Salmau, lots 1 and 2, block 16, and lot 10, block 51, McKinley..... 600

William Prindle et al to Teneyck DePuy, e½ lot 27, West First street, Duluth proper..... 1

S. L. Wells et mar to Fred Neff et al, nw¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of sw¼, sec. 1; s½ of sw¼ section 1-61-17; lot 3, section 2-61-17; se¼ of sw¼, n½ of sw¼ section 35-62-17; ne¼ of nw¼, lot 1 section 20-62-16..... 1

Alice Curdy to Charles Venke, east 37½ feet of lot 321, block 175, Duluth proper, Second division. 350

Joseph T. Gilbert to William W. Billson, e½ of lot 41, West First street, Duluth proper, First division 7,500

A. F. Pillsbury et al to C. A. Smith Lumber company, timber on nw ¼ sw¼, section 4; n½ sw¼, section 6; nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw¼, section 9; ne¼ nw¼, section 11; s½ nw¼ section 15; nw¼ se¼ and ne¼ sw ¼, section 17; se¼ se¼, section 18; se¼ se¼, section 19; n½ ne¼, section 20; sw¼ ne¼, se ¼nw¼ and sw¼ se¼ section 22, ne¼ ne¼, section 27; se¼ ne¼ and se¼ nw¼ and sw¼ se¼, section 30, 51-21 16,995

nw¼ and sw¼ ne¼, section 21-52-13 1,500

L. H. Gonse et ux to Frank Hakinson, lot 17 East Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division 500

Rachel Rex to Carmine Izzo, lot 4, block 126, West Duluth, Fifth division 400

William C. Bobinson to Robert B. Whitesides, sw¼ se¼ section 2; se¼ se¼ section 3; ne¼ sw¼ section 3; nw¼ sw¼ section 12, nw¼ ne¼ section 14; ne¼ se¼ section 33-61-17 1

G. H. Huseby et ux to Schulze Brother company, lot 13, block 117, West Duluth, Third division

Amanda Borngesser to J. E. Carlson et al, lot 82, block 20, Duluth proper, Third division 6,500

O. T. Strand to J. G. Anderson, part lot 1, block 9, Dodge's addition 345

William Doughten et ux to H. T. Hurdon, lot 43, West Third street, Duluth proper 4,000

Berndt Olson to Alfred Kjellin, east 5 acres of west 10 acdes of south 15 acres of north 30 acres of se¼ section 27-51-14..... 425

Nick Anderson to same, lot 4, block 11, Clinton Place addition..... 300

Bishop Seabury Mission to W. W. Billson, lot 38 West First street, Duluth proper, First division.... 16,000

Philo C. Bailey to William J. Wallace timber on se¼ nw¼, lot 3, section 5-53-17 450

Charles W. Edsell et ux to Esther E. Martindale, und. 3-16 ne¼ nw¼ section 11-58-18 .....

Peter Johnson et ux to E. E. Stevens, lot 367, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division; part of lot 365, block 111, Duluth proper, Second division 7,000

D. E. Stevens et ux to Gunoar Johnson, lots 388, 400, block 49, Duluth proper Second division..

Peter Johnson et ux to J. S. Merritt, e 10 feet lot 445, block 90, Duluth proper Second division.. 425

Richard Whiteside et ux to Oscar Loftanen, lot 7, block 5, Fall Lake 125

Michael Ryback et ux to George V. Pifer, e½ lot 67, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 750

Priscilli C. Johns to Irvin T. Burnside, lots 147, 149, block 13, Duluth proper, Third division 1,500

John L. Marye to Duluth Banking Co., und one-third of lots 9 and 10, block 10, Marine division 109

Sofia Christenson et mar to William Christenson, lot 25, block 20, Hunter's Grassy Point addition, and lot 8, block 9, same..... 1

Simon Clark et ux to Boston & Duluth Land Co., w½ sw¼ section 29-49-15..... .

J. D. Ensign, judge of district court, to Frank B. Babcock, all that part of lot 26, West Cadwell street as lies within the limits of lot 4, block 66, Portland..... .

Laura M. Barnum et mar to William F. Johns, fraction lot 5, block 161, Portland, frac of lot 5, block 161, Ray's annex to Portland..... 1

Same to Catherine Jones, frac lot 4, block 161, Portland; frac lot 4, block 161, Ray's annex to Portland 1

George C. How et ux to Emil Galusha, lot 17, block 24, lots 1 to 8, block 25, Bay Front division..... 1

Louis C. Parker et al to John C. Drannen, lot 359 Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 150

Martin Mortinson to School district No. 29, part of section 10-52-12..... 25

The Little Falls & Dakota railway to Bessie S. Clark, sw¼ se¼ section 3, n½ nw¼ section 11-52-21.. 120

Robert Whiteside et ux to M. E. Gleason, lots 1, 2, block 4, Ely..... 400

Charles H. Maginnis et ux to Mueller Lumber company, ne¼ ne¼ section 15-60-21..... 225

D. I. Demnead to W. F. Johnston, lot 7, block 36, West Duluth, Fifth division 1,500

Samuel P. Waddell et ux to L. Gunderson, lot 14, block 19, Marine division 400

Henry Siegrist to Mrs. M. Kamerer, lot 6, rearrangement of block 17, Hunter's Grassy Point addition 1

Mrs. M. Kamerer to Annie Haiseth, same 200

Hattie M. Miller et al to Bert Fesler, lot 5, block 3, Highland Park addition 675

Joseph A. Robinson et al to same, lots 6, 7, 8, block 3, Highland Park addition 2,150

Thomas Sullivan et ux to Mueller Lumber company, timber on se¼ of sw¼ section 21; n½ of nw¼, sw¼ of nw¼ section 28-67-20.... 2,000

Allen McDonell et ux to same timber on en¼ of se¼ section 7; sw¼ of se¼, s½ of sw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 8; se¼ of se¼ section 14; sw¼ of nw¼, e½ of sw¼, nw¼ of se¼ section 35-61-17 4,936

Mary McDonell et mar to Mueller Lumber company, timber on sw¼ of sw¼ section 29; ne¼ of se¼ section 30; ne¼ of nw¼, e½ of ne¼ section 32-61-16; ne¼ of sw¼, sw¼ section 23; ne¼ of se¼ section 25; se¼ of se¼ section 27; nw¼ of se¼, nw¼ of sw¼ section 34-61-17 6,422

Allen McDonell et ux to Mueller Lumber company, timber on sw¼ of sw¼ section 13; ne¼ of se¼, s½ of sw¼ section 23; nw¼ of nw¼ section 24, sw¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 32-61-18 3,450

William E. Hannaford et al to Mueller Lumber company, timber on s½ of sw¼ section 23, and n½ of nw¼ section 32-61-18. 1

Jennie Sullivan, admistratrix to J. E. Foubister, lot 9, block 148, West Duluth, Fifth division 450

Jackson Land and Lumber company to J. L. Washburn, 3, 4, section 13, and lots 2, 3 and 4, section 14-62-14 .....

Security Investment company to Steward Mineral company, same 1

John McClintock, administrator, to Henry Siegrist, lot 6, block 17, rearrangement of Hunter's Grassy Point addition 37

Edwin H. McHenry et al, as receiver Interstate Stock Clerk, lot 1 and se¼ of ne¼, nw¼ of se¼, se¼ of se¼ section 3-52-24..... 1

T. H. Martin to Adelmar Snyder, e½ of ne¼ and nw¼ of ne¼, and s½ of se¼ section 3, n½ of nw¼ section 11-52-21 700

NATIONAL MOVEMENT

For Organization of the Catholic Laymen's Association.

Chicago, March 22.—The Catholic Laymen's association of Chicago is to develop into a national organization, according to acting members. The first step toward this end has already been taken. At a secret session of the executive committee resolutions were adopted requesting all Catholics in this diocese to join the ranks if they were interested in the promotion of purity and good government in the church. Many replies have been received and communications have also come from persons outside of the Chicago district, especially from Washington and this has prompted the national movement. The organization in this city is said to have a membership of 10,000.

BITUMINOUS COAL POOL.

Terre Haute, March 22.—The bituminous coal operators of the field in Indiana north of the National road, controlling one-third the bituminous coal produced in the state, have perfected a pooling arrangement for the sale of the product, about 2,000,000 tons annually. It is believed this particular pool will be followed by others covering the southern field of the state. The selling agency is to be in Chicago.

DYNAMITED THE HOUSE.

Brussels, March 22.—Dynamite cartridges were exploded last night under the home of M. Derbanse, a Catholic deputy at Binche, province of Hainaut. The house was greatly damaged, but nobody was hurt. There is no clue.

This Stock Is Non-Assessable. **Investigate This Immediately.**

40,000 SHARES

—OF—

Kootenai Copper Mining & Smelting Co.'s Stock



Will be put on the market MONDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, at the low price of .....

25c per Share

The proceeds to be used in putting upon their Property a SMELTING PLANT.

A Grand Success—No longer a "prospect." It is now a developed mine, with thousands of tons of ore blocked out for sloping down. We have a tunnel 150 feet in length along the foot wall and have crosscut the lead in several places, showing a vein of ore from six feet to fifteen feet in width and have the outcropping from this lead for over a mile in length. The officers and stockholders of the company, at a meeting held on March 20th, decided to erect a smelter on their property, and for this purpose have decided to place this small block of stock on the market. It is safe to say that by next Saturday night the entire issue will be placed—and no more stock will be sold at this price. We consider this the surest and best investment in Duluth today. A dividend will no doubt be paid within the coming six months. "First come, first served." For further information assays and samples of the ore call at the Duluth office, 406 West Superior Street, after Monday morning, March 24th, 1902.

Kootenai Copper Mining & Smelting Co.

406 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

316-317 Fernwell Block, SPOKANE, WASH.

A SLUMP IN GRAIN

Wheat Declined Over One Cent and Corn Two Cents.

Reports of Heavy Rains In Northwest Induced Selling.

Flax Trading Very Light and Price Closed Unchanged.

Duluth Board of Trade, March 22.—The grain markets were weaker and lower today, and wheat and corn experienced heavy breaks. May wheat closing 1¼c lower than yesterday here and 1⅜-½ lower at Chicago, while corn slumped 2½c here and 1⅝c at Chicago. The bears were in control of the market throughout the session and selling was general and heavy. The opening in wheat was weak on account of the confirmation of the reports of heavy rains in the Southwest, which will be of immense benefit to the growing winter wheat. The cables were also weak. Wheat today touched the lowest point since early in October. The Australian shipments were 321,000 bus, against 288,000 bus last week and 489,000 bus last year.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 267 cars, and at Chicago, 22, a total of 289 cars, against 383 last week and 453 last year.

The Liverpool market was weak, closing ⅜@⅝d lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 447,000 bus, last year 676,000 bus. Shipments 250,000 bus, last year 324,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 324,000 bus. Australian shipments for the week were 121,000 bus, last week 288,000 bus, last year 498,000 bus.

Corn and oats were very weak in Chicago. Corn slumped 2⅛c and oats 1½c. Primary receipts of corn were 318,000 bus, last year 512,000 bus. Shipments 172,000 bus, last year 252,000 bus. Clearances 46,000 bus.

Trading was active on the Duluth market and the price was very weak. It opened ⅛c off at 72c, sold at 72⅛ at 9:33, and then fell to 71¾c at 9:37. It rallied to 71⅞c at 9:45, fell to 71⅝c at 10:18, advanced to 72c at 10:55 and then dropped to 71¼c at 11:15, rallying to 71⅜c at 11:30 and closing at 71¼c, a decline of 1¼c. Chicago declined 1⅜-½c and Minneapolis 1¼c.

Cash sales were 40,000 bus at 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3½c under for No. 2 and 5½c under for No. 3.

Flax trading was very light. The market sold ¼c up to $1.75½ and closed unchanged at $1.75¼. Corn slumped 2½c and rye and oats ½c.

Following are the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 73¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c; No. 2 northern, 67¾c; No. 3 spring, 65¼c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 73¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼c; May, 71¼c; July, 72⅛c; Manitoba No. 1 northern, cash, 69¼c; May 70¼c; No. 2 northern, 66¼c. Oats, 40c. Rye, 52½c. Flax, cash, $1.73¼; to arrive, $1.73¼; May, $1.75¼; September, $1.30. Corn, 57¼c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 72; last year, 75; corn, 1; oats, 1; rye, 1; barley, 1; flax, 8.

Receipts—Wheat, 114,800; oats, 1731; barley, 949; flax, 1200.

Shipments—Corn, 7071; oats, 1712; barley, 13,440.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 20,000 bus	$0.71
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus	70¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	71⅛
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71
No. 1 northern, 1 car	71¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	69
No. 3 spring, 1 car	67
No. 3 spring, 1 car	67½
No grade, 2 cars	65
Barley, 1 car	57

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The Bears Hammer Prices of Grains Severely.

Chicago, March 22.—Bears again took control of grains at the opening of the board today and hammered prices severely. Weak cables and confirmation of heavy rains induced selling at the start. Trade was heavy aid there was a general desire to sell. May wheat opened ⅜c@½c lower, at 72c to 72⅝c, and sold off to 72½c the lowest price since early last October. Every holder suffered some loss. Commission houses abetted by the local bears led in the selling. Stop loss orders were met early and added to the losses. The Southwestern markets were weak and advices from that quarter reported freer selling by farmers. Some covering the first hour brought a reaction to 72⅝c, and prices were steady for a time around that figure. Local receipts were 22 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth received 267 cars, or a total for the three points of 289 against 383 last week and 453 a year ago. Australian shipments were 321,000 bus compared to 288,000 bus last week, and 498,000 bus a year ago.

After the first hour the wheat pit held lull and steady for a time but cables grew weaker and liquidation set in again and the only buying was for short accounts. May tumbled to 72c, rallied again to 72⅜c, but soon became demoralized and closed very weak, 1⅜c to 1½c lower at 72c.

Corn met the same influences at the opening as did wheat. Cables and the weak wheat market started a very weak corn market. Heavy selling, both for long and short accounts and stop loss orders influenced a further decline. May started ¼@⅜c lower, at 59¾@59½c, and slumped to 59¼c. There was some support by a few longs and a hard fight was made against the lower prices. May gradually steadied and at the end of the first hour was selling at 58½@⅝c. Local receipts, 134 cars.

Weakness set in again in corn shortly after the mid-session lull and everywhere stuff was for sale. Bears pounded away at prices with terrible earnestness and no one seemed to want corn. Outside markets were depressed and influenced a still further break here. May tumbled with a thud to 58⅛c and closed very weak, 2⅛c down at that figure.

Corn and wheat weakness brought a bad opening slump in oats. There was almost no support and commission houses sold heavily. May opened ¾@1¼c lower, at 42½c to 42c, and dipped to 41¾c. Some purchases by longs sent May back to 42½c, but the market weakened again to 42c and steadied around 42⅛c. Receipts were 149 cars.

Oats continued nervous and weak in sympathy with the leading cereals and May closed weak at its lowest price for the day, 1½c lower, at 41¼c.

Provisions were strong shortly after the opening. The extreme depression in grains worked against any early gains, but a good hog market at the yards and a fair demand overcame the early tendency to sell. May pork opened 5c to 2½c lower, at $15.57½ to $15.60 and advanced quickly to $15.67½. May lard a shade lower to a shade higher, at $9.45 to $9.47½, and May ribs unchanged to 2½c higher, at $8.55 to $8.57½, and sold to $8.57½@$8.60.

Close: Wheat—March, 70¾c; May, 72c; July, 72⅝@¾c; September, 72⅞c. Corn—March, 57c; May, 58⅜c; September, 57¼c; December, 57⅛c. Oats—March, 41c; May, 41¾c; July, 34⅛c; September, 28⅞c; December, 29¼c. Pork—March, $15.45; May, $15.60; July, $15.75. Lard—March, $9.40; May, $9.47½@9.50; September, $9.70@9.72½. Ribs—March, $8.52½; May, $8.57½; July, $8.67½; September, $8.77½@8.80. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.72; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.72. Rye—March, 55½c; May, 55½@¾c; July, 55⅜@56c. Barley—Cash, 61@68c. Timothy—March, $6.80. Clover—March, $8.70. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 78½@79½c; No. 3 red, 74½@78½c; No. 2 hard winter, 72½@73c; No. 3 hard winter, 73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 73½@75c; No. 2 northern spring, 73@½c; No. 3 spring, 69@72½c. Corn—No. 3, 55½@56½c. Oats—No. 2, 42¼@43c; No. 3, 42@¼c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

O'Brien, of Chicago: The wheat market was simply swamped with stop orders at the opening which caused a panicky feeling. Shorts were about the only buyers.

• • •

Jones, of Chicago: I feel that this is the day to buy corn. Under no consideration would sell at the opening. A big short line has been put out by a prominent bear the past two days and an effort will be made to smash the market to cover. Purchases of corn at present prices I think will show a handsome profit in ten days.

• • •

E. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Our market left off weak yesterday and it is likely to be so again at the opening. The rains in the Southwest must have improved the condition there materially. The rain of ten days ago and the past two days has been very heavy and well distributed. Liquidation here has been heavy all the week. The cash business done seems to have attracted but little attention and only influenced those who made the sales.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The market here was weak from the start. The weather is spring-like throughout the West and no complaints are coming as to the condition of the growing crop. There was further general liquidation and the weakness in wheat was increased by the decline in corn. A large export business is again reported from the seaboard, although such an event is unusual on Saturday. The whole tone of the market was extremely heavy. Small receipts and a large export demand seem unable to check the decline. Little attention is paid to anything now apparently but the conditions, and the recent rains have completely routed the damage reports which had advanced the price of wheat. The market should have a rally from this break. A small decrease in the visible is looked for Monday.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, March 22.—Close, wheat, May, 70c; July, 71¼@⅜c. On track—No. 1 hard, 73¼c; No. 1 northern, 70¼@71¼c; No. 2 northern, 69¼@½c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, March 22.—Close, wheat, May, 78¾c; July, 79⅛c. Corn, May, 65⅛c; July, 64¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	72B	70¾-⅞	73¾@72⅞	79⅛
High	72⅛	70⅞	73	79⅛
Low	71¼	70	71⅞	78⅝
Close	71¼B	70	72	•78¾B
July—				
Open	72⅞B	72	74@73⅞	79¼-⅝
High	73⅛	72	74	79⅝
Low	72¼B	71¼	72⅝-¾	79
Close	72¼B	71¼-⅜	72⅝-¾	•79⅛B

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	42½@42	59¾@59½	$15.57@15.60
High	42½	59¾	$15.67
Low	41¾	58⅛	$15.55
Close	41¾	58⅛	$15.60

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 69⅞-½c to 68¾c.
Calls, May wheat, 70½c to 70½-⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 70-⅛c to 69⅞c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, March 22.—There was a very large trade in wheat today and principal feature of the market was the general liquidation by longs as well as heavy selling by bears which completely demoralized the market and the close was within a fraction of the lowest point of the day, May 1⅜c, July 1⅝c lower than last night. There was a very good cash demand and a large business reported at the seaboard for export but it had no effect whaever on the market. Foreign markets were weak in sympathy with our decline of yesterday. Liverpool closed ⅝d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. The visible supply in all probability will show a large decrease anyway over a million bushels. Liquidation has been pretty thorough and we believe it is about over. The market has had a big break and we look upon present prices as low enough. Of course the future depends upon the prospects of the growing crop but it must be remembered that the crop is not made yet nor is the spring wheat crop sown. Besides we have yet to go through a crop season in Europe. At present everything abroad looks favorable but like in our own country it is a long time before harvest. The foreigners seem perfectly willing to buy our cash wheats around present prices and it does not seem reasonable to expect much of a further decline. Estimated receipts for Monday, 40 cars.

The corn market ruled weak all day on general liquidation, not only by smaller holders but also by big holders. There was very large buying for Eastern account, but even this failed to stem the tide and the market closed weak, May, 2¼c, and July, 1⅝c lower than last night. Foreign markets reflected our decline of yesterday. Liverpool closed ⅞d lower for the day. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing. Kansas City was reported to be bidding 4⅝c over Chicago for corn in Nebraska and 4c over for corn in Iowa. Cash demand was good and there was a fair quantity reported sold for direct export. Trade was heavy all day and we believe liquidation is about over. The decline has been pretty severe and we think it has been overdone. Estimated receipts for Monday, 180 cars.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market ruled weak in sympathy with wheat and corn, May closed 1½c; July 1c lower than last night. Country offerings were very light. Cash demand good. Estimated receipts for Monday, 130 cars.

Provisions opened strong on hogs, but closed weak with the day's advance lost. The severe break in grain was not felt much in this maret as the local talent are too confident in their position. We regard the market as dangerous to the buyer and have no faith in the market that is only backed up by muscle. It has been bulled for two weeks and local crowd are well loaded up and would sell freely on first evidence of outsiders' liquidating, but the decline in grain is helping to exhaust margins. Estimated receipts for Monday, 43,000 hogs, and for next week, 175,000 hogs.

Main Office—332-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul.
A. J. CUMMINGS,
Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Dealer in Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

W. H. Laidley & Co.,
428 West Superior Street, (Spalding Hotel).
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, Chicago. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
4 Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
5 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., Room A, Torrey Building.

Paine, Webber & Co
BANKERS and BROKERS,
27 STATE STREET, BOSTON
Members Boston & New York Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade.
Copper Stock a Specialty.
Duluth Office—308 W. Superior St.
Will C. Brown, Resident Manager
BOTH 'PHONES.

BONDS, ALSO Mortgages FOR SALE.
Bearing 5 and 5½% INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co., First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, March 22.—Closing wheat spot No. 2 red Western winter, quiet, 6s 1d; No. 1 northern spring, quiet, 6s 1d; No. 1 California, firm, 6s 4d; futures, quiet; March 6s 1d; May, 5s 1⅝d. Corn, spot, firm; American mixed new, 5s 3¾d; American mixed old, 5s 3½d. Futures, dull, May, 5s 1¾d; July 5s ¾d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the large volume of trade from the northern countries is principally due to the large emigration settling in the new country of the northern part of this state and North Dakota. Hence farm mares being the bulk of the outlet. Heavy team horses for city use and delivery horses are moving 50 per cent easier than at the corresponding time of last year owing to the advanced season. Values:

Draft horses, extra	$150@$200
Draft horses, choice	130@ 150
Draft horses, common to good	115@ 130
Farm mares, extra	120@ 135
Farm mares, choice	100@ 120
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, March 22.—Cattle—Receipts, 200; steady; good to prime steers, $6.60@7.10; poor to medium, $4.25@6.50; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, 1.25@5.50; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.25@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.00; calves, $3.00@6.85; Texas-fed steers, $5.00@6.00. Hogs—Receipts, today, 19,000; Monday, 37,000; left over, 2976; 5c@10c higher; mixed and butchers, $6.25@6.50; good to choice heavy, $6.45@6.62½; rough heavy, $6.25@6.45; light, $6.05@6.40; bulk of sales, $6.30@6.50. Sheep—Receipts, 1000; sheep, slow; lambs, strong; good to choice wethers, $5.00@5.60; fair to choice mixed, $4.25@5.00; Western sheep, yearlings, $5.25@6.25; native lambs, $4.00@6.80; Western lambs, $5.75@6.80. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 2776; hogs, 30,172; sheep, 5268. Shipments—Cattle, 2566; hogs, 8738; sheep, 1368.

Patronize home industry, and use Duluth matches.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	28
Creamery, tubs	26 @ 28
Dairies, fancy	21 @ 23
Packing stock	19
EGGS.	
Fresh	17
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	13
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	13½
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 25
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	50 @ 60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50 @ 8 00
Aples, per bbl	4 75 @ 5 50
Apples, per box	1 85 @ 2 00
Apples, N. Y. varieties	5 50 @ 6 50
California figs, per box	90 @ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75 @ 3 50
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Cranberries, bushel boxes	2 50 @ 2 60
Strawberries	40 @ 50
VEGETABLES.	
California celery, bunch	70
Mushrooms	60
LeLttuce	1 25
Green onions, per dozen	75
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	3 00 @ 3 25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 75
Beets, per 100	1 25
Carrots, per 100	1 25
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 60 @ 1 75
Potatoes, per bus	85
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65 @ 2 75
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75 @ 85
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @ 65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	85 @ 90
Parsley, per doz	45
Head lettuce, per doz	90 @ 1 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3¾@ 4
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	12
Spring chickens	13
Geese	10
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	10
MEATS.	
Mutton	7
Lamb	11
Veal, good	8
Veal, fancy	8½
Dressed beef	7½@ 8½
Hogs	7½
Pork loins	9½
Lard	10
Lard, compound	7¾

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, March 22.—Butter, steady; creameries, 20@27½c; dairies, 19@25c. Cheese, unchanged; twins, 11¼@12c; young Americas, 12@¼c; daisies, 12½c. Eggs, steady, at mark, cases included, 14¾c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, March 22.—Butter, receipts, 2414 packages; steady; state dairy, 22@28c; state creamery, 23@30c; creamery held, 21@26c; renovated, 18@24½c; factory, 18@22c; imitation creamery, 22@24½c. Cheese, receipts, 22,225 packages; steady; state full cream, small, early made, fancy colored and white, 13@¼c; full cream, large, fall made, fancy colored and white 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 11,392 packages; market firm; state and Penna, 16½c; Western, at mark, 16½c; Southern, at mark, 16@¼c.

As soon as Stone-Ordean-Wells Co. started to handle the Duluth matches, they were ordered to deliver all trust matches on hand to a rival concern.

HEAVY DEALINGS

In St. Paul With Sharp Advance But Part Was Lost.

Had But a Moderate Effect On the General Market.

Bank Statement Steadied Prices and Closing Was Irregular.

New York, March 22.—There have been some extraordinary free movements among the specialties this week, the reasons for which have been unexplained. The general list has been neglected and has moved narrowly, but has shown a firm undertone. The fear of money stringency has been the most potent factor in discouraging speculation, but the period of development of the business outlook for the year has had its normal restraining influence also. The vicissitudes of the winter wheat crop are now closely watched from day to day in Wall street. The spring prospect for trade is regarded as highly favorable. The efforts of anthracite miners and operators to come to an agreement upon relations for the coming year is watched with close interest.

There was some slight irregularity in the opening price changes this morning but the gains outweighed the loss. Amalgamated Copper was depressed. Rock Island advanced 1½. There was a good demand for St. Paul, Union Pacific, the minor steel stocks and the rubber stocks. Active stocks fluctuated feverishly and affiliated stocks moved independently of each other. For instance St. Paul rose a point while Rock Island lost its 1¾ rise and then regained it. Colorado Fuel ran off 2½ and Tennessee Coal a point, while Hocking Coal was moving up 2¼. Sugar scored a point rise and lost it, and Amalgamated Copper ruled a point lower. Other movements of note included advances of a point or more in Chicago, I. & L., Cleveland, C., C. & St. L., Rubber Goods, Minneapolis & St. Louis preferred, United States Rubber, Detroit Southern stocks, United States Express, General Electric, Consolidated Gas and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo and 3¾ in United States Rubber preferred. On the other hand Corn Products preferred declined 1¼. Brooklyn Transit 1¾, Metropolitan Street Railway a point and American Express 3. The tone of the general list was firm.

St. Paul advanced 2⅛ in all on heavy dealings, but with a moderate effect on the general market. There was a rise of 1 to 2 in General Electric, Evansville & Terre Haute preferred, Keokuk & Des Moines and Chicago Terminal Transfer preferred. The active specialties rallied vigorously. Traders took their profits in St. Paul before the bank statement appeared, carrying it back 1⅛ and several other stocks declined 1 to 1½. The market steadied after the bank statement but the buying was not renewed with any force. Virginia-Carolina Chemical preferred rose 1¼ and Brunswick a point. National Salt sold at 19, compared with 23 the preceding sale. The close was quite active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close
Amalgamated Copper	63⅝	62¾	63
Anaconda M. Co.	30⅝	30⅜	30⅝
Atchison	78¼	77⅞	78
do pfd	97⅞	97⅝	97⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	107	106¾	107
do pfd	95	95	95
Brooklyn Transit	66¾	65¼	65½
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¼	46⅛	46⅛
Chicago & Alton	36⅜	36	36¼
Col. Fuel and Iron	106	103¼	103¾
Chicago Great Western	24½	24⅛	24⅜
Erie common	37⅛	36⅞	37
do 1st pfd	69¼	69	69¼
do 2d pfd	55¼	55	55¼
Great Northern pfd	185½	185½	185½
Louisville & Nashville	106¼	105⅞	106⅛
Leather	12⅝	12⅜	12½
do pfd	82	81½	82
Manhattan Con	134	132¾	132¾
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	51¾	51	51¾
do pfd	114⅛	114	114½
Missouri Pacific	101½	100⅞	100⅞
New York Central	163¾	163¼	163¼
Norfolk & Western	56½	56½	56½
Ontario & Western	32⅞	32¾	32⅞
Pennsylvania Ry	151⅜	151	151¼
Pacific Mail	45	45	45
People's Gas	103¼	102	102½
Republic Iron and Steel	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛
do pfd	74⅞	74⅝	74¾
Rearing	56	55⅞	56
do 1st pfd	81	81	81
do 2d pfd	68¼	68	68⅛
Rock Island	181¾	180	180
Southern Railway	32⅞	32¾	32¾
do pfd	97⅜	97	97⅜
Southern Pacific	65½	65⅜	65⅜
Smelter	47	46¼	46¼
do pfd	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
Sugar Refinery	134⅝	133	133½
St. Paul	169⅝	167½	168⅜
T. C. & I.	72¼	71	71½
Texas Pacific	40¾	40¾	40¾
Union Pacific	101	100½	100⅝
do pfd	88¼	87⅞	88¼
U. S. Steel	42⅜	42¼	42¼
do pfd	94⅝	94¼	94⅝
Wabash	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
do pfd.	43	43	43
Western Union	90⅛	90	90
Wisconsin Central	22⅝	22⅛	22¼
do pfd.	44	43½	44
American Ice	20	19¾	19¾
Metropolitan	168	167½	167½

The total sales were 368,300 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The views expressed last night reflect unabated confidence in the bull side of the stock market and this despite the latter's irregularity and the fact that at the moment the only active leadership is by the Gates element. The big banking interests are apathetic or buy on the scale down, though later on, according to their followers, they will accord the market aggressive support.

The Gates party and affiliated speculators are credited with further active buying of Sugar, but insiders close to Havemeyer are quoted as bearish on both the stock and the position of trade. Traders say it is very doubtful if the attempt of outsiders to list the stock will be attended by more than temporary success.

In Rock Island, the buying that has advanced the stock to the highest point ever known is undoubtedly by the Moores and Leeds.

The advance in Rock Island adds to the bullish feeling on St. Paul, which it is predicted, will continue its upward movement. Among the more speculative issues of the railway list, Atchison common is again talked of as a bull card. It is pointed out that this stock is nearly 30 points below Baltimore & Ohio and is more than 20 points under Union Pacific, both paying the same rate of dividend. It is remarked that the week closes with another striking demonstration of the fact that New York is no longer the supreme factor in speculation, for in the absence of leading financiers the West has stepped in and put the market up even in the face of indifference on the part of the most substantial intrests in the street.

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Hudson to B. E. Baker—A heavy holder of Soo securities said yesterday that the company would probably pass the dividend on common and preferred stock and put earnings into improvements.

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Harris, Gates & Co.—Prominent features of the stock market this week have been Rock Island, St. Paul and Colorado Fuel Iron. Rock Island made a sensational advance of 7½ points on Friday on a renewal of the reports that it would pass to the control of the Union Pacific. Colorado Fuel and Iron was subject to very sharp fluctuations on a general investment movement in the stock, interspersed with considerable realizing and profit taking. Its tendency was mainly upward on its excellent business condition and prospects. There was a very marked expansion of the investment demand for St. Paul which has been more or less a feature for several weeks. We believe in very much higher prices for St. Paul.

Sugar scored a material advance which was attended with a large speculative trade. Legislative developments at Washington were favorable to the property. Southwestern stocks came in for good buying based mainly on the improved corn prospects in that section.

The entire winter wheat belt had a thorough wetting down this week. Favorites with investors in the Southwestern field were Kansas City Southern preferred and St. Louis & San Francisco.

Any particular display of general speculative interest in the stock market would undoubtedly bring aout a higher range of prices, as the good stocks are closely held. Call money ruled firm all the week with most of the loans between 4 and 5 per cent.

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S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co. —It would be an easy matter for the Gates crowd to squeeze the shorts in Colorado Southern, and there is a large short interest and the floating supply is very small.

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Walker to Paine, Webber & Co.—The market today was quite strong and specialties were held up well during the session. The Gates crowd was said to have taken hold of St. Paul and it made a good advance. The bank statement was a little mixed and had little effect on the market which continued strong until the close. The talk was generally bullish.

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Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—A good bank statement is expected by everyone for today, and the chances are that the market will sell off somewhat on it. Amalgamated Copper, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Baltimore & Ohio, Southern Pacific and other stocks which have been resting ought not to react more than fractionally. St. Paul will probably continue the leader among the standard shares. "Soo" common will go much higher. People's gas has only started.

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Town Topics—Indications point to a favorable bank statement. The large operators are returning from the South and we should have a better market in the near future. At the same time it is advisable to take profits on any quick rise and wait for a reaction on which to buy back. Money is working easy and should continue so. The possibility of a strike of coal miners is lessened, and the Readings are a purchase whenever prices sell off. Sugar will be moved higher and the traction stocks will develop greater activity. There is little, if any liquidation in standard railroad shares which are concentrated in the hands of powerful interests and later on these will be moved up sharply. The Steel stocks will pay to hold but leave the specialties alone. The market is still professional and will continue so until after the Easter holidays.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, March 22.—There is practically nothing doing in Coppers, except artificial activity that Lawson brokers made in Centennial and Arcadian. Arcadian, however, seems to be well taken. All public interest in Tri-Mountain ceased since the price was put up to such absurdly high figures and there is practically no trade in it.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21	22
Allouez	4	4½
Anaconda	30	30⅝
Arcadian	10¼	10½
Amalgamated	63	63¾
Arnold	75c	1.00
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	29	30
Baltic	46	47
Bingham	24½	25
Phoenix	3½	4
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	580	590
Centennial	24	24½
Trinity	14¼	14¾
Copper Range	69	70
Copper Consolidated	46¼	46¾
Dominion Coal	116½	117
Elm River	3½	3⅞
Franklin	13	13¼
Humboldt	....	50
Isle Royale	17¾	19
Mass	18⅜	18½
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	34	35
Mayflower	2¾	3
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	19¾	20
Osceola	60	61
Parrot	29	30
Quincy	122	135
Santa Fe	2⅞	3
Tamarack	182	.....
Tecumseh	1	2
Rhode Island	2½	3
Tri-Mountain	.....	100
Utah	23½	24
United States	18¼	18¾
Victoria	5⅝	6
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	52	52
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	$1.00	$1.25

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The coppers were quiet today and the transactions were few and no material changes in today's closing quotations and those of yesterday. There is very little pressure to sell the coppers and the short interest is considerable and should any demand arise copper stocks of merit would advance sharply. It is well to remember that in the general slump following Amalgamated's manipulations and the effect of the Osceola report, many copper stocks of great value have declined entirely out of proportion to any unfavorable metal condition. Such stocks are a purchase at any time and especially around the present level. We refer to Copper Range, Consolidated, Mohawk, Wolverine, Osceola, Tamarack, and the Ontonagon group. There is money to be made in them.

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Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Chicago & Northwestern railway is making a survey to Mass City, where it will connect with the Copper Range railway. This company has also made a survey of a line running close to the Victoria mine. It would not be surprising if this company furnished the Victoria mine with transportation facilities. The Copper Range contractors are already starting camps on right of way between Houghton and Calumet. The strong competitive roads will compete for the copper country traffic next year.

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Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The Franklin Mining company obtained last year an average price of 16.70 cents per pound for its copper.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, March 22.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $171,408,440; gold, $90,816,718; silver, $19,434,510; U. S. notes, $10,256,517; treasury notes of 1890, $129,772; national bank notes, $10,073,113; total receipts this day, $1,663,170; total receipts this month, $33,860,737; total receipts this year, $406,362,203; total expenditures this day, $1,545,000; total expenditures this month, $29,655,000; total expenditures this year, $349,397,464; deposits in national banks, $117,906,559.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, March 22.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1 to 3 points lower, and eased off 1 to 2 points immediately after the call, under liquidation and vigorous bear pressure, induced by disappointing Liverpool cables, heavy port receipts and a liberal estimate for Monday's Houston receipts. May sold off to 8.75, and July to 8.78. Trading was active.

Cotton futures closed easy; March, 876; April, 872; May, 867; June, 869; July, 870; August, 850; September, 817; October, 798; November, 793; December, 793. Spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower; middling uplands, 9; middling gulf, 9¼⅛; sales, 100 bales.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, March 22.—Close: Money on call, 4 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent; sterling exchange, steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½ for demand and at $4.85 for 60 days. Posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4.85⅝. Bar silver, 54c; Mexican dollars, 43¼c. Government bonds steady; state bonds, firmer; railroad bonds steady.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, March 22.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows: Loans, $912,953,100, decrease, $7,777,000; deposits $973,234,600, decrease $11,135,400; circulation $31,434,500, decrease $63,400; legal tenders $69,947,500, decrease $67,600; specie $176,832,400, decrease $2,358,500; reserves $246,779,900, decrease $2,425,500; reserve required $243,308,650, decrease $2,783,850; surplus $3,471,250, increase $358,350.

TEST CASE.

Agent Fullerton Will Submit to Arrest In Wisconsin.

St. Paul, March 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Game Warden Fullerton will submit to arrest by the Wisconsin authorities at Maiden Rock.

This will be done according to the advice of Attorney General W. B. Douglas and as a result of a request made by W. C. Owen, attorney, at Maiden Rock, who represents Wisconsin men, who are using nets on the Wisconsin side of Lake Pepin.

The arrest will be made with the intent to introduce the controversy in the Wisconsin courts and take the question up through the supreme court of that state, to decide if the Minnesota game wardens have a right to interfere with fishermen on any and all parts of Lake Pepin.

As soon as spring breaks, Fullerton and his deputies will visit the lake, seize nets in use wherever they may be, and then permit himself to be arrested by a Wisconsin sheriff.

Comfort, Elegance, Convenience.

The Twilight Limited train for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater at 4:30 p. m., over "The North-Western Line."

An Opportunity For All.
Grasp It While There Is Yet Time.
WYOMING OIL
Is attracting the attention of oil experts everywhere; even capitalists from Antwerp have examined the fields and invested in lands in Wyoming which they will soon develop. DON'T LET IT EVER BE SAID that you have had an opportunity of investing in the stock of a Crook Co., Wyoming, company and passed it by.
THE MOORCROFT OIL CO.,
CROOK COUNTY, WYOMING,
Are offering you an opportunity to secure their stock at a low price and the wisdom of the reader will be shown by making an immediate purchase as the stock can never be secured at as low a price again.
The company is a conservative one; they are conservative in their statement that they can easily sell every barrel of their product for at least $4.00 per barrel with every possibility of a higher price.
They do not figure on selling the product to other oil companies or refining companies. They will sell direct to the consumer and this is how the great profits to shareholders will be realized.
No one is better posted on matters pertaining to oils at every stage than are a number of men who are officials of the company and a great many heavy shareholders.
The drillers are working day and night and are in oil shale now. Do not delay purchasing of this stock while it may be had at 15c per share—par $1.00—non-assessable.
Every day brings the company nearer the goal and as the land is near a rich mining district a high price after striking the main stratum will be the natural result.
Samples of the oil and ashpaltim may be seen at 409 Torrey Bldg. Prospectus on application.
Send all orders for stock accompanied by draft or money order to
M. L. DERRIG, Agent,
409 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

Do You Want to Make $5000?
Here Is the How of It'
BUY THAT
A No. 1 residence, centrally located, with ten rooms, brown stone and pressed brick construction, hot water heat, pipes wrapped, enameled bath, two toilets, electric lights, coal and gas stoves, open fire places with fine mantels, laundry with stationary tubs, street and avenue graded, stone walks, corner lot. It cannot be duplicated for $18,000. We will sell it for $13,000 on easy terms. You make $5000 in its purchase. Come in and talk it over and then we will show you the property. You can make four more rooms on the third floor, if you wish. It is plastered.
Little and Nolte

FOR SALE!
Modern eight-room house in East End.
Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth.. Ar.	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf... Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv..... Duluth..... Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar..... Virginia..... Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth..... Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar..... Ely..... Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:20 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
† 8:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a [illegible] p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b [illegible] a m	" " "	6:55 p m
a [illegible] p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
[illegible] a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*5:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *9:55 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—...... LOCAL ......—Ar. †7:25 p. m.
Marquette & Copper Country.

Daily. † Except Sunday

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

Think About It

Do not lean back in your chair (in a rented house) and build air castles, and dream of a little home all your own. Wake up. Get on earth, earth that belongs to you that nobody can dispute.

Begin at once. Buy one of these houses. It will be your last chance.

$1900 will buy a cozy six-room cottage in the East End. Full basement with concrete floor. Has city water, toilet room and sewer connections. The house throughout is in first class repair. Size of lot, 33x75 feet deep to alley.

$4500 will buy an eight-room house on East Superior street, with bath, electric lights, city water, sewer, etc. Lot, 50x140.

$5250 will buy an eight-room dwelling on Fourth street, stone foundation, full basement with concrete floor. Furnace heat, city water, bath, sewer connections, gas, etc. Corner lot, 50x140, centrally located. This is a bargain and can be sold on easy terms.

$900 will buy a seven-room house, good as new, with stone foundation, in West End. Lot, 25x140. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1800 will buy a good six-room house on East Fifth street. City water. Lot, 25x140. $400 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

$1250 will buy a four-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water and closet with sewer connections. Lot, 25x70. $500 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1750 will buy a seven-room house with full basement, on Fourth street, near Lake avenue. Has city water, closet with sewer connections. In first class repair. Lot, 25x70. $750 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

$1500 will buy an eight-room house on Third street, near Seventh avenue east. City water. Lot, 25x140.

$1150 will buy a seven-room house on Main street, one block from Central avenue, West Duluth. City water. Lot, 35x75. $250 cash, balance monthly payment plan.

Julius D. Howard & Co.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. PRINDLE & CO., First Floor, Lonsdale Building. **5½%**

GLEN AVON
LOTS CHEAP.

Lots that will be reached by extension of gas and water mains this summer; also a number of desirable residence locations in East End

PORTLAND
Division, and some
PARK POINT

Lots that are well situated for summer cottages.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

EAST END

We have for sale SIX fine modern houses in the East End at $4500 to $6000. Call and see us at once.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202-203 Palladio

WHY Pay Rent or Interest?

When the Home Co-Operative Comp'y Of Kansas City, Mo.

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy you a home and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the following monthly payments without interest:

Membership Fee	Amount Subscribed for	Monthly Payment Before Maturity	Monthly Payment After Maturity
$3.00	$1,000	$4.35	$ 5.35
6.00	2,000	2.70	10.70
9.00	3,000	4.05	16.05

A fund is maintained to carry your contract in case of sickness or out of employment. We are the original and most reliable company of the kind in America and have a copyright and will prosecute any infringements.

Branch Office, 420 Palladio Bldg. Open till 8 p.m.

Good 7-room house and barn, Lake Ave. north (can also lease)	$1500
A two-flat building near court house	$2600
Fine 50-ft corner with 7-room house and barn. Inside	$2250
Hundred-foot corner, Third street, very centrally, for building, street and avenue improved	$1500
Fine lot near Superior street and Eighteenth avenue east, sewer and water on lot to back door	$500
120-foot corner on Park Point, one block below city dock	Cheap
A strictly modern and new 2-flat building, 5 rooms each	$3300

Geo. A. Wieland & Co.,
109 Manhattan Building.

Several Modern Houses.
For Sale in the East End.
POSSESSION GIVEN MAY 1st.

Houses for sale on easy monthly payments

Building Lots for sale in various parts of the city.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

A SACRIFICE

FIFTY ACRES of the finest land in Minnesota in the valley of Lester River. Only a short distance from end of street car track at Lester Park; on a fine drive. The land is well protected from the cold wind. Good light sandy loam. Must be sold at once and will go at A BIG BARGAIN.

Wm. C. Sargent & Co
303 Lonsdale Bldg.

---

320 ACRE FARM $800.00

Rich prairie lands in Dakota. Adapted to diversified farming or stock raising. Can sell you 160 acres with $200 cash payment and secure for you 160 acres under homestead act. Half fare on railroad, which will be refunded to purchaser.

D. W. SCOTT, 10 Mesaba Block.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

First Street

Central business property is sure to advance. I have some bargains.

George Rupley,
513 Board of Trade.

Endion Lots

Each a 50-foot lot.

$500 and street assessments for a Third street lot.

$500 each and street assessments for two Second street lots.

$500 and street assessments for a Jefferson street lot.

$500 and street assessments for a London road lot.

If rents are too high buy and build. All are bargains.

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

I have many customers

for property at the West End and central. If your real estate is for sale bring it in.

$275 40 acres of choice land for sale close to good school, good road—not far from Duluth, pine timber enough to pay for the land.

T. G. VAUGHAN,
402 Lonsdale Building.

REALTY DEMAND CONTINUES GOOD

Agents Well Pleased With Present Conditions---Cut Over Lands Offer Good Opportunity For Investment---Sales and Building Affairs.

Men in the real estate trade have not felt so hopeful for years as they are this week. It is plain that there is general reason for gratification in the form of deals that are either well under way or practically closed, and which cannot be made public just yet. It is also true that inquiry is better than it has been since the panic, and that the actual demand for Duluth property is increasing as the days go by. There are plenty of people on the buying side, though it is complained that sellers are getting firmer. It is a practical impossibility to get any of the property that is in demand at the prices at which it has been held the past two years. As a consequence some trades that were well worked up on the buying side are hanging off because the seller wants an advance over his former asking price. It is considered that property here is still held at reasonable prices, considering the highly favorable conditions that exist, and it is believed that as soon as the people that were intending to buy can accustom themselves to the idea of paying more than they had first intended, a number of deals for homes will be closed up. This change is gradually going on, and trades that are being closed show an increased consideration over former asking prices.

* * *

The indications for the future, however, are the most promising feature of the situation. Outside money is coming into the market in larger volume than it was. The movement to buy property is not confined so largely to those that are anxious to obtain homes for themselves. Confidence abroad in Duluth realty has been restored, and is manifesting itself by Eastern capital seeking investment. It is said that two or three deals aggregating well up toward a million dollars have been practically closed, but they are not in shape to make public yet. Another deal in West First street property is also practically closed, and the consideration obtained is a good one, but the deal is not ready to give out. It is understood that this property is bought for improvement.

* * *

One of the pleasing indications of the recent market is the activity of suburban residence property. One trade is noted this week in which a bunch of lots in Lakeside were bought as a speculation. Other sales of houses and lots and sites for homes in Lakeside and Lester Park are noted. The movement extends to Hunter's Park and Glen Avon, where quite a little activity is becoming manifest. Among the happenings of the future will be the placing on the market of about a dozen lots on Woodland avenue. These will be in the vicinity of the new state normal school, where additional residence improvements are quite necessary.

* * *

It seems settled that some advance in rentals of residence property will take place May 1. Notices have already been sent out to tenants that such an advance will be effective with the beginning of the new rental year. A number of rental agencies declare that they will not raise the rent of a single house. One agent has sent out notices to those tenants whose rents were not raised last year of an advance of about 10 per cent, equal in most cases to the tenant paying water rental. Some tenants complain of being notified of a 20 or 25 per cent advance, but these instances are isolated and do not obtain generally.

* * *

There is considerable activity in the cut-over timber lands around Duluth and they are now being sold at much less than their actual value for farming lands, and they are being bought up mostly by good, practical farmers from Iowa, Illinois and other parts of the older settled farming sections, who have begun to find out their real value for agricultural purposes.

These people are not buying these lands as a speculation merely, as in nearly every case the purchasers are building houses, moving their families right on to the land and beginning to improve it.

That it is a very desirable class of farmers that is coming into this section, is shown from the fact that they are not only thoroughly practical, but they are well to do, having in the majority of cases disposed of their lands in Iowa and Illinois at high prices, and are paying all cash for their purchases here.

B. C. Church, of the Guaranty Farm Land company, says of these lands:

"In the eastern part of Carlton county, lying between the old St. Paul & Duluth railway, and the Eastern Minnesota railway, are some of the lands that are best adapted for agricultural purposes, the soil being first class, just rolling enough to give good drainage and well watered with pure spring streams.

"Another great advantage of the lands in this locality is that it is entirely free from stone, which, unfortunately, cannot be said of all the land around the head of the lakes.

"There is no branch of farming in this section that would be in the nature of experiment, as diversified farming has been carried on successfully in Carlton county for the past fifteen years, or more, and hardly, without an exception, those engaged in farming and stock raising have prospered.

"As an instance in point may be mentioned the case of T. M. Ferguson, living near Barker, Minn., a station on the Northern Pacific railway, seven miles southeast of Carlton. Mr. Ferguson commenced farming operations six years ago by renting forty acres of the 140 acres which he now owns in section 35, 48-16. He worked under great disadvantages at the start, owing to the fact that he had no capital whatever, but he had pluck and perseverance and the natural resources of the country did the rest. Last year Mr. Ferguson sold the products from forty-five acres, which is all that he has fully cleared, for $4500, and after paying all his living expenses, hired help, etc., had nearly $2500 left as the net profits. His crop consisted almost wholly of cabbage, beets, carrots and rutabagas. Mr. Ferguson now owns 140 acres of land with a large, comfortable house, barns, etc., and is also the principal owner of the Ferguson Commission company, of West Superior, Wis.

"Numerous other individual cases are in evidence to show that farming is a profitable occupation in Carlton county, and a significant feature is the fact that there are no improved farms offered for sale.

"J. B. McLeran, of this city, is the owner of over 700 acres in the same vicinity, which he is rapidly converting into a stock farm.

"Aside from the many natural advantages, these lands have in the way of good soil, absence of stone, lay of the land, water, hardwood timber and favorable climatic conditions, is their proximity to Duluth and Superior which, with the surrounding mining and lumbering towns, have a population of over 125,000 consumers, which is willing and able to buy everything a farmer raises, from onions to steers, at good prices.

"An acre of this land, which can now be bought at prices ranging from $5 to $8, according to distance from railroad, will produce as good crops, and much better pasturage than an acre of farming land in Iowa or Illinois, which is selling at anywhere from $50 to $100 for the bare land.

"It would be unreasonable, therefore, to assume that these lands will not advance to several times what they are now selling for, within the next five years.

"It would be hard to find a safer investment than these lands, at prices at which they can now be had, and a purchase of 40, 80 or 160 acres by the clerk, office man, or working man, who now has a good position and salary, would be a good 'anchor to windward,' for he would not only have a piece of property, as sure to advance in value as a house and lot, or any other investment he might make, but his land would be a reserve that in case of an emergency he could call upon to make him an independent living by his own occupancy and use of the land. The merchant, manufacturer and business man, who is now prospering and piling up his bank account, would do well to invest some of his surplus in a section or two of these lands before he wakes and finds them selling at something near their true value, and that outsiders have again gotten in ahead of him and reaped the benefits of the advance in price.

"A natural query on this subject with some people might be, 'Why, if these lands are good farm lands, have they not been bought up and improved before?' That question, however, is easily and fully explained by stating the fact that the policy of lumbermen, who owned most of these lands for the pine that was on them, has been to discourage the settlement of them, as it meant not only additional taxes for them for roads, schools, etc., but in clearing up the cut-over lands and burning the brush and rubbish, a possible loss of timber from fires spreading.

"Reports were sent broadcast over the land to the effect that this land was worthless for agricultural purposes, and it naturally had the effect of keeping away a great many land seekers who otherwise would have investigated the merits of the land. As long as a lumberman had any pine standing on the land, he would not sell any of the adjoining land, which he owned, even after the pine was cut off. Now, however, the pine in Carlton county is all cut, with the exception of a few small tracts, and these lands have gotten into the hands of individuals and land companies, who are disposing of it in tracts of forty acres and more, and it is rapidly settling up."

* * *

W. W. Billson is the purchaser of two lots on West First street, a trade that was made through J. D. Howard & Co., R. B. Knox & Co. and H. H. Billson. Fifty feet of the lower side of the street, the third lot west of Second avenue west, was bought from the Bishop Seabory mission for $16,000. The east half of lot 41, just across the street, was bought from Joseph T. Gilbert for $7500. This property adjoins the Acme laundry.

* * *

The week has been more noted for the actual beginning on new building projects rather than the announcement of new ones The erection of the addition to the St. Louis hotel, the new building for the Northwestern Manufacturing company and many other smaller contracts, have been commenced.

The new wholesale building for the Kelly-Howe Hardware company will be the next large contract to be bid on. It is now the intention of the company to call for competitive designs from architects as well as competitive bids. The respective plans will be accompanied by bids for building according to each set of plans. The plan is a new one, here at least. It is believed that it will promote a healthy rivalry among architects as well as among contractors, and that the result will be that the best and cheapest results will be secured.

The contract for the erection of the seven-story wholesale dry goods building at Commerce street and Fifth avenue west was let on Thursday to L. D. Campbell & Co. at about $70,000. The building will be one of the best in the Northwest that is devoted to the wholesale dry goods trade. It is intended to have it ready for occupancy in time for the fall trade.

J. J. Wangensteln is preparing plans for a 3-story brick building to be built on Superior street near Seventh avenue west by McGregor & Oreckovsky. It will be designed for stores on the two lower floors and for a hotel on the upper floor.

Mr. Wangenstein will open bids next week for the 4-story and basement brick building to be built by Samuel Loeb on

(Continued on Page 9.)

Whitney Wall's List.

EAST END.

I have one of the handsomest houses in the East End for sale. Location a delightful one, neighborhood none better.

$7500 Will buy an eight-room house (modern) on Superior street, near Twelfth avenue east. Commands fine view of lake. Large size lot. Barn on premises.

$4000 A small cash payment down balance monthly payments, will buy a seven-room house on East Second street, near Twelfth avenue east. Furnace, bath, etc.

I have several good bargains in houses in the East End, ranging in price from $1800 up. If you are thinking of buying do not fail to see me.

$2500 Will buy a fine 100-foot corner by 150 deep on East Second street west of Nineteenth avenue east. This is a great bargain.

$2500 A fifty-foot corner on upper side of Superior street, west of Nineteenth avenue east.

$2000 A fifty-foot lot west of Seventeenth avenue east, on Superior street. Fine location and a bargain.

$525 For a fifty-foot lot on East Second street. Street graded.

WEST END.

$2000 A well built, well located eight-room house near Nineteenth avenue west. Newly painted and papered.

$750 Six-room house on West Eighteenth street, near Twenty-third avenue west. Cost $1300 to build house.

$375 Six-room house on West Tenth street, near Twenty-third nue west. This is giving you the lot and charging one-half price for the lumber in the house.

$400 A choice lot on Huron street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$300 Each for a few well located lots in West Park addition, near Bryant school, only one block from Third street car line.

REMEMBER—I WANT WEST END PROPERTY to sell. I have the customers. What have you to offer?

Money to loan. Bring in your application.

WHITNEY WALL,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
Room 3 Trust Building, Main Floor
'Phone 201--3.

ENDION BARGAINS

$5700 Will buy an eight-room modern house in the East End; corner lot, 50x140.

$4500 Will pay for an eight-room house right in the center of the city on the upper side of Third street.

$2500 Is the price of 100x140 feet on the upper side of First street in the East End. Fine building site.

$1550 Will buy 50x150 feet on the upper side of Superior street, west of Twenty-first avenue east.

If you are looking for a building site in Endion, look our list over. We make a specialty of Endion property.

GEO. H. CROSBY,
106 Providence Building.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

CARLTON COUNTY, MINN.—$200 WILL buy 40 acres good land, easily cleared; $650 will buy 80 acres right on railroad, with fine stream through; $1200 will buy quarter section on railroad and enough hardwood on land to pay cost of clearing; 320 acres on N. P. railroad, twelve miles from Carlton, $3 per acre; 80 acres hardwood land, 20 acres cleared, house and barn, $950, $700 cash, balance long time.

ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MINN.—$500 WILL buy 40 acres near Pike lake, covered with hardwood, which will pay cost of land; $50 per acre will buy 10 acres in 19-50-11, within city limits; $10 per acre will buy a half section four miles from city limits, with considerable hardwood; $240 will buy 40 acres ten miles from city, three miles from railroad; 560 acres, four to eight miles west of city, $3.75; for quick sale only.

DOUGLAS COUNTY, WIS.—$2.50 per acre for 320 acres about twenty miles south of West Superior; 1320 acres fifteen miles south of Superior, on railroad, at $3 per acre; 240 acres good land on Omaha railroad, near Hawthorne, at $5.50 per acre, easy terms.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN—160 ACRES close to railroad, considerable hardwood, $2.50 per acre; 160 acres, with large amount of hemlock, cedar and maple, $5 per acre, wood will pay profit besides paying for land.

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 West Superior Street, Duluth.

$5500 Nine-room modern house, first class repair, new open plumbing, new heating plant, stationary wash tubs, bricked in vegetable room, ash bin, beautiful fire place. Lot 50x140, upper side street; walking distance. Easy terms.

T.W.WAHL & CO. 201 Exchange Bld

DO YOU PAY RENT?

Why not OWN your home and PAY LESS THAN RENT.

THE NATIONAL HOME-SEEKERS' ASSOCIATION will buy any home you choose on following payments:
A $1000 home, $5.50 per month.
A $2000 home $11.00 per month.
A $3000 home $16.50 per month.
These are direct payments on principal. NO INTEREST. No large down payment.
Call and have this explained. Office open till 8:30 evenings, 417 Torrey building. Correspondents enclose 2c stamp.

These Are Cheap:

Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer	$3200
Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east	$2250
Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east	$1600
Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer	$1500

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

CARLTON COUNTY LANDS

If you are not looking up some cheap farm lands, you ought to be, as it is the best and safest investment that you can make at present. Before you buy, you had better look up the lands we have for sale in Carlton County, Minn., and this is why:

The soil is first class, being a clay subsoil with a good loam on top.

It is well watered with streams of pure spring water.

Droughts in this section are unknown.

There is plenty of hardwood timber for fuel.

No better yields of grain and root crops anywhere, and timothy and clover yields are immense and never fail.

These lands are 15 to 25 miles from Duluth and Superior and the saving in freight on what a farmer has to buy and sell is a big profit in itself.

You can buy these lands now at $5 to $8 per acre, which is as low as you can buy good lands anywhere.

Easy terms and 6 per cent interest on deferred payments. For maps and further information write or call on

GUARANTY FARM LAND CO.,
428 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

4½% **5%** **5½%**

MONEY TO LOAN
Any Amount
BUILDING LOANS
See Us.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

Best Bargains!

20 Dwelling houses and lots on Duluth Heights will be sold within the next 60 days at prices and upon terms within the reach of anyone to secure his own home. The following is an example.

$475 $50 cash, balance $10 per month at 6 per cent interest, buys a very built five-room house in splendid condition and fine lot, on improved street. At Duluth Heights is a fine place to live and only twenty minutes' ride from the very center of the city. Come soon and have first pick.

If you think your landlord is overcharging for your place of residence you can rent a four to eight-room house in good condition on Duluth Heights for $4.50 to $7.00 per month.

OTHER BARGAINS.

$1150 Buys eight-room house with good cellar, city water and fine lot near Thirty-ninth avenue west, one block from street car. Best terms.

$1150 Buys good eight-room house and lot near London Road and Twenty-second avenue east.

$1200 Buys a fine eight-room house and lot on Fifty-eighth avenue west. Easy terms.

$1000 Takes a good eight-room house and lot on Sixty-first avenue west, less than one block from street car.

$250 per lot for one or four fine lots near Fourth street and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

MONEY ON HAND to loan in amounts from $200 and up at as low rate of interest as can be obtained from any other agency in the city and at less expense

Alfred Kjellin,
306 Burrows Building.

The elegant residence at 1602 Jefferson street, modern and complete in every respect, will be sold for $6500, if taken before April.

One of the best lots in Helm's addition very cheap and on easy terms.

A 50-foot lot on Third avenue east for $400. A bargain.

Three houses on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east, can be had cheap.

An eight-room house in the East End for $1200.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
Both 'Phones. 609 Palladio Bldg.

FIRST STREET.

$10,500 A handsome modern residence on East First street. Every convenience, large stable.

$200 PER FOOT BUYS—
Southeast corner of First street and Lake avenue. Lot 100x100. First street property is going up.
For sale exclusively by

A.W.Taussig & Co.,
305 Providence Building.

$1100 Will buy our two-story frame house (new), with two lots on Minnesota Ave, Up. Duluth, for the next ten days. $500 down, balance to suit.

W. F. LEGGETT, 513 Burrows' Building.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—

$250	Buys 25-foot lot on Seventeenth avenue east.
$500	Lot on Jefferson street, near Eighteenth avenue
$1650	House and lot on East Third street.
$375	Lot on Sixth street, near Tenth avenue east.
$6000	First class residence, East Second street.
$1700	House on Fifth street, centrally.
$125	25-foot lot on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue west.
$1000	Eight-room house on Sixth street.
$650	50-foot lot on West Piedmont avenue.
$900	Eight-room house on Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.
$85	Lot near Central avenue West Duluth.

The above mentioned are all good properties and will soon be snapped up. If you have anything in this line to sell at reasonable low prices, send me descriptions, price and terms.

O. G. OLSON, *415 Burrows Building.*

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

Market Garden Lots.
Three 5-Acre Tracts
In Sec. 34-50-14.

At the end of Woodland street car line. For sale on easy terms if taken at once. Interest on deferred payments, 5 per cent.

A. W. HEPWORTH,
212 Exchange Bldg.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots
In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

A LOT on E. Sup. St.

Between 15th and 16th avenue east, **$450** must be sold quick. CASH WILL HANDLE IT. For particulars address W. J. FERGUSON, 16 E. Superior St.

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

A BARGAIN!

$4200 House with all conveniences. Lot 100 feet frontage. Two blocks from Post Office.

$1500 Some medium priced desirable houses.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. Prindle & Co.,
First Floor Lonsdale Bldg.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Money Loaned
on improved city property at
Lowest Rates
with our invaluable
"On or Before"
privilege.

R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment	Monthly Payments.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	530	50	8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

HORSES A Carload of Light Driving and Delivery Horses. $75 and up.

Dibbell-Gujer Livery Co.,
1925 West First Street.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SEWER TO work on fine garments. Apply this evening at cloak room. Silberstein & Bondy company.

GIRLS, WE HAVE THE PLACES AND the pay, too. Three waitresses in one house $16. Any amount of cooks and kitchen girls. Lewis Employment agency.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1430 East First.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 230 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT Palmer house.

LADIES, COPY LETTERS AT HOME; $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Supply company, Dept. 32, Chicago.

$12 TO $24 PER WEEK AT HOME WRITing during spare hours; no canvassing or peddling; no outfit or goods required; either sex; send stamp. Advance Adv. Agency, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL AT once. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. Jenks, 1511 East Third street.

WANTED—STRONG NORWEGIAN OR Finnish girl for kitchen. Apply Mrs. Asher, Lake avenue Bethel.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family. 1116 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 314 East Second St.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE maid. 1619 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. 1828 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. 1106 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at once. 1406 East Superior street.

WANTED — A COOK AT COLUMBIA restaurant. 607 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 217 East Second street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR second work at 301 East Fourth street; three in family.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS GIRL; FAMily of three. Good wages. 416 West Second street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 211 Tenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family; no small children. Call 127 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework; family of three; good wages. 119 East Third street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 225 East Fourth street.

MALE HELP—WANTED

$20 A WEEK STRAIGHT SALARY AND expenses to men with rig to introduce our poultry mixture in country; year's contract; weekly pay. Address with stamp, Monarch Manufacturing Co., box 1889, Springfield, Ill.

WANTED — ELEVATOR BOY AT ST. Louis hotel.

WANTED—AT BAKERY, A BOY TO learn trade. Must be strong and not afraid to work. Apply to Baker, at Spalding hotel.

WANTED — ELEVATOR BOY AND bell boys. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—ONE PANTS AND ONE vest maker. First class position to competent workmen. George H. Brenton, Phoenix block.

SALESMEN FOR ALL LINES OF BUSIness (splendid side line) to sell our calendars, 150 different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; we pay the largest commissions. Many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 per week; guaranteed best side line ever offered. Write promptly with references. Commissions paid promptly. American Novelty company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BARBER AT the Lonsdale barber shop. Steady work.

FAITHFUL MAN, GOOD LOCAL standing, manage office business, this city or other good distributing point this section. House large, resources established nearly quarter century, mercantile line, no soliciting, office duties. Must furnish $1000 to $1200 cash; good references. Salary $12 month, extra commissions. 74 St. Paul building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MAN TO travel in Minnesota for established manufacturing company; distributing and special work; $18 weekly to start and all expenses. Address Distributor, 303 Caxton building, Chicago.

WANTED—FAITHFUL MANAGER TO take charge of distributing depot and office to be opened in Duluth to further business interests of old established manufacturing concern. Salary, $125 per month and extra profits. Applicant must furnish good reference and have $800 cash. Address Manager, P. O. Box 1421, Philadelphia, Pa.

RELIABLE CLEVELAND HOUSE wants bright traveling salesman; general mercantile trade. Energy, business ability and salesmanship will make position permanent. 55 Mercantile bank, Cleveland, Ohio.

TRUSTWORTHY MAN TO TRAVEL and collect for manufacturer. Salary $80 per month and expenses. Good route. Chance for advancement. Enclose addressed envelope. Smith, Mgr., 356 Dearborn, Chicago.

WANTED — HUSTLING SALESMEN for Minnesota by well established wholesale house; high commission contract, with $25 weekly advance while traveling. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—Continued.

SALESMEN—SIDE LINE. SMALL SAMple. Standard article. Liberal commission. Trojan Mfg. Co., Sta. S., South Bend, Ind.

WANTED—MAN TO GRADE AND TALly lumber in sawmill. West Superior Lumber company.

WANTED—MAN AND WIFE TO WORK on vegetable garden. Address J 81, Herald.

WANTED — A NO. 1 ROTARY SAW filer and general millwright would like engagement, or stock of small mill by the thousand. Address Box 15, Herald.

WANTED — BRIDGE CARPENTERS. $2.50 per day. Free fare. Apply 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED — BELL BOY. ST. LOUIS hotel.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO WORK on dairy and deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS COATmakers. F. J. Mueller, 5 West Superior stret.

WANTED — FOUR COAT MAKERS. Mies.

WANTED—ONE FIRST CLASS COAT maker and a trousers maker. Janzig, tailor.

WANTED—1000 MEN AND WOMEN TO use our herb remedies this spring. Prepared by a German specialist of over thirty years' experience. Office hours 11 to 4 p. m. No fees. The Herbaqueen company, 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Last thirty days of special offer. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation. Great demand for graduates during spring rush. Short time required. Write today. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR THE right man, not to canvass but to represent old established manufacturers having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from our office; straight salary, not conditional upon results, but upon faithful work; no experience required; chance for promotion; state age and give references. Address Manager, box 539, Chicago, Ill.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED; EXperience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel Co., Station J, New York city.

SALESMEN FOR ALL LINES OF BUSIness (splendid side line) to sell our calendars, 150 different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; we pay the largest commissions. Many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 per week; guaranteed best side line ever offered. Write promptly with references. Commissions paid promptly. American Novelty company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED HOUSE at East End for two months from April 1. No children. J. 63, Herald.

FOR RENT—GOOD 7-ROOM HOUSE, cellar, barn, water and nice garden. Lake avenue north, $15. G. A. Wieland & Co., 109 Manhattan building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. 224 Mesaba avenue north.

FOR RENT—GOOD ROOM, MODERN conveniences, near business portion of the city. E 44, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM AND board. 531 West First street.

FURNISHED ROOM AT 2817 HELM street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 113 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM. 315½ Fourth avenue west.

STORE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PART OF STORE ROOM. No. 18 Third avenue west; heat and light.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

FLATS FOR RENT.

TWO FLATS, FOUR BIG ROOMS EACH, heated by one furnace; choice location; $30 for both. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS, $11 up. 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO FLATS NO 310 AND 312 West Fifth street. Modern, new and nice. Cooley & Underhill, 208 Exchange building.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED — FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat for six months or longer; central or East End. Address J 62, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

BOARD BY DAY OR WEEK. 120 FIRST avenue east.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HAIR DRESSING.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIRdyeing. Dahl Sisters, 218 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS
ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 24, 1902. Work, second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting March 24, 1902. Work, third degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting April 9, 1902. Work ——. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY NO. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave April 1, 1902. Work ——. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street. Eagles will meet Sunday at 1 p. m. in Kalamazoo hall preparatory to attending funeral of our late brother, Andrew Bloomer.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUD TRIBE, NO. 11, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 113 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

SAND AND GRAVEL.

SCREENED SAND, CLEAN AND sharp at Glen Avon sand pit, for sale at $1 per load of 1½ yards. Get tickets at 112 Exchange building; sand costs more without tickets.

FOUND.

FOUND—DARK BAY HORSE. OWNER can have same by calling at L. P. Schneider, Toben's meat market.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE— Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1235.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — TO BUY, SECOND-HAND safe. Aug. Rehbein, Arnold P. O., Minn.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

Horses Wanted.

LUMBERMEN AND CONTRACTORS—Notice—We are in the market at all times to purchase your horses if you have no further use for them and will pay highest cash price for the same. Call or address, BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN, Sale Stable opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn.

JOHNSON NICKEL MINING COMpany stock wanted; state price and quantity. Address P. O. box 290, city.

LOST.

LOST—KREMIER COLLARETTE ON First avenue west, between Fourth and Superior street. Finder please return to 407 First avenue west and receive reward.

LOST—STEEL FRAMED EYEGLASSES. Return to G. B., Herald.

LOST—RED AND BLUE SILK NECK handkerchief on Superior street. Finder leave at Herald office.

LOST—WHITE BEAD CHATELAINE bag, wreath of flowers tied with blue ribbon, worked around edge. Monogram of gilt beads in center. Bag lined with blue silk, reverse side red and yellow brocade. Please return to Herald office and receive reward.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK Offerings:

$14.500

For five brick houses, seven rooms each, with furnace, mantel, gas and electric combined fixtures, bath, toilet, concrete basement, hardwood finish, brick walls between each house; paying 9 per cent net.

$12,000

For four brick houses on East Third street—six rooms each—all strictly modern and new. Hardwood floors all over and hardwood finish down stairs. Nickle plumbing. A great investment; pays 10 per cent net.

$3200

On Fifteenth avenue east, eight rooms and bath; stone foundation, furnace, grate and mantel; electric light; city water. Beautiful location.

$5000

A beautiful modern, centrally located house, with 140x200 feet of ground. This house has twelve rooms, besides halls, closets, pantry and bath rooms; steam heat, cemented cellar; laundry. For immediate sale.

$2800

A good investment—2406, 2408, 2408½ West First street—three houses, paying big interest on amount asked for them, viz—$2800.

$1250

Beautiful building lot on Second street, near Sixteenth avenue east—50x150 feet.

Hunter's Park and Glen Avon.

This is the handsomest, best suburb in Duluth. City water and gas being extended there now. We can sell some very nice houses at one-half their intrinsic value and some on monthly payments. A great opportunity to obtain a home.

CAN BUILD A HOUSE TO SUIT BUYER AND SELL ON MONTHLY PAYMENTS.

LAKESIDE.

Nice seven-room house on Grand avenue..... $1550

House alone cost more than this.

A nice, comfortable, cozy seven-room house on Lombard street. Has furnace, good cellar; piped for gas $2200

One of the finest eight-room houses in Lakeside, on London road. Strictly first class and modern in every way. Price, if taken now— $4000

WEST DULUTH.

The demand for houses in West Duluth and along the street railway extension is increasing. We have a number of snaps to offer you. Call and look them up.

HOUSES.

We have the largest list of houses to sell in the city—all prices, sizes and locations. Many foreclosed properties and for sale at less than cost of house alone.

ENDION LOTS.

Some elegant single and double corners. Corners are getting scarce. Better buy now.

FIVE PER CENT MONEY TO LOAN

Stryker, Manley & Buck

S. Weir Mitchell

Has Lots for Sale in all parts of the City through his Duluth Agent,

WENDELL P. MOSHER, 102 and 103 Providence Bldg.

PORTLAND LOTS.

Lot on E. First St.....	$1500
Lot on E. Second St.....	$800
8 lots on E. Second St., all for.....	$4500
2 lots on E. Fourth St., all for.....	$1200
10 lots on E. Fifth St., all for.....	$3000
3 lots on E. Sixth St., all for.....	$425
2 lots on E. Seventh St., all for.....	$500
8 lots on E. Tenth St., all for.....	$700

E. D. FIELD CO., 204 Exchange Bldg

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 706-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

IF YOU WANT A GUARANTEED INvestment paying 20 per cent, call or write. William Kaiser, 106 Palladio building. Both 'phones.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

PIANOS POLISHED

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior st. Old Tel. 743-5.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg.

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

DIME SOCIAL.

DIME SOCIAL. 230 WEST SECOND, Sunday evening, March 23.

HORSE WANTED.

WANTED—A HORSE, ABOUT 1300, FOR his keep for the summer. Light work. Address H 70, Herald.

WANT TO BUY

Houses and Lots in West End. If you have any property for sale I have a customer.

Whitney Wall,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
Room 3 Trust Building, Main Floor 'Phone 201-3

CLAIRVOYANT.

YOUR WHOLE LIFE; ANYTHING lost, stolen or accidents, deaths and sickness. 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINTING AND DECORATING

BEST WORK, LOWEST PRICES. CHAS. Stenburg, 23 Second avenue west.

B. KRIBSBACK, PAPER HANGER and painter. 301 East Fifth street.

GOOD WORK AT MODERATE PRICES; prompt attention. T. H. Hedeen, 2013 West First street. Tel. Zenith 1108.

CHARLES COWFELT, PAINTER AND paperhanger. Estimates furnished on application. Orders promptly done. 311 West Fifth street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

WANTED—AGENTS.

FEMINOLOGY BEST SUBSCRIPtion book proposition of the century. Write for terms. C. L. Dressler & Co., 2203 Gladys avenue, Chicago.

VOCAL INSTRUCTION.

SIGNORA VALENZA, CONTRALTO Italian opera teacher of old Italian method. Studio, 17 East Superior street, room 9.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, Harmless vegetable, safe, sure. How long suppressed. Dr. Jackson, R. Co. R 989, 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRAdle to grave; what I tell you comes true; send dime and birthdate. Professor J. Myers, Drawer 704, Chicago.

LADIES—IF HOPELESS, WORRIED OR discouraged, write for our regulator; one treatment guaranteed to relieve abnormal case of suppression, any cause. Dr. Mead Rem. Co., 21 Quincy street, Chicago.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

LADIES, OUR [illegible] REMEDY for delayed or suppressed period; cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

PERSONAL — MY HUSBAND WAS A hard drinker for over twenty years. I cured him by a simple home treatment and if any person who really wishes to cure drunkenness will write to me, I will gladly tell them how I did it. I am sincere in this offer and as I have nothing to sell, I want no money. Mrs. Margaret Anderson, Hillburn, N. Y.

RESPECTABLE YOUNG WIDOW, INdependently wealthy, no children or near relatives, wants true honest husband. Address Grand, 191 Washington street, Chicago.

YOUNG WIDOW OWNING HER OWN home, and independent income, would assist kind husband in business venture; would marry soon. Address Cora K. R., Box 83, St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES! $500 REWARD for a case [illegible] suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail, Harmless veg., safe, sure. How long suppressed. DR. JACKSON R. CO., R. 989 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

ANY AND ALL PERSONS HAVING collaterals on which loans have been made, must redeem same within thirty days from first insertion of this notice. Feb. 25, 1902. Standard Jewelry & Loan company, 324 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's. Lawn dresses from $3.50 up.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Lydia T. Grieser, 307 First National Bank Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

A GENTLEMAN OF 30, DESIRING TO locate in Duluth, wishes to hear from anyone needing the services of a thorough and active business man. Bank references. Address Box 363, La Crosse, Wis.

YOUNG LADY DESIRES POSITION AS stenographer; experienced; references furnished. H 7, Herald.

WANTED—TO DO COLLECTING. Address J 59, Herald.

WANTED — AS FIREMAN BY AN experienced hand. Call or address 113 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — TO GO OUT AND DO EMbroidery work and fancy sewing. Apply 2008 Twenty-fourth street, West Superior.

A BOY OF 14 YEARS OLD WOULD like a job in office or store, or any other place. Address Alick Pearson, 731 Garfield avenue.

GOOD SECOND COOK WANTS WORK in boarding house. Address J 68, Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE ANY kind of office work. Address M 99, Herald.

WANTED—BY RELIABLE, INDUSTRIous man, position as teamster in the city. Address J 90, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or any kind of work. Address J 65, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER wants a few more ladies to sew for by the day. Address Miss Shermerhorn, 606 West First street.

UPHOLSTERING.

FOR FIRST CLASS WORK CALL ON C. F. Forsell, 217 East Superior street.

Great Horse Auction Sale
At Duluth, Minn.

DON'T MISS IT! DON'T MISS IT!

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1902, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m. sharp, Barrett & Zimmerman will sell at auction at their Duluth, Minn., stables, 500 head of horses, including Farm Mares, Draft Horses, Delivery Horses and a number of choice Drivers. Be on hand early, as the sale positively takes place on day and date advertised, rain or shine. This may be an opportunity of a lifetime of buying just what you want and what you need at your own price. Every horse sold must be just as represented or no sale. Private sales daily. Remember day and date of the auction, Saturday, April 5th, 1902.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Stable Opposite P. O., Duluth, Minn

PIANOS STEINWAY UPRIGHT Knabe—$100. Gabler upright, $100. Organs, $10, $15 and $20. Monthly payments. Every piano in stock one-half its value. George W. Tletz, 34 West First street.

PIANO MAHOGANY UPRIGHT used only a few months. Good as new, $148, $5 a month. French & Bassett.

$165 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant case, fine tone, best make; used eight months; cost $395 cash. I must have the cash as I am leaving the city. M. Lewis, room O, 111 West Superior street, Duluth.

ORGAN GOOD SECOND HAND INstruments $10, $15, $20 and $25. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

PRICES MADE RIGHT ON ALL MILCH cows I have left. Evan Johnson, 2008 Helm street.

FOR SALE—OHIO RANGE, LAUNDRY stove, couch, carpets, shades, etc. 319 Fourth avenue west.

PIANO SECOND HAND SQUARE IN perfect order, best make, $65. Easy payments. French & Bassett.

FRESH MILCH COWS FOR SALE. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—A FINE SODA FOUNTAIN, at C. J. Tufte's drug store.

FOR SALE—NEW AND AN OLD PIANO very cheap, at 216 West Superior street; room 107.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.